#### Senator J. Stuart Adams proposes the following substitute bill:

ENERGY EFFICIENT VEHICLE TAX CREDITS
2014 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
<b>Chief Sponsor: V. Lowry Snow</b>
Senate Sponsor: J. Stuart Adams
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill addresses tax credits related to energy efficient vehicles.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
<ul> <li>addresses the amount of tax credit that may be claimed for the purchase of certain</li> </ul>
energy efficient vehicles; and
<ul> <li>makes technical and conforming changes.</li> </ul>
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
This bill takes effect for a taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2015.
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:
59-7-605, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 184
59-10-1009, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 184

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26	59-7-605. Definitions Tax credits related to energy efficient vehicles.
27	(1) As used in this section:
28	(a) "Air quality standards" means that a vehicle's emissions are equal to or cleaner than
29	the standards established in[ <del>: (i) bin 2 in Table S04-1, of 40 C.F.R. 86.1811-04(c)(6); or (ii)</del>
30	for a new qualified plug-in electric drive motor vehicle, as defined in Section 30D, Internal
31	Revenue Code,] bin 4 in Table S04-1, of 40 C.F.R. 86.1811-04(c)(6).
32	(b) "Board" means the Air Quality Board created under Title 19, Chapter 2, Air
33	Conservation Act.
34	(c) "Certified by the board" means that:
35	(i) a motor vehicle on which conversion equipment has been installed meets the
36	following criteria:
37	(A) before the installation of conversion equipment, the vehicle does not exceed the
38	emission cut points for a transient test driving cycle, as specified in 40 C.F.R. Part 51,
39	Appendix E to Subpart S, or an equivalent test for the make, model, and year of the vehicle;
40	and
41	(B) as a result of the installation of conversion equipment on the motor vehicle, the
42	motor vehicle has reduced emissions; or
43	(ii) special mobile equipment on which conversion equipment has been installed has
44	reduced emissions.
45	(d) "Clean fuel grant" means a grant awarded under Title 19, Chapter 1, Part 4, Clean
46	Fuels and Vehicle Technology Program Act, for reimbursement of a portion of the incremental
47	cost of an OEM vehicle or the cost of conversion equipment.
48	(e) "Conversion equipment" means equipment referred to in Subsection (2)(c) or (d).
49	(f) "OEM vehicle" has the same meaning as in Section 19-1-402.
50	(g) "Original purchase" means the purchase of a vehicle that has never been titled or
51	registered and has been driven less than 7,500 miles.
52	(h) "Qualifying electric [or hybrid] vehicle" means a vehicle that:
53	(i) meets air quality standards;
54	(ii) is not fueled by natural gas;
55	(iii) is fueled by [: (A)] electricity only; [or] and
56	[(B) a combination of electricity and diesel fuel, gasoline, a mixture of gasoline and

57	ethanol, or propane; and]
58	(iv) is an OEM vehicle except that the vehicle is fueled by a fuel described in
59	Subsection (1)(h)(iii).
60	(i) "Qualifying plug-in hybrid vehicle" means a vehicle that:
61	(i) meets air quality standards;
62	(ii) is not fueled by natural gas or propane;
63	(iii) has a battery capacity that meets or exceeds the battery capacity described in
64	Section 30D(b)(3), Internal Revenue Code; and
65	(iv) is fueled by a combination of electricity and:
66	(A) diesel fuel;
67	(B) gasoline; or
68	(C) a mixture of gasoline and ethanol.
69	[(i)] (j) "Reduced emissions" means:
70	(i) for purposes of a motor vehicle on which conversion equipment has been installed,
71	that the motor vehicle's emissions of regulated pollutants, when operating on a fuel listed in
72	Subsection (2)(d)(i) or (ii), is less than the emissions were before the installation of the
73	conversion equipment, as demonstrated by:
74	(A) certification of the conversion equipment by the federal Environmental Protection
75	Agency or by a state that has certification standards recognized by the board;
76	(B) testing the motor vehicle, before and after installation of the conversion equipment,
77	in accordance with 40 C.F.R. Part 86, Control of Emissions from New and In-use Highway
78	Vehicles and Engines, using all fuel the motor vehicle is capable of using;
79	(C) for a retrofit natural gas vehicle that is retrofit in accordance with Section
80	19-1-406, testing that as a result of the retrofit, the retrofit natural gas vehicle satisfies the
81	emission standards applicable under Section 19-1-406; or
82	(D) any other test or standard recognized by board rule, made in accordance with Title
83	63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act; or
84	(ii) for purposes of special mobile equipment on which conversion equipment has been
85	installed, that the special mobile equipment's emissions of regulated pollutants, when operating
86	on fuels listed in Subsection (2)(d)(i) or (ii), is less than the emissions were before the
87	installation of conversion equipment, as demonstrated by:

88	(A) certification of the conversion equipment by the federal Environmental Protection
89	Agency or by a state that has certification standards recognized by the board; or
90	(B) any other test or standard recognized by board rule, made in accordance with Title
91	63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
92	[ <del>(j)</del> ] (k) "Special mobile equipment":
93	(i) means any mobile equipment or vehicle that is not designed or used primarily for
94	the transportation of persons or property; and
95	(ii) includes construction or maintenance equipment.
96	(2) For the taxable year beginning on or after January 1, [2014] 2015, but beginning on
97	or before December 31, [2014] 2015, a taxpayer may claim a tax credit against tax otherwise
98	due under this chapter or Chapter 8, Gross Receipts Tax on Certain Corporations Not Required
99	to Pay Corporate Franchise or Income Tax Act, in an amount equal to:
100	(a) (i) [ <del>\$605</del> ] for the original purchase of a new qualifying electric [ <del>or hybrid</del> ] vehicle
101	that is registered in this state[;], the lesser of:
102	<u>(A)</u> \$1,500; or
103	(B) 35% of the purchase price of the vehicle; or
104	(ii) for the original purchase of a new qualifying plug-in hybrid vehicle that is
105	registered in this state, \$1,000;
106	(b) for the <u>original</u> purchase of a <u>new</u> vehicle fueled by natural gas <u>or propane</u> that is
107	registered in this state, the lesser of:
108	(i) $[\frac{2}{500}] \frac{1,500}{500}$ ; or
109	(ii) 35% of the purchase price of the vehicle;
110	(c) 50% of the cost of equipment for conversion, if certified by the board, of a motor
111	vehicle registered in this state minus the amount of any clean fuel grant received, up to a
112	maximum tax credit of [ $\frac{2,500}{1,500}$ per motor vehicle, if the motor vehicle is to:
113	(i) be fueled by propane, natural gas, or electricity;
114	(ii) be fueled by other fuel the board determines annually on or before July 1 to be at
115	least as effective in reducing air pollution as fuels under Subsection (2)(c)(i); or
116	(iii) meet the federal clean-fuel vehicle standards in the federal Clean Air Act
117	Amendments of 1990, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 7521 et seq.; [and]
118	(d) 50% of the cost of equipment for conversion, if certified by the board, of a special

119	mobile equipment engine minus the amount of any clean fuel grant received, up to a maximum
120	tax credit of \$1,000 per special mobile equipment engine, if the special mobile equipment is to
121	be fueled by:
122	(i) propane, natural gas, or electricity; or
123	(ii) other fuel the board determines annually on or before July 1 to be:
124	(A) at least as effective in reducing air pollution as the fuels under Subsection (2)(d)(i);
125	or
126	(B) substantially more effective in reducing air pollution than the fuel for which the
127	engine was originally designed[-]; and
128	(e) for a lease of a vehicle described in Subsection (2)(a) or (b), an amount equal to the
129	product of:
130	(i) the amount of tax credit the taxpayer would otherwise qualify to claim under
131	Subsection (2)(a) or (b) had the taxpayer purchased the vehicle, except that the purchase price
132	described in Subsection (2)(a)(i)(B) or (2)(b)(ii) is considered to be the value of the vehicle at
133	the beginning of the lease; and
134	(ii) a percentage calculated by:
135	(A) determining the difference between the value of the vehicle at the beginning of the
136	lease, as stated in the lease agreement, and the value of the vehicle at the end of the lease, as
137	stated in the lease agreement; and
138	(B) dividing the difference determined under Subsection (2)(e)(ii)(A) by the value of
139	the vehicle at the beginning of the lease, as stated in the lease agreement.
140	(3) (a) The board shall:
141	(i) determine the amount of tax credit a taxpayer is allowed under this section; and
142	(ii) provide the taxpayer with a written certification of the amount of tax credit the
143	taxpayer is allowed under this section.
144	[(3)] (b) A taxpayer shall provide proof of the purchase or lease of an item for which a
145	tax credit is allowed under this section by:
146	[(a)] (i) providing proof to the board in the form the board requires by rule;
147	[(b)] (ii) receiving a written statement from the board acknowledging receipt of the
148	proof; and
149	[(c)] (iii) retaining the written statement described in Subsection (3)(b)(ii).

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150 (c) A taxpayer shall retain the written certification described in Subsection (3)(a)(ii). (4) Except as provided by Subsection (5), the tax credit under this section is allowed 151 152 only: 153 (a) against a tax owed under this chapter or Chapter 8, Gross Receipts Tax on Certain 154 Corporations Not Required to Pay Corporate Franchise or Income Tax Act, in the taxable year 155 by the taxpayer; 156 (b) for the taxable year in which [an item] a vehicle described in Subsection (2)(a) or (b) is purchased, a vehicle described in Subsection (2)(e) is leased, or conversion equipment 157 158 described in Subsection (2)(c) or (d) is installed; and 159 (c) once per vehicle. 160 (5) A taxpayer may not assign a tax credit under this section to another person. 161  $\left[\frac{(5)}{(5)}\right]$  (6) If the amount of a tax credit claimed by a taxpayer under this section exceeds the taxpaver's tax liability under this chapter or Chapter 8. Gross Receipts Tax on Certain 162 Corporations Not Required to Pay Corporate Franchise or Income Tax Act, for a taxable year, 163 164 the amount of the tax credit exceeding the tax liability may be carried forward for a period that 165 does not exceed the next five taxable years. 166 [<del>(6)</del>] (7) In accordance with any rules prescribed by the commission under Subsection  $\left[\frac{7}{1}\right]$  (8), the commission shall transfer at least annually from the General Fund into the 167 168 Education Fund the amount by which the amount of tax credit claimed under this section for a 169 taxable year exceeds \$500,000. 170 [<del>(7)</del>] (8) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may make rules for making a transfer from the General Fund into the 171 172 Education Fund as required by Subsection [(6)] (7). 173 Section 2. Section 59-10-1009 is amended to read: 174 59-10-1009. Definitions -- Tax credits related to energy efficient vehicles. 175 (1) As used in this section: 176 (a) "Air quality standards" means that a vehicle's emissions are equal to or cleaner than 177 the standards established in [: (i) bin 2 in Table S04-1, of 40 C.F.R. 86.1811-04(c)(6); or (ii) 178 for a new qualified plug-in electric drive motor vehicle, as defined in Section 30D, Internal 179 Revenue Code,] bin 4 in Table S04-1, of 40 C.F.R. 86.1811-04(c)(6). 180 (b) "Board" means the Air Ouality Board created in Title 19, Chapter 2, Air

181	Conservation Act.
182	(c) "Certified by the board" means that:
183	(i) a motor vehicle on which conversion equipment has been installed meets the
184	following criteria:
185	(A) before the installation of conversion equipment, the vehicle does not exceed the
186	emission cut points for a transient test driving cycle, as specified in 40 C.F.R. Part 51,
187	Appendix E to Subpart S, or an equivalent test for the make, model, and year of the vehicle;
188	and
189	(B) as a result of the installation of conversion equipment on the motor vehicle, the
190	motor vehicle has reduced emissions; or
191	(ii) special mobile equipment on which conversion equipment has been installed has
192	reduced emissions.
193	(d) "Clean fuel grant" means a grant a claimant, estate, or trust receives under Title 19,
194	Chapter 1, Part 4, Clean Fuels and Vehicle Technology Program Act, for reimbursement of a
195	portion of the incremental cost of the OEM vehicle or the cost of conversion equipment.
196	(e) "Conversion equipment" means equipment referred to in Subsection (2)(c) or (d).
197	(f) "OEM vehicle" has the same meaning as in Section $19-1-402$ .
198	(g) "Original purchase" means the purchase of a vehicle that has never been titled or
199	registered and has been driven less than 7,500 miles.
200	(h) "Qualifying electric [or hybrid] vehicle" means a vehicle that:
201	(i) meets air quality standards;
202	(ii) is not fueled by natural gas;
203	(iii) is fueled by [: (A)] electricity only; [or] and
204	[(B) a combination of electricity and diesel fuel, gasoline, a mixture of gasoline and
205	ethanol, or propane; and]
206	(iv) is an OEM vehicle except that the vehicle is fueled by a fuel described in
207	Subsection (1)(h)(iii).
208	(i) "Qualifying plug-in hybrid vehicle" means a vehicle that:
209	(i) meets air quality standards;
210	(ii) is not fueled by natural gas or propane;
211	(iii) has a battery capacity that meets or exceeds the battery capacity described in

212	Section 30D(b)(3), Internal Revenue Code; and
213	(iv) is fueled by a combination of electricity and:
214	(A) diesel fuel;
215	(B) gasoline; or
216	(C) a mixture of gasoline and ethanol.
217	[(i)] (j) "Reduced emissions" means:
218	(i) for purposes of a motor vehicle on which conversion equipment has been installed,
219	that the motor vehicle's emissions of regulated pollutants, when operating on a fuel listed in
220	Subsection (2)(d)(i) or (ii), is less than the emissions were before the installation of the
221	conversion equipment, as demonstrated by:
222	(A) certification of the conversion equipment by the federal Environmental Protection
223	Agency or by a state that has certification standards recognized by the board;
224	(B) testing the motor vehicle, before and after installation of the conversion equipment,
225	in accordance with 40 C.F.R. Part 86, Control of Emissions from New and In-use Highway
226	Vehicles and Engines, using all fuel the motor vehicle is capable of using;
227	(C) for a retrofit natural gas vehicle that is retrofit in accordance with Section
228	19-1-406, testing that as a result of the retrofit, the retrofit natural gas vehicle satisfies the
229	emission standards applicable under Section 19-1-406; or
230	(D) any other test or standard recognized by board rule, made in accordance with Title
231	63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act; or
232	(ii) for purposes of special mobile equipment on which conversion equipment has been
233	installed, that the special mobile equipment's emissions of regulated pollutants, when operating
234	on fuels listed in Subsection (2)(d)(i) or (ii), is less than the emissions were before the
235	installation of conversion equipment, as demonstrated by:
236	(A) certification of the conversion equipment by the federal Environmental Protection
237	Agency or by a state that has certification standards recognized by the board; or
238	(B) any other test or standard recognized by board rule, made in accordance with Title
239	63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
240	[ <del>(j)</del> ] (k) "Special mobile equipment":
241	(i) means any mobile equipment or vehicle not designed or used primarily for the
242	transportation of persons or property; and

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243	(ii) includes construction or maintenance equipment.
244	(2) For the taxable year beginning on or after January 1, [2014] 2015, but beginning on
245	or before December 31, [2014] 2015, a claimant, estate, or trust may claim a nonrefundable tax
246	credit against tax otherwise due under this chapter in an amount equal to:
247	(a) (i) [\$605] for the original purchase of a new qualifying electric [or hybrid] vehicle
248	that is registered in this state[;], the lesser of:
249	(A) \$1,500; or
250	(B) 35% of the purchase price of the vehicle; or
251	(ii) for the original purchase of a new qualifying plug-in hybrid vehicle that is
252	registered in this state, \$1,000;
253	(b) for the <u>original</u> purchase of a <u>new</u> vehicle fueled by natural gas <u>or propane</u> that is
254	registered in this state, the lesser of:
255	(i) [ <del>\$2,500</del> ] <u>\$1,500</u> ; or
256	(ii) 35% of the purchase price of the vehicle;
257	(c) 50% of the cost of equipment for conversion, if certified by the board, of a motor
258	vehicle registered in this state minus the amount of any clean fuel conversion grant received, up
259	to a maximum tax credit of $[\frac{2,500}{2,500}]$ per vehicle, if the motor vehicle:
260	(i) is to be fueled by propane, natural gas, or electricity;
261	(ii) is to be fueled by other fuel the board determines annually on or before July 1 to be
262	at least as effective in reducing air pollution as fuels under Subsection (2)(c)(i); or
263	(iii) will meet the federal clean fuel vehicle standards in the federal Clean Air Act
264	Amendments of 1990, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 7521 et seq.; [and]
265	(d) 50% of the cost of equipment for conversion, if certified by the board, of a special
266	mobile equipment engine minus the amount of any clean fuel conversion grant received, up to a
267	maximum tax credit of \$1,000 per special mobile equipment engine, if the special mobile
268	equipment is to be fueled by:
269	(i) propane, natural gas, or electricity; or
270	(ii) other fuel the board determines annually on or before July 1 to be:
271	(A) at least as effective in reducing air pollution as the fuels under Subsection (2)(d)(i);
272	or
273	(B) substantially more effective in reducing air pollution than the fuel for which the

274	engine was originally designed[ <del>.</del> ]; and
275	(e) for a lease of a vehicle described in Subsection (2)(a) or (b), an amount equal to the
276	product of:
277	(i) the amount of tax credit the claimant, estate, or trust would otherwise qualify to
278	claim under Subsection (2)(a) or (b) had the claimant, estate, or trust purchased the vehicle,
279	except that the purchase price described in Subsection (2)(a)(i)(B) or (2)(b)(ii) is considered to
280	be the value of the vehicle at the beginning of the lease; and
281	(ii) a percentage calculated by:
282	(A) determining the difference between the value of the vehicle at the beginning of the
283	lease, as stated in the lease agreement, and the value of the vehicle at the end of the lease, as
284	stated in the lease agreement; and
285	(B) dividing the difference determined under Subsection (2)(e)(ii)(A) by the value of
286	the vehicle at the beginning of the lease, as stated in the lease agreement.
287	(3) (a) The board shall:
288	(i) determine the amount of tax credit a claimant, estate, or trust is allowed under this
289	section; and
290	(ii) provide the claimant, estate, or trust with a written certification of the amount of
291	tax credit the claimant, estate, or trust is allowed under this section.
292	[(3)] (b) A claimant, estate, or trust shall provide proof of the purchase or lease of an
293	item for which a tax credit is allowed under this section by:
294	[(a)] (i) providing proof to the board in the form the board requires by rule;
295	[(b)] (ii) receiving a written statement from the board acknowledging receipt of the
296	proof; and
297	[(c)] (iii) retaining the written statement described in Subsection (3)(b)(ii).
298	(c) A claimant, estate, or trust shall retain the written certification described in
299	Subsection (3)(a)(ii).
300	(4) Except as provided by Subsection (5), the tax credit under this section is allowed
301	only:
302	(a) against a tax owed under this chapter in the taxable year by the claimant, estate, or
303	trust;
304	(b) for the taxable year in which $[an item] \underline{a \text{ vehicle}}$ described in Subsection (2)(a) or

(b) is purchased, a vehicle described in Subsection (2)(e) is leased, or conversion equipment
described in Subsection (2)(c) or (d) is installed; and
(c) once per vehicle.
(5) A claimant, estate, or trust may not assign a tax credit under this section to another
person.
[(5)] (6) If the amount of a tax credit claimed by a claimant, estate, or trust under this
section exceeds the claimant's, estate's, or trust's tax liability under this chapter for a taxable
year, the amount of the tax credit exceeding the tax liability may be carried forward for a period
that does not exceed the next five taxable years.
[(6)] (7) In accordance with any rules prescribed by the commission under Subsection
[(7)] (8), the commission shall transfer at least annually from the General Fund into the
Education Fund the amount by which the amount of tax credit claimed under this section for a
taxable year exceeds \$500,000.
[(7)] (8) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
Act, the commission may make rules for making a transfer from the General Fund into the
Education Fund as required by Subsection [(6)] (7).
Section 3. Effective date.

322 This bill takes effect for a taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2015.