1	ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE CONTROL ACT SAMPLING
2	AMENDMENTS
3	2013 GENERAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	Chief Sponsor: John L. Valentine
6	House Sponsor: Ryan D. Wilcox
7 8	LONG TITLE
9	General Description:
0	This bill modifies the Alcoholic Beverage Control Act to address sampling of liquor.
1	Highlighted Provisions:
2	This bill:
3	<ul><li>defines terms;</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>allows sampling of liquor by retail licensees under certain circumstances;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>addresses authority of local representatives;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>addresses giving away of a product except for testing, analysis, and sampling; and</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>makes technical and conforming amendments.</li> </ul>
	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
)	None
)	Other Special Clauses:
1	None
2	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
3	AMENDS:
1	32B-1-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Second Special Session, Chapter 2
	32B-4-705, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters 307 and 334
	32B-4-708, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 276
7	<b>32B-11-608</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters 307 and 334



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9	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
0	Section 1. Section 32B-1-102 is amended to read:
1	32B-1-102. Definitions.
2	As used in this title:
3	(1) "Airport lounge" means a business location:
4	(a) at which an alcoholic product is sold at retail for consumption on the premises; and
5	(b) that is located at an international airport with a United States Customs office on the
6	premises of the international airport.
7	(2) "Airport lounge license" means a license issued in accordance with Chapter 5,
3	Retail License Act, and Chapter 6, Part 5, Airport Lounge License.
9	(3) "Alcoholic beverage" means the following:
)	(a) beer; or
1	(b) liquor.
2	(4) (a) "Alcoholic product" means a product that:
}	(i) contains at least .5% of alcohol by volume; and
ļ	(ii) is obtained by fermentation, infusion, decoction, brewing, distillation, or other
í	process that uses liquid or combinations of liquids, whether drinkable or not, to create alcohol
	in an amount equal to or greater than .5% of alcohol by volume.
,	(b) "Alcoholic product" includes an alcoholic beverage.
	(c) "Alcoholic product" does not include any of the following common items that
)	otherwise come within the definition of an alcoholic product:
)	(i) except as provided in Subsection (4)(d), an extract;
	(ii) vinegar;
2	(iii) cider;
,	(iv) essence;
	(v) tincture;
	(vi) food preparation; or
	(vii) an over-the-counter medicine.
	(d) "Alcoholic product" includes an extract containing alcohol obtained by distillation
3	when it is used as a flavoring in the manufacturing of an alcoholic product.

59 (5) "Alcohol training and education seminar" means a seminar that is: 60 (a) required by Chapter 5, Part 4, Alcohol Training and Education Act; and (b) described in Section 62A-15-401. 61 62 (6) "Banquet" means an event: 63 (a) that is held at one or more designated locations approved by the commission in or 64 on the premises of a: 65 (i) hotel; 66 (ii) resort facility; 67 (iii) sports center; or 68 (iv) convention center; 69 (b) for which there is a contract: 70 (i) between a person operating a facility listed in Subsection (6)(a) and another person; 71 and 72 (ii) under which the person operating a facility listed in Subsection (6)(a) is required to 73 provide an alcoholic product at the event; and 74 (c) at which food and alcoholic products may be sold, offered for sale, or furnished. 75 (7) (a) "Bar" means a surface or structure: 76 (i) at which an alcoholic product is: 77 (A) stored; or 78 (B) dispensed; or 79 (ii) from which an alcoholic product is served. 80 (b) "Bar structure" means a surface or structure on a licensed premises if on or at any 81 place of the surface or structure an alcoholic product is: 82 (i) stored; or 83 (ii) dispensed. 84 (8) (a) Subject to Subsection (8)(d), "beer" means a product that: 85 (i) contains at least .5% of alcohol by volume, but not more than 4% of alcohol by volume or 3.2% by weight; and 86 87 (ii) is obtained by fermentation, infusion, or decoction of malted grain. 88 (b) "Beer" may or may not contain hops or other vegetable products. 89 (c) "Beer" includes a product that:

90	(i) contains alcohol in the percentages described in Subsection (8)(a); and
91	(ii) is referred to as:
92	(A) beer;
93	(B) ale;
94	(C) porter;
95	(D) stout;
96	(E) lager; or
97	(F) a malt or malted beverage.
98	(d) "Beer" does not include a flavored malt beverage.
99	(9) "Beer-only restaurant license" means a license issued in accordance with Chapter 5
100	Retail License Act, and Chapter 6, Part 9, Beer-only Restaurant License.
101	(10) "Beer retailer" means a business:
102	(a) that is engaged, primarily or incidentally, in the retail sale of beer to a patron,
103	whether for consumption on or off the business premises; and
104	(b) to whom a license is issued:
105	(i) for an off-premise beer retailer, in accordance with Chapter 7, Part 2, Off-premise
106	Beer Retailer Local Authority; or
107	(ii) for an on-premise beer retailer, in accordance with Chapter 5, Retail License Act,
108	and Chapter 6, Part 7, On-premise Beer Retailer License.
109	(11) "Beer wholesaling license" means a license:
110	(a) issued in accordance with Chapter 13, Beer Wholesaling License Act; and
111	(b) to import for sale, or sell beer in wholesale or jobbing quantities to one or more
112	retail licensees or off-premise beer retailers.
113	(12) "Billboard" means a public display used to advertise, including:
114	(a) a light device;
115	(b) a painting;
116	(c) a drawing;
117	(d) a poster;
118	(e) a sign;
119	(f) a signboard; or
120	(g) a scoreboard.

121	(13) "Brewer" means a person engaged in manufacturing:
122	(a) beer;
123	(b) heavy beer; or
124	(c) a flavored malt beverage.
125	(14) "Brewery manufacturing license" means a license issued in accordance with
126	Chapter 11, Part 5, Brewery Manufacturing License.
127	(15) "Certificate of approval" means a certificate of approval obtained from the
128	department under Section 32B-11-201.
129	(16) "Chartered bus" means a passenger bus, coach, or other motor vehicle provided by
130	a bus company to a group of persons pursuant to a common purpose:
131	(a) under a single contract;
132	(b) at a fixed charge in accordance with the bus company's tariff; and
133	(c) to give the group of persons the exclusive use of the passenger bus, coach, or other
134	motor vehicle, and a driver to travel together to one or more specified destinations.
135	(17) "Church" means a building:
136	(a) set apart for worship;
137	(b) in which religious services are held;
138	(c) with which clergy is associated; and
139	(d) that is tax exempt under the laws of this state.
140	(18) (a) "Club license" means a license issued in accordance with Chapter 5, Retail
141	License Act, and Chapter 6, Part 4, Club License.
142	(b) "Club license" includes:
143	(i) a dining club license;
144	(ii) an equity club license;
145	(iii) a fraternal club license; or
146	(iv) a social club license.
147	(19) "Commission" means the Alcoholic Beverage Control Commission created in
148	Section 32B-2-201.
149	(20) "Commissioner" means a member of the commission.
150	(21) "Community location" means:
151	(a) a public or private school;

152	(b) a church;
153	(c) a public library;
154	(d) a public playground; or
155	(e) a public park.
156	(22) "Community location governing authority" means:
157	(a) the governing body of the community location; or
158	(b) if the commission does not know who is the governing body of a community
159	location, a person who appears to the commission to have been given on behalf of the
160	community location the authority to prohibit an activity at the community location.
161	(23) "Container" means a receptacle that contains an alcoholic product, including:
162	(a) a bottle;
163	(b) a vessel; or
164	(c) a similar item.
165	(24) "Convention center" means a facility that is:
166	(a) in total at least 30,000 square feet; and
167	(b) otherwise defined as a "convention center" by the commission by rule.
168	(25) (a) Subject to Subsection (25)(b), "counter" means a surface or structure in a
169	dining area of a licensed premises where seating is provided to a patron for service of food.
170	(b) "Counter" does not include a surface or structure if on or at any point of the surface
171	or structure an alcoholic product is:
172	(i) stored; or
173	(ii) dispensed.
174	(26) "Department" means the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control created in
175	Section 32B-2-203.
176	(27) "Department compliance officer" means an individual who is:
177	(a) an auditor or inspector; and
178	(b) employed by the department.
179	(28) "Department sample" means liquor that is placed in the possession of the
180	department for testing, analysis, and sampling.
181	(29) "Dining club license" means a license issued in accordance with Chapter 5, Retail
182	License Act, and Chapter 6, Part 4, Club License, that is designated by the commission as a

183	dining club license.
184	(30) "Director," unless the context requires otherwise, means the director of the
185	department.
186	(31) "Disciplinary proceeding" means an adjudicative proceeding permitted under this
187	title:
188	(a) against a person subject to administrative action; and
189	(b) that is brought on the basis of a violation of this title.
190	(32) (a) Subject to Subsection (32)(b), "dispense" means:
191	(i) drawing of an alcoholic product:
192	(A) from an area where it is stored; or
193	(B) as provided in Subsection 32B-6-205(12)(b)(ii), 32B-6-305(12)(b)(ii),
194	32B-6-805(15)(b)(ii), or 32B-6-905(12)(b)(ii); and
195	(ii) using the alcoholic product described in Subsection (32)(a)(i) on the premises of
196	the licensed premises to mix or prepare an alcoholic product to be furnished to a patron of the
197	retail licensee.
198	(b) The definition of "dispense" in this Subsection (32) applies only to:
199	(i) a full-service restaurant license;
200	(ii) a limited-service restaurant license;
201	(iii) a reception center license; and
202	(iv) a beer-only restaurant license.
203	(33) "Distillery manufacturing license" means a license issued in accordance with
204	Chapter 11, Part 4, Distillery Manufacturing License.
205	(34) "Distressed merchandise" means an alcoholic product in the possession of the
206	department that is saleable, but for some reason is unappealing to the public.
207	(35) "Educational facility" includes:
208	(a) a nursery school;
209	(b) an infant day care center; and
210	(c) a trade and technical school.
211	(36) "Equity club license" means a license issued in accordance with Chapter 5, Retail
212	License Act, and Chapter 6, Part 4, Club License, that is designated by the commission as an

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equity club license.

214	(37) "Event permit" means:
215	(a) a single event permit; or
216	(b) a temporary beer event permit.
217	(38) "Exempt license" means a license exempt under Section 32B-1-201 from being
218	considered in determining the total number of a retail license that the commission may issue at
219	any time.
220	(39) (a) "Flavored malt beverage" means a beverage:
221	(i) that contains at least .5% alcohol by volume;
222	(ii) that is treated by processing, filtration, or another method of manufacture that is no
223	generally recognized as a traditional process in the production of a beer as described in 27
224	C.F.R. Sec. 25.55;
225	(iii) to which is added a flavor or other ingredient containing alcohol, except for a hop
226	extract; and
227	(iv) (A) for which the producer is required to file a formula for approval with the
228	federal Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade Bureau pursuant to 27 C.F.R. Sec. 25.55; or
229	(B) that is not exempt under Subdivision (f) of 27 C.F.R. Sec. 25.55.
230	(b) "Flavored malt beverage" is considered liquor for purposes of this title.
231	(40) "Fraternal club license" means a license issued in accordance with Chapter 5,
232	Retail License Act, and Chapter 6, Part 4, Club License, that is designated by the commission
233	as a fraternal club license.
234	(41) "Full-service restaurant license" means a license issued in accordance with
235	Chapter 5, Retail License Act, and Chapter 6, Part 2, Full-service Restaurant License.
236	(42) (a) "Furnish" means by any means to provide with, supply, or give an individual
237	an alcoholic product, by sale or otherwise.
238	(b) "Furnish" includes to:
239	(i) serve;
240	(ii) deliver; or
241	(iii) otherwise make available.
242	(43) "Guest" means an individual who meets the requirements of Subsection
243	32B-6-407(9).
244	(44) "Health care practitioner" means:

245	(a) a podiatrist licensed under Title 58, Chapter 5a, Podiatric Physician Licensing Act;
246	(b) an optometrist licensed under Title 58, Chapter 16a, Utah Optometry Practice Act;
247	(c) a pharmacist licensed under Title 58, Chapter 17b, Pharmacy Practice Act;
248	(d) a physical therapist licensed under Title 58, Chapter 24b, Physical Therapy Practice
249	Act;
250	(e) a nurse or advanced practice registered nurse licensed under Title 58, Chapter 31b,
251	Nurse Practice Act;
252	(f) a recreational therapist licensed under Title 58, Chapter 40, Recreational Therapy
253	Practice Act;
254	(g) an occupational therapist licensed under Title 58, Chapter 42a, Occupational
255	Therapy Practice Act;
256	(h) a nurse midwife licensed under Title 58, Chapter 44a, Nurse Midwife Practice Act;
257	(i) a mental health professional licensed under Title 58, Chapter 60, Mental Health
258	Professional Practice Act;
259	(j) a physician licensed under Title 58, Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice Act;
260	(k) an osteopath licensed under Title 58, Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical
261	Practice Act;
262	(l) a dentist or dental hygienist licensed under Title 58, Chapter 69, Dentist and Dental
263	Hygienist Practice Act; and
264	(m) a physician assistant licensed under Title 58, Chapter 70a, Physician Assistant Act
265	(45) (a) "Heavy beer" means a product that:
266	(i) contains more than 4% alcohol by volume; and
267	(ii) is obtained by fermentation, infusion, or decoction of malted grain.
268	(b) "Heavy beer" is considered liquor for the purposes of this title.
269	(46) "Hotel" is as defined by the commission by rule.
270	(47) "Identification card" means an identification card issued under Title 53, Chapter 3
271	Part 8, Identification Card Act.
272	(48) "Industry representative" means an individual who is compensated by salary,
273	commission, or other means for representing and selling an alcoholic product of a
274	manufacturer, supplier, or importer of liquor.
275	(49) "Industry representative sample" means liquor that is placed in the possession of

276	the department for testing, analysis, and sampling by a local industry representative on the
277	premises of the department to educate the local industry representative of the quality and
278	characteristics of the product.
279	(50) "Interdicted person" means a person to whom the sale, offer for sale, or furnishing
280	of an alcoholic product is prohibited by:
281	(a) law; or
282	(b) court order.
283	(51) "Intoxicated" means that a person:
284	(a) is significantly impaired as to the person's mental or physical functions as a result of
285	the use of:
286	(i) an alcoholic product;
287	(ii) a controlled substance;
288	(iii) a substance having the property of releasing toxic vapors; or
289	(iv) a combination of Subsections (51)(a)(i) through (iii); and
290	(b) exhibits plain and easily observed outward manifestations of behavior or physical
291	signs produced by the over consumption of an alcoholic product.
292	(52) "Investigator" means an individual who is:
293	(a) a department compliance officer; or
294	(b) a nondepartment enforcement officer.
295	(53) "Invitee" is as defined in Section 32B-8-102.
296	(54) "License" means:
297	(a) a retail license;
298	(b) a license issued in accordance with Chapter 11, Manufacturing and Related
299	Licenses Act;
300	(c) a license issued in accordance with Chapter 12, Liquor Warehousing License Act;
301	or
302	(d) a license issued in accordance with Chapter 13, Beer Wholesaling License Act.
303	(55) "Licensee" means a person who holds a license.
304	(56) "Limited-service restaurant license" means a license issued in accordance with
305	Chapter 5, Retail License Act, and Chapter 6, Part 3, Limited-service Restaurant License.
306	(57) "Limousine" means a motor vehicle licensed by the state or a local authority, other

307	than a bus or taxicab:
308	(a) in which the driver and a passenger are separated by a partition, glass, or other
309	barrier;
310	(b) that is provided by a business entity to one or more individuals at a fixed charge in
311	accordance with the business entity's tariff; and
312	(c) to give the one or more individuals the exclusive use of the limousine and a driver
313	to travel to one or more specified destinations.
314	(58) (a) (i) "Liquor" means a liquid that:
315	(A) is:
316	(I) alcohol;
317	(II) an alcoholic, spirituous, vinous, fermented, malt, or other liquid;
318	(III) a combination of liquids a part of which is spirituous, vinous, or fermented; or
319	(IV) other drink or drinkable liquid; and
320	(B) (I) contains at least .5% alcohol by volume; and
321	(II) is suitable to use for beverage purposes.
322	(ii) "Liquor" includes:
323	(A) heavy beer;
324	(B) wine; and
325	(C) a flavored malt beverage.
326	(b) "Liquor" does not include beer.
327	(59) "Liquor Control Fund" means the enterprise fund created by Section 32B-2-301.
328	(60) "Liquor warehousing license" means a license that is issued:
329	(a) in accordance with Chapter 12, Liquor Warehousing License Act; and
330	(b) to a person, other than a licensed manufacturer, who engages in the importation for
331	storage, sale, or distribution of liquor regardless of amount.
332	(61) "Local authority" means:
333	(a) for premises that are located in an unincorporated area of a county, the governing
334	body of a county; or
335	(b) for premises that are located in an incorporated city or a town, the governing body
336	of the city or town.
337	(62) "Lounge or bar area" is as defined by rule made by the commission.

338	(63) "Manufacture" means to distill, brew, rectify, mix, compound, process, ferment, or
339	otherwise make an alcoholic product for personal use or for sale or distribution to others.
340	(64) "Member" means an individual who, after paying regular dues, has full privileges
341	in an equity club licensee or fraternal club licensee.
342	(65) (a) "Military installation" means a base, air field, camp, post, station, yard, center,
343	or homeport facility for a ship:
344	(i) (A) under the control of the United States Department of Defense; or
345	(B) of the National Guard;
346	(ii) that is located within the state; and
347	(iii) including a leased facility.
348	(b) "Military installation" does not include a facility used primarily for:
349	(i) civil works;
350	(ii) a rivers and harbors project; or
351	(iii) a flood control project.
352	(66) "Minor" means an individual under the age of 21 years.
353	(67) "Nondepartment enforcement agency" means an agency that:
354	(a) (i) is a state agency other than the department; or
355	(ii) is an agency of a county, city, or town; and
356	(b) has a responsibility to enforce one or more provisions of this title.
357	(68) "Nondepartment enforcement officer" means an individual who is:
358	(a) a peace officer, examiner, or investigator; and
359	(b) employed by a nondepartment enforcement agency.
360	(69) (a) "Off-premise beer retailer" means a beer retailer who is:
361	(i) licensed in accordance with Chapter 7, Part 2, Off-premise Beer Retailer Local
362	Authority; and
363	(ii) engaged in the retail sale of beer to a patron for consumption off the beer retailer's
364	premises.
365	(b) "Off-premise beer retailer" does not include an on-premise beer retailer.
366	(70) "On-premise banquet license" means a license issued in accordance with Chapter
367	5, Retail License Act, and Chapter 6, Part 6, On-premise Banquet License.
368	(71) "On-premise beer retailer" means a beer retailer who is:

369	(a) authorized to sell, offer for sale, or furnish beer under a license issued in
370	accordance with Chapter 5, Retail License Act, and Chapter 6, Part 7, On-premise Beer
371	Retailer License; and
372	(b) engaged in the sale of beer to a patron for consumption on the beer retailer's
373	premises:
374	(i) regardless of whether the beer retailer sells beer for consumption off the licensed
375	premises; and
376	(ii) on and after March 1, 2012, operating:
377	(A) as a tavern; or
378	(B) in a manner that meets the requirements of Subsection 32B-6-703(2)(e)(i).
379	(72) "Opaque" means impenetrable to sight.
380	(73) "Package agency" means a retail liquor location operated:
381	(a) under an agreement with the department; and
382	(b) by a person:
383	(i) other than the state; and
384	(ii) who is authorized by the commission in accordance with Chapter 2, Part 6, Package
385	Agency, to sell packaged liquor for consumption off the premises of the package agency.
386	(74) "Package agent" means a person who holds a package agency.
387	(75) "Patron" means an individual to whom food, beverages, or services are sold,
388	offered for sale, or furnished, or who consumes an alcoholic product including:
389	(a) a customer;
390	(b) a member;
391	(c) a guest;
392	(d) an attendee of a banquet or event;
393	(e) an individual who receives room service;
394	(f) a resident of a resort;
395	(g) a public customer under a resort spa sublicense, as defined in Section 32B-8-102;
396	or
397	(h) an invitee.
398	(76) "Permittee" means a person issued a permit under:
399	(a) Chapter 9, Event Permit Act; or

400	(b) Chapter 10, Special Use Permit Act.
401	(77) "Person subject to administrative action" means:
402	(a) a licensee;
403	(b) a permittee;
404	(c) a manufacturer;
405	(d) a supplier;
406	(e) an importer;
407	(f) one of the following holding a certificate of approval:
408	(i) an out-of-state brewer;
409	(ii) an out-of-state importer of beer, heavy beer, or flavored malt beverages; or
410	(iii) an out-of-state supplier of beer, heavy beer, or flavored malt beverages; or
411	(g) staff of:
412	(i) a person listed in Subsections (77)(a) through (f); or
413	(ii) a package agent.
414	(78) "Premises" means a building, enclosure, or room used in connection with the
415	storage, sale, furnishing, consumption, manufacture, or distribution, of an alcoholic product,
416	unless otherwise defined in this title or rules made by the commission.
417	(79) "Prescription" means an order issued by a health care practitioner when:
418	(a) the health care practitioner is licensed under Title 58, Occupations and Professions,
419	to prescribe a controlled substance, other drug, or device for medicinal purposes;
420	(b) the order is made in the course of that health care practitioner's professional
421	practice; and
422	(c) the order is made for obtaining an alcoholic product for medicinal purposes only.
423	(80) (a) "Private event" means a specific social, business, or recreational event:
424	(i) for which an entire room, area, or hall is leased or rented in advance by an identified
425	group; and
426	(ii) that is limited in attendance to people who are specifically designated and their
427	guests.
428	(b) "Private event" does not include an event to which the general public is invited,
429	whether for an admission fee or not.
430	(81) (a) "Proof of age" means:

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(i) an identification card;

432	(ii) an identification that:
433	(A) is substantially similar to an identification card;
434	(B) is issued in accordance with the laws of a state other than Utah in which the
435	identification is issued;
436	(C) includes date of birth; and
437	(D) has a picture affixed;
438	(iii) a valid driver license certificate that:
439	(A) includes date of birth;
440	(B) has a picture affixed; and
441	(C) is issued:
442	(I) under Title 53, Chapter 3, Uniform Driver License Act; or
443	(II) in accordance with the laws of the state in which it is issued;
444	(iv) a military identification card that:
445	(A) includes date of birth; and
446	(B) has a picture affixed; or
447	(v) a valid passport.
448	(b) "Proof of age" does not include a driving privilege card issued in accordance with
449	Section 53-3-207.
450	(82) (a) "Public building" means a building or permanent structure that is:
451	(i) owned or leased by:
452	(A) the state; or
453	(B) a local government entity; and
454	(ii) used for:
455	(A) public education;
456	(B) transacting public business; or
457	(C) regularly conducting government activities.
458	(b) "Public building" does not include a building owned by the state or a local
459	government entity when the building is used by a person, in whole or in part, for a proprietary
460	function.
461	(83) "Public conveyance" means a conveyance to which the public or a portion of the

462 public has access to and a right to use for transportation, including an airline, railroad, bus, 463 boat, or other public conveyance. 464 (84) "Reception center" means a business that: 465 (a) operates facilities that are at least 5,000 square feet; and 466 (b) has as its primary purpose the leasing of the facilities described in Subsection 467 (84)(a) to a third party for the third party's event. 468 (85) "Reception center license" means a license issued in accordance with Chapter 5, 469 Retail License Act, and Chapter 6, Part 8, Reception Center License. 470 (86) (a) "Record" means information that is: 471 (i) inscribed on a tangible medium; or 472 (ii) stored in an electronic or other medium and is retrievable in a perceivable form. 473 (b) "Record" includes: 474 (i) a book; 475 (ii) a book of account; 476 (iii) a paper; 477 (iv) a contract; 478 (v) an agreement; 479 (vi) a document; or 480 (vii) a recording in any medium. 481 (87) "Residence" means a person's principal place of abode within Utah. 482 (88) "Resident," in relation to a resort, is as defined in Section 32B-8-102. 483 (89) "Resort" is as defined in Section 32B-8-102. 484 (90) "Resort facility" is as defined by the commission by rule. 485 (91) "Resort license" means a license issued in accordance with Chapter 5, Retail 486 License Act, and Chapter 8, Resort License Act. 487 (92) "Restaurant" means a business location: 488 (a) at which a variety of foods are prepared; 489 (b) at which complete meals are served to the general public; and 490 (c) that is engaged primarily in serving meals to the general public. 491 (93) "Retail license" means one of the following licenses issued under this title: 492 (a) a full-service restaurant license;

493	(b) a limited-service restaurant license;
494	(c) a club license;
495	(d) an airport lounge license;
496	(e) an on-premise banquet license;
497	(f) an on-premise beer license;
498	(g) a reception center license; or
499	(h) a beer-only restaurant license.
500	(94) "Retail licensee sample" means liquor that is used for testing, analysis, and
501	sampling by a retail licensee in accordance with Subsection 32B-4-705(7).
502	[(94)] (95) "Room service" means furnishing an alcoholic product to a person in a
503	guest room of a:
504	(a) hotel; or
505	(b) resort facility.
506	[(95)] (96) "Serve" means to place an alcoholic product before an individual.
507	[(96)] (97) (a) "School" means a building used primarily for the general education of
508	minors.
509	(b) "School" does not include an educational facility.
510	[(97)] (98) "Sell" or "offer for sale" means a transaction, exchange, or barter whereby,
511	for consideration, an alcoholic product is either directly or indirectly transferred, solicited,
512	ordered, delivered for value, or by a means or under a pretext is promised or obtained, whether
513	done by a person as a principal, proprietor, or as staff, unless otherwise defined in this title or
514	the rules made by the commission.
515	[(98)] (99) "Sexually oriented entertainer" means a person who while in a state of
516	seminudity appears at or performs:
517	(a) for the entertainment of one or more patrons;
518	(b) on the premises of:
519	(i) a social club licensee; or
520	(ii) a tavern;
521	(c) on behalf of or at the request of the licensee described in Subsection [(98)] (99)(b);
522	(d) on a contractual or voluntary basis; and
523	(e) whether or not the person is designated as:

524	(i) an employee;
525	(ii) an independent contractor;
526	(iii) an agent of the licensee; or
527	(iv) a different type of classification.
528	[(99)] (100) "Single event permit" means a permit issued in accordance with Chapter 9
529	Part 3, Single Event Permit.
530	$[\frac{(100)}{(101)}]$ "Small brewer" means a brewer who manufactures less than 60,000
531	barrels of beer, heavy beer, and flavored malt beverages per year.
532	[(101)] (102) "Social club license" means a license issued in accordance with Chapter
533	5, Retail License Act, and Chapter 6, Part 4, Club License, that is designated by the
534	commission as a social club license.
535	[(102)] (103) "Special use permit" means a permit issued in accordance with Chapter
536	10, Special Use Permit Act.
537	[(103)] (104) (a) "Spirituous liquor" means liquor that is distilled.
538	(b) "Spirituous liquor" includes an alcoholic product defined as a "distilled spirit" by
539	27 U.S.C. Sec. 211 and 27 C.F.R. Sec. 5.11 through 5.23.
540	[(104)] (105) "Sports center" is as defined by the commission by rule.
541	[(105)] (106) (a) "Staff" means an individual who engages in activity governed by this
542	title:
543	(i) on behalf of a business, including a package agent, licensee, permittee, or certificate
544	holder;
545	(ii) at the request of the business, including a package agent, licensee, permittee, or
546	certificate holder; or
547	(iii) under the authority of the business, including a package agent, licensee, permittee,
548	or certificate holder.
549	(b) "Staff" includes:
550	(i) an officer;
551	(ii) a director;
552	(iii) an employee;
553	(iv) personnel management;
554	(v) an agent of the licensee, including a managing agent;

555	(vi) an operator; or
556	(vii) a representative.
557	[ <del>(106)</del> ] (107) "State of nudity" means:
558	(a) the appearance of:
559	(i) the nipple or areola of a female human breast;
560	(ii) a human genital;
561	(iii) a human pubic area; or
562	(iv) a human anus; or
563	(b) a state of dress that fails to opaquely cover:
564	(i) the nipple or areola of a female human breast;
565	(ii) a human genital;
566	(iii) a human pubic area; or
567	(iv) a human anus.
568	[(107)] (108) "State of seminudity" means a state of dress in which opaque clothing
569	covers no more than:
570	(a) the nipple and areola of the female human breast in a shape and color other than the
571	natural shape and color of the nipple and areola; and
572	(b) the human genitals, pubic area, and anus:
573	(i) with no less than the following at its widest point:
574	(A) four inches coverage width in the front of the human body; and
575	(B) five inches coverage width in the back of the human body; and
576	(ii) with coverage that does not taper to less than one inch wide at the narrowest point.
577	[(108)] (109) (a) "State store" means a facility for the sale of packaged liquor:
578	(i) located on premises owned or leased by the state; and
579	(ii) operated by a state employee.
580	(b) "State store" does not include:
581	(i) a package agency;
582	(ii) a licensee; or
583	(iii) a permittee.
584	[(109)] (110) (a) "Storage area" means an area on licensed premises where the licensee
585	stores an alcoholic product.

586	(b) "Store" means to place or maintain in a location an alcoholic product from which a
587	person draws to prepare an alcoholic product to be furnished to a patron, except as provided in
588	Subsection 32B-6-205(12)(b)(ii), 32B-6-305(12)(b)(ii), 32B-6-805(15)(b)(ii), or
589	32B-6-905(12)(b)(ii).
590	$[\frac{(110)}{(111)}]$ "Sublicense" is as defined in Section 32B-8-102.
591	$[\frac{(111)}{(112)}]$ "Supplier" means a person who sells an alcoholic product to the
592	department.
593	[(112)] (113) "Tavern" means an on-premise beer retailer who is:
594	(a) issued a license by the commission in accordance with Chapter 5, Retail License
595	Act, and Chapter 6, Part 7, On-premise Beer Retailer License; and
596	(b) designated by the commission as a tavern in accordance with Chapter 6, Part 7,
597	On-premise Beer Retailer License.
598	[(113)] (114) "Temporary beer event permit" means a permit issued in accordance with
599	Chapter 9, Part 4, Temporary Beer Event Permit.
600	[(114)] (115) "Temporary domicile" means the principal place of abode within Utah of
601	a person who does not have a present intention to continue residency within Utah permanently
602	or indefinitely.
603	[(115)] (116) "Translucent" means a substance that allows light to pass through, but
604	does not allow an object or person to be seen through the substance.
605	[(116)] (117) "Unsaleable liquor merchandise" means a container that:
606	(a) is unsaleable because the container is:
607	(i) unlabeled;
608	(ii) leaky;
609	(iii) damaged;
610	(iv) difficult to open; or
611	(v) partly filled;
612	(b) (i) has faded labels or defective caps or corks;
613	(ii) has contents that are:
614	(A) cloudy;
615	(B) spoiled; or
616	(C) chemically determined to be impure; or

617	(iii) contains:
618	(A) sediment; or
619	(B) a foreign substance; or
620	(c) is otherwise considered by the department as unfit for sale.
621	[(117)] (118) (a) "Wine" means an alcoholic product obtained by the fermentation of
622	the natural sugar content of fruits, plants, honey, or milk, or other like substance, whether or
623	not another ingredient is added.
624	(b) "Wine" is considered liquor for purposes of this title, except as otherwise provided
625	in this title.
626	[(118)] (119) "Winery manufacturing license" means a license issued in accordance
627	with Chapter 11, Part 3, Winery Manufacturing License.
628	Section 2. Section <b>32B-4-705</b> is amended to read:
629	32B-4-705. Exclusions from tied house prohibitions.
630	(1) Notwithstanding Subsection 32B-4-704(3), a thing of value may be furnished by an
631	industry member to a retailer under the conditions and within the limitations prescribed in:
632	(a) this section; and
633	(b) the applicable federal laws cited in this section.
634	(2) [The] Subject to Subsection (7), the following may be furnished by an industry
635	member:
636	(a) a product display as provided in 27 C.F.R. Sec. 6.83;
637	(b) point of sale advertising material or a consumer advertising specialty as provided in
638	27 C.F.R. Sec. 6.84;
639	(c) a thing of value to a temporary retailer to the extent allowed in 27 C.F.R. Sec. 6.85;
640	(d) equipment and supplies as provided in 27 C.F.R. Sec. 6.88;
641	(e) combination packaging as provided in 27 C.F.R. Sec. 6.93;
642	(f) an educational seminar as provided in 27 C.F.R. Sec. 6.94;
643	(g) a consumer promotion as provided in 27 C.F.R. Sec. 6.96;
644	(h) an advertising service as provided in 27 C.F.R. Sec. 6.98;
645	(i) stocking, rotation, and pricing service as provided in 27 C.F.R. Sec. 6.99;
646	(j) merchandise as provided in 27 C.F.R. Sec. 6.101; and
647	(k) an outside sign as provided in 27 C.F.R. Sec. 6.102.

648	(3) The following exceptions provided in federal law are not applicable:
649	(a) the exception for a sample as provided in 27 C.F.R. Sec. 6.91;
650	(b) the exception for a consumer tasting or sampling at a retail establishment as
651	provided in 27 C.F.R. Sec. 6.95; and
652	(c) the exception for participation in a retailer association activity provided in 27
653	C.F.R. Sec. 6.100.
654	(4) To the extent required by 27 C.F.R. Sec. 6.81(b) an industry member shall maintain
655	a record:
656	(a) of an item furnished to a retailer;
657	(b) on the premises of the industry member; and
658	(c) for a three-year period.
659	(5) A sample of liquor may be provided to the department under the following
660	conditions:
661	(a) With the department's permission, an industry member may submit a department
662	sample to the department for product testing, analysis, and sampling.
663	(b) No more than two department samples of a particular type, vintage, and production
664	lot of a particular branded product may be submitted to the department for department testing,
665	analysis, and sampling within a consecutive 120-day period.
666	(c) (i) A department sample may not exceed 1 liter.
667	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (5)(c)(i), a department sample of the following may
668	not exceed 1.5 liters unless that exact alcoholic product is only commercially packaged in a
669	larger size, not to exceed 5 liters:
670	(A) wine;
671	(B) heavy beer; or
672	(C) a flavored malt beverage.
673	(d) A department sample submitted to the department:
674	(i) shall be shipped prepaid by the industry member by common carrier; and
675	(ii) may not be shipped by United States mail directly to the department's central
676	administrative warehouse office.
677	(e) A department sample may not be shipped to any other location within the state.
678	(f) The industry member shall submit with a department sample submitted to the

679	department a letter from the industry member that clearly:
680	(i) identifies the product as a "department sample"; and
681	(ii) states the FOB case price of the product.
682	(g) (i) The department may transfer a listed item from current stock:
683	(A) for use as a comparison control sample; or
684	(B) to verify product spoilage as considered appropriate.
685	(ii) The department shall charge back a sample transferred under this Subsection (5)(g)
686	to the respective industry member.
687	(h) The department shall:
688	(i) account for, label, and record a department sample received or transferred;
689	(ii) account for the department sample's disposition; and
690	(iii) maintain a record of the sample and its disposition for a two-year period.
691	(i) The department shall affix to each container of a department sample a label clearly
692	identifying the product as a "department sample."
693	(j) The department shall dispose of a department sample delivered to the department or
694	transferred from the department's current stock in one of the following ways as chosen by the
695	department:
696	(i) test and analyze the department sample, with the remaining contents destroyed
697	under controlled and audited conditions established by the department;
698	(ii) destroy the entire contents of the department sample under controlled and audited
699	conditions established by the department; or
700	(iii) add the department sample to the inventory of the department for sale to the
701	public.
702	(k) A person other than an authorized department official may not be in possession of a
703	department sample except as otherwise provided.
704	(l) The department shall handle a liquor item received by the department from a
705	supplier that is not designated as a sample by the supplier, but that is an item not specifically
706	listed on a department purchase order, in accordance with this Subsection (5).
707	(m) The department may not use its money to pay freight or charges on a sample or a
708	liquor item:

(i) shipped to the department by a supplier; and

709

710	(ii) not listed on a department purchase order.
711	(6) A sample of beer may be provided by a beer industry member to a retailer under the
712	conditions listed in this Subsection (6).
713	(a) A sample of beer may be provided by an industry member only to a retailer who has
714	not purchased the brand of beer from that industry member within the last 12 months.
715	(b) For each retailer, the industry member may give not more than three gallons of any
716	brand of beer, except that if a particular product is not available in a size within the quantity
717	limitation, an industry member may furnish the next largest size.
718	(7) (a) A retail licensee may taste and analyze a retail licensee sample under the
719	conditions listed in this Subsection (7).
720	(b) (i) Only an industry representative may purchase a retail licensee sample.
721	(ii) An industry representative shall purchase a retail licensee sample from the
722	department from a particular type, vintage, and production lot:
723	(A) listed on the department's sales list; or
724	(B) special ordered by the department.
725	(iii) An industry representative may not purchase more than six retail licensee samples
726	of a particular type, vintage, and production lot of a particular branded product within a
727	consecutive 120-day period.
728	(c) (i) The department representative shall ensure that before a retail licensee sample or
729	flavoring is used for tasting and analysis, the department representative affixes to the retail
730	licensee sample or flavoring a label clearly identifying the product as a "retail licensee sample".
731	(ii) The department may assess the actual cost of labeling for a retail licensee sample or
732	flavoring.
733	(d) (i) A retail licensee sample of liquor may not exceed one liter.
734	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (7)(d)(i), a retail licensee sample of the following may
735	not exceed one liter unless that exact product is only commercially packaged in a larger size,
736	not to exceed five liters:
737	(A) wine;
738	(B) heavy beer; or
739	(C) a flavored malt beverage.
740	(e) (i) The sampling and analysis of a retail licensee sample by a retail licensee under

/41	this Subsection (7) may only occur at a state store, notwithstanding Subsection
742	32B-2-503(7)(b).
743	(ii) A representative of the department, who is a compliance officer with an
744	understanding of the relevant law, shall supervise a tasting and analysis held at a location
745	described in Subsection (7)(e)(i) and be present throughout the entire tasting and analysis. The
746	representative of the department who supervises a tasting and analysis is responsible for
747	transporting a retail licensee sample or flavoring used in a tasting and analysis to the location at
748	which the tasting and analysis occurs.
749	(iii) The department shall assess an industry representative conducting a tasting and
750	analysis under this Subsection (7) the actual cost to the department incurred because of the
751	tasting and analysis, including the cost of the department attending and supervising the tasting
752	and analysis. An industry representative shall pay the cost assessed by the department as a
753	condition to conducting the tasting and analysis.
754	(iv) An industry representative may participate in the tasting and analysis of a retail
755	licensee sample.
756	(v) Only an owner, manager, or other individual who purchases an alcoholic product
757	for a retail licensee may, on behalf of the retail licensee, taste and analyze one or more retail
758	<u>licensee samples.</u>
759	(f) (i) An alcoholic product may not be consumed during the time that an individual
760	tastes or analyzes liquor.
761	(ii) An individual described in Subsection (7)(e) may taste and analyze no more than
762	the following of a retail licensee sample:
763	(A) 1.5 ounces of a particular type, vintage, and production lot of a particular branded
764	product of wine, heavy beer, or flavored malt beverage; or
765	(B) 1.5 ounces of a particular type, vintage, and production lot of a particular branded
766	product of spirituous liquor.
767	(g) An industry representative may bring food to taste with a retail licensee sample
768	being tasted and analyzed under this Subsection (7).
769	(h) An industry representative may add another alcoholic product to the amount of a
770	retail licensee sample being tasted and analyzed under this Subsection (7) if:
771	(i) the other alcoholic product is:

772	(A) used as a secondary flavoring ingredient;
773	(B) used in conjunction with the primary liquor;
774	(C) not the only liquor in the beverage;
775	(D) purchased from the department;
776	(E) labeled as a retail licensee sample in accordance with Subsection (7)(c); and
777	(F) brought by the representative of the department to the tasting and analysis; and
778	(ii) an individual has no more than 2.5 ounces of spirituous liquor at a time before the
779	individual.
780	(i) An industry representative shall:
781	(i) account for and record each retail licensee sample received;
782	(ii) account for each retail licensee sample's disposition; and
783	(iii) maintain a record of the retail licensee sample and its disposition for a one-year
784	period.
785	(j) After a tasting and analysis under this Subsection (7) is completed, the
786	representative of the department who supervises the testing and analysis shall remove from the
787	location at which the tasting and analysis occurred the retail licensee samples and flavorings
788	brought to the tasting and analysis, including the unused contents of an opened alcoholic
789	product remaining after an alcoholic product is tasted and analyzed. The department shall
790	destroy the entire contents of the retail licensee sample and flavorings under controlled and
791	audited conditions established by the department.
792	(k) (i) An industry representative, manufacturer, supplier, or importer may not, in
793	connection with the tasting and analysis, give or otherwise furnish any item used during the
794	tasting and analysis, including point of sale advertising material, to a person who participates in
795	a tasting and analysis under this Subsection (7) or take any action that would constitute a
796	violation of Section 32B-4-706.
797	(ii) A person who participates in a tasting and analysis under this Subsection (7) in
798	connection with the tasting and analysis may not accept from an industry representative,
799	manufacturer, supplier, or importer any item used during the tasting and analysis, including
800	point of sale advertising material.
801	(iii) This Subsection (7)(k) does not prohibit the giving of educational material, as
802	defined by rule made by the commission in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah

803	Administrative Rulemaking Act.
804	(1) (i) Subject to Subsection 32B-3-204(5), if a licensee or staff of the licensee violates
805	this Subsection (7), the licensee is subject to the penalties established by rule made in
806	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, including fines,
807	suspension of the license, or revocation of the license.
808	(ii) If a licensee, staff of the licensee, or a manufacturer, supplier, or importer or staff
809	of a manufacturer, supplier, or importer violates this Subsection (7), the commission may
810	order:
811	(A) the removal of an alcoholic product of the manufacturer's, supplier's, or importer's
812	from the department's sales list; and
813	(B) a suspension of the department's purchase of an alcoholic product described in
814	Subsection (7)(1)(ii)(A) for a period determined by the commission.
815	[ <del>(7)</del> ] (8) An educational seminar may involve an industry member under the conditions
816	listed in this Subsection $[(7)]$ (8).
817	(a) An industry member may provide or participate in an educational seminar:
818	(i) involving:
819	(A) the department;
820	(B) a retailer;
821	(C) a holder of a scientific or educational special use permit;
822	(D) another industry member; or
823	(E) an employee of a person listed in Subsections [(7)] (8)(a)(i)(A) through (D); and
824	(ii) regarding a topic such as:
825	(A) merchandising and product knowledge;
826	(B) use of equipment; and
827	(C) a tour of an alcoholic product manufacturing facility.
828	(b) An industry member may not pay the expenses of or compensate a person who is a
829	department employee, a retailer, or a permittee for attending a seminar or tour described in
830	Subsection $[(7)]$ (8)(a).
831	[(8)] (9) (a) A liquor industry member may conduct a tasting of a liquor product of the
832	industry member:
833	(i) for the department, at the department's request; [and]

834	(ii) for a licensed industry representative, but only at the department's central
835	administrative warehouse office[-]; and
836	(iii) for a retail licensee, through an industry representative in accordance with
837	Subsection (7).
838	(b) A liquor industry member may only use a department sample or industry
839	representative sample when conducting a tasting of the industry member's liquor product under
840	this Subsection (9).
841	(c) A beer industry member may conduct a tasting of a beer product for a beer retailer
842	either at:
843	(i) the industry member's premises; or
844	(ii) a retail establishment.
845	(d) Except to the extent authorized by this section or commission rule, an alcoholic
846	product industry member may not conduct tasting or sampling activities with:
847	(i) a retailer; or
848	(ii) a member of the general public.
849	[(9)] (10) A beer industry member may participate in a beer retailer association activity
850	to the extent authorized by 27 C.F.R. Sec. 6.100.
851	[(10)] (11) (a) An industry member may contribute to a charitable, civic, religious,
852	fraternal, educational, or community activity, except the contribution may not be given to
853	influence a retailer in the selection of a product that may be sold at the activity.
854	(b) An industry member or retailer violates this Subsection $[\frac{(10)}{(11)}]$ if:
855	(i) the industry member's contribution influences, directly or indirectly, the retailer in
856	the selection of a product; and
857	(ii) a competitor's product is excluded in whole or in part from sale at the activity.
858	[(11)] (12) (a) An industry member may lease or furnish equipment listed in
859	Subsection $[\frac{(11)}{(12)}]$ (12)(b) to a retailer if:
860	(i) the equipment is leased or furnished for a special event;
861	(ii) a reasonable rental or service fee is charged for the equipment; and
862	(iii) the period for which the equipment is leased or furnished does not exceed 30 days.
863	(b) This Subsection $[(11)]$ (12) applies to the following equipment:
864	(i) a picnic pump;

865	(ii) a cold plate;
866	(iii) a tub;
867	(iv) a keg box;
868	(v) a refrigerated trailer;
869	(vi) a refrigerated van; or
870	(vii) a refrigerated draft system.
871	[(12)] (13) (a) A liquor industry member may assist the department in:
872	(i) ordering, shipping, and delivering merchandise;
873	(ii) new product notification;
874	(iii) listing and delisting information;
875	(iv) price quotations;
876	(v) product sales analysis;
877	(vi) shelf management; and
878	(vii) an educational seminar.
879	(b) (i) A liquor industry member may, to acquire a new listing:
880	(A) solicit an order from the department; and
881	(B) submit to the department a sample of the liquor industry member's products under
882	Subsection (5) and price lists.
883	(ii) (A) An industry member is confined to the customer areas when the industry
884	member visits a state store or package agency unless otherwise approved.
885	(B) An industry member is confined to the office area of a state warehouse when the
886	industry member visits a state warehouse unless otherwise approved.
887	[(13)] (14) A beer industry member may assist a beer retailer in:
888	(a) ordering, shipping, and delivering beer merchandise;
889	(b) new product notification;
890	(c) listing and delisting information;
891	(d) price quotations;
892	(e) product sales analysis;
893	(f) shelf management; and
894	(g) an educational seminar.
895	[ <del>(14)</del> ] (15) A beer industry member may, to acquire a new listing:

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896	(a) solicit an order from a beer retailer; and
897	(b) submit to a beer retailer a sample of the beer industry member's beer products under
898	Subsection (5) and price lists.
899	Section 3. Section 32B-4-708 is amended to read:
900	32B-4-708. Unlawful act involving consumers.
901	(1) (a) It is unlawful for an industry member, directly or indirectly, or through an
902	affiliate, to give away any of its product to a person except for testing, analysis, and sampling
903	purposes by the [department or local industry representative licensee] following to the extent
904	authorized by this title[:]:
905	(i) the department;
906	(ii) a retail licensee;
907	(iii) a beer retailer; or
908	(iv) a local industry representative licensee.
909	(b) This Subsection (1) does not preclude an industry member from serving its product
910	to others at a private event hosted by the industry member in the industry member's home or
911	elsewhere so long as the product is not served:
912	(i) as part of a promotion of the industry member's product; or
913	(ii) as a subterfuge to provide a sample to a person for product testing, analysis, or
914	sampling purposes.
915	(2) It is unlawful for an industry member or retailer, directly or indirectly, or through
916	an affiliate, to engage in an advertisement or promotional scheme that requires the purchase or
917	sale of an alcoholic product, or consumption of an alcoholic product, in order to participate in a
918	promotion, program, or other activity.
919	(3) It is unlawful for an industry member or retailer, directly or indirectly, or through
920	an affiliate, to pay, give, or deliver to a person money or any other thing of value, including a
921	rebate, refund, or prize, on the basis of the purchase, display, use, sale, or consumption of an
922	alcoholic product.
923	(4) It is unlawful for an industry member or retailer to sponsor or underwrite an

- athletic, theatrical, scholastic, artistic, or scientific event that:
  - (a) overtly promotes the consumption of a product;
- 926 (b) offers a product to the general public without charge; or

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927	(c) takes place on the premises of a school, college, university, or other educational
928	institution.
929	Section 4. Section 32B-11-608 is amended to read:
930	32B-11-608. Operational requirements for local industry representative license.
931	(1) (a) A local industry representative licensee, staff of the local industry representative
932	licensee, or staff of a manufacturer, supplier, or importer who is conducting business in the
933	state, shall comply with this title and rules of the commission.
934	(b) If a person knowingly violates Subsection (1)(a):
935	(i) the violation may result in disciplinary action in accordance with Chapter 3,
936	Disciplinary Actions and Enforcement Act, against:
937	(A) a local industry representative licensee;
938	(B) individual staff of a local industry representative licensee; or
939	(C) both a local industry representative licensee and staff of the local industry
940	representative licensee; and
941	(ii) if the conditions of Subsection (1)(c) are met, the commission may order:
942	(A) the removal of the manufacturer's, supplier's, or importer's products from the
943	department's sales list; and
944	(B) a suspension of the department's purchase of those products for a period
945	determined by the commission.
946	(c) Subsection (1)(b)(ii) applies if the manufacturer, supplier, or importer:
947	(i) directly commits the violation; or
948	(ii) solicits, requests, commands, encourages, or intentionally aides another to engage
949	in the violation.
950	(2) A local industry representative licensee shall display its license in the local industry
951	representative licensee's principal place of business.
952	(3) (a) A local industry representative licensee shall maintain on file with the
953	department a current accounts list of the names and addresses of the manufacturers, suppliers,
954	and importers the local industry representative licensee represents.
955	(b) A local industry representative licensee shall notify the department in writing of a
956	change to its accounts list within 14 days from the date the local industry representative
957	licensee:

958	(1) acquires the account of a manufacturer, supplier, or importer; or
959	(ii) loses the account of a manufacturer, supplier, or importer.
960	(4) (a) A local industry representative licensee shall make and maintain the records the
961	department requires for at least three years.
962	(b) Section 32B-1-205 applies to a record required to be made or maintained in
963	accordance with this Subsection (4).
964	(5) Staff of a local industry representative licensee may not be:
965	(a) a retail licensee that sells, offers for sale, or furnishes liquor;
966	(b) staff of a retail licensee that sells, offers for sale, or furnishes liquor; or
967	(c) a minor.
968	(6) (a) A local representative licensee may not sell, transfer, assign, exchange, barter,
969	give, or attempt in any way to dispose of the license to another person, whether for monetary
970	gain or not.
971	(b) A local industry representative license has no monetary value for any type of
972	disposition.
973	(7) A local industry representative licensee, staff of the local industry representative
974	licensee, or staff of a manufacturer, supplier, or importer who is conducting business in the
975	state:
976	(a) only to the extent authorized by Chapter 4, Criminal Offenses and Procedure Act,
977	may:
978	(i) assist the department in:
979	(A) ordering, shipping, and delivering merchandise;
980	(B) providing new product notification;
981	(C) obtaining listing and delisting information;
982	(D) receiving price quotations;
983	(E) providing product sales analysis;
984	(F) conducting shelf management; and
985	(G) conducting educational seminars; and
986	(ii) to acquire new listings:
987	(A) solicit orders from the department; and
988	(B) submit to the department price lists and samples of the products of the

989	manufacturer, supplier, or importer;
990	(b) may not sell liquor within the state except to:
991	(i) the department; and
992	(ii) a military installation;
993	(c) may not ship or transport, or cause to be shipped or transported, liquor into this
994	state or from one place to another within this state;
995	(d) may not sell or furnish any liquor to any person within this state other than to:
996	(i) the department; or
997	(ii) a military installation;
998	(e) except as otherwise provided, may not advertise a product the local industry
999	representative licensee represents in violation of this title or any other federal or state law;
1000	(f) shall comply with the trade practices provided in Chapter 4, Part 7, Trade Practices
1001	Act; and
1002	(g) may only provide a sample of a product of the manufacturer, supplier, or importer
1003	for tasting and sampling purposes as provided in Section 32B-4-705 [by the department].
1004	(8) A local industry representative licensee may, to become educated as to the quality
1005	and characteristics of a liquor that the licensee represents, taste and analyze an industry
1006	representative sample under the conditions listed in this Subsection (8).
1007	(a) A local industry representative licensee may not receive more than two industry
1008	representative samples of a particular type, vintage, and production lot of a particular branded
1009	product within a consecutive 120-day period.
1010	(b) (i) An industry representative sample of liquor may not exceed one liter.
1011	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (8)(b)(i), an industry representative sample of the
1012	following may not exceed 1.5 liters unless that exact product is only commercially packaged in
1013	a larger size, not to exceed 5 liters:
1014	(A) wine;
1015	(B) heavy beer; or
1016	(C) a flavored malt beverage.
1017	(c) An industry representative sample may only be of a product not presently listed on
1018	the department's sales list.

(d) (i) An industry representative sample shall be shipped:

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1020	(A) prepaid by the manufacturer, supplier, or importer;
1021	(B) by common carrier and not via United States mail; and
1022	(C) directly to the department's central administrative warehouse office.
1023	(ii) An industry representative sample may not be shipped to any other location within
1024	the state.
1025	(e) An industry representative sample shall be accompanied by a letter from the
1026	manufacturer, supplier, or importer:
1027	(i) clearly identifying the product as an "industry representative sample"; and
1028	(ii) clearly stating:
1029	(A) the FOB case price of the product; and
1030	(B) the name of the local industry representative for whom it is intended.
1031	(f) The department shall assess a reasonable handling, labeling, and storage fee for
1032	each industry representative sample received.
1033	(g) The department shall affix to a container a label clearly identifying the product as
1034	an "industry representative sample."
1035	(h) The department shall:
1036	(i) account for and record each industry representative sample received;
1037	(ii) account for the industry representative sample's disposition; and
1038	(iii) maintain a record of the industry representative sample and its disposition for a
1039	two-year period.
1040	(i) An industry representative sample may not leave the premises of the department's
1041	central administrative warehouse office.
1042	(j) A local industry representative licensee's and a local industry representative
1043	licensee's staff may, at regularly scheduled days and times established by the department, taste
1044	and analyze one or more industry representative samples on the premises of the department's
1045	central administrative warehouse office.
1046	(k) The department shall destroy the unused contents of an opened product remaining
1047	after a product is sampled under controlled and audited conditions established by the
1048	department.
1049	(l) An industry representative sample that is not tasted within 30 days of receipt by the

department shall be disposed of at the discretion of the department in one of the following

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1051	ways:
1052	(i) the contents destroyed under controlled and audited conditions established by the
1053	department; or
1054	(ii) added to the inventory of the department for sale to the public.

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