Representative Craig Hall proposes the following substitute bill:

JUSTICE COURT JUDGE QUALIFICATIONS AMENDMENTS
2016 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Craig Hall
Senate Sponsor: Lyle W. Hillyard
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill requires justice court judges in the first $\hat{H} \rightarrow [,]$ and $\leftarrow \hat{H}$ second $\hat{H} \rightarrow [,]$ and
third] ←Ĥ class counties to be
law school graduates.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
▶ requires justice court judges in counties of the first $\hat{H} \rightarrow [,]$ and $\leftarrow \hat{H}$ second $\hat{H} \rightarrow [,]$ and
third] ←Ĥ class to have
graduated from law school; and
 allows current justice court judges until to remain on the bench until they leave.
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:
78A-7-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 205
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 78A-7-201 is amended to read:

2nd Sub. (Gray) H.B. 160

26	78A-7-201. Justice court judge eligibility Mandatory retirement.
27	(1) A justice court judge shall be:
28	(a) a citizen of the United States;
29	(b) 25 years of age or older;
30	(c) a resident of Utah for at least three years immediately preceding his appointment;
31	(d) a resident of the county in which the court is located or an adjacent county for at
32	least six months immediately preceding appointment; and
33	(e) a qualified voter of the county in which the judge resides.
34	(2) [Justice] Effective May 10, 2016, a justice court [judges are] judge is not required
35	to be admitted to practice law in the state as a qualification to hold office but:
36	(a) in counties of the first $\hat{H} \rightarrow [\bar{I}]$ and $\leftarrow \hat{H}$ second $\hat{H} \rightarrow [\bar{I}, and third] \leftarrow \hat{H}$ class, a
36a	justice court judge shall have a
37	degree from a law school that makes one eligible to apply for admission to a bar in any state;
38	and
39	(b) in counties of the $\hat{H} \rightarrow \underline{third}, \leftarrow \hat{H}$ fourth, fifth, and sixth class, a justice court judge
39a	shall have at the
40	minimum a diploma of graduation from high school or its equivalent.
41	(3) A justice court judge shall be a person who has demonstrated maturity of judgment,
42	integrity, and the ability to understand and apply appropriate law with impartiality.
43	(4) [Justice] A court [judges] judge shall retire upon attaining the age of 75 years.
44	(5) In counties of the first $\hat{H} \rightarrow [\overline{3}]$ and $\leftarrow \hat{H}$ second $\hat{H} \rightarrow [\overline{3}, and third] \leftarrow \hat{H}$ class, if
44a	there are not at least three
45	applicants for a justice court judge position who meet the requirements of Subsection (2)(a),
46	the justice court nominating commission shall re-advertise the position, and may accept
47	applications from persons who do not meet the requirements of Subsections (1)(d) and (2)(a).
48	(6) (a) In accordance with Subsection 78A-7-202(3), the Administrative Office of the
49	Courts shall provide notice to all attorneys in the county and adjacent counties when a justice
50	court judge position is vacant.
51	(b) If the justice court nominating commission waives the requirement of Subsection
52	(1)(d) in accordance with Subsection (5), the Administrative Office of the Courts shall provide
53	notice to all attorneys in the state.
54	(7) A justice court judge sitting on the bench on May 10, 2016 who does not meet the
55	qualification in Subsection (2)(a) may continue in the judge's position until the judge resigns,
56	retires, is not retained in a retention election, or is removed from office.