H.B. 276

	<b>DISORDERLY CONDUCT AMENDMENTS</b>
	2014 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
	<b>Chief Sponsor: Curtis Oda</b>
	Senate Sponsor: Scott K. Jenkins
LONG 1	TTLE
General	Description:
Т	his bill includes displaying a dangerous weapon under certain circumstances in the
definition	n of disorderly conduct.
Highligh	ted Provisions:
Т	his bill:
►	provides that displaying a dangerous weapon in public under certain circumstances
may be d	isorderly conduct; and
►	confirms that merely displaying a dangerous weapon in public without other
behavior	is not disorderly conduct.
Money A	Appropriated in this Bill:
Ν	one
Other Sp	pecial Clauses:
Ν	one
Utah Co	de Sections Affected:
AMEND	S:
70	6-9-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter 20
Be it ena	cted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
S	ection 1. Section <b>76-9-102</b> is amended to read:
70	6-9-102. Disorderly conduct.



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03-04-14 3:32 PM

28	(1) A person is guilty of disorderly conduct if:
29	(a) [he] the person refuses to comply with the lawful order of [the police] a law
30	enforcement officer to move from a public place, or knowingly creates a hazardous or
31	physically offensive condition, by any act which serves no legitimate purpose; or
32	(b) intending to cause public inconvenience, annoyance, or alarm, or recklessly
33	creating a risk thereof, [he] the person:
34	(i) engages in fighting or in violent, tumultuous, or threatening behavior;
35	(ii) makes unreasonable noises in a public place;
36	(iii) makes unreasonable noises in a private place which can be heard in a public place;
37	or
38	(iv) obstructs vehicular or pedestrian traffic.
39	(2) "Public place," for the purpose of this section, means any place to which the public
40	or a substantial group of the public has access and includes but is not limited to streets,
41	highways, and the common areas of schools, hospitals, apartment houses, office buildings,
42	transport facilities, and shops.
43	(3) The mere carrying or possession of a holstered or encased firearm, whether visible
44	or concealed, without additional behavior or circumstances that would cause a reasonable
45	person to believe the holstered or encased firearm was carried or possessed unlawfully or with
46	criminal intent, does not constitute a violation of this section. For purposes of this section, the
47	belief of a reasonable person may not be based on a mistake of law. Nothing in this Subsection
48	(3) may limit or prohibit a law enforcement officer from approaching or engaging any person in
49	a voluntary conversation.
50	[(3)] (4) Disorderly conduct is a class C misdemeanor if the offense continues after a
51	request by a person to desist. Otherwise it is an infraction.

Legislative Review Note

as of 1-21-14 10:18 AM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel