#### **Representative Kim Coleman** proposes the following substitute bill:

1	STUDENT RIGHT TO ACTIVE COUNSEL
2	2016 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Kim Coleman
5	Senate Sponsor: Todd Weiler
6	
7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill enacts language related to disciplinary proceedings in an institution of higher
10	education.
11	Highlighted Provisions:
12	This bill:
13	<ul> <li>enacts Title 53B, Chapter 26, Campus Individual Rights Act, including enacting</li> </ul>
14	provisions:
15	• requiring an institution of higher education to allow certain parties to have legal
16	representation at a disciplinary proceeding;
17	• governing the exchange of evidence at a disciplinary proceeding; $\hat{H} \rightarrow and \leftarrow \hat{H}$
18	• prohibiting certain conflicts of interest in a disciplinary proceeding $\hat{H} \rightarrow $ . [; and
19	authorizing a cause of action; and
20	
21	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
22	None
23	Other Special Clauses:
24	None
25	Utah Code Sections Affected:

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Ĥ→ [ <del>AMENDS:</del>
ENACTS:
53B-26-101, Utah Code Annotated 1953
53B-26-102, Utah Code Annotated 1953
53B-26-201, Utah Code Annotated 1953
53B-26-203, Utah Code Annotated 1953
53B-26-204, Utah Code Annotated 1953
53B-26-205, Utah Code Annotated 1953
53B-26-206, Utah Code Annotated 1953
53B-26-207, Utah Code Annotated 1953
Ĥ→ [ <del>53B-26-208, Utah Code Annotated 1953</del> ] ←Ĥ
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section <b>53B-26-101</b> is enacted to read:
<b>CHAPTER 26. CAMPUS INDIVIDUAL RIGHTS ACT</b>
Part 1. General Provisions
<u>53B-26-101.</u> Title.
(1) This chapter is known as "Campus Individual Rights Act."
(2) This part is known as "General Provisions."
(3) The provisions of this part may not be interpreted to:
(a) govern campus law enforcement departments or law enforcement personnel; or
(b) otherwise replace or amend criminal procedures that govern law enforcement
activities.
Section 2. Section <b>53B-26-102</b> is enacted to read:
<u>53B-26-102.</u> Definitions.
As used in this chapter, "institution" means an institution of higher education listed in
<u>Section 53B-1-102.</u>
Section 3. Section <b>53B-26-201</b> is enacted to read:
Part 2. Student Legal Representation
<u>53B-26-201.</u> Definitions.

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57	(1) "Academic dishonesty" means an act of dishonesty relating to a student's academic
58	work or performance.
59	(2) "Accused student" means an individual enrolled in an institution who has allegedly
60	violated a policy or rule.
61	(3) "Accused student organization" means a student organization that has allegedly
62	violated a policy or rule.
63	(4) "Alleged victim" means an individual whose rights are allegedly infringed or who
64	is otherwise allegedly harmed by an accused student's or student organization's violation of a
65	policy or rule.
66	(5) "Evidence" means information that is inculpatory or exculpatory as it relates to an
67	accusation against an accused student or accused student organization, including:
68	(a) a complainant statement;
69	(b) a third-party witness statement;
70	(c) electronically stored information;
71	(d) a written communication;
72	(e) a post to social media; or
73	(f) demonstrative evidence.
74	(6) $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow (\mathbf{a}) \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ "Full participation" means the opportunity in a student or student
74a	organization
75	disciplinary proceeding to $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [:$
76	<u>(a) make opening and closing statements;</u>
77	(b) examine and cross-examine a witness; and
78	<u>(c) provide an accused student, an accused student organization, or an alleged victim</u>
79	support, guidance, or advice.] participate to the full extent that the student or student
79a	organization would otherwise be allowed to participate under an institution's policy or rule
79b	and provide an accused student, accused student organization, or an alleged victim support,
79c	guidance, or advice.
79d	(b) "Full participation" includes the ability to make opening and closing statements or,
79e	in accordance with Section 53B-26-207, present and question a witness.
79f	(c) "Full participation" does not include a procedural right other than a right described
79g	<u>in Subsection (6)(a) or (b).</u> ←Ĥ
80	(7) "Legal representation" means an attorney or, at a person's sole discretion, a
81	nonattorney advocate.
82	(8) "Policy or rule" means a policy or rule of an institution that, if violated, may result:

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150	(1) The parties to a student disciplinary proceeding or student organization disciplinary
151	proceeding shall make a good faith effort to exchange any evidence the parties intend to use in
152	the respective proceeding.
153	(2) Nothing in this part may be interpreted to:
154	(a) provide for formal or informal discovery beyond the exchange of evidence
155	described in Subsection (1); or
156	(b) incorporate or bind an institution to:
157	(i) the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure or the Utah Rules of Evidence; or
158	(ii) the Federal Rules of Civil Procedures or the Federal Rules of Evidence.
159	Section 7. Section <b>53B-26-206</b> is enacted to read:
160	53B-26-206. Conflict of interest.
161	(1) An institution shall prohibit an individual employed by or otherwise representing an
162	institution from acting as an adjudicator, hearing officer, or appellate hearing officer if the
163	individual has also served in one of the following roles for purposes of a student or student
164	organization disciplinary proceeding:
165	(a) an advocate or counselor for an alleged victim, accused student, or accused student
166	organization;
167	(b) an investigator;
168	(c) an $\hat{H} \rightarrow [$ institutional prosecutor $]$ administrator presenting arguments and evidence
168a	on behalf of the institution 🖛 Ĥ ; or
169	(d) an advisor to a person described in Subsection (1)(a), (b), or (c).
170	(2) If an individual employed by the institution or otherwise representing an institution
171	serves as an investigator and an $\hat{H} \rightarrow [$ institutional prosecutor $]$ administrator presenting
171a	arguments and evidence on behalf of the institution $\leftarrow \hat{H}$ for the alleged violation of a policy or
172	rule, the institution shall advise an accused student, accused student organization, or an alleged
173	victim prior to the investigation proceeding.
174	(3) An individual may not serve as an investigator or $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [$ <u>institutional prosecutor</u> ]
174a	administrator presenting arguments and evidence on behalf of the institution $\leftarrow \hat{H}$ and an
175	advocate for an accused student, accused student organization, or an alleged victim.
176	Section 8. Section <b>53B-26-207</b> is enacted to read:
177	53B-26-207. Application Institution policies.
178	(1) Nothing in this part may be interpreted to prohibit an institution from temporarily
179	suspending an accused student or accused student organization pending the completion of a
180	student or student organization disciplinary proceeding.

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181	(2) (a) An institution shall enact policies to govern proceedings in which a student has
182	a right to active counsel in accordance with this part.
183	(b) An institution may adopt a policy requiring an accused student's, accused student
184	organization's, or an alleged victim's attorney or advocate to submit questions for an opposing
185	party first to a hearing officer.
186	Ĥ➡ [Section 9. Section 53B-26-208 is enacted to read:
187	<u>53B-26-208.</u> Cause of action.
188	(1) An accused student, accused student organization, or alleged victim may bring an
189	action in a court of competent jurisdiction for an alleged violation of this part by an institution.
190	(2) If the court finds that an institution committed a violation under Subsection (1), the
191	<u>court may award, as applicable, the accused student, accused student organization, or alleged</u>
192	<u>victim:</u>
193	<u>(a) compensatory damages;</u>
194	(b) reasonable court costs incurred;
195	<u>(c) reasonable attorney fees incurred;</u>
196	(d) monetary damages:
197	(i) in an amount equal to or more than the cost of tuition paid by or on behalf of the
198	accused student or alleged victim to the institution for the academic period in which the
199	violation occurred; and
200	(ii) in an amount equal to or more than the amount of scholarship funding an accused
201	student has lost as a result of the outcome of a student disciplinary proceeding; and
202	<u>(e) any other relief the court determines just.</u>
203	(3) An action based upon a cause of action under this part shall be commenced within
204	one year after the date that an accused student, accused student organization, or alleged victim
205	<u>receives final notice of the outcome of the student or student organization disciplinary</u>
206	proceeding.
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209	(1) (a) Immunity from suit of each governmental entity is waived as to any contractual
210	obligation.
211	(b) Actions arising out of contractual rights or obligations are not subject to the

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212	Orequirements of Sections 63G-7-401, 63G-7-402, 63G-7-403, or 63G-7-601.
213	(c) The Division of Water Resources is not liable for failure to deliver water from a
214	reservoir or associated facility authorized by Title 73, Chapter 26, Bear River Development
215	Act, if the failure to deliver the contractual amount of water is due to drought, other natural
216	condition, or safety condition that causes a deficiency in the amount of available water.
217	(2) Immunity from suit of each governmental entity is waived:
218	(a) as to any action brought to recover, obtain possession of, or quiet title to real or
219	personal property;
220	(b) as to any action brought to foreclose mortgages or other liens on real or personal
221	property, to determine any adverse claim on real or personal property, or to obtain an
222	adjudication about any mortgage or other lien that the governmental entity may have or claim
223	on real or personal property;
224	(c) as to any action based on the negligent destruction, damage, or loss of goods,
225	merchandise, or other property while it is in the possession of any governmental entity or
226	employee, if the property was seized for the purpose of forfeiture under any provision of state
227	<del>law;</del>
228	(d) subject to Subsection 63G-7-302(1), as to any action brought under the authority of
229	Utah Constitution, Article I, Section 22, for the recovery of compensation from the
230	governmental entity when the governmental entity has taken or damaged private property for
231	public uses without just compensation;
232	(e) subject to Subsection 63G-7-302(2), as to any action brought to recover attorney
233	fees under Sections 63G-2-405 and 63G-2-802;
234	(f) for actual damages under Title 67, Chapter 21, Utah Protection of Public Employees
235	Act;
236	(g) as to any action brought to obtain relief from a land use regulation that imposes a
237	substantial burden on the free exercise of religion under Title 63L, Chapter 5, Utah Religious
238	Land Use Act;
239	(h) except as provided in Subsection 63G-7-201(3), as to any injury caused by:
240	(i) a defective, unsafe, or dangerous condition of any highway, road, street, alley,
241	crosswalk, sidewalk, culvert, tunnel, bridge, viaduct, or other structure located on them; or

242 (ii) any defective or dangerous condition of a public building, structure, dam, reservoir,

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- 243 **O**or other public improvement; [and]
- 244 (i) subject to Subsection 63G-7-201(4), as to any injury proximately caused by a
- 245 negligent act or omission of an employee committed within the scope of employment[.]; and
- 246 (j) as to any action brought to obtain relief under Title 53B, Chapter 26, Part 2, Student
- 247 <u>Legal Representation.</u>] ←Ĥ