	SCHOOL GRADING REVISIONS
	2014 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
	Chief Sponsor: J. Stuart Adams
	House Sponsor: Gregory H. Hughes
LONG T	ITLE
General l	Description:
Th	is bill modifies procedures and standards for assigning a letter grade to a school
based on t	the proficiency, learning gains, or college and career readiness of the school's
students.	
Highlight	ted Provisions:
Th	nis bill:
•	modifies the definition of sufficient growth;
•	requires the State Board of Education to establish a growth target for a student for
each state	wide assessment the student takes;
•	requires the State Board of Education to create an alignment of scale scores when
transitioni	ing between assessment systems;
►	exempts from school grading a school that is designated as an alternative school by
the State I	Board of Education;
►	requires the State Board of Education to annually evaluate an alternative school in
accordanc	e with an accountability plan developed by the State Board of Education;
•	exempts certain schools from school grading;
•	defines a combination school and requires the State Board of Education to assign
two schoo	ol grades to a combination school;
►	modifies the calculation of a high school's graduation rate;
•	establishes a standard for determining whether a student is college ready for the
purpose o	f school grading;
•	requires the State Board of Education to lower a school grade by one letter grade if

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30	student participation in testing is less than 95%;
31	 provides for exceptions to certain requirements for the purpose of determining
32	school grades for the 2013-14 school year; and
33	 makes technical amendments.
34	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
35	None
36	Other Special Clauses:
37	None
38	Utah Code Sections Affected:
39	AMENDS:
40	53A-1-1102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 478
41	53A-1-1103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 478 and last amended by
42	Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 478
43	53A-1-1104, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 417
44	53A-1-1107, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 478
45	53A-1-1108, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 478 and last amended by
46	Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 478
47	53A-1-1110, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 478
48	ENACTS:
49	53A-1-1104.5, Utah Code Annotated 1953
50	53A-1-1107.5, Utah Code Annotated 1953
51	53A-1-1114, Utah Code Annotated 1953
52 53	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
54	Section 1. Section 53A-1-1102 is amended to read:
55	53A-1-1102. Definitions.
56	As used in this part:
57	(1) "Alternative school" means a school:

58	(a) established to serve youth who are not succeeding in a traditional school
59	environment; and
60	(b) designated as an alternative school by the State Board of Education.
61	(2) "Board" means the State Board of Education.
62	(3) "Combination school" means a school that includes:
63	(a) grade 12; and
64	(b) a grade lower than grade 7.
65	$\left[\frac{(1)}{(4)}\right]$ "High school" means:
66	(a) a school that:
67	(i) includes grade 12[-]; and
68	(ii) does not include any grade lower than grade 7; or
69	(b) grades 9 through 12 of a combination school.
70	(5) "Individualized education program" or "IEP" means a written statement, for a
71	student with a disability, that is developed, reviewed, and revised in accordance with the
72	Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1400 et seq.
73	[(2)] (6) "Statewide assessment" means $[:(a)]$ a criterion-referenced test of student
74	achievement in language arts, mathematics, or science, including a test administered in a
75	computer adaptive format[; and (b)], which is administered statewide under Part 6,
76	Achievement Tests.
77	[(3) "Student growth percentile" means the result of a statistical model that calculates
78	each student's change in achievement between two or more points in time on a statewide
79	assessment and compares each student's performance to that of similarly achieving students.]
80	[(4)] (7) "Sufficient growth" means [a measurement of growth greater than or equal to
81	growth at a specific percentile in the 2011-12 year adopted by the State Board of Education in
82	rule.] a student's scale score on a statewide assessment is equal to or exceeds the student's
83	growth target established pursuant to Section 53A-1-1107.5.
84	(8) "Year 1" means the first year of two consecutive years in which a student takes a
0.5	

85 <u>statewide assessment in the same subject.</u>

86	(9) "Year 2" means the second year of two consecutive years in which a student takes a
87	statewide assessment in the same subject.
88	Section 2. Section 53A-1-1103 is amended to read:
89	53A-1-1103. State Board of Education to establish school grading system
90	Report to Education Interim Committee.
91	(1) (a) The State Board of Education shall establish a school grading system in
92	accordance with this part in which a school annually is designated a grade of A, B, C, D, or F
93	based on the performance of the school's students on statewide assessments, and for a high
94	school, the graduation rate and, except for the 2012-13 school year, student performance on a
95	college admissions test administered pursuant to Section 53A-1-611.
96	(b) The school grading system established in this part shall be known and referred to as
97	"school grading."
98	(2) The State Board of Education shall:
99	(a) model the school grading system described in this part using school performance
100	data for the 2010-11 school year;
101	(b) study modifications to the school grading system; and
102	(c) make recommendations for proposed legislation to the Education Interim
103	Committee on modifications to the school grading system by the committee's September 2012
104	meeting.
105	(3) The school grading system shall take effect for the 2012-13 school year and shall
106	replace the U-PASS accountability system developed and implemented by the State Board of
107	Education.
108	(4) For the purposes of school grading, the State Board of Education shall create an
109	alignment mapping of scale scores when transitioning to a new assessment system to reflect the
110	standards of academic achievement set by the State Board of Education.
111	Section 3. Section 53A-1-1104 is amended to read:
112	53A-1-1104. Schools included in grading system.
113	(1) Except as provided in [Subsection] Subsections (2) through (5), a school that has

114	students who take statewide assessments shall receive a school grade.
115	(2) A school may not receive a school grade, if the number of a school's students tested
116	is less than the minimum sample size necessary, based on accepted professional practice for
117	statistical reliability or the prevention of the unlawful release of personally identifiable student
118	data under 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1232h.
119	(3) (a) An alternative school is exempt from school grading.
120	(b) The board shall annually:
121	(i) evaluate an alternative school in accordance with an accountability plan approved
122	by the board; and
123	(ii) report the results on a school report card.
124	(c) The State Board of Education, a local school board, and a charter school governing
125	board shall provide to a parent or guardian a school report card for an alternative school and
126	electronically publish the school report card in the same manner and at the same time as other
127	school report cards are provided and published pursuant to Section 53A-11-1112.
128	(4) The State Board of Education shall exempt a school from school grading in the
129	school's first year of operations if the school's local school board or charter school governing
130	board requests the exemption.
131	(5) The State Board of Education shall exempt a high school from school grading or
132	exempt a combination school from the school grading requirement described in Subsection
133	53A-1-1104.5(2) in the high school's or combination school's second year of operations if the
134	school's local school board or charter school governing board requests the exemption.
135	Section 4. Section 53A-1-1104.5 is enacted to read:
136	53A-1-1104.5. Two school grades assigned to a combination school.
137	The board shall assign two school grades to a combination school as follows:
138	(1) the board shall assign a school grade based on the proficiency and learning gains of
139	students who are enrolled in a grade below grade 9 as described in Sections 53A-1-1106 and
140	<u>53A-1-1107; and</u>
141	(2) the board shall assign a school grade based on:

142	(a) the proficiency and learning gains of students who are enrolled in grades 9 through
143	12, as described in Sections 53A-1-1106 and 53A-1-1107;
144	(b) the school's graduation rate calculated in accordance with Section 53A-1-1108; and
145	(c) the percentage of students considered college ready calculated in accordance with
146	<u>Section 53A-1-1108.</u>
147	Section 5. Section 53A-1-1107 is amended to read:
148	53A-1-1107. Calculation of points earned for students demonstrating sufficient
149	growth in language arts, mathematics, and science.
150	(1) A school shall receive points for a school's students demonstrating sufficient
151	growth in language arts, mathematics, and science[, and writing] as follows:
152	(a) A school shall receive 0.5 points for each percentage of the school's students who
153	take a statewide assessment of language arts achievement and make sufficient growth.
154	(b) A school shall receive 0.5 points for each percentage of the school's students who
155	take a statewide assessment of mathematics achievement and make sufficient growth.
156	(c) A school shall receive 0.5 points for each percentage of the school's students who
157	take a statewide assessment of science achievement and make sufficient growth.
158	(2) A school shall receive points for a school's students who scored below the
159	proficient level on statewide achievement tests in the prior year and who demonstrate sufficient
160	growth in language arts, mathematics, and science as follows:
161	(a) A school shall receive 0.5 points for each percentage of the school's nonproficient
162	students, as determined by prior year language arts test scores, who take a statewide assessment
163	of language arts achievement and make sufficient growth.
164	(b) A school shall receive 0.5 points for each percentage of the school's nonproficient
165	students, as determined by prior year mathematics test scores, who take a statewide assessment
166	of mathematics achievement and make sufficient growth.
167	(c) A school shall receive 0.5 points for each percentage of the school's nonproficient
168	students, as determined by prior year science test scores, who take a statewide assessment of
169	science achievement and make sufficient growth.

170	(3) A school may earn a maximum of 50 points for each of the criteria listed in
171	Subsections (1)(a), (b), and (c) and (2)(a), (b), and (c).
172	(4) The State Board of Education shall:
173	(a) model the school grading system based on awarding points as described in
174	Subsection (2) for students in the lowest quartile, as determined by prior year test scores, who
175	make sufficient growth; and
176	(b) submit a report on the model results to the Education Interim Committee no later
177	than the committee's November 2013 meeting.
178	Section 6. Section 53A-1-1107.5 is enacted to read:
179	53A-1-1107.5. Growth target established to determine whether a student
180	demonstrates sufficient growth in a subject.
181	(1) (a) For the purpose of determining whether a student demonstrates sufficient
182	growth in the 2013-14 school year in language arts, mathematics, or science as provided in
183	Section 53A-1-1107, the board shall establish a growth target for a student for each statewide
184	assessment the student takes.
185	(b) A student demonstrates sufficient growth in the 2013-14 school year if the student's
186	scale score on a statewide assessment administered in the 2013-14 school year is equal to or
187	exceeds the growth target established pursuant to Subsections (1)(c) and (1)(d).
188	(c) The board shall establish a 2013-14 growth target for each cohort of students with
189	the same scale score on a particular statewide assessment in the 2012-13 school year.
190	(d) (i) The board shall establish a 2013-14 growth target based on actual student
191	growth in the 2011-12 school year as measured by statewide assessments administered at the
192	end of the 2010-11 and 2011-12 school years.
193	(ii) Among a cohort of students with the same scale score on a particular statewide
194	assessment in the 2010-11 school year, the scale score of the student who scores in the 2011-12
195	school year, at a percentile determined by the board in rule, becomes the 2013-14 growth target
196	for any student with a scale score in the 2012-13 school year that is the same as the cohort's
197	scale score in the 2010-11 school year.

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198	(2) (a) For the purpose of determining whether a student demonstrates sufficient
199	growth in the 2014-15 school year, or a succeeding school year, in language arts, mathematics,
200	or science as provided in Section 53A-1-1107, the board shall establish a year 2 growth target
201	for a student for each statewide assessment the student takes.
202	(b) A student demonstrates sufficient growth if the student's scale score on a statewide
203	assessment in year 2 is equal to or exceeds the year 2 growth target established pursuant to
204	Subsections (2)(c) and (2)(d).
205	(c) The board shall establish a year 2 growth target for each cohort of students with the
206	same scale score on a particular statewide assessment in year 1.
207	(d) (i) The board shall establish a year 2 growth target based on actual student growth
208	in the 2014-15 school year as measured by statewide assessments administered at the end of the
209	2013-14 and 2014-15 school years.
210	(ii) Among a cohort of students with the same scale score on a particular statewide
211	assessment in the 2013-14 school year, the scale score of the student who scores on a similar
212	statewide assessment in the 2014-15 school year, at a percentile determined by the board in
213	rule, becomes the year 2 growth target for statewide assessments administered in the 2014-15
214	school year and succeeding years for any student with a year 1 scale score that is the same as
215	the cohort's scale score in the 2013-14 school year.
216	Section 7. Section 53A-1-1108 is amended to read:
217	53A-1-1108. Calculation of additional points earned for high school graduation
218	and college and career readiness.
219	(1) In addition to the points described in Sections 53A-1-1106 and 53A-1-1107 [and
220	subject to Subsection (2)], a high school shall receive points, as determined by the State Board
221	of Education, for:
222	(a) the percentage of students who graduate from high school; and
223	(b) except for the 2012-13 school year, the percentage of students who are considered
224	college ready as measured by a college admissions test administered pursuant to Section
225	53A-1-611.

226	(2) [In] (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), in calculating the percentage of
227	students who graduate, the State Board of Education shall use the same graduation rate for a
228	high school that is used under the federal [No Child Left Behind accountability] four-year
229	<u>cohort</u> system.
230	(b) In calculating a high school graduation rate for the purpose of school grading, the
231	State Board of Education shall exclude from the four-year cohort for the graduating class a
232	student with a disability who has an individualized education program that includes a plan to
233	complete graduation requirements in more than four years.
234	(3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), for the purpose of school grading, a
235	student is considered college ready if the student's score in each subject area on the ACT is at
236	or above the College Readiness Benchmark as defined by the ACT.
237	(b) The board in consultation with the State Board of Regents may adopt by rule a
238	higher subject area score threshold on the ACT to be considered college ready for school
239	grading purposes.
240	[(3)] (4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection $[(3)]$ (4)(b), a school may earn a
241	maximum of 300 points for the criteria described in Subsection (1) with one-half of the
242	maximum number of points allotted to high school graduation and one-half allotted to the
243	percentage of students who are considered college ready as measured by a college admissions
244	test administered pursuant to Section 53A-1-611.
245	(b) For the 2012-13 school year, a school may earn a maximum of 150 points for the
246	percentage of students who graduate from high school.
247	Section 8. Section 53A-1-1110 is amended to read:
248	53A-1-1110. Letter grade based on percentage of maximum points earned.
249	(1) Except as provided in Subsections (2) and (3), a school shall receive a letter grade
250	based on the percentage of the maximum number of points the school may earn as calculated
251	under Section 53A-1-1109 as follows:
252	(a) A, 100% - 80%;
253	(b) B, 79% - 70%;

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254	(c) C, 69% - 60%;
255	(d) D, 59% - 50%; and
256	(e) F, 49% or less.
257	(2) When 85% of schools receive an A or B, the State Board of Education shall
258	increase the endpoints of the ranges listed in Subsections (1)(a) through (1)(e) by five
259	percentage points, except the lower endpoint of the A range may not be greater than 90%.
260	(3) [A school shall receive an F] The board shall lower a school's grade by one letter
261	grade if:
262	(a) student participation in a statewide assessment is fewer than 95%; or
263	(b) the participation of nonproficient students as determined by prior year test scores is
264	fewer than 95%.
265	Section 9. Section 53A-1-1114 is enacted to read:
266	53A-1-1114. Exceptions applicable to determining school grades for the 2013-14
267	school year.
268	(1) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection 53A-1-1102(7), Subsection
268 269	(1) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection 53A-1-1102(7), Subsection 53A-1-1103(4), Section 53A-1-1107.5, Subsection 53A-1-1110(1), and Subsections
269	53A-1-1103(4), Section 53A-1-1107.5, Subsection 53A-1-1110(1), and Subsections
269 270	53A-1-1103(4), Section 53A-1-1107.5, Subsection 53A-1-1110(1), and Subsections 53A-1-1112(5) through (7), for the purposes of determining school grades for the 2013-14
269 270 271	53A-1-1103(4), Section 53A-1-1107.5, Subsection 53A-1-1110(1), and Subsections 53A-1-1112(5) through (7), for the purposes of determining school grades for the 2013-14 school year, when schools transition to a new assessment system:
269 270 271 272	 53A-1-1103(4), Section 53A-1-1107.5, Subsection 53A-1-1110(1), and Subsections 53A-1-1112(5) through (7), for the purposes of determining school grades for the 2013-14 school year, when schools transition to a new assessment system: (a) the State Board of Education is not required to create an alignment mapping of
269 270 271 272 273	 <u>53A-1-1103(4), Section 53A-1-1107.5, Subsection 53A-1-1110(1), and Subsections</u> <u>53A-1-1112(5) through (7), for the purposes of determining school grades for the 2013-14</u> <u>school year, when schools transition to a new assessment system:</u> (a) the State Board of Education is not required to create an alignment mapping of scale scores between assessments administered in the 2012-13 school year and those
269 270 271 272 273 274	 53A-1-1103(4), Section 53A-1-1107.5, Subsection 53A-1-1110(1), and Subsections 53A-1-1112(5) through (7), for the purposes of determining school grades for the 2013-14 school year, when schools transition to a new assessment system: (a) the State Board of Education is not required to create an alignment mapping of scale scores between assessments administered in the 2012-13 school year and those administered in the 2013-14 school year;
 269 270 271 272 273 274 275 	 53A-1-1103(4), Section 53A-1-1107.5, Subsection 53A-1-1110(1), and Subsections 53A-1-1112(5) through (7), for the purposes of determining school grades for the 2013-14 school year, when schools transition to a new assessment system: (a) the State Board of Education is not required to create an alignment mapping of scale scores between assessments administered in the 2012-13 school year and those administered in the 2013-14 school year; (b) the State Board of Education shall determine, by rule:
269 270 271 272 273 274 275 276	 53A-1-1103(4), Section 53A-1-1107.5, Subsection 53A-1-1110(1), and Subsections 53A-1-1112(5) through (7), for the purposes of determining school grades for the 2013-14 school year, when schools transition to a new assessment system: (a) the State Board of Education is not required to create an alignment mapping of scale scores between assessments administered in the 2012-13 school year and those administered in the 2013-14 school year; (b) the State Board of Education shall determine, by rule: (i) how to measure growth of a school's students on statewide assessments of language
269 270 271 272 273 274 275 276 277	 53A-1-1103(4), Section 53A-1-1107.5, Subsection 53A-1-1110(1), and Subsections 53A-1-1112(5) through (7), for the purposes of determining school grades for the 2013-14 school year, when schools transition to a new assessment system: (a) the State Board of Education is not required to create an alignment mapping of scale scores between assessments administered in the 2012-13 school year and those administered in the 2013-14 school year; (b) the State Board of Education shall determine, by rule: (i) how to measure growth of a school's students on statewide assessments of language arts, mathematics, and science achievement; and
269 270 271 272 273 274 275 276 277 278	 53A-1-1103(4), Section 53A-1-1107.5, Subsection 53A-1-1110(1), and Subsections 53A-1-1112(5) through (7), for the purposes of determining school grades for the 2013-14 school year, when schools transition to a new assessment system: (a) the State Board of Education is not required to create an alignment mapping of scale scores between assessments administered in the 2012-13 school year and those administered in the 2013-14 school year; (b) the State Board of Education shall determine, by rule: (i) how to measure growth of a school's students on statewide assessments of language

282	their websites school grades for the 2013-14 school year on or before December 15, 2014.
283	(2) (a) Before the State Board of Education adopts a rule pursuant to Subsection (1)(c),
284	the board shall submit one or more proposals to the Executive Appropriations Committee to
285	adjust the maximum number of points required to earn A through F letter grades for the
286	<u>2013-14 school year.</u>
287	(b) For each proposal submitted to the Executive Appropriations Committee, the board
288	shall model the projected distribution of schools earning each letter grade.
289	(c) The Executive Appropriations Committee may:
290	(i) recommend that the board adopt a proposal to adjust the maximum number of
291	points required to earn A through F letter grades for the 2013-14 school year;
292	(ii) recommend that the board modify a proposal to adjust the maximum number of
293	points required to earn A through F letter grades for the 2013-14 school year; or
294	(iii) recommend that no adjustment be made to the maximum number of points

295 required to earn A through F letter grades for the 2013-14 school year.