1	VISITATION AMENDMENTS
2	2014 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: LaVar Christensen
5	Senate Sponsor: John L. Valentine
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill amends provisions related to supervised parent-time.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	 defines supervised parent-time;
13	 describes the conditions under which a court can order supervised parent-time; and
14	 creates a process for selecting persons to supervise parent-time.
15	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
16	None
17	Other Special Clauses:
18	None
19	Utah Code Sections Affected:
20	AMENDS:
21	30-3-32, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 3 and 146
22	ENACTS:
23	30-3-34.5 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
2425	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
26	Section 1. Section 30-3-32 is amended to read:

30-3-32. Parent-time -- Intent -- Policy -- Definitions.



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H.B. 201 02-10-14 3:05 PM

28	(1) It is the intent of the Legislature to promote parent-time at a level consistent with
29	all parties' interests.
30	(2) (a) A court shall consider as primary the <u>fundamental liberty interests of parents</u>
31	and children as recognized in Sections 62A-4a-201 and 78A-6-503, which include the safety
32	and well-being of the child and the parent who [is the victim of] experience domestic or family
33	violence.
34	(b) Absent a showing by $\hat{H} \rightarrow [\dagger]$ a preponderance of $[\dagger]$ [elear and convincing] $\leftarrow \hat{H}$
34a	evidence of real
35	harm or substantiated potential harm to the child:
36	(i) it is in the best interests of the child of divorcing, divorced, or adjudicated parents to
37	have frequent, meaningful, and continuing access to each parent following separation or
38	divorce;
39	(ii) each divorcing, separating, or adjudicated parent is entitled to and responsible for
40	frequent, meaningful, and continuing access with his child consistent with the child's best
41	interests; and
42	(iii) it is in the best interests of the child to have both parents actively involved in
43	parenting the child.
44	(c) An order issued by a court pursuant to Title 78B, Chapter 7, Part 1, Cohabitant
45	Abuse Act, shall be considered evidence of real harm or substantiated potential harm to the
46	child.
47	(3) For purposes of Sections 30-3-32 through 30-3-37:
48	(a) "Child" means the child or children of divorcing, separating, or adjudicated parents.
49	(b) "Christmas school vacation" means the time period beginning on the evening the
50	child gets out of school for the Christmas or winter school break until the evening before the
51	child returns to school.
52	(c) "Extended parent-time" means a period of parent-time other than a weekend,
53	holiday as provided in Subsections 30-3-35(2)(f) and (2)(g), religious holidays as provided in
54	Subsections 30-3-33(3) and (17), and "Christmas school vacation."
55	(d) "Supervised parent-time" means parent-time that requires the noncustodial parent to
56	be accompanied during parent-time by an individual approved by the court.
57	[(d)] (e) "Surrogate care" means care by any individual other than the parent of the
58	child.

02-10-14 3:05 PM H.B. 201

39	[(e)] (1) Offinterrupted time—means parent-time exercised by one parent without
60	interruption at any time by the presence of the other parent.
61	[(f)] (g) "Virtual parent-time" means parent-time facilitated by tools such as telephone,
62	email, instant messaging, video conferencing, and other wired or wireless technologies over the
63	Internet or other communication media to supplement in-person visits between a noncustodial
64	parent and a child or between a child and the custodial parent when the child is staying with the
65	noncustodial parent. Virtual parent-time is designed to supplement, not replace, in-person
66	parent-time.
67	(4) If a parent relocates because of an act of domestic violence or family violence by
68	the other parent, the court shall make specific findings and orders with regards to the
69	application of Section 30-3-37.
70	Section 2. Section 30-3-34.5 is enacted to read:
71	30-3-34.5. Supervised parent-time.
72	(1) When $\hat{H} \rightarrow [\underline{strictly}] \leftarrow \hat{H}$ necessary to protect a child and no less restrictive means is
73	reasonably available, a court may order supervised parent-time if the court determines from
74	sufficient available evidence that the child would be subject to physical, psychological, or
75	emotional danger $\hat{H} \rightarrow \underline{\text{or child abuse, as described in Section 76-5-109,}} \leftarrow \hat{H} \underline{\text{from the}}$
75a	noncustodial parent if left unsupervised with the noncustodial
76	parent.
77	(2) A court that indicates its intention to order supervised parent-time shall require
78	both parties to provide the names of at least two persons who are capable and willing to
79	supervise the proposed noncustodial parent if needed during parent-time.
80	(3) The court shall select one name from each list and designate one to be the primary
81	supervisor and one to be the secondary supervisor. The secondary supervisor may only be used
82	when the primary supervisor is unavailable. The court shall provide additional guidance and
83	direction for parent-time when neither supervisor is available.
84	(4) The court shall $\hat{H} \rightarrow [\underline{\text{diligently strive to}}] \leftarrow \hat{H}$ give preference to a relative of the
84a	<u>noncustodial</u>
85	parent who is known to the child, or an individual recommended by the noncustodial parent,
86	when making the selection in Subsection (3).
87	(5) (a) Supervised parent-time may only be assigned to a paid service if the court finds
88	that there is no suitable relative or recommended individual willing and able to fulfill the role
89	as provided in Subsection (2).

- 3 -

H.B. 201 02-10-14 3:05 PM

90	(b) A paid service provider may not cause undue financial hardship that effectively
91	prevents a parent from full and fair exercise of the parent's rights pursuant to Sections
92	62A-4a-201 and 78A-6-503.
93	(c) A noncustodial parent may petition the court and is entitled to restoration of
94	unsupervised parent-time due to improved circumstances and correction of former conditions
95	that the previous order was based upon. Supervised parent-time is an extreme protective
96	measure. Relief shall be made available on an expedited basis to the fullest extent possible.
97	Supervised parent-time is temporary and may not cause or contribute to potential irretrievable
98	destruction of family relationships. A reasonable plan for eliminating the need for supervision
99	may be ordered by the court. At all times, the court shall balance parental rights, children's
100	interests, and family unity.
101	(d) A noncustodial parent's inability to pay for expenses associated with this
102	Subsection (5) is not cause to withhold parent-time and is solely subject to debt collection
103	procedures and remedies.

Legislative Review Note as of 2-6-14 7:24 AM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

- 4 -