1	REMOTE TRANSACTIONS PARITY ACT
2	2016 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Mike K. McKell
5	Senate Sponsor:
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill amends provisions related to sales and use taxes.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	<ul><li>defines terms;</li></ul>
13	<ul> <li>addresses the state sales and use tax rates;</li> </ul>
14	<ul> <li>addresses the circumstances under which a person may be required to collect and</li> </ul>
15	remit sales and use taxes to the State Tax Commission;
16	<ul> <li>provides for certain collections being deposited into a restricted account;</li> </ul>
17	<ul> <li>makes technical and conforming changes; and</li> </ul>
18	<ul> <li>contains a severability clause.</li> </ul>
19	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
20	None
21	Other Special Clauses:
22	This bill provides a special effective date.
23	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
24	AMENDS:
25	59-1-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 369
26	59-12-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 283
27	59-12-103.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 150



59-12-103.2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 150
59-12-107, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapters 178, 312, and 399
59-12-108, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 50
59-12-211, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 312
59-12-211.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 312
76-8-1101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 52
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section <b>59-1-401</b> is amended to read:
59-1-401. Definitions Offenses and penalties Rulemaking authority Statute
of limitations Commission authority to waive, reduce, or compromise penalty or
interest.
(1) As used in this section:
[(a) "Activated tax, fee, or charge" means a tax, fee, or charge with respect to which the
commission:]
[(i) has implemented the commission's GenTax system; and]
[(ii) at least 30 days before implementing the commission's GenTax system as
described in Subsection (1)(a)(i), has provided notice in a conspicuous place on the
commission's website stating:]
[(A) the date the commission will implement the GenTax system with respect to the
tax, fee, or charge; and]
[(B) that, at the time the commission implements the GenTax system with respect to
the tax, fee, or charge:]
[(I) a person that files a return after the due date as described in Subsection (2)(a) is
subject to the penalty described in Subsection (2)(c)(ii); and]
[(II) a person that fails to pay the tax, fee, or charge as described in Subsection (3)(a) is
subject to the penalty described in Subsection (3)(b)(ii).]
[(b) "Activation date for a tax, fee, or charge" means with respect to a tax, fee, or
charge, the later of:]
[(i) the date on which the commission implements the commission's GenTax system
with respect to the tax, fee, or charge; or

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              [(ii) 30 days after the date the commission provides the notice described in Subsection
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      (1)(a)(ii) with respect to the tax, fee, or charge.]
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              [<del>(c) (i)</del>] (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)[<del>(c)(ii)</del>](b), "tax, fee, or charge"
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      means:
              [(A)] (i) a tax, fee, or charge the commission administers under:
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              [H] (A) this title;
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              [H) (B) Title 10, Chapter 1, Part 3, Municipal Energy Sales and Use Tax Act;
              [(HH)] (C) Title 10, Chapter 1, Part 4, Municipal Telecommunications License Tax Act:
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              [(IV)] (D) Section 19-6-410.5;
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              [(V)] (E) Section 19-6-714;
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              [<del>(VI)</del>] (F) Section 19-6-805;
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              [<del>(VII)</del>] (G) Section 32B-2-304;
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              [<del>(VIII)</del>] (H) Section 34A-2-202;
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              [(IX)] (I) Section 40-6-14;
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              [(X)] (J) Section 69-2-5;
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              [(XI)] (K) Section 69-2-5.5; or
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              [(XII)] (L) Section 69-2-5.6; or
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              [<del>(B)</del>] (ii) another amount that by statute is subject to a penalty imposed under this
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      section.
              [(ii)] (b) "Tax, fee, or charge" does not include a tax, fee, or charge imposed under:
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              [(A)] (i) Title 41, Chapter 1a, Motor Vehicle Act, except for Section 41-1a-301;
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              [(B)] (ii) Title 41, Chapter 3, Motor Vehicle Business Regulation Act;
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              [<del>(C)</del>] (iii) Chapter 2, Property Tax Act, except for Section 59-2-1309;
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              [(D)] (iv) Chapter 3, Tax Equivalent Property Act; or
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              [(E)] (v) Chapter 4, Privilege Tax.
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              [(d) "Unactivated tax, fee, or charge" means a tax, fee, or charge except for an
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      activated tax, fee, or charge.]
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              (2) (a) The due date for filing a return is:
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              (i) if the person filing the return is not allowed by law an extension of time for filing
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      the return, the day on which the return is due as provided by law; or
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              (ii) if the person filing the return is allowed by law an extension of time for filing the
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90	return, the earner of:
91	(A) the date the person files the return; or
92	(B) the last day of that extension of time as allowed by law.
93	(b) A penalty in the amount described in Subsection (2)(c) is imposed if a person files a
94	return after the due date described in Subsection (2)(a).
95	(c) For purposes of Subsection (2)(b), the penalty is an amount equal to the greater of:
96	[(i) if the return described in Subsection (2)(b) is filed with respect to an unactivated
97	tax, fee, or charge:
98	[ <del>(A) \$20; or</del> ]
99	[(B) 10% of the unpaid unactivated tax, fee, or charge due on the return; or]
100	[(ii) if the return described in Subsection (2)(b) is filed with respect to an activated tax,
101	fee, or charge, beginning on the activation date for the tax, fee, or charge:]
102	[ <del>(A)</del> ] <u>(i)</u> \$20; or
103	[(B) (I)] (ii) (A) 2% of the unpaid [activated] tax, fee, or charge due on the return if the
104	return is filed no later than five days after the due date described in Subsection (2)(a);
105	[(H)] (B) 5% of the unpaid [activated] tax, fee, or charge due on the return if the return
106	is filed more than five days after the due date but no later than 15 days after the due date
107	described in Subsection (2)(a); or
108	[(III)] (C) 10% of the unpaid [activated] tax, fee, or charge due on the return if the
109	return is filed more than 15 days after the due date described in Subsection (2)(a).
110	(d) This Subsection (2) does not apply to:
111	(i) an amended return; or
112	(ii) a return with no tax due.
113	(3) (a) A person is subject to a penalty for failure to pay a tax, fee, or charge if:
114	(i) the person files a return on or before the due date for filing a return described in
115	Subsection (2)(a), but fails to pay the tax, fee, or charge due on the return on or before that due
116	date;
117	(ii) the person:
118	(A) is subject to a penalty under Subsection (2)(b); and
119	(B) fails to pay the tax, fee, or charge due on a return within a 90-day period after the
120	due date for filing a return described in Subsection (2)(a);

121	(iii) (A) the person is subject to a penalty under Subsection (2)(b); and
122	(B) the commission estimates an amount of tax due for that person in accordance with
123	Subsection 59-1-1406(2);
124	(iv) the person:
125	(A) is mailed a notice of deficiency; and
126	(B) within a 30-day period after the day on which the notice of deficiency described in
127	Subsection (3)(a)(iv)(A) is mailed:
128	(I) does not file a petition for redetermination or a request for agency action; and
129	(II) fails to pay the tax, fee, or charge due on a return;
130	(v) (A) the commission:
131	(I) issues an order constituting final agency action resulting from a timely filed petition
132	for redetermination or a timely filed request for agency action; or
133	(II) is considered to have denied a request for reconsideration under Subsection
134	63G-4-302(3)(b) resulting from a timely filed petition for redetermination or a timely filed
135	request for agency action; and
136	(B) the person fails to pay the tax, fee, or charge due on a return within a 30-day period
137	after the date the commission:
138	(I) issues the order constituting final agency action described in Subsection
139	(3)(a)(v)(A)(I); or
140	(II) is considered to have denied the request for reconsideration described in
141	Subsection $(3)(a)(v)(A)(II)$ ; or
142	(vi) the person fails to pay the tax, fee, or charge within a 30-day period after the date
143	of a final judicial decision resulting from a timely filed petition for judicial review.
144	(b) For purposes of Subsection (3)(a), the penalty is an amount equal to the greater of:
145	[(i) if the failure to pay a tax, fee, or charge as described in Subsection (3)(a) is with
146	respect to an unactivated tax, fee, or charge:
147	[ <del>(A) \$20; or</del> ]
148	[(B) 10% of the unpaid unactivated tax, fee, or charge due on the return; or]
149	[(ii) if the failure to pay a tax, fee, or charge as described in Subsection (3)(a) is with
150	respect to an activated tax, fee, or charge, beginning on the activation date:]
151	[(A)] (i) \$20; or

[(B) (I)] (ii) (A) 2% of the unpaid [activated] tax, fee, or charge due on the return if the activated tax, fee, or charge due on the return is paid no later than five days after the due date for filing a return described in Subsection (2)(a);

- [(H)] (B) 5% of the unpaid [activated] tax, fee, or charge due on the return if the activated tax, fee, or charge due on the return is paid more than five days after the due date for filing a return described in Subsection (2)(a) but no later than 15 days after that due date; or
- [(HH)] (C) 10% of the unpaid [activated] tax, fee, or charge due on the return if the activated tax, fee, or charge due on the return is paid more than 15 days after the due date for filing a return described in Subsection (2)(a).
- (4) (a) Beginning January 1, 1995, in the case of any underpayment of estimated tax or quarterly installments required by Sections 59-5-107, 59-5-207, 59-7-504, and 59-9-104, there shall be added a penalty in an amount determined by applying the interest rate provided under Section 59-1-402 plus four percentage points to the amount of the underpayment for the period of the underpayment.
- (b) (i) For purposes of Subsection (4)(a), the amount of the underpayment shall be the excess of the required installment over the amount, if any, of the installment paid on or before the due date for the installment.
- (ii) The period of the underpayment shall run from the due date for the installment to whichever of the following dates is the earlier:
  - (A) the original due date of the tax return, without extensions, for the taxable year; or
- (B) with respect to any portion of the underpayment, the date on which that portion is paid.
- (iii) For purposes of this Subsection (4), a payment of estimated tax shall be credited against unpaid required installments in the order in which the installments are required to be paid.
- (5) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (2) and except as provided in Subsection (6), a person allowed by law an extension of time for filing a corporate franchise or income tax return under Chapter 7, Corporate Franchise and Income Taxes, or an individual income tax return under Chapter 10, Individual Income Tax Act, is subject to a penalty in the amount described in Subsection (5)(b) if, on or before the day on which the return is due as provided by law, not including the extension of time, the person fails to pay:

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- 183 (i) for a person filing a corporate franchise or income tax return under Chapter 7, 184 Corporate Franchise and Income Taxes, the payment required by Subsection 59-7-507(1)(b); or 185 (ii) for a person filing an individual income tax return under Chapter 10, Individual 186 Income Tax Act, the payment required by Subsection 59-10-516(2). 187 (b) For purposes of Subsection (5)(a), the penalty per month during the period of the 188 extension of time for filing the return is an amount equal to 2% of the tax due on the return, 189 unpaid as of the day on which the return is due as provided by law. 190 (6) If a person does not file a return within an extension of time allowed by Section 191 59-7-505 or 59-10-516, the person: 192 (a) is not subject to a penalty in the amount described in Subsection (5)(b); and 193 (b) is subject to a penalty in an amount equal to the sum of: 194 (i) a late file penalty in an amount equal to the greater of: 195 (A) \$20: or 196 (B) 10% of the tax due on the return, unpaid as of the day on which the return is due as 197 provided by law, not including the extension of time; and 198 (ii) a late pay penalty in an amount equal to the greater of: 199 (A) \$20; or 200 (B) 10% of the unpaid tax due on the return, unpaid as of the day on which the return is 201 due as provided by law, not including the extension of time. 202 (7) (a) Additional penalties for an underpayment of a tax, fee, or charge are as provided 203 in this Subsection (7)(a). 204 (i) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(c), if any portion of an underpayment of a tax, 205 fee, or charge is due to negligence, the penalty is 10% of the portion of the underpayment that 206 is due to negligence.
  - (ii) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(d), if any portion of an underpayment of a tax, fee, or charge is due to intentional disregard of law or rule, the penalty is 15% of the entire underpayment.
  - (iii) If any portion of an underpayment is due to an intent to evade a tax, fee, or charge, the penalty is the greater of \$500 per period or 50% of the entire underpayment.
  - (iv) If any portion of an underpayment is due to fraud with intent to evade a tax, fee, or charge, the penalty is the greater of \$500 per period or 100% of the entire underpayment.

214	(b) If the commission determines that a person is liable for a penalty imposed under
215	Subsection (7)(a)(ii), (iii), or (iv), the commission shall notify the person of the proposed
216	penalty.
217	(i) The notice of proposed penalty shall:
218	(A) set forth the basis of the assessment; and
219	(B) be mailed by certified mail, postage prepaid, to the person's last-known address.
220	(ii) Upon receipt of the notice of proposed penalty, the person against whom the
221	penalty is proposed may:
222	(A) pay the amount of the proposed penalty at the place and time stated in the notice;
223	or
224	(B) proceed in accordance with the review procedures of Subsection (7)(b)(iii).
225	(iii) A person against whom a penalty is proposed in accordance with this Subsection
226	(7) may contest the proposed penalty by filing a petition for an adjudicative proceeding with
227	the commission.
228	(iv) (A) If the commission determines that a person is liable for a penalty under this
229	Subsection (7), the commission shall assess the penalty and give notice and demand for
230	payment.
231	(B) The commission shall mail the notice and demand for payment described in
232	Subsection $(7)(b)(iv)(A)$ :
233	(I) to the person's last-known address; and
234	(II) in accordance with Section 59-1-1404.
235	(c) A seller that voluntarily collects a tax under Subsection 59-12-107(2)[(d)](e)(i) is
236	not subject to the penalty under Subsection (7)(a)(i) if on or after July 1, 2001:
237	(i) a court of competent jurisdiction issues a final, unappealable judgment or order
238	determining that:
239	(A) the seller meets one or more of the criteria described in Subsection 59-12-107(2)(a)
240	or is a seller required to pay or collect and remit sales and use taxes under Subsection
241	59-12-107(2)(b) <u>or (d);</u> and
242	(B) the commission or a county, city, or town may require the seller to collect a tax
243	under Subsections 59-12-103(2)(a) through (d); or
244	(ii) the commission issues a final, unappealable administrative order determining that:

245	(A) the seller meets one or more of the criteria described in Subsection 59-12-107(2)(a)
246	or is a seller required to pay or collect and remit sales and use taxes under Subsection
247	59-12-107(2)(b) <u>or (d);</u> and
248	(B) the commission or a county, city, or town may require the seller to collect a tax
249	under Subsections 59-12-103(2)(a) through (d).
250	(d) A seller that voluntarily collects a tax under Subsection 59-12-107(2)[(d)](e)(i) is
251	not subject to the penalty under Subsection (7)(a)(ii) if:
252	(i) (A) a court of competent jurisdiction issues a final, unappealable judgment or order
253	determining that:
254	(I) the seller meets one or more of the criteria described in Subsection 59-12-107(2)(a)
255	or is a seller required to pay or collect and remit sales and use taxes under Subsection
256	59-12-107(2)(b) <u>or (d)</u> ; and
257	(II) the commission or a county, city, or town may require the seller to collect a tax
258	under Subsections 59-12-103(2)(a) through (d); or
259	(B) the commission issues a final, unappealable administrative order determining that:
260	(I) the seller meets one or more of the criteria described in Subsection 59-12-107(2)(a)
261	or is a seller required to pay or collect and remit sales and use taxes under Subsection
262	59-12-107(2)(b) <u>or (d)</u> ; and
263	(II) the commission or a county, city, or town may require the seller to collect a tax
264	under Subsections 59-12-103(2)(a) through (d); and
265	(ii) the seller's intentional disregard of law or rule is warranted by existing law or by a
266	nonfrivolous argument for the extension, modification, or reversal of existing law or the
267	establishment of new law.
268	(8) (a) Subject to Subsections (8)(b) and (c), the penalty for failure to file an
269	information return, information report, or a complete supporting schedule is \$50 for each
270	information return, information report, or supporting schedule up to a maximum of \$1,000.
271	(b) If an employer is subject to a penalty under Subsection (13), the employer may not
272	be subject to a penalty under Subsection (8)(a).
273	(c) If an employer is subject to a penalty under this Subsection (8) for failure to file a
274	return in accordance with Subsection 59-10-406(3) on or before the due date described in
275	Subsection 59-10-406(3)(b)(ii), the commission may not impose a penalty under this

276 Subsection (8) unless the return is filed more than 14 days after the due date described in 277 Subsection 59-10-406(3)(b)(ii). (9) If a person, in furtherance of a frivolous position, has a prima facie intent to delay 278 279 or impede administration of a law relating to a tax, fee, or charge and files a purported return 280 that fails to contain information from which the correctness of reported tax, fee, or charge 281 liability can be determined or that clearly indicates that the tax, fee, or charge liability shown is 282 substantially incorrect, the penalty is \$500. 283 (10) (a) A seller that fails to remit a tax, fee, or charge monthly as required by 284 Subsection 59-12-108(1)(a): (i) is subject to a penalty described in Subsection (2); and 285 286 (ii) may not retain the percentage of sales and use taxes that would otherwise be 287 allowable under Subsection 59-12-108(2). 288 (b) A seller that fails to remit a tax, fee, or charge by electronic funds transfer as required by Subsection 59-12-108(1)(a)(ii)(B): 289 290 (i) is subject to a penalty described in Subsection (2); and 291 (ii) may not retain the percentage of sales and use taxes that would otherwise be 292 allowable under Subsection 59-12-108(2). 293 (11) (a) A person is subject to the penalty provided in Subsection (11)(c) if that person: 294 (i) commits an act described in Subsection (11)(b) with respect to one or more of the 295 following documents: 296 (A) a return; 297 (B) an affidavit; 298 (C) a claim; or 299 (D) a document similar to Subsections (11)(a)(i)(A) through (C): 300 (ii) knows or has reason to believe that the document described in Subsection (11)(a)(i) 301 will be used in connection with any material matter administered by the commission; and 302 (iii) knows that the document described in Subsection (11)(a)(i), if used in connection

with any material matter administered by the commission, would result in an understatement of

(i) preparing any portion of a document described in Subsection (11)(a)(i);

another person's liability for a tax, fee, or charge.

(b) The following acts apply to Subsection (11)(a)(i):

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307	(ii) presenting any portion of a document described in Subsection (11)(a)(i);
308	(iii) procuring any portion of a document described in Subsection (11)(a)(i);
309	(iv) advising in the preparation or presentation of any portion of a document described
310	in Subsection (11)(a)(i);
311	(v) aiding in the preparation or presentation of any portion of a document described in
312	Subsection (11)(a)(i);
313	(vi) assisting in the preparation or presentation of any portion of a document described
314	in Subsection (11)(a)(i); or
315	(vii) counseling in the preparation or presentation of any portion of a document
316	described in Subsection (11)(a)(i).
317	(c) For purposes of Subsection (11)(a), the penalty:
318	(i) shall be imposed by the commission;
319	(ii) is \$500 for each document described in Subsection (11)(a)(i) with respect to which
320	the person described in Subsection (11)(a) meets the requirements of Subsection (11)(a); and
321	(iii) is in addition to any other penalty provided by law.
322	(d) The commission may seek a court order to enjoin a person from engaging in
323	conduct that is subject to a penalty under this Subsection (11).
324	(e) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
325	commission may make rules prescribing the documents that are similar to Subsections
326	(11)(a)(i)(A) through $(C)$ .
327	(12) (a) As provided in Section 76-8-1101, criminal offenses and penalties are as
328	provided in Subsections (12)(b) through (e).
329	(b) (i) A person [who] is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if the person:
330	(A) is required by this title or any laws the commission administers or regulates to
331	register with or obtain a license or permit from the commission[, who]; and
332	(B) operates without having registered or secured a license or permit[7] or [who]
333	operates when the registration, license, or permit is expired or not current[ <del>, is guilty of a class</del>
334	B misdemeanor].
335	(ii) Notwithstanding Section 76-3-301, for purposes of Subsection (12)(b)(i), the
336	penalty may not:
337	(A) be less than \$500; or

338	(B) exceed \$1,000.
339	(c) (i) With respect to a tax, fee, or charge, a person [who] is guilty of a third degree
340	felony if the person:
341	(A) knowingly and intentionally, and without a reasonable good faith basis, fails to
342	make, render, sign, or verify a return within the time required by law or to supply information
343	within the time required by law[, or who];
344	(B) makes, renders, signs, or verifies a false or fraudulent return or statement[5]; or
345	[ <del>who</del> ]
346	(C) supplies false or fraudulent information[, is guilty of a third degree felony].
347	(ii) Notwithstanding Section 76-3-301, for purposes of Subsection (12)(c)(i), the
348	penalty may not:
349	(A) be less than \$1,000; or
350	(B) exceed \$5,000.
351	(d) (i) A person who intentionally or willfully attempts to evade or defeat a tax, fee, o
352	charge or the payment of a tax, fee, or charge is, in addition to other penalties provided by law
353	guilty of a second degree felony.
354	(ii) Notwithstanding Section 76-3-301, for purposes of Subsection (12)(d)(i), the
355	penalty may not:
356	(A) be less than \$1,500; or
357	(B) exceed \$25,000.
358	(e) (i) A person is guilty of a second degree felony if that person commits an act:
359	(A) described in Subsection (12)(e)(ii) with respect to one or more of the following
360	documents:
361	(I) a return;
362	(II) an affidavit;
363	(III) a claim; or
364	(IV) a document similar to Subsections (12)(e)(i)(A)(I) through (III); and
365	(B) subject to Subsection (12)(e)(iii), with knowledge that the document described in
366	Subsection $(12)(e)(i)(A)$ :
367	(I) is false or fraudulent as to any material matter; and
368	(II) could be used in connection with any material matter administered by the

369	commission.
370	(ii) The following acts apply to Subsection (12)(e)(i):
371	(A) preparing any portion of a document described in Subsection (12)(e)(i)(A);
372	(B) presenting any portion of a document described in Subsection (12)(e)(i)(A);
373	(C) procuring any portion of a document described in Subsection (12)(e)(i)(A);
374	(D) advising in the preparation or presentation of any portion of a document described
375	in Subsection (12)(e)(i)(A);
376	(E) aiding in the preparation or presentation of any portion of a document described in
377	Subsection (12)(e)(i)(A);
378	(F) assisting in the preparation or presentation of any portion of a document described
379	in Subsection (12)(e)(i)(A); or
380	(G) counseling in the preparation or presentation of any portion of a document
381	described in Subsection (12)(e)(i)(A).
382	(iii) This Subsection (12)(e) applies:
383	(A) regardless of whether the person for which the document described in Subsection
384	(12)(e)(i)(A) is prepared or presented:
385	(I) knew of the falsity of the document described in Subsection (12)(e)(i)(A); or
386	(II) consented to the falsity of the document described in Subsection (12)(e)(i)(A); and
387	(B) in addition to any other penalty provided by law.
388	(iv) Notwithstanding Section 76-3-301, for purposes of this Subsection (12)(e), the
389	penalty may not:
390	(A) be less than \$1,500; or
391	(B) exceed \$25,000.
392	(v) The commission may seek a court order to enjoin a person from engaging in
393	conduct that is subject to a penalty under this Subsection (12)(e).
394	(vi) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
395	the commission may make rules prescribing the documents that are similar to Subsections
396	(12)(e)(i)(A)(I) through (III).
397	(f) The statute of limitations for prosecution for a violation of this Subsection (12) is
398	the later of six years:
399	(i) from the date the tax should have been remitted; or

400	(ii) after the day on which the person commits the criminal offense.
401	(13) (a) Subject to Subsection (13)(b), an employer that is required to file a form with
402	the commission in accordance with Subsection 59-10-406(8) is subject to a penalty described
403	in Subsection (13)(b) if the employer:
404	(i) fails to file the form with the commission in an electronic format approved by the
405	commission as required by Subsection 59-10-406(8);
406	(ii) fails to file the form on or before the due date provided in Subsection 59-10-406(8)
407	(iii) fails to provide accurate information on the form; or
408	(iv) fails to provide all of the information required by the Internal Revenue Service to
409	be contained on the form.
410	(b) For purposes of Subsection (13)(a), the penalty is:
411	(i) \$30 per form, not to exceed \$75,000 in a calendar year, if the employer files the
412	form in accordance with Subsection 59-10-406(8), more than 14 days after the due date
413	provided in Subsection 59-10-406(8) but no later than 30 days after the due date provided in
414	Subsection 59-10-406(8);
415	(ii) \$60 per form, not to exceed \$200,000 in a calendar year, if the employer files the
416	form in accordance with Subsection 59-10-406(8), more than 30 days after the due date
417	provided in Subsection 59-10-406(8) but on or before June 1; or
418	(iii) \$100 per form, not to exceed \$500,000 in a calendar year, if the employer:
419	(A) files the form in accordance with Subsection 59-10-406(8) after June 1; or
420	(B) fails to file the form.
421	(14) Upon making a record of its actions, and upon reasonable cause shown, the
422	commission may waive, reduce, or compromise any of the penalties or interest imposed under
423	this part.
424	Section 2. Section <b>59-12-103</b> is amended to read:
425	59-12-103. Sales and use tax base Rates Effective dates Use of sales and use
426	tax revenues.
427	(1) A tax is imposed on the purchaser as provided in this part for amounts paid or
428	charged for the following transactions:
429	(a) retail sales of tangible personal property made within the state;
430	(b) amounts paid for:

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431	(i) telecommunications service, other than mobile telecommunications service, that
432	originates and terminates within the boundaries of this state;
433	(ii) mobile telecommunications service that originates and terminates within the
434	boundaries of one state only to the extent permitted by the Mobile Telecommunications
435	Sourcing Act, 4 U.S.C. Sec. 116 et seq.; or
436	(iii) an ancillary service associated with a:
437	(A) telecommunications service described in Subsection (1)(b)(i); or
438	(B) mobile telecommunications service described in Subsection (1)(b)(ii);
439	(c) sales of the following for commercial use:
440	(i) gas;
441	(ii) electricity;
442	(iii) heat;
443	(iv) coal;
444	(v) fuel oil; or
445	(vi) other fuels;
446	(d) sales of the following for residential use:
447	(i) gas;
448	(ii) electricity;
449	(iii) heat;
450	(iv) coal;
451	(v) fuel oil; or
452	(vi) other fuels;
453	(e) sales of prepared food;
454	(f) except as provided in Section 59-12-104, amounts paid or charged as admission or
455	user fees for theaters, movies, operas, museums, planetariums, shows of any type or nature,
456	exhibitions, concerts, carnivals, amusement parks, amusement rides, circuses, menageries,
457	fairs, races, contests, sporting events, dances, boxing matches, wrestling matches, closed circuit
458	television broadcasts, billiard parlors, pool parlors, bowling lanes, golf, miniature golf, golf
459	driving ranges, batting cages, skating rinks, ski lifts, ski runs, ski trails, snowmobile trails,
460	tennis courts, swimming pools, water slides, river runs, jeep tours, boat tours, scenic cruises,
461	horseback rides, sports activities, or any other amusement, entertainment, recreation.

402	exhibition, cultural, or atmetic activity,
463	(g) amounts paid or charged for services for repairs or renovations of tangible persona
464	property, unless Section 59-12-104 provides for an exemption from sales and use tax for:
465	(i) the tangible personal property; and
466	(ii) parts used in the repairs or renovations of the tangible personal property described
467	in Subsection (1)(g)(i), regardless of whether:
468	(A) any parts are actually used in the repairs or renovations of that tangible personal
469	property; or
470	(B) the particular parts used in the repairs or renovations of that tangible personal
471	property are exempt from a tax under this chapter;
472	(h) except as provided in Subsection 59-12-104(7), amounts paid or charged for
473	assisted cleaning or washing of tangible personal property;
474	(i) amounts paid or charged for tourist home, hotel, motel, or trailer court
475	accommodations and services that are regularly rented for less than 30 consecutive days;
476	(j) amounts paid or charged for laundry or dry cleaning services;
477	(k) amounts paid or charged for leases or rentals of tangible personal property if within
478	this state the tangible personal property is:
479	(i) stored;
480	(ii) used; or
481	(iii) otherwise consumed;
482	(l) amounts paid or charged for tangible personal property if within this state the
483	tangible personal property is:
484	(i) stored;
485	(ii) used; or
486	(iii) consumed; and
487	(m) amounts paid or charged for a sale:
488	(i) (A) of a product transferred electronically; or
489	(B) of a repair or renovation of a product transferred electronically; and
490	(ii) regardless of whether the sale provides:
491	(A) a right of permanent use of the product; or
492	(B) a right to use the product that is less than a permanent use, including a right:

493	(1) for a definite or specified length of time; and
494	(II) that terminates upon the occurrence of a condition.
495	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsections (2)(b) through (e), a state tax and a local tax
496	is imposed on a transaction described in Subsection (1) equal to the sum of:
497	(i) a state tax imposed on the transaction at a tax rate equal to the sum of:
498	(A) <u>(I)</u> 4.70%; [and]
499	(II) 4.60% beginning the January 1 immediately following the day on which the state
500	collects at least \$50,000,000 in a calendar year but less than \$100,000,000 of qualified state
501	revenue collected from remote sellers, as defined in Section 59-12-103.2;
502	(III) 4.50% beginning the January 1 immediately following the day on which the state
503	collects at least \$100,000,000 in a calendar year but less than \$150,000,000 of qualified state
504	revenue collected from remote sellers, as defined in Section 59-12-103.2;
505	(IV) 4.39% beginning the January 1 immediately following the day on which the state
506	collects at least \$150,000,000 in a calendar year but less than \$200,000,000 of qualified state
507	revenue collected from remote sellers, as defined in Section 59-12-103.2; or
508	(V) 4.29% beginning the January 1 immediately following the day on which the state
509	collects at least \$200,000,000 in a calendar year of qualified state revenue collected from
510	remote sellers, as defined in Section 59-12-103.2; and
511	(B) (I) the tax rate the state imposes in accordance with Part 18, Additional State Sales
512	and Use Tax Act, if the location of the transaction as determined under Sections 59-12-211
513	through 59-12-215 is in a county in which the state imposes the tax under Part 18, Additional
514	State Sales and Use Tax Act; and
515	(II) the tax rate the state imposes in accordance with Part 20, Supplemental State Sales
516	and Use Tax Act, if the location of the transaction as determined under Sections 59-12-211
517	through 59-12-215 is in a city, town, or the unincorporated area of a county in which the state
518	imposes the tax under Part 20, Supplemental State Sales and Use Tax Act; and
519	(ii) a local tax equal to the sum of the tax rates a county, city, or town imposes on the
520	transaction under this chapter other than this part.
521	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(d) or (e), a state tax and a local tax is imposed
522	on a transaction described in Subsection (1)(d) equal to the sum of:
523	(i) a state tax imposed on the transaction at a tax rate of 2%; and

524 (ii) a local tax equal to the sum of the tax rates a county, city, or town imposes on the 525 transaction under this chapter other than this part. 526 (c) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(d) or (e), a state tax and a local tax is imposed 527 on amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients equal to the sum of: 528 (i) a state tax imposed on the amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients at 529 a tax rate of 1.75%; and 530 (ii) a local tax equal to the sum of the tax rates a county, city, or town imposes on the 531 amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients under this chapter other than this part. 532 (d) (i) For a bundled transaction that is attributable to food and food ingredients and 533 tangible personal property other than food and food ingredients, a state tax and a local tax is 534 imposed on the entire bundled transaction equal to the sum of: 535 (A) a state tax imposed on the entire bundled transaction equal to the sum of: 536 (I) the tax rate described in Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A); and 537 (II) (Aa) the tax rate the state imposes in accordance with Part 18, Additional State 538 Sales and Use Tax Act, if the location of the transaction as determined under Sections 539 59-12-211 through 59-12-215 is in a county in which the state imposes the tax under Part 18, 540 Additional State Sales and Use Tax Act; and 541 (Bb) the tax rate the state imposes in accordance with Part 20. Supplemental State 542 Sales and Use Tax Act, if the location of the transaction as determined under Sections 543 59-12-211 through 59-12-215 is in a city, town, or the unincorporated area of a county in which 544 the state imposes the tax under Part 20, Supplemental State Sales and Use Tax Act; and 545 (B) a local tax imposed on the entire bundled transaction at the sum of the tax rates 546 described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii). 547 (ii) If an optional computer software maintenance contract is a bundled transaction that 548 consists of taxable and nontaxable products that are not separately itemized on an invoice or 549 similar billing document, the purchase of the optional computer software maintenance contract 550 is 40% taxable under this chapter and 60% nontaxable under this chapter. 551

(iii) Subject to Subsection (2)(d)(iv), for a bundled transaction other than a bundled transaction described in Subsection (2)(d)(i) or (ii):

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(A) if the sales price of the bundled transaction is attributable to tangible personal property, a product, or a service that is subject to taxation under this chapter and tangible

personal property, a product, or service that is not subject to taxation under this chapter, the entire bundled transaction is subject to taxation under this chapter unless:

- (I) the seller is able to identify by reasonable and verifiable standards the tangible personal property, product, or service that is not subject to taxation under this chapter from the books and records the seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business; or
  - (II) state or federal law provides otherwise; or
- (B) if the sales price of a bundled transaction is attributable to two or more items of tangible personal property, products, or services that are subject to taxation under this chapter at different rates, the entire bundled transaction is subject to taxation under this chapter at the higher tax rate unless:
- (I) the seller is able to identify by reasonable and verifiable standards the tangible personal property, product, or service that is subject to taxation under this chapter at the lower tax rate from the books and records the seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business; or
  - (II) state or federal law provides otherwise.
- (iv) For purposes of Subsection (2)(d)(iii), books and records that a seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business includes books and records the seller keeps in the regular course of business for nontax purposes.
- (e) (i) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter and subject to Subsections (2)(e)(ii) and (iii), if a transaction consists of the sale, lease, or rental of tangible personal property, a product, or a service that is subject to taxation under this chapter, and the sale, lease, or rental of tangible personal property, other property, a product, or a service that is not subject to taxation under this chapter, the entire transaction is subject to taxation under this chapter unless the seller, at the time of the transaction:
- (A) separately states the portion of the transaction that is not subject to taxation under this chapter on an invoice, bill of sale, or similar document provided to the purchaser; or
- (B) is able to identify by reasonable and verifiable standards, from the books and records the seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business, the portion of the transaction that is not subject to taxation under this chapter.
  - (ii) A purchaser and a seller may correct the taxability of a transaction if:
- (A) after the transaction occurs, the purchaser and the seller discover that the portion of the transaction that is not subject to taxation under this chapter was not separately stated on an

invoice, bill of sale, or similar document provided to the purchaser because of an error or ignorance of the law; and

- (B) the seller is able to identify by reasonable and verifiable standards, from the books and records the seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business, the portion of the transaction that is not subject to taxation under this chapter.
- (iii) For purposes of Subsections (2)(e)(i) and (ii), books and records that a seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business includes books and records the seller keeps in the regular course of business for nontax purposes.
- (f) (i) If the sales price of a transaction is attributable to two or more items of tangible personal property, products, or services that are subject to taxation under this chapter at different rates, the entire purchase is subject to taxation under this chapter at the higher tax rate unless the seller, at the time of the transaction:
- (A) separately states the items subject to taxation under this chapter at each of the different rates on an invoice, bill of sale, or similar document provided to the purchaser; or
- (B) is able to identify by reasonable and verifiable standards the tangible personal property, product, or service that is subject to taxation under this chapter at the lower tax rate from the books and records the seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business.
- (ii) For purposes of Subsection (2)(f)(i), books and records that a seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business includes books and records the seller keeps in the regular course of business for nontax purposes.
- (g) Subject to Subsections (2)(h) and (i), a tax rate repeal or tax rate change for a tax rate imposed under the following shall take effect on the first day of a calendar quarter:
  - (i) Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A);
  - (ii) Subsection (2)(b)(i);
  - (iii) Subsection (2)(c)(i); or
- 611 (iv) Subsection (2)(d)(i)(A)(I).

- (h) (i) A tax rate increase takes effect on the first day of the first billing period that begins on or after the effective date of the tax rate increase if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of a tax rate increase imposed under:
  - (A) Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A);
- 616 (B) Subsection (2)(b)(i);

61/	(C) Subsection $(2)(c)(1)$ ; or
618	(D) Subsection $(2)(d)(i)(A)(I)$ .
619	(ii) The repeal of a tax or a tax rate decrease applies to a billing period if the billing
620	statement for the billing period is rendered on or after the effective date of the repeal of the tax
621	or the tax rate decrease imposed under:
622	(A) Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A);
623	(B) Subsection (2)(b)(i);
624	(C) Subsection (2)(c)(i); or
625	(D) Subsection $(2)(d)(i)(A)(I)$ .
626	(i) (i) For a tax rate described in Subsection (2)(i)(ii), if a tax due on a catalogue sale is
627	computed on the basis of sales and use tax rates published in the catalogue, a tax rate repeal or
628	change in a tax rate takes effect:
629	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
630	(B) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the tax rate repeal or tax rate change.
631	(ii) Subsection (2)(i)(i) applies to the tax rates described in the following:
632	(A) Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A);
633	(B) Subsection (2)(b)(i);
634	(C) Subsection (2)(c)(i); or
635	(D) Subsection $(2)(d)(i)(A)(I)$ .
636	(iii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
637	the commission may by rule define the term "catalogue sale."
638	(3) (a) The following state taxes shall be deposited into the General Fund:
639	(i) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A);
640	(ii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(b)(i);
641	(iii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(c)(i); or
642	(iv) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(d)(i)(A)(I).
643	(b) The following local taxes shall be distributed to a county, city, or town as provided
644	in this chapter:
645	(i) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(ii);
646	(ii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(b)(ii);
647	(iii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(c)(ii); and

648	(iv) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(d)(i)(B).
649	(4) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1,
650	2003, the lesser of the following amounts shall be expended as provided in Subsections (4)(b)
651	through (g):
652	(i) for taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a), the amount of tax revenue generated:
653	(A) by a 1/16% tax rate on the transactions described in Subsection (1); and
654	(B) for the fiscal year; or
655	(ii) \$17,500,000.
656	(b) (i) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 14% of the amount
657	described in Subsection (4)(a) shall be transferred each year as dedicated credits to the
658	Department of Natural Resources to:
659	(A) implement the measures described in Subsections 79-2-303(3)(a) through (d) to
660	protect sensitive plant and animal species; or
661	(B) award grants, up to the amount authorized by the Legislature in an appropriations
662	act, to political subdivisions of the state to implement the measures described in Subsections
663	79-2-303(3)(a) through (d) to protect sensitive plant and animal species.
664	(ii) Money transferred to the Department of Natural Resources under Subsection
665	(4)(b)(i) may not be used to assist the United States Fish and Wildlife Service or any other
666	person to list or attempt to have listed a species as threatened or endangered under the
667	Endangered Species Act of 1973, 16 U.S.C. Sec. 1531 et seq.
668	(iii) At the end of each fiscal year:
669	(A) 50% of any unexpended dedicated credits shall lapse to the Water Resources
670	Conservation and Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24;
671	(B) 25% of any unexpended dedicated credits shall lapse to the Utah Wastewater Loan
672	Program Subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5; and
673	(C) 25% of any unexpended dedicated credits shall lapse to the Drinking Water Loan
674	Program Subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5.
675	(c) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 3% of the amount described in
676	Subsection (4)(a) shall be deposited each year in the Agriculture Resource Development Fund

(d) (i) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 1% of the amount described

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created in Section 4-18-106.

in Subsection (4)(a) shall be transferred each year as dedicated credits to the Division of Water Rights to cover the costs incurred in hiring legal and technical staff for the adjudication of water rights.

(ii) At the end of each fiscal year:

- (A) 50% of any unexpended dedicated credits shall lapse to the Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24;
- (B) 25% of any unexpended dedicated credits shall lapse to the Utah Wastewater Loan Program Subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5; and
- (C) 25% of any unexpended dedicated credits shall lapse to the Drinking Water Loan Program Subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5.
- (e) (i) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 41% of the amount described in Subsection (4)(a) shall be deposited in the Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24 for use by the Division of Water Resources.
- (ii) In addition to the uses allowed of the Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund under Section 73-10-24, the Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund may also be used to:
- (A) conduct hydrologic and geotechnical investigations by the Division of Water Resources in a cooperative effort with other state, federal, or local entities, for the purpose of quantifying surface and ground water resources and describing the hydrologic systems of an area in sufficient detail so as to enable local and state resource managers to plan for and accommodate growth in water use without jeopardizing the resource;
  - (B) fund state required dam safety improvements; and
- (C) protect the state's interest in interstate water compact allocations, including the hiring of technical and legal staff.
- (f) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 20.5% of the amount described in Subsection (4)(a) shall be deposited in the Utah Wastewater Loan Program Subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5 for use by the Water Quality Board to fund wastewater projects.
- (g) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 20.5% of the amount described in Subsection (4)(a) shall be deposited in the Drinking Water Loan Program Subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5 for use by the Division of Drinking Water to:
  - (i) provide for the installation and repair of collection, treatment, storage, and

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710	distribution facilities for any public water system, as defined in Section 19-4-102;
711	(ii) develop underground sources of water, including springs and wells; and
712	(iii) develop surface water sources.
713	(5) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1,
714	2006, the difference between the following amounts shall be expended as provided in this
715	Subsection (5), if that difference is greater than \$1:
716	(i) for taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a), the amount of tax revenue generated for the
717	fiscal year by a 1/16% tax rate on the transactions described in Subsection (1); and
718	(ii) \$17,500,000.
719	(b) (i) The first \$500,000 of the difference described in Subsection (5)(a) shall be:
720	(A) transferred each fiscal year to the Department of Natural Resources as dedicated
721	credits; and
722	(B) expended by the Department of Natural Resources for watershed rehabilitation or
723	restoration.
724	(ii) At the end of each fiscal year, 100% of any unexpended dedicated credits described
725	in Subsection (5)(b)(i) shall lapse to the Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund
726	created in Section 73-10-24.
727	(c) (i) After making the transfer required by Subsection (5)(b)(i), \$150,000 of the
728	remaining difference described in Subsection (5)(a) shall be:
729	(A) transferred each fiscal year to the Division of Water Resources as dedicated
730	credits; and
731	(B) expended by the Division of Water Resources for cloud-seeding projects
732	authorized by Title 73, Chapter 15, Modification of Weather.
733	(ii) At the end of each fiscal year, 100% of any unexpended dedicated credits described
734	in Subsection (5)(c)(i) shall lapse to the Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund
735	created in Section 73-10-24.
736	(d) After making the transfers required by Subsections (5)(b) and (c), 94% of the
737	remaining difference described in Subsection (5)(a) shall be deposited into the Water

(i) preconstruction costs:

Division of Water Resources for:

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Resources Conservation and Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24 for use by the

741 (A) as defined in Subsection 73-26-103(6) for projects authorized by Title 73, Chapter 26, Bear River Development Act; and

(B) as defined in Subsection 73-28-103(8) for the Lake Powell Pipeline project authorized by Title 73, Chapter 28, Lake Powell Pipeline Development Act;

- 745 (ii) the cost of employing a civil engineer to oversee any project authorized by Title 73, 746 Chapter 26, Bear River Development Act;
  - (iii) the cost of employing a civil engineer to oversee the Lake Powell Pipeline project authorized by Title 73, Chapter 28, Lake Powell Pipeline Development Act; and
  - (iv) other uses authorized under Sections 73-10-24, 73-10-25.1, 73-10-30, and Subsection (4)(e)(ii) after funding the uses specified in Subsections (5)(d)(i) through (iii).
  - (e) After making the transfers required by Subsections (5)(b) and (c) and subject to Subsection (5)(f), 6% of the remaining difference described in Subsection (5)(a) shall be transferred each year as dedicated credits to the Division of Water Rights to cover the costs incurred for employing additional technical staff for the administration of water rights.
  - (f) At the end of each fiscal year, any unexpended dedicated credits described in Subsection (5)(e) over \$150,000 lapse to the Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24.
  - (6) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, and for taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a), the amount of revenue generated by a 1/16% tax rate on the transactions described in Subsection (1) for the fiscal year shall be deposited in the Transportation Fund created by Section 72-2-102.
  - (7) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), beginning on July 1, 2012, the Division of Finance shall deposit into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 created in Section 72-2-124 a portion of the taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a) equal to the revenues generated by a 1/64% tax rate on the taxable transactions under Subsection (1).
  - (8) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), in addition to the amounts deposited in Subsection (7), and subject to Subsection (8)(b), for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2012, the Division of Finance shall deposit into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 created by Section 72-2-124:
- 770 (i) a portion of the taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a) in an amount equal to 8.3% of 771 the revenues collected from the following taxes, which represents a portion of the

approximately 17% of sales and use tax revenues generated annually by the sales and use tax on vehicles and vehicle-related products:

- (A) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A);
- 775 (B) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(b)(i);

- (C) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(c)(i); and
- (D) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(d)(i)(A)(I); plus
- (ii) an amount equal to 30% of the growth in the amount of revenues collected in the current fiscal year from the sales and use taxes described in Subsections (8)(a)(i)(A) through (D) that exceeds the amount collected from the sales and use taxes described in Subsections (8)(a)(i)(A) through (D) in the 2010-11 fiscal year.
- (b) (i) Subject to Subsections (8)(b)(ii) and (iii), in any fiscal year that the portion of the sales and use taxes deposited under Subsection (8)(a) represents an amount that is a total lower percentage of the sales and use taxes described in Subsections (8)(a)(i)(A) through (D) generated in the current fiscal year than the total percentage of sales and use taxes deposited in the previous fiscal year, the Division of Finance shall deposit an amount under Subsection (8)(a) equal to the product of:
- (A) the total percentage of sales and use taxes deposited under Subsection (8)(a) in the previous fiscal year; and
- (B) the total sales and use tax revenue generated by the taxes described in Subsections (8)(a)(i)(A) through (D) in the current fiscal year.
- (ii) In any fiscal year in which the portion of the sales and use taxes deposited under Subsection (8)(a) would exceed 17% of the revenues collected from the sales and use taxes described in Subsections (8)(a)(i)(A) through (D) in the current fiscal year, the Division of Finance shall deposit 17% of the revenues collected from the sales and use taxes described in Subsections (8)(a)(i)(A) through (D) for the current fiscal year under Subsection (8)(a).
- (iii) In all subsequent fiscal years after a year in which 17% of the revenues collected from the sales and use taxes described in Subsections (8)(a)(i)(A) through (D) was deposited under Subsection (8)(a), the Division of Finance shall annually deposit 17% of the revenues collected from the sales and use taxes described in Subsections (8)(a)(i)(A) through (D) in the current fiscal year under Subsection (8)(a).
  - (9) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), and in addition to the amounts deposited under

- Subsections (7) and (8), for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2012, the Division of Finance shall annually deposit \$90,000,000 of the revenues generated by the taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a) into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 created by Section 72-2-124.
  - (10) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), for each fiscal year beginning with fiscal year 2009-10, \$533,750 shall be deposited into the Qualified Emergency Food Agencies Fund created by Section 35A-8-1009 and expended as provided in Section 35A-8-1009.
  - (11) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), except as provided in Subsection (11)(b), and in addition to any amounts deposited under Subsections (7), (8), and (9), beginning on July 1, 2012, the Division of Finance shall deposit into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 created by Section 72-2-124 the amount of tax revenue generated by a .025% tax rate on the transactions described in Subsection (1).
  - (b) For purposes of Subsection (11)(a), the Division of Finance may not deposit into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 any tax revenue generated by amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients, except for tax revenue generated by a bundled transaction attributable to food and food ingredients and tangible personal property other than food and food ingredients described in Subsection (2)(d).
  - (12) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), and except as provided in Subsection (12)(b), beginning on January 1, 2009, the Division of Finance shall deposit into the Transportation Fund created by Section 72-2-102 the amount of tax revenue generated by a .025% tax rate on the transactions described in Subsection (1) to be expended to address chokepoints in construction management.
  - (b) For purposes of Subsection (12)(a), the Division of Finance may not deposit into the Transportation Fund any tax revenue generated by amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients, except for tax revenue generated by a bundled transaction attributable to food and food ingredients and tangible personal property other than food and food ingredients described in Subsection (2)(d).
  - (13) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), beginning the second fiscal year after the fiscal year during which the Division of Finance receives notice under Subsection 63N-2-510[(3)](2) that construction on a qualified hotel, as defined in Section 63N-2-502, has begun, the Division of Finance shall, for two consecutive fiscal years, annually deposit

834	\$1,900,000 of the revenue generated by the taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a) into the Hotel
835	Impact Mitigation Fund, created in Section 63N-2-512.
836	(14) Notwithstanding Subsections (4) through (13), an amount required to be expended
837	or deposited in accordance with Subsections (4) through (13) may not include an amount the
838	Division of Finance deposits in accordance with Section 59-12-103.2.
839	Section 3. Section <b>59-12-103.1</b> is amended to read:
840	59-12-103.1. Action by Supreme Court of the United States authorizing or action
841	by Congress permitting a state to require certain sellers to collect a sales or use tax
842	Collection of tax by commission Commission report to Revenue and Taxation Interim
843	Committee Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee study Division of Finance
844	requirement to make certain deposits.
845	(1) Except as provided in Section 59-12-107.1, a seller shall remit a tax to the
846	commission as provided in Section 59-12-107 if:
847	(a) the Supreme Court of the United States issues a decision authorizing a state to
848	require the following sellers to collect a sales or use tax:
849	(i) a seller that does not meet one or more of the criteria described in Subsection
850	59-12-107(2)(a); or
851	(ii) a seller that is not a seller required to pay or collect and remit sales and use taxes
852	under Subsection 59-12-107(2)(b) or (d); or
853	(b) Congress permits the state to require the following sellers to collect a sales or use
854	tax:
855	(i) a seller that does not meet one or more of the criteria described in Subsection
856	59-12-107(2)(a); or
857	(ii) a seller that is not a seller required to pay or collect and remit sales and use taxes
858	under Subsection 59-12-107(2)(b) or (d).
859	(2) The commission shall:
860	[(a) collect the tax described in Subsection (1) from the seller:]
861	[ <del>(i) to the extent:</del> ]
862	[(A) authorized by the Supreme Court of the United States; or]
863	[(B) permitted by Congress; and]
864	(ii) beginning on the first day of a calendar quarter as prescribed by the Revenue and

803	Taxation interim Committee, and
866	[(b)] (a) make a report to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee:
867	(i) regarding the actions taken by:
868	(A) the Supreme Court of the United States; or
869	(B) Congress;
870	(ii) (A) stating the amount of state revenue collected at the time of the report, if any;
871	and
872	(B) estimating the state sales and use tax rate reduction that would offset the amount of
873	state revenue estimated to be collected for the current fiscal year and the next fiscal year; and
874	(iii) (A) at the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee meeting immediately
875	following the day on which the actions of the Supreme Court of the United States or Congress
876	become effective; and
877	(B) any other meeting of the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee as requested by
878	the chairs of the committee[-]; and
879	(b) collect the tax described in Subsection (1) from the seller:
880	(i) to the extent:
881	(A) authorized by the Supreme Court of the United States; or
882	(B) permitted by Congress; and
883	(ii) beginning on the first day of a calendar quarter as prescribed by the Revenue and
884	Taxation Interim Committee.
885	(3) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall after hearing the commission's
886	report under Subsection (2)(b):
887	(a) review the actions taken by:
888	(i) the Supreme Court of the United States; or
889	(ii) Congress;
890	(b) direct the commission regarding the day on which the commission is required to
891	collect the tax described in Subsection (1); and
892	(c) make recommendations to the Legislative Management Committee:
893	(i) regarding whether as a result of the actions of the Supreme Court of the United
894	States or Congress any provisions of this chapter should be amended or repealed; and
895	(ii) within a one-year period after the day on which the commission makes a report

896	under Subsection (2)(b).
897	(4) The Division of Finance shall deposit a portion of the revenue collected under this
898	section into the Remote Sales Restricted Account as required by Section 59-12-103.2.
899	Section 4. Section <b>59-12-103.2</b> is amended to read:
900	59-12-103.2. Definitions Remote Sales Restricted Account Creation
901	Funding for account Interest Division of Finance accounting.
902	(1) As used in this section:
903	(a) "Qualified local revenue collected from remote sellers" means the local revenue the
904	commission collects under Section 59-12-103.1 for a fiscal year from sellers who obtain a
905	license under Section 59-12-106 for the first time on or after the earlier of:
906	(i) the date a decision described in Subsection 59-12-103.1(1)(a) becomes a final,
907	unappealable decision; [or]
908	(ii) the effective date of the action by Congress described in Subsection
909	59-12-103.1(1)(b)[ <del>-</del> ]; or
910	(iii) the day on which the seller is required to pay or collect and remit sales and use
911	taxes under Subsection 59-12-107(2)(b) or (d).
912	(b) "Qualified state revenue collected from remote sellers" means the state revenue the
913	commission collects under Section 59-12-103.1 for a fiscal year from sellers who obtain a
914	license under Section 59-12-106 for the first time on or after the earlier of:
915	(i) the date a decision described in Subsection 59-12-103.1(1)(a) becomes a final,
916	unappealable decision; [or]
917	(ii) the effective date of the action by Congress described in Subsection
918	59-12-103.1(1)(b)[ <del>-</del> ]; or
919	(iii) the date on which the seller is required to pay or collect and remit sales and use
920	taxes under Subsection 59-12-207(2)(b) or (d).
921	(2) There is created within the General Fund a restricted account known as the
922	"Remote Sales Restricted Account."
923	(3) The account shall be funded by:
924	(a) the qualified local revenue collected from remote sellers; and
925	(b) the qualified state revenue collected from remote sellers.
926	(4) (a) The account shall earn interest.

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927	(b) The interest described in Subsection (4)(a) shall be deposited into the account.
928	(5) The Division of Finance shall deposit the revenue described in Subsection (3) into
929	the account.
930	(6) The Division of Finance shall separately account for:
931	(a) (i) the qualified local revenue collected from remote sellers; and
932	(ii) interest earned on the amount described in Subsection (6)(a)(i); and
933	(b) (i) the qualified state revenue collected from remote sellers; and
934	(ii) interest earned on the amount described in Subsection (6)(b)(i).
935	(7) (a) The revenue and interest described in Subsection (6)(a) may be used to lower
936	local sales and use tax rates as the Legislature may provide by statute.
937	(b) The revenue and interest described in Subsection (6)(b) may be used to lower state
938	sales and use tax rates as the Legislature may provide by statute.
939	Section 5. Section 59-12-107 is amended to read:
940	59-12-107. Definitions Collection, remittance, and payment of tax by sellers or
941	other persons Returns Reports Direct payment by purchaser of vehicle Other
942	liability for collection Rulemaking authority Credits Treatment of bad debt
943	Penalties and interest.
944	(1) As used in this section:
945	[(a) "Ownership" means direct ownership or indirect ownership through a parent,
946	subsidiary, or affiliate.]
947	[(b) "Related seller" means a seller that:]
948	[(i) meets one or more of the criteria described in Subsection (2)(a)(i); and]
949	[(ii) delivers tangible personal property, a service, or a product transferred
950	electronically that is sold:]
951	[(A) by a seller that does not meet one or more of the criteria described in Subsection
952	<del>(2)(a)(i); and</del> ]
953	[(B) to a purchaser in the state.]
954	[(c) "Substantial ownership interest" means an ownership interest in a business entity if
955	that ownership interest is greater than the degree of ownership of equity interest specified in 15
956	U.S.C. Sec. 78p, with respect to a person other than a director or an officer.]
957	(a) (i) "Advertising" means:

958	(A) announcing by graphic, pictorial, verbal, written, or other similar means the
959	availability of a product for sale; or
960	(B) employing purchased space or time in print or electronic media if that purchased
961	space or time is given to communicate an announcement of a product for sale.
962	(ii) "Advertising" includes online advertising.
963	(b) "Affiliate" means:
964	(i) a person that is a member of the same controlled group of corporations as the seller
965	<u>or</u>
966	(ii) another entity that, regardless of how that entity is organized, has the same
967	ownership relationship to a seller as another corporation or group of corporations.
968	(c) (i) "Arrangement" means an agreement between a noncollecting seller and a
969	referring seller, under which the referring seller, for a commission or other consideration,
970	directly or indirectly makes a referral to the noncollecting seller of a potential purchaser of
971	tangible personal property, a product transferred electronically, or a service.
972	(ii) "Arrangement" does not include any agreement under which a noncollecting seller
973	purchases advertising from a person in the state, unless the person in the state also directs a
974	solicitation toward one or more potential purchasers in the state.
975	(d) "Controlled group of corporations" means the same as that term is defined in
976	Section 1563(a), Internal Revenue Code.
977	(e) "Noncollecting seller" means a remote seller that:
978	(i) does not voluntarily collect and remit sales and use tax under this chapter; and
979	(ii) during the 12-month period immediately preceding the current month, sells
980	\$10,000 or more in tangible personal property, products transferred electronically, or services:
981	(A) for storage, use, or consumption in the state; and
982	(B) as a result of an arrangement with one or more referring sellers.
983	(f) (i) "Online advertising" means advertising delivered through the Internet.
984	(ii) "Online advertising" includes:
985	(A) an email communication generated as a result of generic algorithmic functions if
986	the email communication does not target a specific person;
987	(B) an advertisement tied to an Internet search engine;
988	(C) a banner announcement;

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989	(D) a cost-per-action advertisement; or
990	(E) an online advertising service similar to the online advertising described in
991	Subsections (1)(f)(ii)(A) through (D), as the commission may define by rule made in
992	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
993	(iii) "Online advertising" does not include an Internet-based link to a seller's website.
994	(g) (i) "Referral" means the act of sending a potential purchaser to a noncollecting
995	seller by:
996	(A) an Internet-based link;
997	(B) an Internet website;
998	(C) telemarketing;
999	(D) in-person marketing; or
1000	(E) other means similar to the means described in Subsections (1)(g)(i)(A) through (D),
1001	as the commission may define by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
1002	Administrative Rulemaking Act.
1003	(ii) "Referral" does not include online advertising.
1004	(h) "Referring seller" means a person:
1005	(i) that makes a sale of tangible personal property, a product transferred electronically,
1006	or a service;
1007	(ii) that meets one or more of the criteria described in Subsection (2)(a); and
1008	(iii) with which a noncollecting seller enters an arrangement.
1009	(i) "Remote seller" means a seller that is not required to pay or collect and remit sales
1010	and use taxes under Subsection (2)(a) or (b).
1011	(j) "Solicitation" means a communication directly or indirectly to a specific person
1012	within the state in a manner that is intended to and calculated to incite the person to purchase
1013	tangible personal property, a service, or a product transferred electronically from a specific
1014	seller.
1015	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)[(e)](h), Section 59-12-107.1, or Section
1016	59-12-123, and subject to Subsection (2)[(f)](g), each seller shall pay or collect and remit the
1017	sales and use taxes imposed by this chapter if within this state the seller:
1018	(i) [ <del>has or</del> ] utilizes:
1019	(A) an office;

1020	(B) a distribution house;
1021	(C) a sales house;
1022	(D) a warehouse[;] or other storage place; or
1023	[(E) a service enterprise; or]
1024	[(F)] (E) a place of business similar to Subsections (2)(a)(i)(A) through $[(E)]$ (D);
1025	(ii) maintains a stock of goods;
1026	(iii) regularly solicits orders, regardless of whether or not the orders are accepted in the
1027	state, unless the seller's only activity in the state is:
1028	(A) advertising; or
1029	(B) solicitation by:
1030	(I) direct mail;
1031	(II) electronic mail;
1032	(III) except as provided in Subsection (2)(d), the Internet;
1033	(IV) telecommunications service; or
1034	(V) a means similar to Subsection (2)(a)(iii)(A) or (B);
1035	(iv) regularly engages in the delivery of property in the state other than by:
1036	(A) common carrier; or
1037	(B) United States mail; or
1038	(v) regularly engages in an activity directly related to the leasing or servicing of
1039	property located within the state.
1040	(b) [A] There is a rebuttable presumption that a remote seller is [considered to be]
1041	engaged, in the state, in the business of selling tangible personal property, [a service, or] a
1042	product transferred electronically, or a service for storage, use [in the state], or consumption,
1043	and shall pay or collect and remit the sales and use taxes imposed by this chapter if:
1044	[(i) the seller holds a substantial ownership interest in, or is owned in whole or in
1045	substantial part by, a related seller; and]
1046	(i) a person who meets one or more of the criteria described in Subsection (2)(a) is an
1047	affiliate of the remote seller; or
1048	(ii) any person, other than a person acting in the capacity of a common carrier, that
1049	meets one or more of the criteria described in Subsection (2)(a):
1050	[(ii)] (A) [the seller] sells the same or a substantially similar line of products as the

1051 [related] seller and does so under the same or a substantially similar business name as the 1052 remote seller; [or] 1053 (B) [the] maintains a place of business described in Subsection (2)(a)(i) [of the related 1054 seller] or provides an [in state] in-state employee [of the related seller is used] to advertise, 1055 promote, deliver, or facilitate sales by the remote seller to a purchaser[-]; 1056 (C) uses trademarks, service marks, or trade names in the state that are the same or 1057 substantially similar to those used by the remote seller; 1058 (D) delivers, installs, assembles, or performs maintenance service for the remote 1059 seller's purchaser within the state; (E) facilitates the remote seller's delivery of tangible personal property to a purchaser 1060 1061 in the state by allowing the purchaser to pick up tangible personal property sold by the remote 1062 seller at an in-state office, distribution house, sales house, warehouse or other storage place, or 1063 similar place of business that is maintained by the person that meets one or more of the criteria 1064 described in Subsection (2)(a); or 1065 (F) conducts any other activity in the state that is significantly associated with the 1066 remote seller's ability to establish and maintain a market in the state for the seller's sales of 1067 tangible personal property, a product transferred electronically, or a service. 1068 (c) A remote seller may rebut the presumption described in Subsection (2)(b) by 1069 proving that the in-state activities of the person that meets one or more of the criteria described 1070 in Subsection (2)(a) are not significantly associated with the remote seller's ability to establish 1071 and maintain a market in the state for the seller's sales of tangible personal property, a service, 1072 or a product transferred electronically. 1073 (d) (i) (A) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (2)(d), there is a rebuttable 1074 presumption that a noncollecting seller is engaged, in the state, in the business of selling 1075 tangible personal property, a product transferred electronically, or a service, for storage, use, or 1076 consumption.

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sales and use tax.

(B) Once the presumption arises, the noncollecting seller shall pay or collect and remit

(ii) (A) The presumption described in Subsection (2)(d)(i) arises if the noncollecting

seller makes sales in the state using a referring seller after the effective date of this section,

regardless of the date when the noncollecting seller and the referring seller enter the

1082 arrangement and regardless of whether the 12-month period immediately preceding the current 1083 month includes any period of time that occurred before the effective date of this section. 1084 (B) If the presumption described in Subsection (2)(d)(i) arises, a noncollecting seller's 1085 obligation to collect and remit sales and use taxes begins on September 1, 2016. 1086 (iii) A noncollecting seller may rebut the presumption described in Subsection (2)(d)(i) 1087 by proving that a referring seller has not engaged in an activity within the state that is significantly associated with the noncollecting seller's ability, during the preceding 12 months, 1088 to establish and maintain a market within the state for the sale of tangible personal property, a 1089 1090 product transferred electronically, or a service. 1091 (iv) (A) Proof to rebut the presumption described in Subsection (2)(d)(i) includes a 1092 written sworn statement from each referring seller that the referring seller did not engage in any 1093 solicitation of a potential purchaser in the state on behalf of the noncollecting seller for the sale 1094 of tangible personal property, a product transferred electronically, or a service. 1095 (B) A referring seller must make the written sworn statement described in Subsection 1096 (2)(d)(iv)(A) in good faith. 1097 [(c) A] (e) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(e)(ii), a remote seller [that does not 1098 meet one or more of the criteria provided for in Subsection (2)(a) or is not a seller required to 1099 pay or collect and remit sales and use taxes under Subsection (2)(b): (i) except as provided in 1100 Subsection (2)(c)(ii), that is not subject to the presumption described in Subsection (2)(d) may 1101 voluntarily: 1102 (A) collect a tax on a transaction described in Subsection 59-12-103(1); and 1103 (B) remit the tax to the commission as provided in this part[; or]. 1104 (ii) [notwithstanding Subsection (2)(e)(i),] A remote seller shall collect a tax on a 1105 transaction described in Subsection 59-12-103(1) if Section 59-12-103.1 requires the seller to 1106 collect the tax. 1107 [<del>(d)</del>] (f) The collection and remittance of a tax under this chapter by a seller that is 1108 registered under the agreement may not be used as a factor in determining whether that seller is 1109 required by Subsection (2) to:

(A) Title 10, Chapter 1, Part 3, Municipal Energy Sales and Use Tax Act;

(B) Title 10, Chapter 1, Part 4, Municipal Telecommunications License Tax Act;

(i) pay a tax, fee, or charge under:

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                (C) Section 19-6-714;
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                (D) Section 19-6-805;
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                (E) Section 69-2-5:
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                (F) Section 69-2-5.5;
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                (G) Section 69-2-5.6; or
1118
                (H) this title; or
1119
                (ii) collect and remit a tax, fee, or charge under:
1120
                (A) Title 10, Chapter 1, Part 3, Municipal Energy Sales and Use Tax Act:
1121
                (B) Title 10, Chapter 1, Part 4, Municipal Telecommunications License Tax Act;
1122
                (C) Section 19-6-714;
1123
                (D) Section 19-6-805;
1124
                (E) Section 69-2-5;
1125
                (F) Section 69-2-5.5:
1126
                (G) Section 69-2-5.6; or
1127
                (H) this title.
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                (e) A person shall pay a use tax imposed by this chapter on a transaction described in
        Subsection 59-12-103(1) if:1
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1130
                (i) the seller did not collect a tax imposed by this chapter on the transaction; and
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                [(ii) the person:]
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                (A) stores the tangible personal property or product transferred electronically in the
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        state;
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                [(B) uses the tangible personal property or product transferred electronically in the
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        state; or
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                (C) consumes the tangible personal property or product transferred electronically in
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        the state.
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                [(f)] (g) The ownership of property that is located at the premises of a printer's facility
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        with which the retailer has contracted for printing and that consists of the final printed product,
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        property that becomes a part of the final printed product, or copy from which the printed
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        product is produced, shall not result in the retailer being considered to have or maintain an
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        office, distribution house, sales house, warehouse, service enterprise, or other place of
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        business, or to maintain a stock of goods, within this state.
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1144	(h) A person shall pay a use tax imposed by this chapter on a transaction described in
1145	Subsection 59-12-103(1) if:
1146	(i) the seller did not collect a tax imposed under this chapter on the transaction; and
1147	(ii) the person:
1148	(A) stores the tangible personal property or product transferred electronically in the
1149	state;
1150	(B) uses the tangible personal property or product transferred electronically in the state;
1151	<u>or</u>
1152	(C) consumes the tangible personal property or product transferred electronically in the
1153	state.
1154	(3) (a) Except as provided in Section 59-12-107.1, a seller shall collect a tax due under
1155	this chapter [shall be collected] from a purchaser.
1156	(b) A seller may not collect as $\underline{a}$ tax an amount, without regard to fractional parts of
1157	one cent, in excess of the tax computed at the rates prescribed by this chapter.
1158	(c) (i) Each seller shall:
1159	(A) give the purchaser a receipt for the tax collected; or
1160	(B) bill the tax as a separate item and declare the name of this state and the seller's
1161	sales and use tax license number on the invoice for the sale.
1162	(ii) The receipt or invoice is prima facie evidence that the seller has collected the tax
1163	and relieves the purchaser of the liability for reporting the tax to the commission as a
1164	consumer.
1165	(d) A seller is not required to maintain a separate account for the tax collected[7] but is
1166	considered to be a person charged with receipt, safekeeping, and transfer of public money.
1167	(e) Taxes collected by a seller pursuant to this chapter shall be held in trust for the
1168	benefit of the state and for payment to the commission in the manner and at the time provided
1169	for in this chapter.
1170	(f) If any seller, during any reporting period, collects as a tax an amount in excess of
1171	the lawful state and local percentage of total taxable sales allowed under this chapter, the seller
1172	shall remit to the commission the full amount of the tax imposed under this chapter, plus any
1173	excess.
1174	(g) If the accounting methods regularly employed by the seller in the transaction of the

seller's business are such that reports of sales made during a calendar month or quarterly period will impose unnecessary hardships, the commission may accept reports at intervals that, in the commission's opinion, will[, in the commission's opinion,] better suit the convenience of the taxpayer or seller and will not jeopardize collection of the tax.

- (h) (i) For a purchase paid with specie legal tender as defined in Section 59-1-1501.1, and until such time as the commission accepts specie legal tender for the payment of a tax under this chapter, if the commission requires a seller to remit a tax under this chapter in legal tender other than specie legal tender, the seller shall state on the seller's books and records and on an invoice, bill of sale, or similar document provided to the purchaser:
- (A) the purchase price in specie legal tender and in the legal tender the seller is required to remit to the commission;
- (B) subject to Subsection (3)(h)(ii), the amount of tax due under this chapter in specie legal tender and in the legal tender the seller is required to remit to the commission;
  - (C) the tax rate under this chapter applicable to the purchase; and
  - (D) the date of the purchase.

- (ii) (A) Subject to Subsection (3)(h)(ii)(B), for purposes of determining the amount of tax due under Subsection (3)(h)(i), a seller shall use the most recent London fixing price for the specie legal tender the purchaser paid.
- (B) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may make rules for determining the amount of tax due under Subsection (3)(h)(i) if the London fixing price is not available for a particular day.
- (4) (a) Except as provided in Subsections (5) through (7) and Section 59-12-108, the [sales or use] tax imposed by this chapter is due and payable to the commission quarterly on or before the last day of the month next succeeding each quarterly calendar [quarterly] period.
- (b) (i) Each seller shall, on or before the last day of the month next succeeding each <u>quarterly</u> calendar [<del>quarterly</del>] period, file with the commission a return for the preceding quarterly period.
- (ii) The seller shall remit with the return under Subsection (4)(b)(i) the amount of the tax required under this chapter to be collected or paid for the period covered by the return.
- (c) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(c), a return shall contain information and be in a form the commission prescribes by rule.

(d) (i) Subject to Subsection (4)(d)(ii), the sales tax as computed in the return shall be based on the total nonexempt sales made during the period for which the return is filed, including both cash and charge sales.

- (ii) For a sale that includes the delivery or installation of tangible personal property at a location other than a seller's place of business described in Subsection (2)(a)(i), if the delivery or installation is separately stated on an invoice or receipt, a seller may compute the tax due [on the sale] for purposes of Subsection (4)(d)(i) based on the amount the seller receives for that sale during each period for which the seller receives payment for the sale.
- (e) (i) The use tax as computed in the return shall be based on the total amount of purchases for storage, use, or other consumption in this state made during the period for which the return is filed, including both cash and charge purchases.
- (ii) (A) As used in this Subsection (4)(e)(ii), "qualifying purchaser" means a purchaser who is required to remit taxes under this chapter[5] but is not required to remit taxes monthly in accordance with Section 59-12-108, and who converts tangible personal property into real property.
- (B) Subject to Subsections (4)(e)(ii)(C) and (D), a qualifying purchaser may remit the taxes due under this chapter on tangible personal property for which the qualifying purchaser claims an exemption as allowed under Subsection 59-12-104(23) or (25) based on the period in which the qualifying purchaser receives payment, in accordance with Subsection (4)(e)(ii)(C), for the conversion of the tangible personal property into real property.
- (C) A qualifying purchaser remitting taxes due under this chapter in accordance with Subsection (4)(e)(ii)(B) shall remit an amount equal to the total amount of tax due on the qualifying purchaser's purchase of the tangible personal property that was converted into real property multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the payment received in the period for the qualifying purchaser's sale of the tangible personal property that was converted into real property and the denominator of which is the entire sales price for the qualifying purchaser's sale of the tangible personal property that was converted into real property.
- (D) A qualifying purchaser may remit taxes due under this chapter in accordance with this Subsection (4)(e)(ii) only if the books and records that the qualifying purchaser keeps in the qualifying purchaser's regular course of business identify by reasonable and verifiable standards that the tangible personal property was converted into real property.

1237	(f) (i) Subject to Subsection (4)(f)(ii) and in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
1238	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may by rule extend the time for making
1239	returns and paying the taxes.
1240	(ii) An extension under Subsection (4)(f)(i) may not be for more than 90 days.
1241	(g) The commission may require returns and payment of the tax to be made for other
1242	than quarterly periods if the commission considers it necessary in order to ensure the payment
1243	of the tax imposed by this chapter.
1244	(h) (i) The commission may require a seller that files a simplified electronic return with
1245	the commission to file an additional electronic report with the commission.
1246	(ii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1247	commission may make rules providing:
1248	(A) the information required to be included in the additional electronic report described
1249	in Subsection (4)(h)(i); and
1250	(B) one or more due dates for filing the additional electronic report described in
1251	Subsection (4)(h)(i).
1252	(5) (a) As used in this Subsection (5) and Subsection (6)(b), ["remote seller"]
1253	"registered remitter" means a seller that is:
1254	(i) registered under the agreement;
1255	(ii) described in Subsection (2)(c); and
1256	(iii) not a:
1257	(A) model 1 seller;
1258	(B) model 2 seller; or
1259	(C) model 3 seller.
1260	(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b)(ii), a tax a [remote seller] registered
1261	remitter collects in accordance with Subsection (2)(c) is due and payable:
1262	(A) to the commission;
1263	(B) annually; and
1264	(C) on or before the last day of the month immediately following the last day of each
1265	calendar year.
1266	(ii) The commission may require that a tax a [remote seller] registered remitter collects
1267	in accordance with Subsection (2)(c) be due and payable:

1268	(A) to the commission; and
1269	(B) on the last day of the month immediately following any month in which the [seller]
1270	registered remitter accumulates a total of at least \$1,000 in agreement sales and use tax.
1271	(c) (i) If a remote seller remits a tax to the commission in accordance with Subsection
1272	(5)(b), the [remote seller] registered remitter shall file a return:
1273	(A) with the commission;
1274	(B) with respect to the tax;
1275	(C) containing information prescribed by the commission; and
1276	(D) on a form prescribed by the commission.
1277	(ii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1278	commission shall make rules prescribing:
1279	(A) the information required to be contained in a return described in Subsection
1280	(5)(c)(i); and
1281	(B) the form described in Subsection (5)(c)(i)(D).
1282	(d) A tax a [remote seller] registered remitter collects in accordance with this
1283	Subsection (5) shall be calculated on the basis of the total amount of taxable transactions under
1284	Subsection 59-12-103(1) the [remote seller] registered remitter completes, including[:] cash
1285	transactions and charge transactions.
1286	[(i) a cash transaction; and]
1287	[(ii) a charge transaction.]
1288	(6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), a tax a seller that files a simplified
1289	electronic return collects in accordance with this chapter is due and payable:
1290	(i) monthly on or before the last day of the month immediately following the month for
1291	which the seller collects a tax under this chapter; and
1292	(ii) for the month for which the seller collects a tax under this chapter.
1293	(b) A tax a remote seller that files a simplified electronic return collects in accordance
1294	with this chapter is due and payable as provided in Subsection (5).
1295	(7) (a) On each vehicle sale made by other than a regular licensed vehicle dealer, the
1296	purchaser shall pay the sales or use tax directly to the commission if the vehicle is subject to
1297	titling or registration under the laws of this state.
1298	(b) The commission shall collect the tax described in Subsection (7)(a) when the

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(C) interest;

1299	vehicle is titled or registered.
1300	(8) If any sale of tangible personal property or any other taxable transaction under
1301	Subsection 59-12-103(1), is made by a wholesaler to a retailer[-]:
1302	(a) the wholesaler is not responsible for the collection or payment of the tax imposed
1303	on the sale; and
1304	(b) the retailer is responsible for the collection or payment of the tax imposed on the
1305	sale if:
1306	[(a)] (i) the retailer represents that the tangible personal property, product transferred
1307	electronically, or service is purchased by the retailer for resale; and
1308	[(b)] (ii) the tangible personal property, product transferred electronically, or service is
1309	not subsequently resold.
1310	(9) If any sale of property or service subject to the tax is made to a person prepaying
1311	sales or use tax in accordance with Title 63M, Chapter 5, Resource Development Act, or to a
1312	contractor or subcontractor of that person[;];
1313	(a) the person to whom such payment or consideration is payable is not responsible for
1314	the collection or payment of the sales or use tax; and
1315	(b) the person prepaying the sales or use tax is responsible for the collection or
1316	payment of the sales or use tax if the person prepaying the sales or use tax represents that the
1317	amount prepaid as sales or use tax has not been fully credited against sales or use tax due and
1318	payable under the rules promulgated by the commission.
1319	(10) (a) For purposes of this Subsection (10):
1320	(i) Except as provided in Subsection (10)(a)(ii), "bad debt" [is as] means the same as
1321	that term is defined in Section 166, Internal Revenue Code.
1322	(ii) [Notwithstanding Subsection (10)(a)(i), "bad] "Bad debt" does not include:
1323	(A) an amount included in the purchase price of tangible personal property, a product
1324	transferred electronically, or a service that is:
1325	(I) not a transaction described in Subsection 59-12-103(1); or
1326	(II) exempt under Section 59-12-104;
1327	(B) a financing charge;

(D) a tax imposed under this chapter on the purchase price of tangible personal

1330	property, a product transferred electronically, or a service;
1331	(E) an uncollectible amount on tangible personal property or a product transferred
1332	electronically that:
1333	(I) is subject to a tax under this chapter; and
1334	(II) remains in the possession of a seller until the full purchase price is paid;
1335	(F) an expense incurred in attempting to collect any debt; or
1336	(G) an amount that a seller does not collect on repossessed property.
1337	(b) (i) To the extent an amount remitted in accordance with Subsection (4)(d) later
1338	becomes bad debt, a seller may deduct the bad debt from the total amount from which a tax
1339	under this chapter is calculated on a return.
1340	(ii) A qualifying purchaser, as defined in Subsection (4)(e)(ii)(A), may deduct from the
1341	total amount of taxes due under this chapter the amount of tax the qualifying purchaser paid on
1342	the qualifying purchaser's purchase of tangible personal property converted into real property to
1343	the extent that:
1344	(A) tax was remitted in accordance with Subsection (4)(e) on that tangible personal
1345	property converted into real property;
1346	(B) the qualifying purchaser's sale of that tangible personal property converted into real
1347	property later becomes bad debt; and
1348	(C) the books and records that the qualifying purchaser keeps in the qualifying
1349	purchaser's regular course of business identify by reasonable and verifiable standards that the
1350	tangible personal property was converted into real property.
1351	(c) A seller may file a refund claim with the commission if:
1352	(i) the amount of bad debt for the time period described in Subsection (10)(e) exceeds
1353	the amount of the seller's sales that are subject to a tax under this chapter for that same time
1354	period; and
1355	(ii) as provided in Section 59-1-1410.
1356	(d) A bad debt deduction under this section may not include interest.
1357	(e) A bad debt may be deducted under this Subsection (10) on a return for the time
1358	period during which the bad debt:

(i) is written off as uncollectible in the seller's books and records; and

(ii) would be eligible for a bad debt deduction:

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1361	(A) for federal income tax purposes; and
1362	(B) if the seller were required to file a federal income tax return.
1363	(f) If a seller recovers any portion of bad debt for which the seller makes a deduction or
1364	claims a refund under this Subsection (10), the seller shall report and remit a tax under this
1365	chapter:
1366	(i) on the portion of the bad debt the seller recovers; and
1367	(ii) on a return filed for the time period for which the portion of the bad debt is
1368	recovered.
1369	(g) For purposes of reporting a recovery of a portion of bad debt under Subsection
1370	(10)(f), a seller shall apply amounts received on the bad debt in the following order:
1371	(i) in a proportional amount:
1372	(A) to the purchase price of the tangible personal property, product transferred
1373	electronically, or service; and
1374	(B) to the tax due under this chapter on the tangible personal property, product
1375	transferred electronically, or service; and
1376	(ii) to:
1377	(A) interest charges;
1378	(B) service charges; and
1379	(C) other charges.
1380	(h) A seller's certified service provider may make a deduction or claim a refund for bad
1381	debt on behalf of the seller:
1382	(i) in accordance with this Subsection (10); and
1383	(ii) if the certified service provider credits or refunds the entire amount of the bad debt
1384	deduction or refund to the seller.
1385	(i) A seller may allocate bad debt among the states that are members of the agreement
1386	if the seller's books and records support that allocation.
1387	(11) (a) A seller may not, with intent to evade any tax, fail to timely remit the full
1388	amount of tax required by this chapter.
1389	(b) A violation of this section is punishable as provided in Section 59-1-401.
1390	(c) Each person who fails to pay any tax to the state or any amount of tax required to be

paid to the state, except amounts determined to be due by the commission under Chapter 1,

1392	Part 14, Assessment, Collections, and Refunds Act, or Section 59-12-111, within the time
1393	required by this chapter, or who fails to file any return as required by this chapter, shall pay, in
1394	addition to the tax, penalties and interest as provided in Sections 59-1-401 and 59-1-402.
1395	(d) For purposes of prosecution under this section, each quarterly tax period in which a
1396	seller, with intent to evade any tax, collects a tax and fails to timely remit the full amount of the
1397	tax required to be remitted, constitutes a separate offense.
1398	(12) The provisions of this section are severable. If any provision of this section or the
1399	application of any provision of this section to any person or circumstance is held invalid by a
1400	final decision of a court of competent jurisdiction, the remainder of this section shall be given
1401	effect without the invalid provision or application.
1402	Section 6. Section <b>59-12-108</b> is amended to read:
1403	59-12-108. Monthly payment Amount of tax a seller may retain Penalty
1404	Certain amounts allocated to local taxing jurisdictions.
1405	(1) (a) Notwithstanding Section 59-12-107, a seller that has a tax liability under this
1406	chapter of \$50,000 or more for the previous calendar year shall:
1407	(i) file a return with the commission:
1408	(A) monthly on or before the last day of the month immediately following the month
1409	for which the seller collects a tax under this chapter; and
1410	(B) for the month for which the seller collects a tax under this chapter; and
1411	(ii) except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), remit, with the return required by
1412	Subsection (1)(a)(i), the amount [the person is required to remit to the commission for each tax,
1413	fee, or charge] described in Subsection (1)(c) as follows:
1414	(A) if that seller's tax liability under this chapter for the previous calendar year is less
1415	than \$96,000, by any method permitted by the commission; or
1416	(B) if that seller's tax liability under this chapter for the previous calendar year is
1417	\$96,000 or more, by electronic funds transfer.
1418	(b) A seller shall remit electronically with the return required by Subsection (1)(a)(i)
1419	the amount the seller is required to remit to the commission for each tax, fee, or charge
1420	described in Subsection (1)(c) if that seller:
1421	(i) is required by Section 59-12-107 to file the return electronically; or
1422	(ii) (A) is required to collect and remit a tay under Section 50-12-107; and

1423 (B) files a simplified electronic return. 1424 (c) Subsections (1)(a) and (b) apply to the following taxes, fees, or charges: 1425 (i) a tax under Title 10, Chapter 1, Part 3, Municipal Energy Sales and Use Tax Act: 1426 (ii) a fee under Section 19-6-714; 1427 (iii) a fee under Section 19-6-805; 1428 (iv) a charge under Section 69-2-5; (v) a charge under Section 69-2-5.5; 1429 1430 (vi) a charge under Section 69-2-5.6; [or] and 1431 (vii) a tax under this chapter. (d) Notwithstanding [Subsection] Subsections (1)(a)(ii) and (b) and in accordance with 1432 1433 Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission shall make rules 1434 providing for a method for making same-day payments other than by electronic funds transfer 1435 if making payments by electronic funds transfer fails. 1436 (e) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the 1437 commission shall establish by rule procedures and requirements for determining the amount a 1438 seller is required to remit to the commission under this Subsection (1). 1439 (2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3), a seller subject to Subsection (1) or a 1440 seller described in Subsection (4) may retain each month the amount allowed by this 1441 Subsection (2). (b) A seller subject to Subsection (1) or a seller described in Subsection (4) may retain 1442 1443 each month 1.31% of any amounts the seller is required to remit to the commission: 1444 (i) for a transaction described in Subsection 59-12-103(1) that is subject to a state tax 1445 and a local tax imposed in accordance with the following, for the month for which the seller is 1446 filing a return in accordance with Subsection (1): 1447 (A) Subsection 59-12-103(2)(a); 1448 (B) Subsection 59-12-103(2)(b); and 1449 (C) Subsection 59-12-103(2)(d); and 1450 (ii) for an agreement sales and use tax. 1451 (c) (i) A seller subject to Subsection (1) or a seller described in Subsection (4) may 1452 retain each month the amount calculated under Subsection (2)(c)(ii) for a transaction described

in Subsection 59-12-103(1) that is subject to the state tax and the local tax imposed in

1454	accordance with Subsection 59-12-103(2)(c).
1455	(ii) For purposes of Subsection (2)(c)(i), the amount a seller may retain is an amount
1456	equal to the sum of:
1457	(A) 1.31% of any amounts the seller is required to remit to the commission for:
1458	(I) the state tax and the local tax imposed in accordance with Subsection
1459	59-12-103(2)(c);
1460	(II) the month for which the seller is filing a return in accordance with Subsection (1);
1461	and
1462	(III) an agreement sales and use tax; and
1463	(B) 1.31% of the difference between:
1464	(I) the amounts the seller would have been required to remit to the commission:
1465	(Aa) in accordance with Subsection 59-12-103(2)(a) if the transaction had been subject
1466	to the state tax and the local tax imposed in accordance with Subsection 59-12-103(2)(a);
1467	(Bb) for the month for which the seller is filing a return in accordance with Subsection
1468	(1); and
1469	(Cc) for an agreement sales and use tax; and
1470	(II) the amounts the seller is required to remit to the commission for:
1471	(Aa) the state tax and the local tax imposed in accordance with Subsection
1472	59-12-103(2)(c);
1473	(Bb) the month for which the seller is filing a return in accordance with Subsection (1)
1474	and
1475	(Cc) an agreement sales and use tax.
1476	(d) A seller subject to Subsection (1) or a seller described in Subsection (4) may retain
1477	each month 1% of any amounts the seller is required to remit to the commission:
1478	(i) for the month for which the seller is filing a return in accordance with Subsection
1479	(1); and
1480	(ii) under:
1481	(A) Title 10, Chapter 1, Part 3, Municipal Energy Sales and Use Tax Act;
1482	(B) Subsection 59-12-603(1)(a)(i)(A); or
1483	(C) Subsection 59-12-603(1)(a)(i)(B).
1484	(3) A state government entity that is required to remit taxes monthly in accordance

- with Subsection (1) may not retain any amount under Subsection (2).
- 1486 (4) A seller that has a tax liability under this chapter for the previous calendar year of less than \$50,000 may:
  - (a) voluntarily meet the requirements of Subsection (1); and
- (b) if the seller voluntarily meets the requirements of Subsection (1), retain the amounts allowed by Subsection (2).
  - (5) (a) Subject to Subsections (5)(b) through (d), a seller that voluntarily collects and remits a tax in accordance with Subsection 59-12-107(2)[(e)](e)(i) may retain an amount equal to 18% of any amounts the seller would otherwise remit to the commission:
- 1494 (i) if the seller obtains a license under Section 59-12-106 for the first time on or after 1495 January 1, 2014; and
- 1496 (ii) for:

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- 1497 (A) an agreement sales and use tax; and
  - (B) the time period for which the seller files a return in accordance with this section.
  - (b) If a seller retains an amount under this Subsection (5), the seller may not retain any other amount under this section.
  - (c) If a seller retains an amount under this Subsection (5), the commission may require the seller to file a return by:
    - (i) electronic means; or
    - (ii) a means other than electronic means.
  - (d) A seller may not retain an amount under this Subsection (5) if the seller is required to collect or remit a tax under this section in accordance with Section 59-12-103.1.
    - (6) Penalties for late payment shall be as provided in Section 59-1-401.
  - (7) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(c), for any amounts required to be remitted to the commission under this part, the commission shall each month calculate an amount equal to the difference between:
  - (i) the total amount retained for that month by all sellers had the percentages listed under Subsections (2)(b) and (2)(c)(ii) been 1.5%; and
- 1513 (ii) the total amount retained for that month by all sellers at the percentages listed 1514 under Subsections (2)(b) and (2)(c)(ii).
- 1515 (b) The commission shall each month allocate the amount calculated under Subsection

1516	(7)(a) to each county, city, and town on the basis of the proportion of agreement sales and use
1517	tax that the commission distributes to each county, city, and town for that month compared to
1518	the total agreement sales and use tax that the commission distributes for that month to all
1519	counties, cities, and towns.
1520	(c) The amount the commission calculates under Subsection (7)(a) may not include an
1521	amount collected from a tax that:
1522	(i) the state imposes within a county, city, or town, including the unincorporated area
1523	of a county; and
1524	(ii) is not imposed within the entire state.
1525	Section 7. Section <b>59-12-211</b> is amended to read:
1526	59-12-211. Definitions Location of certain transactions Reports to
1527	commission Direct payment provision for a seller making certain purchases
1528	Exceptions.
1529	(1) As used in this section:
1530	(a) (i) "Receipt" and "receive" mean:
1531	(A) taking possession of tangible personal property;
1532	(B) making first use of a service; or
1533	(C) for a product transferred electronically, the earlier of:
1534	(I) taking possession of the product transferred electronically; or
1535	(II) making first use of the product transferred electronically.
1536	(ii) "Receipt" and "receive" do not include possession by a shipping company on behalf
1537	of a purchaser.
1538	(b) "Transportation equipment" means:
1539	(i) a locomotive or rail car that is used to carry a person or property in interstate
1540	commerce;
1541	(ii) a truck or truck-tractor:
1542	(A) with a gross vehicle weight rating of 10,001 pounds or [more] greater;
1543	(B) registered under Section 41-1a-301; and
1544	(C) operated under the authority of a carrier authorized and certificated:
1545	(I) by the United States Department of Transportation or another federal authority; and
1546	(II) to engage in carrying a person or property in interstate commerce;

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1547	(iii) a trailer, semitrailer, or passenger bus that is:
1548	(A) registered under Section 41-1a-301; and
1549	(B) operated under the authority of a carrier authorized and certificated:
1550	(I) by the United States Department of Transportation or another federal authority; and
1551	(II) to engage in carrying a person or property in interstate commerce;
1552	(iv) an aircraft that is operated by an air carrier authorized and certificated:
1553	(A) by the United States Department of Transportation or another federal or foreign
1554	authority; and
1555	(B) to engage in carrying a person or property in interstate commerce; or
1556	(v) a container designed for use on, or a component part attached or secured on, an
1557	item of equipment listed in Subsections (1)(b)(i) through (iv).
1558	(2) Except as provided in Subsections (8) and (14), if tangible personal property, a
1559	product transferred electronically, or a service that is subject to taxation under this chapter is
1560	received by a purchaser at a business location of a seller, the location of the transaction is the
1561	business location of the seller.
1562	(3) Subject to Subsection (10), and except as provided in Subsections (7), (8), (9), (11),
1563	and (14), if tangible personal property, a product transferred electronically, or a service that is
1564	subject to taxation under this chapter is not received by a purchaser at a business location of a
1565	seller, the location of the transaction is the location where the purchaser takes receipt of the
1566	tangible personal property or service.
1567	(4) Subject to Subsection (10), and except as provided in Subsections (7), (8), (9), (11),
1568	and (14), if Subsection (2) or (3) does not apply, the location of the transaction is the location
1569	indicated by an address for or other information on the purchaser if:
1570	(a) the address or other information is available from the seller's business records; and
1571	(b) use of the address or other information from the seller's records does not constitute
1572	bad faith.
1573	(5) (a) Subject to Subsection (10), and except as provided in Subsections (7), (8), (9),
1574	(11), and (14), if Subsection (2), (3), or (4) does not apply, the location of the transaction is the

(ii) use of the address described in Subsection (5)(a)(i) does not constitute bad faith.

(i) the address is obtained during the consummation of the transaction; and

location indicated by an address for the purchaser if:

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1578 (b) An address used under Subsection (5)(a) includes the address of a purchaser's 1579 payment instrument if no other address is available. 1580 (6) Subject to Subsection (10), and except as provided in Subsections (7), (8), (9), (11), 1581 and (14), if Subsection (2), (3), (4), or (5) does not apply or if a seller does not have sufficient 1582 information to apply Subsection (2), (3), (4), or (5), the location of the transaction is the 1583 location: 1584 (a) indicated by the address from which: 1585 (i) except as provided in Subsection (6)(a)(ii), for tangible personal property that is 1586 subject to taxation under this chapter, the tangible personal property is shipped; 1587 (ii) for computer software delivered electronically or for a product transferred 1588 electronically that is subject to taxation under this chapter, the computer software or product 1589 transferred electronically is first available for transmission by the seller; or 1590 (iii) for a service that is subject to taxation under this chapter, the service is provided: 1591 or 1592 (b) as determined by the seller with respect to a prepaid wireless calling service: 1593 (i) provided in Subsection (6)(a)(iii); or 1594 (ii) associated with the mobile telephone number. 1595 (7) (a) For purposes of this Subsection (7), "shared ZIP Code" means a nine-digit ZIP 1596 Code that is located within two or more local taxing jurisdictions. 1597 (b) If the location of a transaction determined under Subsections (3) through (6) is in a 1598 shared ZIP Code, the location of the transaction is: 1599 (i) if there is only one local taxing jurisdiction that imposes the lowest agreement 1600 combined tax rate for the shared ZIP Code, the local taxing jurisdiction that imposes the lowest 1601 agreement combined tax rate; or 1602 (ii) if two or more local taxing jurisdictions impose the lowest agreement combined tax 1603 rate for the shared ZIP Code, the local taxing jurisdiction that: 1604 (A) imposes the lowest agreement combined tax rate for the shared ZIP Code; and

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(B) has located within the local taxing jurisdiction the largest number of street addresses within the shared ZIP Code.

(c) Notwithstanding any provision under this chapter authorizing or requiring the imposition of a sales and use tax, for purposes of Subsection (7)(b), a seller shall collect a sales and use tax imposed under this chapter at the lowest agreement combined tax rate imposed within the local taxing jurisdiction in which the transaction is located under Subsection (7)(b).

- (d) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may make rules:
- (i) providing for the circumstances under which a seller has exercised due diligence in determining the nine-digit ZIP Code for an address; or
- (ii) notwithstanding Subsection (7)(b), for determining the local taxing jurisdiction within which a transaction is located if a seller is unable to determine the local taxing jurisdiction within which the transaction is located under Subsection (7)(b).
- (8) The location of a transaction made with a direct payment permit described in Section 59-12-107.1 is the location where receipt of the tangible personal property, product transferred electronically, or service by the purchaser occurs.
- (9) The location of a purchase of direct mail is the location determined in accordance with Section 59-12-123.
- (10) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (10)(b), the location of a transaction determined under Subsections (3) through (6), (8), or (9), is the local taxing jurisdiction within which:
- (i) the nine-digit ZIP Code assigned to the location determined under Subsections (3) through (6), (8), or (9) is located; or
- (ii) the five-digit ZIP Code assigned to the location determined under Subsections (3) through (6), (8), or (9) is located if:
- (A) a nine-digit ZIP Code is not available for the location determined under Subsections (3) through (6), (8), or (9); or
- (B) after exercising due diligence, a seller or certified service provider is unable to determine a nine-digit ZIP Code for the location determined under Subsections (3) through (6), (8), or (9).
- (b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may make rules for determining the local taxing jurisdiction within which a transaction is located if a seller or certified service provider is unable to determine the local taxing jurisdiction within which the transaction is located under Subsection (10)(a).
- 1639 (11) (a) As used in this Subsection (11), "florist delivery transaction" means a

1640	transaction commenced by a florist that transmits an order:
1641	(i) by:
1642	(A) telegraph;
1643	(B) telephone; or
1644	(C) a means of communication similar to Subsection (11)(a)(i)(A) or (B); and
1645	(ii) for delivery to another place:
1646	(A) in this state; or
1647	(B) outside this state.
1648	[(b) Notwithstanding Subsections (3) through (6), beginning on January 1, 2009, and
1649	ending on December 31, 2009, the location of a florist delivery transaction is the business
1650	location of the florist that commences the florist delivery transaction.]
1651	[(c)] (b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
1652	Act, the commission may by rule:
1653	(i) define:
1654	(A) "business location"; and
1655	(B) "florist";
1656	(ii) define what constitutes a means of communication similar to Subsection
1657	(11)(a)(i)(A) or (B); and
1658	(iii) provide procedures for determining when a transaction is commenced.
1659	(12) (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section and except as provided in
1660	Subsection (12)(b), if a purchaser uses computer software and there is not a transfer of a copy
1661	of that software to the purchaser, the location of the transaction is determined in accordance
1662	with Subsections (4) and (5).
1663	(b) If a purchaser uses computer software described in Subsection (12)(a) at more than
1664	one location, the location of the transaction shall be determined in accordance with rules made
1665	by the commission in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
1666	Act.
1667	(13) (a) A tax collected under this chapter shall be reported to the commission on a
1668	form that identifies the location of each transaction that occurs during the return filing period.
1669	(b) The form described in Subsection (13)(a) shall be filed with the commission as
1670	required under this chapter.

1671	(14) This section does not apply to:
1672	(a) amounts charged by a seller for:
1673	(i) telecommunications service except for a prepaid calling service or a prepaid
1674	wireless calling service as provided in Subsection (6)(b) or Section 59-12-215; or
1675	(ii) the retail sale or transfer of:
1676	(A) a motor vehicle other than a motor vehicle that is transportation equipment;
1677	(B) an aircraft other than an aircraft that is transportation equipment;
1678	(C) a watercraft;
1679	(D) a modular home;
1680	(E) a manufactured home; or
1681	(F) a mobile home; or
1682	(iii) except as provided in Section 59-12-214, the lease or rental of tangible personal
1683	property other than tangible personal property that is transportation equipment;
1684	(b) a tax a person pays in accordance with Subsection 59-12-107(2)[(e)](h); or
1685	(c) a retail sale of tangible personal property or a product transferred electronically if:
1686	(i) the seller receives the order for the tangible personal property or product transferred
1687	electronically in this state;
1688	(ii) receipt of the tangible personal property or product transferred electronically by the
1689	purchaser or the purchaser's donee occurs in this state;
1690	(iii) the location where receipt of the tangible personal property or product transferred
1691	electronically by the purchaser occurs is determined in accordance with Subsections (3)
1692	through (5); and
1693	(iv) at the time the seller receives the order, the record keeping system that the seller
1694	uses to calculate the proper amount of tax imposed under this chapter captures the location
1695	where the order is received.
1696	Section 8. Section <b>59-12-211.1</b> is amended to read:
1697	59-12-211.1. Location of a transaction that is subject to a use tax.
1698	(1) Subject to Subsection (2), a person that is required by Subsection
1699	59-12-107(2)[(e)](h) to pay a use tax on a transaction shall report the location of that
1700	transaction at the person's location.
1701	(2) For purposes of Subsection (1), if a person has more than one location in this state,

1702 the person shall report the location of the transaction at the location at which tangible personal 1703 property, a product transferred electronically, or a service is received. 1704 Section 9. Section **76-8-1101** is amended to read: 1705 76-8-1101. Criminal offenses and penalties relating to revenue and taxation --1706 Rulemaking authority -- Statute of limitations. 1707 (1) (a) As provided in Section 59-1-401, criminal offenses and penalties are as 1708 provided in Subsections (1)(b) through (e). 1709 (b) (i) [Any] A person [who] is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if the person: (A) is required by Title 59, Revenue and Taxation, or any laws the State Tax 1710 Commission administers or regulates, to register with or obtain a license or permit from the 1711 1712 State Tax Commission[, who]; and 1713 (B) operates without having registered or secured a license or permit[;] or [who] 1714 operates when the registration, license, or permit is expired or not current , is guilty of a class B misdemeanor1. 1715 1716 (ii) Notwithstanding Section 76-3-301, for purposes of Subsection (1)(b)(i), the 1717 penalty may not: 1718 (A) be less than \$500; or 1719 (B) exceed \$1,000. 1720 (c) (i) With respect to a tax, fee, or charge as defined in Section 59-1-401, [any] a person [who] is guilty of a third degree felony if the person: 1721 1722 (A) knowingly and intentionally, and without a reasonable good faith basis, fails to 1723 make, render, sign, or verify any return within the time required by law or to supply any 1724 information within the time required by law[, or who]; 1725 (B) makes, renders, signs, or verifies any false or fraudulent return or statement[-]; or 1726 [who] 1727 (C) supplies any false or fraudulent information. is guilty of a third degree felony. (ii) Notwithstanding Section 76-3-301, for purposes of Subsection (1)(c)(i), the penalty 1728 1729 may not: 1730 (A) be less than \$1,000; or 1731 (B) exceed \$5,000. 1732 (d) (i) Any person who intentionally or willfully attempts to evade or defeat any tax,

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1733	fee, or charge as defined in Section 59-1-401 or the payment of a tax, fee, or charge as defined
1734	in Section 59-1-401 is, in addition to other penalties provided by law, guilty of a second degree
1735	felony.
1736	(ii) Notwithstanding Section 76-3-301, for purposes of Subsection (1)(d)(i), the penalty
1737	may not:
1738	(A) be less than \$1,500; or
1739	(B) exceed \$25,000.
1740	(e) (i) A person is guilty of a second degree felony if that person commits an act:
1741	(A) described in Subsection (1)(e)(ii) with respect to one or more of the following
1742	documents:
1743	(I) a return;
1744	(II) an affidavit;
1745	(III) a claim; or
1746	(IV) a document similar to Subsections (1)(e)(i)(A)(I) through (III); and
1747	(B) subject to Subsection (1)(e)(iii), with knowledge that the document described in
1748	Subsection $(1)(e)(i)(A)$ :
1749	(I) is false or fraudulent as to any material matter; and
1750	(II) could be used in connection with any material matter administered by the State Tax
1751	Commission.
1752	(ii) The following acts apply to Subsection (1)(e)(i):
1753	(A) preparing any portion of a document described in Subsection (1)(e)(i)(A);
1754	(B) presenting any portion of a document described in Subsection (1)(e)(i)(A);
1755	(C) procuring any portion of a document described in Subsection (1)(e)(i)(A);
1756	(D) advising in the preparation or presentation of any portion of a document described
1757	in Subsection (1)(e)(i)(A);
1758	(E) aiding in the preparation or presentation of any portion of a document described in
1759	Subsection $(1)(e)(i)(A)$ ;
1760	(F) assisting in the preparation or presentation of any portion of a document described

described in Subsection (1)(e)(i)(A).

in Subsection (1)(e)(i)(A); or

1761

1762 1763 (G) counseling in the preparation or presentation of any portion of a document

1764	(iii) This Subsection (1)(e) applies:
1765	(A) regardless of whether the person for which the document described in Subsection
1766	(1)(e)(i)(A) is prepared or presented:
1767	(I) knew of the falsity of the document described in Subsection (1)(e)(i)(A); or
1768	(II) consented to the falsity of the document described in Subsection (1)(e)(i)(A); and
1769	(B) in addition to any other penalty provided by law.
1770	(iv) Notwithstanding Section 76-3-301, for purposes of this Subsection (1)(e), the
1771	penalty may not:
1772	(A) be less than \$1,500; or
1773	(B) exceed \$25,000.
1774	(v) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1775	State Tax Commission may make rules prescribing the documents that are similar to
1776	Subsections (1)(e)(i)(A)(I) through (III).
1777	(2) The statute of limitations for prosecution for a violation of this section is the later
1778	of six years:
1779	(a) from the date the tax should have been remitted; or
1780	(b) after the day on which the person commits the criminal offense.
1781	Section 10. Effective date.
1782	This bill takes effect on July 1, 2016.

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