

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

25

26	Section 1. Section 65A-3-2.5 is enacted to read:
27	65A-3-2.5. Wildland fire and unmanned aircraft.
28	(1) As used in this section:
29	(a) "Emergency" means a circumstance that presents an imminent threat to life,
30	property, or public health, safety, or welfare.
31	(b) "Incident commander" means the government official or employee in command of
32	the response to a wildland fire.
33	(c) "Sanctioned entity" includes a person that oversees, is employed by, or is working
34	under the direction of:
35	(i) a government entity;
36	(ii) a telecommunications provider;
37	(iii) a utility provider;
38	(iv) the owner or operator of a pipeline;
39	(v) an insurance provider;
40	(vi) a resource extraction entity;
41	(vii) news media; or
42	(viii) a person similar to a person described in Subsections (1)(c)(i) through (vii).
43	(d) "Unmanned aircraft" means an aircraft that is:
44	(i) capable of sustaining flight; and
45	(ii) operated with no possible direct human intervention from on or within the aircraft.
46	(e) "Unmanned aircraft system" means the entire system used to operate an unmanned
47	aircraft, including:
48	(i) the unmanned aircraft;
49	(ii) communications equipment;
50	(iii) navigation equipment;
51	(iv) controllers;
52	(v) support equipment; and
53	(vi) autopilot functionality.
54	(2) A person may not operate an unmanned aircraft system in a manner that causes an
55	unmanned aircraft to fly within three miles of an uncontrolled wildland fire, unless the person
56	operates the unmanned aircraft system with the permission of, and in accordance with the

02-04-16 8:52 AM

57	restrictions established by, the incident commander.
58	(3) A person, other than a government official or a government employee acting within
59	the person's capacity as a government official or government employee, that violates
60	Subsection (2) is guilty of:
61	(a) except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), (c), or (d), a class B misdemeanor, if the
62	person violates Subsection (2) recklessly;
63	(b) except as provided in Subsection (3)(c) or (d), a class A misdemeanor, if the
64	operation of the unmanned aircraft system causes an aircraft being used to contain or control a
65	wildland fire to:
66	(i) drop a payload of water or fire retardant in a location other than the location
67	originally designated for the aircraft to drop the payload; or
68	(ii) land without dropping a payload of water or fire retardant in the location originally
69	designated for the aircraft to drop the payload;
70	(c) except as provided in Subsection (3)(d), a third degree felony, if the operation of the
71	unmanned aircraft system causes the unmanned aircraft to come into direct physical contact
72	with a manned aircraft; or
73	(d) a second degree felony if the operation of the unmanned aircraft is the proximate
74	cause of a manned aircraft colliding with the ground, a structure, or another manned aircraft.
75	(4) The incident commander of a wildland fire shall grant reasonable access to the area
76	of, and within three miles of, the wildland fire to a sanctioned entity if:
77	(a) the access is for a purpose related to the responsibilities or business of the
78	sanctioned entity; and
79	(b) the access can be granted, with reasonable restrictions, without imposing a safety
80	risk or impairing efforts to control the wildland fire.