	DIVISION OF OCCUPATIONAL AND PROFESSIONAL
	LICENSING
	2017 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
	Chief Sponsor: Don L. Ipson
	House Sponsor:
1	LONG TITLE
(General Description:
	This bill modifies provisions of the Professional Engineers and Professional Land
5	Surveyors Licensing Act (the act).
I	Highlighted Provisions:
	This bill:
	► defines terms;
	 provides rulemaking authority to the Division of Occupational and Professional
I	Licensing (DOPL) related to defining unprofessional conduct under the act;
	 modifies DOPL's citation authority to include unprofessional conduct under the act;
8	and
	 makes technical changes.
I	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
	None
(Other Special Clauses:
	None
Į	Utah Code Sections Affected:
P	AMENDS:
	58-22-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 278
	58-22-503, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 278



28	ENACTS:
29	58-22-502.5, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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31	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
32	Section 1. Section 58-22-102 is amended to read:
33	58-22-102. Definitions.
34	In addition to the definitions in Section 58-1-102, as used in this chapter:
35	(1) "Board" means the Professional Engineers and Professional Land Surveyors
36	Licensing Board created in Section 58-22-201.
37	(2) "Building" means a structure which has human occupancy or habitation as its
38	principal purpose, and includes the structural, mechanical, and electrical systems, utility
39	services, and other facilities required for the building, and is otherwise governed by the State
40	Construction Code or an approved code under Title 15A, State Construction and Fire Codes
41	Act.
42	(3) "Complete construction plans" means a final set of plans, specifications, and reports
43	for a building or structure that normally includes:
44	(a) floor plans;
45	(b) elevations;
46	(c) site plans;
47	(d) foundation, structural, and framing detail;
48	(e) electrical, mechanical, and plumbing design;
49	(f) information required by the energy code;
50	(g) specifications and related calculations as appropriate; and
51	(h) all other documents required to obtain a building permit.
52	(4) "EAC/ABET" means the Engineering Accreditation Commission/Accreditation
53	Board for Engineering and Technology.
54	(5) "Fund" means the Professional Engineer, Professional Structural Engineer, and
55	Professional Land Surveyor Education and Enforcement Fund created in Section 58-22-103.
56	(6) "NCEES" means the National Council of Examiners for Engineering and
57	Surveying.
58	(7) "Principal" means a licensed professional engineer, professional structural engineer,

or professional land surveyor having responsible charge of an organization's professional engineering, professional structural engineering, or professional land surveying practice.

(8) "Professional engineer" means a person licensed under this chapter as a professional engineer.

- (9) (a) "Professional engineering," [or] "the practice of engineering," or "the practice of professional engineering" means a service or creative work, the adequate performance of which requires engineering education, training, and experience in the application of special knowledge of the mathematical, physical, and engineering sciences to the service or creative work as consultation, investigation, evaluation, planning, design, and design coordination of engineering works and systems, planning the use of land and water, facility programming, performing engineering surveys and studies, and the review of construction for the purpose of monitoring compliance with drawings and specifications; any of which embraces these services or work, either public or private, in connection with any utilities, structures, buildings, machines, equipment, processes, work systems, projects, and industrial or consumer products or equipment of a mechanical, electrical, hydraulic, pneumatic, or thermal nature, and including other professional services as may be necessary to the planning, progress, and completion of any engineering services.
- (b) The practice of professional engineering does not include the practice of architecture as defined in Section 58-3a-102, but a licensed professional engineer may perform architecture work as is incidental to the practice of engineering.
 - (10) "Professional engineering intern" means a person who:
 - (a) has completed the education requirements to become a professional engineer;
 - (b) has passed the fundamentals of engineering examination; and
- (c) is engaged in obtaining the four years of qualifying experience for licensure under the direct supervision of a licensed professional engineer.
- (11) "Professional land surveying" or "the practice of land surveying" means a service or work, the adequate performance of which requires the application of special knowledge of the principles of mathematics, the related physical and applied sciences, and the relevant requirements of law for adequate evidence to the act of measuring and locating lines, angles, elevations, natural and man-made features in the air, on the surface of the earth, within underground workings, and on the beds of bodies of water for the purpose of determining areas

and volumes, for the monumenting or locating of property boundaries or points controlling boundaries, and for the platting and layout of lands and subdivisions of lands, including the topography, alignment and grades of streets, and for the preparation and perpetuation of maps, record plats, field notes records, and property descriptions that represent these surveys and other duties as sound surveying practices could direct.

- (12) "Professional land surveyor" means an individual licensed under this chapter as a professional land surveyor.
- (13) "Professional structural engineer" means a person licensed under this chapter as a professional structural engineer.
- (14) (a) "Professional structural engineering" or "the practice of structural engineering" means a service or creative work [in the following areas, and may be further defined by rule by the division in collaboration with the board: (a)] providing structural engineering services for significant structures including:
- (i) buildings and other structures representing a substantial hazard to human life, which include:
- (A) buildings and other structures whose primary occupancy is public assembly with an occupant load greater than 300;
- (B) buildings and other structures with elementary school, secondary school, or day care facilities with an occupant load greater than 250;
- (C) buildings and other structures with an occupant load greater than 500 for colleges or adult education facilities;
- (D) health care facilities with an occupant load of 50 or more resident patients, but not having surgery or emergency treatment facilities;
- (E) jails and detention facilities with a gross area greater than 3,000 square feet; [or] and
- (F) [an occupancy] <u>buildings and other structures</u> with an occupant load greater than 5,000;
 - (ii) buildings and other structures designated as essential facilities, including:
- (A) hospitals and other health care facilities having surgery or emergency treatment facilities with a gross area greater than 3,000 square feet;
- (B) fire, rescue, and police stations and emergency vehicle garages with a mean height

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121	greater than 24 feet or a gross area greater than 5,000 square feet;
122	(C) designated earthquake, hurricane, or other emergency shelters with a gross area
123	greater than 3,000 square feet;
124	(D) designated emergency preparedness, communication, and operation centers and
125	other buildings required for emergency response with a mean height more than 24 feet or a
126	gross area greater than 5,000 square feet;
127	(E) power-generating stations and other public utility facilities required as emergency
128	backup facilities with a gross area greater then 3,000 square feet;
129	(F) structures with a mean height more than 24 feet or a gross area greater than 5,000
130	square feet containing highly toxic materials as defined by the division by rule, where the
131	quantity of the material exceeds the maximum allowable quantities set by the division by rule;
132	and
133	(G) aviation control towers, air traffic control centers, and emergency aircraft hangars
134	at commercial service and cargo air services airports as defined by the Federal Aviation
135	Administration with a mean height greater than 35 feet or a gross area greater than 20,000
136	square feet; and
137	(iii) buildings and other structures requiring special consideration, including:
138	(A) structures or buildings that are[:] normally occupied by human beings and are five
139	stories or more in height;
140	[(I) normally occupied by human beings; and]
141	[(II) five stories or more in height; or]
142	[(III) that have an average roof height more than 60 feet above the average ground level
143	measured at the perimeter of the structure; or]
144	(B) structures or buildings that are normally occupied by human beings and have an
145	average roof height more than 60 feet above the average ground level measured at the
146	perimeter of the structure; and
147	[(B)] (C) [all] buildings that are over 200,000 aggregate gross square feet in area[;
148	and] <u>.</u>
149	(b) "Professional structural engineering or the practice of structural engineering":
150	[(b)] (i) includes the definition of professional engineering or the practice of
151	professional engineering as provided in Subsection (9)[-]; and

152	(ii) may be further defined by rules made by the division in collaboration with the
153	board in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
154	(15) "Structure" means that which is built or constructed, an edifice or building of any
155	kind, or a piece of work artificially built up or composed of parts joined together in a definite
156	manner, and as otherwise governed by the State Construction Code or an approved code under
157	Title 15A, State Construction and Fire Codes Act.
158	(16) "Supervision of an employee, subordinate, associate, or drafter of a licensee"
159	means that a licensed professional engineer, professional structural engineer, or professional
160	land surveyor is responsible for and personally reviews, corrects when necessary, and approves
161	work performed by an employee, subordinate, associate, or drafter under the direction of the
162	licensee, and may be further defined by rule by the division in collaboration with the board.
163	(17) "TAC/ABET" means the Technology Accreditation Commission/Accreditation
164	Board for Engineering and Technology.
165	(18) "Unlawful conduct" [is] means the same as that term is defined in Sections
166	58-1-501 and 58-22-501.
167	(19) "Unprofessional conduct" [as defined in Section 58-1-501 may be further defined
168	by rule by the division in collaboration with the board] means the same as that term is defined
169	in Sections 58-1-501 and 58-22-502.5.
170	Section 2. Section 58-22-502.5 is enacted to read:
171	58-22-502.5. Unprofessional conduct.
172	Unprofessional conduct includes unprofessional conduct that is defined by rules made
173	by the division in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
174	Section 3. Section 58-22-503 is amended to read:
175	58-22-503. Penalty for unlawful or unprofessional conduct.
176	(1) (a) If upon inspection or investigation, the division concludes that a person has
177	violated Subsections 58-1-501(1)(a) through (d) [or], Section 58-22-501, Section 58-22-502.5,
178	or any rule or order issued with respect to [Section] Sections 58-22-501 or 58-22-502.5, and
179	that disciplinary action is appropriate, the director or the director's designee from within the
180	division for each alternative respectively, shall promptly issue a citation to the person
181	according to this chapter and any pertinent rules, attempt to negotiate a stipulated settlement, or
182	notify the person to appear before an adjudicative proceeding conducted under Title 63G,

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- 183 Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act.
- (i) A person who violates Subsections 58-1-501(1)(a) through (d) [or], Section
- 58-22-501, Section 58-22-502.5, or any rule or order issued with respect to [Section] Sections
- 186 58-22-501 or 58-22-502.5, as evidenced by an uncontested citation, a stipulated settlement, or
- by a finding of violation in an adjudicative proceeding, may be assessed a fine pursuant to this
- Subsection (1) and may, in addition to or in lieu of, be ordered to cease and desist from
- violating Subsections 58-1-501(1)(a) through (d) [or], Section 58-22-501, or Section
- 190 58-22-502.5, or any rule or order issued with respect to this section.
- 191 (ii) Except for a cease and desist order, the licensure sanctions cited in Section 192 58-22-401 may not be assessed through a citation.
 - (b) A citation shall:
- 194 (i) be in writing;

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- (ii) describe with particularity the nature of the violation, including a reference to the provision of the chapter, rule, or order alleged to have been violated;
 - (iii) clearly state that the recipient must notify the division in writing within 20 calendar days of service of the citation if the recipient wishes to contest the citation at a hearing conducted under Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act; and
 - (iv) clearly explain the consequences of failure to timely contest the citation or to make payment of any fines assessed by the citation within the time specified in the citation.
 - (c) The division may issue a notice in lieu of a citation.
 - (d) Each citation issued under this section, or a copy of each citation, may be served upon a person upon whom a summons may be served in accordance with the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure and may be made personally or upon the person's agent by a division investigator or by any person specially designated by the director or by mail.
 - (e) If within 20 calendar days from the service of the citation, the person to whom the citation was issued fails to request a hearing to contest the citation, the citation becomes the final order of the division and is not subject to further agency review. The period to contest a citation may be extended by the division for cause.
 - (f) The division may refuse to issue or renew, suspend, revoke, or place on probation the license of a licensee who fails to comply with a citation after it becomes final.
 - (g) The failure of an applicant for licensure to comply with a citation after it becomes

214 final is a ground for denial of license.

- (h) No citation may be issued under this section after the expiration of six months following the occurrence of any violation.
 - (i) The director or the director's designee shall assess fines according to the following:
 - (i) for a first offense handled pursuant to Subsection (1)(a), a fine of up to \$1,000;
- (ii) for a second offense handled pursuant to Subsection (1)(a), a fine of up to \$2,000; and
- (iii) for any subsequent offense handled pursuant to Subsection (1)(a), a fine of up to \$2,000 for each day of continued offense.
- (2) An action initiated for a first or second offense which has not yet resulted in a final order of the division shall not preclude initiation of any subsequent action for a second or subsequent offense during the pendency of any preceding action. The final order on a subsequent action shall be considered a second or subsequent offense, respectively, provided the preceding action resulted in a first or second offense, respectively.
- (3) Any penalty which is not paid may be collected by the director by either referring the matter to a collection agency or bringing an action in the district court of the county in which the person against whom the penalty is imposed resides or in the county where the office of the director is located. Any county attorney or the attorney general of the state shall provide legal assistance and advice to the director in any action to collect the penalty. In any action brought to enforce the provisions of this section, reasonable attorney's fees and costs shall be awarded to the division.

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