

26 • prohibits a business owner from allowing a minor to use an electronic cigarette in 27 the business; • prohibits an individual who is less than 19 years of age from buying, attempting to 28 29 buy, or possessing an electronic cigarette product; and 30 makes technical and conforming amendments. Money Appropriated in this Bill: 31 32 None 33 **Other Special Clauses:** 34 This bill takes effect on July 1, 2014. 35 **Utah Code Sections Affected:** 36 AMENDS: 37 10-8-41.6, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 154 17-50-333, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 154 38 39 **26-42-102**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1998, Chapter 319 40 26-42-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 96 41 **26-42-106**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1998, Chapter 319 42 **76-10-101**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 114 **76-10-103**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1973, Chapter 196 43 44 76-10-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 114 45 76-10-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 114 **76-10-105.1**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 114 46 47 **76-10-111**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 114 77-39-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapters 114 and 276 48 49 **ENACTS**: 50 **26-55-101**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 51 **26-55-102**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 52 **26-55-103**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 53 **59-14a-101**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 54 **59-14a-102**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 55 **59-14a-103**, Utah Code Annotated 1953

57	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
58	Section 1. Section 10-8-41.6 is amended to read:
59	10-8-41.6. Regulation of retail tobacco specialty business.
60	(1) As used in this section:
61	(a) "Community location" means:
62	(i) a public or private kindergarten, elementary, middle, junior high, or high school;
63	(ii) a licensed child-care facility or preschool;
64	(iii) a trade or technical school;
65	(iv) a church;
66	(v) a public library;
67	(vi) a public playground;
68	(vii) a public park;
69	(viii) a youth center or other space used primarily for youth oriented activities;
70	(ix) a public recreational facility; or
71	(x) a public arcade.
72	(b) "Electronic cigarette product" is as defined in Section 26-55-102.
73	[(b)] (c) "Retail tobacco specialty business" means a commercial establishment in
74	which:
75	(i) the sale of tobacco products and electronic cigarette products accounts for more
76	than 35% of the total annual gross receipts for the establishment;
77	(ii) food and beverage products, excluding gasoline sales, is less than 45% of the total
78	annual gross receipts for the establishment; and
79	(iii) the establishment is not licensed as a pharmacy under Title 58, Chapter 17b,
80	Pharmacy Practice Act.
81	[ <del>(c)</del> ] (d) "Tobacco product" means:
82	(i) any cigar[7] or cigarette[7, or electronic cigarette] as defined in Section 76-10-101;
83	(ii) a tobacco product as defined in Section 59-14-102, including:
84	(A) chewing tobacco; or
85	(B) any substitute for a tobacco product, including flavoring or additives to tobacco;
86	and
87	(iii) tobacco paraphernalia as defined in Section 76-10-104.1.

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- 88 (2) The regulation of a retail tobacco specialty business is an exercise of the police 89 powers of the state, and through delegation, to other governmental entities. 90 (3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (7), and beginning July 1, 2012, a 91 municipality shall require an entity to be licensed as a retail tobacco specialty business to 92 conduct business as a retail tobacco specialty business in a municipality. 93 (b) A municipality may issue a retail tobacco specialty business license to an entity if 94 the entity complies with the provisions of Subsection (5). 95 (4) Except as provided in Subsection (7), and beginning July 1, 2012, a business entity 96 that conducts a retail tobacco specialty business in a municipality shall be licensed by the 97 municipality as a retail tobacco specialty business. 98 (5) (a) A municipality may not issue a license to a retail tobacco specialty business if it 99 is located within: 100 (i) 1,000 feet of a community location; (ii) 600 feet of another retail tobacco specialty business; or 101 102 (iii) 600 feet from property used or zoned for: 103 (A) agriculture use; or 104 (B) residential use. 105 (b) For purposes of Subsection (5)(a), the proximity requirements shall be measured in 106 a straight line from the nearest entrance of the retail tobacco specialty business to the nearest 107 property boundary of the community location, or agricultural or residential use, without regard 108 to intervening structures or zoning districts. 109 (6) (a) Nothing in this section: 110 (i) requires a municipality to issue a business license to a retail tobacco specialty 111 business; or (ii) prohibits a municipality from adopting more restrictive requirements [on] for a 112 113 retail tobacco specialty business than provided for in this section. 114 (b) A municipality may revoke a business license issued under this section:
  - (ii) if a licensee violates the regulations restricting the sale and distribution of cigarettes and smokeless tobacco to protect children and adolescents issued by the United

Part 16, Pattern of Unlawful Activity Act;

(i) if a licensee engages in a pattern of unlawful activity under Title 76, Chapter 10,

(iii) under other provisions of state law or local ordinance.
(7) (a) In accordance with Subsection (7)(b), a retail tobacco specialty business that has
a business license and is operating lawfully in a municipality on or before May 8, 2012, is
exempt from Subsections (4) and (5).
(b) A retail tobacco specialty business may maintain an exemption under Subsection
(7)(a) if:
(i) the business license is renewed continuously without relapse or permanent
revocation;
(ii) the retail tobacco specialty business is not closed for business or otherwise
suspends the sale of tobacco products or electronic cigarette products for more than 60
consecutive days;
(iii) the retail tobacco specialty business does not substantially change the business
premises or its business operation; and
(iv) the retail tobacco specialty business maintains the right to operate under the terms
of other applicable laws, including zoning ordinances, building codes, and the business license
issued prior to May 8, 2012.
Section 2. Section 17-50-333 is amended to read:
17-50-333. Regulation of retail tobacco specialty business.
(1) As used in this section:
(a) "Community location" means:
(i) a public or private kindergarten, elementary, middle, junior high, or high school;
(ii) a licensed child-care facility or preschool;
(iii) a trade or technical school;
(iv) a church;
(v) a public library;
(vi) a public playground;
(vii) a public park;
(viii) a youth center or other space used primarily for youth oriented activities;
(ix) a public recreational facility; or
(x) a public arcade.

150	(b) "Electronic cigarette product" is as defined in Section 26-55-102.
151	[(b)] (c) "Retail tobacco specialty business" means a commercial establishment in
152	which:
153	(i) the sale of tobacco products and electronic cigarette products accounts for more
154	than 35% of the total annual gross receipts for the establishment;
155	(ii) food and beverage products, excluding gasoline sales, is less than 45% of the total
156	annual gross receipts for the establishment; and
157	(iii) the establishment is not licensed as a pharmacy under Title 58, Chapter 17b,
158	Pharmacy Practice Act.
159	[ <del>(c)</del> ] <u>(d)</u> "Tobacco product" means:
160	(i) any cigar[;] or cigarette[, or electronic cigarette] as defined in Section 76-10-101;
161	(ii) a tobacco product as defined in Section 59-14-102, including:
162	(A) chewing tobacco; or
163	(B) any substitute for a tobacco product, including flavoring or additives to tobacco;
164	and
165	(iii) tobacco paraphernalia as defined in Section 76-10-104.1.
166	(2) The regulation of a retail tobacco specialty business is an exercise of the police
167	powers of the state, and through delegation, to other governmental entities.
168	(3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (7), and beginning July 1, 2012, a county shall
169	require an entity to be licensed as a retail tobacco specialty business to conduct business as a
170	retail tobacco specialty business in a county.
171	(b) A county may issue a retail tobacco specialty business license to an entity if the
172	entity complies with the provisions of Subsection (5).
173	(4) Except as provided in Subsection (7), and beginning July 1, 2012, a business entity
174	that conducts a retail tobacco specialty business in a county shall be licensed by the county as a
175	retail tobacco specialty business.
176	(5) (a) A county may not issue a license to a retail tobacco specialty business if it is
177	located within:
178	(i) 1,000 feet of a community location;
179	(ii) 600 feet of another retail tobacco specialty business; or
180	(iii) 600 feet from property used or zoned for:

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181	(A) agriculture use; or
182	(B) residential use.
183	(b) For purposes of Subsection (5)(a), the proximity requirements shall be measured in
184	a straight line from the nearest entrance of the retail tobacco specialty business to the nearest
185	property boundary of the community location, or agricultural or residential use, without regard
186	to intervening structures or zoning districts.
187	(6) (a) Nothing in this section:
188	(i) requires a county to issue a business license to a retail tobacco specialty business; or
189	(ii) prohibits a county from adopting more restrictive requirements [on] for a retail
190	tobacco specialty business than provided for in this section.
191	(b) A county may revoke a business license issued under this section:
192	(i) if a licensee engages in a pattern of unlawful activity under Title 76, Chapter 10,
193	Part 16, Pattern of Unlawful Activity Act;
194	(ii) if a licensee violates the regulations restricting the sale and distribution of
195	cigarettes and smokeless tobacco to protect children and adolescents issued by the United
196	States Food and Drug Administration, 21 C.F.R. Part 1140; or
197	(iii) under other provisions of state law or local ordinance.
198	(7) (a) In accordance with Subsection (7)(b), a retail tobacco specialty business that has
199	a business license and is operating lawfully in a county on or before May 8, 2012, is exempt
200	from Subsections (4) and (5).
201	(b) A retail tobacco specialty business may maintain an exemption under Subsection
202	(7)(a) if:
203	(i) the business license is renewed continuously without relapse or permanent
204	revocation;
205	(ii) the retail tobacco specialty business is not closed for business or otherwise
206	suspends the sale of tobacco products or electronic cigarette products for more than 60
207	consecutive days;
208	(iii) the retail tobacco specialty business does not substantially change the business
209	premises or its business operation; and

(iv) the retail tobacco specialty business maintains the right to operate under the terms

of other applicable laws, including zoning ordinances, building codes, and the business license

212	issued prior to May 8, 2012.
213	Section 3. Section 26-42-102 is amended to read:
214	26-42-102. Definitions.
215	As used in this chapter:
216	(1) "Commission" means the Utah State Tax Commission.
217	(2) "Electronic cigarette product" is as defined in Section 26-55-102.
218	[(2)] (3) "Employee" means an employee of a licensee.
219	[(3)] (4) "Enforcing agency" means the state Department of Health, or any local health
220	department enforcing the provisions of this chapter.
221	(5) "License" [to sell tobacco" or "license"] means a license issued under:
222	(a) [under] Section [59-14-201] 59-14-202 to sell cigarettes at retail; [or]
223	(b) [under] Section 59-14-301 to sell tobacco products at retail[-]; or
224	(c) Section 59-14a-103 to sell an electronic cigarette product.
225	[ <del>(4)</del> ] <u>(6)</u> "Licensee" means a person licensed <u>under</u> :
226	(a) [under] Section [ <del>59-14-201</del> ] <u>59-14-202</u> to sell cigarettes at retail; [or]
227	(b) [under] Section 59-14-301 to sell tobacco products at retail[-]; or
228	(c) Section 59-14a-103 to sell an electronic cigarette product.
229	[(6)] (7) "Tobacco" means cigarettes or tobacco products as defined in Section
230	59-14-102.
231	Section 4. Section 26-42-103 is amended to read:
232	26-42-103. Violations and penalties Imposition by enforcing agency and tax
233	commission.
234	(1) If, following an investigation or issuance of a citation or information under Section
235	77-39-101, an enforcing agency determines under Section 26-42-104 that a licensee or any
236	employee has sold tobacco or an electronic cigarette product to a person younger than 19 years
237	of age, as prohibited by Section 76-10-104, the enforcing agency may impose upon the licensee
238	the following administrative penalties:
239	(a) upon the first violation, a penalty of not more than \$300;
240	(b) upon a second violation at the same retail location, and within 12 months of the
241	first violation, a penalty of not more than \$750; and
242	(c) upon a third or subsequent violation at the same retail location and within 12

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- 243 months of the first violation, a penalty of not more than \$1,000.
  - (2) The enforcing agency shall notify the commission in writing of any order or order of default finding a violation of Subsection (1) which is a third or fourth violation.
  - (3) The commission, upon receipt of the written notification under Subsection (2), shall take action under Section 59-14-203.5 [or], 59-14-301.5, or 59-14a-103 against the license [to sell tobacco]:
  - (a) by suspending <u>each of</u> the licensee's [<u>license to sell tobacco</u>] <u>licenses</u> at that location for not more than 30 days, upon receipt of notification of a third violation under Subsection (1)(c); and
  - (b) by revoking <u>each of</u> the [<u>license to sell tobacco</u>] <u>licenses</u> at that location held by the licensee, including any license under suspension, upon receipt of notification of a fourth violation under Subsection (1)(c).
  - (4) When the commission revokes a license under Subsection (3)(b), the commission may not issue to the licensee, or to the business entity using the license that is revoked, a license under Section 59-14-202 [or], 59-14-301 [to sell tobacco], or 59-14a-103 at the location for which the license was issued for one year after:
    - (a) the day on which the time for filing an appeal of the revocation ends; or
  - (b) if the revocation is appealed, the day on which the decision to uphold the revocation becomes final.
  - (5) This section does not prevent any bona fide purchaser of the business, who is not a sole proprietor, director, corporate officer, or partner or other holder of significant interest in the entity selling the business, from immediately applying for and obtaining a license [to sell tobacco].
    - Section 5. Section 26-42-106 is amended to read:

#### 26-42-106. Recognition of licensee's training program.

- (1) In determining the amount of the monetary penalty to be imposed for an employee's violation of Section 26-42-103, the hearing officer shall reduce the penalty by at least 50% if [he] the hearing officer determines:
  - (a) the licensee has implemented a documented employee training program; and
- (b) the employee has completed that training program within 30 days of commencing duties of selling tobacco products or electronic cigarette products.

2/4	(2) (a) If the hearing officer determines under Subsection (1), regarding a first offense
275	at a location, that the licensee has not implemented a documented training program with a
276	written curriculum for employees at that location regarding compliance with this chapter, the
277	hearing officer may suspend all or a portion of the monetary penalty, contingent upon the
278	licensee's initiating a training program for employees at that location within 30 days after the
279	hearing date.
280	(b) If the hearing officer determines at a subsequent hearing that the licensee has not
281	implemented the training program within the time period required under Subsection (2)(a), the
282	suspended monetary penalty shall be promptly imposed, unless the licensee demonstrates good
283	cause for granting an extension of time for implementation of the training program.
284	Section 6. Section <b>26-55-101</b> is enacted to read:
285	CHAPTER 55. ELECTRONIC CIGARETTE REGULATION ACT
286	<u>26-55-101.</u> Title.
287	This chapter is known as the "Electronic Cigarette Regulation Act."
288	Section 7. Section <b>26-55-102</b> is enacted to read:
289	<b>26-55-102.</b> Definitions.
290	As used in this chapter:
291	(1) "Cigarette" is as defined in Section 59-14-102.
292	(2) (a) "Electronic cigarette" means:
293	(i) any device, other than a cigar, cigarette, pipe, hookah, or other heated or lighted
294	tobacco product, used to deliver or intended to deliver vapor containing nicotine to an
295	individual's respiratory system; or
296	(ii) any component of or accessory intended for use with the device described in
297	Subsection (2)(a)(i);
298	(b) "Electronic cigarette" includes an e-cigarette, as defined in Section 26-38-2.
299	(3) "Electronic cigarette product" means an electronic cigarette or an electronic
300	cigarette substance.
301	(4) "Electronic cigarette substance" means any substance, including liquid containing
302	nicotine, used or intended for use in an electronic cigarette.
303	(5) "Manufacture" includes:
304	(a) to cast, construct, or make electronic cigarettes; or

305	(b) to blend, make, process, or prepare an electronic cigarette substance.
306	(6) "Pharmaceutical-grade nicotine" means nicotine that meets the specifications of the
307	United States Pharmacopeia for food-grade or pharmaceutical-grade nicotine.
308	Section 8. Section 26-55-103 is enacted to read:
309	26-55-103. Electronic cigarette products Labeling Manufacturing and quality
310	control standards Low-grade nicotine Advertising.
311	(1) A person may not sell, offer to sell, or distribute an electronic cigarette product
312	unless the electronic cigarette product has a label that includes the electronic cigarette
313	product's:
314	(a) manufacturer name;
315	(b) ingredients; and
316	(c) nicotine content.
317	(2) A person may not sell, offer to sell, or distribute an electronic cigarette substance
318	unless the electronic cigarette substance is sold in a container with a child proof cap.
319	(3) A person may not sell, offer to sell, or distribute an electronic cigarette product that
320	contains nicotine that is not pharmaceutical-grade nicotine.
321	(4) A person may not manufacture an electronic cigarette substance in Utah unless the
322	person registers with a local or county health department as an electronic cigarette substance
323	manufacturer.
324	(5) A person may not advertise an electronic cigarette product as a cigarette or tobacco
325	cessation device.
326	Section 9. Section <b>59-14a-101</b> is enacted to read:
327	CHAPTER 14a. ELECTRONIC CIGARETTE LICENSING ACT
328	<u>59-14a-101.</u> Title.
329	This chapter is known as the "Electronic Cigarette Licensing Act."
330	Section 10. Section <b>59-14a-102</b> is enacted to read:
331	<u>59-14a-102.</u> Definitions.
332	As used in this chapter:
333	(1) "Cigarette" is as defined in Section 59-14-102.
334	(2) (a) "Electronic cigarette" means:
335	(i) any device, other than a cigar, cigarette, pipe, hookah, or other heated or lighted

336	tobacco product, used to deliver or intended to deliver vapor containing nicotine to an
337	individual's respiratory system; or
338	(ii) any component of or accessory intended for use with the device described in
339	Subsection (2)(a)(i);
340	(b) "Electronic cigarette" includes an e-cigarette as defined in Section 26-38-2.
341	(3) "Electronic cigarette product" means an electronic cigarette or an electronic
342	cigarette substance.
343	(4) "Electronic cigarette substance" means any substance, including liquid containing
344	nicotine, used or intended for use in an electronic cigarette.
345	(5) "License to sell an electronic cigarette product" means a license issued by the
346	commission under Subsection 59-14a-103(3).
347	(6) "Licensee" means a person that holds a valid license to sell electronic cigarette
348	products.
349	Section 11. Section <b>59-14a-103</b> is enacted to read:
350	59-14a-103. Electronic cigarette licenses Sale.
351	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), a person may not sell, offer to sell, or
352	distribute an electronic cigarette product in Utah without first obtaining a license to sell an
353	electronic cigarette product from the commission under this section.
354	(2) A person that holds a valid license to sell cigarettes under section 59-14-202, or a
355	person that holds a valid license to sell tobacco products under Section 59-14-301, may sell,
356	offer to sell, or distribute an electronic cigarette product in Utah under the terms of this chapter
357	(3) Except as provided in Subsection (6), the commission shall issue a license to sell ar
358	electronic cigarette product to a person that:
359	(a) submits an application, on a form created by the commission, that includes:
360	(i) the person's name;
361	(ii) the address of the facility where the person will sell an electronic cigarette product;
362	<u>and</u>
363	(iii) any other information the commission requires to implement this chapter; and
364	(b) pays a fee:
365	(i) in the amount of \$30; or
366	(ii) if renewing the person's license, in the amount of \$20.

36/	(4) A license described in Subsection (3) is:
368	(a) valid only at one business address;
369	(b) valid for three years; and
370	(c) renewable if a licensee meets the criteria for licensing described in Subsection (3).
371	(5) The commission may, after notifying a licensee and holding a hearing, revoke a
372	license described in Subsection (3) if the licensee violates a provision of:
373	(a) this chapter;
374	(b) Chapter 14, Cigarette and Tobacco Tax Licensing Act; or
375	(c) Section 26-42-103.
376	(6) If the commission revokes a person's license to sell an electronic cigarette product
377	under Subsection (5), the commission may not issue a license to sell an electronic cigarette
378	product, a license to sell cigarettes under Section 59-14-202, or a license to sell tobacco under
379	Section 59-14-301 to the person until one year after:
380	(a) the day on which the time for filing an appeal of the revocation ends, as determined
381	by the commission; or
382	(b) if the person appeals the commission's decision to revoke the license to sell an
383	electronic cigarette product, the day on which the commission's decision to uphold the
384	revocation is final.
385	(7) The commission may make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
386	Administrative Rulemaking Act, to establish the additional information described in
387	Subsection (3)(a)(iii) that a person must provide in the application described in Subsection
388	(3)(a).
389	(8) The commission shall maintain a list of all licensees.
390	Section 12. Section <b>76-10-101</b> is amended to read:
391	76-10-101. Definitions.
392	As used in this part:
393	(1) "Cigar" means a product that contains nicotine, is intended to be burned under
394	ordinary conditions of use, and consists of any roll of tobacco wrapped in leaf tobacco, or in
395	any substance containing tobacco, other than any roll of tobacco that is a cigarette as described
396	in Subsection (2).
397	(2) "Cigarette" means a product that contains nicotine, is intended to be burned under

398	ordinary conditions of use, and consists of:
399	(a) any roll of tobacco wrapped in paper or in any substance not containing tobacco; or
400	(b) any roll of tobacco wrapped in any substance containing tobacco which, because of
401	its appearance, the type of tobacco used in the filler, or its packaging and labeling, is likely to
402	be offered to, or purchased by, consumers as a cigarette described in Subsection (2)(a).
403	(3) "Electronic cigarette" is as defined in Section 26-55-102.
404	[(3)] (4) "Electronic cigarette product" [means any device, other than a cigarette or
405	cigar, intended to deliver vapor containing nicotine into a person's respiratory system] is as
406	defined in Section 26-55-102.
407	[ <del>(4)</del> ] <u>(5)</u> "Place of business" includes:
408	(a) a shop;
409	(b) a store;
410	(c) a factory;
411	(d) a public garage;
412	(e) an office;
413	(f) a theater;
414	(g) a recreation hall;
415	(h) a dance hall;
416	(i) a poolroom;
417	(j) a café;
418	(k) a cafeteria;
419	(l) a cabaret;
420	(m) a restaurant;
421	(n) a hotel;
422	(o) a lodging house;
423	(p) a streetcar;
424	(q) a bus;
425	(r) an interurban or railway passenger coach;
426	(s) a waiting room; and
427	(t) any other place of business.
428	[(5)] (6) "Smoking" means the possession of any lighted cigar, cigarette, pipe, or other

429	lighted smoking equipment.
430	Section 13. Section <b>76-10-103</b> is amended to read:
431	76-10-103. Permitting minors to use tobacco or an electronic cigarette product in
432	place of business.
433	It is a class C misdemeanor for the proprietor of any place of business to knowingly
434	permit [persons under age] an individual who is less than 19 [to frequent a place of business
435	while they are using tobacco] years of age to smoke or to use an electronic cigarette in the place
436	of business.
437	Section 14. Section <b>76-10-104</b> is amended to read:
438	76-10-104. Providing a cigar, cigarette, electronic cigarette, or tobacco to a minor
439	Penalties.
440	(1) Any person who knowingly, intentionally, recklessly, or with criminal negligence
441	provides any cigar, cigarette, electronic cigarette product, or tobacco in any form, to [any
442	person] an individual under 19 years of age, is guilty of a class C misdemeanor on the first
443	offense, a class B misdemeanor on the second offense, and a class A misdemeanor on
444	subsequent offenses.
445	(2) For purposes of this section "provides":
446	(a) includes selling, giving, furnishing, sending, or causing to be sent; and
447	(b) does not include the acts of the United States Postal Service or other common
448	carrier when engaged in the business of transporting and delivering packages for others or the
449	acts of a person, whether compensated or not, who transports or delivers a package for another
450	person without any reason to know of the package's content.
451	Section 15. Section <b>76-10-105</b> is amended to read:
452	76-10-105. Buying or possessing a cigar, cigarette, electronic cigarette, or tobacco
453	by a minor Penalty Compliance officer authority Juvenile court jurisdiction.
454	(1) [Any] An individual who is 18 [year old person] years of age who buys or attempts
455	to buy, accepts, or has in the [person's] individual's possession any cigar, cigarette, electronic
456	cigarette product, or tobacco in any form is guilty of a class C misdemeanor and subject to:
457	(a) a minimum fine or penalty of \$60; and
458	(b) participation in a court-approved tobacco education program, which may include a
459	participation fee.

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only in a direct, face-to-face exchange between:

(i) an employee of the retailer; and

460	(2) [Any person under the age of 18] An individual less than 18 years of age who buys
461	or attempts to buy, accepts, or has in the [person's] individual's possession any cigar, cigarette,
462	electronic cigarette product, or tobacco in any form is subject to the jurisdiction of the Juvenile
463	Court and:
464	(a) a minimum fine or penalty of \$60; and
465	(b) participation in a court-approved tobacco education program, which may include a
466	participation fee.
467	(3) A compliance officer appointed by a board of education under Section 53A-3-402
468	may issue citations for violations of this section committed on school property. Cited
469	violations shall be reported to the appropriate juvenile court.
470	Section 16. Section <b>76-10-105.1</b> is amended to read:
471	76-10-105.1. Requirement of direct, face-to-face sale of tobacco products and
472	electronic cigarettes Supremacy clause Penalties.
473	(1) As used in this section:
474	(a) "Cigarette tobacco" means a product that consists of loose tobacco that contains or
475	delivers nicotine and is intended for use by a consumer in a cigarette.
476	(b) "Pipe tobacco" means a product that consists of loose tobacco that contains or
477	delivers nicotine and is intended to be smoked by a consumer in a pipe.
478	(c) "Retailer" means a person who sells cigarettes, electronic [cigarettes] cigarette
479	products, cigars, cigarette tobacco, pipe tobacco, or smokeless tobacco to individuals for
480	personal consumption or who operates a facility where a vending machine or a self-service
481	display is permitted under Subsection (3)(b).
482	(d) "Self-service display" means a display of cigarettes, electronic [cigarettes] cigarette
483	products, cigars, cigarette tobacco, pipe tobacco, or smokeless tobacco products to which the
484	public has access without the intervention of a retail employee.
485	(e) "Smokeless tobacco" means a product that consists of cut, ground, powdered, or
486	leaf tobacco that contains nicotine and that is intended to be placed in the oral cavity.
487	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3), a retailer may sell cigarettes, electronic
488	[cigarettes] cigarette products, cigars, cigarette tobacco, pipe tobacco, and smokeless tobacco

(ii) the purchaser.

- (b) Examples of methods that are not permitted include vending machines and self-service displays.
- (c) Subsections (2)(a) and (b) do not prohibit the use or display of locked cabinets containing cigarettes, electronic [cigarettes] cigarette products, cigars, cigarette tobacco, pipe tobacco, or smokeless tobacco if the locked cabinets are accessible only to the retailer or the retailer's employees.
  - (3) The following sales are permitted as exceptions to Subsection (2):
  - (a) mail-order sales, if the provisions of Section 59-14-509 are met;
- (b) sales from vending machines, including vending machines that sell packaged, single cigarettes or cigars, and self-service displays that are located in a separate and defined area within a facility where the retailer ensures that no person younger than 19 years of age is present, or permitted to enter, at any time, unless accompanied by a parent or legal guardian; and
- (c) sales by a retailer from a retail store [which] that derives at least 80% of its revenue from tobacco, [and] tobacco related products, and electronic cigarette products, and where the retailer ensures that no person younger than 19 years of age is present, or permitted to enter at any time, unless accompanied by a parent or legal guardian.
- (4) Any ordinance, regulation, or rule adopted by the governing body of a political subdivision of the state or by a state agency that affects the sale, placement, or display of cigarettes, [electronic cigarettes,] cigars, cigarette tobacco, pipe tobacco, or smokeless tobacco that is not essentially identical to the provisions of this section and Section 76-10-102 is superseded.
- (5) (a) A parent or legal guardian who accompanies a person younger than 19 years of age into an area described in Subsection (3)(b) or into a retail store as described in Subsection (3)(c) and permits the person younger than 19 years of age to purchase or otherwise take a cigar, cigarette, electronic cigarette <u>product</u>, or tobacco in any form is guilty of providing tobacco as provided for in Section 76-10-104 and the penalties provided for in that section.
- (b) Nothing in this section may be construed as permitting a person to provide tobacco to a minor in violation of Section 76-10-104.
  - (6) Violation of Subsection (2) or (3) is a:

522	(a) class C misdemeanor on the first offense;
523	(b) class B misdemeanor on the second offense; and
524	(c) class A misdemeanor on the third and all subsequent offenses.
525	Section 17. Section 76-10-111 is amended to read:
526	76-10-111. Prohibition of gift or free distribution of smokeless tobacco or
527	electronic cigarette products Exceptions.
528	(1) The Legislature finds that:
529	(a) smokeless tobacco, or chewing tobacco, is harmful to the health of individuals who
530	use those products because research indicates that they may cause mouth or oral cancers;
531	(b) the use of smokeless tobacco among juveniles in this state is increasing rapidly;
532	(c) the use of electronic [eigarettes] cigarette products may lead to unhealthy behavior
533	such as the use of tobacco products; and
534	(d) it is necessary to restrict the gift of the products described in this Subsection (1) in
535	the interest of the health of the citizens of this state.
536	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), it is unlawful for a manufacturer, wholesaler,
537	and retailer to give or distribute without charge any smokeless tobacco, chewing tobacco, or
538	electronic cigarette <u>product</u> in this state. Any person who violates this section is guilty of a
539	class C misdemeanor for the first offense, and is guilty of a class B misdemeanor for any
540	subsequent offense.
541	(3) (a) Smokeless tobacco, chewing tobacco, or an electronic cigarette <u>product</u> may be
542	distributed to adults without charge at professional conventions where the general public is
543	excluded.
544	(b) Subsection (2) does not apply to a retailer, manufacturer, or distributor who gives
545	smokeless tobacco, chewing tobacco, or an electronic cigarette product to a person of legal age
546	upon the person's purchase of another tobacco product or electronic cigarette <u>product</u> .
547	Section 18. Section 77-39-101 is amended to read:
548	77-39-101. Investigation of sales of alcohol, tobacco, and electronic cigarettes to
549	underage persons.
550	(1) As used in this section, "electronic cigarette <u>product</u> " is as defined in Section
551	[76-10-101] $26-55-102$ .
552	(2) (a) A peace officer, as defined by Title 53, Chapter 13, Peace Officer

553	Classifications, may investigate the possible violation of:
554	(i) Section 32B-4-403 by requesting an individual under the age of 21 years to enter
555	into and attempt to purchase or make a purchase of alcohol from a retail establishment; or
556	(ii) Section 76-10-104 by requesting an individual under the age of 19 years to enter
557	into and attempt to purchase or make a purchase from a retail establishment of:
558	(A) a cigar;
559	(B) a cigarette;
560	(C) tobacco in any form; or
561	(D) an electronic cigarette <u>product</u> .
562	(b) A peace officer who is present at the site of a proposed purchase shall direct,
563	supervise, and monitor the individual requested to make the purchase.
564	(c) Immediately following a purchase or attempted purchase or as soon as practical the
565	supervising peace officer shall inform the cashier and the proprietor or manager of the retail
566	establishment that the attempted purchaser was under the legal age to purchase:
567	(i) alcohol; or
568	(ii) (A) a cigar;
569	(B) a cigarette;
570	(C) tobacco in any form; or
571	(D) an electronic cigarette <u>product</u> .
572	(d) If a citation or information is issued, it shall be issued within seven days of the
573	purchase.
574	(3) (a) If an individual under the age of 18 years old is requested to attempt a purchase
575	a written consent of that individual's parent or guardian shall be obtained prior to that
576	individual participating in any attempted purchase.
577	(b) An individual requested by the peace officer to attempt a purchase may:
578	(i) be a trained volunteer; or
579	(ii) receive payment, but may not be paid based on the number of successful purchases
580	of alcohol, tobacco, or an electronic cigarette product.
581	(4) The individual requested by the peace officer to attempt a purchase and anyone
582	accompanying the individual attempting a purchase may not during the attempted purchase

misrepresent the age of the individual by false or misleading identification documentation in

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- (5) An individual requested to attempt to purchase or make a purchase pursuant to this section is immune from prosecution, suit, or civil liability for the purchase of, attempted purchase of, or possession of alcohol, a cigar, a cigarette, tobacco in any form, or an electronic cigarette product if a peace officer directs, supervises, and monitors the individual.
- (6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), a purchase attempted under this section shall be conducted:
  - (i) on a random basis; and
- 592 (ii) within a 12-month period at any one retail establishment location not more often than:
  - (A) four times for the attempted purchase of:
- 595 (I) a cigar;
- 596 (II) a cigarette;
- 597 (III) tobacco in any form; or
- 598 (IV) an electronic cigarette product; and
  - (B) four times for the attempted purchase of alcohol.
  - (b) Nothing in this section shall prohibit an investigation under this section if:
  - (i) there is reasonable suspicion to believe the retail establishment has sold alcohol, a cigar, a cigarette, tobacco in any form, or an electronic cigarette <u>product</u> to an individual under the age established by Section 32B-4-403 or 76-10-104; and
  - (ii) the supervising peace officer makes a written record of the grounds for the reasonable suspicion.
  - (7) (a) The peace officer exercising direction, supervision, and monitoring of the attempted purchase shall make a report of the attempted purchase, whether or not a purchase was made.
    - (b) The report required by this Subsection (7) shall include:
- (i) the name of the supervising peace officer;
  - (ii) the name of the individual attempting the purchase;
- 612 (iii) a photograph of the individual attempting the purchase showing how that 613 individual appeared at the time of the attempted purchase;
- (iv) the name and description of the cashier or proprietor from whom the individual

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615	attempted the purchase;
616	(v) the name and address of the retail establishment; and
617	(vi) the date and time of the attempted purchase.
618	Section 19. Effective date.
619	This bill takes effect on July 1, 2014.