Representative Lee B. Perry proposes the following substitute bill: VOTER INFORMATION AMENDMENTS 1 2 **2014 GENERAL SESSION** 3 STATE OF UTAH **Chief Sponsor: Karen Mayne** 4 5 House Sponsor: Lee B. Perry 6 7 LONG TITLE 8 **General Description:** 9 This bill amends provisions of the Election Code, the Government Records Access and Management Act, and related provisions, in relation to disclosure of, and the use of, the 10 11 list of registered voters and information from the list of registered voters. 12 **Highlighted Provisions:** 13 This bill: 14 prohibits a person, other than a government official or employee, from using the list 15 of registered voters, or information obtained from the list of registered voters, for 16 certain purposes, including commercial purposes; 17 • subject to certain exceptions, prohibits a person from reproducing the list of registered voters, or information obtained from the list of registered voters; 18 19 prohibits a person from using the list of registered voters, or information obtained 20 from the list of registered voters, to solicit donations or to conduct surveys; 21 prohibits a person from providing the list of registered voters, or information ► obtained from the list of registered voters, to another person if the person providing 22 23 the information has reason to believe that the other person will use the list, or 24 information obtained from the list, in violation of the provisions of this bill; 25 provides exceptions to certain provisions of this bill if the list of registered voters,

26	or information obtained from the list of registered voters, is used for political, scholarly,
27	journalistic, or governmental purposes;
28	 describes the circumstances under which the lieutenant governor or a county clerk
29	may disclose the list of registered voters or information from the list of registered
30	voters;
31	 requires a person who requests the list of registered voters, or information from the
32	list of registered voters, to provide identification, other information, and assurances
33	regarding the use of the list and information from the list;
34	 provides that making a false statement when providing the information and
35	assurances described above constitutes a crime;
36	 makes the following a private record:
37	• the part of a voter registration record identifying a voter's day or month of birth;
38	and
39	• a voter registration record of an individual who is protected by a current
40	protection order if the individual submits a request to classify the voter
41	registration record as private and submits a copy of the protection order; and
42	 makes technical and conforming changes.
43	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
44	None
45	Other Special Clauses:
46	None
47	Utah Code Sections Affected:
48	AMENDS:
49	20A-2-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 197
50	20A-2-308, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 74
51	63G-2-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapters 335, 426, and 445
52	63G-2-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapters 231, 296, 426, and 445
53	63G-2-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapters 216, 335, and 426
54	
55	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

56 Section 1. Section **20A-2-104** is amended to read:

substantially the fo	person applying to be registe llowing form:		-	-
		REGISTRATION FO		
Are you a citizen o	f the United States of Ameri	ca?	Yes	No
Will you be 18 year	rs old on or before election of	day?	Yes	No
If you checked "no	" to either of the above two	questions, do not com	plete this	s form.
Name of Voter				
	First M	iddle	Last	
Utah Driver Licens	se or Utah Identification Car	d Number		
Date of Birth				
Street Address of I	Principal Place of Residence			
City	County	State		Zip Code
Telephone Numbe	r (optional)			
Last four digits of	Social Security Number			
Last former addres	s at which I was registered to	o vote (if known)		
City	County	State		Zip Code
Political Party				
(a listing of each re	egistered political party, as d	efined in Section 20A	-8-101 a	nd maintained
the lieutenant gove	ernor under Section 67-1a-2,	with each party's nam	e preced	led by a check
□Unaffiliated (no	political party preference)	□Other (Please speci	fy)	
I do swear	(or affirm), subject to penalt	y of law for false state	ements, t	hat the
information contai	ned in this form is true, and	that I am a citizen of t	he Unite	d States and a
resident of the stat	e of Utah, residing at the abo	we address. I will be	at least 1	8 years old an
will have resided i	n Utah for 30 days immediat	ely before the next ele	ection. I	am not a
1.0.1	rrently incarcerated for comr	mission of a falany		

87	Signed and sworn
88	
<u>89</u>	Voter's Signature
90	(month/day/year).
91	CITIZENSHIP AFFIDAVIT
92	Name:
93	Name at birth, if different:
4	Place of birth:
5	Date of birth:
5	Date and place of naturalization (if applicable):
7	I hereby swear and affirm, under penalties for voting fraud set forth below, that I am a
8	citizen and that to the best of my knowledge and belief the information above is true and
9	correct.
0	
1	Signature of Applicant
2	In accordance with Section 20A-2-401, the penalty for willfully causing, procuring, or
3	allowing yourself to be registered to vote if you know you are not entitled to register to vote is
4	up to one year in jail and a fine of up to \$2,500.
5	NOTICE: IN ORDER TO BE ALLOWED TO VOTE, YOU MUST PRESENT VALID
5	VOTER IDENTIFICATION TO THE POLL WORKER BEFORE VOTING, WHICH MUST
7	BE A VALID FORM OF PHOTO IDENTIFICATION THAT SHOWS YOUR NAME AND
3	PHOTOGRAPH; OR
)	TWO DIFFERENT FORMS OF IDENTIFICATION THAT SHOW YOUR NAME AND
)	CURRENT ADDRESS.
l	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY
2	Type of I.D
3	Voting Precinct
	Voting I.D. Number

118	electronic or some other recognized system.
119	(b) The county clerk may transfer a superceded voter registration form to the Division
120	of Archives and Records Service created under Section 63A-12-101.
121	(3) (a) Each county clerk shall retain lists of currently registered voters.
122	(b) The lieutenant governor shall maintain a list of registered voters in electronic form.
123	(c) If there are any discrepancies between the two lists, the county clerk's list is the
124	official list.
125	(d) The lieutenant governor and the county clerks may charge the fees established
126	under the authority of Subsection 63G-2-203(10) to individuals who wish to obtain a copy of
127	the list of registered voters.
128	(4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(d), a person may not use the list of
129	registered voters, or information obtained from the list of registered voters, for the purpose of:
130	(i) except as provided in Subsection (4)(e):
131	(A) selling the list or information;
132	(B) selling use of the list or information; or
133	(C) advertising, soliciting, selling, or marketing products or services to a person;
134	(ii) except as provided in Subsection (4)(f), providing the list or information through a
135	medium that displays or sends paid advertising to a person that accesses the list or information;
136	(iii) except as provided in Subsection (4)(g), soliciting a donation;
137	(iv) except as provided in Subsection (4)(h), conducting a survey;
138	(v) charging a fee to a person to have the person's information, or a portion of the
139	person's information, removed, withheld, or changed; or
140	(vi) harassing a person.
141	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(d) or (i), a person may not reproduce the list
142	of registered voters, or information obtained from the list of registered voters, in any manner,
143	including print, visual or audio format, electronic format, on the Internet, or via computer
144	terminal.
145	(c) A person may not provide the list of registered voters, or information obtained from
146	the list of registered voters, to another person if the person providing the list or information has
147	reason to believe that the other person will use the list or information in violation of Subsection
148	<u>(4)(a) or (b).</u>

149	(d) The provisions of Subsections (4)(a)(i) through (v) and (4)(b) do not apply to a
150	person described in Subsection (6)(a)(i).
151	(e) Subsection $(4)(a)(i)$ does not prohibit a political party or other organization from
152	selling to its members for no more than the cost of production, information compiled using, in
153	part, information obtained from the list of registered voters, if the compiled information is
154	intended for use solely for political purposes.
155	(f) Subsection (4)(a)(ii) does not prohibit a person from providing information obtained
156	from the list of registered voters as part of a newspaper or other journalistic publication.
157	(g) Subsection (4)(a)(iii) does not prohibit a person from using information obtained
158	from the list of registered voters to solicit a donation for political or governmental purposes.
159	(h) Subsection (4)(a)(iv) does not prohibit a person from using information obtained
160	from the list of registered voters to conduct a survey for political, scholarly, journalistic, or
161	governmental purposes.
162	(i) Subsection (4)(b) does not prohibit a person from reproducing the list of registered
163	voters, or information obtained from the list of registered voters, for political, scholarly,
164	journalistic, or governmental purposes.
165	(j) The lieutenant governor or a county clerk may not disclose the list of registered
166	voters, or information obtained from the list of registered voters, to a person other than a
167	person described in Subsection (6)(a)(i), unless the person:
168	(i) provides proof of the person's identity; and
169	(ii) signs a document that includes the following:
170	(A) the name, address, and telephone number of the person requesting the list or
171	information from the list;
172	(B) a statement regarding the purpose for which the person desires to obtain the list;
173	(C) a list of the purposes for which the list of registered voters, or information obtained
174	from the list of registered voters, may be used and may not be used;
175	(D) an assertion from the person that the person will not use the list, or information
176	obtained from the list, for a purpose prohibited by law;
177	(E) notice that if the person makes a false statement in the document, the person is
178	punishable by law under Section 76-8-504; and
179	(F) notice that a person who uses the list, or information obtained from the list, in a

180	manner that is prohibited by law is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
181	(k) The lieutenant governor or a county clerk may not disclose the list of registered
182	voters, or information obtained from the list of registered voters, to a person that the lieutenant
183	governor or county clerk reasonably believes will use the list, or information obtained from the
184	list, in a manner prohibited by law.
185	(1) A person is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if the person uses the list of registered
186	voters, or information obtained from the list of registered voters, in violation of Subsection
187	<u>(4)(a), (b), or (c).</u>
188	(5) Subsection (4) does not prohibit a person from obtaining or using the list of
189	registered voters, or information obtained from the list of registered voters, for research
190	purposes if the person does not use the list of registered voters, or information obtained from
191	the list of registered voters, for a purpose prohibited under Subsection (4).
192	(6) (a) As used in this Subsection (6), "qualified person" means:
193	(i) a government official or government employee acting in the government official's or
194	government employee's capacity as a government official or a government employee;
195	(ii) a health care provider, as defined in Section 26-33a-102, or an agent, employee, or
196	independent contractor of a health care provider;
197	(iii) an insurance company, as defined in Section 67-4a-102, or an agent, employee, or
198	independent contractor of an insurance company; or
199	(iv) a financial institution, as defined in Section 7-1-103, or an agent, employee, or
200	independent contractor of a financial institution.
201	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (4), a person may sell or provide the list of registered
202	voters, or information obtained from the list of registered voters, to a qualified person if the
203	person selling or providing the list, or information obtained from the list:
204	(i) ensures, using industry standard security measures, that the list, or information
205	obtained from the list, may not be accessed by a person other than a qualified person; and
206	(ii) verifies that the list, or information obtained from the list, will only be used by:
207	(A) the qualified person to verify the accuracy of personal information submitted by an
208	individual or to confirm the identity of a person in order to prevent fraud, waste, or abuse; or
209	(B) a person described in Subsection (6)(a)(i).
210	(7) Subsection (6) does not permit a person to provide the list of registered voters or

211	information obtained from the list of registered voters to the general public in any form or
212	manner.
213	[(4)] (8) When political parties not listed on the voter registration form qualify as
214	registered political parties under Title 20A, Chapter 8, Political Party Formation and
215	Procedures, the lieutenant governor shall inform the county clerks about the name of the new
216	political party and direct the county clerks to ensure that the voter registration form is modified
217	to include that political party.
218	[(5)] (9) Upon receipt of a voter registration form from an applicant, the county clerk
219	or the clerk's designee shall:
220	(a) review each voter registration form for completeness and accuracy; and
221	(b) if the county clerk believes, based upon a review of the form, that a person may be
222	seeking to register to vote who is not legally entitled to register to vote, refer the form to the
223	county attorney for investigation and possible prosecution.
224	Section 2. Section 20A-2-308 is amended to read:
225	20A-2-308. Lieutenant governor and county clerks to preserve records.
226	(1) As used in this section:
227	(a) "Voter registration [records] record" means [all records] a record concerning the
228	implementation of programs and activities conducted for the purpose of ensuring that the
229	official register is accurate and current.
230	(b) "Voter registration [records] record" does not [mean records] include a record that:
231	(i) [relate] relates to a person's decision to decline to register to vote; [and] or
232	(ii) [identify] identifies the particular public assistance agency, discretionary voter
233	registration agency, or Driver License Division through which a particular voter registered to
234	vote.
235	(2) The lieutenant governor and each county clerk shall:
236	(a) preserve for at least two years all records relating to voter registration, including:
237	(i) the official register; and
238	(ii) the names and addresses of all persons to whom the notice required by Section
239	20A-2-306 was sent and a notation as to whether or not the person responded to the notice;
240	(b) make the records, except for the part of the voter registration record classified as
241	private under Section 63G-2-302, available for public inspection; and

242	(c) allow the records described in Subsection (2)(b) to be photocopied for a reasonable
243	cost.
244	Section 3. Section 63G-2-202 is amended to read:
245	63G-2-202. Access to private, controlled, and protected documents.
246	(1) Upon request, and except as provided in Subsection (11)(a), a governmental entity
247	shall disclose a private record to:
248	(a) the subject of the record;
249	(b) the parent or legal guardian of an unemancipated minor who is the subject of the
250	record;
251	(c) the legal guardian of a legally incapacitated individual who is the subject of the
252	record;
253	(d) any other individual who:
254	(i) has a power of attorney from the subject of the record;
255	(ii) submits a notarized release from the subject of the record or the individual's legal
256	representative dated no more than 90 days before the date the request is made; or
257	(iii) if the record is a medical record described in Subsection 63G-2-302(1)(b), is a
258	health care provider, as defined in Section 26-33a-102, if releasing the record or information in
259	the record is consistent with normal professional practice and medical ethics; or
260	(e) any person to whom the record must be provided pursuant to:
261	(i) court order as provided in Subsection (7); or
262	(ii) a legislative subpoena as provided in Title 36, Chapter 14, Legislative Subpoena
263	Powers.
264	(2) (a) Upon request, a governmental entity shall disclose a controlled record to:
265	(i) a physician, psychologist, certified social worker, insurance provider or producer, or
266	a government public health agency upon submission of:
267	(A) a release from the subject of the record that is dated no more than 90 days prior to
268	the date the request is made; and
269	(B) a signed acknowledgment of the terms of disclosure of controlled information as
270	provided by Subsection (2)(b); and
271	(ii) any person to whom the record must be disclosed pursuant to:
272	(A) a court order as provided in Subsection (7); or

273	(B) a legislative subpoena as provided in Title 36, Chapter 14, Legislative Subpoena
274	Powers.
275	(b) A person who receives a record from a governmental entity in accordance with
276	Subsection (2)(a)(i) may not disclose controlled information from that record to any person,
277	including the subject of the record.
278	(3) If there is more than one subject of a private or controlled record, the portion of the
279	record that pertains to another subject shall be segregated from the portion that the requester is
280	entitled to inspect.
281	(4) Upon request, and except as provided in Subsection (10) or (11)(b), a governmental
282	entity shall disclose a protected record to:
283	(a) the person who submitted the record;
284	(b) any other individual who:
285	(i) has a power of attorney from all persons, governmental entities, or political
286	subdivisions whose interests were sought to be protected by the protected classification; or
287	(ii) submits a notarized release from all persons, governmental entities, or political
288	subdivisions whose interests were sought to be protected by the protected classification or from
289	their legal representatives dated no more than 90 days prior to the date the request is made;
290	(c) any person to whom the record must be provided pursuant to:
291	(i) a court order as provided in Subsection (7); or
292	(ii) a legislative subpoena as provided in Title 36, Chapter 14, Legislative Subpoena
293	Powers; or
294	(d) the owner of a mobile home park, subject to the conditions of Subsection
295	41-1a-116(5).
296	(5) A governmental entity may disclose a private, controlled, or protected record to
297	another governmental entity, political subdivision, another state, the United States, or a foreign
298	government only as provided by Section 63G-2-206.
299	(6) Before releasing a private, controlled, or protected record, the governmental entity
300	shall obtain evidence of the requester's identity.
301	(7) A governmental entity shall disclose a record pursuant to the terms of a court order
302	signed by a judge from a court of competent jurisdiction, provided that:
303	(a) the record deals with a matter in controversy over which the court has jurisdiction;

304	(b) the court has considered the merits of the request for access to the record;
305	(c) the court has considered and, where appropriate, limited the requester's use and
306	further disclosure of the record in order to protect:
307	(i) privacy interests in the case of private or controlled records;
308	(ii) business confidentiality interests in the case of records protected under Subsection
309	63G-2-305(1), (2), (40)(a)(ii), or (40)(a)(vi); and
310	(iii) privacy interests or the public interest in the case of other protected records;
311	(d) to the extent the record is properly classified private, controlled, or protected, the
312	interests favoring access, considering limitations thereon, are greater than or equal to the
313	interests favoring restriction of access; and
314	(e) where access is restricted by a rule, statute, or regulation referred to in Subsection
315	63G-2-201(3)(b), the court has authority independent of this chapter to order disclosure.
316	(8) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (8)(d), a governmental entity may disclose or
317	authorize disclosure of private or controlled records for research purposes if the governmental
318	entity:
319	(i) determines that the research purpose cannot reasonably be accomplished without
320	use or disclosure of the information to the researcher in individually identifiable form;
321	(ii) determines that:
322	(A) the proposed research is bona fide; and
323	(B) the value of the research is greater than or equal to the infringement upon personal
324	privacy;
325	(iii) (A) requires the researcher to assure the integrity, confidentiality, and security of
326	the records; and
327	(B) requires the removal or destruction of the individual identifiers associated with the
328	records as soon as the purpose of the research project has been accomplished;
329	(iv) prohibits the researcher from:
330	(A) disclosing the record in individually identifiable form, except as provided in
331	Subsection (8)(b); or
332	(B) using the record for purposes other than the research approved by the governmental
333	entity; and
334	(v) secures from the researcher a written statement of the researcher's understanding of

335	and agreement to the conditions of this Subsection (8) and the researcher's understanding that
336	violation of the terms of this Subsection (8) may subject the researcher to criminal prosecution
337	under Section 63G-2-801.
338	(b) A researcher may disclose a record in individually identifiable form if the record is
339	disclosed for the purpose of auditing or evaluating the research program and no subsequent use
340	or disclosure of the record in individually identifiable form will be made by the auditor or
341	evaluator except as provided by this section.
342	(c) A governmental entity may require indemnification as a condition of permitting
343	research under this Subsection (8).
344	(d) A governmental entity may not disclose or authorize disclosure of a private record
345	for research purposes as described in this Subsection (8) if the private record is a record
346	described in Subsection $63G-2-302(1)[(t)](u)$.
347	(9) (a) Under Subsections $63G-2-201(5)(b)$ and $63G-2-401(6)$, a governmental entity
348	may disclose to persons other than those specified in this section records that are:
349	(i) private under Section 63G-2-302; or
350	(ii) protected under Section 63G-2-305 subject to Section 63G-2-309 if a claim for
351	business confidentiality has been made under Section 63G-2-309.
352	(b) Under Subsection $63G-2-403(11)(b)$, the records committee may require the
353	disclosure to persons other than those specified in this section of records that are:
354	(i) private under Section 63G-2-302;
355	(ii) controlled under Section 63G-2-304; or
356	(iii) protected under Section 63G-2-305 subject to Section 63G-2-309 if a claim for
357	business confidentiality has been made under Section 63G-2-309.
358	(c) Under Subsection $63G-2-404(8)$, the court may require the disclosure of records
359	that are private under Section 63G-2-302, controlled under Section 63G-2-304, or protected
360	under Section 63G-2-305 to persons other than those specified in this section.
361	(10) A record contained in the Management Information System, created in Section
362	62A-4a-1003, that is found to be unsubstantiated, unsupported, or without merit may not be
363	disclosed to any person except the person who is alleged in the report to be a perpetrator of
364	abuse, neglect, or dependency.
365	(11) (a) A private record described in Subsection 63G-2-302(2)(g) may only be

366	disclosed as provided in Subsection (1)(e).
367	(b) A protected record described in Subsection 63G-2-305(43) may only be disclosed
368	as provided in Subsection (4)(c) or Section 62A-3-312.
369	(12) (a) A private, protected, or controlled record described in Section 62A-16-301
370	shall be disclosed as required under:
371	(i) Subsections 62A-16-301(1)(b), (2), and (4)(c); and
372	(ii) Subsections 62A-16-302(1) and (6).
373	(b) A record disclosed under Subsection (12)(a) shall retain its character as private,
374	protected, or controlled.
375	Section 4. Section 63G-2-301 is amended to read:
376	63G-2-301. Public records.
377	(1) As used in this section:
378	(a) "Business address" means a single address of a governmental agency designated for
379	the public to contact an employee or officer of the governmental agency.
380	(b) "Business email address" means a single email address of a governmental agency
381	designated for the public to contact an employee or officer of the governmental agency.
382	(c) "Business telephone number" means a single telephone number of a governmental
383	agency designated for the public to contact an employee or officer of the governmental agency.
384	(2) The following records are public except to the extent they contain information
385	expressly permitted to be treated confidentially under the provisions of Subsections
386	63G-2-201(3)(b) and (6)(a):
387	(a) laws;
388	(b) the name, gender, gross compensation, job title, job description, business address,
389	business email address, business telephone number, number of hours worked per pay period,
390	dates of employment, and relevant education, previous employment, and similar job
391	qualifications of a current or former employee or officer of the governmental entity, excluding:
392	(i) undercover law enforcement personnel; and
393	(ii) investigative personnel if disclosure could reasonably be expected to impair the
394	effectiveness of investigations or endanger any individual's safety;
395	(c) final opinions, including concurring and dissenting opinions, and orders that are
396	made by a governmental entity in an administrative, adjudicative, or judicial proceeding except

397	that if the proceedings were properly closed to the public, the opinion and order may be
398	withheld to the extent that they contain information that is private, controlled, or protected;
399	(d) final interpretations of statutes or rules by a governmental entity unless classified as
400	protected as provided in Subsection 63G-2-305 (17) or (18);
401	(e) information contained in or compiled from a transcript, minutes, or report of the
402	open portions of a meeting of a governmental entity as provided by Title 52, Chapter 4, Open
403	and Public Meetings Act, including the records of all votes of each member of the
404	governmental entity;
405	(f) judicial records unless a court orders the records to be restricted under the rules of
406	civil or criminal procedure or unless the records are private under this chapter;
407	(g) unless otherwise classified as private under Section 63G-2-303, records or parts of
408	records filed with or maintained by county recorders, clerks, treasurers, surveyors, zoning
409	commissions, the Division of Forestry, Fire, and State Lands, the School and Institutional Trust
410	Lands Administration, the Division of Oil, Gas, and Mining, the Division of Water Rights, or
411	other governmental entities that give public notice of:
412	(i) titles or encumbrances to real property;
413	(ii) restrictions on the use of real property;
414	(iii) the capacity of persons to take or convey title to real property; or
415	(iv) tax status for real and personal property;
416	(h) records of the Department of Commerce that evidence incorporations, mergers,
417	name changes, and uniform commercial code filings;
418	(i) data on individuals that would otherwise be private under this chapter if the
419	individual who is the subject of the record has given the governmental entity written
420	permission to make the records available to the public;
421	(j) documentation of the compensation that a governmental entity pays to a contractor
422	or private provider;
423	(k) summary data;
424	(1) <u>subject to Subsection 20A-2-104(4)</u> , voter registration records, including an
425	individual's voting history, except for <u>a voter registration record, or</u> those parts of [the] <u>a voter</u>
426	registration record, that are classified as private in Subsection 63G-2-302(1)(j);
427	(m) for an elected official, as defined in Section 11-47-102, a telephone number, if

428	available, and email address, if available, where that elected official may be reached as required
429	in Title 11, Chapter 47, Access to Elected Officials;
430	(n) for a school community council member, a telephone number, if available, and
431	email address, if available, where that elected official may be reached directly as required in
432	Section 53A-1a-108.1;
433	(o) annual audited financial statements of the Utah Educational Savings Plan described
434	in Section 53B-8a-111; and
435	(p) an initiative packet, as defined in Section 20A-7-101, and a referendum packet, as
436	defined in Section 20A-7-101, after the packet is submitted to a county clerk.
437	(3) The following records are normally public, but to the extent that a record is
438	expressly exempt from disclosure, access may be restricted under Subsection 63G-2-201(3)(b),
439	Section 63G-2-302, 63G-2-304, or 63G-2-305:
440	(a) administrative staff manuals, instructions to staff, and statements of policy;
441	(b) records documenting a contractor's or private provider's compliance with the terms
442	of a contract with a governmental entity;
443	(c) records documenting the services provided by a contractor or a private provider to
444	the extent the records would be public if prepared by the governmental entity;
445	(d) contracts entered into by a governmental entity;
446	(e) any account, voucher, or contract that deals with the receipt or expenditure of funds
447	by a governmental entity;
448	(f) records relating to government assistance or incentives publicly disclosed,
449	contracted for, or given by a governmental entity, encouraging a person to expand or relocate a
450	business in Utah, except as provided in Subsection 63G-2-305(35);
451	(g) chronological logs and initial contact reports;
452	(h) correspondence by and with a governmental entity in which the governmental entity
453	determines or states an opinion upon the rights of the state, a political subdivision, the public,
454	or any person;
455	(i) empirical data contained in drafts if:
456	(i) the empirical data is not reasonably available to the requester elsewhere in similar
457	form; and
458	(ii) the governmental entity is given a reasonable opportunity to correct any errors or

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459	make nonsubstantive changes before release;
460	(j) drafts that are circulated to anyone other than:
461	(i) a governmental entity;
462	(ii) a political subdivision;
463	(iii) a federal agency if the governmental entity and the federal agency are jointly
464	responsible for implementation of a program or project that has been legislatively approved;
465	(iv) a government-managed corporation; or
466	(v) a contractor or private provider;
467	(k) drafts that have never been finalized but were relied upon by the governmental
468	entity in carrying out action or policy;
469	(l) original data in a computer program if the governmental entity chooses not to
470	disclose the program;
471	(m) arrest warrants after issuance, except that, for good cause, a court may order
472	restricted access to arrest warrants prior to service;
473	(n) search warrants after execution and filing of the return, except that a court, for good
474	cause, may order restricted access to search warrants prior to trial;
475	(o) records that would disclose information relating to formal charges or disciplinary
476	actions against a past or present governmental entity employee if:
477	(i) the disciplinary action has been completed and all time periods for administrative
478	appeal have expired; and
479	(ii) the charges on which the disciplinary action was based were sustained;
480	(p) records maintained by the Division of Forestry, Fire, and State Lands, the School
481	and Institutional Trust Lands Administration, or the Division of Oil, Gas, and Mining that
482	evidence mineral production on government lands;
483	(q) final audit reports;
484	(r) occupational and professional licenses;
485	(s) business licenses; and
486	(t) a notice of violation, a notice of agency action under Section 63G-4-201, or similar
487	records used to initiate proceedings for discipline or sanctions against persons regulated by a
488	governmental entity, but not including records that initiate employee discipline.
489	(4) The list of public records in this section is not exhaustive and should not be used to

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490	limit access to records.
491	Section 5. Section 63G-2-302 is amended to read:
492	63G-2-302. Private records.
493	(1) The following records are private:
494	(a) records concerning an individual's eligibility for unemployment insurance benefits,
495	social services, welfare benefits, or the determination of benefit levels;
496	(b) records containing data on individuals describing medical history, diagnosis,
497	condition, treatment, evaluation, or similar medical data;
498	(c) records of publicly funded libraries that when examined alone or with other records
499	identify a patron;
500	(d) records received by or generated by or for:
501	(i) the Independent Legislative Ethics Commission, except for:
502	(A) the commission's summary data report that is required under legislative rule; and
503	(B) any other document that is classified as public under legislative rule; or
504	(ii) a Senate or House Ethics Committee in relation to the review of ethics complaints,
505	unless the record is classified as public under legislative rule;
506	(e) records received by, or generated by or for, the Independent Executive Branch
507	Ethics Commission, except as otherwise expressly provided in Title 63A, Chapter 14, Review
508	of Executive Branch Ethics Complaints;
509	(f) records received or generated for a Senate confirmation committee concerning
510	character, professional competence, or physical or mental health of an individual:
511	(i) if, prior to the meeting, the chair of the committee determines release of the records:
512	(A) reasonably could be expected to interfere with the investigation undertaken by the
513	committee; or
514	(B) would create a danger of depriving a person of a right to a fair proceeding or
515	impartial hearing; and
516	(ii) after the meeting, if the meeting was closed to the public;
517	(g) employment records concerning a current or former employee of, or applicant for
518	employment with, a governmental entity that would disclose that individual's home address,
519	home telephone number, Social Security number, insurance coverage, marital status, or payroll
520	deductions;

521	(h) records or parts of records under Section 63G-2-303 that a current or former
522	employee identifies as private according to the requirements of that section;
523	(i) that part of a record indicating a person's Social Security number or federal
524	employer identification number if provided under Section 31A-23a-104, 31A-25-202,
525	31A-26-202, 58-1-301, 58-55-302, 61-1-4, or 61-2f-203;
526	(j) that part of a voter registration record identifying a voter's:
527	(i) driver license or identification card number;
528	(ii) Social Security number, or last four digits of the Social Security number; [or]
529	(iii) email address; <u>or</u>
530	(iv) day or month of birth;
531	(k) a voter registration record of an individual who is protected by a current protection
532	order issued by a court of competent jurisdiction if the individual submits to the county clerk in
533	the county where the individual resides:
534	(i) a written request that the individual's voter registration record be classified as a
535	private record; and
536	(ii) a copy of the protection order;
537	$\left[\frac{k}{l}\right]$ (1) a record that:
538	(i) contains information about an individual;
539	(ii) is voluntarily provided by the individual; and
540	(iii) goes into an electronic database that:
541	(A) is designated by and administered under the authority of the Chief Information
542	Officer; and
543	(B) acts as a repository of information about the individual that can be electronically
544	retrieved and used to facilitate the individual's online interaction with a state agency;
545	[(1)] (m) information provided to the Commissioner of Insurance under:
546	(i) Subsection 31A-23a-115(2)(a);
547	(ii) Subsection 31A-23a-302(3); or
548	(iii) Subsection 31A-26-210(3);
549	[(m)] (n) information obtained through a criminal background check under Title 11,
550	Chapter 40, Criminal Background Checks by Political Subdivisions Operating Water Systems;
551	$\left[\frac{(n)}{(n)}\right]$ information provided by an offender that is:

552	(i) required by the registration requirements of Title 77, Chapter 41, Sex and Kidnap
553	Offender Registry; and
554	(ii) not required to be made available to the public under Subsection 77-41-110(4);
555	$\left[\frac{(\mathbf{o})}{(\mathbf{p})}\right]$ a statement and any supporting documentation filed with the attorney general
556	in accordance with Section 34-45-107, if the federal law or action supporting the filing
557	involves homeland security;
558	[(p)] (q) electronic toll collection customer account information received or collected
559	under Section 72-6-118 and customer information described in Section 17B-2a-815 received or
560	collected by a public transit district, including contact and payment information and customer
561	travel data;
562	$\left[\frac{(q)}{(r)}\right]$ an email address provided by a military or overseas voter under Section
563	20A-16-501;
564	$\left[\frac{(r)}{s}\right]$ a completed military-overseas ballot that is electronically transmitted under
565	Title 20A, Chapter 16, Uniform Military and Overseas Voters Act;
566	[(s)] (t) records received by or generated by or for the Political Subdivisions Ethics
567	Review Commission established in Section 11-49-201, except for:
568	(i) the commission's summary data report that is required in Section 11-49-202; and
569	(ii) any other document that is classified as public in accordance with Title 11, Chapter
570	49, Political Subdivisions Ethics Review Commission; and
571	[(t)] (u) a record described in Subsection 53A-11a-203(3) that verifies that a parent was
572	notified of an incident or threat.
573	(2) The following records are private if properly classified by a governmental entity:
574	(a) records concerning a current or former employee of, or applicant for employment
575	with a governmental entity, including performance evaluations and personal status information
576	such as race, religion, or disabilities, but not including records that are public under Subsection
577	63G-2-301(2)(b) or 63G-2-301(3)(o) or private under Subsection (1)(b);
578	(b) records describing an individual's finances, except that the following are public:
579	(i) records described in Subsection 63G-2-301(2);
580	(ii) information provided to the governmental entity for the purpose of complying with
581	a financial assurance requirement; or
582	(iii) records that must be disclosed in accordance with another statute;

(c) records of independent state agencies if the disclosure of those records wouldconflict with the fiduciary obligations of the agency;

- (d) other records containing data on individuals the disclosure of which constitutes a
 clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy;
- (e) records provided by the United States or by a government entity outside the state
 that are given with the requirement that the records be managed as private records, if the
 providing entity states in writing that the record would not be subject to public disclosure if
 retained by it; and
- (f) any portion of a record in the custody of the Division of Aging and Adult Services,
 created in Section 62A-3-102, that may disclose, or lead to the discovery of, the identity of a
 person who made a report of alleged abuse, neglect, or exploitation of a vulnerable adult.
- (3) (a) As used in this Subsection (3), "medical records" means medical reports,
 records, statements, history, diagnosis, condition, treatment, and evaluation.
- (b) Medical records in the possession of the University of Utah Hospital, its clinics,
 doctors, or affiliated entities are not private records or controlled records under Section
 63G-2-304 when the records are sought:
- (i) in connection with any legal or administrative proceeding in which the patient'sphysical, mental, or emotional condition is an element of any claim or defense; or
- 601 (ii) after a patient's death, in any legal or administrative proceeding in which any party602 relies upon the condition as an element of the claim or defense.
- (c) Medical records are subject to production in a legal or administrative proceeding
 according to state or federal statutes or rules of procedure and evidence as if the medical
 records were in the possession of a nongovernmental medical care provider.