

HB0188S01 compared with HB0188

~~deleted text~~ shows text that was in HB0188 but was deleted in HB0188S01.

inserted text shows text that was not in HB0188 but was inserted into HB0188S01.

DISCLAIMER: This document is provided to assist you in your comparison of the two bills. Sometimes this automated comparison will NOT be completely accurate. Therefore, you need to read the actual bills. This automatically generated document could contain inaccuracies caused by: limitations of the compare program; bad input data; or other causes.

Representative Angela Romero proposes the following substitute bill:

PAID FAMILY LEAVE

2016 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Angela Romero

Senate Sponsor: _____

LONG TITLE

General Description:

This bill enacts language related to parental leave.

Highlighted Provisions:

This bill:

- ▶ defines terms;
- ▶ requires an executive agency to provide an eligible employee paid parental leave upon the birth or adoption of the employee's child; and
- ▶ requires the Department of Human Resource Management to adopt rules to administer parental leave.

Money Appropriated in this Bill:

None

Other Special Clauses:

HB0188S01 compared with HB0188

None

Utah Code Sections Affected:

ENACTS:

67-19-14.7, Utah Code Annotated 1953

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

Section 1. Section 67-19-14.7 is enacted to read:

67-19-14.7. Parental leave -- Definitions -- Administration.

(1) As used in this section:

(a) "Eligible employee" means an employee who:

(i) has been employed:

(A) at least 12 consecutive months for the executive agency to whom leave is requested under this section; and

(B) for at least 1,250 hours of ~~service~~ work, excluding paid time off, with the executive agency during the previous 12-month period; and

(ii) is a qualified employee.

(b) "Executive agency" means:

(i) an executive branch:

(A) department;

(B) agency;

(C) board;

(D) commission;

(E) division; or

(F) office; or

(ii) a state institution of higher education as described in Section 53B-2-101.

(c) "Parental leave" means leave hours an executive agency provides to an eligible employee to be used upon the birth or adoption of the employee's child.

(d) (i) "Qualified employee" means an employee who is:

(A) in a position that is receiving retirement benefits under Title 49, Utah State Retirement and Insurance Benefit Act; and

(B) accruing paid leave benefits that can be used in the current and future calendar

HB0188S01 compared with HB0188

years.

(ii) "Qualified employee" does not include an employee who is reemployed as that term is defined in Section 49-11-102.

(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsections (2)(b) and (c), an executive agency shall allow an eligible employee to use up to 240 hours of paid parental leave based on a 40-hour work week for the birth or adoption of the eligible employee's child.

(b) Parental leave described in Subsection (2)(a) shall run concurrently with any leave authorized under the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993, 29 U.S.C. Sec. 2601 et seq.

(c) An executive agency shall allow an eligible employee who is part-time to use the amount of parental leave available to the eligible employee on a pro rata basis as adopted by rule by the department under Subsection (~~4~~9).

(d) The amount of parental leave authorized under Subsection (2)(a) does not increase if an eligible employee has multiple children born from the same pregnancy or adopts multiple children through an adoption process that intends to adopt or results in the adoption of more than one child in the same placement decision.

(e) An eligible employee may not take parental leave under this section intermittently, unless the eligible employee's child for whom the eligible employee uses the parental leave is hospitalized for more than five days during the eligible employee's parental leave time.

(f) An executive agency may not charge parental leave under this section against sick, annual, compensatory, or other leave.

~~{ (3) An executive agency may require an eligible employee to provide a written certification from the eligible employee's physician that states the expected duration of the eligible employee's need for parental leave.~~

~~†~~ ~~(~~4~~3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (~~4~~3)(b), an eligible employee shall give the executive agency notice at least 30 days before the day on which the eligible employee plans to:~~

(i) begin using parental leave under this section; and

(ii) stop using parental leave under this section.

(b) If circumstances beyond the eligible employee's control prevent the eligible employee from giving notice in accordance with Subsection (~~4~~3)(a), the eligible employee shall give each notice described in Subsection (~~4~~3)(a) as soon as reasonably practicable.

HB0188S01 compared with HB0188

(~~5~~4) For the time period during which an eligible employee uses parental leave under this section, the eligible employee may not provide services for compensation on a full-time basis outside the scope of the eligible employee's employment with the executive agency.

(~~6~~5) (a) An eligible employee's decision to use parental leave under this section may not adversely affect the eligible employee's employment with the executive agency.

(b) Following the expiration of an eligible employee's parental leave under this section, the executive agency shall ensure that the eligible employee may return to:

(i) the position that the eligible employee held before the eligible employee used the parental leave; or

(ii) a position within the executive agency that is equivalent to the position that the eligible employee held before the eligible employee used the parental leave, including equal in seniority, status, benefits, and pay.

(c) If during the time an eligible employee uses parental leave under this section, the executive agency experiences a reduction in force and, as part of the reduction in force, the eligible employee would have been separated had the eligible employee not been using the parental leave, the executive agency may separate the eligible employee in accordance with any applicable process or procedure as if the eligible employee were not using the parental leave.

(~~7~~6) During the time an eligible employee uses parental leave under this section, the eligible employee shall continue to receive all employment related benefits and payments at the same level that the eligible employee received immediately before beginning the parental leave, including:

(a) medical benefits;

(b) retirement related service credit and employer paid retirement contributions; and

(c) paid time off.

(~~8~~7) An executive agency may not:

(a) interfere with or otherwise restrain an eligible employee from using parental leave in accordance with this section; or

(b) take any adverse employment action against an eligible employee, including discharging, fining, suspending, expelling, or disciplining for using parental leave in accordance with this section.

(~~9~~8) Each executive agency shall provide each employee written information

HB0188S01 compared with HB0188

regarding an eligible employee's right to parental leave under this section.

~~(10)9~~ In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the department shall make rules for the use and administration of parental leave under this section, including a schedule that provides paid parental leave for an eligible employee who is part-time on a pro rata basis.

†

~~Legislative Review Note~~

~~Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel~~