1	REVISIONS TO ELECTIONS
2	2015 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Daniel McCay
5	Senate Sponsor:
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill amends provisions relating to election law.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	 modifies the requirements to be a qualified political party;
13	 modifies the requirements for a registered political party to inform the lieutenant
14	governor in relation to the party's intent to participate in a primary election;
15	amends ballot requirements;
16	 amends the penalty for failure to timely report receipt of a contribution or public
17	service assistance; and
18	makes technical and conforming changes.
19	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
20	None
21	Other Special Clauses:
22	None
23	Utah Code Sections Affected:
24	AMENDS:
25	20A-1-501, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 17
26	20A-5-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapters 17 and 362
27	20A-6-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapters 17 and 169



28	20A-6-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 17
29	20A-6-303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 17
30	20A-6-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 17
31	20A-9-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 17
32	20A-9-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 17
33	20A-9-405, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 17
34	20A-9-406, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 17
35	20A-9-701, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 17
36	20A-11-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 335
37	20A-11-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 335
38	20A-11-1301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapters 335 and 337
39	20A-12-303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 335
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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

Section 1. Section **20A-1-501** is amended to read:

20A-1-501. Candidate vacancies -- Procedure for filling.

- (1) The state central committee of a political party, for candidates for United States senator, United States representative, governor, lieutenant governor, attorney general, state treasurer, and state auditor, and for legislative candidates whose legislative districts encompass more than one county, and the county central committee of a political party, for all other party candidates seeking an office elected at a regular general election, may certify the name of another candidate to the appropriate election officer if:
- (a) for a registered political party that will have a candidate on a ballot in a primary election, after the close of the period for filing a declaration of candidacy and continuing through the day before the day on which the lieutenant governor provides the list described in Subsection 20A-9-403[(4)](8)(a):
- (i) only one or two candidates from that party have filed a declaration of candidacy for that office; and
- (ii) one or both:
- 57 (A) dies;

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58 (B) resigns because of acquiring a physical or mental disability, certified by a

59 physician, that prevents the candidate from continuing the candidacy; or

- (C) is disqualified by an election officer for improper filing or nominating procedures;
- (b) for a registered political party that does not have a candidate on the ballot in a primary, but that will have a candidate on the ballot for a general election, after the close of the period for filing a declaration of candidacy and continuing through the day before the day on which the lieutenant governor makes the certification described in Section 20A-5-409, the party's candidate:
- (i) dies;

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- (ii) resigns because of acquiring a physical or mental disability as certified by a physician;
- 69 (iii) is disqualified by an election officer for improper filing or nominating procedures; 70 or
- 71 (iv) resigns to become a candidate for president or vice president of the United States; 72 or
 - (c) for a registered political party with a candidate certified as winning a primary election, after the deadline described in Subsection (1)(a) and continuing through the day before that day on which the lieutenant governor makes the certification described in Section 20A-5-409, the party's candidate:
 - (i) dies;
 - (ii) resigns because of acquiring a physical or mental disability as certified by a physician;
- 80 (iii) is disqualified by an election officer for improper filing or nominating procedures; 81 or
 - (iv) resigns to become a candidate for president or vice president of the United States.
 - (2) If no more than two candidates from a political party have filed a declaration of candidacy for an office elected at a regular general election and one resigns to become the party candidate for another position, the state central committee of that political party, for candidates for governor, lieutenant governor, attorney general, state treasurer, and state auditor, and for legislative candidates whose legislative districts encompass more than one county, and the county central committee of that political party, for all other party candidates, may certify the name of another candidate to the appropriate election officer.

90	(3) Each replacement candidate shall file a declaration of candidacy as required by
91	Title 20A, Chapter 9, Part 2, Candidate Qualifications and Declarations of Candidacy.
92	(4) (a) The name of a candidate who is certified under Subsection (1)(a) after the
93	deadline described in Subsection (1)(a) may not appear on the primary election ballot.
94	(b) The name of a candidate who is certified under Subsection (1)(b) after the deadline
95	described in Subsection (1)(b) may not appear on the general election ballot.
96	(c) The name of a candidate who is certified under Subsection (1)(c) after the deadline
97	described in Subsection (1)(c) may not appear on the general election ballot.
98	Section 2. Section 20A-5-101 is amended to read:
99	20A-5-101. Notice of election.
100	(1) On or before November 15 in the year before each regular general election year, the
101	lieutenant governor shall prepare and transmit a written notice to each county clerk that:
102	(a) designates the offices to be filled at the next year's regular general election;
103	(b) identifies the dates for filing a declaration of candidacy, and for submitting and
104	certifying nomination petition signatures under [Section] Sections 20A-9-403, 20A-9-407, and
105	20A-9-408 for those offices;
106	(c) includes the master ballot position list for the next year and the year following as
107	established under Section 20A-6-305; and
108	(d) contains a description of any ballot propositions to be decided by the voters that
109	have qualified for the ballot as of that date.
110	(2) (a) No later than November 15 in the year before the regular general election year,
111	each county clerk shall:
112	(i) publish a notice:
113	(A) once in a newspaper published in that county; and
114	(B) as required in Section 45-1-101; or
115	(ii) (A) cause a copy of the notice to be posted in a conspicuous place most likely to
116	give notice of the election to the voters in each voting precinct within the county; and
117	(B) prepare an affidavit of that posting, showing a copy of the notice and the places
118	where the notice was posted.
119	(b) The notice required by Subsection (2)(a) shall:
120	(i) designate the offices to be voted on in that election; and

121	(ii) identify the dates for filing a declaration of candidacy for those offices.
122	(3) Before each election, the election officer shall give written or printed notice of:
123	(a) the date and place of election;
124	(b) the hours during which the polls will be open;
125	(c) the polling places for each voting precinct;
126	(d) an election day voting center designated under Section 20A-3-703; and
127	(e) the qualifications for persons to vote in the election.
128	(4) To provide the notice required by Subsection (3), the election officer shall publish
129	the notice at least two days before the election:
130	(a) in a newspaper of general circulation common to the area or in which the election is
131	being held; and
132	(b) as required in Section 45-1-101.
133	Section 3. Section 20A-6-301 is amended to read:
134	20A-6-301. Paper ballots Regular general election.
135	(1) Each election officer shall ensure that:
136	(a) all paper ballots furnished for use at the regular general election contain:
137	(i) no captions or other endorsements except as provided in this section;
138	(ii) no symbols, markings, or other descriptions of a political party or group, except for
139	a registered political party that has chosen to nominate its candidates in accordance with
140	Section 20A-9-403; and
141	(iii) no indication that a candidate for elective office has been nominated by, or has
142	been endorsed by, or is in any way affiliated with a political party or group, unless the
143	candidate has been nominated by a registered political party in accordance with Subsection
144	20A-9-202(4) or Subsection 20A-9-403[(5)] <u>(9)</u> .
145	(b) (i) the paper ballot contains a ballot stub at least one inch wide, placed across the
146	top of the ballot, and divided from the rest of ballot by a perforated line;
147	(ii) the ballot number and the words "Poll Worker's Initial" are printed on the
148	stub; and
149	(iii) ballot stubs are numbered consecutively;
150	(c) immediately below the perforated ballot stub, the following endorsements are
151	printed in 18 point bold type:

152	(i) "Official Ballot for	_ County, Utah";
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153 (ii) the date of the election; and

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- (iii) a facsimile of the signature of the county clerk and the words "county clerk";
- (d) each ticket is placed in a separate column on the ballot in the order specified under Section 20A-6-305 with the party emblem, followed by the party name, at the head of the column;
 - (e) the party name or title is printed in capital letters not less than one-fourth of an inch high;
 - (f) a circle one-half inch in diameter is printed immediately below the party name or title, and the top of the circle is placed not less than two inches below the perforated line;
 - (g) unaffiliated candidates, candidates not affiliated with a registered political party, and all other candidates for elective office who were not nominated by a registered political party in accordance with Subsection 20A-9-202(4) or Subsection 20A-9-403[(5)](9), are listed in one column in the order specified under Section 20A-6-305, without a party circle, with the following instructions printed at the head of the column: "All candidates not affiliated with a political party are listed below. They are to be considered with all offices and candidates listed to the left. Only one vote is allowed for each office.":
 - (h) the columns containing the lists of candidates, including the party name and device, are separated by heavy parallel lines;
 - (i) the offices to be filled are plainly printed immediately above the names of the candidates for those offices;
 - (j) the names of candidates are printed in capital letters, not less than one-eighth nor more than one-fourth of an inch high in heavy-faced type not smaller than 10 point, between lines or rules three-eighths of an inch apart;
 - (k) a square with sides measuring not less than one-fourth of an inch in length is printed immediately adjacent to the name of each candidate;
 - (l) for the offices of president and vice president and governor and lieutenant governor, one square with sides measuring not less than one-fourth of an inch in length is printed on the same side as but opposite a double bracket enclosing the names of the two candidates;
 - (m) in an election in which a voter is authorized to cast a write-in vote and where a write-in candidate is qualified under Section 20A-9-601, immediately adjacent to the

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unaffiliated ticket on the ballot, the ballot contains a write-in column long enough to contain as many written names of candidates as there are persons to be elected with:

- (i) for each office on the ballot, the office to be filled plainly printed immediately above:
- (A) a blank, horizontal line to enable the entry of a valid write-in candidate and a square with sides measuring not less than one-fourth of an inch in length printed immediately adjacent to the blank horizontal line; or
- (B) for the offices of president and vice president and governor and lieutenant governor, two blank horizontal lines, one placed above the other, to enable the entry of two valid write-in candidates, and one square with sides measuring not less than one-fourth of an inch in length printed on the same side as but opposite a double bracket enclosing the two blank horizontal lines; and
- (ii) the words "Write-In Voting Column" printed at the head of the column without a one-half inch circle;
- (n) when required, the ballot includes a nonpartisan ticket placed immediately adjacent to the write-in ticket, or, if there is no write-in ticket, immediately adjacent to the unaffiliated ticket, with the word "NONPARTISAN" in reverse type in an 18 point solid rule running vertically the full length of the nonpartisan ballot copy; and
- (o) constitutional amendments or other questions submitted to the vote of the people, are printed on the ballot after the list of candidates.
 - (2) Each election officer shall ensure that:

- (a) each person nominated by any registered political party under Subsection 20A-9-202(4) or Subsection 20A-9-403[(5)](9), and no other person, is placed on the ballot:
 - (i) under the registered political party's name and emblem, if any; or
- (ii) under the title of the registered political party as designated by them in their certificates of nomination or petition, or, if none is designated, then under some suitable title;
- (b) the names of all unaffiliated candidates that qualify as required in Title 20A, Chapter 9. Part 5. Candidates not Affiliated with a Party, are placed on the ballot:
- (c) the names of the candidates for president and vice president are used on the ballot instead of the names of the presidential electors; and
 - (d) the ballots contain no other names.

214	(3) When the ballot contains a nonpartisan section, the election officer shall ensure
215	that:
216	(a) the designation of the office to be filled in the election and the number of
217	candidates to be elected are printed in type not smaller than eight point;
218	(b) the words designating the office are printed flush with the left-hand margin;
219	(c) the words, "Vote for one" or "Vote for up to (the number of candidates for
220	which the voter may vote)" extend to the extreme right of the column;
221	(d) the nonpartisan candidates are grouped according to the office for which they are
222	candidates;
223	(e) the names in each group are placed in the order specified under Section 20A-6-305
224	with the surnames last; and
225	(f) each group is preceded by the designation of the office for which the candidates
226	seek election, and the words, "Vote for one" or "Vote for up to (the number of
227	candidates for which the voter may vote)," according to the number to be elected.
228	(4) Each election officer shall ensure that:
229	(a) proposed amendments to the Utah Constitution are listed on the ballot in
230	accordance with Section 20A-6-107;
231	(b) ballot propositions submitted to the voters are listed on the ballot in accordance
232	with Section 20A-6-107; and
233	(c) bond propositions that have qualified for the ballot are listed on the ballot under the
234	title assigned to each bond proposition under Section 11-14-206.
235	Section 4. Section 20A-6-302 is amended to read:
236	20A-6-302. Paper ballots Placement of candidates' names.
237	(1) Each election officer shall ensure, for paper ballots in regular general elections,
238	that:
239	(a) each candidate is listed by party, if nominated by a registered political party under
240	Subsection 20A-9-202(4) or Subsection 20A-9-403[(5)](9);
241	(b) candidates' surnames are listed in alphabetical order on the ballots when two or
242	more candidates' names are required to be listed on a ticket under the title of an office; and
243	(c) the names of candidates are placed on the ballot in the order specified under Section
244	20A-6-305.

(2) (a) When there is only one candidate for county attorney at the regular general election in counties that have three or fewer registered voters of the county who are licensed active members in good standing of the Utah State Bar, the county clerk shall cause that candidate's name and party affiliation, if any, to be placed on a separate section of the ballot with the following question: "Shall (name of candidate) be elected to the office of county attorney? Yes ____ No ___."

- (b) If the number of "Yes" votes exceeds the number of "No" votes, the candidate is elected to the office of county attorney.
- (c) If the number of "No" votes exceeds the number of "Yes" votes, the candidate is not elected and may not take office, nor may the candidate continue in the office past the end of the term resulting from any prior election or appointment.
- (d) When the name of only one candidate for county attorney is printed on the ballot under authority of this Subsection (2), the county clerk may not count any write-in votes received for the office of county attorney.
- (e) If no qualified person files for the office of county attorney or if the candidate is not elected by the voters, the county legislative body shall appoint the county attorney as provided in Section 20A-1-509.2.
- (f) If the candidate whose name would, except for this Subsection (2)(f), be placed on the ballot under Subsection (2)(a) has been elected on a ballot under Subsection (2)(a) to the two consecutive terms immediately preceding the term for which the candidate is seeking election, Subsection (2)(a) does not apply and that candidate shall be considered to be an unopposed candidate the same as any other unopposed candidate for another office, unless a petition is filed with the county clerk before the date of that year's primary election that:
 - (i) requests the procedure set forth in Subsection (2)(a) to be followed; and
- (ii) contains the signatures of registered voters in the county representing in number at least 25% of all votes cast in the county for all candidates for governor at the last election at which a governor was elected.
- (3) (a) When there is only one candidate for district attorney at the regular general election in a prosecution district that has three or fewer registered voters of the district who are licensed active members in good standing of the Utah State Bar, the county clerk shall cause that candidate's name and party affiliation, if any, to be placed on a separate section of the

ballot with the following question: "Shall (name of candidate) be elected to the office of district attorney? Yes _____ No ____."

- (b) If the number of "Yes" votes exceeds the number of "No" votes, the candidate is elected to the office of district attorney.
- (c) If the number of "No" votes exceeds the number of "Yes" votes, the candidate is not elected and may not take office, nor may the candidate continue in the office past the end of the term resulting from any prior election or appointment.
- (d) When the name of only one candidate for district attorney is printed on the ballot under authority of this Subsection (3), the county clerk may not count any write-in votes received for the office of district attorney.
- (e) If no qualified person files for the office of district attorney, or if the only candidate is not elected by the voters under this subsection, the county legislative body shall appoint a new district attorney for a four-year term as provided in Section 20A-1-509.2.
- (f) If the candidate whose name would, except for this Subsection (3)(f), be placed on the ballot under Subsection (3)(a) has been elected on a ballot under Subsection (3)(a) to the two consecutive terms immediately preceding the term for which the candidate is seeking election, Subsection (3)(a) does not apply and that candidate shall be considered to be an unopposed candidate the same as any other unopposed candidate for another office, unless a petition is filed with the county clerk before the date of that year's primary election that:
 - (i) requests the procedure set forth in Subsection (3)(a) to be followed; and
- (ii) contains the signatures of registered voters in the county representing in number at least 25% of all votes cast in the county for all candidates for governor at the last election at which a governor was elected.
 - Section 5. Section **20A-6-303** is amended to read:
 - 20A-6-303. Regular general election -- Ballot sheets.
 - (1) Each election officer shall ensure that:
- (a) copy on the ballot sheets or ballot labels, as applicable, are arranged in approximately the same order as paper ballots;
- (b) the titles of offices and the names of candidates are printed in vertical columns or in a series of separate pages;
 - (c) the ballot sheet or any pages used for the ballot label are of sufficient number to

507	include, after the fist of candidates:
308	(i) the names of candidates for judicial offices and any other nonpartisan offices; and
309	(ii) any ballot propositions submitted to the voters for their approval or rejection;
310	(d) (i) a voting square or position is included where the voter may record a straight
311	party ticket vote for all the candidates of one party by one mark or punch; and
312	(ii) the name of each political party listed in the straight party selection area includes
313	the word "party" at the end of the party's name;
314	(e) the tickets are printed in the order specified under Section 20A-6-305;
315	(f) the office titles are printed immediately adjacent to the names of candidates so as to
316	indicate clearly the candidates for each office and the number to be elected;
317	(g) the party designation of each candidate who has been nominated by a registered
318	political party under Subsection 20A-9-202(4) or Subsection 20A-9-403[(5)](9) is printed
319	immediately adjacent to the candidate's name; and
320	(h) (i) if possible, all candidates for one office are grouped in one column or upon one
321	page;
322	(ii) if all candidates for one office cannot be listed in one column or grouped on one
323	page:
324	(A) the ballot sheet or ballot label shall be clearly marked to indicate that the list of
325	candidates is continued on the following column or page; and
326	(B) approximately the same number of names shall be printed in each column or on
327	each page.
328	(2) Each election officer shall ensure that:
329	(a) proposed amendments to the Utah Constitution are listed in accordance with
330	Section 20A-6-107;
331	(b) ballot propositions submitted to the voters are listed in accordance with Section
332	20A-6-107; and
333	(c) bond propositions that have qualified for the ballot are listed under the title
334	assigned to each bond proposition under Section 11-14-206.
335	Section 6. Section 20A-6-304 is amended to read:
336	20A-6-304. Regular general election Electronic ballots.
337	(1) Each election officer shall ensure that:

338	(a) the format and content of the electronic ballot is arranged in approximately the
339	same order as paper ballots;
340	(b) the titles of offices and the names of candidates are displayed in vertical columns or
341	in a series of separate display screens;
342	(c) the electronic ballot is of sufficient length to include, after the list of candidates:
343	(i) the names of candidates for judicial offices and any other nonpartisan offices; and
344	(ii) any ballot propositions submitted to the voters for their approval or rejection;
345	(d) (i) a voting square or position is included where the voter may record a straight
346	party ticket vote for all the candidates of one party by making a single selection; and
347	(ii) the name of each political party listed in the straight party selection area includes
348	the word "party" at the end of the party's name;
349	(e) the tickets are displayed in the order specified under Section 20A-6-305;
350	(f) the office titles are displayed above or at the side of the names of candidates so as to
351	indicate clearly the candidates for each office and the number to be elected;
352	(g) the party designation of each candidate who has been nominated by a registered
353	political party under Subsection 20A-9-202(4) or Subsection 20A-9-403[(5)](9) is displayed
354	adjacent to the candidate's name; and
355	(h) if possible, all candidates for one office are grouped in one column or upon one
356	display screen.
357	(2) Each election officer shall ensure that:
358	(a) proposed amendments to the Utah Constitution are displayed in accordance with
359	Section 20A-6-107;
360	(b) ballot propositions submitted to the voters are displayed in accordance with Section
361	20A-6-107; and
362	(c) bond propositions that have qualified for the ballot are displayed under the title
363	assigned to each bond proposition under Section 11-14-206.
364	Section 7. Section 20A-9-101 is amended to read:
365	20A-9-101. Definitions.
366	As used in this chapter:
367	(1) (a) "Candidates for elective office" means persons who file a declaration of
368	candidacy under Section 20A-9-202 to run in a regular general election for a federal office,

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369	constitutional office, multicounty office, or county office.
370	(b) "Candidates for elective office" does not mean candidates for:
371	(i) justice or judge of court of record or not of record;
372	(ii) presidential elector;
373	(iii) any political party offices; and
374	(iv) municipal or local district offices.
375	(2) "Constitutional office" means the state offices of governor, lieutenant governor,
376	attorney general, state auditor, and state treasurer.
377	(3) "Continuing political party" is as defined in Section 20A-8-101.
378	(4) (a) "County office" means an elective office where the office holder is selected by
379	voters entirely within one county.
380	(b) "County office" does not mean:
381	(i) the office of justice or judge of any court of record or not of record;
382	(ii) the office of presidential elector;
383	(iii) any political party offices;
384	(iv) any municipal or local district offices; and
385	(v) the office of United States Senator and United States Representative.
386	(5) "Federal office" means an elective office for United States Senator and United
387	States Representative.
388	(6) "Filing officer" means:
389	(a) the lieutenant governor, for:
390	(i) the office of United States Senator and United States Representative; and
391	(ii) all constitutional offices;
392	(b) the county clerk, for county offices and local school district offices, and the county
393	clerk in the filer's county of residence, for multicounty offices;
394	(c) the city or town clerk, for municipal offices; and
395	(d) the local district clerk, for local district offices.
396	(7) "Local district office" means an elected office in a local district.
397	(8) "Local government office" includes county offices, municipal offices, and local
398	district offices and other elective offices selected by the voters from a political division entirely
399	within one county.

400	(9) (a) "Multicounty office" means an elective office where the office holder is selected
401	by the voters from more than one county.
402	(b) "Multicounty office" does not mean:
403	(i) a county office;
404	(ii) a federal office;
405	(iii) the office of justice or judge of any court of record or not of record;
406	(iv) the office of presidential elector;
407	(v) any political party offices; and
408	(vi) any municipal or local district offices.
409	(10) "Municipal office" means an elective office in a municipality.
410	(11) (a) "Political division" means a geographic unit from which an office holder is
411	elected and that an office holder represents.
412	(b) "Political division" includes a county, a city, a town, a local district, a school
413	district, a legislative district, and a county prosecution district.
414	(12) "Qualified political party" means [a registered political party that]:
415	[(a) permits voters who are unaffiliated with any political party to vote for the
416	registered political party's candidates in a primary election;]
417	(a) as it relates to an election held before January 1, 2017, a registered political party;
418	<u>and</u>
419	(b) as it relates to an election held on or after January 1, 2017, a registered political
420	party that:
421	[(b)] (i) (A) permits a delegate for the registered political party to vote on a candidate
422	nomination in the registered political party's convention remotely; or
423	[(ii)] (B) provides a procedure for designating an alternate delegate if a delegate is not
424	present at the registered political party's convention;
425	[(c)] (ii) does not hold the registered political party's convention before April 1 of an
426	even-numbered year;
427	[(d)] (iii) permits a member of the registered political party to seek the registered
428	political party's nomination for any elective office by the member choosing to seek the
429	nomination by either or both of the following methods:
430	[(1)] (A) seeking the nomination through the registered political party's convention

process, in accordance with the provisions of Section 20A-9-407; or

[(ii)] (B) seeking the nomination by collecting signatures, in accordance with the provisions of Section 20A-9-408; and

[(e)] (iv) no later than 5 p.m. on September 30 of an odd-numbered year, certifies to the lieutenant governor that, for the election in the following year, the registered political party intends to nominate the registered political party's candidates in accordance with the provisions of Sections 20A-9-407 and 20A-9-408.

Section 8. Section **20A-9-403** is amended to read:

20A-9-403. Regular primary elections.

- (1) (a) Candidates for elective office that are to be filled at the next regular general election shall be nominated in a regular primary election by direct vote of the people in the manner prescribed in this section. The fourth Tuesday of June of each even-numbered year is designated as regular primary election day. Nothing in this section shall affect a candidate's ability to qualify for a regular general election's ballot as an unaffiliated candidate under Section 20A-9-501 or to participate in a regular general election as a write-in candidate under Section 20A-9-601.
- (b) Each registered political party that chooses to have the names of its candidates for elective office featured with party affiliation on the ballot at a regular general election shall comply with the requirements of this section and shall nominate its candidates for elective office in the manner prescribed in this section.
- (c) A filing officer may not permit an official ballot at a regular general election to be produced or used if the ballot denotes affiliation between a registered political party or any other political group and a candidate for elective office who was not nominated in the manner prescribed in this section or in Subsection 20A-9-202(4).
- (d) Unless noted otherwise, the dates in this section refer to those that occur in each even-numbered year in which a regular general election will be held.
- [(2) (a) Each registered political party, in a statement filed with the lieutenant governor, shall:
- [(i) either declare their intent to participate in the next regular primary election or declare that the registered political party chooses not to have the names of its candidates for elective office featured on the ballot at the next regular general election;]

462	[(ii) if the registered political party participates in the upcoming regular primary
463	election, identify one or more registered political parties whose members may vote for the
464	registered political party's candidates and whether or not persons identified as unaffiliated with
465	a political party may vote for the registered political party's candidates; and]
466	[(iii) if the registered political party participates in the upcoming regular primary
467	election, indicate whether it chooses to nominate unopposed candidates without their name
468	appearing on the ballot, as described under Subsection (5)(c).
469	(2) For an election held before January 1, 2017, a registered political party shall, in a
470	statement filed with the lieutenant governor before the applicable deadline described in
471	Subsection (6):
472	(a) (i) declare whether the registered political party chooses to nominate the registered
473	political party's candidates:
474	(A) as a qualified political party, in accordance with Section 20A-9-406; or
475	(B) in accordance with this section;
476	(ii) identify one or more registered political parties whose members may vote for the
477	registered political party's candidates in the primary election;
478	(iii) indicate whether the registered political party chooses to permit individuals who
479	are unaffiliated with a registered political party to vote for the registered political party's
480	candidates in the primary election; and
481	(iv) indicate whether the registered political party chooses to nominate unopposed
482	candidates without the candidates' names appearing on the ballot, as described in Subsection
483	(9)(c); or
484	(b) declare that the registered political party will not participate in the primary election
485	(3) For an election held before January 1, 2017:
486	(a) if a registered political party timely makes the declaration described in Subsection
487	(2)(b), the election officer:
488	(i) shall place the name of the party's candidate for each office on the general election
489	ballot without any indication of party affiliation; and
490	(ii) may not list the party's candidates as unaffiliated; and
491	(b) a registered political party that fails to timely file a statement described in
492	Subsection (2), by failing to file the statement, indicates by default that the registered political

493	party:
494	(i) chooses to nominate the registered political party's candidates as a qualified political
495	party, in accordance with Section 20A-9-406;
496	(ii) chooses to only permit a member of the registered political party to vote for the
497	registered political party's candidates in the primary election;
498	(iii) chooses to prohibit individuals who are unaffiliated with a registered political
499	party to vote for the registered political party's candidates in the primary election; and
500	(iv) chooses to nominate unopposed candidates without the candidates' names
501	appearing on the ballot, as described in Subsection (9)(c).
502	(4) For an election held on or after January 1, 2017, a registered political party that is
503	not a qualified political party shall, in a statement filed with the lieutenant governor before the
504	applicable deadline described in Subsection (6):
505	(a) (i) declare that the registered political party chooses to nominate the registered
506	political party's candidates in accordance with this section;
507	(ii) identify one or more registered political parties whose members may vote for the
508	registered political party's candidates in the primary election;
509	(iii) indicate whether the registered political party chooses to permit individuals who
510	are unaffiliated with a registered political party to vote for the registered political party's
511	candidates in the primary election; and
512	(iv) indicate whether the registered political party chooses to nominate unopposed
513	candidates without the candidates' names appearing on the ballot, as described in Subsection
514	<u>(9)(c); or</u>
515	(b) declare that the registered political party will not participate in the primary election.
516	(5) For an election held on or after January 1, 2017:
517	(a) if a registered political party timely makes the declaration described in Subsection
518	(4)(b), the election officer:
519	(i) shall place the name of the party's candidate for each office on the general election
520	ballot without any indication of party affiliation; and
521	(ii) may not list the party's candidates as unaffiliated; and
522	(b) a registered political party that fails to timely file a statement described in
523	Subsection (4) by failing to file the statement, indicates by default that the registered political

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524 party: (i) chooses to nominate the registered political party's candidates in accordance with 525 526 this section; (ii) chooses to only permit a member of the registered political party to vote for the 527 528 registered political party's candidates in the primary election; 529 (iii) chooses to prohibit individuals who are unaffiliated with a registered political party to vote for the registered political party's candidates in the primary election; and 530 (iv) chooses to nominate unopposed candidates without the candidates' names 531 532 appearing on the ballot, as described in Subsection (9)(c). 533 [(b)] (6) A registered political party that is a continuing political party must file the 534 statement described in Subsection (2)[(a)] or (4), as applicable, with the lieutenant governor no 535 later than 5 p.m. on November 15 of each odd-numbered year. An organization that is seeking 536 to become a registered political party under Section 20A-8-103 must file the statement described in Subsection (2)[(b)] or (4), as applicable, no later than 5 p.m. on February 15. 537 [(3)] (7) (a) Except as provided in Subsection [(3)] (7)(e), a person who has submitted 538 539 a declaration of candidacy under Section 20A-9-202 shall appear as a candidate for elective 540 office on the regular primary ballot of the registered political party listed on the declaration of 541 candidacy only if the person is certified by the appropriate filing officer as having submitted a 542 set of nomination petitions that was: (i) circulated and completed in accordance with Section 20A-9-405; and 543 544 545

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- (ii) signed by at least two percent of the registered political party's members who reside in the political division of the office that the person seeks.
- (b) A candidate for elective office shall submit nomination petitions to the appropriate filing officer for verification and certification no later than 5 p.m. on the final day in March. Candidates may supplement their submissions at any time on or before the filing deadline.
- (c) The lieutenant governor shall determine for each elective office the total number of signatures that must be submitted under Subsection [(3)] (7)(a)(ii) by counting the aggregate number of persons residing in each elective office's political division who have designated a particular registered political party on their voter registration forms as of November 1 of each odd-numbered year. The lieutenant governor shall publish this determination for each elective office no later than November 15 of each odd-numbered year.

- (d) The filing officer shall:
 - (i) verify signatures on nomination petitions in a transparent and orderly manner;
- (ii) for all qualifying candidates for elective office who submitted nomination petitions to the filing officer, issue certifications referenced in Subsection [(3)] (7)(a) no later than 5 p.m. on the first Monday after the third Saturday in April;
 - (iii) consider active and inactive voters eligible to sign nomination petitions;
- (iv) consider a person who signs a nomination petition a member of a registered political party for purposes of Subsection [(3)] (7)(a)(ii) if the person has designated that registered political party as their preferred party affiliation on their voter registration form prior to 5 p.m. on the final day in March; and
- (v) utilize procedures described in Section 20A-7-206.3 to verify submitted nomination petition signatures, or use statistical sampling procedures to verify submitted nomination petition signatures pursuant to rules issued by the lieutenant governor under Subsection [(3)] (7)(f).
- (e) Notwithstanding any other provision in this Subsection [(3)] (7), a candidate for lieutenant governor may appear on the regular primary ballot of a registered political party without submitting nomination petitions if the candidate files a declaration of candidacy and complies with Subsection 20A-9-202(3).
- (f) The lieutenant governor shall issue rules that provide for the use of statistical sampling procedures for filing officers to verify signatures under Subsection [(3)] (7)(d). The statistical sampling procedures shall reflect a bona fide effort to determine the validity of a candidate's entire submission, using widely recognized statistical sampling techniques. The lieutenant governor may also issue supplemental rules and guidance that provide for the transparent, orderly, and timely submission, verification, and certification of nomination petition signatures.
 - (g) The county clerk shall:
- (i) review the declarations of candidacy filed by candidates for local boards of education to determine if more than two candidates have filed for the same seat;
- (ii) place the names of all candidates who have filed a declaration of candidacy for a local board of education seat on the nonpartisan section of the ballot if more than two candidates have filed for the same seat; and

586 (iii) determine the order of the local board of education candidates' names on the ballot 587 in accordance with Section 20A-6-305. 588 [(4)] (8) (a) By 5 p.m. on the first Wednesday after the third Saturday in April, the 589 lieutenant governor shall provide to the county clerks: 590 (i) a list of the names of all candidates for federal, constitutional, multi-county, and 591 county offices who have received certifications under Subsection [(3)] (7), along with 592 instructions on how those names shall appear on the primary-election ballot in accordance with 593 Section 20A-6-305; and 594 (ii) a list of unopposed candidates for elective office who have been nominated by a registered political party under Subsection [(5)] (9)(c) and instruct the county clerks to exclude 595 596 such candidates from the primary-election ballot. 597 (b) A candidate for lieutenant governor and a candidate for governor campaigning as 598 joint-ticket running mates shall appear jointly on the primary-election ballot. 599 (c) After the county clerk receives the certified list from the lieutenant governor under 600 Subsection [(4)] (8)(a), the county clerk shall post or publish a primary election notice in 601 substantially the following form: 602 "Notice is given that a primary election will be held Tuesday, June", 603 (year), to nominate party candidates for the parties and candidates for nonpartisan 604 local school board positions listed on the primary ballot. The polling place for voting precinct is . The polls will open at 7 a.m. and continue open until 8 p.m. of the same day. 605 606 Attest: county clerk." 607 [(5)] (9) (a) Candidates, other than presidential candidates, receiving the highest 608 number of votes cast for each office at the regular primary election are nominated by their 609 registered political party for that office or are nominated as a candidate for a nonpartisan local 610 school board position. 611 (b) If two or more candidates, other than presidential candidates, are to be elected to 612 the office at the regular general election, those party candidates equal in number to positions to 613 be filled who receive the highest number of votes at the regular primary election are the nominees of their party for those positions. 614 615 (c) A candidate who is unopposed for an elective office in the regular primary election

of a registered political party is nominated by the party for that office without appearing on the

primary ballot, provided that the party has chosen to nominate unopposed candidates under
Subsection $(2)(a)[\frac{(iii)}{(iv)}]\frac{(iv)}{(3)(b)(iv)}$, $(4)(a)(iii)$, $(4)(a)(iv)$, or $(5)(b)(iv)$. A candidate is
"unopposed" if no person other than the candidate has received a certification under Subsection
[(3)] (7) for the regular primary election ballot of the candidate's registered political party for a
particular elective office.

- [(6)] (10) (a) When a tie vote occurs in any primary election for any national, state, or other office that represents more than one county, the governor, lieutenant governor, and attorney general shall, at a public meeting called by the governor and in the presence of the candidates involved, select the nominee by lot cast in whatever manner the governor determines.
- (b) When a tie vote occurs in any primary election for any county office, the district court judges of the district in which the county is located shall, at a public meeting called by the judges and in the presence of the candidates involved, select the nominee by lot cast in whatever manner the judges determine.
- [(7)] (11) The expense of providing all ballots, blanks, or other supplies to be used at any primary election provided for by this section, and all expenses necessarily incurred in the preparation for or the conduct of that primary election shall be paid out of the treasury of the county or state, in the same manner as for the regular general elections.
 - Section 9. Section **20A-9-405** is amended to read:

20A-9-405. Nomination petitions for regular primary elections.

- (1) This section shall apply to the form and circulation of nomination petitions for regular primary elections described in Subsection $20A-9-403[\frac{(3)}{(3)}]$ (a).
- (2) A candidate for elective office, and the agents of the candidate, may not circulate nomination petitions until the candidate has submitted a declaration of candidacy in accordance with Subsection 20A-9-202(1).
 - (3) The nomination petitions shall be in substantially the following form:
 - (a) the petition shall be printed on paper 8-1/2 inches long and 11 inches wide;
- (b) the petition shall be ruled with a horizontal line 3/4 inch from the top, with the space above that line blank for purposes of binding;
- (c) the petition shall be headed by a caption stating the purpose of the petition and the name of the proposed candidate;

648 (d) the petition shall feature the word "Warning" followed by the following statement 649 in no less than eight-point, single leaded type: "It is a class A misdemeanor for anyone to 650 knowingly sign a certificate of nomination signature sheet with any name other than the 651 person's own name or more than once for the same candidate or if the person is not registered 652 to vote in this state and does not intend to become registered to vote in this state before 653 signatures are certified by a filing officer."; 654 (e) the petition shall feature 10 lines spaced one-half inch apart and consecutively 655 numbered one through 10; 656 (f) the signature portion of the petition shall be divided into columns headed by the 657 following titles: 658 (i) Registered Voter's Printed Name; 659 (ii) Signature of Registered Voter; 660 (iii) Party Affiliation of Registered Voter; 661 (iv) Birth Date or Age (Optional); 662 (v) Street Address, City, Zip Code; and 663 (vi) Date of Signature; and 664 (g) a photograph of the candidate may appear on the nomination petition. 665 (4) If one or more nomination petitions are bound together, a page shall be bound to 666 the nomination petition(s) that features the following printed verification statement to be signed 667 and dated by the petition circulator: 668 "Verification 669 State of Utah, County of 670 I, , of , hereby state under that: 671 I am a Utah resident and am at least 18 years old; 672 All the names that appear on the signature sheets bound to this page were, to the best of 673 my knowledge, signed by the persons who professed to be the persons whose names appear on 674 the signature sheets, and each of them signed the person's name on the signature sheets in my 675 presence; 676 I believe that each has printed and signed the person's name and written the person's 677 street address correctly, and that each signer is registered to vote in Utah or will register to vote

in Utah before the county clerk certifies the signatures on the signature sheet."

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679	(5) The lieutenant governor shall prepare and make public model nomination petition
680	forms and associated instructions.
681	(6) A nomination petition circulator must be at least18 years old and a resident of the
682	state, but may affiliate with any political party.
683	(7) It is unlawful for any person to:
684	(a) knowingly sign the nomination petition sheet described in Subsection (3):
685	(i) with any name other than the person's own name;
686	(ii) more than once for the same candidate; or
687	(iii) if the person is not registered to vote in this state and does not intend to become
688	registered to vote in this state prior to 5 p.m. on the final day in March;
689	(b) sign the verification of a certificate of nomination signature sheet described in
690	Subsection (4) if the person:
691	(i) does not meet the residency requirements of Section 20A-2-105;
692	(ii) has not witnessed the signing by those persons whose names appear on the
693	certificate of nomination signature sheet; or
694	(iii) knows that a person whose signature appears on the certificate of nomination
695	signature sheet is not registered to vote in this state and does not intend to become registered to
696	vote in this state;
697	(c) pay compensation to any person to sign a nomination petition; or
698	(d) pay compensation to any person to circulate a nomination petition, if the
699	compensation is based directly on the number of signatures submitted to a filing officer rather
700	than on the number of signatures verified or on some other basis.
701	(8) Any person violating Subsection (7) is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.
702	(9) Withdrawal of petition signatures shall not be permitted.
703	Section 10. Section 20A-9-406 is amended to read:
704	20A-9-406. Qualified political party Requirements and exemptions.
705	The following provisions apply to a qualified political party:
706	(1) the qualified political party shall certify to the lieutenant governor no later than 5
707	p.m. on March 1 of each even-numbered year:
708	(a) the identity of one or more registered political parties whose members may vote for
709	the qualified political party's candidates in the primary election; [and]

710 (b) whether the qualified political party chooses to permit unaffiliated voters to vote for 711 the qualified political party's candidates in the primary election; and 712 [(b)] (c) whether the qualified political party chooses to nominate unopposed 713 candidates without the names of the candidates appearing on the ballot, as described in 714 Subsection 20A-9-403(5)(c)]; 715 (2) the provisions of Subsections 20A-9-403(1) [through (4)(a), Subsection $\frac{20A-9-403(5)(c)}{(7)}$, (8)(a), and (9), and Section $\frac{20A-9-405}{(7)}$ do not apply to a nomination for 716 717 the qualified political party: 718 (3) an individual may only obtain a nomination for the qualified political party by using 719 a method described in Section 20A-9-407, Section 20A-9-408, or both; 720 (4) the qualified political party shall comply with the provisions of Sections 721 20A-9-407, 20A-9-408, and 20A-9-409; 722 (5) notwithstanding Subsection 20A-6-301(1)(a), (1)(g), or (2)(a), each election officer 723 shall ensure that a ballot described in Section 20A-6-301 includes each person nominated by a 724 qualified political party under Section 20A-9-407 or 20A-9-408: 725 (a) under the qualified political party's name and emblem, if any; or 726 (b) under the title of the qualified registered political party as designated by the 727 qualified political party in the certification described in Subsection (1), or, if none is 728 designated, then under some suitable title; 729 (6) notwithstanding Subsection 20A-6-302(1)(a), each election officer shall ensure, for 730 paper ballots in regular general elections, that each candidate who is nominated by the qualified 731 political party is listed by party; 732 (7) notwithstanding Subsection 20A-6-303(1)(g), each election officer shall ensure that 733 the party designation of each candidate who is nominated by the qualified political party is 734 printed immediately adjacent to the candidate's name on ballot sheets or ballot labels; 735 (8) notwithstanding Subsection 20A-6-304(1)(g), each election officer shall ensure that 736 the party designation of each candidate who is nominated by the qualified political party is 737 displayed adjacent to the candidate's name on an electronic ballot: 738 (9) "candidates for elective office," defined in Subsection 20A-9-101(1)(a), also 739 includes an individual who files a declaration of candidacy under Section 20A-9-407 or

20A-9-408 to run in a regular general election for a federal office, constitutional office,

741 multicounty office, or county office;

- (10) an individual who is nominated by, or seeking the nomination of, the qualified political party is not required to comply with Subsection 20A-9-201(1)(c);
- (11) notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-403[(3)](7), the qualified political party is entitled to have each of the qualified political party's candidates for elective office appear on the primary ballot of the qualified political party with an indication that each candidate is a candidate for the qualified political party;
- (12) notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-403[(4)](8)(a), the lieutenant governor shall include on the list provided by the lieutenant governor to the county clerks:
- (a) the names of all candidates of the qualified political party for federal, constitutional, multicounty, and county offices; and
- (b) the names of unopposed candidates for elective office who have been nominated by the qualified political party and instruct the county clerks to exclude such candidates from the primary-election ballot;
- (13) notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-403[(5)](9)(c), a candidate who is unopposed for an elective office in the regular primary election of the qualified political party is nominated by the party for that office without appearing on the primary ballot, provided that the party has chosen to nominate unopposed candidates under Subsection 20A-9-403(2)(a)[(iii)](iv), 20A-9-403(3)(b)(iv), 20A-9-403(4)(a)(iii), 20A-9-403(4)(a)(iv), or 20A-9-403(5)(b)(iv); and
- (14) notwithstanding the provisions of [Subsections] Subsection 20A-9-403(1) [and (2)] and Section 20A-9-405, the qualified political party is entitled to have the names of its candidates for elective office featured with party affiliation on the ballot at a regular general election.
 - Section 11. Section **20A-9-701** is amended to read:

20A-9-701. Certification of party candidates to county clerks -- Display on ballot.

- (1) No later than August 31 of each regular general election year, the lieutenant governor shall certify to each county clerk the names of each candidate nominated under Subsection 20A-9-202(4) or Subsection 20A-9-403[(5)](9) for offices to be voted upon at the regular general election in that county clerk's county.
- (2) The names shall be certified by the lieutenant governor and shall be displayed on the ballot as they are provided on the candidate's declaration of candidacy. No other names

may appear on the ballot as affiliated with, endorsed by, or nominated by any other registered political party, political party, or other political group.

- Section 12. Section **20A-11-201** is amended to read:
- 20A-11-201. State office candidate -- Separate bank account for campaign funds -- No personal use -- Contribution reporting deadline -- Report other accounts.
- (1) (a) Each state office candidate or the candidate's personal campaign committee shall deposit each contribution and public service assistance received in one or more separate campaign accounts in a financial institution.
- (b) A state office candidate or a candidate's personal campaign committee may not use money deposited in a campaign account for:
 - (i) a personal use expenditure; or

- (ii) an expenditure prohibited by law.
- (2) A state office candidate or the candidate's personal campaign committee may not deposit or mingle any contributions received into a personal or business account.
- (3) If a person who is no longer a state office candidate chooses not to expend the money remaining in a campaign account, the person shall continue to file the year-end summary report required by Section 20A-11-203 until the statement of dissolution and final summary report required by Section 20A-11-205 are filed with the lieutenant governor.
- (4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b) and Section 20A-11-402, a person who is no longer a state office candidate may not expend or transfer the money in a campaign account in a manner that would cause the former state office candidate to recognize the money as taxable income under federal tax law.
- (b) A person who is no longer a state office candidate may transfer the money in a campaign account in a manner that would cause the former state office candidate to recognize the money as taxable income under federal tax law if the transfer is made to a campaign account for federal office.
 - (5) (a) As used in this Subsection (5) and Section 20A-11-204, "received" means:
- (i) for a cash contribution, that the cash is given to a state office candidate or a member of the candidate's personal campaign committee;
- (ii) for a contribution that is a negotiable instrument or check, that the negotiable instrument or check is negotiated; and

803 (iii) for any other type of contribution, that any portion of the contribution's benefit 804 inures to the state office candidate. 805 (b) Each state office candidate shall report to the lieutenant governor each contribution 806 and public service assistance received by the state office candidate: 807 (i) except as provided in Subsection (5)(b)(ii), within 30 days after the day on which 808 the contribution or public service assistance is received; or 809 (ii) within three business days after the day on which the contribution or public service 810 assistance is received, if: 811 (A) the state office candidate is contested in a convention and the contribution or 812 public service assistance is received within 30 days before the day on which the convention is 813 held: 814 (B) the state office candidate is contested in a primary election and the contribution or 815 public service assistance is received within 30 days before the day on which the primary 816 election is held; or 817 (C) the state office candidate is contested in a general election and the contribution or 818 public service assistance is received within 30 days before the day on which the general 819 election is held. 820 (c) [Except as provided in Subsection (5)(d), for] For each contribution or provision of 821 public service assistance that a state office candidate fails to report within the time period 822 described in Subsection (5)(b), the lieutenant governor shall impose a fine against the state 823 office candidate in an amount equal to: (i) [the greater of \$50 or 15%] the lesser of \$50 or 20% of the amount of the 824 825 contribution; or 826 (ii) [the greater of \$50 or 15%] the lesser of \$50 or 20% of the value of the public 827 service assistance. 828 [(d) A fine described in Subsection (5)(c) may not exceed the amount of the 829 contribution or the value of the public service assistance to which the fine relates.

[(e)] (d) The lieutenant governor shall:

each state office candidate are available for public access:

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832 833 (i) deposit money received under Subsection (5)(c) into the General Fund; and

(ii) report on the lieutenant governor's website, in the location where reports relating to

834	(A) each fine imposed by the lieutenant governor against the state office candidate;
835	(B) the amount of the fine;
836	(C) the amount of the contribution to which the fine relates; and
837	(D) the date of the contribution.
838	(6) (a) As used in this Subsection (6), "account" means an account in a financial
839	institution:
840	(i) that is not described in Subsection (1)(a); and
841	(ii) into which or from which a person who, as a candidate for an office, other than the
842	state office for which the person files a declaration of candidacy or federal office, or as a holder
843	of an office, other than a state office for which the person files a declaration of candidacy or
844	federal office, deposits a contribution or makes an expenditure.
845	(b) A state office candidate shall include on any financial statement filed in accordance
846	with this part:
847	(i) a contribution deposited in an account:
848	(A) since the last campaign finance statement was filed; or
849	(B) that has not been reported under a statute or ordinance that governs the account; or
850	(ii) an expenditure made from an account:
851	(A) since the last campaign finance statement was filed; or
852	(B) that has not been reported under a statute or ordinance that governs the account.
853	Section 13. Section 20A-11-301 is amended to read:
854	20A-11-301. Legislative office candidate Campaign finance requirements
855	Candidate as a political action committee officer No personal use Contribution
856	reporting deadline Report other accounts.
857	(1) (a) (i) Each legislative office candidate shall deposit each contribution and public
858	service assistance received in one or more separate accounts in a financial institution that are
859	dedicated only to that purpose.
860	(ii) A legislative office candidate may:
861	(A) receive a contribution or public service assistance from a political action
862	committee registered under Section 20A-11-601; and
863	(B) be designated by a political action committee as an officer who has primary
864	decision-making authority as described in Section 20A-11-601.

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(b) A legislative office candidate or the candidate's personal campaign committee may not use money deposited in an account described in Subsection (1)(a)(i) for:

(i) a personal use expenditure; or

- (ii) an expenditure prohibited by law.
- (2) A legislative office candidate may not deposit or mingle any contributions or public service assistance received into a personal or business account.
- (3) If a person who is no longer a legislative candidate chooses not to expend the money remaining in a campaign account, the person shall continue to file the year-end summary report required by Section 20A-11-302 until the statement of dissolution and final summary report required by Section 20A-11-304 are filed with the lieutenant governor.
- (4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b) and Section 20A-11-402, a person who is no longer a legislative office candidate may not expend or transfer the money in a campaign account in a manner that would cause the former legislative office candidate to recognize the money as taxable income under federal tax law.
- (b) A person who is no longer a legislative office candidate may transfer the money in a campaign account in a manner that would cause the former legislative office candidate to recognize the money as taxable income under federal tax law if the transfer is made to a campaign account for federal office.
 - (5) (a) As used in this Subsection (5) and Section 20A-11-303, "received" means:
- (i) for a cash contribution, that the cash is given to a legislative office candidate or a member of the candidate's personal campaign committee;
- (ii) for a contribution that is a negotiable instrument or check, that the negotiable instrument or check is negotiated; and
- (iii) for any other type of contribution, that any portion of the contribution's benefit inures to the legislative office candidate.
- (b) Each legislative office candidate shall report to the lieutenant governor each contribution and public service assistance received by the legislative office candidate:
- (i) except as provided in Subsection (5)(b)(ii), within 30 days after the day on which the contribution or public service assistance is received; or
- (ii) within three business days after the day on which the contribution or public service assistance is received, if:

896 (A) the legislative office candidate is contested in a convention and the contribution or 897 public service assistance is received within 30 days before the day on which the convention is 898 held; 899 (B) the legislative office candidate is contested in a primary election and the 900 contribution or public service assistance is received within 30 days before the day on which the 901 primary election is held; or 902 (C) the legislative office candidate is contested in a general election and the 903 contribution or public service assistance is received within 30 days before the day on which the 904 general election is held. 905 (c) [Except as provided in Subsection (5)(d), for] For each contribution or provision of 906 public service assistance that a legislative office candidate fails to report within the time period 907 described in Subsection (5)(b), the lieutenant governor shall impose a fine against the 908 legislative office candidate in an amount equal to: 909 (i) [the greater of \$50 or 15%] the lesser of \$50 or 20% of the amount of the 910 contribution; or 911 (ii) [the greater of \$50 or 15%] the lesser of \$50 or 20% of the value of the public 912 service assistance. 913 [(d) A fine described in Subsection (5)(c) may not exceed the amount of the 914 contribution or the value of the public service assistance to which the fine relates. 915 [(e)] (d) The lieutenant governor shall: 916 (i) deposit money received under Subsection (5)(c) into the General Fund; and 917 (ii) report on the lieutenant governor's website, in the location where reports relating to 918 each legislative office candidate are available for public access: 919 (A) each fine imposed by the lieutenant governor against the legislative office 920 candidate; 921 (B) the amount of the fine; 922 (C) the amount of the contribution to which the fine relates; and 923 (D) the date of the contribution.

(i) that is not described in Subsection (1)(a)(i); and

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institution:

(6) (a) As used in this Subsection (6), "account" means an account in a financial

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927	(ii) into which or from which a person who, as a candidate for an office, other than a
928	legislative office for which the person files a declaration of candidacy or federal office, or as a
929	holder of an office, other than a legislative office for which the person files a declaration of
930	candidacy or federal office, deposits a contribution or makes an expenditure.
931	(b) A legislative office candidate shall include on any financial statement filed in
932	accordance with this part:
933	(i) a contribution deposited in an account:
934	(A) since the last campaign finance statement was filed; or
935	(B) that has not been reported under a statute or ordinance that governs the account; or
936	(ii) an expenditure made from an account:
937	(A) since the last campaign finance statement was filed; or
938	(B) that has not been reported under a statute or ordinance that governs the account.
939	Section 14. Section 20A-11-1301 is amended to read:
940	20A-11-1301. School board office candidate Campaign finance requirements
941	Candidate as a political action committee officer No personal use Contribution
942	reporting deadline Report other accounts.
943	(1) (a) (i) Each school board office candidate shall deposit each contribution and public
944	service assistance received in one or more separate accounts in a financial institution that are
945	dedicated only to that purpose.
946	(ii) A school board office candidate may:
947	(A) receive a contribution or public service assistance from a political action
948	committee registered under Section 20A-11-601; and
949	(B) be designated by a political action committee as an officer who has primary
950	decision-making authority as described in Section 20A-11-601.
951	(b) A school board office candidate may not use money deposited in an account
952	described in Subsection (1)(a)(i) for:
953	(i) a personal use expenditure; or
954	(ii) an expenditure prohibited by law.
955	(2) A school board office candidate may not deposit or mingle any contributions or
956	public service assistance received into a personal or business account.
957	(3) A school board office candidate may not make any political expenditures prohibited

958 by law.

(4) If a person who is no longer a school board candidate chooses not to expend the money remaining in a campaign account, the person shall continue to file the year-end summary report required by Section 20A-11-1302 until the statement of dissolution and final summary report required by Section 20A-11-1304 are filed with the lieutenant governor.

- (5) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b) and Section 20A-11-402, a person who is no longer a school board candidate may not expend or transfer the money in a campaign account in a manner that would cause the former school board candidate to recognize the money as taxable income under federal tax law.
- (b) A person who is no longer a school board candidate may transfer the money in a campaign account in a manner that would cause the former school board candidate to recognize the money as taxable income under federal tax law if the transfer is made to a campaign account for federal office.
 - (6) (a) As used in this Subsection (6) and Section 20A-11-1303, "received" means:
- (i) for a cash contribution, that the cash is given to a school board office candidate or a member of the candidate's personal campaign committee;
- (ii) for a contribution that is a negotiable instrument or check, that the negotiable instrument or check is negotiated; and
- (iii) for any other type of contribution, that any portion of the contribution's benefit inures to the school board office candidate.
- (b) Each school board office candidate shall report to the chief election officer each contribution and public service assistance received by the school board office candidate:
- (i) except as provided in Subsection (6)(b)(ii), within 30 days after the day on which the contribution or public service assistance is received; or
- (ii) within three business days after the day on which the contribution or public service assistance is received, if:
- (A) the school board office candidate is contested in a primary election and the contribution or public service assistance is received within 30 days before the day on which the primary election is held; or
- (B) the school board office candidate is contested in a general election and the contribution or public service assistance is received within 30 days before the day on which the

989 general election is held.

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- (c) [Except as provided in Subsection (6)(d), for] For each contribution or provision of public service assistance that a school board office candidate fails to report within the time period described in Subsection (6)(b), the chief election officer shall impose a fine against the school board office candidate in an amount equal to:
- (i) [the greater of \$50 or 15%] the lesser of \$50 or 20% of the amount of the contribution; or
- (ii) [the greater of \$50 or 15%] the lesser of \$50 or 20% of the value of the public service assistance.
- [(d) A fine described in Subsection (6)(c) may not exceed the amount of the contribution or the value of the public service assistance to which the fine relates.]
 - [(e)] (d) The chief election officer shall:
 - (i) deposit money received under Subsection (6)(c) into the General Fund; and
- (ii) report on the chief election officer's website, in the location where reports relating to each school board office candidate are available for public access:
- (A) each fine imposed by the chief election officer against the school board office candidate;
 - (B) the amount of the fine;
 - (C) the amount of the contribution to which the fine relates; and
- 1008 (D) the date of the contribution.
- 1009 (7) (a) As used in this Subsection (7), "account" means an account in a financial institution:
 - (i) that is not described in Subsection (1)(a)(i); and
 - (ii) into which or from which a person who, as a candidate for an office, other than a school board office for which the person files a declaration of candidacy or federal office, or as a holder of an office, other than a school board office for which the person files a declaration of candidacy or federal office, deposits a contribution or makes an expenditure.
 - (b) A school board office candidate shall include on any financial statement filed in accordance with this part:
 - (i) a contribution deposited in an account:
- (A) since the last campaign finance statement was filed; or

1020	(B) that has not been reported under a statute or ordinance that governs the account; or
1021	(ii) an expenditure made from an account:
1022	(A) since the last campaign finance statement was filed; or
1023	(B) that has not been reported under a statute or ordinance that governs the account.
1024	Section 15. Section 20A-12-303 is amended to read:
1025	20A-12-303. Separate account for campaign funds Reporting contributions.
1026	(1) The judge or the judge's personal campaign committee shall deposit each
1027	contribution in one or more separate personal campaign accounts in a financial institution.
1028	(2) The judge or the judge's personal campaign committee may not deposit or mingle
1029	any contributions received into a personal or business account.
1030	(3) (a) As used in this Subsection (3) and Section 20A-12-305, "received" means:
1031	(i) for a cash contribution, that the cash is given to a judge or the judge's personal
1032	campaign committee;
1033	(ii) for a contribution that is a negotiable instrument or check, that the negotiable
1034	instrument or check is negotiated; and
1035	(iii) for any other type of contribution, that any portion of the contribution's benefit
1036	inures to the judge.
1037	(b) The judge or the judge's personal campaign committee shall report to the lieutenant
1038	governor each contribution received by the judge, within 30 days after the day on which the
1039	contribution is received.
1040	(c) [Except as provided in Subsection (3)(d), for] For each contribution that a judge
1041	fails to report within the time period described in Subsection (3)(b), the lieutenant governor
1042	shall impose a fine against the judge in an amount equal to [the greater of \$50 or 15%] the
1043	lesser of \$50 or 20% of the amount of the contribution.
1044	[(d) A fine described in Subsection (3)(e) may not exceed the amount of the
1045	contribution to which the fine relates.]
1046	[(e)] <u>(d)</u> The lieutenant governor shall:
1047	(i) deposit money received under Subsection (3)(c) into the General Fund; and
1048	(ii) report on the lieutenant governor's website, in the location where reports relating to
1049	each judge are available for public access:
1050	(A) each fine imposed by the lieutenant governor against the judge;

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(B) the amount of the fine;

(C) the amount of the contribution to which the fine relates; and

1053 (D) the date of the contribution.

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