Φ Approved for Filing: E. Chelsea-McCarty Φ

1	MUNICIPAL UTILITIES AMENDMENTS
2	2016 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Jerry W. Stevenson
5	House Sponsor:
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill allows a local political subdivision to call an election on proposed public
10	communications service infrastructure.
11	Highlighted Provisions:
12	This bill:
13	defines terms;
14	 clarifies that a local political subdivision may create public communications service
15	infrastructure; and
16	 allows a local political subdivision to call an election on proposed public
17	communications service infrastructure.
18	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
19	None
20	Other Special Clauses:
21	None
22	Utah Code Sections Affected:
23	AMENDS:
24	10-8-14, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 55
25	10-18-102, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 83
26	10-18-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2004, Chapter 270
27	10-18-204, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 83



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)	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
)	Section 1. Section 10-8-14 is amended to read:
	10-8-14. Utility and telecommunications services Service beyond municipal
	limits Retainage Notice of service and agreement.
	(1) As used in this section, "public telecommunications service infrastructure" means
	the same as that term is defined in Section 10-18-102.
	[(1)] <u>(2)</u> A municipality may:
	(a) construct, finance, maintain, and operate waterworks, sewer collection, sewer
	treatment systems, gas works, electric light works, telecommunications lines, cable television
	lines, [or] public transportation systems, or public telecommunications service infrastructure;
	(b) authorize the construction, maintenance and operation of the works or systems
	listed in Subsection [(1)] (2)(a) by others;
	(c) purchase or lease the works or systems listed in Subsection (1)(a) from any person
	or corporation; and
	(d) sell and deliver the surplus product or service capacity of any works or system
	listed in Subsection [(1)] (2)(a), not required by the municipality or the municipality's
	inhabitants, to others beyond the limits of the municipality, except the sale and delivery of:
	(i) retail electricity beyond the municipal boundary is governed by Subsections (3)
	through (8); and
	(ii) cable television services or public telecommunications services is governed by
	Subsection [(11)] <u>(12)</u> .
	[(2)] (3) If any payment on a contract with a private person, firm, or corporation to
	construct waterworks, sewer collection, sewer treatment systems, gas works, electric works,
	telecommunications lines, cable television lines, [or] public transportation systems, or public
	telecommunications service infrastructure is retained or withheld, it shall be retained or
	withheld and released as provided in Section 13-8-5.
	[(3)] (4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection $[(3)]$ (4) (b), $[(5)]$ (6) , or $[(9)]$ (10) , a
	municipality may not sell or deliver the electricity produced or distributed by its electric works
	constructed, maintained, or operated in accordance with Subsection [(1)] (2) to a retail
	customer located beyond its municipal boundary.

59 (b) A municipality that provides retail electric service to a customer beyond its 60 municipal boundary on or before June 15, 2013, may continue to serve that customer if: 61 (i) on or before December 15, 2013, the municipality provides the electrical 62 corporation, as defined in Section 54-2-1, that is obligated by its certificate of public 63 convenience and necessity to serve the customer with an accurate and complete verified written notice described in Subsection [(3)] (4)(c) that identifies each customer served by the 64 65 municipality beyond its municipal boundary; 66 (ii) no later than June 15, 2014, the municipality enters into a written filing agreement 67 for the provision of electric service with the electrical corporation; and 68 (iii) the Public Service Commission approves the written filing agreement in 69 accordance with Section 54-4-40. 70 (c) The municipality shall include in the written notice required in Subsection [(3)] 71 (4)(b)(i) for each customer: 72 (i) the customer's meter number; 73 (ii) the location of the customer's meter by street address, global positioning system 74 coordinates, metes and bounds description, or other similar method of meter location; 75 (iii) the customer's class of service; and 76 (iv) a representation that the customer was receiving service from the municipality on 77 or before June 15, 2013. [(4)] (5) The written filing agreement entered into in accordance with Subsection 78

(3)(b)(ii) shall require the following:

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- (a) The municipality shall provide electric service to a customer identified in accordance with Subsection [(3)] (4)(b)(i) unless the municipality and the electrical corporation subsequently agree in writing that the electrical corporation will provide electric service to the customer.
- (b) If a customer who is located outside the municipal boundary and who is not identified in accordance with Subsection [(3)] (4)(b)(i) requests service from the municipality after June 15, 2013, the municipality may not provide that customer electric service unless the municipality submits a request to and enters into a written agreement with the electric corporation in accordance with Subsection [(5)] (6).
 - [(5)] (6) (a) A municipality may submit to the electrical corporation a request to

provide electric service to an electric customer described in Subsection $[\frac{(4)}{(5)}]$ (5)(b).

- (b) If a municipality submits a request, the electrical corporation shall respond to the request within 60 days.
- (c) If the electrical corporation agrees to allow the municipality to provide electric service to the customer:
 - (i) the electrical corporation and the municipality shall enter into a written agreement;
- (ii) the municipality shall agree in the written agreement to subsequently transfer service to the customer described in Subsection [(4)] (5)(b) if the electrical corporation notifies, in writing, the municipality that the electrical corporation has installed a facility capable of providing electric service to the customer; and
 - (iii) the municipality may provide the service if:

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- (A) except as provided in Subsection [(5)] (6)(c)(iii)(B), the Public Service Commission approves the agreement in accordance with Section 54-4-40; or
- (B) for an electrical cooperative that meets the requirements of Subsection 54-7-12(7), the governing board of the electrical cooperative approves the agreement.
- (d) The municipality or the electrical corporation may terminate the agreement for the provision of electric service if the Public Service Commission imposes a condition authorized in Section 54-4-40 that is a material change to the agreement.
- [(6)] (7) If the municipality and electrical corporation make a transfer described in Subsection [(5)] (6)(c)(ii):
- (a) (i) the municipality shall transfer the electric service customer to the electrical corporation; and
 - (ii) the electrical corporation shall provide electric service to the customer; and
- (b) the municipality shall transfer a facility in accordance with and for the value as provided in Section 10-2-421.
- [(7)] (8) (a) In accordance with Subsection [(7)] (8)(b), the municipality shall establish a reasonable mechanism for resolving potential future complaints by an electric customer located outside its municipal boundary.
 - (b) The mechanism shall require:
- 119 (i) that the rates and conditions of service for a customer outside the municipality's 120 boundary are at least as favorable as the rates and conditions of service for a similarly situated

121	customer within the municipality's boundary; and
122	(ii) if the municipality provides a general rebate, refund, or other payment to a
123	customer located within the municipality's boundary, that the municipality also provide the
124	same general rebate, refund, or other payment to a similarly situated customer located outside
125	the municipality's boundary.
126	[(8)] (9) The municipality is relieved of any obligation to transfer a customer described
127	in Subsection [(4)] (5)(b) or facility used to serve the customer in accordance with Subsection
128	[(5)] (6)(c)(ii) if the municipality annexes the property on which the customer is being served.
129	[(9)] (10) (a) A municipality may provide electric service outside of its municipal
130	boundary to a facility that is solely owned and operated by the municipality for municipal
131	service.
132	(b) A municipality's provision of electric service to a facility that is solely owned and
133	operated by the municipality does not expand the municipality's electric service area.
134	[(10)] (11) Nothing in this section expands or diminishes the ability of a municipality
135	to enter into a wholesale electrical sales contract with another municipality that serves electric
136	customers to sell and deliver wholesale electricity to the other municipality.
137	[(11)] (12) A municipality's actions under this section related to works or systems
138	involving public telecommunications services or cable television services are subject to the
139	requirements of Chapter 18, Municipal Cable Television and Public Telecommunications
140	Services Act.
141	Section 2. Section 10-18-102 is amended to read:
142	10-18-102. Definitions.
143	As used in this chapter:
144	(1) "Cable television service" means:
145	(a) the one-way transmission to subscribers of:
146	(i) video programming; or
147	(ii) other programming service; and
148	(b) subscriber interaction, if any, that is required for the selection or use of:
149	(i) the video programming; or

(2) "Capital costs" means all costs of providing a service that are capitalized in

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(ii) other programming service.

132	accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.
153	(3) "Cross subsidize" means to pay a cost included in the direct costs or indirect costs
154	of providing a service that is not accounted for in the full cost of accounting of providing the
155	service.
156	(4) "Direct costs" means those expenses of a municipality that:
157	(a) are directly attributable to providing:
158	(i) a cable television service; or
159	(ii) a public telecommunications service; and
160	(b) would be eliminated if the service described in Subsection (4)(a) were not provided
161	by the municipality.
162	(5) "Feasibility consultant" means an individual or entity with expertise in the
163	processes and economics of providing:
164	(a) cable television service; and
165	(b) public telecommunications service.
166	(6) (a) "Full-cost accounting" means the accounting of all costs incurred by a
167	municipality in providing:
168	(i) a cable television service; or
169	(ii) a public telecommunications service.
170	(b) The costs included in a full-cost accounting include all:
171	(i) capital costs;
172	(ii) direct costs; and
173	(iii) indirect costs.
174	(7) (a) "Indirect costs" means any costs:
175	(i) identified with two or more services or other functions; and
176	(ii) that are not directly identified with a single service or function.
177	(b) "Indirect costs" may include cost factors for:
178	(i) administration;
179	(ii) accounting;
180	(iii) personnel;
181	(iv) purchasing;
182	(v) legal support; and

183	(vi) other staff or departmental support.
184	(8) "Local political subdivision" means a county, municipality, local district, or special
185	service district.
186	[(8)] <u>(9)</u> "Private provider" means a person that:
187	(a) provides:
188	(i) cable television services; or
189	(ii) public telecommunications services; and
190	(b) is a private entity.
191	[(9)] (10) "Public telecommunications service" means the two-way transmission of
192	signs, signals, writing, images, sounds, messages, data, or other information of any nature by
193	wire, radio, lightwaves, or other electromagnetic means offered to the public generally.
194	(11) (a) "Public telecommunications service infrastructure" means infrastructure that is
195	owned or leased by a local political subdivision and used by a third party service provider to
196	provide public telecommunications service.
197	(b) "Public telecommunications service infrastructure" includes:
198	(i) cables;
199	(ii) collocation space;
200	(iii) conduits;
201	(iv) innerducts;
202	(v) manholes;
203	(vi) nodes;
204	(vii) optical fiber strands;
205	(viii) patch panels;
206	(ix) splices;
207	(x) switches;
208	(xi) transmitters;
209	(xii) junctions;
210	(xiii) terminals;
211	(xiv) internal power sources;
212	(xv) access portals;
213	(xvi) battery backups;

214	(xvii) fault alarm systems;
215	(xviii) structures;
216	(xix) shelters;
217	(xx) poles or pole line attachments;
218	(xxi) business and operations support systems; and
219	(xxii) any articles of personal property or similar equipment.
220	[(10)] (12) "Subscribers" means a person that lawfully receives:
221	(a) cable television services; or
222	(b) public telecommunications services.
223	(13) "Third party service provider" means a non-governmental entity that provides
224	public telecommunications service through public telecommunications service infrastructure.
225	Section 3. Section 10-18-105 is amended to read:
226	10-18-105. Scope of chapter.
227	(1) Nothing in this chapter authorizes any county or other political subdivision of this
228	state to:
229	(a) provide:
230	(i) a cable television service; or
231	(ii) a public telecommunications service; or
232	(b) purchase, lease, construct, maintain, or operate a facility for the purpose of
233	providing:
234	(i) a cable television service; or
235	(ii) a public telecommunications service.
236	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), this chapter does not apply to a [municipality]
237	local political subdivision purchasing, leasing, constructing, or equipping facilities:
238	(a) that are designed to provide services within the [municipality] local political
239	subdivision; and
240	(b) that the [municipality] local political subdivision:
241	(i) uses for internal municipal government purposes; or
242	(ii) by written contract, leases, sells capacity in, or grants other similar rights to a
243	private provider to use the facilities in connection with a private provider offering:
244	(A) cable television services; or

245	(B) public telecommunications services.
246	(3) (a) As used in this Subsection (3), "municipal entity" means:
247	(i) a municipality; or
248	(ii) an entity created pursuant to an agreement:
249	(A) under Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act; and
250	(B) to which a municipality is a party.
251	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), a municipal entity shall comply with Subsection
252	(3)(c) if the municipal entity purchases, leases, constructs, or equips facilities that the
253	municipal entity by written contract leases, sells capacity in, or grants other similar rights to a
254	private provider to use the facilities in connection with a private provider offering:
255	(i) cable television services; or
256	(ii) public telecommunications services.
257	(c) A municipal entity described in Subsection (3)(b) shall, with respect to an action
258	described in Subsection (3)(b), comply with the obligations imposed on a municipality
259	pursuant to:
260	(i) Section 10-18-302; and
261	(ii) Subsections 10-18-303(3) and (4).
262	(4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), this chapter does not apply to a local
263	political subdivision to the extent that the local political subdivision provides public
264	telecommunications service infrastructure.
265	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(a), a local political subdivision described in
266	Subsection (4)(a) may call an election under Section 10-18-204 with regards to the provision of
267	public telecommunications service infrastructure.
268	Section 4. Section 10-18-204 is amended to read:
269	10-18-204. Vote permissible Referendum.
270	(1) (a) (i) A legislative body of a municipality may, by a majority vote [may], call an
271	election on whether [or not] the municipality shall provide [the] proposed:
272	[(i)] (A) cable television services; or
273	[(ii)] (B) public telecommunications services.
274	(ii) A legislative body of a local political subdivision may, by a majority vote, call an
275	election on whether the local political subdivision shall provide proposed public

2/6	telecommunications service intrastructure.
277	(b) If under Subsection (1)(a) the legislative body calls an election, the election shall be
278	held:
279	(i) (A) at the next municipal general election; or
280	(B) as provided in Subsection 20A-1-203(1), at a local special election the purpose of
281	which is authorized by this section; and
282	(ii) in accordance with Title 20A, Election Code, except as provided in this section.
283	(c) (i) The notice of the election called under Subsection (1)(a)(i) shall include with
284	any other information required by law:
285	[(i)] (A) a summary of the cable television services or public telecommunications
286	services that the legislative body of the municipality proposes to provide to subscribers residing
287	within the boundaries of the municipality;
288	[(ii)] (B) the feasibility study summary under Section 10-18-203;
289	[(iii)] (C) a statement that a full copy of the feasibility study is available for inspection
290	and copying; and
291	[(iv)] (D) the location in the municipality where the feasibility study may be inspected
292	or copied.
293	(ii) The notice of an election called under Subsection (1)(a)(ii) shall include a summary
294	prepared by the local political subdivision describing the proposed public communications
295	service infrastructure.
296	(d) [The ballot at] (i) For an election called under Subsection (1)(a)(i), the ballot for the
297	election shall pose the question substantially as follows:
298	"Shall the [name of the municipality] provide [cable television service or public
299	telecommunications service] to the inhabitants of the [municipality][-]?"
300	(ii) For an election called under Subsection (1)(a)(ii), the ballot for the election shall
301	pose the question substantially as follows:
302	"Shall the [name of the local political subdivision] provide public telecommunications
303	service infrastructure within [name of the local political subdivision] by [brief description of
304	the method or means by which the public communications service infrastructure will be
305	provided]?"
306	(e) The ballot proposition may not take effect until submitted to the electors and

307	approved by the majority of those voting on the ballot.
308	(2) In accordance with Title 20A, Chapter 7, Issues Submitted to the Voters, a
309	[municipality] legislative body's action to have the [municipality] political subdivision over
310	which the legislative body presides provide cable television services or public
311	telecommunications services is subject to local referenda.
312	(3) The results of an election called under Subsection (1)(a)(ii) are not binding and do
313	<u>not:</u>
314	(a) require the local political subdivision that called the election to take, or refrain from
315	taking, any action; or
316	(b) limit the local political subdivision that called the election from taking any action
317	authorized under Section 10-8-14 or 10-18-105.

Legislative Review Note Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel