28	(a) identified in the impact fee facilities plan; and
29	(b) for the specific public facility type for which the fee was collected.
30	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), a local political subdivision shall
31	expend or encumber [the] an impact [fees] fee collected with respect to a lot:
32	(i) for a permissible use; and
33	(ii) within six years [of their receipt.] after the impact fee with respect to that lot is
34	collected.
35	(b) A local political subdivision may hold the fees for longer than six years if it
36	identifies, in writing:
37	(i) an extraordinary and compelling reason why the fees should be held longer than six
38	years; and
39	(ii) an absolute date by which the fees will be expended.
40	Section 2. Section 11-36a-603 is amended to read:
41	11-36a-603. Refunds.
42	(1) A local political subdivision shall refund any impact fee paid by a developer, plus
43	interest earned, when:
44	[(1)] (a) the developer does not proceed with the development activity and has filed a
45	written request for a refund;
46	$[\frac{(2)}{(2)}]$ the fee has not been spent or encumbered; and
47	$\left[\frac{3}{2}\right]$ (c) no impact has resulted.
48	(2) (a) As used in this Subsection (2):
49	(i) "Affected lot" means the lot Ĥ→ or parcel ←Ĥ with respect to which a local political
19a	subdivision
50	collected an impact fee that is subject to a refund under this Subsection (2).
51	(ii) "Claimant" means:
52	(A) the original owner; or
53	(B) another person who, under Subsection (2)(d), submits a timely notice of the
54	person's valid legal claim to an impact fee refund.
55	(iii) "Original owner" means the record owner of an affected lot at the time the local
56	political subdivision collected the impact fee.
57	(iv) "Unclaimed refund" means an impact fee that:
58	(A) is subject to refund under this Subsection (2); and