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26
      buy, or possessing an electronic cigarette product; and
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             • makes technical and conforming amendments.
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      Money Appropriated in this Bill:
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             None
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      Other Special Clauses:
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             This bill takes effect on July 1, 2014.
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      Utah Code Sections Affected:
33
      AMENDS:
34
             10-8-41.6, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 154
35
             17-50-333, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 154
36
             26-42-102, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1998, Chapter 319
37
             26-42-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 96
38
             26-42-106, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1998, Chapter 319
39
             76-10-101. as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010. Chapter 114
40
             76-10-103, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1973, Chapter 196
41
             76-10-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 114
42
             76-10-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 114
43
             76-10-105.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 114
             76-10-111, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 114
44
45
             77-39-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapters 114 and 276
46
      ENACTS:
47
             59-14a-101, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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             59-14a-102, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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             59-14a-103, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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             59-14a-104, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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      Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
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53
             Section 1. Section 10-8-41.6 is amended to read:
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             10-8-41.6. Regulation of retail tobacco specialty business.
55
             (1) As used in this section:
56
             (a) "Community location" means:
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57 (i) a public or private kindergarten, elementary, middle, junior high, or high school; 58 (ii) a licensed child-care facility or preschool; 59 (iii) a trade or technical school; (iv) a church; 60 61 (v) a public library; 62 (vi) a public playground; 63 (vii) a public park; 64 (viii) a youth center or other space used primarily for youth oriented activities; 65 (ix) a public recreational facility; or 66 (x) a public arcade. 67 (b) "Electronic cigarette product" is as defined in Section 59-14a-102. [(b)] (c) "Retail tobacco specialty business" means a commercial establishment in 68 69 which: 70 (i) the sale of tobacco products and electronic cigarette products accounts for more 71 than 35% of the total annual gross receipts for the establishment: 72 (ii) food and beverage products, excluding gasoline sales, is less than 45% of the total 73 annual gross receipts for the establishment; and 74 (iii) the establishment is not licensed as a pharmacy under Title 58. Chapter 17b. 75 Pharmacy Practice Act. 76 [(c)] (d) "Tobacco product" means: 77 (i) any cigar[;] or cigarette[, or electronic cigarette] as defined in Section 76-10-101; (ii) a tobacco product as defined in Section 59-14-102, including: 78 79 (A) chewing tobacco; or 80 (B) any substitute for a tobacco product, including flavoring or additives to tobacco; 81 and 82 (iii) tobacco paraphernalia as defined in Section 76-10-104.1. 83 (2) The regulation of a retail tobacco specialty business is an exercise of the police 84 powers of the state, and through delegation, to other governmental entities. 85 (3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (7), and beginning July 1, 2012, a municipality shall require an entity to be licensed as a retail tobacco specialty business to 86 87 conduct business as a retail tobacco specialty business in a municipality.

88 (b) A municipality may issue a retail tobacco specialty business license to an entity if 89 the entity complies with the provisions of Subsection (5). 90 (4) Except as provided in Subsection (7), and beginning July 1, 2012, a business entity that conducts a retail tobacco specialty business in a municipality shall be licensed by the 91 92 municipality as a retail tobacco specialty business. 93 (5) (a) A municipality may not issue a license to a retail tobacco specialty business if it 94 is located within: 95 (i) 1.000 feet of a community location: 96 (ii) 600 feet of another retail tobacco specialty business; or 97 (iii) 600 feet from property used or zoned for: 98 (A) agriculture use; or 99 (B) residential use. 100 (b) For purposes of Subsection (5)(a), the proximity requirements shall be measured in a straight line from the nearest entrance of the retail tobacco specialty business to the nearest 101 102 property boundary of the community location, or agricultural or residential use, without regard 103 to intervening structures or zoning districts. 104 (6) (a) Nothing in this section: 105 (i) requires a municipality to issue a business license to a retail tobacco specialty 106 business; or (ii) prohibits a municipality from adopting more restrictive requirements [on] for a 107 108 retail tobacco specialty business than provided for in this section. 109 (b) A municipality may revoke a business license issued under this section: 110 (i) if a licensee engages in a pattern of unlawful activity under Title 76, Chapter 10, 111 Part 16, Pattern of Unlawful Activity Act; (ii) if a licensee violates the regulations restricting the sale and distribution of 112 113 cigarettes and smokeless tobacco to protect children and adolescents issued by the United 114 States Food and Drug Administration, 21 C.F.R. Part 1140; or 115 (iii) under other provisions of state law or local ordinance.

exempt from Subsections (4) and (5).

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(7) (a) In accordance with Subsection (7)(b), a retail tobacco specialty business that has

a business license and is operating lawfully in a municipality on or before May 8, 2012, is

119	(b) A retail tobacco specialty business may maintain an exemption under Subsection
120	(7)(a) if:
121	(i) the business license is renewed continuously without relapse or permanent
122	revocation;
123	(ii) the retail tobacco specialty business is not closed for business or otherwise
124	suspends the sale of tobacco products or electronic cigarette products for more than 60
125	consecutive days;
126	(iii) the retail tobacco specialty business does not substantially change the business
127	premises or its business operation; and
128	(iv) the retail tobacco specialty business maintains the right to operate under the terms
129	of other applicable laws, including zoning ordinances, building codes, and the business license
130	issued prior to May 8, 2012.
131	Section 2. Section 17-50-333 is amended to read:
132	17-50-333. Regulation of retail tobacco specialty business.
133	(1) As used in this section:
134	(a) "Community location" means:
135	(i) a public or private kindergarten, elementary, middle, junior high, or high school;
136	(ii) a licensed child-care facility or preschool;
137	(iii) a trade or technical school;
138	(iv) a church;
139	(v) a public library;
140	(vi) a public playground;
141	(vii) a public park;
142	(viii) a youth center or other space used primarily for youth oriented activities;
143	(ix) a public recreational facility; or
144	(x) a public arcade.
145	(b) "Electronic cigarette product" is as defined in Section 59-14a-102.
146	[(b)] (c) "Retail tobacco specialty business" means a commercial establishment in
147	which:
148	(i) the sale of tobacco products and electronic cigarette products accounts for more
149	than 35% of the total annual gross receipts for the establishment;

150	(ii) food and beverage products, excluding gasoline sales, is less than 45% of the total
151	annual gross receipts for the establishment; and
152	(iii) the establishment is not licensed as a pharmacy under Title 58, Chapter 17b,
153	Pharmacy Practice Act.
154	[(c)] (d) "Tobacco product" means:
155	(i) any cigar[5] or cigarette[, or electronic cigarette] as defined in Section 76-10-101;
156	(ii) a tobacco product as defined in Section 59-14-102, including:
157	(A) chewing tobacco; or
158	(B) any substitute for a tobacco product, including flavoring or additives to tobacco;
159	and
160	(iii) tobacco paraphernalia as defined in Section 76-10-104.1.
161	(2) The regulation of a retail tobacco specialty business is an exercise of the police
162	powers of the state, and through delegation, to other governmental entities.
163	(3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (7), and beginning July 1, 2012, a county shall
164	require an entity to be licensed as a retail tobacco specialty business to conduct business as a
165	retail tobacco specialty business in a county.
166	(b) A county may issue a retail tobacco specialty business license to an entity if the
167	entity complies with the provisions of Subsection (5).
168	(4) Except as provided in Subsection (7), and beginning July 1, 2012, a business entity
169	that conducts a retail tobacco specialty business in a county shall be licensed by the county as a
170	retail tobacco specialty business.
171	(5) (a) A county may not issue a license to a retail tobacco specialty business if it is
172	located within:
173	(i) 1,000 feet of a community location;
174	(ii) 600 feet of another retail tobacco specialty business; or
175	(iii) 600 feet from property used or zoned for:
176	(A) agriculture use; or
177	(B) residential use.
178	(b) For purposes of Subsection (5)(a), the proximity requirements shall be measured in
179	a straight line from the nearest entrance of the retail tobacco specialty business to the nearest
180	property boundary of the community location, or agricultural or residential use, without regard

181	to intervening structures or zoning districts.
182	(6) (a) Nothing in this section:
183	(i) requires a county to issue a business license to a retail tobacco specialty business; or
184	(ii) prohibits a county from adopting more restrictive requirements [on] for a retail
185	tobacco specialty business than provided for in this section.
186	(b) A county may revoke a business license issued under this section:
187	(i) if a licensee engages in a pattern of unlawful activity under Title 76, Chapter 10,
188	Part 16, Pattern of Unlawful Activity Act;
189	(ii) if a licensee violates the regulations restricting the sale and distribution of
190	cigarettes and smokeless tobacco to protect children and adolescents issued by the United
191	States Food and Drug Administration, 21 C.F.R. Part 1140; or
192	(iii) under other provisions of state law or local ordinance.
193	(7) (a) In accordance with Subsection (7)(b), a retail tobacco specialty business that has
194	a business license and is operating lawfully in a county on or before May 8, 2012, is exempt
195	from Subsections (4) and (5).
196	(b) A retail tobacco specialty business may maintain an exemption under Subsection
197	(7)(a) if:
198	(i) the business license is renewed continuously without relapse or permanent
199	revocation;
200	(ii) the retail tobacco specialty business is not closed for business or otherwise
201	suspends the sale of tobacco products or electronic cigarette products for more than 60
202	consecutive days;
203	(iii) the retail tobacco specialty business does not substantially change the business
204	premises or its business operation; and
205	(iv) the retail tobacco specialty business maintains the right to operate under the terms
206	of other applicable laws, including zoning ordinances, building codes, and the business license
207	issued prior to May 8, 2012.
208	Section 3. Section 26-42-102 is amended to read:
209	26-42-102. Definitions.
210	As used in this chapter:
211	(1) "Commission" means the Utah State Tax Commission.

212	(2) "Electronic digarette product" is as defined in Section 59-14a-102.
213	[(2)] (3) "Employee" means an employee of a licensee.
214	[(3)] (4) "Enforcing agency" means the state Department of Health, or any local health
215	department enforcing the provisions of this chapter.
216	(5) "License" [to sell tobacco" or "license"] means a license issued under:
217	(a) [under] Section [59-14-201] <u>59-14-202</u> to sell cigarettes at retail; [or]
218	(b) [under] Section 59-14-301 to sell tobacco products at retail[-]; or
219	(c) Section 59-14a-103 to sell an electronic cigarette product.
220	[(4)] <u>(6)</u> "Licensee" means a person licensed <u>under</u> :
221	(a) [under] Section [59-14-201] <u>59-14-202</u> to sell cigarettes at retail; [or]
222	(b) [under] Section 59-14-301 to sell tobacco products at retail[-]; or
223	(c) Section 59-14a-103 to sell an electronic cigarette product.
224	[(6)] (7) "Tobacco" means cigarettes or tobacco products as defined in Section
225	59-14-102.
226	Section 4. Section 26-42-103 is amended to read:
227	26-42-103. Violations and penalties Imposition by enforcing agency and tax
228	commission.
229	(1) If, following an investigation or issuance of a citation or information under Section
230	77-39-101, an enforcing agency determines under Section 26-42-104 that a licensee or any
231	employee has sold tobacco or an electronic cigarette product to a person younger than 19 years
232	of age, as prohibited by Section 76-10-104, the enforcing agency may impose upon the licensee
233	the following administrative penalties:
234	(a) upon the first violation, a penalty of not more than \$300;
235	(b) upon a second violation at the same retail location, and within 12 months of the
236	first violation, a penalty of not more than \$750; and
237	(c) upon a third or subsequent violation at the same retail location and within 12
238	months of the first violation, a penalty of not more than \$1,000.
239	(2) The enforcing agency shall notify the commission in writing of any order or order
240	of default finding a violation of Subsection (1) which is a third or fourth violation.
241	(3) The commission, upon receipt of the written notification under Subsection (2), shall
242	take action under Section 59-14-203.5 [or], 59-14-301.5, or 59-14a-103 against the license [to

243 sell tobacco]:

- (a) by suspending <u>each of</u> the licensee's [<u>license to sell tobacco</u>] <u>licenses</u> at that location for not more than 30 days, upon receipt of notification of a third violation under Subsection (1)(c); and
- (b) by revoking <u>each of</u> the [<u>license to sell tobacco</u>] <u>licenses</u> at that location held by the licensee, including any license under suspension, upon receipt of notification of a fourth violation under Subsection (1)(c).
- (4) When the commission revokes a license under Subsection (3)(b), the commission may not issue to the licensee, or to the business entity using the license that is revoked, a license under Section 59-14-202 [or], 59-14-301 [to sell tobacco], or 59-14a-103 at the location for which the license was issued for one year after:
 - (a) the day on which the time for filing an appeal of the revocation ends; or
- (b) if the revocation is appealed, the day on which the decision to uphold the revocation becomes final.
- (5) This section does not prevent any bona fide purchaser of the business, who is not a sole proprietor, director, corporate officer, or partner or other holder of significant interest in the entity selling the business, from immediately applying for and obtaining a license [to sell tobacco].
 - Section 5. Section 26-42-106 is amended to read:

26-42-106. Recognition of licensee's training program.

- (1) In determining the amount of the monetary penalty to be imposed for an employee's violation of Section 26-42-103, the hearing officer shall reduce the penalty by at least 50% if [he] the hearing officer determines:
 - (a) the licensee has implemented a documented employee training program; and
- (b) the employee has completed that training program within 30 days of commencing duties of selling tobacco products or electronic cigarette products.
- (2) (a) If the hearing officer determines under Subsection (1), regarding a first offense at a location, that the licensee has not implemented a documented training program with a written curriculum for employees at that location regarding compliance with this chapter, the hearing officer may suspend all or a portion of the monetary penalty, contingent upon the licensee's initiating a training program for employees at that location within 30 days after the

2/4	hearing date.
275	(b) If the hearing officer determines at a subsequent hearing that the licensee has not
276	implemented the training program within the time period required under Subsection (2)(a), the
277	suspended monetary penalty shall be promptly imposed, unless the licensee demonstrates good
278	cause for granting an extension of time for implementation of the training program.
279	Section 6. Section 59-14a-101 is enacted to read:
280	CHAPTER 14a. ELECTRONIC CIGARETTE LICENSING ACT
281	<u>59-14a-101.</u> Title.
282	This chapter is known as the "Electronic Cigarette Licensing Act."
283	Section 7. Section 59-14a-102 is enacted to read:
284	<u>59-14a-102.</u> Definitions.
285	As used in this chapter:
286	(1) "Cigarette" is as defined in Section 59-14-102.
287	(2) (a) "Electronic cigarette" means:
288	(i) any device, other than a cigar, cigarette, pipe, hookah, or other heated or lighted
289	tobacco product, used to deliver or intended to deliver vapor containing nicotine to an
290	individual's respiratory system; or
291	(ii) any component of or accessory intended for use with the device described in
292	Subsection (2)(a)(i);
293	(b) "Electronic cigarette" includes an e-cigarette as defined in Section 26-38-2.
294	(3) "Electronic cigarette product" means an electronic cigarette or an electronic
295	cigarette substance.
296	(4) "Electronic cigarette substance" means any substance, including liquid containing
297	nicotine, used or intended for use in an electronic cigarette.
298	(5) "License to sell an electronic cigarette product" means a license issued by the
299	commission under Subsection 59-14a-103(3).
300	(6) "Licensee" means a person that holds a valid license to sell electronic cigarette
301	products.
302	Section 8. Section 59-14a-103 is enacted to read:
303	59-14a-103. Electronic cigarette licenses Sale.
304	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), a person may not sell, offer to sell, or

305	distribute an electronic cigarette product in Utah without first obtaining a license to sell an
306	electronic cigarette product from the commission under this section.
307	(2) A person that holds a valid license to sell cigarettes under section 59-14-202, or a
308	person that holds a valid license to sell tobacco products under Section 59-14-301, may sell,
309	offer to sell, or distribute an electronic cigarette product in Utah under the terms of this chapter.
310	(3) Except as provided in Subsection (6), the commission shall issue a license to sell an
311	electronic cigarette product to a person that:
312	(a) submits an application, on a form created by the commission, that includes:
313	(i) the person's name;
314	(ii) the address of the facility where the person will sell an electronic cigarette product;
315	<u>and</u>
316	(iii) any other information the commission requires to implement this chapter; and
317	(b) pays a fee:
318	(i) in the amount of \$30; or
319	(ii) if renewing the person's license, in the amount of \$20.
320	(4) A license described in Subsection (3) is:
321	(a) valid only at one business address;
322	(b) valid for three years; and
323	(c) renewable if a licensee meets the criteria for licensing described in Subsection (3).
324	(5) The commission may, after notifying a licensee and holding a hearing, revoke a
325	license described in Subsection (3) if the licensee violates a provision of:
326	(a) this chapter;
327	(b) Chapter 14, Cigarette and Tobacco Tax Licensing Act; or
328	(c) Section 26-42-103.
329	(6) If the commission revokes a person's license to sell an electronic cigarette product
330	under Subsection (5), the commission may not issue a license to sell an electronic cigarette
331	product, a license to sell cigarettes under Section 59-14-202, or a license to sell tobacco under
332	Section 59-14-301 to the person until one year after:
333	(a) the day on which the time for filing an appeal of the revocation ends, as determined
334	by the commission; or
335	(b) if the person appeals the commission's decision to revoke the license to sell an

226	alacturaria discursta una divet the deveni unhigh the commissionly decision to such ald the
336	electronic cigarette product, the day on which the commission's decision to uphold the
337	revocation is final.
338	(7) The commission may make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
339	Administrative Rulemaking Act, to establish the additional information described in
340	Subsection (3)(a)(iii) that a person must provide in the application described in Subsection
341	<u>(3)(a).</u>
342	(8) The commission shall maintain a list of all licensees.
343	Section 9. Section 59-14a-104 is enacted to read:
344	59-14a-104. Electronic cigarette products Internet and mail-order sales.
345	(1) As used in this section:
346	(a) "Purchaser" means a person that purchases an electronic cigarette product via a
347	remote transaction.
348	(b) "Remote transaction" includes a person's purchase or delivery of an electronic
349	cigarette product via:
350	(i) mail or delivery service;
351	(ii) telephone; or
352	(iii) Internet or other electronic communication.
353	(c) "Seller" means a person that sells or facilitates the sale of an electronic cigarette
354	product via a remote transaction.
355	(2) A person may not sell or facilitate the sale of an electronic cigarette product in a
356	remote transaction unless:
357	(a) the purchaser is licensed to sell electronic eigarette products under Section
358	<u>59-14a-103; or</u>
359	(b) (i) the purchaser is at least 19 years of age;
360	(ii) the seller verifies, using an accurate and reliable verification method, that the
361	purchaser is at least 19 years of age; and
362	(iii) the seller uses a delivery method that requires a signature from the purchaser.
363	Section 10. Section 76-10-101 is amended to read:
364	76-10-101. Definitions.
365	As used in this part:
366	(1) "Cigar" means a product that contains nicotine, is intended to be burned under

367	ordinary conditions of use, and consists of any roll of tobacco wrapped in leaf tobacco, or in
368	any substance containing tobacco, other than any roll of tobacco that is a cigarette as described
369	in Subsection (2).
370	(2) "Cigarette" means a product that contains nicotine, is intended to be burned under
371	ordinary conditions of use, and consists of:
372	(a) any roll of tobacco wrapped in paper or in any substance not containing tobacco; or
373	(b) any roll of tobacco wrapped in any substance containing tobacco which, because of
374	its appearance, the type of tobacco used in the filler, or its packaging and labeling, is likely to
375	be offered to, or purchased by, consumers as a cigarette described in Subsection (2)(a).
376	(3) "Electronic cigarette" is as defined in Section 59-14a-102.
377	[(3)] (4) "Electronic cigarette product" [means any device, other than a cigarette or
378	cigar, intended to deliver vapor containing nicotine into a person's respiratory system] is as
379	defined in Section 59-14a-102.
380	[(4)] <u>(5)</u> "Place of business" includes:
381	(a) a shop;
382	(b) a store;
383	(c) a factory;
384	(d) a public garage;
385	(e) an office;
386	(f) a theater;
387	(g) a recreation hall;
388	(h) a dance hall;
389	(i) a poolroom;
390	(j) a café;
391	(k) a cafeteria;
392	(l) a cabaret;
393	(m) a restaurant;
394	(n) a hotel;
395	(o) a lodging house;
396	(p) a streetcar;
397	(q) a bus;

398	(r) an interurban or railway passenger coach;
399	(s) a waiting room; and
400	(t) any other place of business.
401	[(5)] (6) "Smoking" means the possession of any lighted cigar, cigarette, pipe, or other
402	lighted smoking equipment.
403	Section 11. Section 76-10-103 is amended to read:
404	76-10-103. Permitting minors to use tobacco or an electronic cigarette product in
405	place of business.
406	It is a class C misdemeanor for the proprietor of any place of business to knowingly
407	permit [persons under age] an individual who is less than 19 [to frequent a place of business
408	while they are using tobacco] years of age to smoke or to use an electronic cigarette in the place
409	of business.
410	Section 12. Section 76-10-104 is amended to read:
411	76-10-104. Providing a cigar, cigarette, electronic cigarette, or tobacco to a minor
412	Penalties.
413	(1) Any person who knowingly, intentionally, recklessly, or with criminal negligence
414	provides any cigar, cigarette, electronic cigarette product, or tobacco in any form, to any person
415	under 19 years of age, is guilty of a class C misdemeanor on the first offense, a class B
416	misdemeanor on the second offense, and a class A misdemeanor on subsequent offenses.
417	(2) For purposes of this section "provides":
418	(a) includes selling, giving, furnishing, sending, or causing to be sent; and
419	(b) does not include the acts of the United States Postal Service or other common
420	carrier when engaged in the business of transporting and delivering packages for others or the
421	acts of a person, whether compensated or not, who transports or delivers a package for another
422	person without any reason to know of the package's content.
423	Section 13. Section 76-10-105 is amended to read:
424	76-10-105. Buying or possessing a cigar, cigarette, electronic cigarette, or tobacco
425	by a minor Penalty Compliance officer authority Juvenile court jurisdiction.
426	(1) Any [18 year old person] individual who is 18 years of age who buys or attempts to
427	buy, accepts, or has in the [person's] individual's possession any cigar, cigarette, electronic
428	cigarette product, or tobacco in any form is guilty of a class C misdemeanor and subject to:

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429 (a) a minimum fine or penalty of \$60; and 430 (b) participation in a court-approved tobacco education program, which may include a 431 participation fee. (2) Any [person under the age of 18] individual who is less than 18 years of age who 432 433 buys or attempts to buy, accepts, or has in the [person's] individual's possession any cigar, 434 cigarette, electronic cigarette product, or tobacco in any form is subject to the jurisdiction of 435 the Juvenile Court and: 436 (a) a minimum fine or penalty of \$60; and 437 (b) participation in a court-approved tobacco education program, which may include a 438 participation fee. 439 (3) A compliance officer appointed by a board of education under Section 53A-3-402 440 may issue citations for violations of this section committed on school property. Cited 441 violations shall be reported to the appropriate juvenile court. 442 Section 14. Section **76-10-105.1** is amended to read: 443 76-10-105.1. Requirement of direct, face-to-face sale of tobacco products and electronic cigarettes -- Supremacy clause -- Penalties. 444 445 (1) As used in this section: 446 (a) "Cigarette tobacco" means a product that consists of loose tobacco that contains or 447 delivers nicotine and is intended for use by a consumer in a cigarette. 448 (b) "Pipe tobacco" means a product that consists of loose tobacco that contains or 449 delivers nicotine and is intended to be smoked by a consumer in a pipe. 450 (c) "Retailer" means a person who sells cigarettes, electronic cigarettes, cigars, 451 cigarette tobacco, pipe tobacco, or smokeless tobacco to individuals for personal consumption 452 or who operates a facility where a vending machine or a self-service display is permitted under 453 Subsection (3)(b). (d) "Self-service display" means a display of cigarettes, electronic cigarettes, cigars. 454 455 cigarette tobacco, pipe tobacco, or smokeless tobacco products to which the public has access 456 without the intervention of a retail employee. 457 (e) "Smokeless tobacco" means a product that consists of cut, ground, powdered, or 458 leaf tobacco that contains nicotine and that is intended to be placed in the oral cavity.

(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3), a retailer may sell cigarettes, electronic

460 [cigarettes] cigarette products, cigars, cigarette tobacco, pipe tobacco, and smokeless tobacco 461 only in a direct, face-to-face exchange between:

- (i) an employee of the retailer; and
- (ii) the purchaser.

- (b) Examples of methods that are not permitted include vending machines and self-service displays.
- (c) Subsections (2)(a) and (b) do not prohibit the use or display of locked cabinets containing cigarettes, electronic [cigarettes] cigarette products, cigars, cigarette tobacco, pipe tobacco, or smokeless tobacco if the locked cabinets are accessible only to the retailer or the retailer's employees.
 - (3) The following sales are permitted as exceptions to Subsection (2):
 - (a) mail-order sales, if the provisions of Section 59-14-509 are met;
- (b) sales from vending machines, including vending machines that sell packaged, single cigarettes or cigars, and self-service displays that are located in a separate and defined area within a facility where the retailer ensures that no person younger than 19 years of age is present, or permitted to enter, at any time, unless accompanied by a parent or legal guardian; and
- (c) sales by a retailer from a retail store [which] that derives at least 80% of its revenue from tobacco, [and] tobacco related products, and electronic cigarette products, and where the retailer ensures that no person younger than 19 years of age is present, or permitted to enter at any time, unless accompanied by a parent or legal guardian.
- (4) Any ordinance, regulation, or rule adopted by the governing body of a political subdivision of the state or by a state agency that affects the sale, placement, or display of cigarettes, electronic [cigarettes] cigarette products, cigars, cigarette tobacco, pipe tobacco, or smokeless tobacco that is not essentially identical to the provisions of this section and Section 76-10-102 is superseded.
- (5) (a) A parent or legal guardian who accompanies a person younger than 19 years of age into an area described in Subsection (3)(b) or into a retail store as described in Subsection (3)(c) and permits the person younger than 19 years of age to purchase or otherwise take a cigar, cigarette, electronic cigarette <u>product</u>, or tobacco in any form is guilty of providing tobacco as provided for in Section 76-10-104 and the penalties provided for in that section.

491	(b) Nothing in this section may be construed as permitting a person to provide tobacco
492	to a minor in violation of Section 76-10-104.
493	(6) Violation of Subsection (2) or (3) is a:
494	(a) class C misdemeanor on the first offense;
495	(b) class B misdemeanor on the second offense; and
496	(c) class A misdemeanor on the third and all subsequent offenses.
497	Section 15. Section 76-10-111 is amended to read:
498	76-10-111. Prohibition of gift or free distribution of smokeless tobacco or
499	electronic cigarette products Exceptions.
500	(1) The Legislature finds that:
501	(a) smokeless tobacco, or chewing tobacco, is harmful to the health of individuals who
502	use those products because research indicates that they may cause mouth or oral cancers;
503	(b) the use of smokeless tobacco among juveniles in this state is increasing rapidly;
504	(c) the use of electronic [cigarettes] cigarette products may lead to unhealthy behavior
505	such as the use of tobacco products; and
506	(d) it is necessary to restrict the gift of the products described in this Subsection (1) in
507	the interest of the health of the citizens of this state.
508	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), it is unlawful for a manufacturer, wholesaler,
509	and retailer to give or distribute without charge any smokeless tobacco, chewing tobacco, or
510	electronic cigarette product in this state. Any person who violates this section is guilty of a
511	class C misdemeanor for the first offense, and is guilty of a class B misdemeanor for any
512	subsequent offense.
513	(3) (a) Smokeless tobacco, chewing tobacco, or an electronic cigarette product may be
514	distributed to adults without charge at professional conventions where the general public is
515	excluded.
516	(b) Subsection (2) does not apply to a retailer, manufacturer, or distributor who gives
517	smokeless tobacco, chewing tobacco, or an electronic cigarette product to a person of legal age
518	upon the person's purchase of another tobacco product or electronic cigarette product.
519	Section 16. Section 77-39-101 is amended to read:
520	77-39-101. Investigation of sales of alcohol, tobacco, and electronic cigarettes to
521	underage persons.

522	(1) As used in this section, "electronic eigarette <u>product</u> " is as defined in Section
523	[76-10-101] <u>59-14a-102</u> .
524	(2) (a) A peace officer, as defined by Title 53, Chapter 13, Peace Officer
525	Classifications, may investigate the possible violation of:
526	(i) Section 32B-4-403 by requesting an individual under the age of 21 years to enter
527	into and attempt to purchase or make a purchase of alcohol from a retail establishment; or
528	(ii) Section 76-10-104 by requesting an individual under the age of 19 years to enter
529	into and attempt to purchase or make a purchase from a retail establishment of:
530	(A) a cigar;
531	(B) a cigarette;
532	(C) tobacco in any form; or
533	(D) an electronic cigarette <u>product</u> .
534	(b) A peace officer who is present at the site of a proposed purchase shall direct,
535	supervise, and monitor the individual requested to make the purchase.
536	(c) Immediately following a purchase or attempted purchase or as soon as practical the
537	supervising peace officer shall inform the cashier and the proprietor or manager of the retail
538	establishment that the attempted purchaser was under the legal age to purchase:
539	(i) alcohol; or
540	(ii) (A) a cigar;
541	(B) a cigarette;
542	(C) tobacco in any form; or
543	(D) an electronic cigarette <u>product</u> .
544	(d) If a citation or information is issued, it shall be issued within seven days of the
545	purchase.
546	(3) (a) If an individual under the age of 18 years old is requested to attempt a purchase,
547	a written consent of that individual's parent or guardian shall be obtained prior to that
548	individual participating in any attempted purchase.
549	(b) An individual requested by the peace officer to attempt a purchase may:
550	(i) be a trained volunteer; or
551	(ii) receive payment, but may not be paid based on the number of successful purchases
552	of alcohol, tobacco, or an electronic cigarette product.

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553	(4) The individual requested by the peace officer to attempt a purchase and anyone
554	accompanying the individual attempting a purchase may not during the attempted purchase
555	misrepresent the age of the individual by false or misleading identification documentation in
556	attempting the purchase.
557	(5) An individual requested to attempt to purchase or make a purchase pursuant to this
558	section is immune from prosecution, suit, or civil liability for the purchase of, attempted
559	purchase of, or possession of alcohol, a cigar, a cigarette, tobacco in any form, or an electronic
560	cigarette product if a peace officer directs, supervises, and monitors the individual.
561	(6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), a purchase attempted under this section
562	shall be conducted:
563	(i) on a random basis; and
564	(ii) within a 12-month period at any one retail establishment location not more often
565	than:
566	(A) four times for the attempted purchase of:
567	(I) a cigar;
568	(II) a cigarette;
569	(III) tobacco in any form; or
570	(IV) an electronic cigarette product; and
571	(B) four times for the attempted purchase of alcohol.
572	(b) Nothing in this section shall prohibit an investigation under this section if:
573	(i) there is reasonable suspicion to believe the retail establishment has sold alcohol, a
574	cigar, a cigarette, tobacco in any form, or an electronic cigarette product to an individual under
575	the age established by Section 32B-4-403 or 76-10-104; and
576	(ii) the supervising peace officer makes a written record of the grounds for the
577	reasonable suspicion.
578	(7) (a) The peace officer exercising direction, supervision, and monitoring of the
579	attempted purchase shall make a report of the attempted purchase, whether or not a purchase
580	was made.
581	(b) The report required by this Subsection (7) shall include:
582	(i) the name of the supervising peace officer;
583	(ii) the name of the individual attempting the purchase;

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585	individual appeared at the time of the attempted purchase;
586	(iv) the name and description of the cashier or proprietor from whom the individual
587	attempted the purchase;
888	(v) the name and address of the retail establishment; and
589	(vi) the date and time of the attempted purchase.
590	Section 17. Effective date.
591	This bill takes effect on July 1, 2014.