	COSTS FOR AGGRAVATED MURDER OFFENSES
	2017 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
	Chief Sponsor: Stephen G. Handy
	Senate Sponsor: Todd Weiler
LO	ONG TITLE
Ge	neral Description:
	This bill directs the Legislative Auditor General to conduct an audit of the comparative
cos	ts of the death penalty capital offenses and non-death penalty capital cases.
Hig	ghlighted Provisions:
	This bill:
	<ul> <li>provides the auditor with guidelines for determining the scope of costs incurred by</li> </ul>
cap	ital cases, including when the death penalty is sought and when it is not;
	<ul> <li>describes the various prosecutions and outcomes regarding capital cases, including</li> </ul>
con	viction and plea bargains; and
	• directs that the auditor report to the Legislature, including recommendations, by
Jul	y 1, 2018.
Mo	oney Appropriated in this Bill:
	None
Otl	her Special Clauses:
	None
Uta	nh Code Sections Affected:
EN	ACTS:
	<b>36-30-101</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953



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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

H.B. 187 01-24-17 1:42 PM

28	Section 1. Section <b>36-30-101</b> is enacted to read:
29	<b>36-30-101.</b> Death penalty audit.
30	(1) The Office of the Legislative Auditor General shall conduct an audit, subject to the
31	prioritization of the Legislative Audit Subcommittee, to determine the fiscal costs to state and
32	local agencies, and other entities:
33	(a) to prosecute capital offenses as:
34	(i) death penalty cases; or
35	(ii) cases where the death penalty is not sought;
36	(b) to prosecute capital offenses as death penalty cases when the death penalty is
37	imposed, and when the death penalty is not imposed;
38	(c) to prosecute capital offenses when the death penalty is sought but the case is:
39	(i) resolved by plea bargain;
40	(ii) resolved without trial by a sentence of life without parole; or
41	(iii) addressed by other strategic litigation decisions that result in a plea that resolves
42	the capital offense charge; or
43	(d) in the appeal process for capital cases, when the death penalty is imposed; and
44	(e) when a case is resolved by a sentence lesser than life without parole.
45	(2) The audit shall include the following costs for death penalty capital cases as
46	compared to non-death penalty cases in each of the types of prosecutions and case resolutions
47	described in Subsection (1), as incurred:
48	<u>(a) by:</u>
49	(i) law enforcement;
50	(ii) county jails;
51	(iii) the court, including use of buildings and facilities, staff, and security;
52	(iv) the Department of Corrections prior to the exhaustion of appeals of a capital
53	conviction;
54	(v) the Department of Corrections regarding incarceration of persons convicted of
55	capital offenses after the exhaustion of the defendant's appeals, both when the death penalty is
56	imposed and when the death penalty is not imposed; and
57	(vi) the Board of Pardons and Parole, where applicable; and
58	<u>(b) for:</u>

59	(i) pretrial costs;
60	(ii) medical and psychiatric services provided to the defendant, including examinations
61	and testimony;
62	(iii) expert witnesses;
63	(iv) other witnesses;
64	(v) juries;
65	(vi) sentencing hearings;
66	(vii) prosecution, including both state and county prosecutors;
67	(viii) defense costs, including state and local defense attorneys;
68	(ix) appeals and postconviction actions; and
69	(x) the execution, including facilities, staff, and security measures.
70	(3) The Office of the Legislative Auditor General shall report the audit on or before
71	<u>July 1, 2018, to the:</u>
72	(a) Law Enforcement and Criminal Justice Interim Committee; and
73	(b) Executive Offices and Criminal Justice Appropriations Subcommittee.
74	(4) The report shall include:
75	(a) the audit findings;
76	(b) issues the auditor may find that limit access to information; and
77	(c) recommendations the auditor may have for legislative action to facilitate improved
78	access to agency information.

Legislative Review Note Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel