	TAX CREDIT FOR HOME-SCHOOLING PARENT
	2014 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
	Chief Sponsor: David E. Lifferth
	Senate Sponsor:
]	LONG TITLE
	General Description:
	This bill provides a nonrefundable tax credit for a home-schooling parent.
	Highlighted Provisions:
	This bill:
	<ul><li>defines terms;</li></ul>
	▶ provides a nonrefundable tax credit for a home-schooling parent; $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\mathbf{and}] \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$
	<ul> <li>provides that the tax credit for a home-schooling parent is subject to</li> </ul>
	apportionment $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [:]$ ; and
	requires the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee to conduct a study
1	related to the tax credit. ←Ĥ
	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
	None
	Other Special Clauses:
	This bill has retrospective operation for a taxable year beginning on or after January 1
	2014.
	Utah Code Sections Affected:
	AMENDS:
	<b>59-10-1002.2</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 302
	ENACTS:
	<b>59-10-1032</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953



28	59-10-1002.2. Apportionment of tax credits.
29	(1) A nonresident individual or a part-year resident individual that claims a tax credit
30	in accordance with Section 59-10-1017, 59-10-1018, 59-10-1019, 59-10-1021, 59-10-1022,
31	59-10-1023, 59-10-1024, [or] 59-10-1028, or 59-10-1032 may only claim an apportioned
32	amount of the tax credit equal to:
33	(a) for a nonresident individual, the product of:
34	(i) the state income tax percentage for the nonresident individual; and
35	(ii) the amount of the tax credit that the nonresident individual would have been
36	allowed to claim but for the apportionment requirements of this section; or
37	(b) for a part-year resident individual, the product of:
38	(i) the state income tax percentage for the part-year resident individual; and
39	(ii) the amount of the tax credit that the part-year resident individual would have been
40	allowed to claim but for the apportionment requirements of this section.
41	(2) A nonresident estate or trust that claims a tax credit in accordance with Section
42	59-10-1017, 59-10-1020, 59-10-1022, 59-10-1024, or 59-10-1028 may only claim an
43	apportioned amount of the tax credit equal to the product of:
44	(a) the state income tax percentage for the nonresident estate or trust; and
45	(b) the amount of the tax credit that the nonresident estate or trust would have been
46	allowed to claim but for the apportionment requirements of this section.
47	Section 2. Section <b>59-10-1032</b> is enacted to read:
48	59-10-1032. Nonrefundable tax credit for home-schooling parent.
49	(1) As used in this section:
50	(a) "Home-schooling parent" means a parent:
51	(i) of a home-schooled child;
52	(ii) who has submitted the affidavit described in Subsection 53A-11-102(2); and
53	(iii) who claims the home-schooled child as a dependent under Section 151, Internal
54	Revenue Code, on the parent's federal individual income tax return for the taxable year.
55	(b) "Home-schooled child" means a school-age minor who <b>Ĥ→:</b>
55a	(i) $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ is excused from school
56	attendance in accordance with Subsection 53A-11-102(2) $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\underline{\cdot}]$ ; and
56a	(ii) a home-schooling parent claims as a dependent under Section 151, Internal
56b	Revenue Code, on the home-schooling parent's federal individual income tax return for
56c	<u>the taxable year.</u> ←Ĥ
57	(c) "Parent" means an individual who:
58	(i) is the biological mother or father of a home-schooled child:

59	(ii) is the stepfather or stepmother of a home-schooled child;
60	(iii) (A) legally adopts a home-schooled child; or
61	(B) has a home-schooled child placed in the individual's home by a child placing
62	agency, as defined in Section 62A-4a-601, for the purpose of legally adopting the child;
63	(iv) is a foster parent of a home-schooled child; or
64	(v) is a legal guardian of a home-schooled child.
65	(2) Except as provided in Section 59-10-1002.2 Ĥ→ and subject to the other provisions of
65a	this section $\leftarrow \hat{H}$ , $\hat{H} \rightarrow for$ a taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2014, but beginning
65b	on or before December 31, 2018, $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ a claimant may claim a nonrefundable
66	tax credit against a tax under this chapter of \$500 for Ĥ→ [each] a ←Ĥ home-schooled child
66a	if the claimant,
67	or another claimant who files a joint return under this chapter with the claimant, is a
68	home-schooling parent.
69	(3) A home-schooling parent may claim a tax credit under this section regardless of
70	whether the home-schooled child participates in an extracurricular activity in a public school in
71	accordance with Section 53A-11-102.6
71a	$\hat{H} \rightarrow (4)$ A home-schooling parent may not claim a tax credit under this section if the
71b	home-schooled child is enrolled in a dual enrollment program described in
71c	Section 53A-11-102.5 $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$
72	(4) A tax credit under this section may $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\underline{\mathbf{be}}]$
72a	not exceed \$500 ←Ĥ per
73	return for a taxable year.
74	(5) A claimant may not carry forward or carry back a tax credit under this section.
74a	$\hat{H} \rightarrow (6)$ On or before the November 2018 interim meeting, the Revenue and Taxation
74b	Interim Committee shall study the tax credit provided in this section and make findings and
74c	recommendations as to:
74d	(a) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and
74e	(b) whether the tax credit should be extended, modified, or repealed. ←Ĥ
75	Section 3. Retrospective operation.
76	This bill has retrospective operation for a taxable year beginning on or after January 1,
77	2014.

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Legislative Review Note as of 1-13-14 3:00 PM