1	AIR CONTAMINANT DEFINITION CHANGE
2	2014 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Jerry B. Anderson
5	Senate Sponsor:
6	
7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill modifies Title 19, Environmental Quality Code, Chapter 2, Air Conservation
10	Act, by amending definitions.
11	Highlighted Provisions:
12	This bill:
13	• amends the definition of "air contaminant" $\hat{H} \rightarrow$ [to clarify that natural components of the
14	atmosphere do not constitute a contaminant] $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$; and
15	 makes technical changes.
16	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
17	None
18	Other Special Clauses:
19	None
20	Utah Code Sections Affected:
21	AMENDS:
22	19-2-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 360
23	
24	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
25	Section 1. Section 19-2-102 is amended to read:
26	19-2-102. Definitions.
27	As used in this chapter:

01-03-14 1:33 PM

H.B.	229
------	-----

28	(1) (a) "Air contaminant" means any particulate matter or any gas, vapor, suspended		
29	solid, or any combination of them[, excluding steam and water vapors].		
30	(b) "Air contaminant" does not mean $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\underline{\mathbf{the natural components of the atmosphere,}}]$		
31	<u>including</u>] $\leftarrow \hat{H}$ <u>nitrogen, oxygen, argon</u> , $\hat{H} \rightarrow [and other noble gases,] \leftarrow \hat{H}$ water vapor, steam,		
31a	Ĥ→ [and] or ←Ĥ carbon		
32	dioxide in amounts less than 500 parts per million $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [, \text{ or any combination of them}] \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$.		
33	(2) "Air contaminant source" means all sources of emission of air contaminants		
34	whether privately or publicly owned or operated.		
35	(3) "Air pollution" means the presence in the ambient air of one or more air		
36	contaminants in the quantities and duration and under conditions and circumstances as is or		
37	tends to be injurious to human health or welfare, animal or plant life, or property, or would		
38	unreasonably interfere with the enjoyment of life or use of property, as determined by the rules		
39	adopted by the board.		
40	(4) "Ambient air" means the surrounding or outside air.		
41	(5) "Asbestos" means the asbestiform varieties of serpentine (chrysotile), riebeckite		
42	(crocidolite), cummingtonite-grunerite, anthophyllite, and actinolite-tremolite.		
43	(6) "Asbestos-containing material" means any material containing more than 1%		
44	asbestos, as determined using the method adopted in 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart M, National		
45	Emission Standard for Asbestos.		
46	(7) "Asbestos inspection" means an activity undertaken to determine the presence or		
47	location, or to assess the condition of, asbestos-containing material or suspected		
48	asbestos-containing material, whether by visual or physical examination, or by taking samples		
49	of the material.		
50	(8) (a) "Board" means the Air Quality Board.		
51	(b) "Board" means, as used in Sections 19-2-123 through 19-2-126, the Air Quality		
52	Board or the Water Quality Board.		
53	(9) "Clean school bus" has the same meaning as defined in 42 U.S.C. Sec. 16091.		
54	(10) "Director" means the director of the Division of Air Quality.		
55	(11) "Division" means the Division of Air Quality, created in Subsection		
56	19-1-105(1)(a).		
57	(12) (a) "Facility" means machinery, equipment, structures, or any part or accessories		
58	of them, installed or acquired for the primary purpose of controlling or disposing of air		