{deleted text} shows text that was in HB0144 but was deleted in HB0144S01. inserted text shows text that was not in HB0144 but was inserted into HB0144S01.

DISCLAIMER: This document is provided to assist you in your comparison of the two bills. Sometimes this automated comparison will NOT be completely accurate. Therefore, you need to read the actual bills. This automatically generated document could contain inaccuracies caused by: limitations of the compare program; bad input data; or other causes.

Representative Marc K. Roberts proposes the following substitute bill:

# FOOD FREEDOM ACT

2016 GENERAL SESSION

#### STATE OF UTAH

## Chief Sponsor: Marc K. Roberts

Senate Sponsor:

#### LONG TITLE

#### **General Description:**

This bill modifies Title 4, Utah Agricultural Code, by enacting the Food Freedom Act.

#### **Highlighted Provisions:**

This bill:

- defines terms;
- states that a producer is exempt from <u>certain</u> state, county, or city <del>{licensing,</del> permitting, certification, inspection, packaging, and labeling requirements for}<u>regulations regarding</u> the preparation, serving, use, consumption, or storage of certain food and food products that are:
  - produced and sold within the state;
  - sold directly to an informed end consumer; and
  - for home consumption;

- states that a producer is not required to eliminate the inherent risks of consumption of food that is not certified, licensed, regulated, or inspected by the state; and
- exempts most meat products from the Food Freedom Act.

### Money Appropriated in this Bill:

None

**Other Special Clauses:** 

None

#### **Utah Code Sections Affected:**

ENACTS:

4-5a-101, Utah Code Annotated 1953
4-5a-102, Utah Code Annotated 1953
4-5a-103, Utah Code Annotated 1953
4-5a-104, Utah Code Annotated 1953
4-5a-105, Utah Code Annotated 1953

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

Section 1. Section **4-5a-101** is enacted to read:

### CHAPTER 5a. FOOD FREEDOM ACT

4-5a-101. Title.

This chapter is known as the "Food Freedom Act."

Section 2. Section 4-5a-102 is enacted to read:

### 4-5a-102. Definitions.

(1) (a) "Commercial establishment" means a wholesale or retail business that displays, sells, manufactures, processes, packs, holds, or stores food, drugs, devices, or cosmetics.

(b) "Commercial establishment" does not include a:

(i) direct-to-sale location; or

(ii) farmers market.

{ (2) "Delivery" means the transfer of a product resulting from a transaction between a producer, or producer's agent, and an informed end consumer at a direct-to-sale location.

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sells a food or food product to an informed end consumer.

(<del>{4}</del><u>3</u>) "Farmers market" means a public or private facility or area where producers gather on a regular basis to sell fresh food, locally grown products, and other food items directly to a consumer.

(<del>(5)</del><u>4</u>) "Food product" means a substance that can be used, or prepared for use, as food.

(<del>{6}</del><u>5</u>) "Home consumption" means the use or ingestion of food or a food product within a private home by a family member, an employee, or a nonpaying guest.

(<del>{7}</del><u>6</u>) "Informed end consumer" means an individual who:

(a) is the last individual to purchase a product;

(b) does not resell the product; and

(c) has been informed that the product is not certified, licensed, regulated, or inspected by the state.

(<del>{8}</del>7) "Producer" means a person who harvests or produces food or a food product.

Section 3. Section **4-5a-103** is enacted to read:

### <u>4-5a-103.</u> Farmer-to-consumer direct sales -- Exempt from regulation.

(1) A producer is exempt from state, county, or city licensing, permitting, certification, inspection, packaging, and labeling requirements, except as described in Subsections (2) and (5), related to the preparation, serving, use, consumption, or storage of food and food products

<u>if</u>:

(a) complies with the requirements of this chapter; and

(b) the food or food product is:

 $(\frac{a}{i})$  produced and sold within the state;

((b) ii) sold directly to an informed end consumer; and

({c}iii) for home consumption.

(2) Food or food products, other than raw produce, sold under this section shall be

labeled with:

(a) the producer's name and address; and

(b) a disclosure statement indicating that the product is:

(i) not for resale; and

(ii) processed and prepared without state or local inspection.

(3) A producer selling food or food products under this section shall obtain a temporary or official food handler certificate before selling a food or food product to an informed end consumer.

 $(\frac{12}{4})$  Food and food products exempt under this chapter may not be sold to, or used by, a restaurant or commercial establishment.

(<del>{3}</del><u>5</u>) A producer selling food or food products exempt under this section shall, before purchase, state to the informed end consumer that the food or food product is not certified, licensed, regulated, or inspected by the state.

Section 4. Section **4-5a-104** is enacted to read:

4-5a-104. Limitations.

Nothing in this chapter:

(1) shall be construed to impede the Department of Health in an investigation of food borne illness;

(2) prohibits a state agency from providing assistance, consulting, or inspecting when requested by a producer;

(3) affects the registration of cottage food production operations as food

establishments; or

(4) affects the authority of the Department of Health or the Department of Agriculture and Food to certify, license, regulate, or inspect food or food products that are not exempt from certification, licensing, regulation, or inspection under this chapter.

Section 5. Section **4-5a-105** is enacted to read:

### 4-5a-105. Meat exempted.

<u>This chapter does not apply to any meat, wild game, wild fish, or poultry, except the</u> sale of poultry and poultry products consistent with this chapter  $\frac{1}{12}$ .

Legislative Review Note

Office of Legislative Research} and {General Counsel} federal code 9 C.F.R. 381.10.