31A-22-642,	Utah	Code	Annotated	1953
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*Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:* 

Section 1. Section **31A-22-610.1** is amended to read:

## 31A-22-610.1. Adoption indemnity benefit.

- (1) (a) (i) If an insured has coverage for maternity benefits on the date of an adoptive placement, the insured's policy shall provide an adoption indemnity benefit payable to the insured, if a child is placed for adoption with the insured within 90 days of the child's birth. If more than one child from the same birth is placed for adoption with the insured, only one adoption indemnity benefit is required.
  - (ii) This section does not prevent an accident and health insurer from:
- (A) adjusting the benefit payable under this section for cost sharing measures imposed under the policy or contract for maternity benefit coverage; or
  - (B) providing additional adoption indemnity benefits including:
- (I) extending the period of time after birth in which a child must be placed with an insured; or
  - (II) providing a benefit in excess of the amount specified in Subsection (1)(c).
- (b) An insurer that has paid the adoption indemnity benefit under Subsection (1)(a) may seek reimbursement of the benefit if:
  - (i) the postplacement evaluation disapproves the adoption placement; and
- (ii) a court rules the adoption may not be finalized because of an act or omission of an adoptive parent or parents that affects the child's health or safety.
- (c) (i) The amount of the adoption indemnity benefit provided under Subsection (1) is \$4,000 subject to the adjustments permitted by Subsection (1)(a)(ii).
- (ii) An insurer may comply with the provisions of this section by providing the \$4,000 adoption indemnity benefit to an enrollee to be used for the purpose of the enrollee obtaining infertility treatments rather than seeking reimbursement for an adoption in accordance with
- terms  $\hat{H} \rightarrow [\underline{\text{agreed to}}] \underline{\text{designated}} \leftarrow \hat{H} \underline{\text{by the insurer}} \hat{H} \rightarrow [\underline{\text{and the enrollee}}] \leftarrow \hat{H}$ .
- (d) Each insurer shall pay its pro rata share of the adoption indemnity benefit if each adoptive parent:
  - (i) has coverage for maternity benefits with a different insurer; and

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90	continuous months prior to receiving infertility treatment under the policy.
91	(2) The commissioner shall permit an accident and health insurer to offer, and shall
92	permit an individual or employer group to enroll in, a limited benefit plan for infertility
93	treatment in accordance with this section.
94	(3) (a) An accident and health insurer may offer a limited benefit plan for infertility
95	treatment to a patient if the accident and health insurer offers:
96	(i) a limited benefit plan that covers infertility treatment, including in vitro fertilization;
97	<u>or</u>
98	(ii) two or more limited benefit plans:
99	(A) one of which covers infertility treatment, including in vitro fertilization; and
100	(B) one of which covers infertility treatment, but excludes coverage for in vitro
101	fertilization.
102	(b) A health insurer may offer to provide the value of the adoption indemnity benefit to
103	an enrollee to be used for infertility treatment in accordance with Subsection 31A-22-610.1(1).
104	(4) Infertility treatment coverage under Subsection (3)(a) shall:
105	(a) have a minimum actuarial value of 75%;
106	(b) have a lifetime maximum benefit of not less than $\$ \hat{H} \rightarrow [50,000] 25,000 \leftarrow \hat{H}$ ; and
107	(c) if in vitro fertilization is covered:
108	(i) only offer in vitro fertilization to a patient who has not been able to obtain a viable
109	pregnancy through a procedure less costly than in vitro fertilization; and
110	(ii) limit embryos transferred per in vitro cycle to:
111	(A) one embryo for a patient who is at least 21 years old but less than 34 years old; and
112	(B) two embryos per cycle for a patient who is at least 34 years old but less than 44
113	years old.

Legislative Review Note as of 2-12-14 10:20 AM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel