1	MANUFACTURING LICENSEE PROVISIONS
2	2014 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Gage Froerer
5	Senate Sponsor:
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill modifies the Alcoholic Beverage Control Act to address manufacturing
10	licensees.
11	Highlighted Provisions:
12	This bill:
13	grants rulemaking authority to define "bona fide sample";
14	changes references to "sample" to "bona fide sample";
15	 permits the operation of a retail facility by a distillery manufacturing licensee;
16	 addresses staff consumption on the premises of a beer manufacturing licensee;
17	 refers to bona fide samples of beer, heavy beer, or flavored malt beverages;
18	 removes requirement to comply with the off-premise beer retailer local authority
19	provisions; and
20	 makes technical and conforming amendments.
21	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
22	None
23	Other Special Clauses:
24	None
25	Utah Code Sections Affected:
26	AMENDS:
27	32B-11-303, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 276



32B-11-503, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 334 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah: Section 1. Section 32B-11-303 is amended to read: 32B-11-303. Specific authority and operational requirements for winery manufacturing license. (1) A winery manufacturing license allows a winery manufacturing licensee to: (a) store, manufacture, transport, import, or export wine;	
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(1) A winery manufacturing license allows a winery manufacturing licensee to:	
(a) store, manufacture, transport, import, or export wine;	
(b) sell wine at wholesale to the department and to out-of-state customers;	
(c) purchase liquor for fortifying wine, if the department is notified of the purchase an	d
date of delivery; and	
(d) warehouse on the licensed premises liquor that is manufactured or purchased for	
manufacturing purposes.	
(2) (a) A wine, brandy, wine spirit, or other liquor imported under authority of a winer	ſy
manufacturing license shall conform to the standards of identity and quality established in the	
regulations issued under Federal Alcohol Administration Act, 27 U.S.C. Sec. 201 et seq.	
(b) The federal definitions, standards of identity, and quality and labeling requirement	S
for wine, in regulations issued under Federal Alcohol Administration Act, 27 U.S.C. Sec. 201	
et seq., are adopted to the extent the regulations are not contrary to or inconsistent with the	
laws of this state.	
(3) If considered necessary, the commission or department may require:	
(a) the alteration of the plant, equipment, or licensed premises;	
(b) the alteration or removal of unsuitable wine-making equipment or material;	
(c) a winery manufacturing licensee to clean, disinfect, ventilate, or otherwise improve	e
the sanitary and working conditions of the plant, licensed premises, and wine-making	
equipment;	
(d) that a marc, pomace, or fruit be destroyed, denatured, or removed from the license	d
premises because it is considered:	
(i) unfit for wine making; or	
(ii) as producing or likely to produce an unsanitary condition;	

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59	(e) a winery manufacturing licensee to distill or cause to be distilled or disposed of
60	under the department's supervision:
61	(i) any unsound, poor quality finished wine; or
62	(ii) unfinished wine that will not be satisfactory when finished; or
63	(f) that a record pertaining to the grapes and other materials and ingredients used in the
64	manufacture of wine be available to the commission or department upon request.
65	(4) A winery manufacturing licensee may not permit wine to be consumed on its
66	premises, except under the following circumstances:
67	(a) A winery manufacturing licensee may allow its staff to consume on the licensed
68	premises wine as the winery manufacturing licensee furnishes to the staff without charge.
69	(b) A winery manufacturing licensee may allow a person who can lawfully purchase
70	wine for wholesale or retail distribution to consume a bona fide sample of the winery
71	manufacturing licensee's product on the licensed premises.
72	(c) A winery manufacturing licensee may operate on its licensed premises a retail
73	facility allowing consumption of a bona fide sample on the licensed premises of wine as long
74	as food is also available. This type of retail facility located on the licensed premises shall be
75	operated or supervised by the winery manufacturing licensee.
76	(d) The commission may define by rule, made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
77	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the term "bona fide sample."
78	Section 2. Section 32B-11-403 is amended to read:
79	32B-11-403. Specific authority and operational requirements for distillery
80	manufacturing license.
81	(1) A distillery manufacturing license allows a distillery manufacturing licensee to:
82	(a) store, manufacture, transport, import, or export liquor;
83	(b) sell liquor to:
84	(i) the department;
85	(ii) an out-of-state customer; and
86	(iii) as provided in Subsection (2);
87	(c) purchase an alcoholic product for mixing and manufacturing purposes if the
88	department is notified of:
89	(i) the purchase; and

90	(ii) the date of delivery; and
91	(d) warehouse on its licensed premises an alcoholic product that the distillery
92	manufacturing licensee manufactures or purchases for manufacturing purposes.
93	(2) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (2), a distillery manufacturing
94	licensee may directly sell an alcoholic product to a person engaged within the state in:
95	(i) a mechanical or industrial business that requires the use of an alcoholic product; or
96	(ii) scientific pursuits that require the use of an alcoholic product.
97	(b) A person who purchases an alcoholic product under Subsection (2)(a) shall hold a
98	valid special use permit issued in accordance with Chapter 10, Special Use Permit Act,
99	authorizing the use of the alcoholic product.
100	(c) A distillery manufacturing licensee may sell to a special use permittee described in
101	Subsection (2)(b) an alcoholic product only in the type for which the special use permit
102	provides.
103	(d) The sale of an alcoholic product under this Subsection (2) is subject to rules
104	prescribed by the department and the federal government.
105	(3) The federal definitions, standards of identity and quality, and labeling requirements
106	for distilled liquor, in the regulations issued under Federal Alcohol Administration Act, 27
107	U.S.C. Sec. 201 et seq., are adopted to the extent the regulations are not contrary to or
108	inconsistent with laws of this state.
109	(4) If considered necessary, the commission or department may require:
110	(a) the alteration of the plant, equipment, or licensed premises;
111	(b) the alteration or removal of unsuitable alcoholic product-making equipment or
112	material;
113	(c) a distillery manufacturing licensee to clean, disinfect, ventilate, or otherwise
114	improve the sanitary and working conditions of the plant, licensed premises, and equipment; or
115	(d) that a record pertaining to the materials and ingredients used in the manufacture of
116	an alcoholic product be made available to the commission or department upon request.
117	(5) A distillery manufacturing licensee may not permit an alcoholic product to be
118	consumed on its premises, except that:

(a) a distillery manufacturing licensee may allow its staff to consume on the licensed

premises an alcoholic product that the distillery furnishes to the staff without charge; [and]

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121	(b) a distillery manufacturing licensee may allow a person who can lawfully purchase
122	an alcoholic product for wholesale or retail distribution to consume a bona fide sample of the
123	distillery manufacturing licensee's product on the licensed premises[-]; and
124	(c) a distillery manufacturing licensee may operate on its licensed premises a retail
125	facility:
126	(i) allowing consumption of a bona fide sample on the licensed premises of the
127	distillery manufacturing licensee's product as long as food is also available; and
128	(ii) located on the licensed premises being operated or supervised by the distillery
129	manufacturing licensee.
130	(6) The commission may define by rule, made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3
131	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the term "bona fide sample."
132	Section 3. Section 32B-11-503 is amended to read:
133	32B-11-503. Specific authority and operational requirements for brewery
134	manufacturing license.
135	(1) A brewery manufacturing license allows a brewery manufacturing licensee to:
136	(a) store, manufacture, brew, transport, or export beer, heavy beer, and flavored malt
137	beverages;
138	(b) sell heavy beer and a flavored malt beverage to:
139	(i) the department;
140	(ii) a military installation; or
141	(iii) an out-of-state customer;
142	(c) sell beer to a beer wholesaler licensee;
143	(d) in the case of a small brewer, in accordance with Subsection (5), sell beer
144	manufactured by the small brewer to:
145	(i) a retail licensee;
146	(ii) an off-premise beer retailer; or
147	(iii) an event permittee; and
148	(e) warehouse on its premises an alcoholic product that the brewery manufacturing
149	licensee manufactures or purchases for manufacturing purposes.
150	(2) A brewery manufacturing licensee may not sell the following to a person within the
151	state except the department or a military installation:

152	(a) heavy beer; or
153	(b) a flavored malt beverage.
154	(3) If considered necessary, the commission or department may require:
155	(a) the alteration of the plant, equipment, or licensed premises;
156	(b) the alteration or removal of any unsuitable alcoholic product-making equipment or
157	material;
158	(c) a brewery manufacturing licensee to clean, disinfect, ventilate, or otherwise
159	improve the sanitary and working conditions of the plant, licensed premises, and equipment; or
160	(d) that a record pertaining to the materials and ingredients used in the manufacture of
161	an alcoholic product be available to the commission or department upon request.
162	(4) A brewery manufacturing licensee may not permit any beer, heavy beer, or flavored
163	malt beverage to be consumed on the licensed premises, except under the circumstances
164	described in this Subsection (4).
165	(a) A brewery manufacturing licensee may allow its [off-duty] staff to consume beer,
166	heavy beer, or a flavored malt beverage on its premises without charge.
167	(b) A brewery manufacturing licensee may allow a person who can lawfully purchase
168	the following for wholesale or retail distribution to consume a bona fide sample of the brewery
169	manufacturing licensee's product on the licensed premises:
170	(i) beer;
171	(ii) heavy beer; or
172	(iii) a flavored malt beverage.
173	(c) (i) A brewery manufacturing licensee may operate on its licensed premises a retail
174	facility allowing consumption on the premises of [beer in a bottle or on draft] a bona fide
175	sample of beer, heavy beer, and flavored malt beverages if food is also available.
176	(ii) A retail facility located on the licensed premises of a brewery manufacturing
177	licensee shall be operated or supervised by the brewery manufacturing licensee.
178	[(iii) In operating a retail facility under this Subsection (4)(c), a brewery manufacturing
179	licensee shall comply with the requirements of Chapter 7, Part 2, Off-premise Beer Retailer
180	Local Authority.]
181	(d) The commission may define by rule, made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3
182	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the term "bona fide sample."

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183	(5) (a) A small brewer shall own, lease, or maintain and control a warehouse facility
184	located in this state for the storage of beer to be sold to a person described in Subsection (1)(d)
185	if the small brewer:
186	(i) (A) (I) is located in this state; and
187	(II) holds a brewery manufacturing license; or
188	(B) (I) is located outside this state; and
189	(II) holds a certificate of approval to sell beer in this state; and
190	(ii) sells beer manufactured by the small brewer directly to a person described in
191	Subsection (1)(d).
192	(b) A small brewer may not sell beer to a person described in Subsection (1)(d) unless
193	the beer:
194	(i) is manufactured by the small brewer; and
195	(ii) is first placed in the small brewer's warehouse facility in this state.
196	(c) (i) A small brewer warehouse shall make and maintain complete beer importation,
197	inventory, tax, distribution, sales records, and other records as the department and State Tax
198	Commission may require.
199	(ii) The records described in Subsection (5)(c)(i) are subject to inspection by:
200	(A) the department; and
201	(B) the State Tax Commission.
202	(iii) Section 32B-1-205 applies to a record required to be made or maintained in
203	accordance with this Subsection (5), except that the provision is considered to include an action
204	described in Section 32B-1-205 made for the purpose of deceiving the State Tax Commission,
205	or an official or employee of the State Tax Commission.
206	(6) Subject to Subsection (7):
207	(a) A brewery manufacturing licensee may not sell beer in this state except under a
208	written agreement with a beer wholesaler licensee in this state.
209	(b) An agreement described in Subsection (6)(a) shall:
210	(i) create a restricted exclusive sales territory that is mutually agreed upon by the
211	persons entering into the agreement;
212	(ii) designate the one or more brands that may be distributed in the sales territory; and
213	(iii) set forth the exact geographical area of the sales territory.

(c) A brewery manufacturing licensee may have more than one agreement described in
this Subsection (6) if each brand of the brewery manufacturing licensee is covered by one
exclusive sales territory.

- (d) A brewery manufacturing licensee may not enter into an agreement with more than one beer wholesaler licensee to distribute the same brand of beer in the same sales territory or any portion of the sales territory.
 - (7) A small brewer is not subject to the requirements of Subsection (6).

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