### Representative Paul Ray proposes the following substitute bill:

1	<b>CONSUMER CREDIT PROTECTION AMENDMENTS</b>
2	2014 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Paul Ray
5	Senate Sponsor:
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill modifies Title 13, Chapter 45, Consumer Credit Protection Act.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	<ul> <li>defines terms;</li> </ul>
13	<ul> <li>under certain circumstances, requires a consumer reporting agency to give a</li> </ul>
14	consumer, prior to purchase, a written disclosure that states that the credit score the
15	consumer reporting agency provides may be different from the credit score used by
16	a lender;
17	<ul> <li>requires an entity that requests a consumer's credit score or credit report, for a</li> </ul>
18	purpose other than the extension of credit, to provide the consumer with a written
19	disclosure that includes:
20	• the name of the consumer reporting agency that calculated the credit score;
21	• the unique name associated with the algorithm used to generate the credit score;
22	• the consumer's credit score; and
23	• if the requesting entity is a consumer credit counseling agency, the consumer's
24	credit report;
25	<ul> <li>prohibits a consumer reporting agency from refusing to sell a consumer's credit</li> </ul>

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26	score to a requesting entity solely because the requesting entity is required to make the
27	disclosures described in this bill;
28	<ul> <li>requires a credit bureau to give a requesting entity written notice if the credit bureau</li> </ul>
29	suspends or terminates an ongoing service to the requesting entity of providing the
30	requesting entity a consumer's credit score or credit report upon request; and
31	<ul> <li>provides enforcement procedures for the provisions in this bill.</li> </ul>
32	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
33	None
34	Other Special Clauses:
35	None
36	Utah Code Sections Affected:
37	AMENDS:
38	13-45-102, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 344
39	ENACTS:
40	13-45-501, Utah Code Annotated 1953
41	13-45-502, Utah Code Annotated 1953
42	13-45-503, Utah Code Annotated 1953
43	13-45-504, Utah Code Annotated 1953
44	RENUMBERS AND AMENDS:
45	13-45-601, (Renumbered from 13-45-401, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter
46	344)
47 48	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
49	Section 1. Section <b>13-45-102</b> is amended to read:
50	13-45-102. Definitions.
51	As used in this chapter:
52	(1) "Consumer" means [ <del>a natural person</del> ] an individual.
53	(1) "Consumer credit counseling agency" means:
55	(a) a person that is registered with the Division of Consumer Protection to provide debt
55	management services under Title 13, Chapter 42, Uniform Debt-Management Services Act; or
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56 (b) a HUD-approved housing counseling agency.

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57	[(2)] (3) "Consumer reporting agency" means [a person who, for fees, dues, or on a
58	cooperative basis, regularly engages in whole or in part in the practice of assembling or
59	evaluating information concerning a consumer's credit or other information for the purpose of
60	furnishing a credit report to another person.]:
61	(a) a credit bureau; or
62	(b) a person that obtains and resells any information, including a credit score or credit
63	report, produced, in whole or in part, by a credit bureau.
64	(4) "Credit bureau" means a person that, for fees, dues, or on a cooperative basis,
65	regularly engages in the practice of assembling or evaluating information concerning a
66	consumer's credit or other information for the purpose of furnishing a credit report or credit
67	score to another person.
68	[(3)] (5) "Credit report" means a consumer report, as defined in 15 U.S.C. Sec. 1681a[;
69	that is used or collected in whole or part for the purpose of serving as a factor in establishing a
70	consumer's eligibility for credit for personal, family, or household purposes].
71	(6) (a) "Credit score" means a numerical value or a categorization that is:
72	(i) derived from information in a consumer report;
73	(ii) derived from a statistical tool or modeling system; and
74	(iii) developed to predict, at least in part, the likelihood of:
75	(A) future insurance claims behavior; or
76	(B) credit behavior.
77	(b) "Credit score" includes:
78	(i) a risk predictor; or
79	(ii) a risk score.
80	(7) "Depository institution" is as defined in Section 7-1-103.
81	(8) "Electronically signed" means executed by electronic sound, symbol, or process
82	attached to or logically associated with a record, demonstrating the intent to sign the record.
83	(9) "Extension of credit" means the right to defer payment of debt or to incur debt and
84	defer its payment.
85	(10) "Lender" means a person that regularly offers or makes an extension of credit to a
86	consumer.
87	(11) "Lender credit score" means a credit score that a mortgage lender uses to

88	underwrite or evaluate an individual's request for a mortgage loan, and that is calculated using
89	the same algorithm used by Fannie Mae, Freddie Mac, or a comparable entity.
90	(12) "Lessor" is as defined in Section 15-8-3.
91	[(4)] (13) "Normal business hours" means Sunday through Saturday, between the hours
92	of 6:00 a.m. and 9:30 p.m., Mountain Standard or Mountain Daylight Time.
93	[(5)] (14) (a) "Personal information" means personally identifiable financial
94	information:
95	(i) provided by a consumer to another person;
96	(ii) resulting from any transaction with the consumer or any service performed for the
97	consumer; or
98	(iii) otherwise obtained by another person.
99	(b) "Personal information" does not include:
100	(i) publicly available information, as that term is defined by the regulations prescribed
101	under 15 U.S.C. Sec. 6804; or
102	(ii) any list, description, or other grouping of consumers, and publicly available
103	information pertaining to the consumers, that is derived without using any nonpublic personal
104	information.
105	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection $[(5)]$ (14)(b), "personal information" includes any list,
106	description, or other grouping of consumers, and publicly available information pertaining to
107	the consumers, that is derived using any nonpublic personal information other than publicly
108	available information.
109	[(6)] (15) "Proper identification" has the same meaning as in 15 U.S.C. Sec.
110	1681h(a)(1), and includes:
111	(a) the consumer's full name, including first, last, and middle names and any suffix;
112	(b) any name the consumer previously used;
113	(c) the consumer's current and recent full addresses, including street address, any
114	apartment number, city, state, and ZIP code;
115	(d) the consumer's Social Security number; and
116	(e) the consumer's date of birth.
117	(16) (a) "Requesting entity" means a person that requests or obtains an individual's
118	credit report or credit score for a purpose other than the extension of credit, including a

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119	consumer credit counseling agency, credit counselor, housing counselor, lessor, or employer.
120	(b) "Requesting entity" does not include a depository institution.
121	[(7)] (17) "Security freeze" means a prohibition, consistent with Section 13-45-201, on
122	a consumer reporting agency's furnishing of a consumer's credit report to a third party intending
123	to use the credit report to determine the consumer's eligibility for credit.
124	Section 2. Section 13-45-501 is enacted to read:
125	Part 5. Credit Score Disclosure Requirements
126	<u>13-45-501.</u> Title.
127	This part is known as "Credit Score Disclosure Requirements."
128	Section 3. Section 13-45-502 is enacted to read:
129	<b><u>13-45-502.</u></b> Educational credit score Required disclosure.
130	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), when, for a purpose other than an extension
131	of credit, a consumer requests the consumer's credit score from a consumer reporting agency
132	and the consumer reporting agency provides a credit score that is not a lender credit score, the
133	consumer reporting agency shall give the consumer a written disclosure in substantially the
134	following form:
135	"This credit score may differ substantially from the credit score used by a lender for the
136	approval of a residential mortgage or other loan. The Consumer Financial Protection Bureau
137	has warned that this credit score is unreliable and may misrepresent a lender's assessment of
138	your creditworthiness. Based on the score actually used by a lender, you may be offered less
139	favorable terms that are more costly to you."
140	(2) If a consumer reporting agency described in Subsection (1) is also a lender, and the
141	consumer reporting agency provides the consumer a credit score that is not a lender credit score
142	that the consumer reporting agency uses when deciding whether to grant an extension of credit,
143	the consumer reporting agency shall give the consumer a written disclosure in substantially the
144	following form:
145	"This credit score is different from the credit score we use to evaluate whether to grant
146	an extension of credit. The Consumer Financial Protection Bureau has warned that this credit
147	score is unreliable and may misrepresent our or another lender's assessment of your
148	creditworthiness. Based on the credit score that we would actually use, you may be offered less
149	favorable terms that are more costly to you."

150	(3) A person who gives a disclosure described in Subsection (1) or (2) shall ensure that
151	the disclosure is:
152	(a) independently displayed on a separate page;
153	(b) typed in at least 14-point font; and
154	(c) signed by the consumer, or if the credit score is obtained online, electronically
155	signed by the consumer, before the consumer purchases the credit score.
156	(4) This section does not apply to a depository institution.
157	Section 4. Section 13-45-503 is enacted to read:
158	<b><u>13-45-503.</u></b> Disclosure of credit score and other information to consumer.
159	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), within 10 days after the day on which a
160	requesting entity receives a consumer's credit score or credit report, the requesting entity shall
161	give the consumer a written disclosure that states:
162	(a) the name of the consumer reporting agency that calculated the credit score;
163	(b) the unique name associated with the algorithm used to generate the credit score;
164	(c) the consumer's credit score; and
165	(d) if the requesting entity is a consumer credit counseling agency, the consumer's
166	credit report.
167	(2) A lessor shall disclose a consumer's credit score in accordance with Subsection (1)
168	within three days after the day on which:
169	(a) the lessor denies the consumer's application for a lease; or
170	(b) the consumer and the lessor enter into a lease agreement.
171	(3) A consumer reporting agency may not refuse to sell a consumer's credit score or
172	credit report to a requesting entity because the requesting entity is required to disclose the
173	credit score or the credit report to the consumer under this section.
174	Section 5. Section 13-45-504 is enacted to read:
175	<b><u>13-45-504.</u></b> Notification to requesting entity of suspension or termination.
176	If a credit bureau and a requesting entity have an ongoing arrangement by which the
177	credit bureau provides the requesting entity with a consumer's credit score or credit report upon
178	request, and the credit bureau suspends or terminates the service of providing the requesting
179	entity with a consumer's credit score or credit report upon request, the credit bureau shall,
180	within two business days after the day on which the credit bureau suspends or terminates the

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181	service, give the requesting entity a written notice of suspension or termination that:
182	(1) states the date on which the credit bureau suspended or terminated the service;
183	(2) states the reason that the credit bureau suspended or terminated the service; and
184	(3) provides an address and a phone number that the requesting entity may use to
185	contact the credit bureau with any questions regarding the suspension or termination.
186	Section 6. Section 13-45-601, which is renumbered from Section 13-45-401 is
187	renumbered and amended to read:
188	Part 6. Enforcement
189	[ <del>13-45-401</del> ]. <u>13-45-601.</u> Enforcement.
190	(1) The attorney general may enforce this chapter's provisions.
191	(2) A person [who] that violates [this chapter's provisions] a provision from Section
192	<u>13-45-201, 13-45-202, 13-45-203, 13-45-204, 13-45-205, or 13-45-301</u> is subject to a civil fine
193	of:
194	(a) no greater than \$2,500 for a violation or series of violations concerning a specific
195	consumer; and
196	(b) no greater than \$100,000 in the aggregate for related violations concerning more
197	than one consumer.
198	(3) A person that violates Section 13-45-502, 13-45-503, or 13-45-504 is subject to a
199	civil fine of:
200	(a) no less than \$1,000 per violation; and
201	(b) no greater than \$1,000,000 in the aggregate for related violations.
202	[(3)] (4) In addition to the penalties provided in [Subsection] Subsections (2) and (3),
203	the attorney general may seek injunctive relief to prevent future violations of this chapter in:
204	(a) the district court located in Salt Lake City; or
205	(b) the district court for the district in which resides a consumer who is the subject of a
206	credit report on which a violation occurs.