39	battery and petit farceny; [the municipal legislative body may]
60	(b) restrain riots, routs, noises, disturbances, or disorderly assemblies in any street,
61	house, or place in the city; [the municipal legislative body may]
62	(c) regulate and prevent the discharge of firearms, rockets, powder, $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\mathbf{fireworks_1}] \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$
62a	or any
63	other dangerous or combustible material; [the municipal legislative body may]
64	(d) provide against and prevent the offense of obtaining money or property under false
65	pretenses and the offense of embezzling money or property in all cases where the money or
66	property embezzled or obtained under false pretenses does not exceed in value the sum of \$500
67	[and may]; and
68	(e) prohibit the sale, giving away, or furnishing of narcotics, alcoholic beverages, and
69	tobacco to a person younger than 21 years of age[, or tobacco to any person younger than 19
70	years of age; cities].
71	(2) Cities may, by ordinance, prohibit the possession of controlled substances as
72	defined in the Utah Controlled Substances Act or any other endangering or impairing
73	substance, provided the conduct is not a class A misdemeanor or felony[, and].
74	(3) Cities may provide for treatment of alcoholics, narcotic addicts, and other persons
75	who are addicted to the use of drugs or intoxicants such that a person substantially lacks the
76	capacity to control the person's use of the drugs or intoxicants, and judicial supervision may be
77	imposed as a means of effecting [their] the person's rehabilitation.
78	Section 2. Section 10-8-47.4 is enacted to read:
79	10-8-47.4. Intoxication Fights Disorderly conduct Assault and battery
80	Petit larceny Riots and disorderly assemblies Firearms and fireworks False
81	pretenses and embezzlement Sale of liquor, narcotics, or tobacco to minors
82	Possession of controlled substances Treatment of alcoholics and narcotics or drug
83	addicts.
84	(1) A municipal legislative body may:
85	(a) prevent intoxication, fighting, quarreling, dog fights, cockfights, prize fights,
86	bullfights, and all disorderly conduct and provide against and punish the offenses of assault and
87	battery and petit larceny;
88	(b) restrain riots, routs, noises, disturbances, or disorderly assemblies in any street,
89	house, or place in the city;

90	(c) regulate and prevent the discharge of firearms, rockets, powder, $\hat{H} \rightarrow [\underline{\text{fireworks,}}] \leftarrow \hat{H}$
90a	<u>or any</u>
91	other dangerous or combustible material;
92	(d) provide against and prevent the offense of obtaining money or property under false
93	pretenses and the offense of embezzling money or property in all cases where the money or
94	property embezzled or obtained under false pretenses does not exceed in value the sum of
95	<u>\$500;</u>
96	(e) prohibit the sale, giving away, or furnishing of narcotics or alcoholic beverages to a
97	person younger than 21 years of age; and
98	(f) prohibit the sale, giving away, or furnishing of tobacco to any person younger than
99	20 years of age.
100	(2) Cities may, by ordinance, prohibit the possession of controlled substances as
101	defined in the Utah Controlled Substances Act or any other endangering or impairing
102	substance, provided the conduct is not a class A misdemeanor or felony.
103	(3) Cities may provide for treatment of alcoholics, narcotic addicts, and other persons
104	who are addicted to the use of drugs or intoxicants such that a person substantially lacks the
105	capacity to control the person's use of the drugs or intoxicants, and judicial supervision may be
106	imposed as a means of effecting the person's rehabilitation.
107	Section 3. Section 26-42-103 is amended to read:
108	26-42-103. Violations and penalties Imposition by enforcing agency and tax
109	commission.
110	(1) If, following an investigation or issuance of a citation or information under Section
111	77-39-101, an enforcing agency determines under Section 26-42-104 that a licensee or any
112	employee has sold tobacco to a person younger than [19] 21 years of age, as prohibited by
113	Section 76-10-104, the enforcing agency may impose upon the licensee the following
114	administrative penalties:
115	(a) upon the first violation, a penalty of not more than \$300;
116	(b) upon a second violation at the same retail location, and within 12 months of the
117	first violation, a penalty of not more than \$750; and
118	(c) upon a third or subsequent violation at the same retail location, and within 12
119	months of the first violation, a penalty of not more than \$1,000.
120	(2) The enforcing agency shall notify the commission in writing of any order or order