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	DISORDERLY CONDUCT AMENDMENTS
	2014 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
	Chief Sponsor: Curtis Oda
	Senate Sponsor: Scott K. Jenkins
	LONG TITLE
	General Description:
	This bill includes displaying a dangerous weapon under certain circumstances in the
(	definition of disorderly conduct.
]	Highlighted Provisions:
	This bill:
	<ul> <li>provides that displaying a dangerous weapon in public under certain circumstances</li> </ul>
n	nay be disorderly conduct; and
	<ul> <li>confirms that merely displaying a dangerous weapon in public without other</li> </ul>
t	pehavior is not disorderly conduct.
ľ	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
	None
(	Other Special Clauses:
	None
	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
	AMENDS:
	76-9-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter 20
	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section <b>76-9-102</b> is amended to read:
	76-9-102. Disorderly conduct.
	(1) A person is guilty of disorderly conduct if:
	(a) [he] the person refuses to comply with the lawful order of [the police] a law

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30	enforcement officer to move from a public place, or knowingly creates a hazardous or
31	physically offensive condition, by any act which serves no legitimate purpose; or
32	(b) intending to cause public inconvenience, annoyance, or alarm, or recklessly
33	creating a risk thereof, [he] the person:
34	(i) engages in fighting or in violent, tumultuous, or threatening behavior;
35	(ii) makes unreasonable noises in a public place;
36	(iii) makes unreasonable noises in a private place which can be heard in a public place
37	or
38	(iv) obstructs vehicular or pedestrian traffic.
39	(2) "Public place," for the purpose of this section, means any place to which the public
40	or a substantial group of the public has access and includes but is not limited to streets,
41	highways, and the common areas of schools, hospitals, apartment houses, office buildings,
42	transport facilities, and shops.
43	(3) The mere carrying or possession of a holstered or encased firearm, whether visible
44	or concealed, without additional behavior or circumstances that would cause a reasonable
45	person to believe the holstered or encased firearm was carried or possessed with criminal
46	intent, does not constitute a violation of this section. Nothing in this Subsection (3) may limit
47	or prohibit a law enforcement officer from approaching or engaging any person in a voluntary
48	conversation.
49	[(3)] (4) Disorderly conduct is a class C misdemeanor if the offense continues after a
50	request by a person to desist. Otherwise it is an infraction.