	IMPLEMENTING FEDERAL EDUCATION PROGRAM
	AMENDMENTS
	2016 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
	Chief Sponsor: David E. Lifferth
	Senate Sponsor: J. Stuart Adams
LC	ONG TITLE
Ge	neral Description:
	This bill amends provisions regarding implementing federal education programs.
Hig	ghlighted Provisions:
	This bill:
	• requires the State Board of Education to take certain actions prior to implementing
fed	leral programs that do not directly and simultaneously advance state goals,
obj	ectives, program needs, and accountability systems.
Mo	oney Appropriated in this Bill:
	None
Ot	her Special Clauses:
	None
Uta	ah Code Sections Affected:
AN	MENDS:
	53A-1-903, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 342
Ве	it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section <b>53A-1-903</b> is amended to read:
	53A-1-903. Federal programs School official duties.
	(1) School officials may:



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28	(a) apply for, receive, and administer funds made available through programs of the
29	federal government;
30	(b) only expend federal funds for the purposes for which they are received and are
31	accounted for by the state, school district, or charter school; and
32	(c) reduce or eliminate a program created with or expanded by federal funds to the
33	extent allowed by law when federal funds for that program are subsequently reduced or
34	eliminated.
35	(2) School officials shall:
36	(a) prioritize resources, especially to resolve conflicts between federal provisions or
37	between federal and state programs, including:
38	(i) providing first priority to meeting state goals, objectives, program needs, and
39	accountability systems as they relate to federal programs; and
40	(ii) subject to Subsection (4), providing second priority to implementing federal goals,
41	objectives, program needs, and accountability systems that do not directly and simultaneously
42	advance state goals, objectives, program needs, and accountability systems;
43	(b) interpret the provisions of federal programs in the best interest of students in this
44	state;
45	(c) maximize local control and flexibility;
46	(d) minimize additional state resources that are diverted to implement federal programs
47	beyond the federal money that is provided to fund the programs;
48	(e) request changes to federal educational programs, especially programs that are
49	underfunded or provide conflicts with other state or federal programs, including:
50	(i) federal statutes;
51	(ii) federal regulations; and
52	(iii) other federal policies and interpretations of program provisions; and
53	(f) seek waivers from all possible federal statutes, requirements, regulations, and
54	program provisions from federal education officials to:
55	(i) maximize state flexibility in implementing program provisions; and
56	(ii) receive reasonable time to comply with federal program provisions.
57	(3) The requirements of school officials under this part, including the responsibility to
58	lobby federal officials, are not intended to mandate school officials to incur costs or require the

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59	hiring of lobbyists, but are intended to be performed in the course of school officials' normal
60	duties.
61	(4) (a) As used in this Subsection (4), "Education Fund revenue surplus" means the
62	same as that term is defined in Section 63J-1-313.
63	(b) Before prioritizing the implementation of federal goals, objectives, program needs,
64	or accountability systems that do not directly and simultaneously advance state goals,
65	objectives, program needs, or accountability systems, the State Board of Education shall:
66	(i) determine the financial impact of failure to implement the federal goal, objective,
67	program need, or accountability system; and
68	(ii) if the State Board of Education determines that failure to implement the federal
69	goal, objective, program need, or accountability system may result in a financial loss, request
70	that the Legislature mitigate the financial loss.
71	(c) A mitigation requested under Subsection (4)(b)(ii) may include appropriating
72	available Education Fund revenue surplus through an appropriations act, including an
73	appropriations act passed during a special session called by the governor or a general session.

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