Senator Mark B. Madsen proposes the following substitute bill:

1	MEDICAL CANNABIS ACT
2	2016 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Mark B. Madsen
5	House Sponsor: Gage Froerer
6	
7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill modifies and enacts provisions related to medical cannabis.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	 allows an individual with a qualifying illness who registers with the Department of
13	Health to possess and use, under certain circumstances, $\hat{S} \rightarrow [cannabis,] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ a cannabis
14	product $\hat{S} \rightarrow [,] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ or a medical cannabis device;
15	 directs the Department of Health, the Department of Agriculture and Food, the
16	Department of Public Safety, and the Department of Technology Services to:
17	• determine the function and operation of a state electronic verification system;
18	and
19	• select a third party provider to develop and maintain the state electronic
20	verification system;
21	 directs the Department of Health to issue:
22	• a license to operate a cannabis dispensary to a person who meets certain
23	qualifications; and
24	• to an individual who meets certain qualifications, a registration card to act as an
25	agent of a cannabis dispensary;

26	 directs the Department of Agriculture and Food to issue, to a person who meets
27	certain qualifications, a license to operate a cannabis production establishment,
28	including:
29	• a cannabis cultivation facility;
30	• a cannabis processing facility; or
31	• an independent cannabis testing laboratory;
32	 directs the Department of Agriculture and Food to issue, to an individual who meets
33	certain qualifications, a registration card to act as an agent of a cannabis production
34	establishment;
35	 directs the Department of Health to issue a medical cannabis card to an individual
36	who meets the requirements of:
37	• a qualified patient;
38	• a parent or guardian of a minor who is a qualified patient; or
39	• a designated caregiver of a qualified patient;
40	► allows a licensed cannabis dispensary to possess $\hat{S} \rightarrow [cannabis,] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ a cannabis
40a	product $\hat{S} \rightarrow [,] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ or a
41	medical cannabis device, and to sell the $\hat{S} \rightarrow [cannabis,] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ cannabis product $\hat{S} \rightarrow [,] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ or
41a	medical
42	cannabis device to an individual with a medical cannabis card;
43	 allows a licensed cannabis cultivation facility to grow cannabis, possess cannabis,
44	and sell the cannabis to a licensed cannabis processing facility $\hat{S} \rightarrow [or a licensed]$
45	cannabis dispensary] ←Ŝ ;
46	 allows a licensed cannabis processing facility to possess cannabis, process cannabis
47	into a cannabis product, and sell the cannabis product to a licensed cannabis
48	dispensary;
49	 allows a licensed independent cannabis testing laboratory to possess cannabis or a
50	cannabis product for the purpose of testing the cannabis or cannabis product for
51	content and safety;
52	$\hat{S} \rightarrow [\longrightarrow preempts an ordinance enacted by a political subdivision regarding a medical$
53	cannabis establishment;
54	provides that a licensed cannabis dispensary or licensed cannabis production
55	establishment may operate in a political subdivision as:
56	• a permitted use in an industrial, manufacturing, agriculture, or similar zone; and O

57	 as a conditional use in a commercial or similar zone;
8	: Provides that a licensed cannabis production establishment may operate in a
)	political subdivision:
)	• as a permitted use in an industrial, manufacturing, agriculture, or similar zone;] 🗲 Ŝ
	 allows an individual driving with a measurable metabolite of cannabis to assert, as
	an affirmative defense, that the individual used the cannabis pursuant to Utah law or
	the law of another state;
	 prohibits a court from discriminating against a parent in a child custody case based
	on the parent's lawful possession or use of $\hat{S} \rightarrow [medical cannabis] a cannabis product \leftarrow \hat{S}$;
	 prohibits a peace officer or child welfare worker from removing a child from an
	individual's home on the basis of the individual's lawful possession or use of $\hat{S} \rightarrow \underline{a} \leftarrow \hat{S}$
	cannabis $\hat{S} \rightarrow \underline{product} \leftarrow \hat{S}$;
	$\hat{S} \rightarrow [\rightarrow prohibits a state or political subdivision employer from discriminating against a$
	public employee because of the employee's lawful possession of or use of cannabis,
	a cannabis product, or a medical cannabis device.] (= Ŝ
	► imposes a tax on the sale of $\hat{S} \rightarrow [cannabis,] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ a cannabis product $\hat{S} \rightarrow [,] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ or a
	medical cannabis
	device at a cannabis dispensary;
	• exempts from sales and use tax the sale of $\hat{S} \rightarrow [cannabis,] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ a cannabis product
	Ŝ→ [,] ←Ŝ or a
	medical cannabis device by a cannabis dispensary;
	 creates the Medical Cannabis Restricted Account, consisting of:
	• proceeds of the medical cannabis tax;
	 medical cannabis card application fees;
	• cannabis dispensary application and licensing fees;
	• cannabis production establishment application and licensing fees; and
	• fines collected for violations of state medical cannabis law; and
	 repeals and replaces, after state medical cannabis regulation is implemented, the
	Hemp Extract Regulation Act.
	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
	None
	Other Special Clauses:
	This bill provides a special effective date.

Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:
Ŝ→ [— 10-9a-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 309
————————————————————————————————————
30-3-10 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 409
41-6a-517, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 333
62A-4a-202.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapters 221 and 293
63I-1-226, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapters 16, 31, and 258
63I-1-258, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapters 40, 186, 187, 320, 367
and 432
78A-6-508, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 409
ENACTS:
4-42-101, Utah Code Annotated 1953
4-42-102, Utah Code Annotated 1953
4-42-103, Utah Code Annotated 1953
Ŝ→ [—4 -42-104, Utah Code Annotated 1953] ← Ŝ
4-42-201, Utah Code Annotated 1953
4-42-202, Utah Code Annotated 1953
4-42-203, Utah Code Annotated 1953
4-42-301, Utah Code Annotated 1953
4-42-302, Utah Code Annotated 1953
4-42-303, Utah Code Annotated 1953
4-42-401, Utah Code Annotated 1953
4-42-402, Utah Code Annotated 1953
4-42-403, Utah Code Annotated 1953
4-42-404, Utah Code Annotated 1953
Ŝ → [— 4-42-405, Utah Code Annotated 1953] ← Ŝ
4-42-501, Utah Code Annotated 1953
4-42-601, Utah Code Annotated 1953
4-42-602, Utah Code Annotated 1953
4-42-603, Utah Code Annotated 1953

119	4-42-701, Utah Code Annotated 1953
120	4-42-702 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
121	4-42-801 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
122	26-58-101 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
123	26-58-102 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
124	Ŝ→ [
125	26-58-104 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
126	26-58-105 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
127	26-58-106 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
128	26-58-107 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
129	26-58-108, Utah Code Annotated 1953
130	26-58-109, Utah Code Annotated 1953
131	Ŝ→ [26-58-110, Utah Code Annotated 1953] ←Ŝ
132	26-58-201, Utah Code Annotated 1953
133	26-58-202, Utah Code Annotated 1953
134	26-58-203, Utah Code Annotated 1953
135	26-58-204, Utah Code Annotated 1953
136	26-58-301, Utah Code Annotated 1953
137	26-58-302, Utah Code Annotated 1953
138	26-58-303, Utah Code Annotated 1953
139	26-58-304, Utah Code Annotated 1953
140	26-58-401, Utah Code Annotated 1953
141	26-58-402, Utah Code Annotated 1953
142	26-58-403, Utah Code Annotated 1953
143	26-58-501, Utah Code Annotated 1953
144	26-58-502, Utah Code Annotated 1953
145	26-58-503, Utah Code Annotated 1953
146	26-58-504, Utah Code Annotated 1953
147	26-58-505, Utah Code Annotated 1953
148	Ŝ⇒ [26-58-506, Utah Code Annotated 1953] ← Ŝ
149	26-58-601, Utah Code Annotated 1953

212	(b) possesses cannabis or a cannabis product with the intent to conduct a chemical or
213	other analysis of the cannabis or cannabis product.
214	(14) "Independent cannabis testing laboratory agent" means an individual who is an
215	owner, officer, director, board member, employee, or volunteer of an independent cannabis
216	testing laboratory.
217	(15) "Inventory control system" means the system described in Section 4-42-103.
218	(16) "Medical cannabis card" means the same as that term is defined in Section
219	<u>26-58-102.</u>
220	(17) "Medical Cannabis Restricted Account" means the account created in Section
221	<u>26-58-109.</u>
222	(18) "Physician" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26-58-201.
223	(19) "State electronic verification system" means the system described in Section
224	<u>26-58-104.</u>
225	Section 3. Section 4-42-103 is enacted to read:
226	<u>4-42-103.</u> Inventory control system.
227	(1) A cannabis production establishment and a cannabis dispensary shall maintain an
228	inventory control system that meets the requirements of this section.
229	(2) An inventory control system shall track cannabis, using a unique identifier, in real
230	time, from the point that a cannabis plant is eight inches tall, and has a root ball, until the
231	cannabis is sold, in the form of $\hat{S} \rightarrow [$ unprocessed cannabis or $] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ a cannabis product, to an
231a	individual
232	with a medical cannabis card.
233	(3) An inventory control system shall store in real time a record of the amount of
234	cannabis and cannabis products in the cannabis production establishment's or cannabis
235	dispensary's possession.
236	(4) An inventory control system shall include a video recording system that:
237	(a) tracks all handling and processing of cannabis or a cannabis product in the cannabis
238	production establishment or cannabis dispensary;
239	(b) is tamper proof;
240	(c) is capable of storing a video record for 45 days.
241	(5) An inventory control system installed in a cannabis production establishment or
242	cannabis dispensary shall maintain compatibility with the state electronic verification system.

243	(6) A cannabis production establishment or cannabis dispensary shall allow the
244	department or The Department of Health access to the cannabis production establishment's or
245	cannabis dispensary's inventory control system during an inspection.
246	(7) The department may establish compatibility standards for an inventory control
247	system by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
248	Rulemaking Act.
249	Ŝ→ [Section 4. Section 4-42-104 is enacted to read:
250	<u> 4-42-104.</u> Preemption.
251	<u>This chapter preempts any ordinance enacted by a political subdivision of the state</u>
252	<u>regarding a cannabis production establishment.</u>] (\$
253	$\hat{S} \rightarrow [Section 5.]$ Section 4. $\leftarrow \hat{S}$ Section 4-42-201 is enacted to read:
254	Part 2. Cannabis Production Establishment
255	<u>4-42-201.</u> Cannabis production establishment License.
256	(1) In order to operate a cannabis production establishment, a person shall obtain a
257	license issued by the department under this chapter.
258	(2) Subject to Subsections (6) and (7), the department shall, within 30 days after
259	receiving a complete application, issue a license to operate a cannabis production establishment
260	to a person who submits to the department:
261	(a) a proposed name, address, and physical location where the person will operate the
262	cannabis production establishment:
263	(b) an operating plan that complies with Section 4-42-203;
264	(c) evidence that the person possesses or controls a minimum of \$250,000 in liquid
265	assets for each license for which the person applies:
266	(d) for each location of a cannabis production establishment for which the person
267	applies, a complete application for a local business license;
268	(e) an application fee:
269	(i) before January 1, 2017, of \$2,500; and
270	(ii) after January 1, 2017, in an amount established by the department in accordance
271	with Section 63J-1-504, that is necessary to cover the department's cost to implement this
272	chapter; and
273	(f) the result of a criminal background check for each proposed cannabis production

460	(b) maintains a record of the individual's access.
461	(4) A cannabis production establishment shall operate in a facility that has:
462	(a) no exterior signage that indicates the type of business;
463	(b) a single, secure public entrance;
464	(c) a security system with a backup power source that:
465	(i) detects and records entry into the cannabis production establishment during business
466	hours; and
467	(ii) provides notice of an unauthorized entry to law enforcement when the cannabis
468	production establishment is closed; and
469	(d) a locked and reinforced area where the cannabis production establishment stores
470	cannabis or a cannabis product.
470a	Ŝ→ (5) <u>A cannabis production establishment may not operate:</u>
470b	(a) within 600 feet of a community location, as defined in Section 32B-1-102, that is
470c	<u>not a public or private school; or</u>
470d	(b) within 1000 feet of a public or private school. ←Ŝ
471	Section 12. Section 4-42-402 is enacted to read:
472	<u>4-42-402.</u> Inspections.
473	(1) Subject to Subsection (2), the department shall inspect the records and facility of a
474	cannabis production establishment in order to determine if the cannabis production
475	establishment complies with the licensing requirements of this chapter.
476	(2) The department may inspect the records and facility of a cannabis production
477	<u>establishment</u> Ŝ→ [<u>:</u>
478	(a) up to three scheduled times per year;
479	(b) up to as one unscheduled time per year; and
480	<u>(c) if the department has reason to believe that the cannabis production establishment</u>
481	has violated the law, $ \doteq \hat{s} $ at any time, scheduled or unscheduled.
482	Section 13. Section 4-42-403 is enacted to read:
483	<u>4-42-403.</u> Advertising.
484	(1) A cannabis production establishment may not advertise to the general public in any
485	<u>medium.</u>
486	(2) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), a cannabis production establishment may advertise
487	employment opportunities at the cannabis production facility.
488	Section 14. Section 4-42-404 is enacted to read:
489	<u>4-42-404.</u> Cannabis, cannabis product, or medical cannabis device transportation.
490	(1) Except for an individual or a designated caregiver with a medical cannabis card

521	local government's jurisdiction, on the sole basis that the cannabis production establishment is 🛇
520	a cannabis production establishment from operating in a location within the municipality's or
519	(1) A municipality or local government may not enact a zoning ordinance that prohibits
518	<u>4-42-405.</u> Zoning.
517	Ŝ→ [Section 15. Section 4-42-405 is enacted to read:
516	under Subsection (3) is subject to a \$100 fine.
515	(5) A registered cannabis production establishment agent who is guilty of an infraction
514	person or in the transport vehicle, a manifest that complies with Subsection (3).
513	(b) does not possess, on the registered cannabis production establishment agent's
512	(a) transports cannabis, a cannabis product, or a medical cannabis device; and
511	of an infraction if the registered cannabis production establishment agent:
510	(4) A cannabis production establishment agent registered with the department is guilty
509	products.
508	cannabis device that are related to safety for human consumption of cannabis or cannabis
507	Rulemaking Act, requirements for transporting cannabis, a cannabis product, or a medical
506	establish, by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
505	(3) In addition to the requirements in Subsections (1) and (2), the department may
504	the cannabis, cannabis product, or medical cannabis device.
503	(c) indicates the departure and arrival times and locations of the individual transporting
502	medical cannabis device the individual is transporting; and
501	(b) includes origin and destination information for any cannabis, cannabis product, or
500	cannabis device to a related inventory control system;
499	(a) includes a unique identifier that links the cannabis, cannabis product, or medical
498	device shall possess a transportation manifest that:
497	(2) An individual transporting cannabis, a cannabis product, or a medical cannabis
496	(b) a registered cannabis dispensary agent.
495	(a) a registered cannabis production establishment agent; or
494	cannabis dispensary if the individual is:
493	cannabis production establishments or between a cannabis production establishment and a
492	individual may only transport cannabis, a cannabis product, or a cannabis device between
491	who possesses cannabis or a cannabis product in accordance with Section 26-58-204, an

a cannabis production establishment.
(2) A municipality or local government shall allow a cannabis production
establishment to operate as a permitted use in an agricultural, an industrial, or a manufacturing
<u>zone, or in a zone that allows for similar uses.</u>] ←Ŝ
$\hat{S} \rightarrow [Section 16.]$ Section 15. $\leftarrow \hat{S}$ Section 4-42-501 is enacted to read:
Part 5. Cannabis Cultivation Facility Operating Requirements
<u>4-42-501.</u> Cannabis cultivation facility Operating requirements.
(1) A cannabis cultivation facility shall ensure that any cannabis growing at the
cannabis cultivation facility is screened from view at the cannabis cultivation facility perimeter.
(2) A cannabis cultivation facility shall use a unique identifier that is connected to the
cannabis cultivation facility's inventory control system for:
(a) beginning at the time a cannabis plant is 8 inches tall and has a root ball, each
<u>cannabis plant;</u>
(b) each unique harvest of cannabis plants; and
(c) each batch of cannabis transferred to a cannabis dispensary, a cannabis processing
facility, or an independent cannabis testing laboratory.
(4) The department shall review a cannabis cultivation facility's operating plan
submitted under Section 4-42-203 for the purpose of ensuring that the cannabis that a
cultivation facility cultivates is safe for human use.
$\hat{S} \rightarrow [$ Section 17.] Section 16. $\leftarrow \hat{S}$ Section 4-42-601 is enacted to read:
Part 6. Cannabis Processing Facility Operating Requirements
<u>4-42-601.</u> Cannabis processing facility Operating requirements General.
(1) A cannabis processing facility shall ensure that a cannabis product that the cannabis
processing facility sells or provides to a cannabis dispensary complies with the requirements of
this part.
(2) If a cannabis processing facility extracts cannabinoids from cannabis using a
hydrocarbon process, the cannabis processing facility shall extract the cannabinoids under a
blast hood.
(3) The department shall review a cannabis processing facility's operating plan
submitted under Section 4-42-203 for the purpose of ensuring that a cannabis product that the
cannabis processing facility produces is safe for human consumption.

553	Section 18. Section 4-42-602 is enacted to read:
554	<u>4-42-602.</u> Cannabis product Labeling and packaging.
555	(1) A cannabis product shall have a label that:
556	(a) clearly and unambiguously states that the cannabis product contains cannabis;
557	(b) clearly displays:
558	(i) the total amount of cannabinoids by weight in the cannabis product; $\hat{S} \rightarrow [and] \leftarrow \hat{S}$
559	(ii) the cannabinoid profile of the cannabis product; $\hat{S} \rightarrow and$
559a	(iii) the number of doses, and the milligrams in each dose, in the cannabis product; ←Ŝ
560	(c) has a unique batch identifier that is connected to the cannabis processing facility's
561	inventory control system.
562	(d) identifies the cannabinoid extraction method that the cannabis precessing facility
563	used to create the cannabis product;
564	(e) if the cannabis processing facility used a hydrocarbon extraction process to create
565	the cannabis product, a certification that the product contains a level of residual solvents that is
566	safe for human consumption;
567	(f) does not display images, words, or phrases that are:
568	(i) intended to appeal to children; or
569	(ii) similar to words or phrases used on candy labels; and
570	(g) certifies that the cannabis product is free from microbiological contaminants.
571	(2) A cannabis processing facility shall package a cannabis product in a container that:
572	(a) is tamper evident;
573	(b) is not appealing to children or similar to a candy container;
574	(c) is opaque; and
575	(d) complies with the industry child-resistant effectiveness standard known as F4.
576	Section 19. Section 4-42-603 is enacted to read:
577	<u>4-42-603.</u> Cannabis product Product quality.
578	(1) A cannabis processing facility may not produce a cannabis product in a physical
579	form that:
580	(a) is intended to appeal to children; or
581	(b) is designed to mimic or be mistaken for an existing candy product.
582	(2) A cannabis processing facility may not manufacture a cannabis product by applying
583	a cannabis agent only to the surface of a pre-manufactured food product that is not produced by

584	the cannabis processing facility.
585	(3) A cannabis product may vary in the cannabis product's labeled cannabis profile by
586	up to 15% of the indicated amount of a given cannabinoid, by weight.
587	(4) The department shall adopt, by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
588	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, human consumption safety standards for a cannabis
589	product that are consistent, to the extent possible, with standards adopted by the United States
590	Food and Drug Administration for products that are similarly applied or ingested.
591	Section 20. Section 4-42-701 is enacted to read:
592	Part 7. Independent Cannabis Testing Laboratories
593	4-42-701. Cannabis and cannabis product testing.
594	(1) An independent cannabis testing laboratory shall, before $\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{cannabis or}] \leftarrow \hat{S} \underline{a}$
594a	cannabis
595	product is offered for sale at a cannabis dispensary, accurately test and certify the $\hat{S} \rightarrow [cannabis or] \leftarrow \hat{S}$
596	cannabis product as provided in this section.
597	(2) An independent cannabis testing laboratory shall determine the cannabinoid profile
598	<u>of</u> Ŝ→ [<u>cannabis or</u>] ←Ŝ <u>a cannabis product.</u>
599	(3) An independent cannabis testing laboratory shall determine if $\hat{S} \rightarrow [cannabis or] \leftarrow \hat{S} \underline{a}$
600	cannabis product contains, in an amount that is harmful to human health:
601	<u>(a) mold;</u>
602	(b) fungus;
603	(c) pesticides; or
604	(d) microbial contaminants.
605	(4) For a cannabis product that is manufactured using a process that involves extraction
606	using hydrocarbons, an independent cannabis testing laboratory shall test the cannabis product
607	for an unhealthy level of a residual solvent.
608	(5) The department may determine, by rule made in accordance with Title 63G,
609	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the amount that is safe for human
610	consumption of:
611	(a) a substance described in Subsection (3); and
612	(b) a residual solvent.
613	Section 21. Section 4-42-702 is enacted to read:
614	<u>4-42-702.</u> Reporting Inspections Seizure by the department.

615	(1) If an independent cannabis testing laboratory determines that the results of a lab test
616	indicate that a $\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{cannabis or}] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ cannabis product batch may be unsafe for human
616a	consumption:
617	(a) the independent cannabis testing laboratory shall report the results and the $\hat{S} \rightarrow [cannabis$
618	or] ←Ŝ cannabis product batch simultaneously to:
619	(i) the department; and
620	(ii) the cannabis production establishment that prepared the $\hat{S} \rightarrow [cannabis or] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ cannabis
621	product batch;
622	(b) retain possession of the $\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{cannabis or}] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ cannabis product batch for one week in
622a	<u>order to</u>
623	investigate the cause of the defective batch and to make a determination; and
624	(c) allow the cannabis production establishment that prepared the $\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{cannabis or}] \leftarrow \hat{S}$
624a	cannabis
625	product batch to appeal the determination described in Subsection (1)(b), and, if necessary
626	following the appeal, allow the independent cannabis testing laboratory to retest the $\hat{S} \rightarrow [cannabis$
626a	<u>or</u>] ←Ŝ
627	cannabis product batch.
628	(2) If, under Subsection (1)(b), the department determines, following an appeal, that a
629	$\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{cannabis or}] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ cannabis product prepared by a cannabis production establishment is unsafe
629a	for
630	human consumption, the department may seize, embargo, or destroy a $\hat{S} \rightarrow [cannabis or] \leftarrow \hat{S}$
630a	<u>cannabis</u>
631	product batch.
632	Section 22. Section 4-42-801 is enacted to read:
633	Part 8. Enforcement
634	<u>4-42-801.</u> Enforcement Fine Citation.
635	(1) For a violation of the licensing provisions of this chapter by a person that is a
636	cannabis production establishment or a cannabis production establishment agent:
637	(a) revoke the person's cannabis production establishment license or cannabis
638	production establishment agent registration card;
639	(b) refuse to renew the person's license or registration; or
640	(c) assess the person an administrative penalty.
641	(2) The department shall deposit an administrative penalty imposed under this section
642	in the Medical Cannabis Restricted Account.
643	(3) (a) The department may take an action described in Subsection (3)(b) if the
644	department concludes, upon inspection or investigation, that, for a person that is a cannabis
645	production establishment or a cannabis production establishment agent:

646	(i) the person has violated the provisions of this chapter, a rule made under this
647	chapter, or an order issued under this chapter; or
648	(ii) the person produced $\hat{S} \rightarrow [cannabis or] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ a cannabis product batch that a test shows
648a	contains
649	a contaminant described in Section 4-42-701.
650	(b) If the department makes the determination about a person described in Subsection
651	(3)(a)(i), the department shall:
652	(i) issue the person a written citation;
653	(ii) attempt to negotiate a stipulated settlement; or
654	(iii) direct the person to appear before an adjudicative proceeding conducted under
655	Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act.
656	(c) If the department makes the determination about a person described in Subsection
657	(3)(a)(ii), the department may:
658	(i) seize, embargo, or destroy the cannabis or cannabis product batch as described in
659	<u>Subsection 4-42-702(2); and</u>
660	(ii) direct the person to appear before an adjudicative proceeding conducted under Title
661	63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act.
662	(4) The department may, for a person subject to an uncontested citation, a stipulated
663	settlement, or a finding of a violation in an adjudicative proceeding under this section:
664	(a) assess the person a fine, established in accordance with Section 63J-1-504, of up to
665	\$5,000 per violation, in accordance with a fine schedule established by rule made in accordance
666	with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act; or
667	(b) order the person to cease and desist from, and cure, the action that creates a
668	violation.
669	(5) The department may not revoke a cannabis production establishment's license via a
670	citation.
671	(6) If within 20 calendar days after the day on which a department serves a citation for
672	a violation of this chapter, the person that is the subject of the citation fails to request a hearing
673	to contest the citation, the department shall use the citation as the basis for the department's
674	final order.
675	(7) The department may, for a person who fails to cure the violation that the basis is for
676	the citation under this section:

677	(a) refuse to issue or renew the person's license or cannabis production establishment
678	agent registration card; or
679	(b) suspend, revoke, or place on probation the person's license or cannabis production
680	establishment registration card.
681	Section 23. Section 10-9a-104 is amended to read:
682	10-9a-104. Stricter requirements.
683	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), a municipality may enact an ordinance
684	imposing stricter requirements or higher standards than are required by this chapter.
685	(2) A municipality may not impose stricter requirements or higher standards than are
686	required by:
687	Ŝ→ [(a) Section 4-42-405;
688	[] (a) $[] (b)$ (b) Section 10-9a-305; $\hat{S} \rightarrow [f]$ and $[]$
689	[] (b) $[] (c)$ (c) section 10-9a-514 $\hat{S} \rightarrow [f]$.[]; and
690	<u>(d) Section 26-58-506.</u>] ←Ŝ
691	Section 24. Section 17-27a-104 is amended to read:
692	17-27a-104. Stricter requirements.
693	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), a county may enact an ordinance imposing
694	stricter requirements or higher standards than are required by this chapter.
695	(2) A county may not impose stricter requirements or higher standards than are
696	required by:
697	$\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{(a) \ Section \ 4-42-405};$
698	[] (a) $[] (b)$ (b) Section 17-27a-305; $\hat{S} \rightarrow [f]$ and $[]$
699	[] (b) [] (c) [] (c)] (c)] (b) [] (c)] (c)
700	<u>(d) Section 26-58-506.</u>] ←Ŝ
701	Section 25. Section 26-58-101 is enacted to read:
702	CHAPTER 58. MEDICAL CANNABIS ACT
703	Part 1. General Provisions
704	<u>26-58-101.</u> Title.
705	This chapter is known as "Medical Cannabis Act."
706	Section 26. Section 26-58-102 is enacted to read:
707	<u>26-58-102.</u> Definitions.

739	<u>in Section 4-42-102.</u>
740	(13) "Inventory control system" means the system described in Section 4-42-103.
741	(14) "Medical cannabis card" means an official, tamper proof document or card, issued
742	by the department to an individual with a qualifying illness or the individual's designated
743	caregiver under this chapter, that is connected to the electronic verification system.
744	(15) "Medical cannabis device" means the same as that term is defined in Section
745	<u>58-37-3.6(1)(b).</u>
746	(16) "Medical Cannabis Restricted Account" means the account created in Section
747	<u>26-58-109.</u>
748	(17) "Participating entity" means:
749	(a) the Department of Agriculture and Food;
750	(b) the Department of Health; and
751	(c) the Department of Technology Services.
752	(18) "Physician" means an individual who is qualified to recommend cannabis under
753	<u>Section 26-58-207.</u>
754	(19) "Qualifying illness" means a condition described in Section 26-58-105.
755	(20) "State electronic verification system" means the system described in Section
756	<u>26-58-104.</u>
757	Ŝ→ [Section 27. Section 26-58-103 is enacted to read:
758	<u> </u>
759	<u>This chapter preempts any ordinance enacted by a political subdivision of the state that</u>
760	<u>regulates a cannabis dispensary.</u>] ←Ŝ
761	$\hat{S} \rightarrow [Section 28.] Section 27. \leftarrow \hat{S}$ Section 26-58-104 is enacted to read:
762	<u>26-58-104.</u> Electronic verification system.
763	(1) The Department of Agriculture and Food, the Department of Health, the
764	Department of Public Safety, and the Department of Technology Services shall:
765	(a) enter into a memorandum of understanding in order to determine the function and
766	operation of an electronic verification system;
767	(b) coordinate with the Division of Purchasing under Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah
768	Procurement Code, to develop a request for proposals for a third party provider to develop and
769	maintain an electronic verification system in coordination with the Department of Technology

770	Services; and
771	(c) select a third party provided described in Subsection (1)(b).
772	(2) The electronic verification system described in Subsection (1) shall:
773	(a) allow an individual, with the individual's physician in the physician's office, to
774	apply for a medical cannabis card;
775	(b) allow a physician to:
776	(i) electronically recommend, during a visit with a patient, treatment with $\hat{S} \rightarrow [cannabis or] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ a
777	cannabis product for the patient; and
778	(ii) see, on a screen where the physician inputs a recommendation, simultaneously
779	while the physician inputs the recommendation, the patient's cannabis dispensing history;
780	(c) issue a medical cannabis card to an individual if the individual meets the
781	requirements described in Section 26-58-201;
782	(d) issue to a designated caregiver, if the designated caregiver meets the requirements
783	in Section 26-58-202, a medical cannabis card on behalf of a named patient;
784	(e) connect with an inventory control system used by each cannabis dispensary and
785	<u>cannabis production establishment to track, in real time, for the purchase of $\hat{S} \rightarrow [cannabis or] \leftarrow \hat{S} \underline{a}$</u>
786	cannabis product by a medical cannabis card holder:
787	(i) the time and date of the purchase;
788	(ii) the quantity and type of $\hat{S} \rightarrow [cannabis or a] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ cannabis product purchased; and
789	(iii) any cannabis production establishment or cannabis dispensary that cultivated,
790	processed, tested, or sold the $\hat{S} \rightarrow [cannabis or] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ cannabis product;
791	(f) provide access to the Department of Health and the Department of Agriculture and
792	Food to the extent necessary to carry out the Department of Health's and the Department of
793	Agriculture and Food's functions and responsibilities under:
794	(i) this chapter; and
795	(ii) Title 4, Chapter 42, Cannabis Production Establishment;
796	(g) provide access to state or local law enforcement:
797	(i) during a traffic stop for the purpose of determining if the individual subject to the
798	traffic stop is complying with state medical cannabis law; or
799	(ii) after obtaining a warrant;
800	(h) create a record each time a person accesses the database that identifies the person

801	who accesses the database and the individual whose records are accessed; and
802	(i) transmit an individual's $\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{cannabis and}] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ cannabis product purchase history to the
803	controlled substance database created in Section 58-37f-203.
804	(3) The Department of Health may release de-identified data collected by the system
805	under Subsection (2) for the purpose of conducting medical research.
806	Section 29. Section 26-58-105 is enacted to read:
807	<u>26-58-105.</u> Qualifying illness.
808	(1) For the purposes of this chapter, the following conditions are considered a
809	qualifying illness:
810	(a) HIV, acquired immune deficiency syndrome or an autoimmune disorder;
811	(b) Alzheimer's disease;
812	(c) amyotrophic lateral sclerosis;
813	(d) cancer, cachexia, or such condition manifest by physical wasting, nausea, or
814	malnutrition associated with chronic disease;
815	(e) Crohn's disease or a similar gastrointestinal disorder;
816	(f) epilepsy or a similar condition that causes debilitating seizures;
817	(g) multiple sclerosis or a similar condition that causes persistent and debilitating
818	muscle spasms:
819	(h) post-traumatic stress disorder related to military service; and
820	(i) chronic pain in an individual, if:
821	(A) a physician determines that the individual is at greater risk of becoming addicted
822	to, chemically dependent on, or overdosing on, opiate-based pain medication; or
823	(B) a physician determines that the individual is allergic to opiates, or is otherwise
824	medically unable to use opiates.
825	(2) In addition to the conditions described in Subsection (1), a condition approved
826	under Section 26-58-106, in an individual, on a case-by-case basis, is considered a qualifying
827	illness for the purposes of this chapter.
828	Section 30. Section 26-58-106 is enacted to read:
829	26-58-106. Compassionate Use Board.
830	(1) The department shall establish a Compassionate Use Board consisting of:
831	(a) five physicians who are knowledgeable about the medical use of cannabis and

832	certified in one of the following specialties:
833	(i) neurology;
834	(ii) pain medicine and pain management;
835	(iii) medical oncology;
836	(iv) psychiatry;
837	(v) infectious disease;
838	(vi) internal medicine; and
839	(vii) pediatrics; $\hat{S} \rightarrow [and] \leftarrow \hat{S}$
840	(b) the director of the Department of Health or the director's designee as a non-voting
841	<u>member</u> $\hat{S} \rightarrow [:]$; and
841a	(c) two medical research professionals with expertise in cannabinoids or a
841b	qualifying illness, including one medical research professional who is affiliated with a
841c	<u>research-based higher education institution.</u> ←Ŝ
842	(2) The department shall appoint at least one member of the board who has a specialty
843	in addiction medicine.
844	(3) (a) $\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{Two}] \underline{Four} \leftarrow \hat{S}$ of the members of the board first appointed shall serve for a
844a	term of three
845	years and $\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{two}] \underline{three} \leftarrow \hat{S}$ of the members of the board first appointed shall serve for a term of
845a	four years.
846	(b) After the first members' terms expire, members of the board shall serve for a term
847	of four years and shall be eligible for reappointment.
848	(c) Any member of the board may serve until a successor is appointed.
849	(d) The director of the Department of Health or the director's designee shall serve as
850	the nonvoting chair of the board.
851	(4) A quorum of the Compassionate Use Board shall consist of $\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{three}]$ five $\leftarrow \hat{S}$
851a	members.
852	(5) A member of the board may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's
853	service, but may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
854	(a) Section <u>63A-3-106</u> ;
855	(b) Section <u>63A-3-107; and</u>
856	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
857	<u>63A-3-107.</u>
858	(6) The Compassionate Use Board shall:
859	(a) review and recommend to the department approval for an individual who is not
860	otherwise qualified to receive a medical cannabis card to obtain a medical cannabis card for
861	compassionate use if:
862	(i) the individual and the individual's physician appear before the board and offer, in

863	the board's discretion, satisfactory evidence that the individual suffers from a condition:
864	(A) that substantially impairs the individual's quality of life;
865	(B) that is intractable;
866	(C) that is not responsive to other treatments; and
867	(D) for which it is reasonably likely the condition will respond to treatment with
868	cannabis.
869	(ii) the board determines it is in the best interest of the patient to allow the
870	compassionate use of medical cannabis;
871	(b) meet to receive or review compassionate use petitions:
872	(i) quarterly, unless no petitions are pending; or
873	(ii) as often as necessary if there are more petitions than the board can receive or
874	review during the board's regular schedule;
875	(c) report before November 1 of each year, to the Legislature's Health and Human
876	Services Interim Committee, the number of compassionate use approvals the board issued
877	during the past year and the types of conditions for which the board approved compassionate
878	use; and
879	(d) evaluate whether the number of cannabis dispensaries in a geographic area meets
880	the needs for a geographic area and recommend to the Legislature whether the number of
881	cannabis dispensaries should be increased in a geographic area;
882	(e) evaluate physician variances under Subsection 26-58-107(5).
883	(6) The department shall review any compassionate use recommended by the board
884	under this section to confirm if the board properly exercised the board's discretion under this
885	section.
886	(7) If the department determines the board properly approved an individual for a
887	compassionate use under this section, the department shall issue the individual a
887a	$\hat{S} \rightarrow \underline{\text{provisional}} \leftarrow \hat{S} \underline{\text{medical}}$
888	cannabis card in accordance with this chapter $\hat{S} \rightarrow [-]$ that is valid for one year. $\leftarrow \hat{S}$
889	(8) Any individually identifiable health information contained in a petition received
890	under this section shall be a protected record in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 2,
891	Government Records Access and Management Act.
892	(9) The Compassionate Use Board shall, before November 1 of each year, recommend
893	to the Legislature:

925	(viii) addiction medicine;
926	(b) appears before the Compassionate Use Board described in Section 26-58-106; and
927	(c) demonstrates, to the satisfaction of the board and with the department's approval,
928	that:
929	(i) the physician's practice has unique characteristics that warrant allowing the
930	physician to recommend cannabis to greater than 250 of the physician's patients; and
931	(ii) the physician has established expertise in medical cannabis.
932	(5) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), a physician eligible to recommend
933	cannabis or a cannabis product under this section may not advertise that the physician
934	recommends cannabis or a cannabis product.
935	(b) A physician may advertise via a website that displays only:
936	(i) a green cross;
937	(ii) the physician's office's hours of operation;
938	(iii) the medical cannabis endorsement image described in Subsection (3)(c);
939	(iv) a qualifying illness that the physician treats;
940	(v) scientific studies regarding cannabis use; and
941	(vi) current studies on treatment with cannabis being conducted on patients.
942	Section 32. Section 26-58-108 is enacted to read:
943	26-58-108. Standard of care Medical practitioners not liable No private right
944	of action Insurance coverage.
945	(1) It is not a breach of the applicable standard of care for a physician to recommend
946	<u>treatment with</u> $\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{cannabis or}] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ a cannabis product to an individual under this chapter.
947	(2) A physician who recommends treatment with $\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{cannabis or}] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ a cannabis product
947a	to an
948	individual in accordance with this chapter may not, based solely on the reason that the
949	recommendation is for $\hat{S} \rightarrow [cannabis or] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ a cannabis product, be subject to:
950	(a) civil liability;
951	(b) criminal liability; or
952	(c) licensure sanctions under:
953	(i) Title 58, Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice Act; or
954	(ii) Title 58, Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical Practice Act.
955	(3) An insurance carrier, third-party administrator, or employer is not required to

956	provide reimbursement for $\hat{S} \rightarrow [cannabis;] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ a cannabis product $\hat{S} \rightarrow [;] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ or a medical
956a	cannabis device, under
957	this chapter.
958	Section 33. Section 26-58-109 is enacted to read:
959	26-58-109. Medical Cannabis Restricted Account Creation.
960	(1) There is created in the General Fund a restricted account known as the "Medical
961	Cannabis Restricted Account."
962	(2) The account created in this section is funded from:
963	(a) money deposited by the State Tax Commission under Title 59, Chapter 28, Medical
964	Cannabis Tax;
965	(b) money deposited into the account by the Department of Agriculture and Food under
966	<u>Section 4-42-801;</u>
967	(c) money deposited into the account by the department under Section 26-58-601;
968	(d) appropriations made to the account by the Legislature; and
969	(e) the interest described in Subsection (3).
970	(3) Interest earned on the account is deposited in the account.
971	(4) The money in the account may only be used to fund, upon appropriation, the state
972	licensing and regulation cost of the state medical cannabis program established in:
973	(a) Title 26, Chapter 58, Medical Cannabis Act;
974	(b) Title 4, Chapter 42, Cannabis Production Establishments; and
975	(c) Title 59, Chapter 28, Medical Cannabis Tax Act.
976	Ŝ→ [Section 34. Section 26-58-110 is enacted to read:
977	<u><u>26-58-110.</u> Equal treatment of a public employee recommended cannabis, a</u>
978	cannabis product, or a medical cannabis device by a physician.
979	(1) As used in this section, "public employee" means an individual who is employed by
980	the state or a political subdivision of the state.
981 082	<u>(2) An employer of a public employee may not, in matters of employment, treat an</u>
982 983	<u>individual who uses cannabis, a cannabis product, or a medical cannabis device in accordance</u> with this chapter differently than the employer would treat a similarly situated individual who
985 984	uses a doctor-prescribed medication that has a side effect that is similar to a cannabis or
985	<u>cannabis product side effect.</u>] ←Ŝ
986	Section 35. Section 26-58-201 is enacted to read:

987	Part 2. Medical Cannabis Card Registration
988	26-58-201. Medical cannabis card Application Fees Database.
989	(1) The department shall:
990	(a) begin issuing medical cannabis cards under this section no later than December 1,
991	<u>2016; and</u>
992	(b) issue a medical cannabis card, via the electronic verification system, to an
993	individual who complies with this section no later than 45 days after the day on which the
994	individual submits a complete application.
995	(2) An individual is eligible for a medical cannabis card if the individual:
996	(a) is at least 18 years old:
997	(b) is a Utah resident; and
998	(c) recommended by the individual's physician under Subsection (5).
999	(3) An individual who is the parent or legal guardian of a minor is eligible for a
1000	medical cannabis card if:
1001	(a) the individual is at least 18 years old;
1002	(b) the individual is a Utah resident; and
1003	(c) recommended by the minor's physician under Subsection (5).
1004	(4) An individual who is eligible for a medical cannabis card under Subsection (2) or
1005	(3) shall submit an application for a medical cannabis card to the department:
1006	(a) with the recommending physician, in the recommending physician's office;
1007	(b) via an electronic application connected to the electronic verification system;
1008	(c) that includes:
1009	(i) the individual's name, gender, age, address, and for the purpose of being notified
1010	about a recall or a research study, the individual's contact information; and
1011	(ii) a copy of the individual's valid photo identification;
1012	(5) A physician who recommends treatment with medical cannabis to an individual or
1013	minor shall:
1014	(a) input in the physician's diagnosis that the individual suffers from a qualifying
1015	illness:
1016	(i) the type of qualifying illness; and
1017	(ii) a recommendation that the individual try $\hat{S} \rightarrow [cannabis or] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ a cannabis product; and

1018	(b) look up the individual in the controlled substance database created in Section
1019	58-37f-201 to check for potential interactions or warning signs.
1020	(6) A medical cannabis card the department issues under this section is valid for the
1021	lesser of:
1022	(a) an amount of time determined by the physician who recommends treatment with
1023	$\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{cannabis or}] \leftarrow \hat{S} \underline{a \ cannabis \ product \ Subsection \ (5); \ or}$
1024	(b) two years.
1025	(7) An individual may not ingest cannabis or a cannabis product:
1026	(a) in public view; or
1027	(b) while the individual operates a motor vehicle.
1028	(8) The department may revoke an individual's medical cannabis card if the individual
1029	violates this chapter.
1030	(9) The department may establish procedures, by rule in accordance with Title 63G,
1031	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to implement the medical cannabis card
1032	application and issuance provisions of this Section.
1033	(10) (a) A person may submit, to the department, a request to conduct a medical
1034	research study using medical cannabis cardholder data contained in the electronic verification
1035	system.
1036	(b) The department shall review a request submitted under Subsection (10)(a) to
1037	determine if the medical research study is valid.
1038	(c) If the department determines that a medical research study is valid under Subsection
1039	(10)(b), the department shall notify a relevant medical cannabis cardholder asking for the
1040	medical cannabis cardholder's participation in the study.
1041	(d) The department may release, for the purposes of a study, information about a
1042	medical cannabis cardholder who consents to participation under Subsection (10)(c).
1043	(e) The department may establish standards for a medical research study's validity, by
1044	rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
1045	Section 36. Section 26-58-202 is enacted to read:
1046	26-58-202. Medical cannabis card Designated caregiver Registration
1047	Renewal Revocation.
1048	(1) An individual may designate up to two individuals to serve as designated caregivers

1049	of the individual if:
1050	(a) the individual has a valid medical cannabis card under Section 26-58-201; and
1051	(b) a physician determines that, due to physical impossibility or undue hardship, the
1052	individual is unable to obtain Ŝ→ [cannabis or] ←Ŝ a cannabis product from a cannabis dispensary.
1053	(2) An individual registered as a designated caregiver under this section may:
1054	(a) carry a valid medical cannabis card with the designated caregiver's name for the
1055	purpose of transporting cannabis or a cannabis product to a designating patient or assisting a
1056	designating patient in administering the $\hat{S} \rightarrow [cannabis or] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ cannabis product; and
1057	(b) purchase and possess, in accordance with this chapter $\hat{S} \rightarrow [, cannabis] \leftarrow \hat{S}$, a cannabis
1058	product $\hat{S} \rightarrow [;] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ or a medical cannabis device on behalf of the designating patient.
1059	(3) The department shall register an individual designated as a caregiver under
1060	Subsection (1) if the individual:
1061	(a) is at least 18 years old;
1062	(b) is a Utah resident;
1063	(c) applies online, with the department, through the electronic verification system, for a
1064	medical cannabis card as a designated caregiver;
1065	(d) pays, to the department, a fee established by the department in accordance with
1066	Section 63J-1-504, plus the cost of a criminal background check;
1067	(e) complies with Section 26-58-205; and
1068	(f) completes a training program for designated caregivers established by the
1069	department that includes an endorsement that the individual understands state law for
1070	caregivers.
1071	(4) The department shall issue, to an individual who registers under this section, a
1072	medical cannabis card that:
1073	(a) is connected to the electronic verification system; and
1074	(b) includes the individual's name.
1075	(5) A medical cannabis card is renewable for a designated caregiver if, at the time of
1076	renewal:
1077	(a) an individual with a medical cannabis card described in Subsection (1) renews the
1078	caregiver's designation; and
1079	(b) the designated caregiver meets the requirements of Subsection (3).

1080	(6) A designated caregiver may charge an individual to act as the individual's
1081	designated caregiver.
1082	(7) The Department of Health may revoke an individual's medical cannabis card if the
1083	individual:
1084	(a) violates this chapter; or
1085	(b) is convicted of a felony that is:
1086	(i) a crime of involving the use of force or violence against another person; or
1087	(ii) a felony conviction of a state or federal law pertaining to controlled substances.
1088	Section 37. Section 26-58-203 is enacted to read:
1089	26-58-203. Designated caregiver Criminal background check.
1090	(1) An individual registered as a designated caregiver under Section 26-58-202 shall
1091	submit to a criminal background check in accordance with Subsection (2).
1092	(2) Each designated caregiver shall:
1093	(a) submit, to the department, a fingerprint card in a form acceptable to the department
1094	and the Department of Public Safety; and
1095	(b) consent to a fingerprint background check by:
1096	(i) the Utah Bureau of Criminal Identification; and
1097	(ii) the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
1098	(3) The Department of Public Safety shall complete a Federal Bureau of Investigation
1099	Criminal Background Check for each designated caregiver under Subsection (2) and report the
1100	results of the background check to the department.
1101	Section 38. Section 26-58-204 is enacted to read:
1102	26-58-204. Medical cannabis card Patient and designated caregiver
1103	requirements Rebuttable presumption.
1104	(1) An individual who has a medical cannabis card and who possesses $\$ \rightarrow [cannabis or] \leftarrow \$$ a
1105	cannabis product outside of the individual's residence shall:
1106	(a) carry, with the individual at all times, the individual's medical cannabis card; and
1107	(b) carry, with the $\$ \rightarrow [cannabis or] \leftarrow \$$ cannabis product, a label that identifies that the
1107a	Ŝ→ [<u>cannabis</u>
1108	or] ←Ŝ cannabis product was originally sold from a department licensed cannabis dispensary.
1109	including the bar code or identification number that links the cannabis or cannabis product to
1110	the dispensary's inventory control system.

1111	(2) If an individual possesses $\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{cannabis or}] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ a cannabis product in compliance with
1112	Subsection (1), or a medical cannabis device that corresponds with the $\hat{S} \rightarrow [cannabis or] \leftarrow \hat{S}$
1112a	cannabis
1113	product:
1114	(a) there is a rebuttable presumption that the individual possesses the $\hat{S} \rightarrow [cannabis,] \leftarrow \hat{S}$
1115	<u>cannabis product</u> $\hat{S} \rightarrow [\bar{J}] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ or medical cannabis device legally; and
1116	(b) a law enforcement officer does not have probable cause, based solely on the
1117	individual's possession of the $\hat{S} \rightarrow [cannabis] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ cannabis product $\hat{S} \rightarrow [\bar{J}] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ or medical
1117a	cannabis device, to
1118	believe that the individual is engaging in illegal activity.
1119	(3) (a) If a law enforcement officer stops an individual who possesses $\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{cannabis}] \leftarrow \hat{S} \underline{a}$
1120	<u>cannabis product</u> $\hat{S} \rightarrow [\bar{s}] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ or a medical cannabis device, and the individual represents to the law
1121	enforcement officer that the individual holds a valid medical cannabis card, but the individual
1122	does not have the medical cannabis card in the individual's possession at the time of the stop by
1123	the law enforcement officer, the law enforcement officer shall attempt to access the state
1124	electronic verification system to determine the individual's identity and whether the individual
1125	holds a valid medical cannabis card.
1126	(b) If the law enforcement officer is able to verify the identity of the individual
1127	described in Subsection (3)(a), and that the individual holds a valid medical cannabis card, the
1128	law enforcement officer:
1129	(i) may not arrest or take the individual into custody for the sole reason that the
1130	individual is in possession of $\hat{S} \rightarrow [cannabis,] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ a cannabis product $\hat{S} \rightarrow [c] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ or a medical
1130a	cannabis device; and
1131	(ii) may not seize the $\hat{S} \rightarrow [cannabis,] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ cannabis product $\hat{S} \rightarrow [,] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ or medical
1131a	cannabis device.
1132	(4) An individual who has a valid medical cannabis card is guilty of an infraction if the
1133	individual:
1134	(a) possesses $\hat{S} \rightarrow [cannabis] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ a cannabis product $\hat{S} \rightarrow [;] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ or a medical cannabis
1134a	device; and
1135	(b) (i) does not posses the individual's medical cannabis card on the individual's
1136	person; or
1137	(ii) does not possess a label that complies with Subsection (1)(b).
1138	(5) (a) Except as described in Subsection (5)(b), an individual who has a valid medical
1139	cannabis card is guilty of an infraction if the individual uses $\hat{S} \rightarrow [cannabis,] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ a cannabis product

- 1139a **Ŝ→ [,] ←Ŝ** <u>or a</u>
- 1140 <u>medical cannabis device in public view.</u>
- 1141 (b) An individual may use $\hat{S} \rightarrow [cannabis,] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ a cannabis product $\hat{S} \rightarrow [;] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ or a medical
- 1141a cannabis device

1204	<u>26-58-303.</u> Operating plan.
1205	(1) A person applying for a cannabis dispensary license shall submit to the department
1206	a proposed operation plan for the cannabis dispensary that complies with this section.
1207	(2) A cannabis dispensary's operating plan shall include:
1208	(a) a description of the physical characteristics of the proposed facility, including a
1209	floor plan and architectural elevations that indicate compliance with the requirements of this
1210	chapter;
1211	(b) a description of the credentials and experience of:
1212	(i) each officer, director, or owner of the proposed cannabis dispensary; and
1213	(ii) any highly skilled or experienced prospective employee;
1214	(c) the cannabis dispensary's employee training standards;
1215	(d) a security plan;
1216	(e) a banking plan;
1217	(f) a description of the cannabis dispensary's inventory control system, including a plan
1218	to make the inventory control system compatible with the state electronic verification system;
1219	and
1220	(g) that the cannabis processing facility has entered into a preliminary agreement to
1221	purchase with $\hat{S} \rightarrow [a \text{ cannabis cultivation facility in the state or}] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ a cannabis processing facility
1221a	in the
1222	state to purchase the $\hat{S} \rightarrow [cannabis or] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ a cannabis product that the cannabis dispensary intends
1222a	to sell.
1223	Section 42. Section 26-58-304 is enacted to read:
1224	<u>26-58-304.</u> Maximum number of licenses.
1225	(1) The department may not issue more than the greater of, in each county in the state:
1226	(a) one cannabis dispensary license; or
1227	(b) an amount of cannabis dispensary licenses equal to the number of residents in the
1228	county divided by 200,000, rounded up to the nearest greater whole number.
1229	(2) If more than one applicant for a license in a geographic area meets the
1230	qualifications of this chapter for a cannabis dispensary, the department shall evaluate the
1231	applicants, and award the license to the applicant that best demonstrates:
1232	(a) experience with:
1233	(i) establishing and running a similar cannabis based business;
1234	(ii) operating a secure inventory control system;

1235	(iii) complying with a regulatory environment; and
1236	(iv) training, evaluating, and monitoring employees;
1237	(b) connections to the local community;
1238	(c) the extent to which the applicant can reduce the cost of $\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{cannabis or}] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ cannabis
1239	products to a patient; and
1240	(d) the extent to which the applicant's business plan reflects cannabis industry best
1241	practices.
1242	(3) The department may conduct a face-to-face interview with an applicant for a
1243	license that the department evaluates under Subsection (2).
1244	Section 43. Section 26-58-401 is enacted to read:
1245	Part 4. Cannabis Dispensary Agents
1246	26-58-401. Cannabis dispensary agent Registration card.
1247	(1) An individual may only act as a cannabis dispensary agent of a cannabis dispensary
1248	if the individual is registered by the department as a cannabis dispensary agent.
1249	(2) A physician may not act as a cannabis dispensary agent.
1250	(3) The department shall, within 30 days after receiving a complete application,
1251	register and issue a cannabis dispensary agent registration card to an individual who:
1252	(a) provides to the department:
1253	(i) the individual's name and address; and
1254	(ii) the name and location of the licensed cannabis dispensary where the individual
1255	seeks to act as the cannabis dispensary agent;
1256	(b) pays a fee to the department:
1257	(i) before January 1, 2017, of \$250; and
1258	(ii) on or after January 1, 2017, in an amount determined by the department in
1259	accordance with Section 63J-1-504, that is necessary to cover the department's cost to
1260	implement this part; and
1261	(c) complies with Section 26-58-402.
1262	(4) A cannabis dispensary agent shall comply with a certification standard developed
1263	by the department, or a third party certification standard approved by the department.
1264	(5) The certification standard described in Subsection (4) shall address:
1265	(a) Utah medical cannabis law;

1328	meml	per of th	ne press to access the cannabis dispensary if the cannabis dispensary:
1329		<u>(a)</u> tr	acks and monitors the individual at all times while the individual is at the
1330	<u>canna</u>	bis disp	bensary; and
1331		<u>(b)</u> n	naintains a record of the individual's access.
1332		<u>(4)</u> A	cannabis dispensary shall operate in a facility that has:
1333		<u>(a)</u> a	single, secure public entrance with a checkpoint;
1334		<u>(b)</u> a	security system with a backup power source that:
1335		<u>(i)</u> de	etects and records entry into the cannabis dispensary during business hours; and
1336		<u>(ii) p</u>	rovides notice of an unauthorized entry to law enforcement when the cannabis
1337	disper	<u>nsary is</u>	closed; and
1338		<u>(c)</u> a	reinforced and locked area where the cannabis dispensary stores cannabis or a
1339	<u>canna</u>	bis pro	<u>duct.</u>
1340		<u>(5)</u> A	cannabis dispensary shall post, clearly and conspicuously in the cannabis
1341	disper	nsary, tl	he limit on the purchase of cannabis described in Subsection 26-58-502(3),
1342		<u>(6)</u> A	cannabis dispensary may not allow any individual to consume cannabis on the
1343	prope	rty or p	remises of the establishment.
1344		<u>(7)</u> A	cannabis dispensary may not, on an interior or exterior space, display or offer
1345	<u>anyth</u>	ing that	glorifies or trivializes cannabis or that promotes a recreational cannabis lifestyle.
1346		<u>(8)</u> A	cannabis dispensary shall:
1347		<u>(a)</u> h	ave a clinical, medical appearance; and
1348		<u>(b)</u> re	equire any employee to wear a white lab coat.
1348a	Ŝ→	<u>(9)</u>	A cannabis dispensary may not operate:
1348b		<u>(a)</u>	within 600 feet of a community location, as defined in Section 32B-1-102, that is
1348c	<u>not a</u>	<u>public</u>	or private school; or
1348d		<u>(b)</u>	<u>within 1000 feet of a public or private school.</u> ←Ŝ
1349		Section	on 47. Section 26-58-502 is enacted to read:
1350		<u>26-58</u>	3-502. Dispensing Amount a cannabis dispensary may dispense
1351	Repo	rting	Form of cannabis or cannabis product.
1352		<u>(1)</u> A	cannabis dispensary may only sell, subject to this chapter:
1353		Ŝ → [((a) cannabis;
1354		<u>(b)</u>] (a	a) ←Ŝ <u>a cannabis product;</u>
1355		Ŝ → [((c)] (b) ←Ŝ a medical cannabis device; or
1356		Ŝ → [t	(d)] (c) \leftarrow ŝ educational materials related to the medical use of cannabis.
1357		<u>(2)</u> A	<u>a cannabis dispensary may only sell</u> Ŝ→ [<u>cannabis,</u>] ←Ŝ <u>a cannabis product</u> Ŝ→ [,] ←Ŝ
1357a	<u>or a 1</u>	nedical	
1358	<u>canna</u>	bis dev	ice to an individual with a medical cannabis card issued by the department.

1359	(3) A cannabis dispensary may not dispense on behalf of any one individual with a
1360	medical cannabis card, in any one 30-day period S→ [:
1361	(a) an amount of unprocessed cannabis flower that exceeds 60 grams by weight; or
1362	(b) (b) an amount of cannabis products that contains, in total, greater than 10 grams of
1363	cannabinoids by weight.
1364	(4) An individual with a medical cannabis card may not purchase more $\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{cannabis or}] \leftarrow \hat{S}$
1365	cannabis products than the $\hat{S} \rightarrow [amounts] amount \leftarrow \hat{S}$ designated in Subsection (3).
1366	(5) A designated caregiver designated by any individual with a medical cannabis card
1367	may not purchase, for the individual, an amount of $\hat{S} \rightarrow [cannabis or] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ cannabis products that
1367a	exceeds
1368	<u>the</u> $\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{amounts}] \underline{amount} \leftarrow \hat{S} \underline{designated in Subsection (3)}.$
1369	(6) A cannabis dispensary shall:
1370	(a) access the electronic verification system before dispensing $\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{cannabis or}] \leftarrow \hat{S} \underline{a}$
1370a	cannabis
1371	product to an individual with a medical cannabis card in order to determine if the individual
1372	has already met the maximum amount of $\hat{S} \rightarrow [cannabis or] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ cannabis products described in
1373	Subsection (3); and
1374	(b) submit a record to the electronic verification system each time the cannabis
1375	<u>dispensary dispenses</u> $\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{cannabis or}] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ <u>a cannabis product to an individual with a medical</u>
1375a	cannabis
1376	<u>card.</u>
1377	(7) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(b), a cannabis dispensary may not sell a
1378	cannabis product that is intentionally designed or fabricated to resemble a cigarette, or made to
1379	resemble or be mistaken for a cigarette.
1380	(b) A cannabis dispensary may sell a cannabis product with a thin, cylindrical
1381	configuration that warms $\hat{S} \rightarrow [cannabis or cannabis extract]$ a cannabis product $\leftarrow \hat{S}$ into a vapor
1381a	that is ingested into an
1382	individual's respiratory system.
1383	(8) A cannabis dispensary may not sell a medical cannabis device that produces a vapor
1384	with an odor or flavor.
1385	(9) A cannabis dispensary may give to an individual with a medical cannabis card, at
1386	no cost, a product that the cannabis dispensary may sell under Subsection (1).
1387	Section 48. Section 26-58-503 is enacted to read:
1388	<u>26-58-503.</u> Advertising and signage.
1389	(1) Except as provided in Subsections (2) and (3) a cannabis dispensary may not

1390	advertise in any medium.
1391	(2) A cannabis dispensary may display signage on the outside of the cannabis
1392	dispensary that includes only:
1393	(a) the cannabis dispensary's name and hours of operation; and
1394	(b) a green cross.
1395	(3) A cannabis dispensary may maintain a website that includes information about:
1396	(a) the location and hours of the cannabis dispensary;
1397	(b) the products and services available at the cannabis dispensary;
1398	(c) personnel affiliated with the cannabis dispensary;
1399	(d) best practices that the cannabis dispensary upholds;
1400	(e) educational materials related to the medical use of cannabis; and
1401	(f) employment opportunities with the cannabis dispensary.
1402	Section 49. Section 26-58-504 is enacted to read:
1403	<u>26-58-504.</u> Inspections.
1404	(1) The department shall inspect, in accordance with Subsection (2), a cannabis
1405	dispensary's facility and records in order to determine if the cannabis dispensary complies with
1406	the licensing requirements of this part.
1407	(2) The department may inspect the records and facility of a cannabis dispensary $\hat{S} \rightarrow [:$
1408	<u>(a) as many as three scheduled times per year;</u>
1409	(b) as many as one unscheduled time per year; and
1410	(c) (c) at any time, scheduled or unscheduled $\hat{S} \rightarrow [, if the department has reason to believe$
1410a	that
1411	<u>the cannabis dispensary has violated the law.</u>] <u>.</u> ←Ŝ
1412	Section 50. Section 26-58-505 is enacted to read:
1413	<u>26-58-505.</u> Cannabis, cannabis product, or medical cannabis device
1414	transportation.
1415	(1) Except for an individual or designated caregiver with a medical cannabis card who
1416	possesses cannabis or a cannabis product in accordance with Section 26-58-204, an individual
1417	may only transport cannabis, a cannabis product, or a cannabis device between cannabis
1418	production establishments or between a cannabis production establishment and a cannabis
1419	dispensary if the individual is:
1420	(a) a registered cannabis production establishment agent; or

1421	(b) a registered cannabis dispensary agent.
1422	(2) An individual transporting cannabis, a cannabis product, or a medical cannabis
1423	device shall possess a transportation manifest that:
1424	(a) includes a unique identifier that links the cannabis, cannabis product, or medical
1425	cannabis device to a related inventory control system;
1426	(b) includes origin and destination information for any cannabis, cannabis product, or
1427	medical cannabis device the individual is transporting; and
1428	(c) indicates the departure and arrival times and locations of the individual transporting
1429	the cannabis, cannabis product, or medical cannabis device.
1430	(3) In addition to the requirements in Subsections (1) and (2), the department may
1431	establish, by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
1432	Rulemaking Act, requirements for transporting cannabis, a cannabis product, or a medical
1433	cannabis device that reflect best practices for cannabis or cannabis product transportation for
1434	safety for human cannabis or cannabis product consumption.
1435	(4) A cannabis dispensary agent registered with the department is guilty of an
1436	infraction if the registered cannabis dispensary agent:
1437	(a) transports cannabis, a cannabis product, or a medical cannabis device; and
1438	(b) does not possess, on the registered cannabis dispensary agent's person or in the
1439	transport vehicle, a manifest that complies with Subsection (3).
1440	(5) A registered cannabis dispensary agent who is guilty of an infraction under
1441	Subsection (3) is subject to a fine of no more than \$100.
1442	Section 51. Section 26-58-506 is enacted to read:
1443	Ŝ → [<u>26-58-506.</u> Zoning.
1444	(1) A municipality or local government may not enact a zoning ordinance that prohibits
1445	a cannabis dispensary from operating in a location within the municipality's or local
1446	government's jurisdiction, on the sole basis that the cannabis dispensary is a cannabis
1447	dispensary.
1448	(2) A municipality or local government shall allow a cannabis dispensary to operate as:
1449	<u>(a) a permitted use in an agricultural, industrial, or manufacturing zone, or in a zone</u>
1450	that allows for a similar use; and
1451	(b) as a conditional use in a commercial zone or in a zone that allows for a similar use.] 🗲 Ŝ

1545	physical custody or sole physical custody, but allows the court and the family the widest
1546	discretion to choose a parenting plan that is in the best interest of the child.
1547	(6) In considering the past conduct and demonstrated moral standards of each of the
1548	parties as described under Subsection (1)(a)(i), a court may not discriminate against a parent
1549	because of the parent's possession or consumption of $\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{cannabis}] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ a cannabis product
549a	Ŝ→ [₃] ←Ŝ <u>or a</u>
1550	medical cannabis device, in accordance with Title 26, Chapter 58, Medical Cannabis Act.
1551	Section 54. Section 41-6a-517 is amended to read:
1552	41-6a-517. Definitions Driving with any measurable controlled substance in the
1553	body Penalties Arrest without warrant.
1554	(1) As used in this section:
1555	(a) "Controlled substance" has the same meaning as in Section 58-37-2.
1556	(b) "Practitioner" has the same meaning as in Section 58-37-2.
1557	(c) "Prescribe" has the same meaning as in Section 58-37-2.
1558	(d) "Prescription" has the same meaning as in Section 58-37-2.
1559	(2) In cases not amounting to a violation of Section 41-6a-502, a person may not
1560	operate or be in actual physical control of a motor vehicle within this state if the person has any
1561	measurable controlled substance or metabolite of a controlled substance in the person's body.
1562	(3) It is an affirmative defense to prosecution under this section that the controlled
1563	substance was:
1564	(a) involuntarily ingested by the accused;
1565	(b) prescribed by a practitioner for use by the accused; [or]
1566	(c) $\hat{S} \rightarrow [cannabis or] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ a cannabis product that was:
1567	(i) not causing impairment; and
1568	(ii) (A) recommended by a physician to the accused, if the accused holds a valid
1569	medical cannabis card under Title 26, Chapter 58, Medical Cannabis Act; or
1570	(B) ingested by the accused in another state in which the use of $\hat{S} \rightarrow [cannabis or] \leftarrow \hat{S} \underline{a}$
570a	cannabis
1571	product is legal under state law; or
1572	[(c)] <u>(d)</u> otherwise legally ingested.
1573	(4) (a) A person convicted of a violation of Subsection (2) is guilty of a class B
1574	misdemeanor.
1575	(b) A person who violates this section is subject to conviction and sentencing under

1669	Subsections (1)(b) and (1)(c).
1670	Section 56. Section 58-37-3.6 is enacted to read:
1671	58-37-3.6. Exemption for possession or use of cannabis to treat a qualifying
1672	illness.
1673	(1) As used in this section:
1674	(a) (i) "Cannabis" means the plant cannabis sativa.
1675	(ii) "Cannabis" includes marijuana.
1676	(b) "Cannabis dispensary" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1677	<u>26-58-102.</u>
1678	(c) "Cannabis product" means a product that:
1679	(i) is intended for human ingestion; $\hat{S} \rightarrow [and] \leftarrow \hat{S}$
1680	(ii) contains cannabis or extracted cannabinoids, including tetrahydrocannabinol $\hat{S} \rightarrow [:]$;and
1680a	<u>(iii)</u> <u>is prepared in a medical dosage form.</u> ←Ŝ
1681	(d) "Designated caregiver" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1682	<u>26-58-102.</u>
1683	(e) "Drug paraphernalia" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37a-3.
1684	(f) "Marijuana" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37-2.
1685	(g) "Medical cannabis card" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1686	<u>26-58-102.</u>
1687	(h) "Medical cannabis device" means a device that an individual uses to ingest lawfully
1688	sold cannabis or a lawfully sold cannabis product.
1689	(i) "Qualifying illness" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26-58-102.
1690	(j) "Tetrahydrocannabinol" means a substance derived from cannabis that meets the
1691	description in Subsection 58-37-4(2)(a)(iii)(AA).
1692	(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter:
1693	(a) an individual who grows, possesses, sells, or offers to sell cannabis is not subject to
1694	the penalties described in this title for the growth, possession, sale, or offer for sale of
1695	marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinol to the extent that the individual's growth, possession, sale,
1696	or offer for sale of the cannabis complies with:
1697	(i) Title 4, Chapter 42, Cannabis Production Establishment; and
1698	(ii) Title 26, Chapter 58, Medical Cannabis Act;
1699	(b) an individual who possesses, sells, or offers to sell $\hat{S} \rightarrow [cannabis] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ a cannabis
1699a	<u>product</u> $\hat{\mathbf{S}} \rightarrow [,] \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{S}}$ <u>or</u>

1700	a medical cannabis device is not subject to the penalties described in this title for the
1701	possession, sale, or offer for sale of marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinol to the extent that the
1702	individual's possession, sale, or offer for sale of the $\hat{S} \rightarrow [cannabis] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ cannabis product
1702a	$\hat{\mathbf{S}} \rightarrow [\underline{z}] \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{S}}$ or medical
1703	cannabis device complies with:
1704	(i) Title 4, Chapter 42, Cannabis Production Establishment; and
1705	(ii) Title 26, Chapter 58, Medical Cannabis Act;
1706	(c) an individual who possesses, sells, or offers to sell a medical cannabis device is not
1707	subject to the penalties described in this title for the possession, sale, or offer for sale of
1708	marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinol drug paraphernalia to the extent that the individual's
1709	possession, sale, or offer for sale of the medical cannabis device complies with:
1710	(i) Title 4, Chapter 42, Cannabis Production Establishment; and
1711	(ii) Title 26, Chapter 58, Medical Cannabis Act.
1712	Ŝ→ [(iii)–Title 58, Chapter 86, Cannabis Dispensary License.] ←Ŝ
1713	(3) An individual with a medical cannabis card is guilty of an infraction if the
1714	individual $\hat{S} \rightarrow [:]$
1 = 1 =	
1715	<u>(a) uses cannabis through a means involving combustion of cannabis flower at a</u>
1715 1716	(a) uses cannable through a means involving compustion of cannable flower at a temperature greater than 500 degrees Fahrenheit;
1716	<u>temperature greater than 500 degrees Fahrenheit;</u> (b) uses a device that is designed for cannabis combustion of cannabis flower at a temperature greater than 500 degrees Fahrenheit; or
1716 1717	<u>temperature greater than 500 degrees Fahrenheit;</u> <u>(b) uses a device that is designed for cannabis combustion of cannabis flower at a</u>
1716 1717 1718	<u>temperature greater than 500 degrees Fahrenheit;</u> (b) uses a device that is designed for cannabis combustion of cannabis flower at a temperature greater than 500 degrees Fahrenheit; or
1716 1717 1718 1719	temperature greater than 500 degrees Fahrenheit; (b) uses a device that is designed for cannabis combustion of cannabis flower at a temperature greater than 500 degrees Fahrenheit; or (c)] ←\$ uses or possesses drug paraphernalia that is not a medical cannabis device.
1716 1717 1718 1719 1720	temperature greater than 500 degrees Fahrenheit; (b) uses a device that is designed for cannabis combustion of cannabis flower at a temperature greater than 500 degrees Fahrenheit; or (c)] ←\$ uses or possesses drug paraphernalia that is not a medical cannabis device. (4) An individual who is guilty of an infraction under Subsection (3) is subject to a
 1716 1717 1718 1719 1720 1721 	temperature greater than 500 degrees Fahrenheit; (b) uses a device that is designed for cannabis combustion of cannabis flower at a temperature greater than 500 degrees Fahrenheit; or (c)] ←Ŝ uses or possesses drug paraphernalia that is not a medical cannabis device. (4) An individual who is guilty of an infraction under Subsection (3) is subject to a \$100 fine.
 1716 1717 1718 1719 1720 1721 1722 	temperature greater than 500 degrees Fahrenheit; (b) uses a device that is designed for cannabis combustion of cannabis flower at a temperature greater than 500 degrees Fahrenheit; or (c)] ←Ŝ uses or possesses drug paraphernalia that is not a medical cannabis device. (4) An individual who is guilty of an infraction under Subsection (3) is subject to a \$100 fine. Section 57. Section 58-37-3.7 is enacted to read:
 1716 1717 1718 1719 1720 1721 1722 1723 	temperature greater than 500 degrees Fahrenheit; (b) uses a device that is designed for cannabis combustion of cannabis flower at a temperature greater than 500 degrees Fahrenheit; or (c)] ←Ŝ uses or possesses drug paraphernalia that is not a medical cannabis device. (4) An individual who is guilty of an infraction under Subsection (3) is subject to a \$100 fine. Section 57. Section 58-37-3.7 is enacted to read: 58-37-3.7. Affirmative defense.
 1716 1717 1718 1719 1720 1721 1722 1723 1724 	temperature greater than 500 degrees Fahrenheit; (b) uses a device that is designed for cannabis combustion of cannabis flower at a temperature greater than 500 degrees Fahrenheit; or (c)] ←Ŝ uses or possesses drug paraphernalia that is not a medical cannabis device. (4) An individual who is guilty of an infraction under Subsection (3) is subject to a \$100 fine. Section 57. Section 58-37-3.7 is enacted to read: 58-37-3.7. Affirmative defense. (1) Before the day on which the Department of Health is issuing medical cannabis
 1716 1717 1718 1719 1720 1721 1722 1723 1724 1725 	temperature greater than 500 degrees Fahrenheit; (b) uses a device that is designed for cannabis combustion of cannabis flower at a temperature greater than 500 degrees Fahrenheit; or (c)] ←\$ uses or possesses drug paraphernalia that is not a medical cannabis device. (4) An individual who is guilty of an infraction under Subsection (3) is subject to a \$100 fine. Section 57. Section 58-37-3.7 is enacted to read: 58-37-3.7. Affirmative defense. (1) Before the day on which the Department of Health is issuing medical cannabis cards and a cannabis dispensary in the state is licensed and selling \$→ [cannabis or] ←\$ a cannabis
 1716 1717 1718 1719 1720 1721 1722 1723 1724 1725 1726 	temperature greater than 500 degrees Fahrenheit; (b) uses a device that is designed for cannabis combustion of cannabis flower at a temperature greater than 500 degrees Fahrenheit; or (c)] ←Ŝ uses or possesses drug paraphernalia that is not a medical cannabis device. (4) An individual who is guilty of an infraction under Subsection (3) is subject to a \$100 fine. Section 57. Section 58-37-3.7 is enacted to read: 58-37-3.7. Affirmative defense. (1) Before the day on which the Department of Health is issuing medical cannabis cards and a cannabis dispensary in the state is licensed and selling \$→ [cannabis or] ←\$ a cannabis product, it is an affirmative defense to criminal charges against an individual for the use or
 1716 1717 1718 1719 1720 1721 1722 1723 1724 1725 1726 1727 	temperature greater than 500 degrees Fahrenheit; (b) uses a device that is designed for cannabis combustion of cannabis flower at a temperature greater than 500 degrees Fahrenheit; or (c)] ←\$ uses or possesses drug paraphernalia that is not a medical cannabis device. (4) An individual who is guilty of an infraction under Subsection (3) is subject to a \$100 fine. Section 57. Section 58-37-3.7 is enacted to read: 58-37-3.7. Affirmative defense. (1) Before the day on which the Department of Health is issuing medical cannabis cards and a cannabis dispensary in the state is licensed and selling \$→ [cannabis or] ←\$ a cannabis product, it is an affirmative defense to criminal charges against an individual for the use or possession of marijuana, tetrahydrocannabinol, or marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinol drug
 1716 1717 1718 1719 1720 1721 1722 1723 1724 1725 1726 1727 1728 	temperature greater than 500 degrees Fahrenheit; (b) uses a device that is designed for cannabis combustion of cannabis flower at a temperature greater than 500 degrees Fahrenheit; or (c)] ←\$ uses or possesses drug paraphernalia that is not a medical cannabis device. (4) An individual who is guilty of an infraction under Subsection (3) is subject to a \$100 fine. Section 57. Section 58-37-3.7 is enacted to read: 58-37-3.7. Affirmative defense. (1) Before the day on which the Department of Health is issuing medical cannabis cards and a cannabis dispensary in the state is licensed and selling \$→ [cannabis or] ←\$ a cannabis product, it is an affirmative defense to criminal charges against an individual for the use or possession of marijuana, tetrahydrocannabinol, or marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinol drug paraphernalia under this chapter that the individual's conduct would have been lawful after the

1731	charges without prejudice.
1732	Section 58. Section 59-12-104.7 is enacted to read:
1733	59-12-104.7. Exemption from sales tax for medical cannabis.
1734	(1) As used in this section:
1735	(a) "Cannabis" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37-3.6.
1736	(b) "Cannabis dispensary" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1737	<u>26-58-102.</u>
1738	(c) "Cannabis product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37-3.6.
1739	(d) "Medical cannabis device" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1740	<u>58-37-3.6.</u>
1741	(2) In addition to the exemptions described in Section 59-12-104, the sale, by a
1742	<u>licensed cannabis dispensary, of</u> \hat{S} → [cannabis,] ← \hat{S} a cannabis product \hat{S} → [$\frac{1}{3}$] ← \hat{S} or a medical
1742a	cannabis device, is
1743	not subject to the taxes imposed by this chapter.
1744	Section 59. Section 59-28-101 is enacted to read:
1745	CHAPTER 28. MEDICAL CANNABIS TAX ACT
1746	<u>59-28-101.</u> Title.
1746 1747	59-28-101. Title. This chapter is known as the "Medical Cannabis Tax Act."
1747	This chapter is known as the "Medical Cannabis Tax Act."
1747 1748	This chapter is known as the "Medical Cannabis Tax Act." Section 60. Section 59-28-102 is enacted to read:
1747 1748 1749	This chapter is known as the "Medical Cannabis Tax Act." Section 60. Section 59-28-102 is enacted to read: 59-28-102. Definitions.
1747 1748 1749 1750	This chapter is known as the "Medical Cannabis Tax Act." Section 60. Section 59-28-102 is enacted to read: 59-28-102. Definitions. <u>As used in this chapter:</u>
1747 1748 1749 1750 1751	 <u>This chapter is known as the "Medical Cannabis Tax Act."</u> Section 60. Section 59-28-102 is enacted to read: <u>59-28-102.</u> Definitions. <u>As used in this chapter:</u> (1) "Cannabis" means the same as that term is defined in Section <u>58-37-3.6.</u>
1747 1748 1749 1750 1751 1752	 This chapter is known as the "Medical Cannabis Tax Act." Section 60. Section 59-28-102 is enacted to read: 59-28-102. Definitions. As used in this chapter: (1) "Cannabis" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37-3.6. (2) "Cannabis dispensary" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1747 1748 1749 1750 1751 1752 1753	This chapter is known as the "Medical Cannabis Tax Act."Section 60. Section 59-28-102 is enacted to read:59-28-102. Definitions.As used in this chapter:(1) "Cannabis" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37-3.6.(2) "Cannabis dispensary" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26-58-102.
1747 1748 1749 1750 1751 1752 1753 1754	This chapter is known as the "Medical Cannabis Tax Act." Section 60. Section 59-28-102 is enacted to read: 59-28-102. Definitions. As used in this chapter: (1) "Cannabis" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37-3.6. (2) "Cannabis dispensary" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26-58-102. (3) "Cannabis product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37-3.6.
1747 1748 1749 1750 1751 1752 1753 1754 1755	This chapter is known as the "Medical Cannabis Tax Act." Section 60. Section 59-28-102 is enacted to read: 59-28-102. Definitions. As used in this chapter: (1) "Cannabis" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37-3.6. (2) "Cannabis dispensary" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26-58-102. (3) "Cannabis product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37-3.6. (4) "Medical cannabis device" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1747 1748 1749 1750 1751 1752 1753 1754 1755 1756	This chapter is known as the "Medical Cannabis Tax Act." Section 60. Section 59-28-102 is enacted to read: 59-28-102. Definitions. As used in this chapter: (1) "Cannabis" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37-3.6. (2) "Cannabis dispensary" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26-58-102. (3) "Cannabis product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37-3.6. (4) "Medical cannabis device" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37-3.6.
1747 1748 1749 1750 1751 1752 1753 1754 1755 1756 1757	This chapter is known as the "Medical Cannabis Tax Act."Section 60. Section 59-28-102 is enacted to read:59-28-102. Definitions.As used in this chapter:(1) "Cannabis" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37-3.6.(2) "Cannabis dispensary" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37-3.6.(3) "Cannabis product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37-3.6.(4) "Medical cannabis device" means the same as that term is defined in Section58-37-3.6.(5) "Medical Cannabis Restricted Account" means the account created in Section
1747 1748 1749 1750 1751 1752 1753 1754 1755 1756 1757 1758	This chapter is known as the "Medical Cannabis Tax Act." Section 60. Section 59-28-102 is enacted to read: 59-28-102. Definitions. As used in this chapter: (1) "Cannabis" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37-3.6, (2) "Cannabis dispensary" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26-58-102. (3) "Cannabis product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37-3.6, (4) "Medical cannabis device" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37-3.6, (5) "Medical Cannabis Restricted Account" means the account created in Section 26-58-109.

1762	medical cannabis device at a cannabis dispensary in the state, in an amount equal to 4.70% of
1763	amounts paid or charged for the $\hat{S} \rightarrow [cannabis] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ cannabis product $\hat{S} \rightarrow [] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ or medical
1763a	cannabis device.
1764	Section 62. Section 59-28-104 is enacted to read:
1765	<u>59-28-104.</u> Collection of tax.
1766	A cannabis dispensary shall:
1767	(1) collect the tax imposed by Section 59-28-103 from a $\hat{S} \rightarrow [cannabis] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ cannabis
1767a	<u>product</u> $\hat{S} \rightarrow [;] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ <u>or</u>
1768	medical cannabis device purchaser; and
1769	(2) pay the tax collected under Subsection (1):
1770	(a) to the commission quarterly on or before the last day of the month immediately
1771	following the last day of the previous quarter; and
1772	(b) using a form prescribed by the commission.
1773	Section 63. Section 59-28-105 is enacted to read:
1774	59-28-105. Deposit of tax revenue.
1775	The commission shall deposit revenues generated by the tax imposed by this chapter
1776	into the Medical Cannabis Restricted Account.
1777	Section 64. Section 59-28-106 is enacted to read:
1778	<u>59-28-106.</u> Records.
1779	(1) A cannabis dispensary shall maintain any record typically deemed necessary to
1780	determine the amount of tax that the cannabis dispensary is required to remit to the commission
1781	under this chapter.
1782	(2) The commission may require a cannabis dispensary to keep any record the
1783	commission reasonably considers necessary to constitute sufficient evidence of the amount of
1784	tax the cannabis dispensary is required to remit to the commission under this chapter:
1785	(a) by notice served upon the cannabis dispensary; or
1786	(b) by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
1787	Rulemaking Act.
1788	(3) Upon notice by the commission, a cannabis dispensary shall open the cannabis
1789	dispensary's records for examination by the commission.
1790	Section 65. Section 59-28-107 is enacted to read:
1791	59-28-107. Rulemaking authority Enforcement not more strict than those
1792	applied to a similarly situated business.

1793	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), the commission may make rules in
1794	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to:
1795	(a) implement the tax imposed by this chapter; and
1796	(b) enforce payment of the tax imposed by this chapter.
1797	(2) The commission may not make a rule that applies to a cannabis dispensary that is
1798	more restrictive than would apply to a similarly situated business.
1799	(3) The commission may not enforce this chapter against a cannabis dispensary more
1800	strictly than the commission would for a similarly situated business.
1801	Section 66. Section 59-28-108 is enacted to read:
1802	59-28-108. Penalties and interest.
1803	A cannabis dispensary that fails to comply with any provision of this chapter is subject
1804	to penalties and interest as provided in Sections 59-1-401 and 59-1-402.
1805	Section 67. Section 62A-4a-202.1 is amended to read:
1806	62A-4a-202.1. Entering home of a child Taking a child into protective custody
1807	Caseworker accompanied by peace officer Preventive services Shelter facility or
1808	emergency placement.
1809	(1) A peace officer or child welfare worker may not:
1810	(a) enter the home of a child who is not under the jurisdiction of the court, remove a
1811	child from the child's home or school, or take a child into protective custody unless authorized
1812	under Subsection 78A-6-106(2); or
1813	(b) remove a child from the child's home or take a child into custody under this section
1814	solely on the basis of:
1815	(i) educational neglect, truancy, or failure to comply with a court order to attend
1816	school[.]; or
1817	(ii) the possession or use of $\hat{S} \rightarrow [cannabis;] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ a cannabis product $\hat{S} \rightarrow [;] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ or a
1817a	medical cannabis device
1818	in the home, if the use and possession of the $\hat{S} \rightarrow [cannabis,] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ cannabis product $\hat{S} \rightarrow [,] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ or
1818a	medical cannabis
1819	device is in compliance with Title 26, Chapter 58, Medical Cannabis Act.
1820	(2) A child welfare worker within the division may take action under Subsection (1)
1821	accompanied by a peace officer, or without a peace officer when a peace officer is not
1822	reasonably available.
1823	(3) (a) If possible, consistent with the child's safety and welfare, before taking a child

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1917 and development by a parent or parents who are capable of providing that care; 1918 (e) whether the parent is incarcerated as a result of conviction of a felony, and the 1919 sentence is of such length that the child will be deprived of a normal home for more than one 1920 year; 1921 (f) a history of violent behavior; or 1922 (g) whether the parent has intentionally exposed the child to pornography or material harmful to a minor, as defined in Section 76-10-1201. 1923 1924 (3) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(c), the court may not discriminate against a parent because of the parent's possession or consumption of $\hat{S} \rightarrow [cannabis,] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ a cannabis product 1925 $\hat{S} \rightarrow [-] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ or a 1925a 1926 medical cannabis device, in accordance with Title 26, Chapter 58, Medical Cannabis Act. 1927 [(3)] (4) A parent who, legitimately practicing the parent's religious beliefs, does not provide specified medical treatment for a child is not, for that reason alone, a negligent or unfit 1928 1929 parent. 1930 $\left[\frac{(4)}{(4)}\right]$ (5) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), a parent may not be considered neglectful 1931 or unfit because of a health care decision made for a child by the child's parent unless the state 1932 or other party to the proceeding shows, by clear and convincing evidence, that the health care 1933 decision is not reasonable and informed. 1934 (b) Nothing in Subsection [(4)] (5)(a) may prohibit a parent from exercising the right to 1935 obtain a second health care opinion. 1936 $\left[\frac{(5)}{(5)}\right]$ (6) If a child has been placed in the custody of the division and the parent or parents fail to comply substantially with the terms and conditions of a plan within six months 1937 1938 after the date on which the child was placed or the plan was commenced, whichever occurs 1939 later, that failure to comply is evidence of failure of parental adjustment. 1940 [(6)] (7) The following circumstances constitute prima facie evidence of unfitness: 1941 (a) sexual abuse, sexual exploitation, injury, or death of a sibling of the child, or of any 1942 child, due to known or substantiated abuse or neglect by the parent or parents; 1943 (b) conviction of a crime, if the facts surrounding the crime are of such a nature as to 1944 indicate the unfitness of the parent to provide adequate care to the extent necessary for the child's physical, mental, or emotional health and development; 1945 1946 (c) a single incident of life-threatening or gravely disabling injury to or disfigurement 1947 of the child;