LEGISLATIVE GENERAL COUNSEL & Approved for Filing: R.H. Rees & & 02-25-13 7:19 AM &

Senator Aaron Osmond proposes the following substitute bill:

JO	DINT RULES RESOLUTION ON REQUESTS FOR LEGISLATION
	2013 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
	Chief Sponsor: Aaron Osmond
	House Sponsor: John Knotwell
LONG T	ITLE
General	Description:
T	his joint resolution modifies joint rules relating to submitting requests for legislation.
Highligh	ted Provisions:
T	his resolution:
•	modifies the required content of a request for legislation; and
•	prohibits a legislator from prioritizing a request for legislation unless the request
contains s	specified information.
Special C	Clauses:
Ν	one
Legislati	ve Rules Affected:
AMEND	S:
J	R4-2-101
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Be it reso	lved by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Se	ection 1. JR4-2-101 is amended to read:
J	R4-2-101. Requests for Legislation Contents Timing.
(1) (a) A legislator wishing to introduce a bill or resolution shall file a Request for

1st Sub. S.J.R. 3

1st Sub. (Green) S.J.R. 3

26	Legislation with the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel within the time limits
20 27	established by this rule.
28	(b) The request for legislation shall [designate]:
28 29	(i) <u>designate</u> the chief sponsor, who is knowledgeable about and responsible for
29 30	providing pertinent information as the legislation is drafted; [and]
31	(ii) <u>designate</u> any supporting legislators from the same house as the chief sponsor who
32	wish to cosponsor the legislation[.]; and
33	(iii) (A) provide specific or conceptual information concerning the change or addition
34	to law or policy that the legislator intends the proposed legislation to make;
35	(B) identify the specific situation or concern that the legislator intends the legislation to
36	address; or
37	(C) identify the general subject area within which the proposed legislation is likely to
38	<u>fall.</u>
39	(2) (a) Any legislator may file a request for legislation beginning 60 days after the
40	Legislature adjourns its annual general session sine die.
41	(b) A legislator-elect may file a request for legislation beginning on the November 15
42	after the annual general election at which the legislator was elected.
43	(c) (i) If an incumbent legislator does not file to run for reelection or is defeated in a
44	political party convention, primary election, or general election, that legislator may not file any
45	requests for legislation as of that date.
46	(ii) The Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel shall abandon each
47	request for legislation from the legislator that is pending on that date unless, within 30 days
48	after that date, another member of the Legislature qualified to file a request for legislation
49	assumes sponsorship of the legislation.
50	(d) (i) If, for any reason, a legislator who filed a request for legislation is unavailable to
51	serve in the next annual general session, the former legislator shall seek another legislator to
52	assume sponsorship of each request for legislation filed by the legislator who is unavailable to
53	serve.
54	(ii) If the former legislator is unable to find another legislator to sponsor the legislation
55	within 30 days, the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel shall abandon each
56	pending request for legislation from the legislator who is unavailable to serve.

02-25-13 7:19 AM

57	(3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(c), a legislator may not file a Request for
58	Legislation with the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel after noon on the 11th
59	day of the annual general session.
60	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(c), by noon on the 11th day of the annual
61	general session, each legislator shall, for each Request for Legislation on file with the Office of
62	Legislative Research and General Counsel, either approve the request for numbering or
63	abandon the request.
64	(c) After the date established by this Subsection (3), a legislator may file a Request for
65	Legislation and automatically approve the legislation for numbering if:
66	(i) for House legislation, the Representative makes a motion to request a bill or
67	resolution for drafting and introduction and that motion is approved by a constitutional
68	majority of the House; or
69	(ii) for Senate legislation, the Senator makes a motion to request a bill or resolution for
70	drafting and introduction and that motion is approved by a constitutional majority vote of the
71	Senate.
72	(4) A legislator wishing to obtain funding for a project, program, or entity, when that
73	funding request does not require that a statute be enacted, repealed, or amended, may not file a
74	Request for Legislation but instead shall file a request for appropriation by following the
75	procedures and requirements of JR4-3-101.
76	Section 2. JR4-2-102 is amended to read:
77	JR4-2-102. Drafting and prioritizing legislation.
78	(1) (a) Requests for legislation shall be drafted on a first-in, first-out basis.
79	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), the following requests for legislation shall be
80	drafted before other requests for legislation when sufficient drafting information is available:
81	(i) a request for legislation that is prioritized by a legislator under Subsection (2); and
82	(ii) a request for legislation that is prioritized by the majority vote of an interim
83	committee.
84	(2) (a) Beginning on the first day on which a request for legislation may be filed under
85	JR4-2-101, a legislator may designate up to three requests for legislation as priority requests
86	subject to the following deadlines:
87	(i) priority request number one must be requested on or before the first Thursday in

02-25-13 7:19 AM

1st Sub. (Green) S.J.R. 3

88	December, or the following business day if the first Thursday falls on a holiday;
89	(ii) priority request number two must be requested on or before the first Thursday in
90	January, or the following business day if the first Thursday falls on a holiday; and
91	(iii) priority request number three must be requested on or before the first Thursday of
92	the annual general session.
93	(b) A legislator who fails to make a priority request on or before a deadline loses that
94	priority request. However, the legislator is not prohibited from using any remaining priority
95	requests that are associated with a later deadline, if available.
96	(c) A legislator who begins serving after a deadline has passed is entitled to use only
97	those priority requests that are available under an unexpired deadline.
98	(d) A legislator may not designate a request for legislation as a priority request unless
99	the request:
100	(i) provides specific or conceptual information concerning the change or addition to
101	law or policy that the legislator intends the proposed legislation to make; or
102	(ii) identifies the specific situation or concern that the legislator intends the legislation
103	to address.
104	(3) A legislator may not:
105	(a) revoke a priority designation once it has been requested;
106	(b) transfer a priority designation to a different request for legislation; or
107	(c) transfer a priority designation to another legislator.
108	(4) Except as otherwise provided in these rules, the Office of Legislative Research and
109	General Counsel shall reserve as many bill numbers as necessary to allow each request for
110	legislation that has been prioritized as permitted under Subsection (1)(b) to receive a lower bill
111	number than non-prioritized requests.