	WEAPONS ON PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION
	2015 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
	Chief Sponsor: Norman K Thurston
	Senate Sponsor: Curtis S. Bramble
LO	ONG TITLE
Ge	neral Description:
	This bill eliminates the prohibition of carrying a firearm on a bus.
Hiş	ghlighted Provisions:
	This bill:
	 eliminates the prohibition of carrying a firearm on a bus.
Mo	oney Appropriated in this Bill:
	None
Otl	her Special Clauses:
	None
Uta	ah Code Sections Affected:
AN	MENDS:
	76-10-1504 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 310
	76-10-1507 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 310
	77-23a-8, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 196
Ве	it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section 76-10-1504 is amended to read:
	76-10-1504. Bus hijacking Assault with intent to commit hijacking Use of a
daı	ngerous weapon Penalties.
	(1) (a) A person is guilty of bus hijacking if the person seizes or exercises control, by



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28	force or violence or threat of force or violence, of a bus within the state.
29	(b) Bus hijacking is a first degree felony.
30	(2) (a) A person is guilty of assault with the intent to commit bus hijacking if the
31	person intimidates, threatens, or commits assault or battery toward a driver, attendant, guard, or
32	any other person in control of a bus so as to interfere with the performance of duties by the
33	person.
34	(b) Assault with the intent to commit bus hijacking is a second degree felony.
35	(3) A person who, in the commission of assault with intent to commit bus hijacking,
36	uses a dangerous weapon, as defined in Section 76-1-601, is guilty of a first degree felony.
37	[(4) (a) A person who boards a bus with a concealed dangerous weapon or firearm
38	upon his person or effects is guilty of a third degree felony.]
39	[(b) The prohibition of Subsection (4)(a) does not apply to:]
40	[(i) individuals listed in Subsections 76-10-523(1)(a), (b), (c), (d), and (e);]
41	[(ii) a person licensed to carry a concealed weapon; or]
42	[(iii) persons in possession of weapons or firearms with the consent of the owner of the
43	bus or the owner's agent, or the lessee or bailee of the bus.]
44	Section 2. Section 76-10-1507 is amended to read:
45	76-10-1507. Exclusion of persons without bona fide business from terminal
46	Dangerous materials Surveillance devices and seizure of offending materials
47	Detention of violators Private security personnel.
48	(1) (a) In order to provide for the safety, welfare and comfort of passengers, a bus
49	company may refuse admission to terminals to a person not having bona fide business within
50	the terminal.
51	(b) The refusal may not be inconsistent or contrary to state or federal laws or
52	regulations, or to an ordinance of the political subdivision in which the terminal is located.
53	(c) An authorized bus company representative may require a person in a terminal to
54	identify himself and state his business.
55	(d) Failure to comply with a request under Subsection (1)(c) or to state an acceptable
56	business purpose is grounds for the representative to request that the person depart the
57	terminal.
58	(e) A person who refuses to comply with a request made under Subsection (1)(d) is

59 guilty of a class C misdemeanor.

- (2) (a) A person who carries [a concealed dangerous weapon, firearm, or] any highly inflammable or hazardous materials or devices into a terminal or aboard a bus is guilty of a third degree felony.
- [(b) The prohibition of Subsection (2)(a) does not apply to individuals listed in Subsection 76-10-1504(4).]
- [(e)] (b) The bus company may employ reasonable means, including mechanical, electronic or x-ray devices to detect the items concealed in baggage or upon the person of a passenger.
- [(d)] (c) Upon the discovery of an item referred to in Subsection (2)[(a)], the company may obtain possession and retain custody of the item until it is transferred to a peace officer.
- (3) (a) An authorized bus company representative may detain within a terminal or bus any person violating the provisions of this section for a reasonable time until law enforcement authorities arrive.
- (b) The detention does not constitute unlawful imprisonment and neither the bus company nor the representative is civilly or criminally liable upon grounds of unlawful imprisonment or assault, provided that only reasonable and necessary force is exercised against the detained person.
 - (4) (a) A bus company may employ or contract for private security personnel.
 - (b) The personnel may:
- (i) detain within a terminal or bus a person violating this section for a reasonable time until law enforcement authorities arrive; and
 - (ii) use reasonable and necessary force in subduing or detaining the person.
- Section 3. Section **77-23a-8** is amended to read:

77-23a-8. Court order to authorize or approve interception -- Procedure.

(1) The attorney general of the state, any assistant attorney general specially designated by the attorney general, any county attorney, district attorney, deputy county attorney, or deputy district attorney specially designated by the county attorney or by the district attorney, may authorize an application to a judge of competent jurisdiction for an order for an interception of wire, electronic, or oral communications by any law enforcement agency of the state, the federal government or of any political subdivision of the state that is responsible for

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       investigating the type of offense for which the application is made.
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              (2) The judge may grant the order in conformity with the required procedures when the
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       interception sought may provide or has provided evidence of the commission of:
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              (a) any act:
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              (i) prohibited by the criminal provisions of:
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              (A) Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act;
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              (B) Title 58, Chapter 37c, Utah Controlled Substance Precursor Act; or
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              (C) Title 58. Chapter 37d, Clandestine Drug Lab Act; and
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              (ii) punishable by a term of imprisonment of more than one year;
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              (b) any act prohibited by the criminal provisions of Title 61, Chapter 1, Utah Uniform
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       Securities Act, and punishable by a term of imprisonment of more than one year;
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              (c) an offense:
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              (i) of:
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              (A) attempt, Section 76-4-101;
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              (B) conspiracy, Section 76-4-201;
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              (C) solicitation, Section 76-4-203; and
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              (ii) punishable by a term of imprisonment of more than one year;
              (d) a threat of terrorism offense punishable by a maximum term of imprisonment of
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       more than one year, Section 76-5-107.3;
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              (e) (i) aggravated murder, Section 76-5-202;
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              (ii) murder, Section 76-5-203; or
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              (iii) manslaughter, Section 76-5-205;
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              (f) (i) kidnapping, Section 76-5-301;
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              (ii) child kidnapping, Section 76-5-301.1;
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              (iii) aggravated kidnapping, Section 76-5-302;
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              (iv) human trafficking or human smuggling, Section 76-5-308; or
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              (v) aggravated human trafficking or aggravated human smuggling, Section 76-5-310;
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              (g) (i) arson, Section 76-6-102; or
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              (ii) aggravated arson, Section 76-6-103;
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              (h) (i) burglary, Section 76-6-202; or
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              (ii) aggravated burglary, Section 76-6-203;
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              (i) (i) robbery, Section 76-6-301; or
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              (ii) aggravated robbery, Section 76-6-302;
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              (i) an offense:
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              (i) of:
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              (A) theft, Section 76-6-404;
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              (B) theft by deception, Section 76-6-405; or
              (C) theft by extortion, Section 76-6-406; and
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              (ii) punishable by a maximum term of imprisonment of more than one year:
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              (k) an offense of receiving stolen property that is punishable by a maximum term of
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       imprisonment of more than one year, Section 76-6-408;
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              (1) a financial card transaction offense punishable by a maximum term of imprisonment
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       of more than one year, Section 76-6-506.2, 76-6-506.3, 76-6-506.5, or 76-6-506.6;
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              (m) bribery of a labor official, Section 76-6-509:
              (n) bribery or threat to influence a publicly exhibited contest, Section 76-6-514;
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              (o) a criminal simulation offense punishable by a maximum term of imprisonment of
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       more than one year, Section 76-6-518;
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              (p) criminal usury, Section 76-6-520;
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              (q) a fraudulent insurance act offense punishable by a maximum term of imprisonment
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       of more than one year, Section 76-6-521;
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              (r) a violation of Title 76, Chapter 6, Part 7, Utah Computer Crimes Act, punishable by
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       a maximum term of imprisonment of more than one year, Section 76-6-703;
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              (s) bribery to influence official or political actions, Section 76-8-103;
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              (t) misusing public money, Section 76-8-402:
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              (u) tampering with a witness or soliciting or receiving a bribe, Section 76-8-508;
              (v) retaliation against a witness, victim, or informant, Section 76-8-508.3;
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              (w) tampering with a juror, retaliation against a juror, Section 76-8-508.5;
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              (x) extortion or bribery to dismiss criminal proceeding, Section 76-8-509;
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              (v) obstruction of justice. Section 76-8-306:
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              (z) destruction of property to interfere with preparation for defense or war, Section
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       76-8-802:
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              (aa) an attempt to commit crimes of sabotage, Section 76-8-804;
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152	(bb) conspiracy to commit crimes of sabotage, Section 76-8-805;
153	(cc) advocating criminal syndicalism or sabotage, Section 76-8-902;
154	(dd) assembly for advocating criminal syndicalism or sabotage, Section 76-8-903;
155	(ee) riot punishable by a maximum term of imprisonment of more than one year,
156	Section 76-9-101;
157	(ff) dog fighting, training dogs for fighting, or dog fighting exhibitions punishable by
158	maximum term of imprisonment of more than one year, Section 76-9-301.1;
159	(gg) possession, use, or removal of an explosive, chemical, or incendiary device and
160	parts, Section 76-10-306;
161	(hh) delivery to a common carrier or mailing of an explosive, chemical, or incendiary
162	device, Section 76-10-307;
163	(ii) exploiting prostitution, Section 76-10-1305;
164	(jj) aggravated exploitation of prostitution, Section 76-10-1306;
165	(kk) bus hijacking[,] or assault with intent to commit hijacking, [dangerous weapon or
166	firearm,] Section 76-10-1504;
167	(ll) discharging firearms and hurling missiles, Section 76-10-1505;
168	(mm) violations of [the] Title 76, Chapter 10, Part 16, Pattern of Unlawful Activity
169	Act, and the offenses listed under the definition of unlawful activity in the act, including the
170	offenses not punishable by a maximum term of imprisonment of more than one year when
171	those offenses are investigated as predicates for the offenses prohibited by the act, Section
172	76-10-1602;
173	(nn) communications fraud, Section 76-10-1801;
174	(oo) money laundering, Sections 76-10-1903 and 76-10-1904; or
175	(pp) reporting by a person engaged in a trade or business when the offense is
176	punishable by a maximum term of imprisonment of more than one year, Section 76-10-1906.

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Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel