2	2015 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Fred C. Cox
5	Senate Sponsor: Scott K. Jenkins
6	
7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill amends provisions relating to elections.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	 provides that, for the 2016 primary elections only, a registered political party that
13	chooses to become a qualified political party will select the party's nominees using,
14	initially, only the convention process and will participate in the primary process
15	only to the extent that the qualified political party designates more than one
16	nominee for one office to participate in the primary process; and
17	makes technical and conforming changes.
18	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
19	None
20	Other Special Clauses:
21	None
22	Utah Code Sections Affected:
23	AMENDS:
24	20A-5-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapters 17 and 362
25	20A-9-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 17
26	20A-9-406, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 17
27	20A-9-407, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 17

REVISIONS TO ELECTIONS LAW



H.B. 281 02-06-15 11:02 AM

	20A-9-408, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 17
	63I-2-220, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 3
1	ENACTS:
	20A-9-405.5 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
	20A-9-411, Utah Code Annotated 1953
Ī	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section 20A-5-101 is amended to read:
	20A-5-101. Notice of election.
	(1) On or before November 15 in the year before each regular general election year, the
1	ieutenant governor shall prepare and transmit a written notice to each county clerk that:
	(a) designates the offices to be filled at the next year's regular general election;
	(b) identifies the dates for filing a declaration of candidacy, and for submitting and
(certifying nomination petition signatures under [Section] Sections 20A-9-403, 20A-9-407,
2	20A-9-408, and 20A-9-411 for those offices;
	(c) includes the master ballot position list for the next year and the year following as
(established under Section 20A-6-305; and
	(d) contains a description of any ballot propositions to be decided by the voters that
ł	nave qualified for the ballot as of that date.
	(2) (a) No later than November 15 in the year before the regular general election year,
(each county clerk shall:
	(i) publish a notice:
	(A) once in a newspaper published in that county; and
	(B) as required in Section 45-1-101; or
	(ii) (A) cause a copy of the notice to be posted in a conspicuous place most likely to
٤	give notice of the election to the voters in each voting precinct within the county; and
	(B) prepare an affidavit of that posting, showing a copy of the notice and the places
١	where the notice was posted.
	(b) The notice required by Subsection (2)(a) shall:
	(i) designate the offices to be voted on in that election; and
	(ii) identify the dates for filing a declaration of candidacy for those offices.

59	(3) Before each election, the election officer shall give written or printed notice of:
60	(a) the date and place of election;
61	(b) the hours during which the polls will be open;
62	(c) the polling places for each voting precinct;
63	(d) an election day voting center designated under Section 20A-3-703; and
64	(e) the qualifications for persons to vote in the election.
65	(4) To provide the notice required by Subsection (3), the election officer shall publish
66	the notice at least two days before the election:
67	(a) in a newspaper of general circulation common to the area or in which the election is
68	being held; and
69	(b) as required in Section 45-1-101.
70	Section 2. Section 20A-9-101 is amended to read:
71	20A-9-101. Definitions.
72	As used in this chapter:
73	(1) (a) "Candidates for elective office" means persons who file a declaration of
74	candidacy under Section 20A-9-202 to run in a regular general election for a federal office,
75	constitutional office, multicounty office, or county office.
76	(b) "Candidates for elective office" does not mean candidates for:
77	(i) justice or judge of court of record or not of record;
78	(ii) presidential elector;
79	(iii) any political party offices; and
80	(iv) municipal or local district offices.
81	(2) "Constitutional office" means the state offices of governor, lieutenant governor,
82	attorney general, state auditor, and state treasurer.
83	(3) "Continuing political party" is as defined in Section 20A-8-101.
84	(4) (a) "County office" means an elective office where the office holder is selected by
85	voters entirely within one county.
86	(b) "County office" does not mean:
87	(i) the office of justice or judge of any court of record or not of record;
88	(ii) the office of presidential elector;
89	(iii) any political party offices;

H.B. 281 02-06-15 11:02 AM

90	(iv) any municipal or local district offices; and
91	(v) the office of United States Senator and United States Representative.
92	(5) "Federal office" means an elective office for United States Senator and United
93	States Representative.
94	(6) "Filing officer" means:
95	(a) the lieutenant governor, for:
96	(i) the office of United States Senator and United States Representative; and
97	(ii) all constitutional offices;
98	(b) the county clerk, for county offices and local school district offices, and the county
99	clerk in the filer's county of residence, for multicounty offices;
100	(c) the city or town clerk, for municipal offices; and
101	(d) the local district clerk, for local district offices.
102	(7) "Local district office" means an elected office in a local district.
103	(8) "Local government office" includes county offices, municipal offices, and local
104	district offices and other elective offices selected by the voters from a political division entirely
105	within one county.
106	(9) (a) "Multicounty office" means an elective office where the office holder is selected
107	by the voters from more than one county.
108	(b) "Multicounty office" does not mean:
109	(i) a county office;
110	(ii) a federal office;
111	(iii) the office of justice or judge of any court of record or not of record;
112	(iv) the office of presidential elector;
113	(v) any political party offices; and
114	(vi) any municipal or local district offices.
115	(10) "Municipal office" means an elective office in a municipality.
116	(11) (a) "Political division" means a geographic unit from which an office holder is
117	elected and that an office holder represents.
118	(b) "Political division" includes a county, a city, a town, a local district, a school
119	district, a legislative district, and a county prosecution district.
120	(12) (a) "Qualified political party," until January 1, 2017, means a registered political

121	party that, no later than 5 p.m. on the last Tuesday of September in an odd-numbered year,				
122	notifies the lieutenant governor, in writing, that the party will:				
123	(i) nominate all party candidates through a convention process; and				
124	(ii) only use the primary election process, at the option of the party, to allow voters in				
125	one or more of the following groups to choose between two or more candidates designated by				
126	the party:				
127	(A) members of the registered political party;				
128	(B) members of one or more parties other than the registered political party; or				
129	(C) unaffiliated voters.				
130	(b) "Qualified political party," beginning on January 1, 2017, means a registered				
131	political party that:				
132	[(a)] (i) permits voters who are unaffiliated with any political party to vote for the				
133	registered political party's candidates in a primary election;				
134	[(b) (i)] (ii) (A) permits a delegate for the registered political party to vote on a				
135	candidate nomination in the registered political party's convention remotely; or				
136	[(ii)] (B) provides a procedure for designating an alternate delegate if a delegate is not				
137	present at the registered political party's convention;				
138	[(c)] (iii) does not hold the registered political party's convention before April 1 of an				
139	even-numbered year;				
140	[(d)] (iv) permits a member of the registered political party to seek the registered				
141	political party's nomination for any elective office by the member choosing to seek the				
142	nomination by either or both of the following methods:				
143	[(i)] (A) seeking the nomination through the registered political party's convention				
144	process, in accordance with the provisions of Section 20A-9-407; or				
145	[(ii)] (B) seeking the nomination by collecting signatures, in accordance with the				
146	provisions of Section 20A-9-408; and				
147	[(e)] (v) no later than 5 p.m. on September 30 of an odd-numbered year, certifies to the				
148	lieutenant governor that, for the election in the following year, the registered political party				
149	intends to nominate the registered political party's candidates in accordance with the provisions				
150	of Sections 20A-9-407 and 20A-9-408.				
151	Section 3. Section 20A-9-405.5 is enacted to read:				

152	20A-9-405.5. Qualified political party Requirements and exemptions.
153	The following provisions apply to a qualified political party:
154	(1) the qualified political party shall certify to the lieutenant governor no later than 5
155	p.m. on March 1 of each even-numbered year:
156	(a) the identity of one or more registered political parties whose members may vote for
157	the qualified political party's candidates in a primary election;
158	(b) whether the qualified political party will permit unaffiliated voters to vote for the
159	qualified political party's candidates in a primary election; and
160	(c) whether the qualified political party chooses to nominate unopposed candidates
161	without the names of the candidates appearing on the ballot, as described in Subsection
162	20A-9-403(5)(c);
163	(2) the provisions of Subsections 20A-9-403(1) through (4)(a), Subsection
164	20A-9-403(5)(c), and Section 20A-9-405 do not apply to a nomination for the qualified
165	political party;
166	(3) an individual may only obtain a nomination for the qualified political party by using
167	the method described in Section 20A-9-411;
168	(4) the qualified political party shall comply with the provisions of Section 20A-9-411;
169	(5) notwithstanding Subsection 20A-6-301(1)(a), (1)(g), or (2)(a), each election officer
170	shall ensure that a ballot described in Section 20A-6-301 includes each person nominated by a
171	qualified political party under Section 20A-9-411:
172	(a) under the qualified political party's name and emblem, if any; or
173	(b) under the title of the qualified registered political party as designated by the
174	qualified political party in the certification described in Subsection (1), or, if none is
175	designated, then under some suitable title;
176	(6) notwithstanding Subsection 20A-6-302(1)(a), each election officer shall ensure, for
177	paper ballots in regular general elections, that each candidate who is nominated by the qualified
178	political party is listed by party;
179	(7) notwithstanding Subsection 20A-6-303(1)(g), each election officer shall ensure that
180	the party designation of each candidate who is nominated by the qualified political party is
181	printed immediately adjacent to the candidate's name on ballot sheets or ballot labels;
182	(8) notwithstanding Subsection 20A-6-304(1)(g), each election officer shall ensure that

183	the party designation of each candidate who is nominated by the qualified political party is
184	displayed adjacent to the candidate's name on an electronic ballot;
185	(9) "candidates for elective office," defined in Subsection 20A-9-101(1)(a), also
186	includes an individual who files a declaration of candidacy under Section 20A-9-411 to run in a
187	regular general election for a federal office, constitutional office, multicounty office, or county
188	office;
189	(10) an individual who is nominated by, or seeking the nomination of, the qualified
190	political party is not required to comply with Subsection 20A-9-201(1)(c);
191	(11) notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-403(3), the qualified political party is entitled
192	to have each of the qualified political party's candidates for elective office appear on the
193	primary ballot of the qualified political party with an indication that each candidate is a
194	candidate for the qualified political party;
195	(12) notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-403(4)(a), the lieutenant governor shall include
196	on the list provided by the lieutenant governor to the county clerks:
197	(a) the names of all candidates of the qualified political party for federal, constitutional,
198	multicounty, and county offices; and
199	(b) the names of unopposed candidates for elective office who have been nominated by
200	the qualified political party and instruct the county clerks to exclude such candidates from the
201	primary-election ballot;
202	(13) notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-403(5)(c), a candidate who is unopposed for an
203	elective office in the regular primary election of the qualified political party is nominated by
204	the party for that office without appearing on the primary ballot, provided that the party has
205	chosen to nominate unopposed candidates under Subsection 20A-9-403(2)(a)(iii); and
206	(14) notwithstanding the provisions of Subsections 20A-9-403(1) and (2) and Section
207	20A-9-405, the qualified political party is entitled to have the names of its candidates for
208	elective office featured with party affiliation on the ballot at a regular general election.
209	Section 4. Section 20A-9-406 is amended to read:
210	20A-9-406. Qualified political party Requirements and exemptions.
211	[The] Beginning on January 1, 2017, the following provisions apply to a qualified
212	political party:
213	(1) the qualified political party shall certify to the lieutenant governor no later than 5

p.m. on March 1 of each even-numbered year:

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- 215 (a) the identity of one or more registered political parties whose members may vote for 216 the qualified political party's candidates; and
 - (b) whether the qualified political party chooses to nominate unopposed candidates without the names of the candidates appearing on the ballot[, as described in Subsection 20A-9-403(5)(c)];
- 220 (2) the provisions of Subsections 20A-9-403(1) through (4)(a), Subsection 20A-9-403(5)(c), and Section 20A-9-405 do not apply to a nomination for the qualified political party;
- 223 (3) an individual may only obtain a nomination for the qualified political party by using a method described in Section 20A-9-407, Section 20A-9-408, or both;
 - (4) the qualified political party shall comply with the provisions of Sections 20A-9-407, 20A-9-408, and 20A-9-409;
 - (5) notwithstanding Subsection 20A-6-301(1)(a), (1)(g), or (2)(a), each election officer shall ensure that a ballot described in Section 20A-6-301 includes each person nominated by a qualified political party under Section 20A-9-407 or 20A-9-408:
 - (a) under the qualified political party's name and emblem, if any; or
 - (b) under the title of the qualified registered political party as designated by the qualified political party in the certification described in Subsection (1), or, if none is designated, then under some suitable title;
 - (6) notwithstanding Subsection 20A-6-302(1)(a), each election officer shall ensure, for paper ballots in regular general elections, that each candidate who is nominated by the qualified political party is listed by party;
 - (7) notwithstanding Subsection 20A-6-303(1)(g), each election officer shall ensure that the party designation of each candidate who is nominated by the qualified political party is printed immediately adjacent to the candidate's name on ballot sheets or ballot labels;
 - (8) notwithstanding Subsection 20A-6-304(1)(g), each election officer shall ensure that the party designation of each candidate who is nominated by the qualified political party is displayed adjacent to the candidate's name on an electronic ballot;
 - (9) "candidates for elective office," defined in Subsection 20A-9-101(1)(a), also includes an individual who files a declaration of candidacy under Section 20A-9-407 or

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process.

245	20A-9-408 to run in a regular general election for a federal office, constitutional office,
246	multicounty office, or county office;
247	(10) an individual who is nominated by, or seeking the nomination of, the qualified
248	political party is not required to comply with Subsection 20A-9-201(1)(c);
249	(11) notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-403(3), the qualified political party is entitled
250	to have each of the qualified political party's candidates for elective office appear on the
251	primary ballot of the qualified political party with an indication that each candidate is a
252	candidate for the qualified political party;
253	(12) notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-403(4)(a), the lieutenant governor shall include
254	on the list provided by the lieutenant governor to the county clerks:
255	(a) the names of all candidates of the qualified political party for federal, constitutional,
256	multicounty, and county offices; and
257	(b) the names of unopposed candidates for elective office who have been nominated by
258	the qualified political party and instruct the county clerks to exclude such candidates from the
259	primary-election ballot;
260	(13) notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-403(5)(c), a candidate who is unopposed for an
261	elective office in the regular primary election of the qualified political party is nominated by
262	the party for that office without appearing on the primary ballot, provided that the party has
263	chosen to nominate unopposed candidates under Subsection 20A-9-403(2)(a)(iii); and
264	(14) notwithstanding the provisions of Subsections 20A-9-403(1) and (2) and Section
265	20A-9-405, the qualified political party is entitled to have the names of its candidates for
266	elective office featured with party affiliation on the ballot at a regular general election.
267	Section 5. Section 20A-9-407 is amended to read:
268	20A-9-407. Applicable beginning on January 1, 2017 Convention nomination
269	process for qualified political party.
270	(1) The provisions of this section apply to a qualified political party beginning on
271	January 1, 2017.
272	[(1)] (2) This section describes the requirements, beginning on January 1, 2017, for a
273	member of a qualified political party who is seeking the nomination of a qualified political

party for an elective office through the qualified political party's convention nomination

276	[(2)] (3) Notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-201(4)(a), the form of the declaration of					
277	candidacy for a member of a qualified political party who is nominated by, or who is seeking					
278	the nomination of, the qualified political party under this section shall be substantially as					
279	follows:					
280	"State of Utah, County of					
281	I,, declare my intention of becoming a candidate for the office of					
282	as a candidate for the party. I do solemnly swear that: I will meet the qualifications					
283	to hold the office, both legally and constitutionally, if selected; I reside at in					
284	the City or Town of, Utah, Zip Code, Phone No; I will not knowingly violate					
285	any law governing campaigns and elections; I will file all campaign financial disclosure reports					
286	as required by law; and I understand that failure to do so will result in my disqualification as a					
287	candidate for this office and removal of my name from the ballot. The mailing address that I					
288	designate for receiving official election notices is					
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291	Subscribed and sworn before me this(month\day\year). Notary Public (or					
292	other officer qualified to administer oath)."					
293	[(3)] (4) Notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-202(1)(a), and except as provided in					
294	Subsection 20A-9-202(4), a member of a qualified political party who, under this section, is					
295	seeking the nomination of the qualified political party for an elective office that is to be filled at					
296	the next general election, shall:					
297	(a) file a declaration of candidacy in person with the filing officer on or after the					
298	second Friday in March and before 5 p.m. on the third Thursday in March before the next					
299	regular general election; and					
300	(b) pay the filing fee.					
301	[(4)] (5) Notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-202(2)(a), a member of a qualified					
302	political party who, under this section, is seeking the nomination of the qualified political party					
303	for the office of district attorney within a multicounty prosecution district that is to be filled at					
304	the next general election shall:					
305	(a) file a declaration of candidacy with the county clerk designated in the interlocal					
306	agreement creating the prosecution district on or after the second Friday in March and before 5					

507	p.m. on the third Thursday in March before the next regular general election, and
308	(b) pay the filing fee.
309	[(5)] (6) Notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-202(3)(a)(iii), a lieutenant governor
310	candidate who files as the joint-ticket running mate of an individual who is nominated by a
311	qualified political party, under this section, for the office of governor shall submit a letter from
312	the candidate for governor that names the lieutenant governor candidate as a joint-ticket
313	running mate.
314	[6] The lieutenant governor shall ensure that the certification described in
315	Subsection 20A-9-701(1) also includes the name of each candidate nominated by a qualified
316	political party under this section.
317	[(7)] (8) Notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-701(2), the ballot shall, for each candidate
318	who is nominated by a qualified political party under this section, designate the qualified
319	political party that nominated the candidate.
320	Section 6. Section 20A-9-408 is amended to read:
321	20A-9-408. Applicable beginning on January 1, 2017 Signature-gathering
322	nomination process for qualified political party.
323	(1) The provisions of this section apply to a qualified political party beginning on
324	January 1, 2017.
325	[(1)] (2) This section describes the requirements, beginning on January 1, 2017, for a
326	member of a qualified political party who is seeking the nomination of the qualified political
327	party for an elective office through the signature-gathering nomination process described in this
328	section.
329	[(2)] (3) Notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-201(4)(a), the form of the declaration of
330	candidacy for a member of a qualified political party who is nominated by, or who is seeking
331	the nomination of, the qualified political party under this section shall be substantially as
332	follows:
333	"State of Utah, County of
334	I,, declare my intention of becoming a candidate for the office of
335	as a candidate for the party. I do solemnly swear that: I will meet the qualifications
336	to hold the office, both legally and constitutionally, if selected; I reside at in
337	the City or Town of , Utah, Zip Code , Phone No. ; I will not knowingly violate

38	any law governing campaigns and elections; I will file all campaign financial disclosure reports						
39	as required by law; and I understand that failure to do so will result in my disqualification as a						
40	candidate for this office and removal of my name from the ballot. The mailing address that I						
41	designate for receiving official election notices is						
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44	Subscribed and sworn before me this(month\day\year). Notary Public (or						
15	other officer qualified to administer oath)."						
6	[(3)] (4) Notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-202(1)(a), and except as provided in						
7	Subsection 20A-9-202(4), a member of a qualified political party who, under this section, is						
8	seeking the nomination of the qualified political party for an elective office that is to be filled at						
)	the next general election shall:						
)	(a) within the period beginning on January 1 before the next regular general election						
	and ending on the third Thursday in March of the same year, and before gathering signatures						
	under this section, file with the filing officer on a form approved by the lieutenant governor a						
	notice of intent to gather signatures for candidacy that includes:						
	(i) the name of the member who will attempt to become a candidate for a registered						
	political party under this section;						
	(ii) the name of the registered political party for which the member is seeking						
	nomination;						
	(iii) the office for which the member is seeking to become a candidate;						
	(iv) the address and telephone number of the member; and						
	(v) other information required by the lieutenant governor;						
	(b) file a declaration of candidacy, in person, with the filing officer on or after the						
	second Friday in March and before 5 p.m. on the third Thursday in March before the next						
	regular general election; and						
	(c) pay the filing fee.						
	[(4)] (5) Notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-202(2)(a), a member of a qualified						
	political party who, under this section, is seeking the nomination of the qualified political party						
	for the office of district attorney within a multicounty prosecution district that is to be filled at						
	the next general election shall:						

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- (a) on or after January 1 before the next regular general election, and before gathering signatures under this section, file with the filing officer on a form approved by the lieutenant governor a notice of intent to gather signatures for candidacy that includes: (i) the name of the member who will attempt to become a candidate for a registered political party under this section; (ii) the name of the registered political party for which the member is seeking nomination; (iii) the office for which the member is seeking to become a candidate: (iv) the address and telephone number of the member; and (v) other information required by the lieutenant governor; (b) file a declaration of candidacy, in person, with the filing officer on or after the second Friday in March and before 5 p.m. on the third Thursday in March before the next regular general election; and (c) pay the filing fee. [(5)] (6) Notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-202(3)(a)(iii), a lieutenant governor candidate who files as the joint-ticket running mate of an individual who is nominated by a qualified political party, under this section, for the office of governor shall submit a letter from the candidate for governor that names the lieutenant governor candidate as a joint-ticket running mate. [(6)] (7) The lieutenant governor shall ensure that the certification described in Subsection 20A-9-701(1) also includes the name of each candidate nominated by a qualified political party under this section. [(7)] (8) Notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-701(2), the ballot shall, for each candidate who is nominated by a qualified political party under this section, designate the qualified political party that nominated the candidate. [(8)] (9) A member of a qualified political party may seek the nomination of the qualified political party for an elective office by:
 - (a) complying with the requirements described in this section; and
- (b) collecting signatures, on a form approved by the lieutenant governor's office, during the period beginning on January 1 of an even-numbered year and ending 14 days before the day on which the qualified political party's convention for the office is held, in the following

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(i) for a statewide race, 28,000 signatures of registered voters in the state who are permitted by the qualified political party to vote for the qualified political party's candidates in a primary election;

- (ii) for a congressional district race, 7,000 signatures of registered voters who are residents of the congressional district and are permitted by the qualified political party to vote for the qualified political party's candidates in a primary election;
- (iii) for a state Senate district race, 2,000 signatures of registered voters who are residents of the state Senate district and are permitted by the qualified political party to vote for the qualified political party's candidates in a primary election;
- (iv) for a state House district race, 1,000 signatures of registered voters who are residents of the state House district and are permitted by the qualified political party to vote for the qualified political party's candidates in a primary election; and
- (v) for a county office race, signatures of 3% of the registered voters who are residents of the area permitted to vote for the county office and are permitted by the qualified political party to vote for the qualified political party's candidates in a primary election.
- [(9)] (10) (a) In order for a member of the qualified political party to qualify as a candidate for the qualified political party's nomination for an elective office under this section, the member shall:
- (i) collect the signatures on a form approved by the lieutenant governor's office, using the same circulation and verification requirements described in Sections 20A-7-304 and 20A-7-305; and
- (ii) submit the signatures to the election officer no later than 14 days before the day on which the qualified political party holds its convention to select candidates, for the elective office, for the qualified political party's nomination.
- (b) An individual may not gather signatures under this section until after the individual files a notice of intent to gather signatures for candidacy described in this section.
- (c) An individual who files a notice of intent to gather signatures for candidacy, described in Subsection [(3)(a) or (5)(a), is, beginning on the day on which the individual files the notice of intent to gather signatures for candidacy:
 - (i) required to comply with the reporting requirements that a candidate for office is

431	required	to com	oly	with;	and

- (ii) subject to the same enforcement provisions, and civil and criminal penalties, that apply to a candidate for office in relation to the reporting requirements described in Subsection [9] (10)(c)(i).
- (d) Upon timely receipt of the signatures described in Subsections [(8)] (9) and [(9)] (10)(a), the election officer shall, no later than one day before the day on which the qualified political party holds the convention to select a nominee for the elective office to which the signature packets relate:
- (i) check the name of each individual who completes the verification for a signature packet to determine whether each individual is a resident of Utah and is at least 18 years old;
- (ii) submit the name of each individual described in Subsection [(9)] (10)(d)(i) who is not a Utah resident or who is not at least 18 years old to the attorney general and the county attorney;
- (iii) determine whether each signer is a registered voter who is qualified to sign the petition, using the same method, described in Section 20A-7-206.3, used to verify a signature on a petition;
- (iv) certify whether each name is that of a registered voter who is qualified to sign the signature packet; and
- (v) notify the qualified political party and the lieutenant governor of the name of each member of the qualified political party who qualifies as a nominee of the qualified political party, under this section, for the elective office to which the convention relates.
- (e) Upon receipt of a notice of intent to gather signatures for candidacy described in this section, the lieutenant governor shall post the notice of intent to gather signatures for candidacy on the lieutenant governor's website in the same location that the lieutenant governor posts a declaration of candidacy.
 - Section 7. Section **20A-9-411** is enacted to read:
- **20A-9-411.** Convention nomination process for qualified political party for the 2016 primary elections.
- (1) This section describes the requirements for a member of a qualified political party who is seeking the nomination of a qualified political party for an elective office through the qualified political party's convention nomination process.

462	(2) Notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-201(4)(a), the form of the declaration of
463	candidacy for a member of a qualified political party who is nominated by, or who is seeking
464	the nomination of, the qualified political party under this section shall be substantially as
465	follows:
466	"State of Utah, County of
467	I, , declare my intention of becoming a candidate for the office of
468	as a candidate for the Party. I do solemnly swear that: I will meet the qualifications
169	to hold the office, both legally and constitutionally, if selected; I reside at in
470	the City or Town of, Utah, Zip Code, Phone No; I will not knowingly violate
471	any law governing campaigns and elections; I will file all campaign financial disclosure reports
172	as required by law; and I understand that failure to do so will result in my disqualification as a
473	candidate for this office and removal of my name from the ballot. The mailing address that I
174	designate for receiving official election notices is
475	
476	
1 77	Subscribed and sworn before me this (month\day\year). Notary Public (or
478	other officer qualified to administer oath)."
179	(3) Notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-202(1)(a), and except as provided in Subsection
480	20A-9-202(4), a member of a qualified political party who, under this section, is seeking the
481	nomination of the qualified political party for an elective office that is to be filled at the next
182	general election, shall:
183	(a) file a declaration of candidacy in person with the filing officer on or after the
184	second Friday in March and before 5 p.m. on the third Thursday in March before the next
485	regular general election; and
486	(b) pay the filing fee.
1 87	(4) Notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-202(2)(a), a member of a qualified political
488	party who, under this section, is seeking the nomination of the qualified political party for the
189	office of district attorney within a multicounty prosecution district that is to be filled at the next
1 90	general election shall:
491	(a) file a declaration of candidacy with the county clerk designated in the interlocal
192	agreement creating the prosecution district on or after the second Friday in March and before 5

493	p.m. on the third Thursday in March before the next regular general election; and
494	(b) pay the filing fee.
495	(5) Notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-202(3)(a)(iii), a lieutenant governor candidate
496	who files as the joint-ticket running mate of an individual who is nominated by a qualified
497	political party, under this section, for the office of governor shall submit a letter from the
498	candidate for governor that names the lieutenant governor candidate as a joint-ticket running
499	mate.
500	(6) The lieutenant governor shall ensure that the certification described in Subsection
501	20A-9-701(1) also includes the name of each candidate nominated by a qualified political party
502	under this section.
503	(7) Notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-701(2), the ballot shall, for each candidate who
504	is nominated by a qualified political party under this section, designate the qualified political
505	party that nominated the candidate.
506	Section 8. Section 63I-2-220 is amended to read:
507	63I-2-220. Repeal dates, Title 20A.
508	(1) Section 20A-3-704 is repealed January 1, 2016.
509	(2) Section 20A-5-410 is repealed January 1, 2016.
510	[(3) (a) Subsection 20A-7-101(1)(a)(i), the language that states "of the first class" and
511	"; or" is repealed January 1, 2015.]
512	[(b) Subsection 20A-7-101(1)(a)(ii), the language that states "for a county not
513	described in Subsection (1)(a)(i), a person designated as budget officer in Section 17-19-19" is
514	repealed January 1, 2015.]
515	[(4) Section 20A-9-403.1 is repealed on January 1, 2015.]
516	(3) Section 20A-9-405.5 is repealed on January 1, 2017.
517	(4) Section 20A-9-411 is repealed on January 1, 2017.

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