	2014 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF LITAL
	STATE OF UTAH
	Chief Sponsor: Jim Dabakis
	House Sponsor: Larry B. Wiley
Ι	LONG TITLE
(General Description:
	This bill amends provisions of Title 15A, Chapter 5, State Fire Code Act, relating to
c	arbon monoxide detection.
ŀ	Highlighted Provisions:
	This bill:
	 requires that certain buildings or structures used for educational purposes for
S	tudents through grade 12 be equipped with carbon monoxide detection in
a	ccordance with the provisions of this bill; and
	 makes technical and conforming changes.
N	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
	None
(Other Special Clauses:
	None
ι	Jtah Code Sections Affected:
A	AMENDS:
	15A-5-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 199
	15A-5-205.5, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 199

28	15A-5-204. Amendments and additions to IFC related to fire protection systems.
29	For IFC, Fire Protection Systems:
30	(1) IFC, Chapter 9, Section 901.2, Construction Documents, is amended to add the
31	following at the end of the section: "The code official has the authority to request record
32	drawings ("as builts") to verify any modifications to the previously approved construction
33	documents."
34	(2) IFC, Chapter 9, Section 901.4.6, Pump and Riser Room Size, is deleted and
35	replaced with the following: "Pump and Riser Room Size. Fire pump and automatic sprinkler
36	system riser rooms shall be designed with adequate space for all installed equipment necessary
37	for the installation and to provide sufficient working space around the stationary equipment.
38	Clearances around equipment shall be in accordance with manufacturer requirements and not
39	less than the following minimum elements:
40	901.4.6.1 A minimum clear and unobstructed distance of 12 inches shall be provided
41	from the installed equipment to the elements of permanent construction.
42	901.4.6.2 A minimum clear and unobstructed distance of 12 inches shall be provided
43	between all other installed equipment and appliances.
44	901.4.6.3 A clear and unobstructed width of 36 inches shall be provided in front of all
45	installed equipment and appliances, to allow for inspection, service, repair or replacement
46	without removing such elements of permanent construction or disabling the function of a
47	required fire-resistance-rated assembly.
48	901.4.6.4 Automatic sprinkler system riser rooms shall be provided with a clear and
49	unobstructed passageway to the riser room of not less than 36 inches, and openings into the
50	room shall be clear and unobstructed, with doors swinging in the outward direction from the
51	room and the opening providing a clear width of not less than 34 inches and a clear height of
52	the door opening shall not be less than 80 inches.
53	901.4.6.5 Fire pump rooms shall be provided with a clear and unobstructed
54	passageway to the fire pump room of not less than 72 inches, and openings into the room shall
55	be clear, unobstructed and large enough to allow for the removal of the largest piece of
56	equipment, with doors swinging in the outward direction from the room and the opening
57	providing a clear width of not less than 68 inches and a clear height of the door opening shall
58	not be less than 80 inches."

02-06-14 4:45 PM

59 (3) IFC, Chapter 9, Section 903.2.1.2, Group A-2, is amended to add the following 60 subsection: "4. An automatic fire sprinkler system shall be provided throughout Group A-2 61 occupancies where indoor pyrotechnics are used." 62 (4) IFC, Chapter 9, Section 903.2.2, Ambulatory Health Care Facilities, is amended as 63 follows: On line two delete the words "all fire areas floor" and replace with the word 64 "buildings" and delete the last paragraph. 65 (5) IFC, Chapter 9, Section 903.2.4, Group F-1, Subsection 2, is deleted and rewritten 66 as follows: "A Group F-1 fire area is located more than three stories above the lowest level of 67 fire department vehicle access." (6) IFC, Chapter 9, Section 903.2.7, Group M, Subsection 2, is deleted and rewritten as 68 69 follows: "A Group M fire area is located more than three stories above the lowest level of fire 70 department vehicle access." 71 (7) IFC, Chapter 9, Section 903.2.8 Group R, is amended to add the following: "Exception: Detached one- and two-family dwellings and multiple single-family dwellings 72 73 (townhouses) constructed in accordance with the International Residential Code for one- and 74 two-family dwellings." 75 (8) IFC, Chapter 9, Section 903.2.8, Group R, is amended to add a second exception as 76 follows: "Exception: Group R-4 fire areas not more than 4,500 gross square feet and not 77 containing more than 16 residents, provided the building is equipped throughout with an 78 approved fire alarm system that is interconnected and receives its primary power from the 79 building wiring and a commercial power system." 80 (9) IFC, Chapter 9, Section 903.2.9, Group S-1, Subsection 2, is deleted and rewritten 81 as follows: "A Group S-1 fire area is located more than three stories above the lowest level of 82 fire department vehicle access." 83 (10) IFC, Chapter 9, Section 903.3.1.1 is amended by adding the following subsection: 84 "903.3.1.1.2 Antifreeze Limitations. Antifreeze used in a new automatic sprinkler system 85 installed in accordance with NFPA 13 may not exceed a maximum concentration of 38% 86 premixed propylene glycol or 48% premixed glycerin, and the capacity of the system may not 87 exceed 150 gallons."

(11) IFC, Chapter 9, Section 903.3.1.2 is amended by adding the following subsection:
"903.3.1.2.2 Antifreeze Limitations. Antifreeze used in a new automatic sprinkler system

- 3 -

S.B. 58

90 installed in accordance with NFPA 13R may not exceed a maximum concentration of 38%
91 premixed propylene glycol or 48% premixed glycerin, and the capacity of the system may not
92 exceed 150 gallons."

93 (12) IFC, Chapter 9, Section 903.3.1.3 is amended by adding the following subsection:
94 "903.3.1.3.1 Antifreeze Limitations. Antifreeze used in a new automatic sprinkler system
95 installed in accordance with NFPA 13D may not exceed a maximum concentration of 38%
96 premixed propylene glycol or 48% premixed glycerin, and the capacity of the system may not
97 exceed 150 gallons."

98 (13) IFC, Chapter 9, Section 903.3.5, Water supplies, is amended as follows: On line
99 six, after the word "Code", add "and as amended in Utah's State Construction Code".

(14) IFC, Chapter 9, Section 903.5 is amended to add the following subsection:
"903.5.1 Tag and Information. A tag shall be attached to the riser indicating the date the
antifreeze solution was tested. The tag shall also indicate the type and concentration of
antifreeze solution by volume with which the system is filled, the name of the contractor that
tested the antifreeze solution, the contractor's license number, and a warning to test the
concentration of the antifreeze solutions at yearly intervals."

106 (15) IFC, Chapter 9, Section 904.11, Commercial cooking systems, is deleted and 107 rewritten as follows: "The automatic fire extinguishing system for commercial cooking systems 108 shall be of a type recognized for protection of commercial cooking equipment and exhaust 109 systems. Pre-engineered automatic extinguishing systems shall be tested in accordance with 110 UL300 and listed and labeled for the intended application. The system shall be installed in 111 accordance with this code, its listing and the manufacturer's installation instructions. The 112 exception in Section 904.11 is not deleted and shall remain as currently written in the IFC." 113 (16) IFC, Chapter 9, Section 904.11.3, Carbon dioxide systems, and Section 114 904.11.3.1, Ventilation system, are deleted and rewritten as follows:

(a) "Existing automatic fire extinguishing systems used for commercial cooking thatuse dry chemical are prohibited and shall be removed from service."

(b) "Existing wet chemical fire extinguishing systems used for commercial cooking
that are not UL300 listed and labeled are prohibited and shall be either removed or upgraded to
a UL300 listed and labeled system."

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(17) IFC, Chapter 9, Section 904.11.4, Special provisions for automatic sprinkler

02-06-14 4:45 PM

systems, is amended to add the following subsection: "904.11.4.2 Existing automatic fire sprinkler systems protecting commercial cooking equipment, hood, and exhaust systems that generate appreciable depth of cooking oils shall be replaced with a UL300 system that is listed and labeled for the intended application."

(18) IFC, Chapter 9, Section 904.11.6.2, Extinguishing system service, is amended to
add the following: "Exception: Automatic fire extinguishing systems located in occupancies
where usage is limited and less than six consecutive months may be serviced annually if the
annual service is conducted immediately before the period of usage, and approval is received
from the AHJ."

(19) IFC, Chapter 9, Section 905.3.9 is a new subsection as follows: "Open Parking
Garages. Open parking garages shall be equipped with an approved Class I manual standpipe
system when fire department access is not provided for firefighting operations to within 150
feet of all portions of the open parking garage as measured from the approved fire department
vehicle access. Class I manual standpipe shall be accessible throughout the parking garage
such that all portions of the parking structure are protected within 150 feet of a hose
connection.

Exception: Open parking garages equipped throughout with an automatic sprinklersystem in accordance with Section 903.3.1.1."

(20) IFC, Chapter 9, Section 905.8, Dry Standpipes, Exception is deleted and rewritten
as follows: "Where subject to freezing conditions and approved by the fire code official."

141 (21) IFC, Chapter 9, Section 905.11, Existing buildings, and IFC, Chapter 11, Section
142 1103.6, Standpipes, are deleted.

(22) In IFC, Chapter 9, Section 906.1, Where Required, the exception under paragraph
1 is deleted and rewritten to read: "Exception: In new and existing Group A, B, and E
occupancies equipped with quick response sprinklers, portable fire extinguishers shall be
required only in locations specified in items 2 through 6.

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(23) IFC, Chapter 9, Section 907.2.3 Group E:

(a) The first sentence is deleted and rewritten as follows: "A manual fire alarm system
that initiates the occupant notification system in accordance with Section 907.5 and installed in
accordance with Section 907.6 shall be installed in Group E occupancies."

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(b) Exception number 3, on line five, delete the words, "emergency voice/alarm

S.B. 58

152 communication system" and replace with "occupant notification system." 153 (24) IFC, Chapter 9, 907.8, Inspection, testing, and maintenance, is amended to add the 154 following sentences at the end of the section: "Increases in nuisance alarms shall require the 155 fire alarm system to be tested for sensitivity. Fire alarm systems that continue after sensitivity 156 testing with unwarranted nuisance alarms shall be replaced as directed by the AHJ." 157 (25) IFC, Chapter 9, Section 908.7, Carbon Monoxide Alarms, is deleted and rewritten 158 as follows: 159 "908.7 Carbon Monoxide Detection. 160 908.7.1 Groups R-1, R-2, R-3, R-4, I-1, and I-4. Carbon monoxide [alarms] detection 161 shall be installed on each habitable level of a dwelling unit or a sleeping unit in Groups R-1, 162 R-2, R-3, R-4, I-1, and I-4 occupancies that are equipped with [fuel burning appliances] a 163 fuel-burning appliance. 164 [908.7.1] 908.7.1.1 If more than one carbon monoxide detector is required, [they] the 165 carbon monoxide detectors shall be interconnected as required in IFC, Chapter 9, Section 166 907.2.11.3. 167 [908.7.2] 908.7.1.2 In new construction, a carbon monoxide detector shall receive its 168 primary power as required under IFC, Chapter 9, Section 907.2.11.4. 169 [908.7.3] 908.7.1.3 Upon completion of the installation, [the] a carbon monoxide 170 detector system [will] shall meet the requirements listed in NFPA 720, Installation of Carbon 171 Monoxide Detection and Warning Equipment and UL2034, Standard for Single and Multiple 172 Carbon Monoxide Alarms. 173 908.7.2 Group E. A carbon monoxide detection system shall be installed in new 174 buildings that contain Group E occupancies in accordance with IFC, Chapter 9, Sections 908.7.2.1 through 908.7.2.6. A carbon monoxide detection system shall be installed in existing 175 buildings that contain Group E occupancies in accordance with IFC, Chapter 11, Section 176 177 1103.9. 178 908.7.2.1 Where required. In Group E occupancies, a carbon monoxide detection 179 system shall be provided where a fuel-burning appliance, a fuel-burning fireplace, or a 180 fuel-burning forced air furnace is present. 908.7.2.2 Detection equipment. Each carbon monoxide detection system shall be 181 182 installed in accordance with NFPA 720 and the manufacturer's instructions, and be listed as

02-06-14 4:45 PM

183	complying with UL 2034 and UL 2075.
184	908.7.2.3 Locations. Each carbon monoxide detection system shall be installed in the
185	locations specified in NFPA 720.
186	908.7.2.4 Combination detectors. A combination carbon monoxide/smoke detector is
187	an acceptable alternative to a carbon monoxide detection system if the combination carbon
188	monoxide/smoke detector is listed in accordance with UL 2075 and UL 268.
189	908.7.2.5 Power source. Each carbon monoxide detection system shall receive primary
190	power from the building wiring if the wiring is served from a commercial source. If primary
191	power is interrupted, each carbon monoxide detection system shall receive power from a
192	battery. Wiring shall be permanent and without a disconnecting switch other than that required
193	for over-current protection.
194	908.7.2.6 Maintenance. Each carbon monoxide detection system shall be maintained
195	in accordance with NFPA 720. A carbon monoxide detection system that becomes inoperable
196	or begins to produce end-of-life signals shall be replaced."
197	(26) IFC Section 908.7.1 is renumbered to [908.7.4] 908.7.3.
198	Section 2. Section 15A-5-205.5 is amended to read:
199	15A-5-205.5. Amendments to Chapter 11 of IFC.
200	(1) In IFC, Chapter 11, Section 1103.2 Emergency Responder Radio Coverage in
201	Existing Buildings, is amended as follows: On line two after the title, the following is added:
202	"When required by the fire code official".
203	(2) IFC, Chapter 11, Section 1103.5, Sprinkler Systems, is amended to add the
204	following new subsection: "1103.5.3 Group A-2. An automatic fire sprinkler system shall be
205	provided throughout existing Group A-2 occupancies where indoor pyrotechnics are used."
206	(3) IFC, Chapter 11, Section 1103.6, Standpipes, is deleted.
207	(4) In IFC, Chapter 11, 1103.7, Fire Alarm Systems, is deleted and rewritten as
208	follows: "1103.7, Fire Alarm Systems. The following shall have an approved fire alarm system
209	installed in accordance with Utah Administrative Code Section R710-4:
210	1. a building with an occupant load of 300 or more persons that is owned or operated
211	by the state;
212	2. a building with an occupant load of 300 or more persons that is owned or operated
213	by an institution of higher education; and

S.B. 58

214	3. a building with an occupant load of 50 or more persons that is owned or operated by
215	a school district, private school, or charter school.
216	Exception: the requirements of this section do not apply to a building designated as an
217	Institutional Group I (as defined in IFC 202) occupancy."
218	(5) IFC, Chapter 11, 1103.7.1 Group E, 1103.7.2 Group I-1, 1103.7.3 Group I-2,
219	1103.7.4 Group I-3, 1103.7.5 Group R-1, 1103.7.5.1 Group R-1 Hotel and Motel Manual Fire
220	Alarm System, 1103.7.5.1.1 Group R-1 Hotel and Motel Automatic Smoke Detection System,
221	1103.7.5.2 Group R-1 Boarding and Rooming Houses Manual Fire Alarm System, 1103.7.5.2.1
222	Group R-1 Boarding and Rooming Houses Automatic Smoke Detection System, 1103.7.6
223	Group R-2 and 1103.7.7 Group R-4, are deleted.
224	(6) IFC, Chapter 11, Section 1103.9, Carbon Monoxide Alarms, is deleted and
225	rewritten as follows:
226	"1103.9 Carbon Monoxide Detection.
227	1103.9.1 Groups R-2, R-3, R-4, I-1, and I-4. Carbon monoxide [alarms] detection shall
228	be installed on each habitable level of a dwelling unit or <u>a</u> sleeping unit in existing Groups R-2,
229	R-3, R-4, I-1, and I-4 occupancies that are equipped with [fuel burning appliances] a
230	fuel-burning appliance.
231	[908.7.1] <u>1103.9.1.1</u> If more than one carbon monoxide detector is required, they shall
232	be interconnected as required in IFC, Chapter 9, Section 907.2.11.3.
233	[908.7.2] <u>1103.9.1.2</u> In new construction, a carbon monoxide detector shall receive its
234	primary power as required under IFC, Chapter 9, Section 907.2.11.4.
235	[908.7.3] <u>1103.9.1.3</u> Upon completion of the installation, the carbon monoxide
236	detector system [will] shall meet the requirements listed in NFPA 720, Installation of Carbon
237	Monoxide Detection and Warning Equipment and UL2034, Standard for Single and Multiple
238	Carbon Monoxide Alarms.
239	1103.9.2 Group E. Carbon monoxide detection shall be installed in existing buildings
240	that contain Group E occupancies in accordance with IFC, Chapter 9, Sections 908.7.2.1
241	through 908.7.2.6."

Legislative Review Note as of 2-4-14 5:58 PM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel