REGULATION OF ELECTRONIC CIGARETTES



26	 prohibits a business owner from allowing a minor to use an electronic cigarette in
27	the business;
28	 prohibits a person from ordering electronic cigarette products by mail, phone, or
29	Internet without a license;
30	 prohibits an individual who is less than 19 years of age from buying, attempting to
31	buy, or possessing an electronic cigarette product; and
32	makes technical and conforming amendments.
33	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
34	None
35	Other Special Clauses:
36	This bill takes effect on July 1, 2014.
37	Utah Code Sections Affected:
38	AMENDS:
39	10-8-41.6, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 154
40	17-50-333, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 154
41	26-42-102, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1998, Chapter 319
42	26-42-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 96
43	26-42-106, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1998, Chapter 319
44	59-14-509, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 341
45	76-10-101 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 114
46	76-10-103, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1973, Chapter 196
47	76-10-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 114
48	76-10-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 114
49	76-10-105.1 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 114
50	76-10-111, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 114
51	77-39-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapters 114 and 276
52	ENACTS:
53	26-55-101 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
54	26-55-102, Utah Code Annotated 1953
55	26-55-103, Utah Code Annotated 1953
56	59-14a-101 , Utah Code Annotated 1953

59-14a-102 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
59-14a-103 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 10-8-41.6 is amended to read:
10-8-41.6. Regulation of retail tobacco specialty business.
(1) As used in this section:
(a) "Community location" means:
(i) a public or private kindergarten, elementary, middle, junior high, or high school;
(ii) a licensed child-care facility or preschool;
(iii) a trade or technical school;
(iv) a church;
(v) a public library;
(vi) a public playground;
(vii) a public park;
(viii) a youth center or other space used primarily for youth oriented activities;
(ix) a public recreational facility; or
(x) a public arcade.
(b) "Electronic cigarette product" is as defined in Section 26-55-102.
[(b)] (c) "Retail tobacco specialty business" means a commercial establishment in
which:
(i) the sale of tobacco products and electronic cigarette products accounts for more
than 35% of the total annual gross receipts for the establishment;
(ii) food and beverage products, excluding gasoline sales, is less than 45% of the total
annual gross receipts for the establishment; and
(iii) the establishment is not licensed as a pharmacy under Title 58, Chapter 17b,
Pharmacy Practice Act.
[(c)] (d) "Tobacco product" means:
(i) any cigar[,] or cigarette[, or electronic cigarette] as defined in Section 76-10-101;
(ii) a tobacco product as defined in Section 59-14-102, including:
(A) chewing tobacco; or

88 (B) any substitute for a tobacco product, including flavoring or additives to tobacco; 89 and 90 (iii) tobacco paraphernalia as defined in Section 76-10-104.1. 91 (2) The regulation of a retail tobacco specialty business is an exercise of the police 92 powers of the state, and through delegation, to other governmental entities. 93 (3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (7), and beginning July 1, 2012, a 94 municipality shall require an entity to be licensed as a retail tobacco specialty business to conduct business as a retail tobacco specialty business in a municipality. 95 96 (b) A municipality may issue a retail tobacco specialty business license to an entity if the entity complies with the provisions of Subsection (5). 97 98 (4) Except as provided in Subsection (7), and beginning July 1, 2012, a business entity 99 that conducts a retail tobacco specialty business in a municipality shall be licensed by the 100 municipality as a retail tobacco specialty business. 101 (5) (a) A municipality may not issue a license to a retail tobacco specialty business if it 102 is located within: 103 (i) 1,000 feet of a community location; 104 (ii) 600 feet of another retail tobacco specialty business; or (iii) 600 feet from property used or zoned for: 105 106 (A) agriculture use; or 107 (B) residential use. 108 (b) For purposes of Subsection (5)(a), the proximity requirements shall be measured in 109 a straight line from the nearest entrance of the retail tobacco specialty business to the nearest 110 property boundary of the community location, or agricultural or residential use, without regard 111 to intervening structures or zoning districts. 112 (6) (a) Nothing in this section: 113 (i) requires a municipality to issue a business license to a retail tobacco specialty 114 business; or 115 (ii) prohibits a municipality from adopting more restrictive requirements [on] for a 116 retail tobacco specialty business than provided for in this section. 117 (b) A municipality may revoke a business license issued under this section:

(i) if a licensee engages in a pattern of unlawful activity under Title 76, Chapter 10,

119	Part 16, Pattern of Unlawful Activity Act;
120	(ii) if a licensee violates the regulations restricting the sale and distribution of
121	cigarettes and smokeless tobacco to protect children and adolescents issued by the United
122	States Food and Drug Administration, 21 C.F.R. Part 1140; or
123	(iii) under other provisions of state law or local ordinance.
124	(7) (a) In accordance with Subsection (7)(b), a retail tobacco specialty business that has
125	a business license and is operating lawfully in a municipality on or before May 8, 2012, is
126	exempt from Subsections (4) and (5).
127	(b) A retail tobacco specialty business may maintain an exemption under Subsection
128	(7)(a) if:
129	(i) the business license is renewed continuously without relapse or permanent
130	revocation;
131	(ii) the retail tobacco specialty business is not closed for business or otherwise
132	suspends the sale of tobacco products or electronic cigarette products for more than 60
133	consecutive days;
134	(iii) the retail tobacco specialty business does not substantially change the business
135	premises or its business operation; and
136	(iv) the retail tobacco specialty business maintains the right to operate under the terms
137	of other applicable laws, including zoning ordinances, building codes, and the business license
138	issued prior to May 8, 2012.
139	Section 2. Section 17-50-333 is amended to read:
140	17-50-333. Regulation of retail tobacco specialty business.
141	(1) As used in this section:
142	(a) "Community location" means:
143	(i) a public or private kindergarten, elementary, middle, junior high, or high school;
144	(ii) a licensed child-care facility or preschool;
145	(iii) a trade or technical school;
146	(iv) a church;
147	(v) a public library;
148	(vi) a public playground;
149	(vii) a public park;

150	(viii) a youth center or other space used primarily for youth oriented activities;
151	(ix) a public recreational facility; or
152	(x) a public arcade.
153	(b) "Electronic cigarette product" is as defined in Section 26-55-102.
154	[(b)] (c) "Retail tobacco specialty business" means a commercial establishment in
155	which:
156	(i) the sale of tobacco products and electronic cigarette products accounts for more
157	than 35% of the total annual gross receipts for the establishment;
158	(ii) food and beverage products, excluding gasoline sales, is less than 45% of the total
159	annual gross receipts for the establishment; and
160	(iii) the establishment is not licensed as a pharmacy under Title 58, Chapter 17b,
161	Pharmacy Practice Act.
162	[(e)] (d) "Tobacco product" means:
163	(i) any cigar[;] or cigarette[, or electronic cigarette] as defined in Section 76-10-101;
164	(ii) a tobacco product as defined in Section 59-14-102, including:
165	(A) chewing tobacco; or
166	(B) any substitute for a tobacco product, including flavoring or additives to tobacco;
167	and
168	(iii) tobacco paraphernalia as defined in Section 76-10-104.1.
169	(2) The regulation of a retail tobacco specialty business is an exercise of the police
170	powers of the state, and through delegation, to other governmental entities.
171	(3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (7), and beginning July 1, 2012, a county shall
172	require an entity to be licensed as a retail tobacco specialty business to conduct business as a
173	retail tobacco specialty business in a county.
174	(b) A county may issue a retail tobacco specialty business license to an entity if the
175	entity complies with the provisions of Subsection (5).
176	(4) Except as provided in Subsection (7), and beginning July 1, 2012, a business entity
177	that conducts a retail tobacco specialty business in a county shall be licensed by the county as a
178	retail tobacco specialty business.
179	(5) (a) A county may not issue a license to a retail tobacco specialty business if it is
180	located within:

181 (i) 1,000 feet of a community location; 182 (ii) 600 feet of another retail tobacco specialty business; or 183 (iii) 600 feet from property used or zoned for: 184 (A) agriculture use; or 185 (B) residential use. 186 (b) For purposes of Subsection (5)(a), the proximity requirements shall be measured in 187 a straight line from the nearest entrance of the retail tobacco specialty business to the nearest 188 property boundary of the community location, or agricultural or residential use, without regard 189 to intervening structures or zoning districts. 190 (6) (a) Nothing in this section: 191 (i) requires a county to issue a business license to a retail tobacco specialty business; or 192 (ii) prohibits a county from adopting more restrictive requirements [on] for a retail 193 tobacco specialty business than provided for in this section. 194 (b) A county may revoke a business license issued under this section: 195 (i) if a licensee engages in a pattern of unlawful activity under Title 76, Chapter 10, 196 Part 16, Pattern of Unlawful Activity Act; 197 (ii) if a licensee violates the regulations restricting the sale and distribution of 198 cigarettes and smokeless tobacco to protect children and adolescents issued by the United 199 States Food and Drug Administration, 21 C.F.R. Part 1140; or 200 (iii) under other provisions of state law or local ordinance. 201 (7) (a) In accordance with Subsection (7)(b), a retail tobacco specialty business that has 202 a business license and is operating lawfully in a county on or before May 8, 2012, is exempt 203 from Subsections (4) and (5). 204 (b) A retail tobacco specialty business may maintain an exemption under Subsection 205 (7)(a) if: 206 (i) the business license is renewed continuously without relapse or permanent 207 revocation; 208 (ii) the retail tobacco specialty business is not closed for business or otherwise 209 suspends the sale of tobacco products or electronic cigarette products for more than 60 210 consecutive days; 211 (iii) the retail tobacco specialty business does not substantially change the business

212	premises or its business operation; and
213	(iv) the retail tobacco specialty business maintains the right to operate under the terms
214	of other applicable laws, including zoning ordinances, building codes, and the business license
215	issued prior to May 8, 2012.
216	Section 3. Section 26-42-102 is amended to read:
217	26-42-102. Definitions.
218	As used in this chapter:
219	(1) "Commission" means the Utah State Tax Commission.
220	(2) "Electronic cigarette product" is as defined in Section 26-55-102.
221	[(2)] (3) "Employee" means an employee of a licensee.
222	[(3)] (4) "Enforcing agency" means the state Department of Health, or any local health
223	department enforcing the provisions of this chapter.
224	(5) "License" [to sell tobacco" or "license"] means a license issued <u>under</u> :
225	(a) [under] Section [59-14-201] <u>59-14-202</u> to sell cigarettes at retail; [or]
226	(b) [under] Section 59-14-301 to sell tobacco products at retail[-]; or
227	(c) Section 59-14a-103 to sell an electronic eigarette product.
228	[(4)] <u>(6)</u> "Licensee" means a person licensed <u>under</u> :
229	(a) [under] Section [59-14-201] <u>59-14-202</u> to sell cigarettes at retail; [or]
230	(b) [under] Section 59-14-301 to sell tobacco products at retail[:]; or
231	(c) Section 59-14a-103 to sell an electronic cigarette product.
232	[(6)] <u>(7)</u> "Tobacco" means cigarettes or tobacco products as defined in Section
233	59-14-102.
234	Section 4. Section 26-42-103 is amended to read:
235	26-42-103. Violations and penalties Imposition by enforcing agency and tax
236	commission.
237	(1) If, following an investigation or issuance of a citation or information under Section
238	77-39-101, an enforcing agency determines under Section 26-42-104 that a licensee or any
239	employee has sold tobacco or an electronic cigarette product to a person younger than 19 years
240	of age, as prohibited by Section 76-10-104, the enforcing agency may impose upon the licensee
241	the following administrative penalties:
242	(a) upon the first violation, a penalty of not more than \$300;

- 243 (b) upon a second violation at the same retail location, and within 12 months of the 244 first violation, a penalty of not more than \$750; and 245 (c) upon a third or subsequent violation at the same retail location and within 12 months of the first violation, a penalty of not more than \$1,000. 246 247 (2) The enforcing agency shall notify the commission in writing of any order or order 248 of default finding a violation of Subsection (1) which is a third or fourth violation. 249 (3) The commission, upon receipt of the written notification under Subsection (2), shall take action under Section 59-14-203.5 [or], 59-14-301.5, or 59-14a-103 against the license [to 250 251 sell tobacco]: 252 (a) by suspending each of the licensee's [license to sell tobacco] licenses at that 253 location for not more than 30 days, upon receipt of notification of a third violation under 254 Subsection (1)(c); and 255 (b) by revoking each of the [license to sell tobacco] licenses at that location held by the licensee, including any license under suspension, upon receipt of notification of a fourth 256 257 violation under Subsection (1)(c). 258 (4) When the commission revokes a license under Subsection (3)(b), the commission 259 may not issue to the licensee, or to the business entity using the license that is revoked, a license under Section 59-14-202 [or], 59-14-301 [to sell tobacco], or 59-14a-103 at the location 260 261 for which the license was issued for one year after: (a) the day on which the time for filing an appeal of the revocation ends; or 262 (b) if the revocation is appealed, the day on which the decision to uphold the 263 264 revocation becomes final. 265 (5) This section does not prevent any bona fide purchaser of the business, who is not a 266 sole proprietor, director, corporate officer, or partner or other holder of significant interest in 267 the entity selling the business, from immediately applying for and obtaining a license [to sell 268 tobacco]. 269 Section 5. Section **26-42-106** is amended to read:
 - (1) In determining the amount of the monetary penalty to be imposed for an employee's violation of Section 26-42-103, the hearing officer shall reduce the penalty by at least 50% if

26-42-106. Recognition of licensee's training program.

[he] the hearing officer determines: 273

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274	(a) the licensee has implemented a documented employee training program; and
275	(b) the employee has completed that training program within 30 days of commencing
276	duties of selling tobacco products or electronic cigarette products.
277	(2) (a) If the hearing officer determines under Subsection (1), regarding a first offense
278	at a location, that the licensee has not implemented a documented training program with a
279	written curriculum for employees at that location regarding compliance with this chapter, the
280	hearing officer may suspend all or a portion of the monetary penalty, contingent upon the
281	licensee's initiating a training program for employees at that location within 30 days after the
282	hearing date.
283	(b) If the hearing officer determines at a subsequent hearing that the licensee has not
284	implemented the training program within the time period required under Subsection (2)(a), the
285	suspended monetary penalty shall be promptly imposed, unless the licensee demonstrates good
286	cause for granting an extension of time for implementation of the training program.
287	Section 6. Section 26-55-101 is enacted to read:
288	CHAPTER 55. ELECTRONIC CIGARETTE REGULATION ACT
289	26-55-101. Title.
290	This chapter is known as the "Electronic Cigarette Regulation Act."
291	Section 7. Section 26-55-102 is enacted to read:
292	26-55-102. Definitions.
293	As used in this chapter:
294	(1) "Cigarette" is as defined in Section 59-14-102.
295	(2) (a) "Electronic cigarette" means:
296	(i) any device, other than a cigar, cigarette, pipe, hookah, or other heated or lighted
297	tobacco product, used to deliver or intended to deliver vapor containing nicotine to an
298	individual's respiratory system; or
299	(ii) any component of or accessory intended for use with the device described in
300	Subsection (2)(a)(i);
301	(b) "Electronic cigarette" includes an e-cigarette, as defined in Section 26-38-2.
302	(3) "Electronic cigarette product" means an electronic cigarette or an electronic
303	cigarette substance.
304	(4) "Electronic cigarette substance" means any substance, including liquid containing

305	nicotine, used or intended for use in an electronic cigarette.
306	(5) "Manufacture" includes:
307	(a) to cast, construct, or make electronic cigarettes; or
308	(b) to blend, make, process, or prepare an electronic cigarette substance.
309	(6) "Pharmaceutical-grade nicotine" means nicotine that meets the specifications of the
310	United States Pharmacopeia for food-grade or pharmaceutical-grade nicotine.
311	Section 8. Section 26-55-103 is enacted to read:
312	26-55-103. Electronic cigarette products Labeling Manufacturing and quality
313	control standards Low-grade nicotine Advertising.
314	(1) A person may not sell, offer to sell, or distribute an electronic cigarette product in
315	Utah unless the electronic cigarette product:
316	(a) complies with the product quality standards established by the department under
317	Subsection (4)(a); and
318	(b) has a label that includes the electronic cigarette product's:
319	(i) manufacturer name;
320	(ii) ingredients;
321	(iii) nicotine content; and
322	(iv) any other information required by the department;
323	(2) A person may not sell, offer to sell, or distribute an electronic cigarette product that
324	contains nicotine that is not pharmaceutical-grade nicotine.
325	(3) A person may not advertise an electronic cigarette product as a cigarette or tobacco
326	cessation device.
327	(4) The department shall make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
328	Administrative Rulemaking Act, that establish:
329	(a) product quality standards for electronic cigarette products, including standards for:
330	(i) packaging, leak-proofing and child-proofing; and
331	(ii) ingredient content and quality; and
332	(b) the labeling information required under Subsection (1)(b).
333	Section 9. Section 59-14-509 is amended to read:
334	59-14-509. Restrictions on mail order or Internet sales.
335	(1) For nurposes of this section:

336	(a) "Distributor" means a person, wherever residing or located, who:
337	(i) is licensed in this state to purchase non-taxed tobacco products; and
338	(ii) stores, sells, or otherwise disposes of tobacco products.
339	(b) "Electronic cigarette product" is as defined in Section 59-14a-102.
340	[(b)] (c) "Licensed person" [is] means:
341	(i) a licensed person as defined in Subsection 59-14-409(1)[-]; or
342	(ii) a person licensed under Section 59-14a-103.
343	[(c)] (d) "Order or purchase" includes:
344	(i) by mail or delivery service;
345	(ii) through the Internet or computer network;
346	(iii) by telephone; or
347	(iv) through some other electronic method.
348	[(d)] (e) "Retailer" means any person who sells [tobacco products to consumers] or
349	offers to sell a cigarette, tobacco product, or electronic cigarette product to a consumer for
350	personal consumption.
351	(2) A person, distributor, manufacturer, or retailer shall not:
352	(a) cause [tobacco products or cigarettes as defined in Section 59-22-202] a cigarette,
353	tobacco product, or electronic cigarette product to be ordered or purchased by anyone other
354	than a licensed person; or
355	(b) knowingly provide substantial assistance to a person who violates this section.
356	(3) (a) Each order or purchase of a [tobacco product or cigarettes as defined in Section
357	59-22-202] cigarette, tobacco product, or electronic cigarette product in violation of Subsection
358	(2) shall constitute a separate violation under this section.
359	(b) In addition to the penalties in Subsection (4), a person who violates this section is
360	subject to:
361	(i) a civil penalty in an amount not to exceed \$5,000 for each violation of this section;
362	(ii) an injunction to restrain a threatened or actual violation of this section; and
363	(iii) recovery by the state for:
364	(A) the costs of investigation;
365	(B) the cost of expert witness fees;
366	(C) the cost of the action; and

367	(D) reasonable attorney's fees.
368	(4) A person who knowingly violates this section has engaged in an unfair and
369	deceptive trade practice in violation of Title 13, Chapter 5, Unfair Practices Act, and the court
370	shall order any profits, gain, gross receipts, or other benefit from the violation to be disgorged
371	and paid to the state treasurer for deposit in the General Fund.
372	Section 10. Section 59-14a-101 is enacted to read:
373	CHAPTER 14a. ELECTRONIC CIGARETTE LICENSING ACT
374	<u>59-14a-101.</u> Title.
375	This chapter is known as the "Electronic Cigarette Licensing Act."
376	Section 11. Section 59-14a-102 is enacted to read:
377	<u>59-14a-102.</u> Definitions.
378	As used in this chapter:
379	(1) "Cigarette" is as defined in Section 59-14-102.
380	(2) (a) "Electronic cigarette" means:
381	(i) any device, other than a cigar, cigarette, pipe, hookah, or other heated or lighted
382	tobacco product, used to deliver or intended to deliver vapor containing nicotine to an
383	individual's respiratory system; or
384	(ii) any component of or accessory intended for use with the device described in
385	Subsection (2)(a)(i);
386	(b) "Electronic cigarette" includes an e-cigarette as defined in Section 26-38-2.
387	(3) "Electronic cigarette product" means an electronic cigarette or an electronic
388	cigarette substance.
389	(4) "Electronic cigarette substance" means any substance, including liquid containing
390	nicotine, used or intended for use in an electronic cigarette.
391	(5) "License to sell an electronic cigarette product" means a license issued by the
392	commission under Subsection 59-14a-103(3).
393	(6) "Licensee" means a person that holds a valid license to sell electronic cigarette
394	products.
395	Section 12. Section 59-14a-103 is enacted to read:
396	<u>59-14a-103.</u> Electronic cigarette licenses Sale.
397	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), a person may not sell, offer to sell, or

398	distribute an electronic cigarette product in Utah without first obtaining a license to sell an
399	electronic cigarette product from the commission under this section.
400	(2) A person that holds a valid license to sell cigarettes under section 59-14-202, or a
401	person that holds a valid license to sell tobacco products under Section 59-14-301, may sell,
402	offer to sell, or distribute an electronic cigarette product in Utah under the terms of this chapter.
403	(3) Except as provided in Subsection (6), the commission shall issue a license to sell an
404	electronic cigarette product to a person that:
405	(a) submits an application, on a form created by the commission, that includes:
406	(i) the person's name;
407	(ii) the address of the facility where the person will sell an electronic cigarette product;
408	<u>and</u>
409	(iii) any other information the commission requires to implement this chapter; and
410	(b) pays a fee:
411	(i) in the amount of \$30; or
412	(ii) if renewing the person's license, in the amount of \$20.
413	(4) A license described in Subsection (3) is:
414	(a) valid only at one business address;
415	(b) valid for three years; and
416	(c) renewable if a licensee meets the criteria for licensing described in Subsection (3).
417	(5) The commission may, after notifying a licensee and holding a hearing, revoke a
418	license described in Subsection (3) if the licensee violates a provision of:
419	(a) this chapter;
420	(b) Chapter 14, Cigarette and Tobacco Tax Licensing Act; or
421	(c) Section 26-42-103.
422	(6) If the commission revokes a person's license to sell an electronic cigarette product
423	under Subsection (5), the commission may not issue a license to sell an electronic cigarette
424	product, a license to sell cigarettes under Section 59-14-202, or a license to sell tobacco under
425	Section 59-14-301 to the person until one year after:
426	(a) the day on which the time for filing an appeal of the revocation ends, as determined
427	by the commission; or
428	(b) if the person appeals the commission's decision to revoke the license to sell an

429	electronic cigarette product, the day on which the commission's decision to uphold the
430	revocation is final.
431	(7) The commission may make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
432	Administrative Rulemaking Act, to establish the additional information described in
433	Subsection (3)(a)(iii) that a person must provide in the application described in Subsection
434	<u>(3)(a).</u>
435	(8) The commission shall maintain a list of all licensees.
436	Section 13. Section 76-10-101 is amended to read:
437	76-10-101. Definitions.
438	As used in this part:
439	(1) "Cigar" means a product that contains nicotine, is intended to be burned under
440	ordinary conditions of use, and consists of any roll of tobacco wrapped in leaf tobacco, or in
441	any substance containing tobacco, other than any roll of tobacco that is a cigarette as described
442	in Subsection (2).
443	(2) "Cigarette" means a product that contains nicotine, is intended to be burned under
444	ordinary conditions of use, and consists of:
445	(a) any roll of tobacco wrapped in paper or in any substance not containing tobacco; or
446	(b) any roll of tobacco wrapped in any substance containing tobacco which, because of
447	its appearance, the type of tobacco used in the filler, or its packaging and labeling, is likely to
448	be offered to, or purchased by, consumers as a cigarette described in Subsection (2)(a).
449	(3) "Electronic cigarette" is as defined in Section 26-55-102.
450	[(3)] (4) "Electronic cigarette product" [means any device, other than a cigarette or
451	cigar, intended to deliver vapor containing nicotine into a person's respiratory system] is as
452	defined in Section 26-55-102.
453	[(4)] <u>(5)</u> "Place of business" includes:
454	(a) a shop;
455	(b) a store;
456	(c) a factory;
457	(d) a public garage;
458	(e) an office;
459	(f) a theater;

460	(g) a recreation hall;
461	(h) a dance hall;
462	(i) a poolroom;
463	(j) a café;
464	(k) a cafeteria;
465	(l) a cabaret;
466	(m) a restaurant;
467	(n) a hotel;
468	(o) a lodging house;
469	(p) a streetcar;
470	(q) a bus;
471	(r) an interurban or railway passenger coach;
472	(s) a waiting room; and
473	(t) any other place of business.
474	[(5)] (6) "Smoking" means the possession of any lighted cigar, cigarette, pipe, or other
475	lighted smoking equipment.
476	Section 14. Section 76-10-103 is amended to read:
477	76-10-103. Permitting minors to use tobacco or an electronic cigarette product in
478	place of business.
479	It is a class C misdemeanor for the proprietor of any place of business to knowingly
480	permit [persons under age] an individual who is less than 19 [to frequent a place of business
481	while they are using tobacco] years of age to smoke or to use an electronic cigarette in the place
482	of business.
483	Section 15. Section 76-10-104 is amended to read:
484	76-10-104. Providing a cigar, cigarette, electronic cigarette, or tobacco to a minor
485	Penalties.
486	(1) Any person who knowingly, intentionally, recklessly, or with criminal negligence
487	provides any cigar, cigarette, electronic cigarette product, or tobacco in any form, to [any
488	person] an individual under 19 years of age, is guilty of a class C misdemeanor on the first
489	offense, a class B misdemeanor on the second offense, and a class A misdemeanor on
490	subsequent offenses.

(2) For purposes of this section "provides":

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492	(a) includes selling, giving, furnishing, sending, or causing to be sent; and
493	(b) does not include the acts of the United States Postal Service or other common
494	carrier when engaged in the business of transporting and delivering packages for others or the
495	acts of a person, whether compensated or not, who transports or delivers a package for another
496	person without any reason to know of the package's content.
497	Section 16. Section 76-10-105 is amended to read:
498	76-10-105. Buying or possessing a cigar, cigarette, electronic cigarette, or tobacco
499	by a minor Penalty Compliance officer authority Juvenile court jurisdiction.
500	(1) [Any] An individual who is 18 [year old person] years of age who buys or attempts
501	to buy, accepts, or has in the [person's] individual's possession any cigar, cigarette, electronic
502	cigarette product, or tobacco in any form is guilty of a class C misdemeanor and subject to:
503	(a) a minimum fine or penalty of \$60; and
504	(b) participation in a court-approved tobacco education program, which may include a
505	participation fee.
506	(2) [Any person under the age of 18] An individual less than 18 years of age who buys
507	or attempts to buy, accepts, or has in the [person's] individual's possession any cigar, cigarette,
508	electronic cigarette <u>product</u> , or tobacco in any form is subject to the jurisdiction of the Juvenile
509	Court and:
510	(a) a minimum fine or penalty of \$60; and
511	(b) participation in a court-approved tobacco education program, which may include a
512	participation fee.
513	(3) A compliance officer appointed by a board of education under Section 53A-3-402
514	may issue citations for violations of this section committed on school property. Cited
515	violations shall be reported to the appropriate juvenile court.
516	Section 17. Section 76-10-105.1 is amended to read:
517	76-10-105.1. Requirement of direct, face-to-face sale of tobacco products and
518	electronic cigarettes Supremacy clause Penalties.
519	(1) As used in this section:
520	(a) "Cigarette tobacco" means a product that consists of loose tobacco that contains or
521	delivers nicotine and is intended for use by a consumer in a cigarette.

- (b) "Pipe tobacco" means a product that consists of loose tobacco that contains or delivers nicotine and is intended to be smoked by a consumer in a pipe.
- (c) "Retailer" means a person who sells cigarettes, electronic cigarettes, cigars, cigarette tobacco, pipe tobacco, or smokeless tobacco to individuals for personal consumption or who operates a facility where a vending machine or a self-service display is permitted under Subsection (3)(b).
- (d) "Self-service display" means a display of cigarettes, electronic cigarettes, cigars, cigarette tobacco, pipe tobacco, or smokeless tobacco products to which the public has access without the intervention of a retail employee.
- (e) "Smokeless tobacco" means a product that consists of cut, ground, powdered, or leaf tobacco that contains nicotine and that is intended to be placed in the oral cavity.
- (2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3), a retailer may sell cigarettes, electronic [cigarettes] cigarette products, cigars, cigarette tobacco, pipe tobacco, and smokeless tobacco only in a direct, face-to-face exchange between:
 - (i) an employee of the retailer; and
 - (ii) the purchaser.
- (b) Examples of methods that are not permitted include vending machines and self-service displays.
- (c) Subsections (2)(a) and (b) do not prohibit the use or display of locked cabinets containing cigarettes, electronic [cigarettes] cigarette products, cigars, cigarette tobacco, pipe tobacco, or smokeless tobacco if the locked cabinets are accessible only to the retailer or the retailer's employees.
 - (3) The following sales are permitted as exceptions to Subsection (2):
 - (a) mail-order sales, if the provisions of Section 59-14-509 are met;
- (b) sales from vending machines, including vending machines that sell packaged, single cigarettes or cigars, and self-service displays that are located in a separate and defined area within a facility where the retailer ensures that no person younger than 19 years of age is present, or permitted to enter, at any time, unless accompanied by a parent or legal guardian; and
- (c) sales by a retailer from a retail store [which] that derives at least 80% of its revenue from tobacco, [and] tobacco related products, and electronic cigarette products, and where the

retailer ensures that no person younger than 19 years of age is present, or permitted to enter at any time, unless accompanied by a parent or legal guardian.

- (4) Any ordinance, regulation, or rule adopted by the governing body of a political subdivision of the state or by a state agency that affects the sale, placement, or display of cigarettes, electronic [cigarettes] cigarette products, cigars, cigarette tobacco, pipe tobacco, or smokeless tobacco that is not essentially identical to the provisions of this section and Section 76-10-102 is superseded.
- (5) (a) A parent or legal guardian who accompanies a person younger than 19 years of age into an area described in Subsection (3)(b) or into a retail store as described in Subsection (3)(c) and permits the person younger than 19 years of age to purchase or otherwise take a cigar, cigarette, electronic cigarette <u>product</u>, or tobacco in any form is guilty of providing tobacco as provided for in Section 76-10-104 and the penalties provided for in that section.
- (b) Nothing in this section may be construed as permitting a person to provide tobacco to a minor in violation of Section 76-10-104.
 - (6) Violation of Subsection (2) or (3) is a:
 - (a) class C misdemeanor on the first offense;
 - (b) class B misdemeanor on the second offense; and
 - (c) class A misdemeanor on the third and all subsequent offenses.
- Section 18. Section **76-10-111** is amended to read:
 - 76-10-111. Prohibition of gift or free distribution of smokeless tobacco or electronic cigarette products -- Exceptions.
 - (1) The Legislature finds that:
 - (a) smokeless tobacco, or chewing tobacco, is harmful to the health of individuals who use those products because research indicates that they may cause mouth or oral cancers;
 - (b) the use of smokeless tobacco among juveniles in this state is increasing rapidly;
 - (c) the use of electronic [eigarettes] eigarette products may lead to unhealthy behavior such as the use of tobacco products; and
 - (d) it is necessary to restrict the gift of the products described in this Subsection (1) in the interest of the health of the citizens of this state.
 - (2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), it is unlawful for a manufacturer, wholesaler, and retailer to give or distribute without charge any smokeless tobacco, chewing tobacco, or

(ii) (A) a cigar;

584	electronic cigarette product in this state. Any person who violates this section is guilty of a
585	class C misdemeanor for the first offense, and is guilty of a class B misdemeanor for any
586	subsequent offense.
587	(3) (a) Smokeless tobacco, chewing tobacco, or an electronic cigarette product may be
588	distributed to adults without charge at professional conventions where the general public is
589	excluded.
590	(b) Subsection (2) does not apply to a retailer, manufacturer, or distributor who gives
591	smokeless tobacco, chewing tobacco, or an electronic cigarette product to a person of legal age
592	upon the person's purchase of another tobacco product or electronic cigarette product.
593	Section 19. Section 77-39-101 is amended to read:
594	77-39-101. Investigation of sales of alcohol, tobacco, and electronic cigarettes to
595	underage persons.
596	(1) As used in this section, "electronic cigarette product" is as defined in Section
597	[76-10-101] $26-55-102$.
598	(2) (a) A peace officer, as defined by Title 53, Chapter 13, Peace Officer
599	Classifications, may investigate the possible violation of:
600	(i) Section 32B-4-403 by requesting an individual under the age of 21 years to enter
601	into and attempt to purchase or make a purchase of alcohol from a retail establishment; or
602	(ii) Section 76-10-104 by requesting an individual under the age of 19 years to enter
603	into and attempt to purchase or make a purchase from a retail establishment of:
604	(A) a cigar;
605	(B) a cigarette;
606	(C) tobacco in any form; or
607	(D) an electronic cigarette <u>product</u> .
608	(b) A peace officer who is present at the site of a proposed purchase shall direct,
609	supervise, and monitor the individual requested to make the purchase.
610	(c) Immediately following a purchase or attempted purchase or as soon as practical the
611	supervising peace officer shall inform the cashier and the proprietor or manager of the retail
612	establishment that the attempted purchaser was under the legal age to purchase:
613	(i) alcohol; or

013	(b) a digarette;
616	(C) tobacco in any form; or
617	(D) an electronic cigarette <u>product</u> .
618	(d) If a citation or information is issued, it shall be issued within seven days of the
619	purchase.
620	(3) (a) If an individual under the age of 18 years old is requested to attempt a purchase,
621	a written consent of that individual's parent or guardian shall be obtained prior to that
622	individual participating in any attempted purchase.
623	(b) An individual requested by the peace officer to attempt a purchase may:
624	(i) be a trained volunteer; or
625	(ii) receive payment, but may not be paid based on the number of successful purchases
626	of alcohol, tobacco, or an electronic cigarette product.
627	(4) The individual requested by the peace officer to attempt a purchase and anyone
628	accompanying the individual attempting a purchase may not during the attempted purchase
629	misrepresent the age of the individual by false or misleading identification documentation in
630	attempting the purchase.
631	(5) An individual requested to attempt to purchase or make a purchase pursuant to this
632	section is immune from prosecution, suit, or civil liability for the purchase of, attempted
633	purchase of, or possession of alcohol, a cigar, a cigarette, tobacco in any form, or an electronic
634	cigarette product if a peace officer directs, supervises, and monitors the individual.
635	(6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), a purchase attempted under this section
636	shall be conducted:
637	(i) on a random basis; and
638	(ii) within a 12-month period at any one retail establishment location not more often
639	than:
640	(A) four times for the attempted purchase of:
641	(I) a cigar;
642	(II) a cigarette;
643	(III) tobacco in any form; or
644	(IV) an electronic cigarette <u>product</u> ; and
645	(B) four times for the attempted purchase of alcohol.

646	(b) Nothing in this section shall prohibit an investigation under this section if:
647	(i) there is reasonable suspicion to believe the retail establishment has sold alcohol, a
648	cigar, a cigarette, tobacco in any form, or an electronic cigarette product to an individual under
649	the age established by Section 32B-4-403 or 76-10-104; and
650	(ii) the supervising peace officer makes a written record of the grounds for the
651	reasonable suspicion.
652	(7) (a) The peace officer exercising direction, supervision, and monitoring of the
653	attempted purchase shall make a report of the attempted purchase, whether or not a purchase
654	was made.
655	(b) The report required by this Subsection (7) shall include:
656	(i) the name of the supervising peace officer;
657	(ii) the name of the individual attempting the purchase;
658	(iii) a photograph of the individual attempting the purchase showing how that
659	individual appeared at the time of the attempted purchase;
660	(iv) the name and description of the cashier or proprietor from whom the individual
661	attempted the purchase;
662	(v) the name and address of the retail establishment; and
663	(vi) the date and time of the attempted purchase.
664	Section 20. Effective date.
665	This bill takes effect on July 1, 2014.