59	[(6) "Public safety officer" means a peace officer as]
60	[(7)] (8) "Significant exposure" and "significantly exposed" mean:
61	(a) exposure of the body of one person to the blood or body fluids of another person
62	by:
63	(i) percutaneous injury, including a needle stick, cut with a sharp object or instrument,
64	or a wound resulting from a human bite, scratch, or similar force; or
65	(ii) contact with an open wound, mucous membrane, or nonintact skin because of a cut,
66	abrasion, dermatitis, or other damage; or
67	(b) exposure that occurs by any other method of transmission defined by the <u>Labor</u>
68	Commission, in consultation with the Department of Health, as a significant exposure.
69	Section 2. Section 78B-8-402 is amended to read:
70	78B-8-402. Petition Disease testing Notice Payment for testing.
71	(1) An emergency services provider or first aid volunteer who is significantly exposed
72	during the course of performing the emergency services provider's duties or during the course
73	of performing emergency assistance or first aid, or a health care provider acting in the course
74	and scope of the health care provider's duties as a health care provider may:
75	(a) request that the person to whom the emergency services provider [or], first aid
76	volunteer, or health care provider was significantly exposed voluntarily submit to testing; or
77	(b) petition the district court or a magistrate for an order requiring that the person to
78	whom the emergency services provider [or], first aid volunteer, or health care provider was
79	significantly exposed submit to testing to determine the presence of a disease, as defined in
80	Section 78B-8-401, and that the results of that test be disclosed to the petitioner by the
81	Department of Health.
82	(2) (a) A law enforcement agency may submit on behalf of the petitioner $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\underline{\mathbf{who is an}}]$
83	emergency services provider or first aid volunteer] - H by electronic or other means an ex parte
84	request for a warrant ordering a blood draw from the respondent.
85	Ĥ→ [(b) A health care provider, or the health care provider's designee, may submit by
86	electronic or other means an ex parte request for a warrant ordering a blood draw from the
87	respondent.]
88	[$\{ \}$] (b) $[\{ \}]$ \leftarrow $\hat{\mathbf{H}}$ The court or magistrate shall issue a warrant ordering the respondent to
89	provide a specimen of the respondent's blood within 24 hours, and that reasonable force may be

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- 90 used, if necessary, if the court or magistrate finds that:
 - (i) the petitioner was significantly exposed during the course of performing the petitioner's duties as an emergency services [or] provider, first aid [provider] volunteer, or health care provider;
 - (ii) the respondent has refused consent to the blood draw or is unable to give consent;
 - (iii) there may not be an opportunity to obtain a sample at a later date; and
 - (iv) a delay in administering available FDA-approved post-exposure treatment or prophylaxis could result in a lack of effectiveness of the treatment or prophylaxis.
- 98 $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [f]$ (c) $[\frac{1}{(d)}] \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ The petitioner shall request a person authorized under Section 41-6a-523
- 99 perform the blood draw.

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- 100 $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [f]$ (d) $[\frac{1}{2}] \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ A sample drawn in accordance with a warrant following an ex parte 100a request
- shall be sent to the Department of Health for testing.
 - (3) If a petitioner does not seek or obtain a warrant pursuant to Subsection (2), the petitioner may file a petition with the district court seeking an order to submit to testing and to disclose the results in accordance with [the provisions of] this section.
 - (4) (a) The petition described in Subsection (3) shall be accompanied by an affidavit in which the petitioner certifies that the petitioner has been significantly exposed to the individual who is the subject of the petition and describes that exposure.
 - (b) The petitioner shall submit to testing to determine the presence of a disease, when the petition is filed or within three days after the petition is filed.
 - (5) The petitioner shall cause the petition required under this section to be served on the person who the petitioner is requesting to be tested in a manner that will best preserve the confidentiality of that person.
 - (6) (a) The court shall set a time for a hearing on the matter within 10 days after the petition is filed and shall give the petitioner and the individual who is the subject of the petition notice of the hearing at least 72 hours prior to the hearing.
 - (b) The individual who is the subject of the petition shall also be notified that the individual may have an attorney present at the hearing and that the individual's attorney may examine and cross-examine witnesses.
- 119 (c) The hearing shall be conducted in camera.
- 120 (7) The district court may enter an order requiring that an individual submit to testing,