	UTAH REVISED BUSINESS CORPORATE ACT
	AMENDMENTS
	2016 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
	Chief Sponsor: Rich Cunningham
	Senate Sponsor:
	LONG TITLE
(General Description:
	This bill modifies provisions regulating business corporations.
	Highlighted Provisions:
	This bill:
	 amends the provision addressing general standards of conduct for directors and
(officers;
	 enacts provisions related to business combinations; and
	makes technical changes.
	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
	None
•	Other Special Clauses:
	None
	Utah Code Sections Affected:
	AMENDS:
	16-10a-840, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1993, Chapter 266
	ENACTS:
	16-10a-1801, Utah Code Annotated 1953
	16-10a-1802, Utah Code Annotated 1953
	16-10a-1803 , Utah Code Annotated 1953



28	16-10a-1804, Utah Code Annotated 1953
2930	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
31	Section 1. Section 16-10a-840 is amended to read:
32	16-10a-840. General standards of conduct for directors and officers.
33	(1) Each director shall discharge [his] the director's duties as a director, including
34	duties as a member of a committee, and each officer with discretionary authority shall
35	discharge [his] the officer's duties under that authority:
36	(a) in good faith;
37	(b) with the care an ordinarily prudent person in a like position would exercise under
38	similar circumstances; and
39	(c) in a manner the director or officer reasonably believes to be in the best interests of
40	the corporation.
41	(2) In discharging [his] the director's or officer's duties, a director or officer is entitled
42	to rely on information, opinions, reports, or statements, including financial statements and
43	other financial data, if prepared or presented by:
44	(a) one or more officers or employees of the corporation or of any other corporation of
45	which at least 50% of the outstanding shares of stock entitling the holder of the shares to vote
46	in the election of directors is owned directly or indirectly by the corporation, whom the director
47	or officer reasonably believes to be reliable and competent in the matters presented;
48	(b) legal counsel, public accountants, or other persons as to matters the director or
49	officer reasonably believes are within the person's professional or expert competence; or
50	(c) in the case of a director, a committee of the board of directors of which [he] the
51	<u>director</u> is not a member[,]:
52	(i) if the committee is designated in accordance with the articles of incorporation or the
53	bylaws;
54	(ii) if the information, opinion, report, or statement is within the committee's
55	designated authority;
56	(iii) if the director reasonably believes the committee merits confidence[-]; and
57	(iv) subject to Subsection (3), so long as in so relying the director is acting in good
58	faith with the degree of care contemplated by Subsection (1)(b).

59	(3) A director or officer is not acting in good faith if [he] the director or officer has
60	knowledge concerning the matter in question that makes reliance otherwise permitted by
61	Subsection (2) unwarranted.
62	(4) A director or officer is not liable to the corporation, its shareholders, or any
63	conservator or receiver, or any assignee or successor-in-interest thereof, for any action taken, or
64	any failure to take any action, as an officer or director, as the case may be, unless:
65	(a) the director or officer has breached or failed to perform the duties of the office in
66	compliance with this section; and
67	(b) the breach or failure to perform constitutes gross negligence, willful misconduct, or
68	intentional infliction of harm on the corporation or the shareholders.
69	(5) (a) For purposes of this Subsection (5) and notwithstanding Section 16-10a-102,
70	"control" means the possession, directly or indirectly, of the power to direct or cause the
71	direction of the management and policies of the corporation whether through the ownership or
72	voting stock, by contract, or otherwise.
73	(b) In taking action, including action that may involve or relate to a change or potential
74	change in the control of the corporation, the director is entitled to consider:
75	(i) both the long-term and the short-term interests of the corporation and the
76	corporation's shareholders; and
77	(ii) the effects that the corporation's actions may have in the long-term or short-term on
78	any of the following:
79	(A) the prospects for potential growth, development, productivity, and profitability of
80	the corporation;
81	(B) the corporation's current employees;
82	(C) the corporation's retired employees and other beneficiaries receiving or entitled to
83	receive retirement, welfare, or similar benefits from or pursuant to any plan sponsored, or
84	agreement entered into, by the corporation;
85	(D) the corporation's customers and creditors; and
86	(E) the ability of the corporation to provide, as a going concern, goods, services,
87	employment opportunities, employment benefits, and otherwise contribute to the communities
88	in which the corporation does business.
89	(c) This Subsection (5) does not create any duty owed by a director to any person to

90	consider or afford any particular weight to any factor listed in Subsection (5)(b) or abrogate any
91	duty of the director, either statutory or recognized by common law or court decisions.
92	Section 2. Section 16-10a-1801 is enacted to read:
93	Part 18. Business Combinations
94	<u>16-10a-1801.</u> Title.
95	This part is known as "Business Combinations."
96	Section 3. Section 16-10a-1802 is enacted to read:
97	<u>16-10a-1802.</u> Definitions.
98	As used in this part:
99	(1) "Affiliate" means the same as that term is defined in Section 16-10a-102.
100	(2) "Announcement date," when used in reference to a business combination, means
101	the date of the first public announcement of the final, definitive proposal for the business
102	combination.
103	(3) "Associate," when used to indicate a relationship with a person, means:
104	(a) a corporation or organization of which the person is an officer or partner or is,
105	directly or indirectly, the beneficial owner of 10% or more of any class of voting stock;
106	(b) a trust or other estate in which the person has a substantial beneficial interest or as
107	to which the person serves as trustee or in a similar fiduciary capacity; and
108	(c) a relative or spouse of the person, or any relative of the spouse, who has the same
109	home as the person.
110	(4) "Beneficial owner," when used with respect to stock, means a person:
111	(a) that, individually or with or through any of its affiliates or associates, beneficially
112	owns the stock, directly or indirectly;
113	(b) that, individually or with or through any of its affiliates or associates, has:
114	(i) the right to acquire the stock:
115	(A) whether the right is exercisable immediately or only after the passage of time,
116	pursuant to an agreement, arrangement, or understanding, whether or not in writing; or
117	(B) upon the exercise of conversion rights, exchange rights, warrants, or options, or
118	otherwise, except that a person may not be considered the beneficial owner of stock tendered
119	pursuant to a tender or exchange offer made by the person or an affiliate or associate of the
120	person until the tendered stock is accepted for purchase or exchange; or

121	(ii) the right to vote the stock pursuant to an agreement, arrangement, or understanding,
122	whether or not in writing, except that a person may not be considered the beneficial owner of
123	any stock under this Subsection (4)(b)(ii) if the agreement, arrangement, or understanding to
124	vote the stock arises solely from a revocable proxy or consent given in response to a proxy or
125	consent solicitation made in accordance with the applicable regulations under the Exchange
126	Act and is not then reportable on a Schedule 13D under the Exchange Act, or any comparable
127	or successor report; or
128	(c) that has an agreement, arrangement, or understanding, whether or not in writing, for
129	the purpose of acquiring, holding, voting, except voting pursuant to a revocable proxy or
130	consent as described in Subsection (4)(b)(ii), or disposing of the stock with any other person
131	that beneficially owns, or whose affiliates or associates beneficially own, directly or indirectly,
132	the stock.
133	(5) "Business combination," when used in reference to any domestic corporation and
134	an interested shareholder of the corporation, means:
135	(a) a merger or consolidation of the corporation or any subsidiary of the corporation
136	with:
137	(i) the interested shareholder; or
138	(ii) any other corporation, whether or not that corporation is an interested shareholder
139	of the corporation, that is, or after the merger or consolidation would be, an affiliate or
140	associate of the interested shareholder;
141	(b) any sale, lease, exchange, mortgage, pledge, transfer, or other disposition, in one
142	transaction or a series of transactions, to or with the interested shareholder or any affiliate or
143	associate of the interested shareholder of assets of the corporation or any subsidiary of the
144	corporation:
145	(i) having an aggregate market value equal to 10% or more of the aggregate market
146	value of all the assets, determined on a consolidated basis, of the corporation;
147	(ii) having an aggregate market value equal to 10% or more of the aggregate market
148	value of all the outstanding stock of the corporation; or
149	(iii) representing 10% or more of the earning power or net income, determined on a
150	consolidated basis, of the corporation;
151	(c) the issuance or transfer by the corporation or any subsidiary of the corporation, in

152 one transaction or a series of transactions, of any stock of the corporation or any subsidiary of the corporation that has an aggregate market value equal to 5% or more of the aggregate market 153 154 value of all the outstanding stock of the corporation to the interested shareholder or any 155 affiliate or associate of the interested shareholder except pursuant to the exercise of warrants or 156 rights to purchase stock offered, or a dividend or distribution paid or made, pro rata to all 157 shareholders of the corporation; 158 (d) the adoption of any plan or proposal for the liquidation or dissolution of the corporation proposed by, or pursuant to any agreement, arrangement, or understanding, 159 160 whether or not in writing, with, the interested shareholder or any affiliate or associate of the interested shareholder; 161 162 (e) any reclassification of securities, including a stock split, stock dividend, or other 163 distribution of stock in respect of stock, or any reverse stock split, or recapitalization of the 164 corporation, or any merger or consolidation of the corporation with any subsidiary of the 165 corporation, or any other transaction, whether or not with, into, or otherwise involving the 166 interested shareholder: 167 (i) proposed by, or pursuant to any agreement, arrangement, or understanding, whether or not in writing, with, the interested shareholder or any affiliate or associate of the interested 168 169 shareholder; and 170 (ii) that has the effect, directly or indirectly, of increasing the proportionate share of the 171 outstanding shares of any class or series of voting stock or securities convertible into voting 172 stock of the corporation or any subsidiary of the corporation that is directly or indirectly owned 173 by the interested shareholder or any affiliate or associate of the interested shareholder, except 174 as a result of immaterial changes due to fractional share adjustments; or 175 (f) a receipt by the interested shareholder or an affiliate or associate of the interested 176 shareholder of the benefit, directly or indirectly, except proportionately as a shareholder of the 177 corporation, of a loan, advance, guarantee, pledge, or other financial assistance or any tax credit 178 or other tax advantage provided by or through the corporation. 179 (6) "Common stock" means stock other than preferred stock.

- (7) "Consummation date," with respect to a business combination, means:
- (a) the date of consummation of the business combination; or

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(b) in the case of a business combination as to which a shareholder vote is taken, the

183	<u>later of:</u>
184	(i) the business day before the vote; or
185	(ii) 20 days before the date of consummation of the business combination.
186	(8) (a) "Control," including the terms "controlling," "controlled by," and "under
187	common control with," means the same as that term is defined in Section 16-10a-102.
188	(b) A person's beneficial ownership of 10% or more of a corporation's outstanding
189	voting stock creates a presumption that the person has control of the corporation.
190	(c) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this Subsection (8), a person may not be
191	considered to have control of a corporation if the person holds voting stock, in good faith and
192	not for the purpose of circumventing this part, as an agent, bank, broker, nominee, custodian, or
193	trustee for one or more beneficial owners that do not individually or as a group have control of
194	the corporation.
195	(9) "Exchange Act" means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, 15 U.S.C. Sec. 78a et
196	seq. as amended.
197	(10) (a) "Interested shareholder," when used in reference to a domestic corporation,
198	means a person, other than the corporation or a subsidiary of the corporation, that:
199	(i) is the beneficial owner, directly or indirectly, of 20% or more of the outstanding
200	voting stock of the corporation; or
201	(ii) is an affiliate or associate of the corporation and at any time within the five-year
202	period immediately before the date in question was the beneficial owner, directly or indirectly,
203	of 20% or more of the then outstanding voting stock of the corporation.
204	(b) For the purpose of determining whether a person is an interested shareholder, the
205	number of shares of voting stock of the corporation considered to be outstanding shall include
206	shares considered to be beneficially owned by the person through application of Subsection (4),
207	but may not include any other unissued shares of voting stock of the corporation that may be
208	issuable pursuant to any agreement, arrangement, or understanding, or upon exercise of
209	conversion rights, warrants, or options, or otherwise.
210	(11) "Market value," when used in reference to stock or property of a domestic
211	corporation, means:
212	(a) in the case of stock:
213	(i) the highest closing sale price during the 30-day period immediately preceding the

214	date in question of a share of the stock on the composite tape for New York stock
215	exchange-listed stocks;
216	(ii) if the stock is not quoted on the composite tape or listed on the exchange described
217	in Subsection (11)(a)(i), the highest closing sale price during the 30-day period immediately
218	preceding the date in question on the principal United States securities exchange registered
219	under the Exchange Act on which the stock is listed;
220	(iii) if the stock is not quoted on the composite tape or listed on the exchange described
221	in Subsection (11)(a)(i) and is not listed on an exchange described in Subsection (11)(a)(ii), the
222	highest closing bid quotation with respect to a share of the stock during the 30-day period
223	preceding the date in question on the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc.,
224	Automated Quotations System or any system then in use; or
225	(iv) if no quotation is available under Subsections (11)(a)(i) through (iii), the fair
226	market value on the date in question of a share of the stock as determined by the board of
227	directors of the corporation in good faith; and
228	(b) in the case of property other than cash or stock, the fair market value of the property
229	on the date in question as determined by the board of directors of the corporation in good faith.
230	(12) "Preferred stock" means a class or series of stock of a domestic corporation that
231	under the bylaws or articles of incorporation of the corporation:
232	(a) is entitled to receive payment of dividends before any payment of dividends on
233	some other class or series of stock; or
234	(b) is entitled in the event of a voluntary liquidation, dissolution, or winding up of the
235	corporation to receive payment or distribution of a preferential amount before a payment or
236	distribution is received by some other class or series of stock.
237	(13) "Stock" means:
238	(a) a stock or similar security, a certificate of interest, any participation in a profit
239	sharing agreement, a voting trust certificate, or a certificate of deposit for stock;
240	(b) a security convertible, with or without consideration, into stock;
241	(c) a warrant, call, or other option or privilege of buying stock without being bound to
242	do so; or
243	(d) any other security carrying a right to acquire, subscribe to, or purchase stock.
244	(14) "Stock acquisition date," with respect to a person and a domestic corporation,

245	means the date that the person first becomes an interested shareholder of the corporation.
246	(15) "Subsidiary" of a person means any other corporation of which a majority of the
247	voting stock is owned, directly or indirectly, by the person.
248	(16) "Voting stock" means shares of capital stock of a corporation entitled to vote
249	generally in the election of directors.
250	Section 4. Section 16-10a-1803 is enacted to read:
251	16-10a-1803. Business combinations.
252	(1) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this chapter, except Section
253	16-10a-1804, a domestic corporation may not engage in a business combination with an
254	interested shareholder of the corporation for a period of five years following the interested
255	shareholder's stock acquisition date unless the business combination or the purchase of stock
256	made by the interested shareholder on the interested shareholder's stock acquisition date is
257	approved by the board of directors of the corporation before the interested shareholder's stock
258	acquisition date.
259	(2) (a) If a good faith proposal is made in writing to the board of directors of the
260	corporation regarding a business combination, the board of directors shall respond in writing,
261	within 30 days or such shorter period, if any, as may be required by the Exchange Act, setting
262	forth the board of directors' reasons for the board of directors' decision regarding the proposal.
263	(b) If a good faith proposal to purchase stock is made in writing to the board of
264	directors of the corporation, unless the board of directors responds affirmatively in writing
265	within 30 days or such shorter period, if any, as may be required by the Exchange Act, the
266	board of directors is considered to have disapproved the proposal.
267	(3) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this chapter, except Subsection (2) and
268	Section 16-10a-1804, a domestic corporation may not engage at any time in any business
269	combination with an interested shareholder of the corporation other than a business
270	combination specified in Subsection (4), (5), or (6).
271	(4) A domestic corporation may engage in a business combination with an interested
272	shareholder of the corporation if:
273	(a) the business combination is approved by the board of directors of the corporation
274	before the interested shareholder's stock acquisition date; or
275	(b) the purchase of stock made by the interested shareholder on the interested

shareholder's stock acquisition date is approved by the board of directors of the corporation before the interested shareholder's stock acquisition date.

- (5) A domestic corporation may engage in a business combination with an interested shareholder of the corporation if the business combination is approved by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the outstanding voting stock not beneficially owned by the interested shareholder or an affiliate or associate of the interested shareholder at a meeting called for that purpose no earlier than five years after the interested shareholder's stock acquisition date.
- (6) A domestic corporation may engage in a business combination with an interested shareholder of the corporation if the business combination meets all of the following conditions:
- (a) the aggregate amount of the cash and the market value as of the consummation date of consideration, other than cash to be received per share by holders of outstanding shares of common stock of the corporation in the business combination, is at least equal to the higher of the following:
 - (i) the sum of:

- (A) the highest per share price paid by the interested shareholder at a time when the interested shareholder was the beneficial owner, directly or indirectly, of 5% or more of the outstanding voting stock of the corporation, for any shares of common stock of the same class or series acquired by the interested shareholder within the five-year period immediately before the announcement date with respect to the business combination, or within the five-year period immediately before, or in, the transaction in which the interested shareholder became an interested shareholder, whichever is higher; and
- (B) interest compounded annually from the earliest date on which the highest per share acquisition price was paid through the consummation date at the rate for one-year United States treasury obligations from time to time in effect, less the aggregate amount of any cash dividends paid, and the market value of any dividends paid other than in cash, per share of common stock since the earliest date, up to the amount of the interest; and
 - (ii) the sum of:
- (A) the higher of the market value per share of common stock on the announcement date with respect to the business combination or on the interested shareholder's stock

acquisition date; a

- (B) interest compounded annually from the acquisition date through the consummation date at the rate for one-year United States treasury obligations from time to time in effect, less the aggregate amount of any cash dividends paid, and the market value of any dividends paid other than in cash, per share of common stock since the acquisition date, up to the amount of the interest;
- (b) the aggregate amount of the cash and the market value as of the consummation date of consideration other than cash to be received per share by holders of outstanding shares of any class or series of stock, other than common stock, of the corporation is at least equal to the highest of the following, whether or not the interested shareholder has previously acquired any shares of the class or series of stock:
 - (i) the sum of:
- (A) the higher of the highest per share price paid by the interested shareholder at a time when the interested shareholder was the beneficial owner, directly or indirectly, of 5% or more of the outstanding voting stock of the corporation, for any shares of the class or series of stock acquired by the interested shareholder within the five-year period immediately before the announcement date with respect to the business combination, or within the five-year period immediately before, or in, the transaction in which the interested shareholder became an interested shareholder, whichever is higher; and
- (B) interest compounded annually from the earliest date on which the highest per share acquisition price was paid through the consummation date at the rate for one-year United States treasury obligations from time to time in effect, less the aggregate amount of any cash dividends paid, and the market value of any dividends paid other than in cash, per share of the class or series of stock since the earliest date, up to the amount of the interest;
 - (ii) the sum of:
- (A) the highest preferential amount per share to which the holders of shares of the class or series of stock are entitled in the event of a voluntary liquidation, dissolution, or winding up of the corporation; and
- (B) the aggregate amount of any dividends declared or due as to which the holders are entitled before payment of dividends on some other class or series of stock, unless the aggregate amount of the dividends is included in the preferential amount; and

338	(iii) the sum of:
339	(A) the market value per share of the class or series of stock on the announcement date
340	with respect to the business combination or on the interested shareholder's stock acquisition
341	date, whichever is higher; and
342	(B) interest compounded annually from the acquisition date through the consummation
343	date at the rate for one-year United States treasury obligations from time to time in effect, less
344	the aggregate amount of any cash dividends paid, and the market value of any dividends paid
345	other than in cash, per share of the class or series of stock since the acquisition date, up to the
346	amount of the interest;
347	(c) the consideration to be received by holders of a particular class or series of
348	outstanding stock, including common stock of the corporation, in the business combination is
349	$\underline{\text{in cash or in the same form as the interested shareholder has used to acquire the largest number}$
350	of shares of the class or series of stock previously acquired by the interested shareholder, and
351	the consideration shall be distributed promptly;
352	(d) the holders of all outstanding shares of stock of the corporation not beneficially
353	owned by the interested shareholder immediately before the consummation of the business
354	combination are entitled to receive in the business combination cash or other consideration for
355	the shares in compliance with Subsections (6)(a), (b), and (c); and
356	(e) after the interested shareholder's stock acquisition date and before the
357	consummation date with respect to the business combination, the interested shareholder has not
358	become the beneficial owner of any additional shares of voting stock of the corporation except:
359	(i) as part of the transaction that resulted in the interested shareholder becoming an
360	interested shareholder;
361	(ii) by virtue of proportionate stock splits, stock dividends, or other distributions of
362	stock in respect of stock not constituting a business combination under Subsection
363	<u>16-10a-1802(5)(e);</u>
364	(iii) through a business combination meeting the conditions of Subsection (5); or
365	(iv) through purchase by the interested shareholder at any price that, if the price is paid
366	in an otherwise permissible business combination the announcement date and consummation
367	date of which were the date of the purchase, would have satisfied the requirements of
368	<u>Subsections (4), (5), and (6).</u>

369	Section 5. Section 16-10a-1804 is enacted to read:
370	<u>16-10a-1804.</u> Scope of part.
371	This part does not apply:
372	(1) to a business combination of a domestic corporation that does not have a class of
373	voting stock registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to Exchange
374	Act, Sec. 12, 15 U.S.C. Sec. 78l, unless the articles of incorporation provide otherwise;
375	(2) to a business combination of a domestic corporation whose articles of incorporation
376	are amended to provide that the domestic corporation is subject to this part that:
377	(a) did not have a class of voting stock registered with the Securities and Exchange
378	Commission pursuant to Exchange Act, Sec. 12, 15 U.S.C. Sec. 78l, on the effective date of the
379	amendment; and
380	(b) is a business combination with an interested shareholder whose stock acquisition
381	date is before the effective date of the amendment;
382	(3) to a business combination of a domestic corporation:
383	(a) the original articles of incorporation of which contain a provision expressly electing
384	not to be governed by this part;
385	(b) that adopts an amendment to the corporation's bylaws before May 10, 2016,
386	expressly electing not to be governed by this part; or
387	(c) that adopts an amendment to the corporation's bylaws, approved by the affirmative
388	vote of a majority of votes of the outstanding voting stock of the corporation, excluding the
389	voting stock of interested shareholders and their affiliates and associates, expressly electing not
390	to be governed by this part, provided that the amendment to the bylaws:
391	(i) may not be effective until 18 months after the vote of the corporation's shareholders;
392	<u>and</u>
393	(ii) may not apply to a business combination of the corporation with an interested
394	shareholder whose stock acquisition date is on or before the effective date of the amendment;
395	(4) to any business combination of a domestic corporation with an interested
396	shareholder of the corporation that became an interested shareholder inadvertently, if the
397	interested shareholder:
398	(a) as soon as practicable, divests itself of a sufficient amount of the voting stock of the
399	corporation so that it no longer is the beneficial owner, directly or indirectly, of 20% or more of

400	the outstanding voting stock of the corporation; and
401	(b) would not at any time within the five-year period preceding the announcement date
402	with respect to the business combination have been an interested shareholder but for the
403	inadvertent acquisition; or
404	(5) to any business combination with an interested shareholder who was the beneficial
405	owner, directly or indirectly, of 5% or more of the outstanding voting stock of the corporation
406	on May 10, 2016, and remained so to the interested shareholder's stock acquisition date.

Legislative Review Note Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

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