25

EARLY CHILDHOOD EDUCATION PROGRAMS AMENDMENTS

prior year for the early intervention interactive computer software program shall be



26	given first priority to receive a license during the current year.
27	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
28	This bill appropriates in fiscal year 2014:
29	<ul> <li>to the State Board of Education - State Office of Education - Contracts and Grants -</li> </ul>
30	K-3 Reading Diagnostic Assessment System, as an ongoing appropriation:
31	• from the Education Fund, (\$2,200,000); and
32	<ul> <li>to the State Board of Education - State Office of Education - Contracts and Grants -</li> </ul>
33	Early Intervention, as an ongoing appropriation:
34	• from the Education Fund, \$4,700,000.
35	Other Special Clauses:
36	This bill provides an effective date.
37	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
38	AMENDS:
39	53A-1-606.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 372
40	53A-1-606.6, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 372
41	53A-17a-150, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters 342, 359, 371, 372, 418
42	and last amended by Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 372
43	<b>53A-17a-167</b> , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 420
<ul><li>44</li><li>45</li></ul>	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
46	Section 1. Section <b>53A-1-606.5</b> is amended to read:
47	53A-1-606.5. State reading goal Reading achievement plan.
48	(1) As used in this section[ <del>, the</del> ]:
49	(a) "Competency" means a demonstrable acquisition of a specified knowledge, skill, or
50	ability that has been organized into a hierarchical arrangement leading to higher levels of
51	knowledge, skill, or ability.
52	(b) "Five domains of reading" include phonological awareness, phonics, fluency,
53	comprehension, and vocabulary.
54	(2) (a) The Legislature recognizes that:
55	(i) reading is the most fundamental skill, the gateway to knowledge and lifelong
56	learning;

57	(ii) there is an ever increasing demand for literacy in the highly technological society
58	we live in;
59	(iii) students who do not learn to read will be economically and socially disadvantaged;
60	(iv) reading problems exist in almost every classroom;
61	(v) almost all reading failure is preventable if reading difficulties are diagnosed and
62	treated early; and
63	(vi) early identification and treatment of reading difficulties can result in students
64	learning to read by the end of the third grade.
65	(b) It is therefore the goal of the state to have every student in the state's public
66	education system reading on or above grade level by the end of the third grade.
67	(3) (a) Each public school containing kindergarten, grade one, grade two, or grade
68	three, including charter schools, shall develop, in conjunction with all other school planning
69	processes and requirements, a reading achievement plan for its students in kindergarten through
70	grade three to reach the reading goal set in Subsection (2)(b).
71	(b) The reading achievement plan shall be:
72	(i) created under the direction of:
73	(A) the school community council or a subcommittee or task force created by the
74	school community council, in the case of a school district school; or
75	(B) the charter school governing board or a subcommittee or task force created by the
76	governing board, in the case of a charter school; and
77	(ii) implemented by the school's principal, teachers, and other appropriate school staff.
78	(c) The school principal shall take primary responsibility to provide leadership and
79	allocate resources and support for teachers and students, most particularly for those who are
80	reading below grade level, to achieve the reading goal.
81	(d) Each reading achievement plan shall include:
82	(i) an assessment component that:
83	(A) focuses on ongoing formative assessment to measure the five domains of reading,
84	as appropriate, and inform individualized instructional decisions; and
85	(B) includes a benchmark assessment of reading approved by the State Board of
86	Education pursuant to Section 53A-1-606.6;
87	(ii) an intervention component:

88	(A) that provides adequate and appropriate interventions focused on each student
89	attaining [proficiency] competency in reading skills;
90	(B) based on best practices identified through proven researched-based methods;
91	(C) that provides intensive intervention, such as focused instruction in small groups
92	and individualized data driven instruction, implemented at the earliest possible time for
93	students having difficulty in reading;
94	(D) that provides an opportunity for parents to receive materials and guidance so that
95	they will be able to assist their children in attaining [proficiency] competency in reading skills;
96	and
97	(E) that, as resources allow, may involve a reading specialist; and
98	(iii) a reporting component that includes reporting to parents:
99	(A) at the beginning, in the middle, and at the end of grade one, grade two, and grade
100	three, their child's benchmark assessment results as required by Section 53A-1-606.6; and
101	(B) at the end of third grade, their child's reading level.
102	(e) In creating or reviewing a reading achievement plan as required by this section, a
103	school community council, charter school governing board, or a subcommittee or task force of
104	a school community council or charter school governing board may not have access to data that
105	reveal the identity of students.
106	(4) (a) The school district shall approve each plan developed by schools within the
107	district prior to its implementation and review each plan annually.
108	(b) The charter school governing board shall approve each plan developed by schools
109	under its control and review each plan annually.
110	(c) A school district and charter school governing board shall:
111	(i) monitor the learning gains of a school's students as reported by the benchmark
112	assessments administered pursuant to Section 53A-1-606.6; and
113	(ii) require a reading achievement plan to be revised, if the school district or charter
114	school governing board determines a school's students are not making adequate learning gains.
115	Section 2. Section <b>53A-1-606.6</b> is amended to read:
116	53A-1-606.6. Benchmark assessments in reading Report to parent or guardian.
117	(1) As used in this section:

(a) "Board" means the State Board of Education.

119	(b) "Competency" means a demonstrable acquisition of a specified knowledge, skill, or
120	ability that has been organized into a hierarchical arrangement leading to higher levels of
121	knowledge, skill, or ability.
122	[(1)] (2) The [State Board of Education] board shall approve a benchmark assessment
123	for use statewide by school districts and charter schools to assess the reading [proficiency]
124	competency of students in grades one, two, and three as provided by this section.
125	[(2)] (3) A school district or charter school shall:
126	(a) administer benchmark assessments to students in grades one, two, and three at the
127	beginning, middle, and end of the school year using the benchmark assessment approved by the
128	[State Board of Education] board; and
129	(b) after administering a benchmark assessment, report the results to a student's parent
130	or guardian.
131	[(3)] (4) If a benchmark assessment or supplemental reading assessment indicates a
132	student lacks [proficiency] competency in a reading skill, or is lagging behind other students in
133	the student's grade in acquiring a reading skill, the school district or charter school shall:
134	(a) provide focused <u>individualized</u> intervention to develop the reading skill;
135	(b) administer formative assessments to measure the success of the focused
136	intervention;
137	(c) inform the student's parent or guardian of activities that the parent or guardian may
138	engage in with the student to assist the student in improving reading proficiency; and
139	(d) provide information to the parent or guardian regarding appropriate interventions
140	available to the student outside of the regular school day that may include tutoring, before and
141	after school programs, or summer school.
142	Section 3. Section <b>53A-17a-150</b> is amended to read:
143	53A-17a-150. K-3 Reading Improvement Program.
144	(1) As used in this section:
145	(a) "Board" means the State Board of Education.
146	(b) "Five domains of reading" include phonological awareness, phonics, fluency,
147	comprehension, and vocabulary.
148	[(a)] (c) "Program" means the K-3 Reading Improvement Program.
149	[(b)] (d) "Program money" means:

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plan.

- 150 (i) school district revenue allocated to the program from other money available to the 151 school district, except money provided by the state, for the purpose of receiving state funds 152 under this section; and 153 (ii) money appropriated by the Legislature to the program. 154 (2) The K-3 Reading Improvement Program consists of program money and is created 155 to supplement other school resources to achieve the state's goal of having third graders reading 156 at or above grade level. 157 (3) Subject to future budget constraints, the Legislature may annually appropriate 158 money to the K-3 Reading Improvement Program. 159 (4) (a) To receive program money, a school district or charter school must submit a plan 160 to the [State Board of Education] board for reading proficiency improvement that incorporates 161 the following components: 162 (i) assessment; 163 (ii) intervention strategies; 164 (iii) professional development for classroom teachers in kindergarten through grade 165 three; 166 (iv) reading performance standards; and 167 (v) specific measurable goals that include the following: 168 (A) a growth goal for each school within a school district and each charter school 169 based upon student learning gains as measured by benchmark assessments administered 170 pursuant to Section 53A-1-606.6; and 171 (B) a growth goal for each school district and charter school to increase the percentage 172 of third grade students who read on grade level from year to year as measured by the third 173 grade reading test administered pursuant to Section 53A-1-603. 174 (b) The [State Board of Education] board shall provide model plans which a school 175 district or charter school may use, or the school district or charter school may develop its own
  - (c) Plans developed by a school district or charter school shall be approved by the [State Board of Education] board.
- (d) The board shall develop uniform standards for acceptable growth goals that a
   school district or charter school adopts as described in this Subsection (4).

181	(5) (a) There is created within the K-3 Reading Achievement Program three funding
182	programs:
183	(i) the Base Level Program;
184	(ii) the Guarantee Program; and
185	(iii) the Low Income Students Program.
186	(b) The [State Board of Education] board may use no more than \$7,500,000 from an
187	appropriation described in Subsection (3) for computer-assisted instructional learning and
188	assessment programs.
189	(6) Money appropriated to the [State Board of Education] board for the K-3 Reading
190	Improvement Program and not used by the [State Board of Education] board for
191	computer-assisted instructional learning and assessments as described in Subsection (5)(b),
192	shall be allocated to the three funding programs as follows:
193	(a) 8% to the Base Level Program;
194	(b) 46% to the Guarantee Program; and
195	(c) 46% to the Low Income Students Program.
196	(7) (a) To participate in the Base Level Program, a school district or charter school
197	shall submit a reading proficiency improvement plan to the [State Board of Education] board as
198	provided in Subsection (4) and must receive approval of the plan from the [State Board of
199	Education] board.
200	(b) (i) Each school district qualifying for Base Level Program funds and the qualifying
201	elementary charter schools combined shall receive a base amount.
202	(ii) The base amount for the qualifying elementary charter schools combined shall be
203	allocated among each school in an amount proportionate to:
204	(A) each existing charter school's prior year fall enrollment in grades kindergarten
205	through grade three; and
206	(B) each new charter school's estimated fall enrollment in grades kindergarten through
207	grade three.
208	(8) (a) A school district that applies for program money in excess of the Base Level
209	Program funds shall choose to first participate in either the Guarantee Program or the Low
210	Income Students Program.
211	(b) A school district must fully participate in either the Guarantee Program or the Low

- Income Students Program before it may elect to either fully or partially participate in the other program.
  - (c) To fully participate in the Guarantee Program, a school district shall allocate to the program money available to the school district, except money provided by the state, equal to the amount of revenue that would be generated by a tax rate of .000056.
  - (d) To fully participate in the Low Income Students Program, a school district shall allocate to the program money available to the school district, except money provided by the state, equal to the amount of revenue that would be generated by a tax rate of .000065.
  - (e) (i) The [State Board of Education] board shall verify that a school district allocates the money required in accordance with Subsections (8)(c) and (d) before it distributes funds in accordance with this section.
  - (ii) The State Tax Commission shall provide the [State Board of Education] board the information the [State Board of Education] board needs in order to comply with Subsection (8)(e)(i).
  - (9) (a) Except as provided in (9)(c), a school district that fully participates in the Guarantee Program shall receive state funds in an amount that is:
  - (i) equal to the difference between \$21 times the district's total WPUs and the revenue the school district is required to allocate under Subsection (8)(c) to fully participate in the Guarantee Program; and
    - (ii) not less than \$0.
  - (b) Except as provided in (9)(c), an elementary charter school shall receive under the Guarantee Program an amount equal to \$21 times the school's total WPUs.
  - (c) The [State Board of Education] board may adjust the \$21 guarantee amount described in Subsections (9)(a) and (b) to account for actual appropriations and money used by the [State Board of Education] board for computer-assisted instructional learning and assessments.
  - (10) The [State Board of Education] board shall distribute Low Income Students Program funds in an amount proportionate to the number of students in each school district or charter school who qualify for free or reduced price school lunch multiplied by two.
  - (11) A school district that partially participates in the Guarantee Program or Low Income Students Program shall receive program funds based on the amount of school district

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program.

243	revenue allocated to the program as a percentage of the amount of revenue that could have been
244	allocated if the school district had fully participated in the program.
245	(12) (a) A school district or charter school shall use program money for reading
246	proficiency improvement interventions in grades kindergarten through grade [three] 3 that have
247	proven to significantly increase the percentage of students reading at grade level, including:
248	(i) reading assessments; and
249	(ii) focused reading remediations that may include:
250	(A) the use of reading specialists;
251	(B) tutoring;
252	(C) before or after school programs;
253	(D) summer school programs; or
254	(E) the use of reading software[-]; or
255	(F) the use of interactive computer software programs for literacy instruction and
256	assessments for students.
257	(b) A school district or charter school may use program money for portable technology
258	devices used to administer reading assessments.
259	(c) Program money may not be used to supplant funds for existing programs, but may
260	be used to augment existing programs.
261	(13) (a) Each school district and charter school shall annually submit a report to the
262	[State Board of Education] board accounting for the expenditure of program money in
263	accordance with its plan for reading proficiency improvement.
264	(b) On or before the November meeting of the Education Interim Committee of each
265	year, the [State Board of Education] board shall report a summary of the reading improvement
266	program expenditures of each school district and charter school.
267	(c) If a school district or charter school uses program money in a manner that is
268	inconsistent with Subsection (12), the school district or charter school is liable for reimbursing
269	the [State Board of Education] board for the amount of program money improperly used, up to
270	the amount of program money received from the [State Board of Education] board.

(14) (a) The [State Board of Education] board shall make rules to implement the

(b) (i) The rules under Subsection (14)(a) shall require each school district or charter

school to annually report progress in meeting school and school district goals stated in the school district's or charter school's plan for student reading proficiency.

- (ii) If a school does not meet or exceed the school's goals, the school district or charter school shall prepare a new plan which corrects deficiencies. The new plan must be approved by the [State Board of Education] board before the school district or charter school receives an allocation for the next year.
- (15) (a) If for [three] two consecutive school years, a school district fails to meet its goal to increase the percentage of third grade students who read on grade level as measured by the third grade reading test administered pursuant to Section 53A-1-603, the school district shall terminate any levy imposed under Section 53A-17a-151 and may not receive money appropriated by the Legislature for the K-3 Reading Improvement Program.
- (b) If for [three] two consecutive school years, a charter school fails to meet its goal to increase the percentage of third grade students who read on grade level as measured by the third grade reading test administered pursuant to Section 53A-1-603, the charter school may not receive money appropriated by the Legislature for the K-3 Reading Improvement Program.
- (16) The [State Board of Education] board shall make an annual report to the Public Education Appropriations Subcommittee that:
  - (a) includes information on:
  - (i) student learning gains in reading for the past school year and the five-year trend;
- (ii) the percentage of third grade students reading on grade level in the past school year and the five-year trend; [and]
- (iii) the progress of schools and school districts in meeting goals stated in a school district's or charter school's plan for student reading proficiency; and
- (iv) the correlation between third grade students reading on grade level and results of third grade language arts scores on a criterion-referenced test or computer adaptive test; and
- (b) may include recommendations on how to increase the percentage of third grade students who read on grade level.
  - Section 4. Section **53A-17a-167** is amended to read:
- 53A-17a-167. Early intervention program -- Enhanced kindergarten program -- Educational technology.
  - (1) The State Board of Education shall, as described in Subsection (4), distribute funds

305	appropriated under this section for an enhanced kindergarten program described in Subsection
306	(2), [consistent with guidelines in this section,] to school districts and charter schools that
307	apply for the funds.
308	(2) A school district or charter school shall use funds appropriated in this section to
309	offer an early intervention program, delivered through an enhanced kindergarten program that:
310	(a) is an academic program focused on building age-appropriate literacy and numeracy
311	skills;
312	(b) uses an evidence-based early intervention model;
313	(c) is targeted to at-risk students; and
314	(d) is delivered through additional hours or other means.
315	(3) A school district or charter school may not require a student to participate in an
316	enhanced kindergarten program described in Subsection (2).
317	[(4) The State Board of Education shall distribute funds appropriated under this section
318	to school districts and charter schools based on the number of kindergarten students eligible to
319	receive free or reduced price school lunch in each school district or charter school that applies
320	for funding under Subsection (1).]
321	(4) The State Board of Education shall distribute funds appropriated under this section
322	for an enhanced kindergarten program described in Subsection (2) as follows:
323	(a) (i) the total allocation for charter schools shall be calculated by:
324	(A) dividing the number of charter school students eligible to receive free lunch by the
325	total number of students in the public education system eligible to receive free lunch in the
326	prior school year; and
327	(B) multiplying the resulting percentage by the total amount of available funds; and
328	(ii) the amount calculated under Subsection (4)(a) shall be distributed to charter
329	schools with the greatest need for an enhanced kindergarten program, as determined by the
330	State Board of Education in consultation with the State Charter School Board;
331	(b) each school district shall receive the amount calculated by:
332	(i) multiplying the value of the weighted pupil unit by 0.45; and
333	(ii) multiplying the result by 20; and
334	(c) the remaining funds, after the allocations described in Subsections (4)(a) and (4)(b)
335	are made, shall be distributed to applicant school districts by:

336	(i) determining the number of students eligible to receive free lunch in the prior school
337	year for each school district; and
338	(ii) prorating the remaining funds based on the number of students eligible to receive
339	free lunch in each district.
340	(5) In addition to an enhanced kindergarten program described in Subsection (2), the
341	early intervention program includes a component to address early intervention through the use
342	of an interactive computer software program.
343	(6) [The] (a) Subject to legislative appropriations, by June 30 of each year, the State
344	Board of Education shall select one or more technology providers, through a request for
345	proposals process, to provide an interactive computer software program for literacy [or
346	numeracy] instruction[, or both,] and assessments for students in kindergarten [and] through
347	grade [+] <u>3</u> .
348	(b) The State Board of Education shall distribute licenses for an interactive computer
349	software program described in Subsection (6)(a) to school districts and charter schools that
350	apply for the licenses.
351	(c) A school district or charter school that received a license described in Subsection
352	(6)(b) during the prior year shall be given first priority to receive a license during the current
353	<u>year.</u>
354	(7) On or before November 1, 2013, and every year thereafter, the State Board of
355	Education shall report final testing data regarding an interactive computer software program
356	described in Subsection (6), including student learning gains as a result of the interactive
357	computer software program, to:
358	(a) the Education Interim Committee; and
359	(b) the governor.
360	Section 5. Appropriation.
361	Under the terms and conditions of Title 63J, Chapter 1, Budgetary Procedures Act, for
362	the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2013, and ending June 30, 2014, the following sums of money
363	are appropriated from resources not otherwise appropriated, or reduced from amounts
364	previously appropriated, out of the funds or accounts indicated. These sums of money are in
365	addition to any amounts previously appropriated for fiscal year 2014.
366	To State Board of Education - State Office of Education - Initiative Programs

## 2nd Sub. (Salmon) S.B. 260

From Education Fund (\$2,200,000)
Schedule of Programs:
Contracts and Grants - K-3 Reading Program -
<u>Diagnostic Assessment System</u> (\$2,200,000)
To State Board of Education - State Office of Education - Initiative Programs
From Education Fund \$4,700,000
Schedule of Programs:
Contracts and Grants - Early Intervention \$4,700,000
The Legislature intends that:
(1) the appropriation for Contracts and Grants - Early Intervention be used by the State
Board of Education to select one or more technology providers to provide an interactive
computer software program for literacy instruction and assessments for students as described in
Subsection 53A-17a-167(6); and
(2) the appropriation described in Subsection (1):
(a) be ongoing; and
(b) not lapse at the close of fiscal year 2014.
Section 6. Effective date.
(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), this bill takes effect on May 14, 2013.
(2) Uncodified Section 5, Appropriation, takes effect on July 1, 2013.