DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS FOR MIDTERM VACANCI
CANDIDATES
2013 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Todd Weiler
House Sponsor: Keven J. Stratton
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill enacts provisions related to certain filings by a candidate for a midterm
vacancy appointment.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
requires a political party to forward the name of a candidate for a midterm vacancy
appointment to the Office of the Lieutenant Governor;
 amends the definitions of "legislative office candidate" and "state office candidate";
 enacts provisions requiring a state office candidate for a midterm vacancy
appointment to file an interim report;
 enacts provisions requiring a legislative office candidate for a midterm vacancy
appointment to file an interim report; and
 makes technical corrections.
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:



28	20A-8-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 73
29	20A-11-101 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 230
30	20A-11-204 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 347
31	20A-11-205 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 355
32	20A-11-206 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 396
33	20A-11-303 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 347
34	20A-11-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 355
35	20A-11-305 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 396
3637	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
38	Section 1. Section 20A-8-401 is amended to read:
39	20A-8-401. Registered political parties Bylaws Report name of midterm
40	vacancy candidate.
41	(1) (a) Each registered state political party shall file a copy of its constitution and
42	bylaws with the lieutenant governor by January 1, 1995.
43	(b) Each new or unregistered state political party that seeks to become a registered
44	political party under the authority of this chapter shall file a copy of its proposed constitution
45	and bylaws at the time it files its registration information.
46	(c) Each registered state political party shall file revised copies of its constitution or
47	bylaws with the lieutenant governor within 15 days after the constitution or bylaws are adopted
48	or amended.
49	(2) Each state political party, each new political party seeking registration, and each
50	unregistered political party seeking registration shall ensure that its constitution or bylaws
51	contain:
52	(a) provisions establishing party organization, structure, membership, and governance
53	that include:
54	(i) a description of the position, selection process, qualifications, duties, and terms of
55	each party officer and committees defined by constitution and bylaws;
56	(ii) a provision requiring a designated party officer to serve as liaison with:
57	(A) the lieutenant governor on all matters relating to the political party's relationship
58	with the state; and

59 (B) each county legislative body on matters relating to the political party's relationship 60 with a county; 61 (iii) a description of the requirements for participation in party processes; 62 (iv) the dates, times, and quorum of any regularly scheduled party meetings, 63 conventions, or other conclaves; and 64 (v) a mechanism for making the names of delegates, candidates, and elected party 65 officers available to the public shortly after they are selected; (b) a procedure for selecting party officers that allows active participation by party 66 67 members; 68 (c) a procedure for selecting party candidates at the federal, state, and county levels that 69 allows active participation by party members; 70 (d) (i) a procedure for selecting electors who are pledged to cast their votes in the 71 electoral college for the party's candidates for president and vice president of the United States; 72 and 73 (ii) a procedure for filling vacancies in the office of presidential elector because of 74 death, refusal to act, failure to attend, ineligibility, or any other cause; 75 (e) a procedure for filling vacancies in the office of representative or senator or a 76 county office, as described in Section 20A-1-508, because of death, resignation, or ineligibility; 77 (f) a provision requiring the governor and lieutenant governor to run as a joint ticket; 78 (g) a procedure for replacing party candidates who die, acquire a disability that 79 prevents the candidate from continuing the candidacy, or are disqualified before a primary or 80 regular general election; 81 (h) provisions governing the deposit and expenditure of party funds, and governing the 82 accounting for, reporting, and audit of party financial transactions; 83 (i) provisions governing access to party records; 84 (i) a procedure for amending the constitution or bylaws that allows active participation 85 by party members or their representatives; (k) a process for resolving grievances against the political party; and 86 87 (l) if desired by the political party, a process for consulting with, and obtaining the

(i) the performance of the two United States Senators from Utah, including

opinion of, the political party's Utah Senate and Utah House members about:

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90	specifically:
91	(A) their views and actions regarding the defense of state's rights and federalism; and
92	(B) their performance in representing Utah's interests;
93	(ii) the members' opinion about, or rating of, and support or opposition to the policy
94	positions of any candidates for United States Senate from Utah, including incumbents,
95	including specifically:
96	(A) their views and actions regarding the defense of state's rights and federalism; and
97	(B) their performance in representing Utah's interests; and
98	(iii) the members' collective or individual endorsement or rating of a particular
99	candidate for United States Senate from Utah.
100	(3) If, in accordance with a political party's constitution or bylaws, a person files a
101	declaration or otherwise notifies the party of the person's candidacy as a legislative office
102	candidate or state office candidate, as defined in Section 20A-11-101, to be appointed and fill a
103	midterm vacancy in the office of representative or senator in the Legislature, as described in
104	Section 20A-1-503, or in a state office as described in Section 20A-1-504, the party shall
105	forward a copy of that declaration or notification to the lieutenant governor no later than 5 p.m.
106	of the day following the day on which the party receives the declaration or notification.
107	Section 2. Section 20A-11-101 is amended to read:
108	20A-11-101. Definitions.
109	As used in this chapter:
110	(1) "Address" means the number and street where an individual resides or where a
111	reporting entity has its principal office.
112	(2) "Ballot proposition" includes initiatives, referenda, proposed constitutional
113	amendments, and any other ballot propositions submitted to the voters that are authorized by
114	the Utah Code Annotated 1953.
115	(3) "Candidate" means any person who:
116	(a) files a declaration of candidacy for a public office; or
117	(b) receives contributions, makes expenditures, or gives consent for any other person to
118	receive contributions or make expenditures to bring about the person's nomination or election
119	to a public office.
120	(4) "Chief election officer" means:

121	(a) the lieutenant governor for state office candidates, legislative office candidates,
122	officeholders, political parties, political action committees, corporations, political issues
123	committees, state school board candidates, judges, and labor organizations, as defined in
124	Section 20A-11-1501; and
125	(b) the county clerk for local school board candidates.
126	(5) (a) "Contribution" means any of the following when done for political purposes:
127	(i) a gift, subscription, donation, loan, advance, or deposit of money or anything of
128	value given to the filing entity;
129	(ii) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make a gift,
130	subscription, donation, unpaid or partially unpaid loan, advance, or deposit of money or
131	anything of value to the filing entity;
132	(iii) any transfer of funds from another reporting entity to the filing entity;
133	(iv) compensation paid by any person or reporting entity other than the filing entity for
134	personal services provided without charge to the filing entity;
135	(v) remuneration from:
136	(A) any organization or its directly affiliated organization that has a registered lobbyist
137	or
138	(B) any agency or subdivision of the state, including school districts; and
139	(vi) goods or services provided to or for the benefit of the filing entity at less than fair
140	market value.
141	(b) "Contribution" does not include:
142	(i) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all
143	of their time on behalf of the filing entity;
144	(ii) money lent to the filing entity by a financial institution in the ordinary course of
145	business; or
146	(iii) goods or services provided for the benefit of a candidate or political party at less
147	than fair market value that are not authorized by or coordinated with the candidate or political
148	party.
149	(6) "Coordinated with" means that goods or services provided for the benefit of a
150	candidate or political party are provided:
151	(a) with the candidate's or political party's prior knowledge, if the candidate or political

152	party does not object;
153	(b) by agreement with the candidate or political party;
154	(c) in coordination with the candidate or political party; or
155	(d) using official logos, slogans, and similar elements belonging to a candidate or
156	political party.
157	(7) (a) "Corporation" means a domestic or foreign, profit or nonprofit, business
158	organization that is registered as a corporation or is authorized to do business in a state and
159	makes any expenditure from corporate funds for:
160	(i) the purpose of expressly advocating for political purposes; or
161	(ii) the purpose of expressly advocating the approval or the defeat of any ballot
162	proposition.
163	(b) "Corporation" does not mean:
164	(i) a business organization's political action committee or political issues committee; or
165	(ii) a business entity organized as a partnership or a sole proprietorship.
166	(8) "County political party" means, for each registered political party, all of the persons
167	within a single county who, under definitions established by the political party, are members of
168	the registered political party.
169	(9) "County political party officer" means a person whose name is required to be
170	submitted by a county political party to the lieutenant governor in accordance with Section
171	20A-8-402.
172	(10) "Detailed listing" means:
173	(a) for each contribution or public service assistance:
174	(i) the name and address of the individual or source making the contribution or public
175	service assistance;
176	(ii) the amount or value of the contribution or public service assistance; and
177	(iii) the date the contribution or public service assistance was made; and
178	(b) for each expenditure:
179	(i) the amount of the expenditure;
180	(ii) the person or entity to whom it was disbursed;
181	(iii) the specific purpose, item, or service acquired by the expenditure; and
182	(iv) the date the expenditure was made.

183	(11) "Election" means each:
184	(a) regular general election;
185	(b) regular primary election; and
186	(c) special election at which candidates are eliminated and selected.
187	(12) "Electioneering communication" means a communication that:
188	(a) has at least a value of \$10,000;
189	(b) clearly identifies a candidate or judge; and
190	(c) is disseminated through the Internet, newspaper, magazine, outdoor advertising
191	facility, direct mailing, broadcast, cable, or satellite provider within 45 days of the clearly
192	identified candidate's or judge's election date.
193	(13) (a) "Expenditure" means:
194	(i) any disbursement from contributions, receipts, or from the separate bank account
195	required by this chapter;
196	(ii) a purchase, payment, donation, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, gift of money,
197	or anything of value made for political purposes;
198	(iii) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make any
199	purchase, payment, donation, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, gift of money, or anything of
200	value for political purposes;
201	(iv) compensation paid by a filing entity for personal services rendered by a person
202	without charge to a reporting entity;
203	(v) a transfer of funds between the filing entity and a candidate's personal campaign
204	committee; or
205	(vi) goods or services provided by the filing entity to or for the benefit of another
206	reporting entity for political purposes at less than fair market value.
207	(b) "Expenditure" does not include:
208	(i) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all
209	of their time on behalf of a reporting entity;
210	(ii) money lent to a reporting entity by a financial institution in the ordinary course of
211	business; or
212	(iii) anything listed in Subsection (13)(a) that is given by a reporting entity to
213	candidates for office or officeholders in states other than Utah.

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214 (14) "Federal office" means the office of President of the United States, United States 215 Senator, or United States Representative. 216 (15) "Filing entity" means the reporting entity that is required to file a financial 217 statement required by this chapter or Chapter 12, Part 2, Judicial Retention Elections. 218 (16) "Financial statement" includes any summary report, interim report, verified 219 financial statement, or other statement disclosing contributions, expenditures, receipts, 220 donations, or disbursements that is required by this chapter or Chapter 12, Part 2, Judicial 221 Retention Elections. 222 (17) "Governing board" means the individual or group of individuals that determine the 223 candidates and committees that will receive expenditures from a political action committee, 224 political party, or corporation. 225 (18) "Incorporation" means the process established by Title 10, Chapter 2, Part 1, 226 Incorporation, by which a geographical area becomes legally recognized as a city or town. (19) "Incorporation election" means the election authorized by Section 10-2-111. 227 228 (20) "Incorporation petition" means a petition authorized by Section 10-2-109. 229 (21) "Individual" means a natural person. (22) "Interim report" means a report identifying the contributions received and 230 231 expenditures made since the last report. 232 (23) "Legislative office" means the office of state senator, state representative, speaker 233 of the House of Representatives, president of the Senate, and the leader, whip, and assistant 234 whip of any party caucus in either house of the Legislature. 235 (24) "Legislative office candidate" means a person who: 236 (a) files a declaration of candidacy for the office of state senator or state representative; 237 (b) declares oneself to be a candidate for, or actively campaigns for, the position of 238 speaker of the House of Representatives, president of the Senate, or the leader, whip, and 239 assistant whip of any party caucus in either house of the Legislature; or 240 (c) receives contributions, makes expenditures, or gives consent for any other person to

(26) "Party committee" means any committee organized by or authorized by the

receive contributions or make expenditures to bring about the person's nomination, [or]

(25) "Officeholder" means a person who holds a public office.

election, or appointment to a legislative office.

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245 governing board of a registered political party.

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- 246 (27) "Person" means both natural and legal persons, including individuals, business 247 organizations, personal campaign committees, party committees, political action committees, 248 political issues committees, and labor organizations, as defined in Section 20A-11-1501.
 - (28) "Personal campaign committee" means the committee appointed by a candidate to act for the candidate as provided in this chapter.
- 251 (29) "Personal use expenditure" has the same meaning as provided under Section 252 20A-11-104.
 - (30) (a) "Political action committee" means an entity, or any group of individuals or entities within or outside this state, a major purpose of which is to:
 - (i) solicit or receive contributions from any other person, group, or entity for political purposes; or
 - (ii) make expenditures to expressly advocate for any person to refrain from voting or to vote for or against any candidate or person seeking election to a municipal or county office.
 - (b) "Political action committee" includes groups affiliated with a registered political party but not authorized or organized by the governing board of the registered political party that receive contributions or makes expenditures for political purposes.
 - (c) "Political action committee" does not mean:
 - (i) a party committee;
 - (ii) any entity that provides goods or services to a candidate or committee in the regular course of its business at the same price that would be provided to the general public;
 - (iii) an individual;
 - (iv) individuals who are related and who make contributions from a joint checking account;
 - (v) a corporation, except a corporation a major purpose of which is to act as a political action committee; or
 - (vi) a personal campaign committee.
 - (31) "Political convention" means a county or state political convention held by a registered political party to select candidates.
- 274 (32) (a) "Political issues committee" means an entity, or any group of individuals or 275 entities within or outside this state, a major purpose of which is to:

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(i) solicit or receive donations from any other person, group, or entity to assist in placing a ballot proposition on the ballot, assist in keeping a ballot proposition off the ballot, or to advocate that a voter refrain from voting or vote for or vote against any ballot proposition; (ii) make expenditures to expressly advocate for any person to sign or refuse to sign a ballot proposition or incorporation petition or refrain from voting, vote for, or vote against any proposed ballot proposition or an incorporation in an incorporation election; or (iii) make expenditures to assist in qualifying or placing a ballot proposition on the ballot or to assist in keeping a ballot proposition off the ballot. (b) "Political issues committee" does not mean: (i) a registered political party or a party committee; (ii) any entity that provides goods or services to an individual or committee in the regular course of its business at the same price that would be provided to the general public; (iii) an individual; (iv) individuals who are related and who make contributions from a joint checking account; or (v) a corporation, except a corporation a major purpose of which is to act as a political issues committee. (33) (a) "Political issues contribution" means any of the following: (i) a gift, subscription, unpaid or partially unpaid loan, advance, or deposit of money or anything of value given to a political issues committee; (ii) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make a political issues donation to influence the approval or defeat of any ballot proposition; (iii) any transfer of funds received by a political issues committee from a reporting entity; (iv) compensation paid by another reporting entity for personal services rendered without charge to a political issues committee; and (v) goods or services provided to or for the benefit of a political issues committee at

- (b) "Political issues contribution" does not include:
- (i) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all of their time on behalf of a political issues committee; or

307	(ii) money lent to a political issues committee by a financial institution in the ordinary
308	course of business.
309	(34) (a) "Political issues expenditure" means any of the following:
310	(i) any payment from political issues contributions made for the purpose of influencing
311	the approval or the defeat of:
312	(A) a ballot proposition; or
313	(B) an incorporation petition or incorporation election;
314	(ii) a purchase, payment, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, or gift of money made for
315	the express purpose of influencing the approval or the defeat of:
316	(A) a ballot proposition; or
317	(B) an incorporation petition or incorporation election;
318	(iii) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make any
319	political issues expenditure;
320	(iv) compensation paid by a reporting entity for personal services rendered by a person
321	without charge to a political issues committee; or
322	(v) goods or services provided to or for the benefit of another reporting entity at less
323	than fair market value.
324	(b) "Political issues expenditure" does not include:
325	(i) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all
326	of their time on behalf of a political issues committee; or
327	(ii) money lent to a political issues committee by a financial institution in the ordinary
328	course of business.
329	(35) "Political purposes" means an act done with the intent or in a way to influence or
330	tend to influence, directly or indirectly, any person to refrain from voting or to vote for or
331	against any candidate or a person seeking a municipal or county office at any caucus, political
332	convention, or election.
333	(36) "Primary election" means any regular primary election held under the election
334	laws.
335	(37) "Public office" means the office of governor, lieutenant governor, state auditor,
336	state treasurer, attorney general, state or local school board member, state senator, state
337	representative, speaker of the House of Representatives, president of the Senate, and the leader,

whip, and assistant whip of any party caucus in either house of the Legislature.

- (38) (a) "Public service assistance" means the following when given or provided to an officeholder to defray the costs of functioning in a public office or aid the officeholder to communicate with the officeholder's constituents:
- (i) a gift, subscription, donation, unpaid or partially unpaid loan, advance, or deposit of money or anything of value to an officeholder; or
- (ii) goods or services provided at less than fair market value to or for the benefit of the officeholder.
 - (b) "Public service assistance" does not include:
 - (i) anything provided by the state;

- (ii) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all of their time on behalf of an officeholder;
- 350 (iii) money lent to an officeholder by a financial institution in the ordinary course of 351 business;
 - (iv) news coverage or any publication by the news media; or
 - (v) any article, story, or other coverage as part of any regular publication of any organization unless substantially all the publication is devoted to information about the officeholder.
 - (39) "Publicly identified class of individuals" means a group of 50 or more individuals sharing a common occupation, interest, or association that contribute to a political action committee or political issues committee and whose names can be obtained by contacting the political action committee or political issues committee upon whose financial statement the individuals are listed.
 - (40) "Receipts" means contributions and public service assistance.
 - (41) "Registered lobbyist" means a person registered under Title 36, Chapter 11, Lobbyist Disclosure and Regulation Act.
 - (42) "Registered political action committee" means any political action committee that is required by this chapter to file a statement of organization with the [lieutenant governor's office] Office of the Lieutenant Governor.
 - (43) "Registered political issues committee" means any political issues committee that is required by this chapter to file a statement of organization with the [lieutenant governor's

369	office of the Lieutenant Governor.
370	(44) "Registered political party" means an organization of voters that:
371	(a) participated in the last regular general election and polled a total vote equal to 2%
372	or more of the total votes cast for all candidates for the United States House of Representatives
373	for any of its candidates for any office; or
374	(b) has complied with the petition and organizing procedures of Chapter 8, Political
375	Party Formation and Procedures.
376	(45) (a) "Remuneration" means a payment:
377	(i) made to a legislator for the period the Legislature is in session; and
378	(ii) that is approximately equivalent to an amount a legislator would have earned
379	during the period the Legislature is in session in the legislator's ordinary course of business.
380	(b) "Remuneration" does not mean anything of economic value given to a legislator by:
381	(i) the legislator's primary employer in the ordinary course of business; or
382	(ii) a person or entity in the ordinary course of business:
383	(A) because of the legislator's ownership interest in the entity; or
384	(B) for services rendered by the legislator on behalf of the person or entity.
385	(46) "Reporting entity" means a candidate, a candidate's personal campaign committee,
386	a judge, a judge's personal campaign committee, an officeholder, a party committee, a political
387	action committee, a political issues committee, a corporation, or a labor organization, as
388	defined in Section 20A-11-1501.
389	(47) "School board office" means the office of state school board or local school board.
390	(48) (a) "Source" means the person or entity that is the legal owner of the tangible or
391	intangible asset that comprises the contribution.
392	(b) "Source" means, for political action committees and corporations, the political
393	action committee and the corporation as entities, not the contributors to the political action
394	committee or the owners or shareholders of the corporation.
395	(49) "State office" means the offices of governor, lieutenant governor, attorney general,
396	state auditor, and state treasurer.
397	(50) "State office candidate" means a person who:

(b) receives contributions, makes expenditures, or gives consent for any other person to

(a) files a declaration of candidacy for a state office; or

400	receive contributions or make expenditures to bring about the person's nomination, [or]
401	election, or appointment to a state office.
402	(51) "Summary report" means the year end report containing the summary of a
403	reporting entity's contributions and expenditures.
404	(52) "Supervisory board" means the individual or group of individuals that allocate
405	expenditures from a political issues committee.
406	Section 3. Section 20A-11-204 is amended to read:
407	20A-11-204. State office candidate Financial reporting requirements Interim
408	reports.
409	(1) [Each] (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), each state office candidate
410	shall file an interim report at the following times in any year in which the candidate has filed a
411	declaration of candidacy for a public office:
412	[(a)] (i) seven days before the candidate's political convention;
413	[(b)] (ii) seven days before the regular primary election date;
414	[(c)] <u>(iii)</u> August 31; and
415	[(d)] (iv) seven days before the regular general election date.
416	(b) If a state office candidate is a state office candidate seeking appointment for a
417	midterm vacancy, the state office candidate:
418	(i) shall file an interim report:
419	(A) no later than seven days before the day on which the political party of the party for
420	which the state office candidate seeks nomination meets to declare a nominee for the governor
421	to appoint in accordance with Section 20A-1-504; or
422	(B) if a state office candidate decides to seek the appointment with less than seven days
423	before the party meets, or the political party schedules the meeting to declare a nominee less
424	than seven days before the day of the meeting, no later than 5 p.m. on the last day of business
425	before the day on which the party meets; and
426	(ii) is not required to file an interim report at the times described in Subsection (1)(a).
427	(2) Each interim report shall include the following information:
428	(a) the net balance of the last summary report, if any;
429	(b) a single figure equal to the total amount of receipts reported on all prior interim
430	reports, if any, during the calendar year in which the interim report is due;

431	(c) a single figure equal to the total amount of expenditures reported on all prior
432	interim reports, if any, filed during the calendar year in which the interim report is due;
433	(d) a detailed listing of each contribution and public service assistance received since
434	the last summary report that has not been reported in detail on a prior interim report;
435	(e) for each nonmonetary contribution:
436	(i) the fair market value of the contribution with that information provided by the
437	contributor; and
438	(ii) a specific description of the contribution;
439	(f) a detailed listing of each expenditure made since the last summary report that has
440	not been reported in detail on a prior interim report;
441	(g) for each nonmonetary expenditure, the fair market value of the expenditure;
442	(h) a net balance for the year consisting of the net balance from the last summary
443	report, if any, plus all receipts since the last summary report minus all expenditures since the
444	last summary report;
445	(i) a summary page in the form required by the lieutenant governor that identifies:
446	(i) beginning balance;
447	(ii) total contributions during the period since the last statement;
448	(iii) total contributions to date;
449	(iv) total expenditures during the period since the last statement; and
450	(v) total expenditures to date; and
451	(j) the name of a political action committee for which the state office candidate is
452	designated as an officer who has primary decision-making authority under Section
453	20A-11-601.
454	(3) (a) For all individual contributions or public service assistance of \$50 or less, a
455	single aggregate figure may be reported without separate detailed listings.
456	(b) Two or more contributions from the same source that have an aggregate total of
457	more than \$50 may not be reported in the aggregate, but shall be reported separately.
458	(4) (a) In preparing each interim report, all receipts and expenditures shall be reported
459	as of five days before the required filing date of the report.
460	(b) Any negotiable instrument or check received by a state office candidate more than
461	five days before the required filing date of a report required by this section shall be included in

462	the interim report.
463	Section 4. Section 20A-11-205 is amended to read:
464	20A-11-205. State office candidate Financial reporting requirements
465	Termination of duty to report.
466	(1) Each state office candidate and the candidate's personal campaign committee is
467	active and subject to interim reporting requirements until:
468	(a) the candidate withdraws or is eliminated in a convention or primary[:]; or
469	(b) if seeking appointment as a midterm vacancy state office candidate:
470	(i) the political party liaison fails to forward the person's name to the governor; or
471	(ii) the governor fails to appoint the person to fill the vacancy.
472	(2) Each state office candidate and the candidate's personal campaign committee is
473	active and subject to year-end summary reporting requirements until the candidate has filed a
474	statement of dissolution with the lieutenant governor stating that:
475	(a) the state office candidate or the personal campaign committee is no longer receiving
476	contributions and is no longer making expenditures;
477	(b) the ending balance on the last summary report filed is zero and the balance in the
478	separate bank account required in Section 20A-11-201 is zero; and
479	(c) a final summary report in the form required by Section 20A-11-203 showing a zero
480	balance is attached to the statement of dissolution.
481	(3) A statement of dissolution and a final summary report may be filed at any time.
482	(4) Each state office candidate and the candidate's personal campaign committee shall
483	continue to file the year-end summary report required by Section 20A-11-203 until the
484	statement of dissolution and final summary report required by this section are filed with the
485	lieutenant governor.
486	Section 5. Section 20A-11-206 is amended to read:
487	20A-11-206. State office candidate Failure to file reports Penalties.
488	(1) (a) If a state office candidate fails to file an interim report due before the regular
489	primary election, on August 31, or before the regular general election, the lieutenant governor
490	shall, after making a reasonable attempt to discover if the report was timely filed:
491	(i) inform the county clerk and other appropriate election officials who:
492	(A) (I) shall, if practicable, remove the name of the candidate from the ballots before

the ballots are delivered to voters; or

- (II) shall, if removing the candidate's name from the ballot is not practicable, inform the voters by any practicable method that the candidate has been disqualified and that votes cast for the candidate will not be counted; and
 - (B) may not count any votes for that candidate; and
 - (ii) impose a fine against the filing entity in accordance with Section 20A-11-1005.
- (b) Any state office candidate who fails to file timely a financial statement required by Subsection 20A-11-204(1)[(b), (c), or (d)](a)(ii), (iii), or (iv) is disqualified and the vacancy on the ballot may be filled as provided in Section 20A-1-501.
- (c) Notwithstanding Subsections (1)(a) and (1)(b), a state office candidate is not disqualified and the lieutenant governor may not impose a fine if:
- (i) the candidate timely files the reports required by this section no later than the due date in accordance with Section 20A-11-103;
- (ii) the reports are completed, detailing accurately and completely the information required by this part except for inadvertent omissions or insignificant errors or inaccuracies; and
- (iii) the omissions, errors, or inaccuracies described in Subsection (1)(c)(ii) are corrected in:
 - (A) an amended report; or
 - (B) the next scheduled report.
- (2) (a) Within 30 days after a deadline for the filing of a summary report, the lieutenant governor shall review each filed summary report to ensure that:
- (i) each state office candidate that is required to file a summary report has filed one; and
 - (ii) each summary report contains the information required by this part.
- (b) If it appears that any state office candidate has failed to file the summary report required by law, if it appears that a filed summary report does not conform to the law, or if the lieutenant governor has received a written complaint alleging a violation of the law or the falsity of any summary report, the lieutenant governor shall, within five days of discovery of a violation or receipt of a written complaint, notify the state office candidate of the violation or written complaint and direct the state office candidate to file a summary report correcting the

524	problem.
525	(c) (i) It is unlawful for any state office candidate to fail to file or amend a summary
526	report within 14 days after receiving notice from the lieutenant governor under this section.
527	(ii) Each state office candidate who violates Subsection (2)(c)(i) is guilty of a class B
528	misdemeanor.
529	(iii) The lieutenant governor shall report all violations of Subsection (2)(c)(i) to the
530	attorney general.
531	Section 6. Section 20A-11-303 is amended to read:
532	20A-11-303. Legislative office candidate Financial reporting requirements
533	Interim reports.
534	(1) [Each] (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), each legislative office
535	candidate shall file an interim report at the following times in any year in which the candidate
536	has filed a declaration of candidacy for a public office:
537	[(a)] (i) seven days before the candidate's political convention;
538	[(b)] (ii) seven days before the regular primary election date;
539	[(c)] (iii) August 31; and
540	[(d)] <u>(iv)</u> seven days before the regular general election date.
541	(b) If a legislative office candidate is a legislative office candidate seeking appointment
542	for a midterm vacancy, the legislative office candidate:
543	(i) shall file an interim report:
544	(A) no later than seven days before the day on which the political party of the party for
545	which the legislative office candidate seeks nomination meets to declare a nominee for the
546	governor to appoint in accordance with Section 20A-1-503; or
547	(B) if a legislative office candidate decides to seek the appointment with less than
548	seven days before the party meets, or the political party schedules the meeting to declare a
549	nominee less than seven days before the day of the meeting, no later than 5 p.m. on the last day
550	of business before the day on which the party meets; and
551	(ii) is not required to file an interim report at the times described in Subsection (1)(a).
552	(2) Each interim report shall include the following information:
553	(a) the net balance of the last summary report, if any;
554	(b) a single figure equal to the total amount of receipts reported on all prior interim

555	reports, if any, during the calendar year in which the interim report is due;
556	(c) a single figure equal to the total amount of expenditures reported on all prior
557	interim reports, if any, filed during the calendar year in which the interim report is due;
558	(d) a detailed listing of each contribution and public service assistance received since
559	the last summary report that has not been reported in detail on a prior interim report;
560	(e) for each nonmonetary contribution:
561	(i) the fair market value of the contribution with that information provided by the
562	contributor; and
563	(ii) a specific description of the contribution;
564	(f) a detailed listing of each expenditure made since the last summary report that has
565	not been reported in detail on a prior interim report;
566	(g) for each nonmonetary expenditure, the fair market value of the expenditure;
567	(h) a net balance for the year consisting of the net balance from the last summary
568	report, if any, plus all receipts since the last summary report minus all expenditures since the
569	last summary report;
570	(i) a summary page in the form required by the lieutenant governor that identifies:
571	(i) beginning balance;
572	(ii) total contributions during the period since the last statement;
573	(iii) total contributions to date;
574	(iv) total expenditures during the period since the last statement; and
575	(v) total expenditures to date; and
576	(j) the name of a political action committee for which the legislative office candidate is
577	designated as an officer who has primary decision-making authority under Section
578	20A-11-601.
579	(3) (a) For all individual contributions or public service assistance of \$50 or less, a
580	single aggregate figure may be reported without separate detailed listings.
581	(b) Two or more contributions from the same source that have an aggregate total of
582	more than \$50 may not be reported in the aggregate, but shall be reported separately.

(b) Any negotiable instrument or check received by a legislative office candidate more

(4) (a) In preparing each interim report, all receipts and expenditures shall be reported

as of five days before the required filing date of the report.

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586	than five days before the required filing date of a report required by this section shall be
587	included in the interim report.
588	Section 7. Section 20A-11-304 is amended to read:
589	20A-11-304. Legislative office candidate Financial reporting requirements
590	Termination of duty to report.
591	(1) Each legislative office candidate is subject to interim reporting requirements until:
592	(a) the candidate withdraws or is eliminated in a convention or primary[-]; or
593	(b) if seeking appointment as a midterm vacancy legislative office candidate:
594	(i) the political party liaison fails to forward the person's name to the governor; or
595	(ii) the governor fails to appoint the person to fill the vacancy.
596	(2) Each legislative office candidate is subject to year-end summary reporting
597	requirements until the candidate has filed a statement of dissolution with the lieutenant
598	governor stating that:
599	(a) the legislative office candidate is no longer receiving contributions and is no longer
600	making expenditures;
601	(b) the ending balance on the last summary report filed is zero and the balance in the
602	separate bank account required in Section 20A-11-301 is zero; and
603	(c) a final summary report in the form required by Section 20A-11-302 showing a zero
604	balance is attached to the statement of dissolution.
605	(3) A statement of dissolution and a final summary report may be filed at any time.
606	(4) Each legislative office candidate shall continue to file the year-end summary report
607	required by Section 20A-11-302 until the statement of dissolution and final summary report
608	required by this section are filed with the lieutenant governor.
609	Section 8. Section 20A-11-305 is amended to read:
610	20A-11-305. Legislative office candidate Failure to file report Penalties.
611	(1) (a) If a legislative office candidate fails to file an interim report due before the
612	regular primary election, on August 31, or before the regular general election, the lieutenant
613	governor shall, after making a reasonable attempt to discover if the report was timely filed:
614	(i) inform the county clerk and other appropriate election officials who:
615	(A) (I) shall, if practicable, remove the name of the candidate from the ballots before
616	the ballots are delivered to voters; or

617 (II) shall, if removing the candidate's name from the ballot is not practicable, inform 618 the voters by any practicable method that the candidate has been disqualified and that votes 619 cast for the candidate will not be counted; and 620 (B) may not count any votes for that candidate; and 621 (ii) impose a fine against the filing entity in accordance with Section 20A-11-1005. 622 (b) Any legislative office candidate who fails to file timely a financial statement 623 required by Subsection 20A-11-303(1)[(b), (c), or (d)](a)(ii), (iii), or (iv) is disqualified and the 624 vacancy on the ballot may be filled as provided in Section 20A-1-501. 625 (c) Notwithstanding Subsections (1)(a) and (1)(b), a legislative office candidate is not 626 disqualified and the lieutenant governor may not impose a fine if: 627 (i) the candidate timely files the reports required by this section no later than the due 628 date in accordance with Section 20A-11-103; 629 (ii) the reports are completed, detailing accurately and completely the information 630 required by this part except for inadvertent omissions or insignificant errors or inaccuracies; 631 and 632 (iii) the omissions, errors, or inaccuracies described in Subsection (1)(c)(ii) are 633 corrected in: 634 (A) an amended report; or 635 (B) the next scheduled report. 636 (2) (a) Within 30 days after a deadline for the filing of a summary report, the lieutenant 637 governor shall review each filed summary report to ensure that: 638 (i) each legislative office candidate that is required to file a summary report has filed 639 one; and 640 (ii) each summary report contains the information required by this part. 641 (b) If it appears that any legislative office candidate has failed to file the summary 642 report required by law, if it appears that a filed summary report does not conform to the law, or 643 if the lieutenant governor has received a written complaint alleging a violation of the law or the 644 falsity of any summary report, the lieutenant governor shall, within five days of discovery of a

violation or receipt of a written complaint, notify the legislative office candidate of the

violation or written complaint and direct the legislative office candidate to file a summary

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report correcting the problem.

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(c) (i) It is unlawful for any legislative office candidate to fail to file or amend a		
summary report within 14 days after receiving notice from the lieutenant governor under this		
section.		
(ii) Each legislative office candidate who violates Subsection (2)(c)(i) is guilty of a		
class B misdemeanor.		
(iii) The lieutenant governor shall report all violations of Subsection (2)(c)(i) to the		
attorney general.		

Legislative Review Note as of 2-25-13 2:20 PM

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Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

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