1	HIGHER EDUCATION GOVERNANCE REVISIONS	
2	2017 GENERAL SESSION	
3	STATE OF UTAH	
4	Chief Sponsor: Ann Millner	
5 6	House Sponsor: Brad R. Wilson	
7	LONG TITLE	
8	General Description:	
9	This bill amends provisions related to higher education governance.	
10	Highlighted Provisions:	
11	This bill:	
12	renames the Utah College of Applied Technology the Utah System of Technical	
13	Colleges;	
14	<ul> <li>changes the name of each member college of the Utah System of Technical</li> </ul>	
15	Colleges from an applied technology college to a technical college;	
16	amends the institutions that comprise the state system of higher education by:	
17	<ul> <li>removing the Utah College of Applied Technology;</li> </ul>	
18	<ul> <li>adding the Utah System of Technical Colleges Board of Trustees; and</li> </ul>	
19	<ul> <li>adding each technical college;</li> </ul>	
20	<ul><li>removes the nonvoting members from the State Board of Regents;</li></ul>	
21	amends the powers and authority of the State Board of Regents;	
22	amends the membership of the State Board of Regents;	
23	<ul> <li>requires coordination between state entities involved in education;</li> </ul>	
24	amends a list of institutions of higher education that are bodies corporate to:	
25	<ul> <li>remove the Utah College of Applied Technology; and</li> </ul>	



26	• add each technical college;
27	<ul> <li>amends the process for the State Board of Regents to appoint a president of an</li> </ul>
28	institution of higher education;
29	<ul> <li>amends requirements of the commissioner of technical education;</li> </ul>
30	<ul> <li>removes the nonvoting members from the Utah System of Technical Colleges</li> </ul>
31	Board of Trustees;
32	<ul> <li>prohibits an individual from serving simultaneously on the Utah System of</li> </ul>
33	Technical Colleges Board of Trustees and a technical college board of directors;
34	<ul> <li>provides that the Utah System of Technical Colleges is a continuation of the Utah</li> </ul>
35	College of Applied Technology and that each technical college is a continuation of
36	an applied technology college;
37	<ul> <li>describes the primary institutional roles for institutions of higher education;</li> </ul>
38	<ul> <li>modifies provisions related to the approval of new programs of instruction;</li> </ul>
39	<ul> <li>repeals the Salt Lake Community College School of Applied Technology Board or</li> </ul>
40	Directors;
41	<ul> <li>amends definitions related to the Utah System of Technical Colleges in Title 63G,</li> </ul>
42	Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code; and
43	<ul><li>makes technical and conforming changes.</li></ul>
44	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
45	None
46	Other Special Clauses:
47	This bill provides a special effective date.
48	This bill provides coordination clauses.
49	This bill provides revisor instructions.
50	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
51	AMENDS:
52	35A-1-206, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapters 236, 271, and 296
53	35A-5-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 236
54	35A-5-403, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 273
55	53A-1-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 415
56	53A-1-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 236

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57
             53A-1-403.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapters 144, 188, and 271
             53A-1a-501.3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 236
58
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             53A-1a-521, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 236
60
             53A-13-101.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1998, Chapter 297
             53A-15-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapters 236 and 415
61
             53A-15-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 236
62
63
             53A-17a-114, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 236
             53B-1-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1991, Chapter 58
64
65
             53B-1-101.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 346
66
             53B-1-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 10
67
             53B-1-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 236
68
             53B-1-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Third Special Session, Chapter 5
69
             53B-2-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 10
             53B-2-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1991, Chapter 58
70
71
             53B-2-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 236
72
             53B-2-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 236
73
             53B-2a-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 236
74
             53B-2a-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 236
75
             53B-2a-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 236
76
             53B-2a-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 236
             53B-2a-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 236
77
78
             53B-2a-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 236
79
             53B-2a-107, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 236
80
             53B-2a-108, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 236
81
             53B-2a-109, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 236
82
             53B-2a-110, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 236
83
             53B-2a-111, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 346
84
             53B-2a-112, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 236
85
             53B-2a-113, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 236
86
             53B-2a-114, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 181
87
             53B-3-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 10
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88
              53B-6-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 236
 89
              53B-7-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 361
 90
              53B-8-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapters 10, 23, and 465
 91
              53B-8d-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 236
 92
              53B-16-101, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1987, Chapter 167
 93
              53B-16-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 236
 94
              53B-16-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter 137
 95
              53B-16-107, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 188
 96
              53B-16-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 211
 97
              53B-16-209, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 346
 98
              53B-16-401, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1996, Chapter 73
 99
              53B-17-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapters 144 and 236
100
              53B-21-101, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1987, Chapter 167
101
              53B-26-102, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 338
102
              53B-26-103, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 338
103
              58-22-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 367
104
              59-12-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Third Special Session, Chapter 6
105
              59-12-702, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 344
              63A-2-402, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 207
106
107
              63A-9-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapters 144 and 236
108
              63F-2-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 144
109
              63G-2-305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapters 147, 283, and 411
110
              63G-6a-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapters 176, 237, 355 and last
111
       amended by Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 355
112
              63J-3-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 183
113
              63N-12-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapters 139 and 236
114
              63N-12-212, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapters 139 and 236
115
              63N-12-213, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 335
              67-1-12, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 236
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117
       ENACTS:
              53B-1-112, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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9	<b>53B-2a-100.5</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
0	53B-2a-115, Utah Code Annotated 1953
1	REPEALS AND REENACTS:
2	53B-2-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1991, Chapter 58
3	REPEALS:
4	53B-6-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 73
5	53B-6-103, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1987, Chapter 167
6	53B-16-106, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 400
7	53B-16-210, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 310
8	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected by Coordination Clause:</b>
9	35A-14-102, Utah Code Annotated 1953
0	49-11-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapters 84 and 310
1	49-12-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapters 315 and 364
2	49-12-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 15
3	49-13-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapters 315 and 364
4	49-13-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 15
5	49-22-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapters 315 and 364
6	49-22-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 15
7	53B-1-112, Utah Code Annotated 1953
8	53B-7-702, Utah Code Annotated 1953
9	53B-7-703, Utah Code Annotated 1953
0	53B-7-705, Utah Code Annotated 1953
1	53B-7-707, Utah Code Annotated 1953
2	53B-8a-201, Utah Code Annotated 1953
3	53B-8a-204, Utah Code Annotated 1953
4	63G-6a-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapters 176, 237, 355 and last
5	amended by Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 355
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7	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
8	Section 1. Section <b>35A-1-206</b> is amended to read:
9	35A-1-206 State Workforce Development Roard Appointment Membership

150	Terms of members Compensation.
151	(1) There is created within the department the State Workforce Development Board in
152	accordance with the provisions of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act, 29 U.S.C.
153	Sec. 3101 et seq.
154	(2) The board shall consist of the following 39 members:
155	(a) the governor or the governor's designee;
156	(b) one member of the Senate, appointed by the president of the Senate;
157	(c) one representative of the House of Representatives, appointed by the speaker of the
158	House of Representatives;
159	(d) the executive director or the executive director's designee;
160	(e) the executive director of the Department of Human Services or the executive
161	director's designee;
162	(f) the executive director of the Utah State Office of Rehabilitation or the executive
163	director's designee;
164	(g) the state superintendent of [the State Board of Education] public instruction or the
165	superintendent's designee;
166	(h) the commissioner of higher education or the commissioner's designee;
167	(i) [the commissioner of technical education of] the Utah [College of Applied
168	Technology System of Technical Colleges commissioner of technical education or the
169	commissioner of technical education's designee;
170	(j) the executive director of the Governor's Office of Economic Development or the
171	executive director's designee;
172	(k) the executive director of the Department of Veterans' and Military Affairs or the
173	executive director's designee; and
174	(l) the following members appointed by the governor:
175	(i) 20 representatives of business in the state, selected among the following:
176	(A) owners of businesses, chief executive or operating officers of businesses, or other
177	business executives or employers with policymaking or hiring authority;
178	(B) representatives of businesses, including small businesses, that provide employment
179	opportunities that include high-quality, work-relevant training and development in in-demand
180	industry sectors or occupations in the state; and

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appointed for the unexpired term.

181 (C) representatives of businesses appointed from among individuals nominated by state 182 business organizations or business trade associations; 183 (ii) six representatives of the workforce within the state, which: 184 (A) shall include at least two representatives of labor organizations who have been 185 nominated by state labor federations; 186 (B) shall include at least one representative from a registered apprentice program; 187 (C) may include one or more representatives from a community-based organization 188 that has demonstrated experience and expertise in addressing the employment, training, or 189 educational needs of individuals with barriers to employment; and 190 (D) may include one or more representatives from an organization that has 191 demonstrated experience and expertise in addressing the employment, training, or education 192 needs of eligible youth, including organizations that serve out of school youth; and 193 (iii) two elected officials that represent a city or a county. 194 (3) (a) The governor shall appoint one of the appointed business representatives as 195 chair of the board. 196 (b) The chair shall serve at the pleasure of the governor. 197 (4) (a) The governor shall ensure that members appointed to the board represent 198 diverse geographic areas of the state, including urban, suburban, and rural areas. 199 (b) A member appointed by the governor shall serve a term of four years and may be 200 reappointed to one additional term. 201 (c) A member shall continue to serve until the member's successor has been appointed 202 and qualified. 203 (d) Except as provided in Subsection (4) (e), as terms of board members expire, the 204 governor shall appoint each new member or reappointed member to a four-year term. 205 (e) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (4) (d), the governor shall, at the 206 time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of 207 board members are staggered so that approximately one half of the board is appointed every 208 two years. 209 (f) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be

(g) The executive director shall terminate the term of any governor-appointed member

212	of the board if the member leaves the position that qualified the member for the appointment.
213	(5) A majority of members constitutes a quorum for the transaction of business.
214	(6) (a) A member of the board who is not a legislator may not receive compensation or
215	benefits for the member's service, but may receive per diem and travel expenses as allowed in:
216	(i) Section 63A-3-106;
217	(ii) Section 63A-3-107; and
218	(iii) rules made by the Division of Finance according to Sections 63A-3-106 and
219	63A-3-107.
220	(b) Compensation and expenses of a member who is a legislator are governed by
221	Section 36-2-2 and Legislative Joint Rules, Title 5, Legislative Compensation and Expenses.
222	(7) The department shall provide staff and administrative support to the board at the
223	direction of the executive director.
224	(8) The board has the duties, responsibilities, and powers described in 29 U.S.C. Sec.
225	3111, including:
226	(a) identifying opportunities to align initiatives in education, training, workforce
227	development, and economic development;
228	(b) developing and implementing the state workforce services plan described in
229	Section 35A-1-207;
230	(c) utilizing strategic partners to ensure the needs of industry are met, including the
231	development of expanded strategies for partnerships for in-demand occupations and
232	understanding and adapting to economic changes;
233	(d) developing strategies for staff training;
234	(e) developing and improving employment centers; and
235	(f) performing other responsibilities within the scope of workforce services as
236	requested by:
237	(i) the Legislature;
238	(ii) the governor; or
239	(iii) the executive director.
240	Section 2. Section <b>35A-5-402</b> is amended to read:
241	35A-5-402. Career and Technical Education Board creation Membership.
242	(1) There is created the Career and Technical Education Board, within the department,

243	composed of the following members:
244	(a) the state superintendent of public instruction or the state superintendent of public
245	instruction's designee;
246	(b) the commissioner of higher education or the commissioner of higher education's
247	designee;
248	(c) the Utah [College of Applied Technology] System of Technical Colleges
249	commissioner of technical education or the Utah [College of Applied Technology] System of
250	Technical Colleges commissioner of technical education's designee;
251	(d) the executive director of the department or the executive director of the
252	department's designee;
253	(e) the executive director of the Governor's Office of Economic Development or the
254	executive director of the Governor's Office of Economic Development's designee;
255	(f) one member of the governor's staff, appointed by the governor;
256	(g) five private sector members, representing business or industry that employs
257	individuals who hold certificates issued by a CTE program, appointed by the governor;
258	(h) a member of the Senate, appointed by the president of the Senate; and
259	(i) a member of the House of Representatives, appointed by the speaker of the House
260	of Representatives.
261	(2) The CTE Board shall select a chair and vice chair from among the members of the
262	CTE Board.
263	(3) The CTE Board shall meet at least quarterly.
264	(4) Attendance of a simple majority of the members of the CTE Board constitutes a
265	quorum for the transaction of official CTE Board business.
266	(5) Formal action by the CTE Board requires the majority vote of a quorum.
267	(6) A member of the CTE Board:
268	(a) may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service; and
269	(b) may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
270	(i) Section 63A-3-106;
271	(ii) Section 63A-3-107; and
272	(iii) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
273	63A-3-107.

274	Section 3. Section 35A-5-403 is amended to read:
275	35A-5-403. Career and Technical Education Board Duties.
276	(1) The CTE Board shall conduct a comprehensive study of CTE in Utah that includes:
277	(a) an inventory of all CTE programs in Utah, including, for each CTE program:
278	(i) a description of the program;
279	(ii) the number of students the program has the capacity to serve each year;
280	(iii) the number of students the program has served since October 1, 2010, by school
281	year;
282	(iv) the number of certificates the program has issued since October 1, 2010, by school
283	year;
284	(v) a materials and equipment inventory for the program;
285	(vi) the amount of funding dedicated to the program;
286	(vii) the program's geographic location;
287	(viii) employment information for students who have completed the program since
288	October 1, 2010, if practical and feasible; and
289	(ix) the extent to which overlap or duplication exists between the program and other
290	CTE or private programs;
291	(b) a description of CTE funding in the state, including:
292	(i) the total amount of state CTE funding provided to:
293	(A) the public education system;
294	(B) the [higher education system] Utah System of Higher Education; and
295	(C) the Utah [College of Applied Technology] System of Technical Colleges; and
296	(ii) for each CTE program:
297	(A) total CTE funding received; and
298	(B) the cost per student served;
299	(c) an assessment of Utah business and industry needs for employees with skills taught
300	in CTE classes, including:
301	(i) the number of current and anticipated jobs in Utah, by geographic region, and the
302	CTE skills required for the jobs;
303	(ii) the starting and average salary, by geographic region and type of CTE skills, for an
304	individual who has skills taught in a CTE program; and

305	(iii) the extent to which current CTE programs can meet the employment needs of Utah
306	business and industry; and
307	(d) any other information the CTE Board considers relevant to the study.
308	(2) In conducting the comprehensive study described in Subsection (1), the CTE Board
309	shall coordinate with the Office of the Legislative Auditor General and, to the extent possible,
310	use data collected by the Office of the Legislative Auditor General to complete the study.
311	(3) (a) The State Board of Education, the State Board of Regents, and [Utah College of
312	Applied Technology] the Utah System of Technical Colleges Board of Trustees shall:
313	(i) provide data that the department requests for the study; and
314	(ii) coordinate with the department to conduct the study.
315	(b) Notwithstanding the requirements in Subsection (3)(a), the board shall have
316	discretion to gather and report information as part of the comprehensive study of CTE that is
317	readily accessible through current financial and data systems.
318	(4) The CTE Board may:
319	(a) contract with a third party, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah
320	Procurement Code, to conduct the comprehensive study described in Subsection (1); and
321	(b) as funding allows, hire staff.
322	(5) Based on the comprehensive study described in Subsection (1), the CTE Board
323	shall make recommendations to the Legislature related to:
324	(a) CTE funding;
325	(b) CTE governance and administration;
326	(c) benchmarks or criteria for a CTE program to demonstrate that the CTE program
327	fills:
328	(i) an educational need for a student;
329	(ii) a school's need to offer a particular CTE program; or
330	(iii) an employment need for a Utah business or industry; and
331	(d) any other CTE related recommendations.
332	(6) (a) On or before November 1, 2015, the CTE Board shall report on the progress of
333	the comprehensive study described in Subsection (1).
334	(b) On or before November 1, 2016, the CTE Board shall report on the final results of

the comprehensive study described in Subsection (1); and

336	(c) On or before November 1, 2017, the CTE Board shall report on the
337	recommendations described in Subsection (5).
338	(d) The CTE Board shall make the reports described in this Subsection (6) to:
339	(i) the Education Interim Committee;
340	(ii) the Executive Appropriations Committee;
341	(iii) the governor;
342	(iv) the State Board of Education;
343	(v) the State Board of Regents; and
344	(vi) the Utah [College of Applied Technology] System of Technical Colleges Board of
345	Trustees.
346	Section 4. Section <b>53A-1-203</b> is amended to read:
347	53A-1-203. State board meetings Quorum requirements.
348	(1) The State Board of Education shall meet at the call of the chairman and at least 11
349	times each year.
350	[(2) The State Board of Education shall, at least quarterly, meet with and receive
351	recommendations from:]
352	[(a) two members of the State Board of Regents, appointed by the chair of the State
353	Board of Regents;]
354	[(b) one member of the Utah College of Applied Technology Board of Trustees,
355	appointed by the chair of the board of trustees; and]
356	[(c) one member of the State Charter School Board, appointed by the chair of the State
357	Charter School Board.]
358	[(3)] (2) A majority of all members is required to validate an act of the [board] State
359	Board of Education.
360	Section 5. Section <b>53A-1-402</b> is amended to read:
361	53A-1-402. Board to establish minimum standards for public schools.
362	(1) The State Board of Education shall establish rules and minimum standards for the
363	public schools that are consistent with this title, including rules and minimum standards
364	governing the following:
365	(a) (i) the qualification and certification of educators and ancillary personnel who
366	provide direct student services;

367	(ii) required school administrative and supervisory services; and
368	(iii) the evaluation of instructional personnel;
369	(b) (i) access to programs;
370	(ii) attendance;
371	(iii) competency levels;
372	(iv) graduation requirements; and
373	(v) discipline and control;
374	(c) (i) school accreditation;
375	(ii) the academic year;
376	(iii) alternative and pilot programs;
377	(iv) curriculum and instruction requirements;
378	(v) school libraries; and
379	(vi) services to:
380	(A) persons with a disability as defined by and covered under:
381	(I) the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, 42 U.S.C. 12102;
382	(II) the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. 705(20)(A); and
383	(III) the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. 1401(3); and
384	(B) other special groups;
385	(d) (i) state reimbursed bus routes;
386	(ii) bus safety and operational requirements; and
387	(iii) other transportation needs; and
388	(e) (i) school productivity and cost effectiveness measures;
389	(ii) federal programs;
390	(iii) school budget formats; and
391	(iv) financial, statistical, and student accounting requirements.
392	(2) The [board] State Board of Education shall determine if:
393	(a) the minimum standards have been met; and
394	(b) required reports are properly submitted.
395	(3) The [board] State Board of Education may apply for, receive, administer, and
396	distribute to eligible applicants funds made available through programs of the federal
397	government.

- (4) (a) [An applied technology] A technical college [within the Utah College of Applied Technology] listed in Section 53B-2a-105 shall provide competency-based career and technical education courses that fulfill high school graduation requirements, as requested and authorized by the State Board of Education.
- (b) A school district may grant a high school diploma to a student participating in [courses described under] a course described in Subsection (4)(a) that [are] is provided by [an applied technology college within the Utah College of Applied Technology] a technical college listed in Section 53B-2a-105.
  - Section 6. Section **53A-1-403.5** is amended to read:
- 53A-1-403.5. Education of persons in custody of the Utah Department of Corrections -- Contracting for services -- Recidivism reduction plan -- Collaboration among state agencies.
- (1) The State Board of Education and the Utah Department of Corrections, subject to legislative appropriation, are responsible for the education of persons in the custody of the Utah Department of Corrections.
- (2) (a) To fulfill the responsibility under Subsection (1), the State Board of Education and the Utah Department of Corrections shall, where feasible, contract with appropriate private or public agencies to provide educational and related administrative services. Contracts for postsecondary education and training shall be under Subsection (2)(b).
- (b) (i) The contract under Subsection (2)(a) to provide postsecondary education and training shall be with a community college if the correctional facility is located within the service region of a community college, except under Subsection (2)(b)(ii).
- (ii) If the community college under Subsection (2)(b)(i) declines to provide the education and training or cannot meet reasonable contractual terms for providing the education and training as specified by the Utah Department of Corrections, postsecondary education and training under Subsection (2)(a) may be procured through other appropriate private or public agencies.
- (3) (a) As its corrections education program, the State Board of Education and the Utah Department of Corrections shall develop and implement a recidivism reduction plan, including the following components:
  - (i) inmate assessment;

429	(ii) cognitive problem-solving skills;
430	(iii) basic literacy skills;
431	(iv) career skills;
432	(v) job placement;
433	(vi) postrelease tracking and support;
434	(vii) research and evaluation;
435	(viii) family involvement and support; and
436	(ix) multiagency collaboration.
437	(b) The plan shall be developed and implemented through the State Board of Education
438	and the Utah Department of Corrections in collaboration with the following entities:
439	(i) the State Board of Regents;
440	(ii) the [Utah College of Applied Technology] Utah System of Technical Colleges
441	Board of Trustees;
442	(iii) local boards of education;
443	(iv) the Department of Workforce Services;
444	(v) the Department of Human Services;
445	(vi) the Board of Pardons and Parole;
446	(vii) the Utah State Office of Rehabilitation; and
447	(viii) the Governor's Office.
448	(4) By July 1, 2014, and every three years thereafter, the Utah Department of
449	Corrections shall make a report to the State Board of Education and the Law Enforcement and
450	Criminal Justice Interim Committee evaluating the impact of corrections education programs
451	on recidivism.
452	Section 7. Section <b>53A-1a-501.3</b> is amended to read:
453	53A-1a-501.3. Definitions.
454	As used in this part:
455	(1) "Asset" means property of all kinds, real and personal, tangible and intangible, and
456	includes:
457	(a) cash;
458	(b) stock or other investments;
459	(c) real property;

400	(a) equipment and supplies;
461	(e) an ownership interest;
462	(f) a license;
463	(g) a cause of action; and
464	(h) any similar property.
465	(2) "Board of trustees of a higher education institution" or "board of trustees" means:
466	(a) the board of trustees of:
467	(i) the University of Utah;
468	(ii) Utah State University;
469	(iii) Weber State University;
470	(iv) Southern Utah University;
471	(v) Snow College;
472	(vi) Dixie State University;
473	(vii) Utah Valley University; or
474	(viii) Salt Lake Community College; or
475	(b) the board of directors of [an applied technology college within the Utah College of
476	Applied Technology] a technical college described in Section 53B-2a-108.
477	(3) "Charter agreement" or "charter" means an agreement made in accordance with
478	Section 53A-1a-508[7] that authorizes the operation of a charter school.
479	(4) "Charter school authorizer" or "authorizer" means the State Charter School Board, a
480	local school board, or $\underline{a}$ board of trustees of a higher education institution that authorizes the
481	establishment of a charter school.
482	(5) "Governing board" means the board that operates a charter school.
483	Section 8. Section <b>53A-1a-521</b> is amended to read:
484	53A-1a-521. Charter schools authorized by a board of trustees of a higher
485	education institution Application process Board of trustees responsibilities.
486	(1) Subject to the approval of the State Board of Education and except as provided in
487	Subsection (8), an applicant identified in Section 53A-1a-504 may enter into an agreement with
488	a board of trustees of a higher education institution authorizing the applicant to establish and
489	operate a charter school.
490	(2) (a) An applicant applying for authorization from a board of trustees to establish and

- operate a charter school shall provide a copy of the application to the State Charter School Board and the local school board of the school district in which the proposed charter school [shall] will be located either before or at the same time the applicant files the application with the board of trustees.
- (b) The State Charter School Board and the local school board may review the application and offer suggestions or recommendations to the applicant or the board of trustees before acting on the application.
- (c) The board of trustees shall give due consideration to suggestions or recommendations made by the State Charter School Board or the local school board under Subsection (2)(b).
- (3) (a) If a board of trustees approves an application to establish and operate a charter school, the board of trustees shall submit the application to the State Board of Education.
- (b) The State Board of Education shall, by majority vote, within 60 days of receipt of the application, approve or deny an application approved by a board of trustees.
- (c) The State Board of Education's action under Subsection (3)(b) is final action subject to judicial review.
- (4) The State Board of Education shall make a rule providing a timeline for the opening of a charter school following the approval of a charter school application by a board of trustees.
- (5) After approval of a charter school application, the applicant and the board of trustees shall set forth the terms and conditions for the operation of the charter school in a written charter agreement.
- (6) (a) The school's charter may include a provision that the charter school pay an annual fee for the board of trustees' costs in providing oversight of, and technical support to, the charter school in accordance with Subsection (7).
- (b) In the first two years that a charter school is in operation, an annual fee described in Subsection (6)(a) may not exceed the product of 3% of the revenue the charter school receives from the state in the current fiscal year.
- (c) Beginning with the third year that a charter school is in operation, an annual fee described in Subsection (6)(a) may not exceed the product of 1% of the revenue a charter school receives from the state in the current fiscal year.

- 522 (d) An annual fee described in Subsection (6)(a) shall be:
- (i) paid to the board of trustees' higher education institution; and
- 524 (ii) expended as directed by the board of trustees.
  - (7) A board of trustees shall:
  - (a) annually review and evaluate the performance of charter schools authorized by the board of trustees and hold the schools accountable for their performance;
  - (b) monitor charter schools authorized by the board of trustees for compliance with federal and state laws, rules, and regulations; and
  - (c) provide technical support to charter schools authorized by the board of trustees to assist them in understanding and performing their charter obligations.
  - (8) (a) In addition to complying with the requirements of this section, a <u>technical</u> <u>college</u> board of directors [of an applied technology college within the Utah College of Applied <u>Technology</u>] <u>described in Section 53B-2a-108</u> shall obtain the approval of the Utah [College of Applied Technology] <u>System of Technical Colleges</u> Board of Trustees before entering into an agreement to establish and operate a charter school.
  - (b) If a <u>technical college</u> board of directors [of an applied technology college within the Utah College of Applied Technology] approves an application to establish and operate a charter school, the [applied technology] <u>technical</u> college board of directors shall submit the application to the [Utah College of Applied Technology] <u>Utah System of Technical Colleges</u> Board of Trustees.
  - (c) The Utah [College of Applied Technology] System of Technical Colleges Board of Trustees shall, by majority vote, within 60 days of receipt of [the] an application described in Subsection (8)(b), approve or deny the application [approved by the applied technology college board of directors].
  - (d) The Utah [College of Applied Technology] System of Technical Colleges Board of Trustees may deny an application approved by [an applied technology] a technical college board of directors if the proposed charter school does not accomplish a purpose of charter schools as provided in Section 53A-1a-503.
  - (e) A charter school application may not be denied on the basis that the establishment of the charter school will have any or all of the following impacts on a public school, including another charter school:

553	(1) an enrollment decline;
554	(ii) a decrease in funding; or
555	(iii) a modification of programs or services.
556	(9) (a) Subject to the requirements of this part, [an applied technology] a technical
557	college board of directors may establish:
558	(i) procedures for submitting applications to establish and operate a charter school;
559	[ <del>and</del> ] <u>or</u>
560	(ii) criteria for approval of an application to establish and operate a charter school.
561	(b) The Utah [College of Applied Technology] System of Technical Colleges Board of
562	Trustees may not establish policy governing the procedures or criteria described in Subsection
563	(9)(a).
564	(10) Before [an applied technology] a technical college board of directors accepts a
565	charter school application, the [applied technology] technical college board of directors shall,
566	in accordance with State Board of Education rules, establish and make public:
567	(a) application requirements, in accordance with Section 53A-1a-504;
568	(b) the application process, including timelines, in accordance with this section; and
569	(c) minimum academic, financial, and enrollment standards.
570	Section 9. Section <b>53A-13-101.5</b> is amended to read:
571	53A-13-101.5. Teaching of American sign language.
572	(1) The Legislature recognizes that American sign language is a fully developed,
573	autonomous, natural language with distinct grammar, syntax, and art forms.
574	(2) American sign language shall be accorded equal status with other linguistic systems
575	in the state's public and higher education systems.
576	(3) The State Board of Education, in consultation with the state's school districts and
577	members of the deaf and hard of hearing community, shall develop and implement policies and
578	procedures for the teaching of American sign language in the state's public education system at
579	least at the middle school or high school level.
580	(4) A student may count credit received for completion of a course in American sign
581	language at the middle school or high school level [towards] toward the satisfaction of a
582	foreign language requirement in the public education system under rules made by the State
583	Board of Education.

- (5) The State Board of Regents, in consultation with the state's public institutions of higher education and members of the state's deaf and hard of hearing community, shall develop and implement policies and procedures for offering instruction in American sign language in the state's system of higher education [consistent with the master plan for higher education under Section 53B-6-101].
- (6) The Joint Liaison Committee, in consultation with members of the state's deaf and hard of hearing community, shall review any policies and procedures developed under this section and make recommendations to either or both boards regarding the policies.
  - Section 10. Section **53A-15-102** is amended to read:

## 53A-15-102. Early graduation incentives -- Incentive to school district -- Partial tuition scholarship for student -- Payments.

- (1) Any secondary public school student who has completed all required courses or demonstrated mastery of required skills and competencies may, with the approval of the student, the student's parent or guardian, and an authorized local school official, graduate at any time.
- (2) Each public high school shall receive an amount equal to 1/2 of the scholarship awarded to each student who graduates from the school at or prior to the conclusion of [the eleventh] grade 11, or a proportionately lesser amount for any student who graduates after the conclusion of [the eleventh] grade 11 but prior to the conclusion of [the twelfth] grade 12.
- (3) (a) A student who graduates from high school at or prior to the conclusion of [the eleventh] grade 11 shall receive a centennial scholarship in the lesser amount of full tuition for one year or \$1,000 to be used for full time enrollment at a Utah public college, university, community college, [applied technology] technical college [within the Utah College of Applied Technology] described in Section 53B-2a-105, or any other institution in the state of Utah, accredited by the Northwest Association of Schools and Colleges that offers postsecondary courses of the student's choice upon verification that the student has registered at the institution during the fiscal year following graduation from high school.
- (b) In the case of a student who graduates after the conclusion of [the eleventh] grade 11 but prior to the conclusion of [the twelfth] grade 12, the student shall receive a centennial scholarship of a proportionately lesser amount.
  - (4) (a) The payments authorized in Subsections (2) and (3)(a) shall be made during the

- fiscal year that follows the student's graduation.
  - (b) The payments authorized in Subsection (3)(b) may be made during the fiscal year in which the student graduates or the fiscal year following the student's graduation.
  - (5) (a) The State Board of Education shall administer the payment program authorized in Subsections (2), (3), and (4).
  - (b) The Legislature shall make an annual appropriation from the Education Fund to the State Board of Education for the costs associated with the Centennial Scholarship Program based on the projected number of students who will graduate before the conclusion of [the twelfth] grade 12 in any given year.
    - Section 11. Section **53A-15-202** is amended to read:
- **53A-15-202.** Powers of the board.

The State Board of Education:

- (1) shall establish minimum standards for career and technical education programs in the public education system;
- (2) may apply for, receive, administer, and distribute funds made available through programs of federal and state governments to promote and aid career and technical education;
- (3) shall cooperate with federal and state governments to administer programs [which] that promote and maintain career and technical education;
- (4) shall cooperate with the Utah [College of Applied Technology] System of Technical Colleges Board of Trustees, Salt Lake Community College's School of Applied Technology, Snow College, and Utah State University Eastern to ensure that students in the public education system have access to career and technical education at Utah [College of Applied Technology applied technology] System of Technical Colleges technical colleges, Salt Lake Community College's School of Applied Technology, Snow College, and Utah State University Eastern;
- (5) shall require that before a minor student may participate in clinical experiences as part of a health care occupation program at a high school or other institution to which the student has been referred, the student's parent or legal guardian has:
- (a) been first given written notice through appropriate disclosure when registering and prior to participation that the program contains a clinical experience segment in which the student will observe and perform specific health care procedures that may include personal

646	care, patient bathing, and bathroom assistance; and
647	(b) provided specific written consent for the student's participation in the program and
648	clinical experience; and
649	(6) shall, after consulting with school districts, charter schools, the Utah [College of
650	Applied Technology] System of Technical Colleges Board of Trustees, Salt Lake Community
651	College's School of Applied Technology, Snow College, and Utah State University Eastern,
652	prepare and submit an annual report to the governor and to the Legislature's Education Interim
653	Committee by October 31 of each year detailing:
654	(a) how the career and technical education needs of secondary students are being met;
655	and
656	(b) [what] the access secondary students have to programs offered:
657	(i) at [applied technology] technical colleges; and
658	(ii) within the regions served by Salt Lake Community College's School of Applied
659	Technology, Snow College, and Utah State University Eastern.
660	Section 12. Section <b>53A-17a-114</b> is amended to read:
661	53A-17a-114. Career and technical education program alternatives.
662	(1) A secondary student may attend [an applied technology college within the Utah
663	College of Applied Technology] a technical college described in Section 53B-2a-105 if the
664	secondary student's career and technical education goals are better achieved by attending [an
665	applied technology] a technical college as determined by:
666	(a) the secondary student; and
667	(b) if the secondary student is a minor, the secondary student's parent or legal guardian.
668	(2) A secondary student served under this section by [an applied technology college
669	within the Utah College of Applied Technology] a technical college described in Section
670	53B-2a-105 shall be counted in the average daily membership of the sending school district or
671	charter school.
672	Section 13. Section <b>53B-1-101</b> is amended to read:
673	53B-1-101. Purpose of title.
674	It is the purpose of this title:
675	(1) to provide a high quality, efficient, and economical public system of higher
676	education and technical education through [centralized] strategic direction and [master]

677	planning [which] that:
678	[(a) avoids unnecessary duplication;]
679	(a) provides for the economic vitality of the state;
680	(b) provides for the systematic and orderly development of facilities and quality
681	programs;
682	(c) provides for coordination and consolidation; and
683	(d) [provides for] establishes systematic development of the role or roles of each
684	institution [within the system of higher education consistent with the historical heritage and
685	tradition of each institution] of higher education;
686	[(2) to vest in the State Board of Regents the power to govern the state system of
687	higher education consistent with state law and delegate certain powers to institutional boards of
688	trustees and institutional presidents, and to vest certain powers in institutional boards of
689	trustees and institutional presidents.]
690	(2) to vest in the State Board of Regents and the Utah System of Technical Colleges
691	Board of Trustees power and authority to govern and coordinate, consistent with state law; and
692	(3) to provide for the delegation of certain powers to:
693	(a) institution of higher education boards of trustees;
694	(b) technical college boards of directors; and
695	(c) presidents of higher education institutions and technical colleges.
696	Section 14. Section <b>53B-1-101.5</b> is amended to read:
697	53B-1-101.5. Definitions.
698	As used in this title:
699	(1) "Board" means the State Board of Regents established in Section 53B-1-103.
700	(2) "Career and technical education" means organized educational programs offering
701	sequences of courses or skill sets directly related to preparing individuals for paid or unpaid
702	employment in current or emerging occupations that generally do not require a baccalaureate or
703	advanced degree.
704	(3) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of higher education appointed in
705	accordance with Section 53B-1-105.
706	(4) "Technical college" means, except as provided in Section 53B-26-102, a member
707	college of the Utah System of Technical Colleges listed in Section 53B-2a-105.

708	Section 15. Section 53B-1-102 is amended to read:
709	53B-1-102. State system of higher education.
710	(1) The state system of higher education consists of [the following institutions]:
711	(a) the Utah System of Higher Education, which consists of the following institutions:
712	[ <del>(a)</del> ] <u>(i)</u> the State Board of Regents;
713	[(b)] (ii) the University of Utah;
714	[ <del>(c)</del> ] (iii) Utah State University;
715	[ <del>(d)</del> ] <u>(iv)</u> Weber State University;
716	[ <del>(e)</del> ] <u>(v)</u> Southern Utah University;
717	[ <del>(f)</del> ] <u>(vi)</u> Snow College;
718	[ <del>(g)</del> ] <u>(vii)</u> Dixie State University;
719	[(h)] (viii) Utah Valley University; and
720	[(i)] (ix) Salt Lake Community College;
721	[(j) the Utah College of Applied Technology; and]
722	(b) the Utah System of Technical Colleges, which consists of the following
723	<u>institutions:</u>
724	(i) the Utah System of Technical Colleges Board of Trustees;
725	(ii) Bridgerland Technical College;
726	(iii) Davis Technical College;
727	(iv) Dixie Technical College;
728	(v) Mountainland Technical College;
729	(vi) Ogden-Weber Technical College;
730	(vii) Southwest Technical College;
731	(viii) Tooele Technical College; and
732	(ix) Uintah Basin Technical College; and
733	[(k)] (c) other public post-high school educational institutions as the Legislature may
734	designate.
735	(2) A change in the name of an institution within the [system of higher education] <u>Utah</u>
736	System of Higher Education shall not be considered a change in the role or mission of the
737	institution, unless otherwise authorized by the State Board of Regents.
738	(3) It is not the intent of the Legislature to increase the number of research universities

739	in the state beyond the University of Utah and Utah State University.
740	(4) [These institutions are] An institution described in Subsection (1) is empowered to
741	sue and be sued and to contract and be contracted with.
742	Section 16. Section <b>53B-1-103</b> is amended to read:
743	53B-1-103. Establishment of State Board of Regents Powers, duties, and
744	authority.
745	(1) There is established a State Board of Regents.
746	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), the board [is vested with the] shall
747	control, [management] manage, and [supervision of] supervise the institutions of higher
748	education designated in Section 53B-1-102 in a manner consistent with the policy and purpose
749	of this title and the specific powers and responsibilities granted to [it] the board.
750	(b) The board may only exercise powers relating to the [Utah College of Applied
751	Technology and applied technology colleges within the Utah College of Applied Technology]
752	Utah System of Technical Colleges Board of Trustees, the Utah System of Technical Colleges,
753	or a technical college that are specifically provided in this title.
754	(3) The board shall, for the Utah System of Higher Education:
755	(a) provide strategic leadership and link system capacity to the economy and workforce
756	needs;
757	(b) enhance the impact and efficiency of the system;
758	(c) establish measurable goals and metrics and delineate the expected contributions of
759	individual institutions of higher education toward these goals;
760	(d) evaluate presidents based on institutional performance;
761	(e) delegate to presidents the authority to manage the presidents' institutions of higher
762	education;
763	(f) administer statewide functions including system data collection and reporting;
764	(g) establish unified budget, finance, and capital funding priorities and practices; and
765	(h) provide system leadership on issues that have a system-wide impact, including:
766	(i) statewide college access and college preparedness initiatives;
767	(ii) learning opportunities drawn from multiple campuses or online learning options,
768	including new modes of delivery of content at multiple locations;
769	(iii) degree program requirement guidelines including credit hour limits, articulation

770	agreements, and transfer across institutions;
771	(iv) alignment of general education requirements across institutions of higher
772	education;
773	(v) incorporation of evidence-based practices that increase college completion; and
774	(vi) monitoring of workforce needs, with an emphasis on credentials that build upon
775	one another.
776	[(e)] (4) The board shall coordinate and support articulation agreements between the
777	Utah [College of Applied Technology or applied technology colleges within the Utah College
778	of Applied Technology] System of Technical Colleges or a technical college and other
779	institutions of higher education.
780	[(d)] (5) The board shall prepare and submit an annual report detailing [its] the board's
781	progress and recommendations on career and technical education issues and addressing
782	workforce needs to the governor and to the Legislature's Education Interim Committee by
783	October 31 of each year, which shall include information detailing:
784	[(i)] (a) how the career and technical education needs of secondary students are being
785	met by institutions of higher education [other than applied technology colleges within the Utah
786	College of Applied Technology] described in Subsection 53B-1-102(1)(a), including [what] the
787	access secondary students have to programs offered by Salt Lake Community College's School
788	of Applied Technology, Snow College, and Utah State University Eastern;
789	[(ii)] (b) how the emphasis on high demand, high wage, and high skill jobs in business
790	and industry is being provided;
791	[(iii)] (c) performance outcomes, including:
792	[(A)] (i) entered employment;
793	[(B)] (ii) job retention; and
794	[ <del>(C)</del> ] <u>(iii)</u> earnings; [and]
795	(d) an analysis of workforce needs and efforts to meet workforce needs; and
796	[(iv)] (e) student tuition and fees.
797	[(e)] (6) [Except for the Utah College of Applied Technology, the] The board may
798	modify the name of an institution [under its control and management, as designated in Section
799	53B-1-102,] described in Subsection 53B-1-102(1)(a) to reflect the role and general course of
800	study of the institution.

801	[(f)] (7) The board may not conduct a feasibility study or perform another act relating
802	to merging [any of the following institutions] a technical college with another institution of
803	higher education[:].
804	[(i) Bridgerland Applied Technology College;]
805	[(ii) Ogden-Weber Applied Technology College;]
806	[(iii) Davis Applied Technology College;]
807	[(iv) Tooele Applied Technology College;]
808	[(v) Mountainland Applied Technology College;]
809	[(vi) Uintah Basin Applied Technology College;]
810	[(vii) Southwest Applied Technology College; and]
811	[(viii) Dixie Applied Technology College.]
812	[(3)] (8) This section does not affect the power and authority vested in the State Board
813	of Education to apply for, accept, and manage federal appropriations for the establishment and
814	maintenance of career and technical education.
815	[(4) The board shall conduct a study regarding the feasibility of providing a veterans'
816	walk-in center or services at each state institution of higher education. The study shall include:
817	[(a) an implementation plan for providing a walk-in center or services at each
818	institution of higher education;]
819	[(b) criteria, based upon the size of the institution, to determine whether the institution
820	should be required to provide a walk-in center or services;]
821	[(c) responsibilities of the walk-in center or services;]
822	[(d) a notification process about the walk-in center or services to veterans upon their
823	application for admission;]
824	[(e) the possibility of staffing a veterans walk-in center or services with veterans,
825	including through work-study positions to be filled by veterans;]
826	[(f) annual reports from each walk-in center and services to the board which includes
827	summary information of veterans served; and]
828	[(g) funding requirements for a veterans walk-in center and services.]
829	[(5) Presentation of the study, including the implementation plan with funding and
830	other recommendations, shall be made to a legislative committee, commission, or task force
831	upon request no later than the October 2014 interim meeting.

332	Section 17. Section 53B-1-104 is amended to read:
333	53B-1-104. Membership of the board Student appointee Terms Oath
334	Officers Committees Bylaws Meetings Quorum Vacancies Compensation.
335	[(1) (a) The board shall consist of 19 residents of the state.]
336	[(b) (i) Fifteen members shall be appointed by the governor with the consent of the
337	Senate.]
338	[(ii) (A) One additional member shall be appointed by the governor from nominations
339	of the student body presidents council.]
840	[(B) The student body presidents council shall nominate three qualified, matriculated
841	students enrolled in the state institutions of higher education.]
342	[(C) Student body presidents are not eligible for nomination.]
843	[(iii) All appointments to the board shall be made on a nonpartisan basis.]
344	[(iv) In making appointments to the board, the governor shall select:]
845	[(A) at least two individuals who reside within a county of the fourth, fifth, or sixth
846	class;]
347	[(B) no more than six individuals who reside within a county of the first class;]
348	[(C) the remaining individuals from the state at large with due consideration for
349	geographical representation and diversity of exposure to the various institutions in the Utah
350	System of Higher Education; and]
351	[(D) at least three individuals with personal experience in career and technical
352	education, which could include service on a campus board of directors.]
353	[(c) (i) In addition to the members designated under Subsection (1)(b), two members of
354	the State Board of Education, appointed by the chair of the State Board of Education, shall
355	serve as nonvoting members of the board.]
356	[(ii) A nonvoting State Board of Education member shall continue to serve as a
357	member without a set term until the member is replaced by the chair of the State Board of
358	Education.]
359	[(d) (i) In addition to the members designated under Subsection (1)(b), one member of
360	the Utah College of Applied Technology Board of Trustees, appointed by the chair of the Utah
361	College of Applied Technology Board of Trustees, shall serve as a nonvoting member of the
362	<del>board.</del> ]

863	[(ii) A nonvoting Utah College of Applied Technology Board of Trustees member shall
864	continue to serve as a member without a set term until the member is replaced by the chair of
865	the Utah College of Applied Technology Board of Trustees.]
866	[(2) (a) Five members of the board, other than the student member, the State Board of
867	Education members, and the Utah College of Applied Technology Board of Trustees member,
868	shall be appointed during each odd-numbered year to six-year staggered terms which
869	commence on July 1 of the year of appointment.]
870	[(b) (i) The student member shall be appointed for a one-year term and may be
871	reappointed for one additional term.]
872	[(ii) The student member has full voting rights and may vote on selection of a board
873	chair or vice chair, but not serve in either office.]
874	[(c) Board members shall hold office until their successors have been appointed and
875	<del>qualified.</del> ]
876	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), the board consists of 17 residents of the state
877	appointed by the governor with the consent of the Senate, as follows:
878	(a) eight at large members;
879	(b) eight members, each of whom is:
880	(i) selected from three nominees presented to the governor by a higher education
881	institution board of trustees; and
882	(ii) a current or former member of the institution of higher education board of trustees
883	that nominates the member; and
884	(c) one member, selected from three nominees presented to the governor by the student
885	body presidents of the institutions of higher education, who:
886	(i) is a fully matriculated student enrolled in an institution of higher education; and
887	(ii) is not serving as a student body president at the time of the nomination.
888	(2) (a) (i) An individual appointed to the board on or before May 8, 2017, may serve on
889	the board, even if the individual does not fulfill a requirement for the composition of the board
890	described in Subsection (1).
891	(ii) The governor may reappoint a member described in Subsection (2)(a)(i) when the
892	member's term expires.
893	(b) An individual appointed to the board on or before May 8, 2017, who is a current or

894	former member of an institution of higher education board of trustees is the board member for
895	the institution of higher education described in Subsection (1)(b).
896	(c) (i) Subject to Subsection (2)(c)(ii), as positions on the board become vacant, the
897	governor shall ensure that newly appointed members move the board toward the composition
898	described in Subsection (1).
899	(ii) In appointing a new member to the board, the governor shall first appoint a member
900	described in Subsection (1)(b) until the eight positions described in Subsection (1)(b) are filled.
901	(3) (a) All appointments to the board shall be made on a nonpartisan basis.
902	(b) In making appointments to the board, the governor shall consider:
903	(i) geographic representation of members;
904	(ii) diversity;
905	(iii) experience in higher education governance;
906	(iv) experience in economic development; and
907	(v) exposure to institutions of higher education.
908	(c) An individual may not serve simultaneously on the State Board of Regents and an
909	institution of higher education board of trustees.
910	(4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), members of the board shall be
911	appointed to six-year staggered terms, which begin on July 1 of the year of appointment.
912	(b) A student member described in Subsection (1)(c) shall be appointed to a one-year
913	<u>term.</u>
914	$[(3)]$ (a) $[Each]$ $\underline{A}$ member of the board shall take the official oath of office before
915	entering upon the duties of office.
916	(b) The oath shall be filed with the Division of Archives and Records Services.
917	[(4)] (6) The board shall elect a chair and vice chair from [its] among the board's
918	members who shall serve terms of two years and until their successors are chosen and
919	qualified.
920	[(5)] (7) (a) The board shall appoint a secretary from the staff of [its] the board's chief
921	executive to serve at [its] the board's discretion.
922	(b) The secretary [shall be] is a full-time employee who receives a salary set by the
923	board.
924	(c) The secretary shall record and maintain a record of all board meetings and perform

925	other duties as the board directs.
926	[(6) The board shall appoint a treasurer who serves at the discretion of the board.]
927	$\left[\frac{(7)}{8}\right]$ (a) The board may establish advisory committees.
928	(b) The powers and authority of the board are nondelegable, except as specifically
929	provided for in this title.
930	(c) All matters requiring board determination shall be addressed in a properly convened
931	meeting of the board or [its] the board's executive committee.
932	[(8)] (9) The board shall enact bylaws for [its] the board's own government not
933	inconsistent with the constitution or the laws of this state.
934	[(9)] (10) (a) The board shall meet regularly upon $[its]$ the board's own determination.
935	(b) The board may also meet, in full or executive session, at the request of [its] the
936	chair, [its] the executive officer, or five members of the board.
937	[(10)] (11) A quorum of the voting members of the board is required to conduct [its]
938	the board's business and consists of nine members.
939	[(11)] (12) (a) A vacancy in the board occurring before the expiration of a voting
940	member's full term shall be immediately filled by appointment by the governor with the
941	consent of the Senate.
942	(b) [The appointee] An individual appointed under Subsection (12)(a) serves for the
943	remainder of the unexpired term.
944	[(12)] (13) A board member may not receive compensation or benefits for the
945	member's service, but may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
946	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
947	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
948	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
949	63A-3-107.
950	Section 18. Section <b>53B-1-112</b> is enacted to read:
951	53B-1-112. Coordination for education.
952	(1) At least quarterly, in order to coordinate education services, individuals who have
953	responsibilities related to Utah's education system shall meet, including:
954	(a) the state superintendent of public instruction described in Section 53A-1-301;
955	(b) the commissioner;

956	(c) the commissioner of technical education described in Section 53B-2a-102;
957	(d) the executive director of the Department of Workforce Services described in
958	Section 35A-1-201;
959	(e) the executive director of the Governor's Office of Economic Development
960	described in Section 63N-1-202;
961	(f) the chair of the State Board of Education;
962	(g) the chair of the State Board of Regents;
963	(h) the chair of the Utah System of Technical Colleges Board of Trustees described in
964	Section 53B-2a-103; and
965	(i) the chairs of the Education Interim Committee.
966	(2) A meeting described in this section is not subject to Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and
967	Public Meetings Act.
968	Section 19. Section <b>53B-2-101</b> is amended to read:
969	53B-2-101. Institutions of higher education Corporate bodies Powers.
970	(1) The following institutions of higher education are bodies politic and corporate with
971	perpetual succession and with all rights, immunities, and franchises necessary to function as
972	such:
973	(a) the University of Utah;
974	(b) Utah State University;
975	(c) Weber State University;
976	(d) Southern Utah University;
977	(e) Snow College;
978	(f) Dixie State University;
979	(g) Utah Valley University;
980	(h) Salt Lake Community College; [and]
981	[(i) the Utah College of Applied Technology.]
982	(i) Bridgerland Technical College;
983	(j) Davis Technical College;
984	(k) Dixie Technical College;
985	(1) Mountainland Technical College;
986	(m) Ogden-Weber Technical College;

987	(n) Southwest Technical College;
988	(o) Tooele Technical College; and
989	(p) Uintah Basin Technical College.
990	(2) (a) [Each] An institution of higher education may have and use a corporate seal and
991	may, subject to [Section 53B-20-103] this title, take, hold, lease, sell, and convey real and
992	personal property as the interest of the institution requires.
993	(b) [Each] An institution of higher education is vested with all the property, franchises,
994	and endowments of, and is subject to, all the contracts, obligations, and liabilities of [its] the
995	institution's respective predecessor.
996	(c) (i) [Each] An institution of higher education may enter into business relationships
997	or dealings with private seed or venture capital entities or partnerships consistent with Utah
998	Constitution Article VI, Section 29, Subsection (2).
999	(ii) A business dealing or relationship entered into under Subsection (2)(c)(i) does not
1000	preclude the private entity or partnership from participating in or receiving benefits from a
1001	venture capital program authorized or sanctioned by the laws of this state, unless otherwise
1002	precluded by the specific law that authorizes or sanctions the program.
1003	[(iii) Subsections (2)(c)(i) and (ii) also apply to the Utah College of Applied
1004	Technology created in Title 53B, Chapter 2a, Utah College of Applied Technology.]
1005	Section 20. Section 53B-2-102 is repealed and reenacted to read:
1006	53B-2-102. Board to appoint president for each institution.
1007	(1) As used in this section:
1008	(a) "Institution of higher education" means an institution that is part of the Utah System
1009	of Higher Education described in Subsection 53B-1-102(1)(a).
1010	(b) "Search committee" means a committee that selects finalists for a position as an
1011	institution of higher education president.
1012	(2) The board shall appoint a president for each institution of higher education.
1013	(3) An institution of higher education president serves at the pleasure of the board.
1014	(4) (a) To appoint an institution of higher education president, the board shall establish
1015	a search committee that includes representatives of faculty, staff, students, the institution of
1016	higher education board of trustees, alumni, the outgoing institution of higher education
1017	president's executive council or cabinet, and the board.

1018	(b) A search committee shall be cochaired by a member of the board and the institution
1019	of higher education board of trustees.
1020	(c) A search committee described in Subsection (4)(a) shall forward three to five
1021	finalists to the board to consider for a position as an institution of higher education president.
1022	(d) A search committee may not forward an individual to the board as a finalist unless
1023	two-thirds of the search committee members, as verified by the commissioner, find the
1024	individual to be qualified and likely to succeed as an institution of higher education president.
1025	(5) (a) The board shall select an institution of higher education president from among
1026	the finalists presented by a search committee.
1027	(b) If the board is not satisfied with the finalists forwarded by a search committee, the
1028	board may direct the search committee to resume the search process until the search committee
1029	has forwarded three finalists with which the board is satisfied.
1030	(6) The board, through the commissioner, shall create a comprehensive, active
1031	recruiting plan to ensure a strong, diverse pool of potential candidates for institution of higher
1032	education presidents.
1033	(7) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(b), a record or information gathered or
1034	generated during the search process, including a candidate's application and the search
1035	committee's deliberations, is confidential and is a protected record under Section 63G-2-305.
1036	(b) Application materials for a publicly named finalist described in Section (5)(a) are
1037	not protected records under Section 63G-2-305.
1038	Section 21. Section <b>53B-2-103</b> is amended to read:
1039	53B-2-103. Boards of trustees Powers and duties.
1040	(1) Each college [and] or university has a board of trustees [which] that may act [in] on
1041	behalf of [its institution] the college or university in performing duties, responsibilities, and
1042	functions as may be specifically authorized to the board of trustees by the State Board of
1043	Regents.
1044	(2) A board of trustees has the following powers and duties:
1045	(a) [facilitates] to facilitate communication between the institution and the community;
1046	(b) [assists] to assist in planning, implementing, and executing fund raising and
1047	development projects aimed at supplementing institutional appropriations;
1048	(c) [perpetuates and strengthens] to perpetuate and strengthen alumni and community

1049	identification with the [institution's] college or university's tradition and goals; [and]
1050	(d) [selects] to select recipients of honorary degrees[-]; and
1051	(e) to approve changes to the institution of higher education's programs, in accordance
1052	with Section 53B-16-102.
1053	Section 22. Section <b>53B-2-104</b> is amended to read:
1054	53B-2-104. Memberships of board of trustees Terms Vacancies Oath
1055	Officers Bylaws Quorum Committees Compensation Applicability to technical
1056	colleges.
1057	(1) (a) [The] Except as provided in Subsection (10), the board of trustees of an
1058	institution of higher education consists of the following:
1059	(i) except as provided in Subsection 53B-18-1201(3)(b), eight [persons] individuals
1060	appointed by the governor [and approved by] with the consent of the Senate; and
1061	(ii) two ex officio members who are the president of the institution's alumni
1062	association, and the president of the associated students of the institution.
1063	(b) The appointed members of the boards of trustees for Utah Valley University and
1064	Salt Lake Community College shall be representative of the interests of business, industry, and
1065	labor.
1066	(2) (a) The governor shall appoint four members of each board of trustees during each
1067	odd-numbered year to four-year terms commencing on July 1 of the year of appointment.
1068	(b) An appointed member holds office until a successor is appointed and qualified.
1069	(c) The ex officio members serve for the same period as they serve as presidents and
1070	until their successors have qualified.
1071	(3) When a vacancy occurs in the membership of a board of trustees for any reason, the
1072	replacement shall be appointed for the unexpired term.
1073	(4) (a) Each member of a board of trustees shall take the official oath of office prior to
1074	assuming the office.
1075	(b) The oath shall be filed with the Division of Archives and Records Services.
1076	(5) $[Each]$ $\underline{A}$ board of trustees shall elect a chair and vice chair, who serve for two
1077	years and until their successors are elected and qualified.
1078	(6) (a) [Each] A board of trustees may enact bylaws for [its] the board of trustees' own

government, including [provision] provisions for regular meetings.

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- 1080 (b) (i) [The] A board of trustees may provide for an executive committee in [its] the

  1081 board of trustees' bylaws.
  - (ii) If established, [the] an executive committee shall have full authority of the board of trustees to act upon routine matters during the interim between board of trustees meetings.
  - (iii) [The] An executive committee may act on nonroutine matters only under extraordinary and emergency circumstances.
  - (iv) [The] An executive committee shall report [its] the executive committee's activities to the board of trustees at [its] the board of trustees' next regular meeting following the action.
    - (c) Copies of [the] <u>a</u> board of trustees' bylaws shall be filed with the board.
    - (7) A quorum is required to conduct business and consists of six members.
    - (8) A board of trustees may establish advisory committees.
  - (9) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
    - (a) Section 63A-3-106;
- 1095 (b) Section 63A-3-107; and
- 1096 (c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and 1097 63A-3-107.
- 1098 (10) This section does not apply to a <u>technical college</u> board of directors [of an applied technology college within the Utah College of Applied Technology] described in Section 53B-2a-108.
  - Section 23. Section **53B-2-106** is amended to read:
  - 53B-2-106. Duties and responsibilities of the president of an institution of higher education -- Approval by board of trustees -- Applicability to a technical college president.
  - (1) (a) [The] Except as provided in Subsection (5), the president of each institution of higher education described in Section 53B-2-101 may exercise grants of power and authority as delegated by the board, as well as the necessary and proper exercise of powers and authority not specifically denied to the institution[, its] of higher education or the institution of higher education's administration, faculty, or students by the board or by law, to [assure] ensure the effective and efficient administration and operation of the institution of higher education

1111 consistent with the statewide master plan for higher education.

- (b) The president of each institution <u>of higher education</u> may, after consultation with the [<u>institution's</u>] <u>institution of higher education's</u> board of trustees, exercise powers relating to the [<u>institution's</u>] <u>institution of higher education's</u> employees, including faculty and persons under contract with the institution of higher education, by implementing [<u>any of the following</u>]:
  - (i) furloughs;

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- 1117 (ii) reductions in force;
- 1118 (iii) benefit adjustments;
- (iv) program reductions or discontinuance;
- 1120 (v) early retirement incentives that provide cost savings to the institution[; and] of 1121 higher education; or
  - (vi) other measures that provide cost savings to the institution of higher education.
  - (2) Except as provided by the board, the president of each institution <u>of higher</u> <u>education</u>, with the approval of the [institution's] <u>institution of higher education's</u> board of trustees, may:
  - (a) (i) appoint a secretary, a treasurer, administrative officers, deans, faculty members, and other professional personnel, prescribe their duties, and determine their salaries;
  - (ii) appoint support personnel, prescribe their duties, and determine their salaries from the [institution's] institution of higher education's position classification plan, which may:
  - (A) be based upon similarity of duties and responsibilities within the institution of higher education; and
    - (B) as funds permit, provide salary and benefits comparable with private enterprise;
  - (iii) adopt policies for:
    - (A) employee sick leave use and accrual; and
    - (B) service recognition for employees with more than 15 years of employment with the institution of higher education; and
    - (iv) subject to the authority of, <u>the</u> policy established by, and the approval of the board [of regents], and recognizing the status of the institutions within the state system of higher education as bodies politic and corporate, appoint attorneys to provide legal advice to the [institution's] institution of higher education's administration and to coordinate legal affairs within the institution of higher education. The board [of regents] shall coordinate activities of

- attorneys at the institutions of higher education. The institutions <u>of higher education</u> shall provide an annual report to the board [<u>of regents</u>] on the activities of appointed attorneys. These appointed attorneys may not conduct litigation, settle claims covered by the State Risk Management Fund, or issue formal legal opinions, but shall, in all respects, cooperate with the Office of the Attorney General in providing legal representation to the institution <u>of higher</u> education;
  - (b) provide for the constitution, government, and organization of the faculty and administration, and enact implementing rules, including the establishment of a prescribed system of tenure;
  - (c) authorize the faculty to determine the general initiation and direction of instruction and of the examination, admission, and classification of students. In recognition of the diverse nature and traditions of the various institutions governed by the board, the systems of faculty government need not be identical but should be designed to further faculty identification with and involvement in the institution's pursuit of achievement and excellence and in fulfillment of the institution's role as established in the statewide master plan for higher education; and
  - (d) enact rules for administration and operation of the institution which are consistent with the prescribed role established by the board, rules enacted by the board, or the laws of the state. The rules may provide for administrative, faculty, student, and joint committees with jurisdiction over specified institutional matters, for student government and student affairs organization, for the establishment of institutional standards in furtherance of the ideals of higher education fostered and subscribed to by the institution[, its] of higher education, the institution of higher education's administration, faculty, and students, and for the holding of classes on legal holidays, other than Sunday.
  - (3) Compensation costs and related office expenses for appointed attorneys shall be funded within existing budgets.
  - (4) The State Board of Regents shall establish guidelines relating to the roles and relationships between institutional presidents and boards of trustees, including those matters which must be approved by a board of trustees before implementation by the president.
  - (5) This section does not apply to a <u>technical college</u> president [of an applied technology college within the Utah College of Applied Technology].
    - Section 24. Section **53B-2a-100.5** is enacted to read:

1174	<u>53B-2a-100.5.</u> Title.
1175	This chapter is known as "Utah System of Technical Colleges."
1176	Section 25. Section 53B-2a-101 is amended to read:
1177	53B-2a-101. Definitions.
1178	As used in this chapter:
1179	[(1) "Applied technology college" means a member college of the Utah College of
1180	Applied Technology.]
1181	[(2)] (1) "Board of trustees" means the Utah [College of Applied Technology] System
1182	of Technical Colleges Board of Trustees.
1183	[(3)] (2) "Commissioner of technical education" means the Utah [College of Applied
1184	Technology System of Technical Colleges commissioner of technical education.
1185	[(4)] (3) "Competency-based" means mastery of subject matter or skill level, as
1186	demonstrated through business and industry approved standards and assessments, achieved
1187	through participation in a hands-on learning environment, and which is tied to observable,
1188	measurable performance objectives.
1189	[(5)] (4) "Member" means a member of the board of trustees.
1190	[(6)] (5) "Open-entry, open-exit" means:
1191	(a) a method of instructional delivery that allows for flexible scheduling in response to
1192	individual student needs or requirements and demonstrated competency when knowledge and
1193	skills have been mastered;
1194	(b) students have the flexibility to begin or end study at any time, progress through
1195	course material at their own pace, and demonstrate competency when knowledge and skills
1196	have been mastered; and
1197	(c) if competency is demonstrated in a program of study, a credential, certificate, or
1198	diploma may be awarded.
1199	Section 26. Section <b>53B-2a-102</b> is amended to read:
1200	53B-2a-102. Commissioner of technical education Appointment Duties.
1201	(1) (a) The board of trustees, upon approval from the governor and with the consent of
1202	the Senate, shall appoint a commissioner of technical education to serve as the board of
1203	trustees' chief executive officer.

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1204	(b) The commissioner of technical education shall:
1205	(i) have an appropriate and relevant educational background, including, at a minimum,
1206	a master's degree; and
1207	(ii) have extensive experience in career and technical education.
1208	(c) The commissioner of technical education shall serve at the board of trustees'
1209	discretion and may be terminated by:
1210	(i) the board of trustees; or
1211	(ii) the governor, after consultation with the board of trustees.
1212	(d) If the board of trustees intends to appoint an interim or acting commissioner of
1213	technical education during a leave of absence of the commissioner of technical education, the
1214	board of trustees shall appoint the interim or acting commissioner of technical education with
1215	the consent of the Senate.
1216	(e) The name of each final candidate for commissioner of technical education shall be
1217	publicly disclosed.
1218	(2) The board of trustees shall:
1219	(a) set the salary of the commissioner of technical education;
1220	(b) prescribe the duties and functions of the commissioner of technical education; and
1221	(c) select a commissioner of technical education on the basis of outstanding
1222	professional qualifications.
1223	(3) The commissioner of technical education is responsible to the board of trustees to:
1224	(a) ensure that the policies and programs of the board of trustees are properly executed;
1225	(b) furnish information about the Utah [College of Applied Technology] System of
1226	Technical Colleges and make recommendations regarding the information to the board of
1227	trustees;
1228	(c) provide state-level leadership in an activity affecting [an applied technology] a
1229	technical college; and
1230	(d) perform other duties as assigned by the board of trustees in carrying out the board
1231	of trustees' duties and responsibilities.
1232	Section 27. Section <b>53B-2a-103</b> is amended to read:
1233	53B-2a-103. Utah System of Technical Colleges Board of Trustees Membership
1234	Terms Vacancies Oath Officers Quorum Committees Compensation.

1235	(1) There is created the Utah [College of Applied Technology] System of Technical
1236	Colleges Board of Trustees.
1237	(2) Except as provided in Subsections (3) and (4), the board of trustees is composed of
1238	the following members:
1239	[(a) one member of the State Board of Education appointed by the chair of the State
1240	Board of Education, to serve as a nonvoting member;]
1241	[(b) one member of the State Board of Regents appointed by the chair of the State
1242	Board of Regents, to serve as a nonvoting member;]
1243	[(c)] (a) one member, representing business and industry employers from each [applied
1244	technology] technical college board of directors, appointed by a majority vote of the business
1245	and industry employer members of the [applied technology] technical college board of
1246	directors;
1247	[(d)] (b) one member representing business and industry employers from the Snow
1248	College Economic Development and Workforce Preparation Advisory Committee appointed by
1249	a majority of the business and industry employer members of the advisory committee;
1250	[(e)] (c) one member representing business and industry employers from the Utah State
1251	University Eastern career and technical education advisory committee appointed by a majority
1252	of the business and industry employer members of the advisory committee;
1253	[(f)] (d) one member representing business and industry employers from the Salt Lake
1254	Community College School of Applied Technology Board of Directors appointed by a majority
1255	of the business and industry employer members of the board of directors;
1256	[(g)] (e) one business or industry employer representative appointed by the governor
1257	with the consent of the Senate from nominations submitted by the speaker of the House of
1258	Representatives and president of the Senate;
1259	[(h)] (f) one representative of union craft, trade, or apprenticeship programs that
1260	prepare workers for employment in career and technical education fields, appointed by the
1261	governor with the consent of the Senate;
1262	[(i)] (g) one representative of non-union craft, trade, or apprenticeship programs that
1263	prepare workers for employment in career and technical education fields, appointed by the
1264	governor with the consent of the Senate; and
1265	[ <del>(j)</del> ] (h) the executive director of the Governor's Office of Economic Development or

1266	the executive director's designee.
1267	(3) (a) Beginning on July 1, 2019, the board of trustees is composed of 15 [voting]
1268	members appointed by the governor with the consent of the Senate, as follows:
1269	(i) one member [representing each applied technology college,] selected from at least
1270	two nominees presented to the governor by the board of directors of each [applied technology
1271	college] technical college, for a total of eight members; and
1272	(ii) one member [representing] who is employed in and represents each of the
1273	following sectors:
1274	(A) information technology;
1275	(B) manufacturing;
1276	(C) life sciences;
1277	(D) health care;
1278	(E) transportation;
1279	(F) union craft, trade, or apprenticeship; and
1280	(G) non-union craft, trade, or apprenticeship.
1281	(b) The seven members described in Subsection (3)(a)(ii) shall be selected from the
1282	state at large, subject to the following conditions:
1283	(i) at least four members shall reside in a geographic area served by [an applied
1284	technology college described in Section 53B-2a-105] a technical college; and
1285	(ii) no more than two members may reside in a single geographic area served by [an
1286	applied technology college described in Section 53B-2a-105] a technical college.
1287	[(c) (i) In addition to the 15 voting members described in Subsection (3)(a), one
1288	member of the Board of Regents, appointed by the chair of the Board of Regents, shall serve as
1289	a nonvoting member of the board of trustees.]
1290	[(ii) The nonvoting member from the Board of Regents is not subject to the term limit
1291	described in Subsection (5)(b).]
1292	[(d)] (c) The governor shall make appointments to the board of trustees on a
1293	nonpartisan basis.
1294	(d) An individual may not serve on the board of trustees and a technical college board
1295	of directors simultaneously.

(4) (a) [Except as provided in Subsection (4)(d), to] To transition from the composition

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1297 of the board of trustees described in Subsection (2) to the composition described in Subsection 1298 (3), for a member who was appointed to the board of trustees on or before May 10, 2016, the 1299 governor shall appoint a replacement: 1300 (i) when the member's current term expires, for a member who, on May 10, 2016, has 1301 served less than two consecutive full terms on the board of trustees; or 1302 (ii) on May 10, 2016, for a member who, on May 10, 2016, has served two or more 1303 consecutive full terms on the board of trustees. 1304 (b) In replacing a member who was appointed under Subsection (2)[(c)](a), the 1305 governor shall appoint a member [to represent the applied technology] for the technical college 1306 represented by the member whose term expires by: 1307 (i) soliciting the [applied technology] technical college's board of directors to nominate 1308 at least two individuals for the position; and 1309 (ii) selecting from the nominees presented. (c) In replacing a member who was appointed under Subsections (2)[<del>(d)</del>](b) through 1310 1311 (2)[(i)](h), the governor shall appoint a new member at large, ensuring representation from the 1312 sectors described in Subsection (3)(a)(ii). 1313 [(d) (i) A member appointed under Subsection (2)(a) shall remain on the board of 1314 trustees until June 30, 2019.1 1315 [(ii) A member appointed under Subsection (2)(b) may remain on the board following 1316 the transition to the board composition described in Subsection (3). 1317 [<del>(e)</del>] (d) In making an appointment under this Subsection (4), the governor: 1318 (i) shall appoint a member on a nonpartisan basis; and 1319 (ii) may not reappoint the member who is being replaced if the member has served on 1320 the board of trustees for at least two consecutive full terms. 1321 (5) (a) (i) Except as provided under Subsection (5)(a)(ii), a member shall be appointed 1322 commencing on July 1 of each odd-numbered year to a four-year term. 1323 (ii) The governor shall ensure that member terms are staggered so that approximately 1324 one-half of the members' terms expire in any odd-numbered year. 1325 (b) A member may not hold office for more than two consecutive full terms.

(6) When a vacancy occurs on the board of trustees for any reason, the governor shall

appoint a replacement for the unexpired term.

1328	(7) (a) Each member shall take the official oath of office prior to assuming the office.
1329	(b) The oath shall be filed with the Division of Archives and Records Services.
1330	(8) (a) The board of trustees shall elect a chair and vice chair, who serve for two years
1331	and until their successors are elected and qualified.
1332	(b) A member may not serve more than two consecutive terms as the chair or vice
1333	chair.
1334	(9) (a) The board of trustees shall enact bylaws for the board of trustees' own
1335	government, including provisions for regular meetings.
1336	(b) (i) The board of trustees shall provide for an executive committee in the board of
1337	trustees' bylaws.
1338	(ii) The executive committee shall have full authority of the board of trustees to act
1339	upon routine matters during the interim between board of trustees meetings.
1340	(iii) The executive committee may act on nonroutine matters only under extraordinary
1341	and emergency circumstances.
1342	(iv) The executive committee shall report [its] the executive committee's activities to
1343	the board of trustees at the board of trustees' next regular meeting following the executive
1344	committee's [activities] activities.
1345	(10) A quorum shall be required to conduct business which shall consist of a majority
1346	of [voting] board of trustee members.
1347	(11) The board of trustees may establish advisory committees.
1348	(12) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but
1349	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
1350	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
1351	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
1352	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
1353	63A-3-107.
1354	Section 28. Section <b>53B-2a-104</b> is amended to read:
1355	53B-2a-104. Utah System of Technical Colleges Board of Trustees Powers and
1356	duties.
1357	(1) The [Utah College of Applied Technology Board of Trustees] board of trustees is
1358	vested with the control, management, and supervision of [applied technology colleges within

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mission described in this part;

1359 the Utah College of Applied Technology technical colleges in a manner consistent with the 1360 policy and purpose of this title and the specific powers and responsibilities granted to the board 1361 of trustees. 1362 (2) The board of trustees shall: 1363 (a) ensure that [an applied technology] a technical college complies with the 1364 requirements in Section 53B-2a-106; 1365 (b) appoint the commissioner of technical education in accordance with Section 1366 53B-2a-102: 1367 (c) advise the commissioner of technical education and the State Board of Regents on 1368 issues related to career and technical education, including articulation with institutions of 1369 higher education and public education; 1370 (d) ensure that a secondary student in the public education system has access to career 1371 and technical education through [an applied technology] a technical college in the secondary 1372 student's service region; 1373 (e) in consultation with the State Board of Education, the State Board of Regents, and 1374 [applied technology] technical college presidents, develop strategies for providing career and technical education in rural areas, considering distances between rural career and technical 1375 1376 education providers: 1377 (f) receive budget requests from each [applied technology] technical college, compile 1378 and prioritize the requests, and submit the request to: 1379 (i) the Legislature; and 1380 (ii) the Governor's Office of Management and Budget; 1381 (g) receive funding requests pertaining to capital facilities and land purchases from 1382 each [applied technology] technical college, ensure that the requests comply with Section 1383 53B-2a-112, prioritize the requests, and submit the prioritized requests to the State Building 1384 Board;

(i) approve programs for the Utah [College of Applied Technology] System of

provide oversight, evaluate program performance, and obtain independent audits to ensure that

[an applied technology] a technical college follows the noncredit career and technical education

(h) in conjunction with the commissioner of technical education, establish benchmarks,

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area encompassing:

(a) the Box Elder School District;

1390	Technical Colleges;
1391	(j) approve the tuition rates for [applied technology] technical colleges [within the Utah
1392	College of Applied Technology];
1393	(k) prepare and submit an annual report detailing the board of trustees' progress and
1394	recommendations on career and technical education issues to the governor and to the
1395	Legislature's Education Interim Committee by October 31 of each year, which shall include
1396	information detailing:
1397	(i) how the career and technical education needs of secondary students are being met,
1398	including what access secondary students have to programs offered at [applied technology]
1399	technical colleges;
1400	(ii) how the emphasis on high demand, high wage, and high skill jobs in business and
1401	industry described in Section 53B-2a-106 is being provided;
1402	(iii) performance outcomes, including:
1403	(A) entered employment;
1404	(B) job retention; and
1405	(C) earnings; and
1406	(iv) student tuition and fees; and
1407	(l) collaborate with the State Board of Regents, the State Board of Education, [the state
1408	system of public education, the state system of higher education,] the Department of Workforce
1409	Services, and the Governor's Office of Economic Development on the delivery of career and
1410	technical education.
1411	(3) The board of trustees, the commissioner of technical education, or [an applied
1412	technology] a technical college[;] president[;] or board of directors may not conduct a
1413	feasibility study or perform another act relating to offering a degree or awarding credit.
1414	Section 29. Section <b>53B-2a-105</b> is amended to read:
1415	53B-2a-105. Utah System of Technical Colleges Composition.
1416	The Utah [College of Applied Technology] System of Technical Colleges is composed
1417	of the following [applied technology] technical colleges:
1418	(1) Bridgerland [Applied Technology] Technical College, which serves the geographic

1421	(b) the Cache School District;
1422	(c) the Logan School District; and
1423	(d) the Rich School District;
1424	(2) Ogden-Weber [Applied Technology] Technical College, which serves the
1425	geographic area encompassing:
1426	(a) the Ogden City School District; and
1427	(b) the Weber School District;
1428	(3) Davis [Applied Technology] Technical College, which serves the geographic area
1429	encompassing:
1430	(a) the Davis School District; and
1431	(b) the Morgan School District;
1432	(4) Tooele [Applied Technology] Technical College, which serves the geographic area
1433	encompassing the Tooele County School District;
1434	(5) Mountainland [Applied Technology] Technical College, which serves the
1435	geographic area encompassing:
1436	(a) the Alpine School District;
1437	(b) the Nebo School District;
1438	(c) the Provo School District;
1439	(d) the South Summit School District;
1440	(e) the North Summit School District;
1441	(f) the Wasatch School District; and
1442	(g) the Park City School District;
1443	(6) Uintah Basin [Applied Technology] Technical College, which serves the
1444	geographic area encompassing:
1445	(a) the Daggett School District;
1446	(b) the Duchesne School District; and
1447	(c) the Uintah School District;
1448	(7) Southwest [Applied Technology] Technical College, which serves the geographic
1449	area encompassing:
1450	(a) the Beaver School District;
1451	(b) the Garfield School District;

1452	(c) the Iron School District; and
1453	(d) the Kane School District; and
1454	(8) Dixie [Applied Technology] Technical College, which serves the geographic area
1455	encompassing the Washington School District.
1456	Section 30. Section <b>53B-2a-106</b> is amended to read:
1457	53B-2a-106. Technical colleges Duties.
1458	(1) Each [applied technology] technical college [within the Utah College of Applied
1459	Technology] shall, within the geographic area served by the [applied technology] technical
1460	college:
1461	(a) offer a noncredit [post-secondary] postsecondary and secondary career and
1462	technical education curriculum;
1463	(b) offer that curriculum at:
1464	(i) low cost to adult students, as approved by the board of trustees; and
1465	(ii) no tuition to secondary students;
1466	(c) provide career and technical education that will result in:
1467	(i) appropriate licensing, certification, or other evidence of completion of training; and
1468	(ii) qualification for specific employment, with an emphasis on high demand, high
1469	wage, and high skill jobs in business and industry;
1470	(d) develop cooperative agreements with school districts, charter schools, other higher
1471	education institutions, businesses, industries, and community and private agencies to maximize
1472	the availability of instructional facilities within the geographic area served by the [applied
1473	technology] technical college; and
1474	(e) after consulting with school districts and charter schools within the geographic area
1475	served by the [applied technology] technical college:
1476	(i) ensure that secondary students in the public education system have access to career
1477	and technical education at the [applied technology] technical college; and
1478	(ii) prepare and submit an annual report to the board of trustees detailing:
1479	(A) how the career and technical education needs of secondary students within the
1480	region are being met;
1481	(B) what access secondary students within the region have to programs offered at the
1482	[applied technology] technical college;

1483	(C) how the emphasis on high demand, high wage, high skill jobs in business and
1484	industry described in Subsection (1)(c)(ii) is being provided; and
1485	(D) student tuition and fees.
1486	(2) [An applied technology] A technical college may offer:
1487	(a) a competency-based high school diploma approved by the State Board of Education
1488	in accordance with Section 53A-1-402;
1489	(b) noncredit, basic instruction in areas such as reading, language arts, and
1490	mathematics that are necessary for student success in a chosen career and technical education
1491	or job-related program;
1492	(c) noncredit courses of interest when similar offerings to the community are limited
1493	and courses are financially self-supporting; and
1494	(d) secondary school level courses through the Statewide Online Education Program in
1495	accordance with Section 53A-15-1205.
1496	(3) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(d), [an applied technology] a technical college
1497	may not:
1498	(a) offer courses other than noncredit career and technical education or the noncredit,
1499	basic instruction described in Subsections (2)(b) and (c);
1500	(b) offer a degree;
1501	(c) offer career and technical education or basic instruction outside the geographic area
1502	served by the [applied technology] technical college without a cooperative agreement between
1503	an affected institution, except as provided in Subsection (6);
1504	(d) provide tenure or academic rank for its instructors; or
1505	(e) participate in intercollegiate athletics.
1506	(4) The mission of [an applied technology] a technical college is limited to noncredit
1507	career and technical education and may not expand to include credit-based academic programs
1508	typically offered by community colleges or other institutions of higher education.
1509	(5) [An applied technology] A technical college shall be recognized as a member
1510	[applied technology college] of the Utah [College of Applied Technology] System of Technical
1511	Colleges, and regional affiliation shall be retained and recognized through local designations
1512	such as "Bridgerland [Applied Technology] Technical College: A member [applied
1513	technology technical college of the Utah [College of Applied Technology] System of

1314	Technical Coneges.
1515	(6) (a) [An applied technology] A technical college may offer career and technical
1516	education or basic instruction outside the geographic area served by the [applied technology]
1517	technical college without a cooperative agreement, as required in Subsection (3)(c), if:
1518	(i) the career and technical education or basic instruction is specifically requested by:
1519	(A) an employer; or
1520	(B) a craft, trade, or apprenticeship program;
1521	(ii) the [applied technology] technical college notifies the affected institution about the
1522	request; and
1523	(iii) the affected institution is given an opportunity to make a proposal, prior to any
1524	contract being finalized or training being initiated by the [applied technology] technical
1525	college, to the employer, craft, trade, or apprenticeship program about offering the requested
1526	career and technical education or basic instruction, provided that the proposal shall be
1527	presented no later than one business week from the delivery of the notice described under
1528	Subsection (6)(a)(ii).
1529	(b) The requirements under Subsection (6)(a)(iii) do not apply if there is a prior
1530	training relationship.
1531	Section 31. Section <b>53B-2a-107</b> is amended to read:
1532	53B-2a-107. Technical college presidents Appointments Duties.
1533	(1) (a) The board of trustees shall, after consultation with [an applied technology] $\underline{a}$
1534	technical college board of directors, appoint [an applied technology college] a president for [an
1535	applied technology] the technical college.
1536	(b) The board of trustees shall establish a policy for appointing [an applied technology]
1537	a technical college president that:
1538	(i) requires the board of trustees to create a search committee that:
1539	(A) [shall include] includes an equal number of board of [trustee] trustees members
1540	and members from the [applied technology] technical college board of directors; and
1541	(B) may include [applied technology] technical college faculty, students, or other
1542	individuals;
1543	(ii) requires the search committee to seek nominations, interview candidates, and
1544	forward qualified candidates to the board of trustees for consideration;

1545	(iii) provides for at least two members of the [applied technology] technical college
1546	board of directors to participate in board of trustees' interviews of finalists; and
1547	(iv) provides for the board of trustees to vote to appoint [an applied technology] a
1548	technical college president in a meeting that complies with Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and
1549	Public Meetings Act.
1550	(2) (a) [An applied technology] A technical college president shall serve as the chief
1551	[administrative] executive officer of the technical college [campus].
1552	(b) [An applied technology] A technical college president does not need to have a
1553	doctorate degree, but shall have extensive experience in career and technical education.
1554	(c) [An applied technology] A technical college president is subject to regular review
1555	and evaluation administered by the board of trustees, in cooperation with the [applied
1556	technology] technical college board of directors, through a process approved by the board of
1557	trustees.
1558	(d) [An applied technology] A technical college president serves at the discretion of the
1559	board of trustees, in cooperation with the [applied technology] technical college board of
1560	directors.
1561	(e) The board of trustees, in cooperation with [an applied technology] a technical
1562	college board of directors, shall set the compensation for [an applied technology college
1563	president] the technical college president using market survey information.
1564	(3) [An applied technology] A technical college president shall:
1565	(a) serve as the executive officer of the [applied technology] technical college board of
1566	directors;
1567	(b) administer the day-to-day operations of the [applied technology] technical college;
1568	(c) consult with the [applied technology] technical college board of directors; and
1569	(d) administer human resource policies and employee compensation plans in
1570	accordance with the requirements of the board of trustees.
1571	Section 32. Section <b>53B-2a-108</b> is amended to read:
1572	53B-2a-108. Technical college boards of directors Membership
1573	Appointments.
1574	[An applied technology college shall have an applied technology college board of
1575	directors appointed as follows:

1576	(1) The Bridgerland [Applied Technology] Technical College Board of Directors [shall
1577	be] is composed of the following 12 members:
1578	(a) one elected local school board member appointed by the board of education for the
1579	Box Elder School District;
1580	(b) one elected local school board member appointed by the board of education for the
1581	Cache School District;
1582	(c) one elected local school board member appointed by the board of education for the
1583	Logan School District;
1584	(d) one elected local school board member appointed by the board of education for the
1585	Rich School District;
1586	(e) one member of the Utah State University board of trustees; and
1587	(f) seven representatives of business or industry employers within the region appointed
1588	jointly by the members appointed under Subsections (1)(a) through (e)[;].
1589	(2) The Ogden-Weber [Applied Technology] Technical College Board of Directors
1590	[shall be] is composed of the following 10 members:
1591	(a) one elected local school board member appointed by the board of education for the
1592	Ogden City School District;
1593	(b) one elected local school board member appointed by the board of education for the
1594	Weber School District;
1595	(c) one member of the Weber State University board of trustees; and
1596	(d) seven representatives of business or industry employers within the region appointed
1597	jointly by the members appointed under Subsections (2)(a) through (c)[;].
1598	(3) The Davis [Applied Technology] Technical College Board of Directors [shall be] is
1599	composed of the following 10 members:
1600	(a) one elected local school board member appointed by the board of education for the
1601	Davis School District;
1602	(b) one elected local school board member appointed by the board of education for the
1603	Morgan School District;
1604	(c) one member of the Weber State University board of trustees; and
1605	(d) seven representatives of business or industry employers within the region appointed
1606	jointly by the members appointed under Subsections (3)(a) through (c)[;].

1607	(4) The Tooele [Applied Technology] <u>Technical</u> College Board of Directors [shall be]
1608	is composed of the following 12 members:
1609	(a) one elected local school board member appointed by the board of education for the
1610	Tooele County School District;
1611	(b) one member of the Utah State University board of trustees; and
1612	(c) 10 representatives of business or industry employers within the region appointed
1613	jointly by the members appointed under Subsections (4)(a) and (b)[;].
1614	(5) The Mountainland [Applied Technology] Technical College Board of Directors
1615	[shall be] is composed of the following 18 members:
1616	(a) one elected local school board member appointed by the board of education for the
1617	Alpine School District;
1618	(b) one elected local school board member appointed by the board of education for the
1619	Nebo School District;
1620	(c) one elected local school board member appointed by the board of education for the
1621	Provo School District;
1622	(d) one elected local school board member appointed by the board of education for the
1623	South Summit School District;
1624	(e) one elected local school board member appointed by the board of education for the
1625	North Summit School District;
1626	(f) one elected local school board member appointed by the board of education for the
1627	Wasatch School District;
1628	(g) one elected local school board member appointed by the board of education for the
1629	Park City School District;
1630	(h) one member of the Utah Valley University board of trustees; and
1631	(i) 10 representatives of business or industry employers within the region appointed
1632	jointly by the members appointed under Subsections (5)(a) through (h)[;].
1633	(6) The Uintah Basin [Applied Technology] Technical College Board of Directors
1634	[shall be] is composed of the following 10 members:
1635	(a) one elected local school board member appointed by the board of education for the
1636	Daggett School District;
1637	(b) one elected local school board member appointed by the board of education for the

1038	Duchesne School District,
1639	(c) one elected local school board member appointed by the board of education for the
1640	Uintah School District;
1641	(d) one member of the Utah State University board of trustees; and
1642	(e) six representatives of business or industry employers within the region appointed
1643	jointly by the members appointed under Subsections (6)(a) through (d)[;].
1644	(7) The Southwest [Applied Technology] Technical College Board of Directors [shall
1645	be] is composed of the following 12 members:
1646	(a) one elected local school board member appointed by the board of education for the
1647	Beaver School District;
1648	(b) one elected local school board member appointed by the board of education for the
1649	Garfield School District;
1650	(c) one elected local school board member appointed by the board of education for the
1651	Iron School District;
1652	(d) one elected local school board member appointed by the board of education for the
1653	Kane School District;
1654	(e) one member of the Southern Utah University board of trustees; and
1655	(f) seven representatives of business or industry employers within the region appointed
1656	jointly by the members appointed under Subsections (7)(a) through (e)[;].
1657	(8) The Dixie [Applied Technology] Technical College Board of Directors [shall be] is
1658	composed of the following 10 members:
1659	(a) one elected local school board member appointed by the board of education for the
1660	Washington School District;
1661	(b) one member of the Dixie State University board of trustees; and
1662	(c) eight representatives of business or industry employers within the region appointed
1663	jointly by the members appointed under Subsections (8)(a) and (b)[; and].
1664	(9) The representatives of business or industry employers [shall be] on a technical
1665	college board of directors are:
1666	(a) appointed jointly by the designated members of a technical college board of
1667	directors from a list of names provided by local organizations or associations whose members
1668	employ workers with career and technical education;

1009	(b) individuals recognized for their knowledge and expertise;
1670	(c) individuals who represent current and emerging business and industry sectors of the
1671	state; and
1672	(d) appointed on a nonpartisan basis.
1673	Section 33. Section <b>53B-2a-109</b> is amended to read:
1674	53B-2a-109. Technical college boards of directors Terms Quorum Chair
1675	Compensation.
1676	(1) (a) At the first meeting of [an applied technology] a technical college board of
1677	directors after July 1, 2009:
1678	(i) the representatives from the local school boards shall divide up their positions so
1679	that approximately half of them serve for two-year terms and half serve for four-year terms;
1680	and
1681	(ii) the representatives from business and industry employers shall divide up their
1682	positions so that approximately half of them serve for two-year terms and half serve for
1683	four-year terms.
1684	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(a), individuals appointed to [an applied
1685	technology] a technical college board of directors shall serve four-year terms.
1686	(2) The original appointing authority shall fill any vacancies that occur on [an applied
1687	technology] a technical college board of directors.
1688	(3) A majority of [an applied technology] a technical college board of directors is a
1689	quorum.
1690	(4) [An applied technology] A technical college board of directors shall elect a chair
1691	from [its] the technical college board of directors' membership.
1692	(5) A member of [an applied technology] a technical college board of directors may not
1693	receive compensation or benefits for the [member's] member of the technical college board of
1694	director's service, but may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
1695	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
1696	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
1697	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
1698	63A-3-107.
1699	(6) (a) [An applied technology] A technical college board of directors may enact

- bylaws for the [applied technology college's] technical college board of directors' own government, including [provision] provisions for regular meetings, that are in accordance with the policies of the board of trustees.
  - (b) (i) [An applied technology] A technical college board of directors may provide for an executive committee in the [applied technology] technical college board of directors' bylaws.
  - (ii) If established, an executive committee shall have the full authority of the [applied technology] technical college board of directors to act upon routine matters during the interim between board of directors' meetings.
  - (iii) An executive committee may act on nonroutine matters only under extraordinary and emergency circumstances.
  - (iv) An executive committee shall report the executive committee's activities to the [applied technology] technical college board of directors at the [applied technology] technical college board of directors' next regular meeting following the [action] activities.
  - (7) [An applied technology] A technical college board of directors may establish advisory committees.
    - Section 34. Section **53B-2a-110** is amended to read:
      - 53B-2a-110. Technical college board of directors' powers and duties.
      - (1) [An applied technology] A technical college board of directors shall:
  - (a) assist the [applied technology] technical college president in preparing a budget request for the [applied technology] technical college's annual operations to the board of trustees;
  - (b) after consulting with the board of trustees, other higher education institutions, school districts, and charter schools within the [applied technology] technical college's region, prepare a comprehensive strategic plan for delivering career and technical education within the region;
  - (c) consult with business, industry, the Department of Workforce Services, the Governor's Office of Economic Development, and the Governor's Office of Management and Budget on an ongoing basis to determine what workers and skills are needed for employment in Utah businesses and industries;
  - (d) develop programs based upon the information gathered in accordance with

- Subsection (1)(c), including expedited program approval and termination procedures to meet market needs;
  - (e) adopt an annual budget and fund balances;
  - (f) develop policies for the operation of career and technical education facilities under the [applied technology] technical college board of directors' jurisdiction;
  - (g) establish human resources and compensation policies for all employees in accordance with policies of the board of trustees;
  - (h) approve credentials for employees and assign employees to duties in accordance with board of trustees policies and accreditation guidelines;
    - (i) conduct annual program evaluations;
  - (j) appoint program advisory committees and other advisory groups to provide counsel, support, and recommendations for updating and improving the effectiveness of training programs and services;
  - (k) approve regulations, both regular and emergency, to be issued and executed by the [applied technology] technical college president;
  - (l) coordinate with local school boards, school districts, and charter schools to meet the career and technical education needs of secondary students; and
  - (m) develop policies and procedures for the admission, classification, instruction, and examination of students in accordance with the policies and accreditation guidelines of the board of trustees and the State Board of Education.
  - (2) <u>A policy described in Subsection (1)(g) does not apply to [an applied technology</u>] compensation for a technical college president.
  - (3) [An applied technology] A technical college board of directors may not exercise jurisdiction over career and technical education provided by a school district or charter school or provided by a higher education institution independently of [an applied technology] the technical college.
  - (4) If a program advisory committee or other advisory group submits a printed recommendation to [an applied technology] a technical college board of directors, the [applied technology] technical college board of directors shall acknowledge the recommendation with a printed response that explains the [applied technology] technical college board of directors' action regarding the recommendation and the reasons for the action.

1762	Section 35. Section <b>53B-2a-111</b> is amended to read:
1763	53B-2a-111. Board of Trustees Consultation with State Board of Regents.
1764	The [Utah College of Applied Technology Board of Trustees] board of trustees shall
1765	consult with the State Board of Regents to coordinate the delivery of career and technical
1766	education.
1767	Section 36. Section <b>53B-2a-112</b> is amended to read:
1768	53B-2a-112. Technical colleges Relationships with other public and higher
1769	education institutions Agreements Priorities New capital facilities.
1770	(1) As used in this section, "higher education institution" means, for each [applied
1771	technology] technical college, the higher education institution designated in Section
1772	53B-2a-108 that has a representative on the [applied technology] technical college's board of
1773	directors.
1774	(2) [An applied technology] A technical college shall avoid any unnecessary
1775	duplication of career and technical education instructional facilities, programs, administration,
1776	and staff between the [applied technology] technical college and other public and higher
1777	education institutions.
1778	(3) [An applied technology] A technical college may enter into agreements:
1779	(a) with other higher education institutions to cultivate cooperative relationships;
1780	(b) with other public and higher education institutions to enhance career and technical
1781	education within its region; or
1782	(c) to comply with Subsection (2).
1783	(4) Before [an applied technology] a technical college develops new instructional
1784	facilities, the [applied technology] technical college shall give priority to:
1785	(a) maintaining the [applied technology] technical college's existing instructional
1786	facilities for both secondary and adult students;
1787	(b) coordinating with the president of a higher education institution and entering into
1788	any necessary agreements to provide career and technical education to both secondary and adult
1789	students that:
1790	(i) maintain and support existing higher education career and technical education
1791	programs; and

(ii) maximize the use of existing higher education facilities; and

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1793	(c) developing cooperative agreements with school districts, charter schools, other
1794	higher education institutions, businesses, industries, and community and private agencies to
1795	maximize the availability of career and technical education instructional facilities for both
1796	secondary and adult students.
1797	(5) (a) Before submitting a funding request pertaining to new capital facilities and land
1798	purchases to the board of trustees, [an applied technology] a technical college shall:
1799	(i) ensure that all available instructional facilities are maximized in accordance with
1800	Subsections (4)(a) through (c); and
1801	(ii) coordinate the request with the president of a higher education institution, if
1802	applicable.
1803	(b) The State Building Board shall make a finding that the requirements of this section
1804	are met before the State Building Board may consider a funding request from the board of
1805	trustees pertaining to new capital facilities and land purchases.
1806	(c) [An applied technology] A technical college may not construct, approve the
1807	construction of, plan for the design or construction of, or consent to the construction of a career
1808	and technical education facility without approval of the Legislature.
1809	(6) Before acquiring new fiscal and administrative support structures, [an applied
1810	technology] a technical college shall:
1811	(a) review the use of existing public or higher education administrative and accounting
1812	systems, financial record systems, and student and financial aid systems for the delivery of
1813	career and technical education in the region;
1814	(b) determine whether it is feasible to use those existing systems; and
1815	(c) with the approval of the [applied technology] technical college board of directors
1816	and the board of trustees, use those existing systems.
1817	Section 37. Section <b>53B-2a-113</b> is amended to read:
1818	53B-2a-113. Technical colleges Leasing authority Lease-purchase agreements
1819	Report.
1820	(1) In accordance with Subsection 53B-2a-112(2), [an applied technology] a technical

college may enter into a lease with other higher education institutions, school districts, charter

(a) one year or less with the approval of the [applied technology] technical college

schools, state agencies, or business and industry for a term of:

1824	board of directors; [and] or
1825	(b) more than one year with the approval of the board of trustees and:
1826	(i) the approval of funding for the lease by the Legislature prior to [an applied
1827	technology] a technical college entering into the lease; or
1828	(ii) the lease agreement includes language that allows termination of the lease without
1829	penalty.
1830	(2) (a) In accordance with Subsection 53B-2a-112(2), [an applied technology] a
1831	technical college may enter into a lease-purchase agreement if:
1832	(i) there is a long-term benefit to the state;
1833	(ii) the project is included in both the [applied technology] technical college and Utah
1834	[College of Applied Technology] System of Technical Colleges master plans;
1835	(iii) the lease-purchase agreement includes language that allows termination of the
1836	lease;
1837	(iv) the lease-purchase agreement is approved by the [applied technology] technical
1838	college board of directors and the board of trustees; and
1839	(v) the lease-purchase agreement is:
1840	(A) reviewed by the Division of Facilities Construction and Management;
1841	(B) reviewed by the State Building Board; and
1842	(C) approved by the Legislature.
1843	(b) An approval under Subsection (2)(a) shall include a recognition of:
1844	(i) all parties, dates, and elements of the agreement;
1845	(ii) the equity or collateral component that creates the benefit; and
1846	(iii) the options dealing with the sale and division of equity.
1847	(3) (a) Each [applied technology] technical college shall provide an annual lease report
1848	to the board of trustees that details each of the [applied technology] technical college's leases,
1849	annual costs, location, square footage, and recommendations for lease continuation.
1850	(b) The board of trustees shall compile and distribute an annual combined lease report
1851	for all [applied technology] technical colleges to the Division of Facilities Construction and
1852	Management and to others upon request.
1853	(4) The board of trustees shall use the annual combined lease report in determining
1854	planning, utilization, and budget requests.

1855	Section 38. Section 53B-2a-114 is amended to read:
1856	53B-2a-114. Educational program on the use of information technology.
1857	(1) The Utah [College of Applied Technology] System of Technical Colleges shall
1858	offer an educational program on the use of information technology as provided in this section.
1859	(2) An educational program on the use of information technology shall:
1860	(a) provide instruction on skills and competencies essential for the workplace and
1861	requested by employers;
1862	(b) include the following components:
1863	(i) a curriculum;
1864	(ii) online access to the curriculum;
1865	(iii) instructional software for classroom and student use;
1866	(iv) certification of skills and competencies most frequently requested by employers;
1867	(v) professional development for faculty; and
1868	(vi) deployment and program support, including integration with existing curriculum
1869	standards; and
1870	(c) be made available to students, faculty, and staff of [the Utah College of Applied
1871	Technology] technical colleges.
1872	Section 39. Section <b>53B-2a-115</b> is enacted to read:
1873	53B-2a-115. Utah System of Technical Colleges Institutional name changes.
1874	(1) Beginning July 1, 2017:
1875	(a) the Utah College of Applied Technology shall be known as the Utah System of
1876	Technical Colleges;
1877	(b) Bridgerland Applied Technology College shall be known as Bridgerland Technical
1878	College;
1879	(c) Ogden-Weber Applied Technology College shall be known as Ogden-Weber
1880	Technical College;
1881	(d) Davis Applied Technology College shall be known as Davis Technical College;
1882	(e) Tooele Applied Technology College shall be known as Tooele Technical College;
1883	(f) Mountainland Applied Technology College shall be known as Mountainland
1884	Technical College;
1885	(g) Uintah Basin Applied Technology College shall be known as Uintah Basin

1886	<u>lechnical College;</u>
1887	(h) Southwest Applied Technology College shall be known as Southwest Technical
1888	College; and
1889	(i) Dixie Applied Technology College shall be known as Dixie Technical College.
1890	(2) (a) As described in Subsection (1), the Utah System of Technical Colleges is a
1891	continuation of the Utah College of Applied Technology and each technical college is a
1892	continuation of the applied technology college that preceded the technical college.
1893	(b) An institution described in Subsection (1):
1894	(i) possess all rights, title, privileges, powers, immunities, franchises, endowments,
1895	property, and claims of the institution that preceded the institution; and
1896	(ii) shall fulfill and perform all obligations of the institution that proceeded the
1897	institution, including obligations relating to outstanding bonds and notes.
1898	Section 40. Section <b>53B-3-102</b> is amended to read:
1899	53B-3-102. State institution of higher education defined.
1900	(1) As used in this chapter, "state institution of higher education" means [the
1901	University of Utah, Utah State University, Southern Utah University, Weber State University,
1902	Snow College, Dixie State University, Utah Valley University, Salt Lake Community College,
1903	and] an institution described in Section 53B-2-101 or any other university or college [which
1904	may be] that is established and maintained by the state.
1905	[ <del>(2)</del> It includes any]
1906	(2) A state institution of higher education includes:
1907	(a) a branch or affiliated institution [and any]; or
1908	(b) a campus or facilities owned, operated, or controlled by the governing board of the
1909	[university or college] state institution of higher education.
1910	Section 41. Section <b>53B-6-106</b> is amended to read:
1911	53B-6-106. Jobs Now and Economic Development Initiatives.
1912	(1) (a) The Utah [College of Applied Technology] System of Technical Colleges Board
1913	of Trustees shall develop, establish, and maintain a Jobs Now Initiative, to promote workforce
1914	preparation programs that meet critical needs and shortages throughout the state.
1915	(b) The State Board of Regents shall develop, establish, and maintain economic
1916	development initiatives within the system of higher education.

1917	(2) The initiatives specified in Subsection (1) shall provide support for technical
1918	training expansion that trains skilled potential employees within a period not to exceed 12
1919	months for technical jobs in critical needs occupations and other innovative economic
1920	development policy initiatives.
1921	(3) (a) Subject to future budget constraints, the Legislature shall provide an annual
1922	appropriation to the Utah [College of Applied Technology] System of Technical Colleges to
1923	fund the Jobs Now Initiative established in Subsection (1)(a).
1924	(b) (i) The Utah [College of Applied Technology] System of Technical Colleges Board
1925	of Trustees shall allocate the appropriation for the Jobs Now Initiative to [applied technology
1926	colleges within the Utah College of Applied Technology] technical colleges.
1927	(ii) [An applied technology] A technical college shall use money received under
1928	Subsection (3)(b)(i) for technical training expansion referred to in Subsection (2).
1929	(c) Subject to future budget constraints, the Legislature shall provide an annual
1930	appropriation to the State Board of Regents to fund economic development initiatives
1931	established pursuant Subsection (1)(b).
1932	(d) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act:
1933	(i) the Utah [College of Applied Technology] System of Technical Colleges Board of
1934	Trustees shall make rules to implement the Jobs Now Initiative; and
1935	(ii) the board shall make rules to implement economic development initiatives.
1936	Section 42. Section <b>53B-7-101</b> is amended to read:
1937	53B-7-101. Combined requests for appropriations Board review of operating
1938	budgets Submission of budgets Recommendations Hearing request
1939	Appropriation formulas Allocations Dedicated credits Financial affairs.
1940	(1) As used in this section:
1941	(a) (i) "Higher education institution" or "institution" means an institution of higher
1942	education listed in Section 53B-1-102.
1943	(ii) "Higher education institution" or "institution" does not include:
1944	(A) the Utah [College of Applied Technology.] System of Technical Colleges Board of
1945	Trustees; or
1946	(B) a technical college.
1947	(b) "Research university" means the University of Utah or Utah State University.

1948	(2) (a) The board shall recommend a combined appropriation for the operating budgets
1949	of higher education institutions for inclusion in a state appropriations act.
1950	(b) The board's combined budget recommendation shall include:
1951	(i) employee compensation;
1952	(ii) mandatory costs, including building operations and maintenance, fuel, and power;
1953	[(iii) mission based funding described in Subsection (3);]
1954	[(iv)] (iii) performance funding described in Subsection [(4)] (3);
1955	[(v)] (iv) statewide and institutional priorities, including scholarships, financial aid,
1956	and technology infrastructure; and
1957	[ <del>(vi)</del> ] <u>(v)</u> unfunded historic growth.
1958	(c) The board's recommendations shall be available for presentation to the governor
1959	and to the Legislature at least 30 days [prior to] before the convening of the Legislature, and
1960	shall include schedules showing the recommended amounts for each institution, including
1961	separately funded programs or divisions.
1962	(d) The recommended appropriations shall be determined by the board only after it has
1963	reviewed the proposed institutional operating budgets, and has consulted with the various
1964	institutions and board staff in order to make appropriate adjustments.
1965	[(3) (a) The board shall establish mission based funding.]
1966	[(b) Mission based funding shall include:]
1967	[(i) enrollment growth; and]
1968	[(ii) up to three strategic priorities.]
1969	[(c) The strategic priorities described in Subsection (3)(b)(ii) shall be:]
1970	[(i) approved by the board; and]
1971	[(ii) designed to improve the availability, effectiveness, or quality of higher education
1972	in the state.]
1973	[(d) Concurrent with recommending mission based funding, the board shall also
1974	recommend to the Legislature ways to address funding any inequities for institutions as
1975	compared to institutions with similar missions.]
1976	[(4)] (3) (a) The board shall establish performance funding.
1977	(b) Performance funding shall include metrics approved by the board, including:
1978	(i) degrees and certificates granted;

1979 (ii) services provided to traditionally underserved populations; 1980 (iii) responsiveness to workforce needs: 1981 (iv) institutional efficiency; and 1982 (v) for a research university, graduate research metrics. 1983 (c) The board shall: 1984 (i) award performance funding appropriated by the Legislature to institutions based on 1985 the institution's success in meeting the metrics described in Subsection  $[\frac{(4)}{(3)}]$  (3)(b); and 1986 (ii) reallocate funding that is not awarded to an institution under Subsection [(4)] 1987 (3)(c)(i) for distribution to other institutions that meet the metrics described in Subsection [(4)] 1988 (3)(b). 1989 [(5)] (4) (a) Institutional operating budgets shall be submitted to the board at least 90 1990 days [prior to] before the convening of the Legislature in accordance with procedures 1991 established by the board. 1992 (b) Funding requests pertaining to capital facilities and land purchases shall be 1993 submitted in accordance with procedures prescribed by the State Building Board. 1994 [(6)] (5) (a) The budget recommendations of the board shall be accompanied by full 1995 explanations and supporting data. 1996 (b) The appropriations recommended by the board shall be made with the dual 1997 objective of: 1998 (i) justifying for higher educational institutions appropriations consistent with their 1999 needs, and consistent with the financial ability of the state; and 2000 (ii) determining an equitable distribution of funds among the respective institutions in 2001 accordance with the aims and objectives of the statewide master plan for higher education. [<del>(7)</del>] (6) (a) The board shall request a hearing with the governor on the recommended 2002 2003 appropriations. 2004 (b) After the governor delivers his budget message to the Legislature, the board shall 2005 request hearings on the recommended appropriations with the appropriate committees of the 2006 Legislature. 2007 (c) If either the total amount of the state appropriations or its allocation among the 2008 institutions as proposed by the Legislature or [its] the Legislature's committees is substantially

different from the recommendations of the board, the board may request further hearings with

- the Legislature or [its] the Legislature's appropriate committees to reconsider both the total amount and the allocation.
  - [<del>(8)</del>] (7) The board may devise, establish, periodically review, and revise formulas for [its] the board's use and for the use of the governor and the committees of the Legislature in making appropriation recommendations.
    - [(9)] (8) (a) The board shall recommend to each session of the Legislature the minimum tuitions, resident and nonresident, for each institution which it considers necessary to implement the budget recommendations.
    - (b) The board may fix the tuition, fees, and charges for each institution at levels [it] the board finds necessary to meet budget requirements.
    - [(10)] (9) (a) Money allocated to each institution by legislative appropriation may be budgeted in accordance with institutional work programs approved by the board, provided that the expenditures funded by appropriations for each institution are kept within the appropriations for the applicable period.
    - (b) [A] Each year, a president of an institution of higher education shall[:(i)] establish initiatives for the president's institution [each year] of higher education that are[:(A) aligned with the strategic priorities described in Subsection (3); and (B)] consistent with the [institution's] institution of higher education's mission and role[; and].
      - [(ii) allocate the institution's mission based funding to the initiatives.]
    - [(11)] (10) The dedicated credits, including revenues derived from tuitions, fees, federal grants, and proceeds from sales received by the institutions of higher education are appropriated to the respective institutions of higher education and used in accordance with institutional work programs.
    - [(12)] (11) [Each] An institution of higher education may do [its] the institution's own purchasing, issue [its] the institution's own payrolls, and handle [its] the institution's own financial affairs under the general supervision of the board.
    - [<del>(13)</del>] (12) (a) If the Legislature appropriates money in accordance with this section, [it] the money shall be distributed to the board and higher education institutions to fund the items described in Subsection (2)(b).
  - (b) During each general session of the Legislature following a fiscal year in which the Legislature provides an appropriation for [mission based funding or] performance funding, the

board and institutions <u>of higher education</u> shall report to the Legislature's Higher Education Appropriations Subcommittee on the use of the previous year's [mission based funding and] performance funding[, including performance outcomes relating to the strategic initiatives approved by the board].

Section 43. Section **53B-8-101** is amended to read:

## 53B-8-101. Waiver of tuition.

- (1) (a) The president of [each institution] an institution of higher education described in Section 53B-2-101 may waive all or part of the tuition in behalf of meritorious or impecunious resident students to an amount not exceeding 10% of the total amount of tuition which, in the absence of the waivers, would have been collected from all Utah resident students at the institution of higher education.
- (b) Two and a half percent of the waivers designated in Subsection (1)(a) shall be set aside for members of the Utah National Guard. Waivers shall be preserved by the student at least 60 days before the beginning of an academic term.
- (2) (a) A president of an institution of higher education listed in Subsections 53B-2-101(1)(a) through (h) may waive all or part of the nonresident portion of tuition for a meritorious nonresident undergraduate student.
- (b) In determining which students are meritorious for purposes of granting a tuition waiver under Subsection (2)(a), a president shall consider students who are performing above the average at the institution of higher education, including having an admissions index higher than the average for the institution, if an admissions index is used.
- (c) A president may continue to waive the nonresident portion of tuition for a student described in Subsection (2)(a) for as long as the student is enrolled at the institution of higher education.
- (d) In addition to waiving the nonresident portion of tuition for a meritorious nonresident student under Subsection (2)(a), a president may waive the resident portion of tuition after the meritorious nonresident student completes a year of full-time study at the institution of higher education.
- (3) [Upon recommendation of the board, a president shall grant additional full or partial tuition waivers to] To encourage students to enroll for instruction in occupations critical to the state for which trained personnel are in short supply[-], a president of an institution of

2072	higher education shall grant additional full or partial tuition waivers upon recommendation of:
2073	(a) the board, for an institution of higher education described in Subsection (1)(a); or
2074	(b) the Utah System of Technical Colleges Board of Trustees, for a technical college.
2075	(4) A president may waive all or part of the difference between resident and
2076	nonresident tuition in the case of:
2077	(a) meritorious graduate students; or
2078	(b) nonresident summer school students.
2079	(5) (a) The board shall submit an annual budget appropriation [requests] request for
2080	each institution[, which] of higher education described in Subsections 53B-2-101(1)(a) through
2081	<u>(h).</u>
2082	(b) The Utah System of Technical Colleges Board of Trustees shall submit an annual
2083	budget appropriation request for each technical college.
2084	(c) A request described in Subsection (5)(a) or (b) shall include requests for funds
2085	sufficient in amount to equal the estimated loss of dedicated credits that would be realized if all
2086	of the tuition waivers authorized by Subsection (2) were granted.
2087	Section 44. Section 53B-8d-102 is amended to read:
2088	53B-8d-102. Definitions.
2089	As used in this chapter:
2090	(1) "Division" means the Division of Child and Family Services.
2091	(2) "Long-term foster care" means an individual who remains in the custody of the
2092	division, whether or not the individual resides:
2093	(a) with licensed foster parents; or
2094	(b) in independent living arrangements under the supervision of the division.
2095	(3) "State institution of higher education" means:
2096	(a) an institution designated in Section 53B-1-102; [and] or
2097	(b) a public institution that offers postsecondary education in consideration of the
2098	payment of tuition or fees for the attainment of educational or vocational objectives leading to
2099	a degree or certificate, including:
2100	(i) a business school;
2101	(ii) a technical school;
2102	[(iii) an applied technology college within the Utah College of Applied Technology;]

2103	$\left[\frac{(11)}{(11)}\right]$ a trade school; or
2104	[(v)] (iv) an institution offering related apprenticeship programs.
2105	(4) "Tuition" means tuition at the rate for residents of the state.
2106	(5) "Ward of the state" means an individual:
2107	(a) who is:
2108	(i) at least 17 years of age; and
2109	(ii) not older than 26 years of age;
2110	(b) who had a permanency goal in the individual's child and family plan, as described
2111	in Sections 62A-4a-205 and 78A-6-314, of long-term foster care while in the custody of the
2112	division; and
2113	(c) for whom the custody of the division was not terminated as a result of adoption.
2114	Section 45. Section <b>53B-16-101</b> is amended to read:
2115	53B-16-101. Establishment of institutional roles and general courses of study.
2116	(1) Except as institutional roles are specifically assigned by the Legislature, the board:
2117	(a) may establish and define the roles of the various institutions of higher education
2118	under [its] the board's control and management; and
2119	(b) shall, within each institution of higher education's primary role, prescribe the
2120	general course of study to be offered at [each] the institution[-] of higher education, including
2121	<u>for:</u>
2122	(i) research universities, which provide undergraduate, graduate, and research programs
2123	and include:
2124	(A) the University of Utah; and
2125	(B) Utah State University;
2126	(ii) regional universities, which provide career and technical education, undergraduate
2127	associate and baccalaureate programs and select master's degree programs to fill regional
2128	demands and include:
2129	(A) Weber State University;
2130	(B) Southern Utah University;
2131	(C) Dixie State University; and
2132	(D) Utah Valley University; and
2133	(iii) comprehensive community colleges, which provide associate programs and

2134	include:
2135	(A) Salt Lake Community College; and
2136	(B) Snow College.
2137	(2) Except for the University of Utah, each institution of higher education described in
2138	Subsection (1)(b) has career and technical education included in the institution of higher
2139	education's primary role.
2140	[(2) In establishing and defining institutional roles, the board shall consider the
2141	traditional roles of the separate institutions.]
2142	(3) The board may further clarify each institution of higher education's primary role.
2143	Section 46. Section <b>53B-16-102</b> is amended to read:
2144	53B-16-102. Changes in curriculum Substantial alterations in institutional
2145	operations Periodic review of programs Career and technical education curriculum
2146	changes.
2147	(1) As used in this section:
2148	(a) "Institution of higher education" means the same as that term is defined in Section
2149	<u>53B-7-101.</u>
2150	(b) "Program of instruction" means a program of curriculum that leads to the
2151	completion of a degree, diploma, certificate, or other credential.
2152	[(1)] (2) Under procedures and policies approved by the board and developed in
2153	consultation with each institution of higher education, each institution of higher education may
2154	make such changes in [its] the institution of higher education's curriculum as necessary to
2155	better effectuate the [institutional role previously approved by the board] institution of higher
2156	education's primary role.
2157	[(2)] (3) [Notice of a change in the curriculum shall in all cases be promptly submitted
2158	to the board] An institution of higher education shall notify the board of a proposed new
2159	program of instruction.
2160	(4) (a) Without the approval of the board, an institution of higher education may not:
2161	(i) establish a branch, extension center, college, or professional school; or
2162	(ii) establish a new program of instruction that is outside of the institution of higher
2163	education's primary role described in Section 53B-16-101.
2164	(b) An institution of higher education may, with the approval of the institution of

2165	higher education's board of trustees, establish a new program of instruction that is within the
2166	institution of higher education's primary role described in Section 53B-16-101.
2167	[(3)] (5) (a) The board shall establish procedures and [policies for considering
2168	institutional proposals for substantial alterations in the scope of existing institutional
2169	operations] guidelines for institutional boards of trustees to consider an institutional proposal
2170	for a new program of instruction described in Subsection (4)(b).
2171	(b) The guidelines described in Subsection (5)(a) shall provide that:
2172	(i) prior to seeking approval from the institution of higher education's board of trustees,
2173	an institution of higher education that proposes a new program of instruction submit the
2174	proposal to the commissioner to conduct a peer review by other institutions of higher
2175	education;
2176	(ii) the commissioner issue a report with the results of a peer review described in
2177	Subsection (5)(b)(i) to the board and the board of trustees of the institution of higher education
2178	proposing the new program of instruction; and
2179	(iii) an institution of higher education that proposes a new program of instruction
2180	include:
2181	(A) a fiscal analysis of the new program of instruction's initial and ongoing costs; and
2182	(B) the institution of higher education's source of funding for the new program of
2183	instruction.
2184	[(4) Alterations shall not be made without prior approval of the state board.]
2185	[(5) For purposes of this section, "substantial alteration" means the establishment of a
2186	branch, extension center, college, professional school, division, institute, department, or a new
2187	program in instruction, research, or public services or a new degree, diploma, or certificate.]
2188	(6) (a) The board shall conduct [periodic reviews] a periodic review of all new
2189	programs of instruction[, research, and public service at each institution], including those
2190	funded by gifts, grants, and contracts, [and may require the modification or termination of any
2191	program] no later than two years after the first cohort to begin the program of instruction
2192	completes the program of instruction.
2193	(b) The board may conduct a periodic review of any program of instruction at an
2194	institution of higher education, including a program of instruction funded by a gift, grant, or
2195	contract.

2196 (c) Following a review described in this Subsection (6), the board may recommend that 2197 the institution of higher education modify or terminate the program of instruction. 2198 (7) Prior to requiring modification or termination of a program, the board shall give the 2199 institution of higher education adequate opportunity for a hearing before the board. 2200 (8) In making decisions related to career and technical education curriculum changes, 2201 the board shall [request] coordinate on behalf of the boards of trustees of higher education 2202 institutions a review of the proposed changes by the State Board of Education and the Utah 2203 [College of Applied Technology] System of Technical Colleges Board of Trustees to ensure an 2204 orderly and systematic career and technical education curriculum that eliminates overlap and 2205 duplication of course work with [the] high schools [and applied technology colleges within the 2206 Utah College of Applied Technology and technical colleges. 2207 Section 47. Section **53B-16-103** is amended to read: 53B-16-103. Granting of degrees, diplomas, or certification -- Board approval --2208 2209 Termination of previous approval. 2210 (1) (a) An institution of higher education may not issue a degree, diploma, or certificate 2211 outside of the institution of higher education's primary role, as described in Section 53B-16-101, unless [it first] the institution of higher education receives approval from the 2212 2213 board of the adequacy of the study for which the degree, diploma, or certificate is offered. 2214 (b) A student shall demonstrate a reasonable understanding of the history, principles, 2215 form of government, and economic system of the United States [prior to] before receiving a 2216 bachelor's degree or teaching credential. 2217 (2) Degrees, diplomas, and certificates issued prior to the effective date of this chapter 2218 do not require board approval. 2219 (3) The board may terminate the granting of previously approved degrees, diplomas, 2220 and certificates if they are inconsistent with the primary role prescribed by the board for the 2221 affected institution of higher education. 2222 Section 48. Section **53B-16-107** is amended to read: 2223 53B-16-107. Credit for military service and training -- Notification --2224 Transferability -- Reporting.

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(1) As used in this section, "credit" includes proof of equivalent noncredit course

completion awarded by [the Utah College of Applied Technology] a technical college.

2227	(2) An institution of higher education listed in Section 53B-2-101 shall provide written
2228	notification to each student applying for admission that the student is required to meet with a
2229	college counselor in order to receive credit for military service and training as recommended by
2230	a postsecondary accreditation agency or association designated by the [State Board of Regents]
2231	board or the Utah [College of Applied Technology] System of Technical Colleges Board of
2232	Trustees if:
2233	(a) credit for military service and training is requested by the student; and
2234	(b) the student has met with an advisor at an institution of higher education listed in
2235	Section 53B-2-101 at which the student intends to enroll to discuss applicability of credit to
2236	program requirements, possible financial aid implications, and other factors that may impact
2237	attainment of the student's educational goals.
2238	(3) Upon transfer within the state system of higher education, a student may present a
2239	transcript to the receiving institution of higher education for evaluation and to determine the
2240	applicability of credit to the student's program of study, and the receiving institution of higher
2241	education shall evaluate the credit to be transferred pursuant to Subsection (2).
2242	(4) The [State Board of Regents] board and the Utah [College of Applied Technology]
2243	System of Technical Colleges Board of Trustees shall annually report the number of credits
2244	awarded under this section by each institution of higher education to the Utah Department of
2245	Veterans' Affairs.
2246	Section 49. Section <b>53B-16-201</b> is amended to read:
2247	53B-16-201. Degrees and certificates that may be conferred.
2248	(1) Utah State University, Snow College, and Salt Lake Community College may
2249	confer certificates of completion and degrees [as determined by the State Board of Regents]
2250	within each institution's primary role, as described in Section 53B-16-101.
2251	(2) The board shall develop evaluative criteria as a means of carefully monitoring the
2252	impact of degree programs on the vocational mission of the [colleges] institutions of higher
2253	education described in Subsection (1).
2254	Section 50. Section <b>53B-16-209</b> is amended to read:
2255	53B-16-209. Salt Lake Community College School of Applied Technology
2256	Career and technical education Supervision and administration Institutional mission.

(1) (a) There is hereby established a School of Applied Technology at Salt Lake

2258	Community	College

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- (b) Beginning on July 1, 2009, the Salt Lake Skills Center and the Salt Lake County portion of the Salt Lake/Tooele Applied Technology College shall be established as Salt Lake Community College's School of Applied Technology.
- (2) Salt Lake Community College's School of Applied Technology is a continuation of the Salt Lake Skills Center and the Salt Lake County portion of the Salt Lake/Tooele Applied Technology College and shall:
- (a) possess all rights, title, privileges, powers, immunities, franchises, endowments, property, and claims of the Salt Lake Skills Center and the Salt Lake County portion of the Salt Lake/Tooele Applied Technology College; and
- (b) fulfill and perform all obligations of the Salt Lake Skills Center and the Salt Lake County portion of the Salt Lake/Tooele Applied Technology College.
- (3) Salt Lake Community College shall administer the School of Applied Technology [with the School of Applied Technology's Board of Directors as provided in Section 53B-16-210].
  - (4) Salt Lake Community College's School of Applied Technology shall:
- (a) provide non-credit career and technical education for both secondary and adult students, with an emphasis primarily on open-entry, open-exit programs;
- (b) ensure that economically disadvantaged, educationally disadvantaged, or other at-risk students have access to non-credit career and technical education;
- (c) maintain a strong curriculum in non-credit career and technical education courses which can be articulated with credit career and technical education courses within the institution and within the state system of higher education;
- (d) offer [non-credit] noncredit, basic instruction in areas such as reading, language arts, and mathematics that are necessary for student success in a chosen career and technical education or job-related program;
  - (e) offer the curriculum at:
- 2285 (i) low cost to adult students, consistent with legislative appropriations to the School of Applied Technology; and
  - (ii) no tuition cost to secondary students;
- 2288 (f) provide [non-credit] noncredit career and technical education that will result in:

2289	(i) appropriate licensing, certification, or other evidence of completion of training; and
2290	(ii) qualification for specific employment, with an emphasis on high demand, high
2291	wage, and high skill jobs in business and industry;
2292	(g) develop cooperative agreements within the geographic area served by the School of
2293	Applied Technology with school districts, charter schools, and other higher education
2294	institutions, businesses, industries, and community and private agencies to maximize the
2295	availability of instructional facilities; and
2296	(h) after consulting with school districts and charter schools within the geographic area
2297	served:
2298	(i) ensure that secondary students in the public education system have access to
2299	non-credit career and technical education at each School of Applied Technology location; and
2300	(ii) prepare and submit an annual report to the State Board of Regents detailing:
2301	(A) how the non-credit career and technical education needs of secondary students
2302	within the region are being met;
2303	(B) what access secondary students within the region have to programs offered at
2304	School of Applied Technology locations;
2305	(C) how the emphasis on high demand, high wage, and high skill jobs in business and
2306	industry is being provided; and
2307	(D) student tuition and fees.
2308	(5) Salt Lake Community College or [its] Salt Lake Community College's School of
2309	Applied Technology may not exercise any jurisdiction over career and technical education
2310	provided by a school district or charter school independently of Salt Lake Community College
2311	or [its] Salt Lake Community College's School of Applied Technology.
2312	(6) Legislative appropriations to Salt Lake Community College's School of Applied
2313	Technology shall be made as a line item that separates it from other appropriations for Salt
2314	Lake Community College.
2315	Section 51. Section <b>53B-16-401</b> is amended to read:
2316	53B-16-401. Definitions.
2317	As used in this part:
2318	(1) "Cooperating employer" means a public or private entity which, as part of a work
2319	experience and career exploration program offered through an institution of higher education,

provides interns with training and work experience in activities related to the entity's ongoing business activities.

- (2) "Institution of higher education" means any component of the state system of higher education as defined under Section 53B-1-102 [which] that is authorized by the [State Board of Regents] board or the Utah System of Technical Colleges Board of Trustees to offer internship programs, and any private institution of higher education which offers internship programs under this part.
- (3) "Intern" means a student enrolled in a work experience and career exploration program under Section 53B-16-402 [which] that is sponsored by an institution of higher education, involving both classroom instruction and work experience with a cooperating employer, for which the student receives no compensation.
- (4) "Internship" means the work experience segment of an intern's work experience and career exploration program sponsored by an institution of higher education, performed under the direct supervision of a cooperating employer.
  - Section 52. Section **53B-17-105** is amended to read:
  - 53B-17-105. Utah Education and Telehealth Network.
  - (1) There is created the Utah Education and Telehealth Network, or UETN.
- 2337 (2) UETN shall:
  - (a) coordinate and support the telecommunications needs of public and higher education, public libraries, and entities affiliated with the state systems of public and higher education as approved by the Utah Education and Telehealth Network Board, including the statewide development and implementation of a network for education, which utilizes satellite, microwave, fiber-optic, broadcast, and other transmission media;
  - (b) coordinate the various telecommunications technology initiatives of public and higher education;
  - (c) provide high-quality, cost-effective Internet access and appropriate interface equipment for schools and school systems;
  - (d) procure, install, and maintain telecommunication services and equipment on behalf of public and higher education;
  - (e) develop or implement other programs or services for the delivery of distance learning and telehealth services as directed by law;

2351	(1) apply for state and federal funding on behalf of:
2352	(i) public and higher education; and
2353	(ii) telehealth services;
2354	(g) in consultation with health care providers from a variety of health care systems,
2355	explore and encourage the development of telehealth services as a means of reducing health
2356	care costs and increasing health care quality and access, with emphasis on assisting rural health
2357	care providers and special populations; and
2358	(h) in consultation with the Utah Department of Health, advise the governor and the
2359	Legislature on:
2360	(i) the role of telehealth in the state;
2361	(ii) the policy issues related to telehealth;
2362	(iii) the changing telehealth needs and resources in the state; and
2363	(iv) state budgetary matters related to telehealth.
2364	(3) In performing the duties under Subsection (2), UETN shall:
2365	(a) provide services to schools, school districts, and the public and higher education
2366	systems through an open and competitive bidding process;
2367	(b) work with the private sector to deliver high-quality, cost-effective services;
2368	(c) avoid duplicating facilities, equipment, or services of private providers or public
2369	telecommunications service, as defined under Section 54-8b-2;
2370	(d) utilize statewide economic development criteria in the design and implementation
2371	of the educational telecommunications infrastructure; and
2372	(e) assure that public service entities, such as educators, public service providers, and
2373	public broadcasters, are provided access to the telecommunications infrastructure developed in
2374	the state.
2375	(4) The University of Utah shall provide administrative support for UETN.
2376	(5) (a) The Utah Education and Telehealth Network Board, which is the governing
2377	board for UETN, is created.
2378	(b) The Utah Education and Telehealth Network Board shall have 13 members as
2379	follows:
2380	(i) four members representing the state system of higher education appointed by the
2381	commissioner of higher education;

2382	(ii) four members representing the state system of public education appointed by the
2383	State Board of Education;
2384	(iii) one member representing [applied technology] technical colleges appointed by the
2385	Utah [College of Applied Technology] System of Technical Colleges commissioner of
2386	technical education;
2387	(iv) one member representing the state library appointed by the state librarian;
2388	(v) two members representing hospitals as follows:
2389	(A) the members may not be employed by the same hospital system;
2390	(B) one member shall represent a rural hospital;
2391	(C) one member shall represent an urban hospital; and
2392	(D) the chief administrator or the administrator's designee for each hospital licensed in
2393	this state shall select the two hospital representatives; and
2394	(vi) one member representing the office of the governor, appointed by the governor.
2395	(c) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be
2396	appointed for the unexpired term.
2397	(d) (i) The board shall elect a chair.
2398	(ii) The chair shall set the agenda for the board meetings.
2399	(6) A member of the board may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's
2400	service, but may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
2401	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
2402	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
2403	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
2404	63A-3-107.
2405	(7) The board:
2406	(a) shall hire an executive director for UETN who may hire staff for UETN as
2407	permitted by the budget;
2408	(b) may terminate the executive director's employment or assignment;
2409	(c) shall determine the executive director's salary;
2410	(d) shall annually conduct a performance evaluation of the executive director;
2411	(e) shall establish policies the board determines are necessary for the operation of
2412	UETN and the administration of UETN's duties; and

2413	(f) shall advise UETN in:
2414	(i) the development and operation of a coordinated, statewide, multi-option
2415	telecommunications system to assist in the delivery of educational services and telehealth
2416	services throughout the state; and
2417	(ii) acquiring, producing, and distributing instructional content.
2418	(8) The executive director of UETN shall be an at-will employee.
2419	(9) UETN shall locate and maintain educational and telehealth telecommunication
2420	infrastructure throughout the state.
2421	(10) Educational institutions shall manage site operations under policy established by
2422	UETN.
2423	(11) Subject to future budget constraints, the Legislature shall provide an annual
2424	appropriation to operate UETN.
2425	(12) If the network operated by the Department of Technology Services is not
2426	available, UETN may provide network connections to the central administration of counties
2427	and municipalities for the sole purpose of transferring data to a secure facility for backup and
2428	disaster recovery.
2429	Section 53. Section <b>53B-21-101</b> is amended to read:
2430	53B-21-101. Financing of projects or buildings Issuance of bonds Sale price
2431	determined by board Payment of bonds Bonds exempt from income taxation.
2432	(1) In order to pay all or part of the cost of the acquisition, purchase, construction,
2433	improvement, remodeling, addition to, extension, equipment, and furnishing of any project or
2434	building, including the acquisition of all necessary land, the board, on behalf of the institution
2435	for which this is to be done, may do the following: (a) borrow money on the credit of the
2436	income and revenues to be derived from the operation of the building, the imposition of student
2437	building fees, land grant interest, and net profits from proprietary activities, or from sources
2438	other than by appropriations by the Legislature to issuing institutions and, in anticipation of the
2439	collection of this income and revenues, issue negotiable bonds of the institution in an amount
2440	as the board determines is necessary for these purposes; and (b) provide for the payment of
2441	these bonds and the rights of their holders as provided in this chapter.
2442	(2) Bonds may: (a) he issued in one or more series: (b) hear any date or dates: (c)

mature at any time or times not exceeding 40 years from their date; (d) be in any

2444	denominations; (e) be in any form, either coupon or registered; (f) carry registration and
2445	conversion privileges; (g) be executed in any manner; (h) be payable in any medium of
2446	payment at any place; (i) be subject to any terms of redemption with or without premium; and
2447	(j) bear interest at any rate or rates as provided by resolution adopted by the board at or [prior
2448	to] before the sale of the bonds.

- (3) The bonds may be sold in a manner, at the lowest obtainable rate or rates of interest, and at a price or prices as determined by the board. These determinations are conclusive.
- (4) The board may authorize one issue of bonds for the acquisition, purchase, construction, improvement, remodeling, adding to, extending, furnishing, or equipping of more than one building, including the acquisition of all necessary land, and may make the bonds payable from the combined revenues of all the buildings as well as from student building fees, land grant interest, net profits from proprietary activities, and from sources other than those derived from appropriations from the Legislature.
- (5) The bonds issued under this chapter have all of the qualities and incidents of negotiable paper and are not subject to state or local income taxation.
- 2460 (6) This section does not apply to a technical college.
  - Section 54. Section **53B-26-102** is amended to read:
- 2462 **53B-26-102. Definitions.**
- As used in this chapter:

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- 2464 [(1) "College of applied technology" means:]
- 2465 [(a) a college described in Section 53B-2a-105;]
- [(b) the School of Applied Technology at Salt Lake Community College established under Section 53B-16-209;]
- 2468 [(c) Utah State University Eastern established under Section 53B-18-1201; or]
- [(d) the Snow College Richfield campus established under Section 53B-16-205.]
- 2470  $\left[\frac{(2)}{(2)}\right]$  (1) "CTE" means career and technical education.
- 2471 [(3)] (2) "CTE region" means an economic service area created in Section 35A-2-101.
- 2472 [(4)] (3) "Eligible partnership" means a partnership:
- 2473 (a) between at least two of the following:
- 2474 (i) a [college of applied technology] technical college;

2475	(ii) a school district or charter school; or
2476	(iii) an institution of higher education; and
2477	(b) that provides educational services within the same CTE region.
2478	[(5)] (4) "Employer" means a private employer, public employer, industry association
2479	the military, or a union.
2480	[ <del>(6)</del> ] <u>(5)</u> "Industry advisory group" means:
2481	(a) a group of at least five employers that represent the strategic industry cluster that a
2482	proposal submitted under Section 53B-26-103 is responsive to; and
2483	(b) a representative of the Governor's Office of Economic Development, appointed by
2484	the executive director of the Governor's Office of Economic Development.
2485	[ <del>(7)</del> ] <u>(6)</u> "Institution of higher education" means the University of Utah, Utah State
2486	University, Southern Utah University, Weber State University, Snow College, Dixie State
2487	University, Utah Valley University, [and] or Salt Lake Community College.
2488	[8] (7) "Stackable sequence of credentials" means a sequence of credentials that:
2489	(a) an individual can build upon to access an advanced job or higher wage;
2490	(b) is part of a career pathway system;
2491	(c) provides a pathway culminating in the equivalent of an associate's or bachelor's
2492	degree;
2493	(d) facilitates multiple exit and entry points; and
2494	(e) recognizes sub-goals or momentum points.
2495	(8) "Technical college" means:
2496	(a) a college described in Section 53B-2a-105;
2497	(b) the School of Applied Technology at Salt Lake Community College established
2498	under Section 53B-16-209;
2499	(c) Utah State University Eastern established under Section 53B-18-1201; or
2500	(d) the Snow College Richfield campus established under Section 53B-16-205.
2501	Section 55. Section <b>53B-26-103</b> is amended to read:
2502	53B-26-103. GOED reporting requirement Proposals Funding.
2503	(1) The Governor's Office of Economic Development shall publish, on a biannual
2504	basis, a report detailing the high demand technical jobs projected to support economic growth
2505	in high need strategic industry clusters, including:

2300	(a) aerospace and defense;
2507	(b) energy and natural resources;
2508	(c) financial services;
2509	(d) life sciences;
2510	(e) outdoor products;
2511	(f) software development and information technology; or
2512	(g) any other strategic industry cluster designated by the Governor's Office of
2513	Economic Development.
2514	(2) To receive funding under this section, an eligible partnership shall submit a
2515	proposal containing the elements described in Subsection (3) to the Legislature:
2516	(a) on or before July 1, 2016, for fiscal year 2017; or
2517	(b) on or before January 5 for fiscal year 2018 and any succeeding fiscal year.
2518	(3) The proposal shall include:
2519	(a) a program of study that:
2520	(i) is responsive to the workforce needs of the CTE region in a high need strategic
2521	industry cluster as identified by the Governor's Office of Economic Development under
2522	Subsection (1);
2523	(ii) leads to the attainment of a stackable sequence of credentials; and
2524	(iii) includes a non-duplicative progression of courses that include both academic and
2525	CTE content;
2526	(b) expected student enrollment, attainment rates, and job placement rates;
2527	(c) evidence of input and support for the proposal from an industry advisory group;
2528	(d) evidence of an official action in support of the proposal from:
2529	(i) the Utah [College of Applied Technology] System of Technical Colleges Board of
2530	Trustees, if the eligible partnership includes a technical college [described in Section
2531	<del>53B-2a-105</del> ]; or
2532	(ii) the Board of Regents, if the eligible partnership includes:
2533	(A) an institution of higher education; or
2534	(B) a college described in Subsection 53B-26-102[(1)](8)(b), (c), or (d); and
2535	(e) a funding request, including justification for the request.
2536	(4) The Legislature shall:

2537	(a) review a proposal submitted under this section using the following criteria:
2538	(i) the proposal contains the elements described in Subsection (3);
2539	(ii) support for the proposal is widespread within the CTE region; and
2540	(iii) the proposal expands the capacity to meet regional workforce needs;
2541	(b) determine the extent to which to fund the proposal; and
2542	(c) fund the proposal through the appropriations process.
2543	Section 56. Section 58-22-302 is amended to read:
2544	58-22-302. Qualifications for licensure.
2545	(1) Each applicant for licensure as a professional engineer shall:
2546	(a) submit an application in a form prescribed by the division;
2547	(b) pay a fee determined by the department under Section 63J-1-504;
2548	(c) provide satisfactory evidence of good moral character;
2549	(d) (i) have graduated and received a bachelors or masters degree from an engineering
2550	program meeting criteria established by rule by the division in collaboration with the board; or
2551	(ii) have completed the Transportation Engineering Technology and Fundamental
2552	Engineering College Program [prior to] before July 1, 1998, under the direction of the Utah
2553	Department of Transportation and as certified by the Utah Department of Transportation;
2554	(e) have successfully completed a program of qualifying experience established by rule
2555	by the division in collaboration with the board;
2556	(f) have successfully passed examinations established by rule by the division in
2557	collaboration with the board; and
2558	(g) meet with the board or representative of the division upon request for the purpose
2559	of evaluating the applicant's qualification for licensure.
2560	(2) Each applicant for licensure as a professional structural engineer shall:
2561	(a) submit an application in a form prescribed by the division;
2562	(b) pay a fee determined by the department under Section 63J-1-504;
2563	(c) provide satisfactory evidence of good moral character;
2564	(d) have graduated and received an earned bachelors or masters degree from an
2565	engineering program meeting criteria established by rule by the division in collaboration with
2566	the board;
2567	(e) have successfully completed three years of licensed professional engineering

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- experience established by rule by the division in collaboration with the board, except that prior to January 1, 2009, an applicant for licensure may submit a signed affidavit in a form prescribed by the division stating that the applicant is currently engaged in the practice of structural engineering;
  - (f) have successfully passed examinations established by rule by the division in collaboration with the board, except that prior to January 1, 2009, an applicant for licensure may submit a signed affidavit in a form prescribed by the division stating that the applicant is currently engaged in the practice of structural engineering; and
  - (g) meet with the board or representative of the division upon request for the purpose of evaluating the applicant's qualification for licensure.
    - (3) Each applicant for licensure as a professional land surveyor shall:
    - (a) submit an application in a form prescribed by the division;
    - (b) pay a fee determined by the department under Section 63J-1-504;
    - (c) provide satisfactory evidence of good moral character;
  - (d) (i) have graduated and received an associates, bachelors, or masters degree from a land surveying program, or an equivalent land surveying program, such as a program offered by [the Utah College of Applied Technology] a technical college described in Section 53B-2a-105, as approved by the State Board of Regents, established by rule by the division in collaboration with the board, and have successfully completed a program of qualifying experience in land surveying established by rule by the division in collaboration with the board; or
  - (ii) have successfully completed a program of qualifying experience in land surveying prior to January 1, 2007, in accordance with rules established by the division in collaboration with the board;
  - (e) have successfully passed examinations established by rule by the division in collaboration with the board; and
  - (f) meet with the board or representative of the division upon request for the purpose of evaluating the applicant's qualification for licensure.
    - (4) Each applicant for licensure by endorsement shall:
- 2597 (a) submit an application in a form prescribed by the division;
- (b) pay a fee determined by the department under Section 63J-1-504;

2599	(c) provide satisfactory evidence of good moral character;
2600	(d) submit satisfactory evidence of:
2601	(i) current licensure in good standing in a jurisdiction recognized by rule by the
2602	division in collaboration with the board;
2603	(ii) having successfully passed an examination established by rule by the division in
2604	collaboration with the board; and
2605	(iii) full-time employment as a principal for at least five of the last seven years
2606	immediately preceding the date of the application as a:
2607	(A) licensed professional engineer for licensure as a professional engineer;
2608	(B) licensed professional structural engineer for licensure as a structural engineer; or
2609	(C) licensed professional land surveyor for licensure as a professional land surveyor;
2610	and
2611	(e) meet with the board or representative of the division upon request for the purpose
2612	of evaluating the applicant's qualifications for license.
2613	(5) The rules made to implement this section shall be in accordance with Title 63G,
2614	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
2615	Section 57. Section 59-12-102 is amended to read:
2616	59-12-102. Definitions.
2617	As used in this chapter:
2618	(1) "800 service" means a telecommunications service that:
2619	(a) allows a caller to dial a toll-free number without incurring a charge for the call; and
2620	(b) is typically marketed:
2621	(i) under the name 800 toll-free calling;
2622	(ii) under the name 855 toll-free calling;
2623	(iii) under the name 866 toll-free calling;
2624	(iv) under the name 877 toll-free calling;
2625	(v) under the name 888 toll-free calling; or
2626	(vi) under a name similar to Subsections (1)(b)(i) through (v) as designated by the
2627	Federal Communications Commission.
2628	(2) (a) "900 service" means an inbound toll telecommunications service that:
2629	(i) a subscriber purchases;

2630	(ii) allows a customer of the subscriber described in Subsection (2)(a)(i) to call in to
2631	the subscriber's:
2632	(A) prerecorded announcement; or
2633	(B) live service; and
2634	(iii) is typically marketed:
2635	(A) under the name 900 service; or
2636	(B) under a name similar to Subsection (2)(a)(iii)(A) as designated by the Federal
2637	Communications Commission.
2638	(b) "900 service" does not include a charge for:
2639	(i) a collection service a seller of a telecommunications service provides to a
2640	subscriber; or
2641	(ii) the following a subscriber sells to the subscriber's customer:
2642	(A) a product; or
2643	(B) a service.
2644	(3) (a) "Admission or user fees" includes season passes.
2645	(b) "Admission or user fees" does not include annual membership dues to private
2646	organizations.
2647	(4) "Agreement" means the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement adopted on
2648	November 12, 2002, including amendments made to the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax
2649	Agreement after November 12, 2002.
2650	(5) "Agreement combined tax rate" means the sum of the tax rates:
2651	(a) listed under Subsection (6); and
2652	(b) that are imposed within a local taxing jurisdiction.
2653	(6) "Agreement sales and use tax" means a tax imposed under:
2654	(a) Subsection 59-12-103(2)(a)(i)(A);
2655	(b) Subsection 59-12-103(2)(b)(i);
2656	(c) Subsection 59-12-103(2)(c)(i);
2657	(d) Subsection 59-12-103(2)(d)(i)(A)(I);
2658	(e) Section 59-12-204;
2659	(f) Section 59-12-401;
2660	(g) Section 59-12-402;

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                (h) Section 59-12-402.1;
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                (i) Section 59-12-703;
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                (i) Section 59-12-802;
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                (k) Section 59-12-804;
                (1) Section 59-12-1102;
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                (m) Section 59-12-1302;
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                (n) Section 59-12-1402;
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                (o) Section 59-12-1802:
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                (p) Section 59-12-2003;
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                (q) Section 59-12-2103;
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                (r) Section 59-12-2213;
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                (s) Section 59-12-2214;
                (t) Section 59-12-2215:
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                (u) Section 59-12-2216;
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                (v) Section 59-12-2217; or
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                (w) Section 59-12-2218.
                (7) "Aircraft" is as defined in Section 72-10-102.
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                (8) "Aircraft maintenance, repair, and overhaul provider" means a business entity:
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                (a) except for:
                (i) an airline as defined in Section 59-2-102; or
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                (ii) an affiliated group, as defined in Section 59-7-101, except that "affiliated group"
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        includes a corporation that is qualified to do business but is not otherwise doing business in the
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        state, of an airline; and
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                (b) that has the workers, expertise, and facilities to perform the following, regardless of
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        whether the business entity performs the following in this state:
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                (i) check, diagnose, overhaul, and repair:
                (A) an onboard system of a fixed wing turbine powered aircraft; and
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                (B) the parts that comprise an onboard system of a fixed wing turbine powered aircraft;
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                (ii) assemble, change, dismantle, inspect, and test a fixed wing turbine powered aircraft
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        engine;
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                (iii) perform at least the following maintenance on a fixed wing turbine powered
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2692	aircraft:
2693	(A) an inspection;
2694	(B) a repair, including a structural repair or modification;
2695	(C) changing landing gear; and
2696	(D) addressing issues related to an aging fixed wing turbine powered aircraft;
2697	(iv) completely remove the existing paint of a fixed wing turbine powered aircraft and
2698	completely apply new paint to the fixed wing turbine powered aircraft; and
2699	(v) refurbish the interior of a fixed wing turbine powered aircraft in a manner that
2700	results in a change in the fixed wing turbine powered aircraft's certification requirements by the
2701	authority that certifies the fixed wing turbine powered aircraft.
2702	(9) "Alcoholic beverage" means a beverage that:
2703	(a) is suitable for human consumption; and
2704	(b) contains .5% or more alcohol by volume.
2705	(10) "Alternative energy" means:
2706	(a) biomass energy;
2707	(b) geothermal energy;
2708	(c) hydroelectric energy;
2709	(d) solar energy;
2710	(e) wind energy; or
2711	(f) energy that is derived from:
2712	(i) coal-to-liquids;
2713	(ii) nuclear fuel;
2714	(iii) oil-impregnated diatomaceous earth;
2715	(iv) oil sands;
2716	(v) oil shale;
2717	(vi) petroleum coke; or
2718	(vii) waste heat from:
2719	(A) an industrial facility; or
2720	(B) a power station in which an electric generator is driven through a process in which
2721	water is heated, turns into steam, and spins a steam turbine.
2722	(11) (a) Subject to Subsection (11)(b), "alternative energy electricity production

2723 facility" means a facility that: 2724 (i) uses alternative energy to produce electricity; and 2725 (ii) has a production capacity of two megawatts or greater. 2726 (b) A facility is an alternative energy electricity production facility regardless of 2727 whether the facility is: 2728 (i) connected to an electric grid; or 2729 (ii) located on the premises of an electricity consumer. 2730 (12) (a) "Ancillary service" means a service associated with, or incidental to, the 2731 provision of telecommunications service. (b) "Ancillary service" includes: 2732 2733 (i) a conference bridging service; 2734 (ii) a detailed communications billing service; 2735 (iii) directory assistance; 2736 (iv) a vertical service; or 2737 (v) a voice mail service. 2738 (13) "Area agency on aging" is as defined in Section 62A-3-101. 2739 (14) "Assisted amusement device" means an amusement device, skill device, or ride 2740 device that is started and stopped by an individual: 2741 (a) who is not the purchaser or renter of the right to use or operate the amusement 2742 device, skill device, or ride device; and 2743 (b) at the direction of the seller of the right to use the amusement device, skill device, 2744 or ride device. 2745 (15) "Assisted cleaning or washing of tangible personal property" means cleaning or 2746 washing of tangible personal property if the cleaning or washing labor is primarily performed 2747 by an individual: 2748 (a) who is not the purchaser of the cleaning or washing of the tangible personal 2749 property; and 2750 (b) at the direction of the seller of the cleaning or washing of the tangible personal 2751 property. 2752 (16) "Authorized carrier" means: 2753 (a) in the case of vehicles operated over public highways, the holder of credentials

- 2754 indicating that the vehicle is or will be operated pursuant to both the International Registration 2755 Plan and the International Fuel Tax Agreement; 2756 (b) in the case of aircraft, the holder of a Federal Aviation Administration operating 2757 certificate or air carrier's operating certificate; or 2758 (c) in the case of locomotives, freight cars, railroad work equipment, or other rolling 2759 stock, a person who uses locomotives, freight cars, railroad work equipment, or other rolling 2760 stock in more than one state. 2761 (17) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (17)(b), "biomass energy" means any of the 2762 following that is used as the primary source of energy to produce fuel or electricity: 2763 (i) material from a plant or tree; or 2764 (ii) other organic matter that is available on a renewable basis, including: 2765 (A) slash and brush from forests and woodlands; 2766 (B) animal waste: 2767 (C) waste vegetable oil; 2768 (D) methane or synthetic gas produced at a landfill, as a byproduct of the treatment of 2769 wastewater residuals, or through the conversion of a waste material through a nonincineration, thermal conversion process; 2770 2771 (E) aquatic plants; and 2772 (F) agricultural products. (b) "Biomass energy" does not include: 2773 2774 (i) black liquor; or 2775 (ii) treated woods. 2776 (18) (a) "Bundled transaction" means the sale of two or more items of tangible personal 2777 property, products, or services if the tangible personal property, products, or services are: 2778 (i) distinct and identifiable; and 2779 (ii) sold for one nonitemized price.
- 2780 (b) "Bundled transaction" does not include: 2781
  - (i) the sale of tangible personal property if the sales price varies, or is negotiable, on the basis of the selection by the purchaser of the items of tangible personal property included in the transaction;
- 2784 (ii) the sale of real property;

2/85	(111) the sale of services to real property;
2786	(iv) the retail sale of tangible personal property and a service if:
2787	(A) the tangible personal property:
2788	(I) is essential to the use of the service; and
2789	(II) is provided exclusively in connection with the service; and
2790	(B) the service is the true object of the transaction;
2791	(v) the retail sale of two services if:
2792	(A) one service is provided that is essential to the use or receipt of a second service;
2793	(B) the first service is provided exclusively in connection with the second service; and
2794	(C) the second service is the true object of the transaction;
2795	(vi) a transaction that includes tangible personal property or a product subject to
2796	taxation under this chapter and tangible personal property or a product that is not subject to
2797	taxation under this chapter if the:
2798	(A) seller's purchase price of the tangible personal property or product subject to
2799	taxation under this chapter is de minimis; or
2800	(B) seller's sales price of the tangible personal property or product subject to taxation
2801	under this chapter is de minimis; and
2802	(vii) the retail sale of tangible personal property that is not subject to taxation under
2803	this chapter and tangible personal property that is subject to taxation under this chapter if:
2804	(A) that retail sale includes:
2805	(I) food and food ingredients;
2806	(II) a drug;
2807	(III) durable medical equipment;
2808	(IV) mobility enhancing equipment;
2809	(V) an over-the-counter drug;
2810	(VI) a prosthetic device; or
2811	(VII) a medical supply; and
2812	(B) subject to Subsection (18)(f):
2813	(I) the seller's purchase price of the tangible personal property subject to taxation under
2814	this chapter is 50% or less of the seller's total purchase price of that retail sale; or
2815	(II) the seller's sales price of the tangible personal property subject to taxation under

(F) a price list;

(G) a rate card;

2816	this chapter is 50% or less of the seller's total sales price of that retail sale.
2817	(c) (i) For purposes of Subsection (18)(a)(i), tangible personal property, a product, or a
2818	service that is distinct and identifiable does not include:
2819	(A) packaging that:
2820	(I) accompanies the sale of the tangible personal property, product, or service; and
2821	(II) is incidental or immaterial to the sale of the tangible personal property, product, or
2822	service;
2823	(B) tangible personal property, a product, or a service provided free of charge with the
2824	purchase of another item of tangible personal property, a product, or a service; or
2825	(C) an item of tangible personal property, a product, or a service included in the
2826	definition of "purchase price."
2827	(ii) For purposes of Subsection (18)(c)(i)(B), an item of tangible personal property, a
2828	product, or a service is provided free of charge with the purchase of another item of tangible
2829	personal property, a product, or a service if the sales price of the purchased item of tangible
2830	personal property, product, or service does not vary depending on the inclusion of the tangible
2831	personal property, product, or service provided free of charge.
2832	(d) (i) For purposes of Subsection (18)(a)(ii), property sold for one nonitemized price
2833	does not include a price that is separately identified by tangible personal property, product, or
2834	service on the following, regardless of whether the following is in paper format or electronic
2835	format:
2836	(A) a binding sales document; or
2837	(B) another supporting sales-related document that is available to a purchaser.
2838	(ii) For purposes of Subsection (18)(d)(i), a binding sales document or another
2839	supporting sales-related document that is available to a purchaser includes:
2840	(A) a bill of sale;
2841	(B) a contract;
2842	(C) an invoice;
2843	(D) a lease agreement;
2844	(E) a periodic notice of rates and services;

2847	(H) a receipt; or
2848	(I) a service agreement.
2849	(e) (i) For purposes of Subsection (18)(b)(vi), the sales price of tangible personal
2850	property or a product subject to taxation under this chapter is de minimis if:
2851	(A) the seller's purchase price of the tangible personal property or product is 10% or
2852	less of the seller's total purchase price of the bundled transaction; or
2853	(B) the seller's sales price of the tangible personal property or product is 10% or less of
2854	the seller's total sales price of the bundled transaction.
2855	(ii) For purposes of Subsection (18)(b)(vi), a seller:
2856	(A) shall use the seller's purchase price or the seller's sales price to determine if the
2857	purchase price or sales price of the tangible personal property or product subject to taxation
2858	under this chapter is de minimis; and
2859	(B) may not use a combination of the seller's purchase price and the seller's sales price
2860	to determine if the purchase price or sales price of the tangible personal property or product
2861	subject to taxation under this chapter is de minimis.
2862	(iii) For purposes of Subsection (18)(b)(vi), a seller shall use the full term of a service
2863	contract to determine if the sales price of tangible personal property or a product is de minimis.
2864	(f) For purposes of Subsection (18)(b)(vii)(B), a seller may not use a combination of
2865	the seller's purchase price and the seller's sales price to determine if tangible personal property
2866	subject to taxation under this chapter is 50% or less of the seller's total purchase price or sales
2867	price of that retail sale.
2868	(19) "Certified automated system" means software certified by the governing board of
2869	the agreement that:
2870	(a) calculates the agreement sales and use tax imposed within a local taxing
2871	jurisdiction:
2872	(i) on a transaction; and
2873	(ii) in the states that are members of the agreement;
2874	(b) determines the amount of agreement sales and use tax to remit to a state that is a
2875	member of the agreement; and
2876	(c) maintains a record of the transaction described in Subsection (19)(a)(i).

(20) "Certified service provider" means an agent certified:

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2878 (a) by the governing board of the agreement; and 2879 (b) to perform all of a seller's sales and use tax functions for an agreement sales and 2880 use tax other than the seller's obligation under Section 59-12-124 to remit a tax on the seller's 2881 own purchases. 2882 (21) (a) Subject to Subsection (21)(b), "clothing" means all human wearing apparel 2883 suitable for general use. 2884 (b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the 2885 commission shall make rules: 2886 (i) listing the items that constitute "clothing"; and 2887 (ii) that are consistent with the list of items that constitute "clothing" under the 2888 agreement. 2889 (22) "Coal-to-liquid" means the process of converting coal into a liquid synthetic fuel. 2890 (23) "Commercial use" means the use of gas, electricity, heat, coal, fuel oil, or other 2891 fuels that does not constitute industrial use under Subsection (56) or residential use under 2892 Subsection (106). 2893 (24) (a) "Common carrier" means a person engaged in or transacting the business of 2894 transporting passengers, freight, merchandise, or other property for hire within this state. 2895 (b) (i) "Common carrier" does not include a person who, at the time the person is 2896 traveling to or from that person's place of employment, transports a passenger to or from the 2897 passenger's place of employment. 2898 (ii) For purposes of Subsection (24)(b)(i), in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, 2899 Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may make rules defining what 2900 constitutes a person's place of employment. 2901 (c) "Common carrier" does not include a person that provides transportation network 2902 services, as defined in Section 13-51-102. 2903 (25) "Component part" includes: 2904 (a) poultry, dairy, and other livestock feed, and their components;

(b) baling ties and twine used in the baling of hay and straw;

off-highway type farm machinery; and

(c) fuel used for providing temperature control of orchards and commercial

greenhouses doing a majority of their business in wholesale sales, and for providing power for

2909	(d) feed, seeds, and seedlings.
2910	(26) "Computer" means an electronic device that accepts information:
2911	(a) (i) in digital form; or
2912	(ii) in a form similar to digital form; and
2913	(b) manipulates that information for a result based on a sequence of instructions.
2914	(27) "Computer software" means a set of coded instructions designed to cause:
2915	(a) a computer to perform a task; or
2916	(b) automatic data processing equipment to perform a task.
2917	(28) "Computer software maintenance contract" means a contract that obligates a seller
2918	of computer software to provide a customer with:
2919	(a) future updates or upgrades to computer software;
2920	(b) support services with respect to computer software; or
2921	(c) a combination of Subsections (28)(a) and (b).
2922	(29) (a) "Conference bridging service" means an ancillary service that links two or
2923	more participants of an audio conference call or video conference call.
2924	(b) "Conference bridging service" may include providing a telephone number as part of
2925	the ancillary service described in Subsection (29)(a).
2926	(c) "Conference bridging service" does not include a telecommunications service used
2927	to reach the ancillary service described in Subsection (29)(a).
2928	(30) "Construction materials" means any tangible personal property that will be
2929	converted into real property.
2930	(31) "Delivered electronically" means delivered to a purchaser by means other than
2931	tangible storage media.
2932	(32) (a) "Delivery charge" means a charge:
2933	(i) by a seller of:
2934	(A) tangible personal property;
2935	(B) a product transferred electronically; or
2936	(C) services; and
2937	(ii) for preparation and delivery of the tangible personal property, product transferred
2938	electronically, or services described in Subsection (32)(a)(i) to a location designated by the
2939	purchaser.

2940	(b) "Delivery charge" includes a charge for the following:
2941	(i) transportation;
2942	(ii) shipping;
2943	(iii) postage;
2944	(iv) handling;
2945	(v) crating; or
2946	(vi) packing.
2947	(33) "Detailed telecommunications billing service" means an ancillary service of
2948	separately stating information pertaining to individual calls on a customer's billing statement.
2949	(34) "Dietary supplement" means a product, other than tobacco, that:
2950	(a) is intended to supplement the diet;
2951	(b) contains one or more of the following dietary ingredients:
2952	(i) a vitamin;
2953	(ii) a mineral;
2954	(iii) an herb or other botanical;
2955	(iv) an amino acid;
2956	(v) a dietary substance for use by humans to supplement the diet by increasing the total
2957	dietary intake; or
2958	(vi) a concentrate, metabolite, constituent, extract, or combination of any ingredient
2959	described in Subsections (34)(b)(i) through (v);
2960	(c) (i) except as provided in Subsection (34)(c)(ii), is intended for ingestion in:
2961	(A) tablet form;
2962	(B) capsule form;
2963	(C) powder form;
2964	(D) softgel form;
2965	(E) gelcap form; or
2966	(F) liquid form; or
2967	(ii) if the product is not intended for ingestion in a form described in Subsections
2968	(34)(c)(i)(A) through (F), is not represented:
2969	(A) as conventional food; and
2970	(B) for use as a sole item of:

2971 (I) a meal; or 2972 (II) the diet; and 2973 (d) is required to be labeled as a dietary supplement: 2974 (i) identifiable by the "Supplemental Facts" box found on the label; and 2975 (ii) as required by 21 C.F.R. Sec. 101.36. 2976 (35) "Digital audio-visual work" means a series of related images which, when shown in succession, imparts an impression of motion, together with accompanying sounds, if any. 2977 2978 (36) (a) "Digital audio work" means a work that results from the fixation of a series of 2979 musical, spoken, or other sounds. 2980 (b) "Digital audio work" includes a ringtone. 2981 (37) "Digital book" means a work that is generally recognized in the ordinary and usual 2982 sense as a book. 2983 (38) (a) "Direct mail" means printed material delivered or distributed by United States 2984 mail or other delivery service: 2985 (i) to: 2986 (A) a mass audience; or 2987 (B) addressees on a mailing list provided: 2988 (I) by a purchaser of the mailing list; or 2989 (II) at the discretion of the purchaser of the mailing list; and 2990 (ii) if the cost of the printed material is not billed directly to the recipients. 2991 (b) "Direct mail" includes tangible personal property supplied directly or indirectly by a 2992 purchaser to a seller of direct mail for inclusion in a package containing the printed material. 2993 (c) "Direct mail" does not include multiple items of printed material delivered to a 2994 single address. (39) "Directory assistance" means an ancillary service of providing: 2995 2996 (a) address information; or 2997 (b) telephone number information. 2998 (40) (a) "Disposable home medical equipment or supplies" means medical equipment 2999 or supplies that: 3000 (i) cannot withstand repeated use; and 3001 (ii) are purchased by, for, or on behalf of a person other than:

3002	(A) a health care facility as defined in Section 26-21-2;
3003	(B) a health care provider as defined in Section 78B-3-403;
3004	(C) an office of a health care provider described in Subsection (40)(a)(ii)(B); or
3005	(D) a person similar to a person described in Subsections (40)(a)(ii)(A) through (C).
3006	(b) "Disposable home medical equipment or supplies" does not include:
3007	(i) a drug;
3008	(ii) durable medical equipment;
3009	(iii) a hearing aid;
3010	(iv) a hearing aid accessory;
3011	(v) mobility enhancing equipment; or
3012	(vi) tangible personal property used to correct impaired vision, including:
3013	(A) eyeglasses; or
3014	(B) contact lenses.
3015	(c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
3016	commission may by rule define what constitutes medical equipment or supplies.
3017	(41) "Drilling equipment manufacturer" means a facility:
3018	(a) located in the state;
3019	(b) with respect to which 51% or more of the manufacturing activities of the facility
3020	consist of manufacturing component parts of drilling equipment;
3021	(c) that uses pressure of 800,000 or more pounds per square inch as part of the
3022	manufacturing process; and
3023	(d) that uses a temperature of 2,000 or more degrees Fahrenheit as part of the
3024	manufacturing process.
3025	(42) (a) "Drug" means a compound, substance, or preparation, or a component of a
3026	compound, substance, or preparation that is:
3027	(i) recognized in:
3028	(A) the official United States Pharmacopoeia;
3029	(B) the official Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United States;
3030	(C) the official National Formulary; or
3031	(D) a supplement to a publication listed in Subsections (42)(a)(i)(A) through (C);
3032	(ii) intended for use in the:

3033	(A) diagnosis of disease;
3034	(B) cure of disease;
3035	(C) mitigation of disease;
3036	(D) treatment of disease; or
3037	(E) prevention of disease; or
3038	(iii) intended to affect:
3039	(A) the structure of the body; or
3040	(B) any function of the body.
3041	(b) "Drug" does not include:
3042	(i) food and food ingredients;
3043	(ii) a dietary supplement;
3044	(iii) an alcoholic beverage; or
3045	(iv) a prosthetic device.
3046	(43) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (43)(c), "durable medical equipment" means
3047	equipment that:
3048	(i) can withstand repeated use;
3049	(ii) is primarily and customarily used to serve a medical purpose;
3050	(iii) generally is not useful to a person in the absence of illness or injury; and
3051	(iv) is not worn in or on the body.
3052	(b) "Durable medical equipment" includes parts used in the repair or replacement of the
3053	equipment described in Subsection (43)(a).
3054	(c) "Durable medical equipment" does not include mobility enhancing equipment.
3055	(44) "Electronic" means:
3056	(a) relating to technology; and
3057	(b) having:
3058	(i) electrical capabilities;
3059	(ii) digital capabilities;
3060	(iii) magnetic capabilities;
3061	(iv) wireless capabilities;
3062	(v) optical capabilities;
3063	(vi) electromagnetic capabilities; or

2064	(wii) complitition similar to Cultivations (14)(b)(i) through (wi)
3064	(vii) capabilities similar to Subsections (44)(b)(i) through (vi).
3065	(45) "Electronic financial payment service" means an establishment:
3066	(a) within NAICS Code 522320, Financial Transactions Processing, Reserve, and
3067	Clearinghouse Activities, of the 2012 North American Industry Classification System of the
3068	federal Executive Office of the President, Office of Management and Budget; and
3069	(b) that performs electronic financial payment services.
3070	(46) "Employee" is as defined in Section 59-10-401.
3071	(47) "Fixed guideway" means a public transit facility that uses and occupies:
3072	(a) rail for the use of public transit; or
3073	(b) a separate right-of-way for the use of public transit.
3074	(48) "Fixed wing turbine powered aircraft" means an aircraft that:
3075	(a) is powered by turbine engines;
3076	(b) operates on jet fuel; and
3077	(c) has wings that are permanently attached to the fuselage of the aircraft.
3078	(49) "Fixed wireless service" means a telecommunications service that provides radio
3079	communication between fixed points.
3080	(50) (a) "Food and food ingredients" means substances:
3081	(i) regardless of whether the substances are in:
3082	(A) liquid form;
3083	(B) concentrated form;
3084	(C) solid form;
3085	(D) frozen form;
3086	(E) dried form; or
3087	(F) dehydrated form; and
3088	(ii) that are:
3089	(A) sold for:
3090	(I) ingestion by humans; or
3091	(II) chewing by humans; and
3092	(B) consumed for the substance's:
3093	(I) taste; or
3094	(II) nutritional value.

3093	(b) Food and food ingredients includes an item described in Subsection (91)(b)(iii).
3096	(c) "Food and food ingredients" does not include:
3097	(i) an alcoholic beverage;
3098	(ii) tobacco; or
3099	(iii) prepared food.
3100	(51) (a) "Fundraising sales" means sales:
3101	(i) (A) made by a school; or
3102	(B) made by a school student;
3103	(ii) that are for the purpose of raising funds for the school to purchase equipment,
3104	materials, or provide transportation; and
3105	(iii) that are part of an officially sanctioned school activity.
3106	(b) For purposes of Subsection (51)(a)(iii), "officially sanctioned school activity"
3107	means a school activity:
3108	(i) that is conducted in accordance with a formal policy adopted by the school or school
3109	district governing the authorization and supervision of fundraising activities;
3110	(ii) that does not directly or indirectly compensate an individual teacher or other
3111	educational personnel by direct payment, commissions, or payment in kind; and
3112	(iii) the net or gross revenues from which are deposited in a dedicated account
3113	controlled by the school or school district.
3114	(52) "Geothermal energy" means energy contained in heat that continuously flows
3115	outward from the earth that is used as the sole source of energy to produce electricity.
3116	(53) "Governing board of the agreement" means the governing board of the agreement
3117	that is:
3118	(a) authorized to administer the agreement; and
3119	(b) established in accordance with the agreement.
3120	(54) (a) For purposes of Subsection 59-12-104(41), "governmental entity" means:
3121	(i) the executive branch of the state, including all departments, institutions, boards,
3122	divisions, bureaus, offices, commissions, and committees;
3123	(ii) the judicial branch of the state, including the courts, the Judicial Council, the
3124	Office of the Court Administrator, and similar administrative units in the judicial branch;
3125	(iii) the legislative branch of the state, including the House of Representatives, the

3120	Senate, the Legislative Printing Office, the Office of Legislative Research and General
3127	Counsel, the Office of the Legislative Auditor General, and the Office of the Legislative Fiscal
3128	Analyst;
3129	(iv) the National Guard;
3130	(v) an independent entity as defined in Section 63E-1-102; or
3131	(vi) a political subdivision as defined in Section 17B-1-102.
3132	(b) "Governmental entity" does not include the state systems of public and higher
3133	education, including:
3134	[(i) an applied technology college within the Utah College of Applied Technology;]
3135	[(ii)] (i) a school;
3136	[(iii)] (ii) the State Board of Education;
3137	[(iv)] (iii) the State Board of Regents; or
3138	[(v)] (iv) an institution of higher education described in Section 53B-1-102.
3139	(55) "Hydroelectric energy" means water used as the sole source of energy to produce
3140	electricity.
3141	(56) "Industrial use" means the use of natural gas, electricity, heat, coal, fuel oil, or
3142	other fuels:
3143	(a) in mining or extraction of minerals;
3144	(b) in agricultural operations to produce an agricultural product up to the time of
3145	harvest or placing the agricultural product into a storage facility, including:
3146	(i) commercial greenhouses;
3147	(ii) irrigation pumps;
3148	(iii) farm machinery;
3149	(iv) implements of husbandry as defined in Section 41-1a-102 that are not registered
3150	under Title 41, Chapter 1a, Part 2, Registration; and
3151	(v) other farming activities;
3152	(c) in manufacturing tangible personal property at an establishment described in SIC
3153	Codes 2000 to 3999 of the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification Manual of the federal
3154	Executive Office of the President, Office of Management and Budget;
3155	(d) by a scrap recycler if:
3156	(i) from a fixed location, the scrap recycler utilizes machinery or equipment to process

3157	one or more of the following items into prepared grades of processed materials for use in new
3158	products:
3159	(A) iron;
3160	(B) steel;
3161	(C) nonferrous metal;
3162	(D) paper;
3163	(E) glass;
3164	(F) plastic;
3165	(G) textile; or
3166	(H) rubber; and
3167	(ii) the new products under Subsection (56)(d)(i) would otherwise be made with
3168	nonrecycled materials; or
3169	(e) in producing a form of energy or steam described in Subsection 54-2-1(2)(a) by a
3170	cogeneration facility as defined in Section 54-2-1.
3171	(57) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (57)(b), "installation charge" means a charge
3172	for installing:
3173	(i) tangible personal property; or
3174	(ii) a product transferred electronically.
3175	(b) "Installation charge" does not include a charge for:
3176	(i) repairs or renovations of:
3177	(A) tangible personal property; or
3178	(B) a product transferred electronically; or
3179	(ii) attaching tangible personal property or a product transferred electronically:
3180	(A) to other tangible personal property; and
3181	(B) as part of a manufacturing or fabrication process.
3182	(58) "Institution of higher education" means an institution of higher education listed in
3183	Section 53B-2-101.
3184	(59) (a) "Lease" or "rental" means a transfer of possession or control of tangible
3185	personal property or a product transferred electronically for:
3186	(i) (A) a fixed term; or
3187	(B) an indeterminate term; and

3188	(ii) consideration.
3189	(b) "Lease" or "rental" includes an agreement covering a motor vehicle and trailer if the
3190	amount of consideration may be increased or decreased by reference to the amount realized
3191	upon sale or disposition of the property as defined in Section 7701(h)(1), Internal Revenue
3192	Code.
3193	(c) "Lease" or "rental" does not include:
3194	(i) a transfer of possession or control of property under a security agreement or
3195	deferred payment plan that requires the transfer of title upon completion of the required
3196	payments;
3197	(ii) a transfer of possession or control of property under an agreement that requires the
3198	transfer of title:
3199	(A) upon completion of required payments; and
3200	(B) if the payment of an option price does not exceed the greater of:
3201	(I) \$100; or
3202	(II) 1% of the total required payments; or
3203	(iii) providing tangible personal property along with an operator for a fixed period of
3204	time or an indeterminate period of time if the operator is necessary for equipment to perform as
3205	designed.
3206	(d) For purposes of Subsection (59)(c)(iii), an operator is necessary for equipment to
3207	perform as designed if the operator's duties exceed the:
3208	(i) set-up of tangible personal property;
3209	(ii) maintenance of tangible personal property; or
3210	(iii) inspection of tangible personal property.
3211	(60) "Life science establishment" means an establishment in this state that is classified
3212	under the following NAICS codes of the 2007 North American Industry Classification System
3213	of the federal Executive Office of the President, Office of Management and Budget:
3214	(a) NAICS Code 33911, Medical Equipment and Supplies Manufacturing;
3215	(b) NAICS Code 334510, Electromedical and Electrotherapeutic Apparatus
3216	Manufacturing; or
3217	(c) NAICS Code 334517, Irradiation Apparatus Manufacturing.
3218	(61) "Life science research and development facility" means a facility owned leased

3219	or rented by a life science establishment if research and development is performed in 51% or
3220	more of the total area of the facility.
3221	(62) "Load and leave" means delivery to a purchaser by use of a tangible storage media
3222	if the tangible storage media is not physically transferred to the purchaser.
3223	(63) "Local taxing jurisdiction" means a:
3224	(a) county that is authorized to impose an agreement sales and use tax;
3225	(b) city that is authorized to impose an agreement sales and use tax; or
3226	(c) town that is authorized to impose an agreement sales and use tax.
3227	(64) "Manufactured home" is as defined in Section 15A-1-302.
3228	(65) "Manufacturing facility" means:
3229	(a) an establishment described in SIC Codes 2000 to 3999 of the 1987 Standard
3230	Industrial Classification Manual of the federal Executive Office of the President, Office of
3231	Management and Budget;
3232	(b) a scrap recycler if:
3233	(i) from a fixed location, the scrap recycler utilizes machinery or equipment to process
3234	one or more of the following items into prepared grades of processed materials for use in new
3235	products:
3236	(A) iron;
3237	(B) steel;
3238	(C) nonferrous metal;
3239	(D) paper;
3240	(E) glass;
3241	(F) plastic;
3242	(G) textile; or
3243	(H) rubber; and
3244	(ii) the new products under Subsection (65)(b)(i) would otherwise be made with
3245	nonrecycled materials; or
3246	(c) a cogeneration facility as defined in Section 54-2-1 if the cogeneration facility is
3247	placed in service on or after May 1, 2006.
3248	(66) "Member of the immediate family of the producer" means a person who is related
3249	to a producer described in Subsection 59-12-104(20)(a) as a:

3230	(a) child of stepchild, regardless of whether the child of stepchild is:
3251	(i) an adopted child or adopted stepchild; or
3252	(ii) a foster child or foster stepchild;
3253	(b) grandchild or stepgrandchild;
3254	(c) grandparent or stepgrandparent;
3255	(d) nephew or stepnephew;
3256	(e) niece or stepniece;
3257	(f) parent or stepparent;
3258	(g) sibling or stepsibling;
3259	(h) spouse;
3260	(i) person who is the spouse of a person described in Subsections (66)(a) through (g);
3261	or
3262	(j) person similar to a person described in Subsections (66)(a) through (i) as
3263	determined by the commission by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
3264	Administrative Rulemaking Act.
3265	(67) "Mobile home" is as defined in Section 15A-1-302.
3266	(68) "Mobile telecommunications service" is as defined in the Mobile
3267	Telecommunications Sourcing Act, 4 U.S.C. Sec. 124.
3268	(69) (a) "Mobile wireless service" means a telecommunications service, regardless of
3269	the technology used, if:
3270	(i) the origination point of the conveyance, routing, or transmission is not fixed;
3271	(ii) the termination point of the conveyance, routing, or transmission is not fixed; or
3272	(iii) the origination point described in Subsection (69)(a)(i) and the termination point
3273	described in Subsection (69)(a)(ii) are not fixed.
3274	(b) "Mobile wireless service" includes a telecommunications service that is provided
3275	by a commercial mobile radio service provider.
3276	(c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
3277	commission may by rule define "commercial mobile radio service provider."
3278	(70) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (70)(c), "mobility enhancing equipment"
3279	means equipment that is:
3280	(i) primarily and customarily used to provide or increase the ability to move from one

3281	place to another;
3282	(ii) appropriate for use in a:
3283	(A) home; or
3284	(B) motor vehicle; and
3285	(iii) not generally used by persons with normal mobility.
3286	(b) "Mobility enhancing equipment" includes parts used in the repair or replacement of
3287	the equipment described in Subsection (70)(a).
3288	(c) "Mobility enhancing equipment" does not include:
3289	(i) a motor vehicle;
3290	(ii) equipment on a motor vehicle if that equipment is normally provided by the motor
3291	vehicle manufacturer;
3292	(iii) durable medical equipment; or
3293	(iv) a prosthetic device.
3294	(71) "Model 1 seller" means a seller registered under the agreement that has selected a
3295	certified service provider as the seller's agent to perform all of the seller's sales and use tax
3296	functions for agreement sales and use taxes other than the seller's obligation under Section
3297	59-12-124 to remit a tax on the seller's own purchases.
3298	(72) "Model 2 seller" means a seller registered under the agreement that:
3299	(a) except as provided in Subsection (72)(b), has selected a certified automated system
3300	to perform the seller's sales tax functions for agreement sales and use taxes; and
3301	(b) retains responsibility for remitting all of the sales tax:
3302	(i) collected by the seller; and
3303	(ii) to the appropriate local taxing jurisdiction.
3304	(73) (a) Subject to Subsection (73)(b), "model 3 seller" means a seller registered under
3305	the agreement that has:
3306	(i) sales in at least five states that are members of the agreement;
3307	(ii) total annual sales revenues of at least \$500,000,000;
3308	(iii) a proprietary system that calculates the amount of tax:
3309	(A) for an agreement sales and use tax; and
3310	(B) due to each local taxing jurisdiction; and
3311	(iv) entered into a performance agreement with the governing board of the agreement.

3312	(b) For purposes of Subsection (73)(a), model 3 serier includes an arrifacted group of
3313	sellers using the same proprietary system.
3314	(74) "Model 4 seller" means a seller that is registered under the agreement and is not a
3315	model 1 seller, model 2 seller, or model 3 seller.
3316	(75) "Modular home" means a modular unit as defined in Section 15A-1-302.
3317	(76) "Motor vehicle" is as defined in Section 41-1a-102.
3318	(77) "Oil sands" means impregnated bituminous sands that:
3319	(a) contain a heavy, thick form of petroleum that is released when heated, mixed with
3320	other hydrocarbons, or otherwise treated;
3321	(b) yield mixtures of liquid hydrocarbon; and
3322	(c) require further processing other than mechanical blending before becoming finished
3323	petroleum products.
3324	(78) "Oil shale" means a group of fine black to dark brown shales containing kerogen
3325	material that yields petroleum upon heating and distillation.
3326	(79) "Optional computer software maintenance contract" means a computer software
3327	maintenance contract that a customer is not obligated to purchase as a condition to the retail
3328	sale of computer software.
3329	(80) (a) "Other fuels" means products that burn independently to produce heat or
3330	energy.
3331	(b) "Other fuels" includes oxygen when it is used in the manufacturing of tangible
3332	personal property.
3333	(81) (a) "Paging service" means a telecommunications service that provides
3334	transmission of a coded radio signal for the purpose of activating a specific pager.
3335	(b) For purposes of Subsection (81)(a), the transmission of a coded radio signal
3336	includes a transmission by message or sound.
3337	(82) "Pawnbroker" is as defined in Section 13-32a-102.
3338	(83) "Pawn transaction" is as defined in Section 13-32a-102.
3339	(84) (a) "Permanently attached to real property" means that for tangible personal
3340	property attached to real property:
3341	(i) the attachment of the tangible personal property to the real property:
3342	(A) is essential to the use of the tangible personal property; and

3343	(B) suggests that the tanglole personal property will remain attached to the real
3344	property in the same place over the useful life of the tangible personal property; or
3345	(ii) if the tangible personal property is detached from the real property, the detachment
3346	would:
3347	(A) cause substantial damage to the tangible personal property; or
3348	(B) require substantial alteration or repair of the real property to which the tangible
3349	personal property is attached.
3350	(b) "Permanently attached to real property" includes:
3351	(i) the attachment of an accessory to the tangible personal property if the accessory is:
3352	(A) essential to the operation of the tangible personal property; and
3353	(B) attached only to facilitate the operation of the tangible personal property;
3354	(ii) a temporary detachment of tangible personal property from real property for a
3355	repair or renovation if the repair or renovation is performed where the tangible personal
3356	property and real property are located; or
3357	(iii) property attached to oil, gas, or water pipelines, except for the property listed in
3358	Subsection (84)(c)(iii) or (iv).
3359	(c) "Permanently attached to real property" does not include:
3360	(i) the attachment of portable or movable tangible personal property to real property if
3361	that portable or movable tangible personal property is attached to real property only for:
3362	(A) convenience;
3363	(B) stability; or
3364	(C) for an obvious temporary purpose;
3365	(ii) the detachment of tangible personal property from real property except for the
3366	detachment described in Subsection (84)(b)(ii);
3367	(iii) an attachment of the following tangible personal property to real property if the
3368	attachment to real property is only through a line that supplies water, electricity, gas,
3369	telecommunications, cable, or supplies a similar item as determined by the commission by rule
3370	made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act:
3371	(A) a computer;
3372	(B) a telephone;
3373	(C) a television; or

3374	(D) tangible personal property similar to Subsections (84)(c)(iii)(A) through (C) as
3375	determined by the commission by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
3376	Administrative Rulemaking Act; or
3377	(iv) an item listed in Subsection (125)(c).
3378	(85) "Person" includes any individual, firm, partnership, joint venture, association,
3379	corporation, estate, trust, business trust, receiver, syndicate, this state, any county, city,
3380	municipality, district, or other local governmental entity of the state, or any group or
3381	combination acting as a unit.
3382	(86) "Place of primary use":
3383	(a) for telecommunications service other than mobile telecommunications service,
3384	means the street address representative of where the customer's use of the telecommunications
3385	service primarily occurs, which shall be:
3386	(i) the residential street address of the customer; or
3387	(ii) the primary business street address of the customer; or
3388	(b) for mobile telecommunications service, is as defined in the Mobile
3389	Telecommunications Sourcing Act, 4 U.S.C. Sec. 124.
3390	(87) (a) "Postpaid calling service" means a telecommunications service a person
3391	obtains by making a payment on a call-by-call basis:
3392	(i) through the use of a:
3393	(A) bank card;
3394	(B) credit card;
3395	(C) debit card; or
3396	(D) travel card; or
3397	(ii) by a charge made to a telephone number that is not associated with the origination
3398	or termination of the telecommunications service.
3399	(b) "Postpaid calling service" includes a service, except for a prepaid wireless calling
3400	service, that would be a prepaid wireless calling service if the service were exclusively a
3401	telecommunications service.
3402	(88) "Postproduction" means an activity related to the finishing or duplication of a
3403	medium described in Subsection 59-12-104(54)(a).
3404	(89) "Prepaid calling service" means a telecommunications service:

3405	(a) that allows a purchaser access to telecommunications service that is exclusively
3406	telecommunications service;
3407	(b) that:
3408	(i) is paid for in advance; and
3409	(ii) enables the origination of a call using an:
3410	(A) access number; or
3411	(B) authorization code;
3412	(c) that is dialed:
3413	(i) manually; or
3414	(ii) electronically; and
3415	(d) sold in predetermined units or dollars that decline:
3416	(i) by a known amount; and
3417	(ii) with use.
3418	(90) "Prepaid wireless calling service" means a telecommunications service:
3419	(a) that provides the right to utilize:
3420	(i) mobile wireless service; and
3421	(ii) other service that is not a telecommunications service, including:
3422	(A) the download of a product transferred electronically;
3423	(B) a content service; or
3424	(C) an ancillary service;
3425	(b) that:
3426	(i) is paid for in advance; and
3427	(ii) enables the origination of a call using an:
3428	(A) access number; or
3429	(B) authorization code;
3430	(c) that is dialed:
3431	(i) manually; or
3432	(ii) electronically; and
3433	(d) sold in predetermined units or dollars that decline:
3434	(i) by a known amount; and
3435	(ii) with use.

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3436
                (91) (a) "Prepared food" means:
3437
                (i) food:
3438
                (A) sold in a heated state; or
3439
                (B) heated by a seller;
3440
               (ii) two or more food ingredients mixed or combined by the seller for sale as a single
3441
        item; or
3442
               (iii) except as provided in Subsection (91)(c), food sold with an eating utensil provided
3443
        by the seller, including a:
3444
                (A) plate;
3445
                (B) knife;
3446
                (C) fork;
3447
                (D) spoon;
3448
                (E) glass;
                (F) cup;
3449
                (G) napkin; or
3450
3451
                (H) straw.
3452
                (b) "Prepared food" does not include:
3453
                (i) food that a seller only:
3454
                (A) cuts;
3455
                (B) repackages; or
3456
                (C) pasteurizes; or
3457
                (ii) (A) the following:
3458
                (I) raw egg;
3459
                (II) raw fish;
3460
                (III) raw meat;
3461
                (IV) raw poultry; or
3462
               (V) a food containing an item described in Subsections (91)(b)(ii)(A)(I) through (IV);
3463
        and
3464
                (B) if the Food and Drug Administration recommends in Chapter 3, Part 401.11 of the
3465
        Food and Drug Administration's Food Code that a consumer cook the items described in
3466
        Subsection (91)(b)(ii)(A) to prevent food borne illness; or
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3467	(iii) the following if sold without eating utensils provided by the seller:
3468	(A) food and food ingredients sold by a seller if the seller's proper primary
3469	classification under the 2002 North American Industry Classification System of the federal
3470	Executive Office of the President, Office of Management and Budget, is manufacturing in
3471	Sector 311, Food Manufacturing, except for Subsector 3118, Bakeries and Tortilla
3472	Manufacturing;
3473	(B) food and food ingredients sold in an unheated state:
3474	(I) by weight or volume; and
3475	(II) as a single item; or
3476	(C) a bakery item, including:
3477	(I) a bagel;
3478	(II) a bar;
3479	(III) a biscuit;
3480	(IV) bread;
3481	(V) a bun;
3482	(VI) a cake;
3483	(VII) a cookie;
3484	(VIII) a croissant;
3485	(IX) a danish;
3486	(X) a donut;
3487	(XI) a muffin;
3488	(XII) a pastry;
3489	(XIII) a pie;
3490	(XIV) a roll;
3491	(XV) a tart;
3492	(XVI) a torte; or
3493	(XVII) a tortilla.
3494	(c) An eating utensil provided by the seller does not include the following used to
3495	transport the food:
3496	(i) a container; or
3497	(ii) packaging.

3498	(92) "Prescription" means an order, formula, or recipe that is issued:
3499	(a) (i) orally;
3500	(ii) in writing;
3501	(iii) electronically; or
3502	(iv) by any other manner of transmission; and
3503	(b) by a licensed practitioner authorized by the laws of a state.
3504	(93) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (93)(b)(ii) or (iii), "prewritten computer
3505	software" means computer software that is not designed and developed:
3506	(i) by the author or other creator of the computer software; and
3507	(ii) to the specifications of a specific purchaser.
3508	(b) "Prewritten computer software" includes:
3509	(i) a prewritten upgrade to computer software if the prewritten upgrade to the computer
3510	software is not designed and developed:
3511	(A) by the author or other creator of the computer software; and
3512	(B) to the specifications of a specific purchaser;
3513	(ii) computer software designed and developed by the author or other creator of the
3514	computer software to the specifications of a specific purchaser if the computer software is sold
3515	to a person other than the purchaser; or
3516	(iii) except as provided in Subsection (93)(c), prewritten computer software or a
3517	prewritten portion of prewritten computer software:
3518	(A) that is modified or enhanced to any degree; and
3519	(B) if the modification or enhancement described in Subsection (93)(b)(iii)(A) is
3520	designed and developed to the specifications of a specific purchaser.
3521	(c) "Prewritten computer software" does not include a modification or enhancement
3522	described in Subsection (93)(b)(iii) if the charges for the modification or enhancement are:
3523	(i) reasonable; and
3524	(ii) subject to Subsections 59-12-103(2)(e)(ii) and (2)(f)(i), separately stated on the
3525	invoice or other statement of price provided to the purchaser at the time of sale or later, as
3526	demonstrated by:
3527	(A) the books and records the seller keeps at the time of the transaction in the regular
3528	course of business, including books and records the seller keeps at the time of the transaction in

3529	the regular course of business for nontax purposes;
3530	(B) a preponderance of the facts and circumstances at the time of the transaction; and
3531	(C) the understanding of all of the parties to the transaction.
3532	(94) (a) "Private communications service" means a telecommunications service:
3533	(i) that entitles a customer to exclusive or priority use of one or more communications
3534	channels between or among termination points; and
3535	(ii) regardless of the manner in which the one or more communications channels are
3536	connected.
3537	(b) "Private communications service" includes the following provided in connection
3538	with the use of one or more communications channels:
3539	(i) an extension line;
3540	(ii) a station;
3541	(iii) switching capacity; or
3542	(iv) another associated service that is provided in connection with the use of one or
3543	more communications channels as defined in Section 59-12-215.
3544	(95) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (95)(b), "product transferred electronically"
3545	means a product transferred electronically that would be subject to a tax under this chapter if
3546	that product was transferred in a manner other than electronically.
3547	(b) "Product transferred electronically" does not include:
3548	(i) an ancillary service;
3549	(ii) computer software; or
3550	(iii) a telecommunications service.
3551	(96) (a) "Prosthetic device" means a device that is worn on or in the body to:
3552	(i) artificially replace a missing portion of the body;
3553	(ii) prevent or correct a physical deformity or physical malfunction; or
3554	(iii) support a weak or deformed portion of the body.
3555	(b) "Prosthetic device" includes:
3556	(i) parts used in the repairs or renovation of a prosthetic device;
3557	(ii) replacement parts for a prosthetic device;
3558	(iii) a dental prosthesis; or
3559	(iv) a hearing aid.

3560	(c) "Prosthetic device" does not include:
3561	(i) corrective eyeglasses; or
3562	(ii) contact lenses.
3563	(97) (a) "Protective equipment" means an item:
3564	(i) for human wear; and
3565	(ii) that is:
3566	(A) designed as protection:
3567	(I) to the wearer against injury or disease; or
3568	(II) against damage or injury of other persons or property; and
3569	(B) not suitable for general use.
3570	(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
3571	commission shall make rules:
3572	(i) listing the items that constitute "protective equipment"; and
3573	(ii) that are consistent with the list of items that constitute "protective equipment"
3574	under the agreement.
3575	(98) (a) For purposes of Subsection 59-12-104(41), "publication" means any written or
3576	printed matter, other than a photocopy:
3577	(i) regardless of:
3578	(A) characteristics;
3579	(B) copyright;
3580	(C) form;
3581	(D) format;
3582	(E) method of reproduction; or
3583	(F) source; and
3584	(ii) made available in printed or electronic format.
3585	(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
3586	commission may by rule define the term "photocopy."
3587	(99) (a) "Purchase price" and "sales price" mean the total amount of consideration:
3588	(i) valued in money; and
3589	(ii) for which tangible personal property, a product transferred electronically, or
3590	services are:

3591	(A) sold;
3592	(B) leased; or
3593	(C) rented.
3594	(b) "Purchase price" and "sales price" include:
3595	(i) the seller's cost of the tangible personal property, a product transferred
3596	electronically, or services sold;
3597	(ii) expenses of the seller, including:
3598	(A) the cost of materials used;
3599	(B) a labor cost;
3600	(C) a service cost;
3601	(D) interest;
3602	(E) a loss;
3603	(F) the cost of transportation to the seller; or
3604	(G) a tax imposed on the seller;
3605	(iii) a charge by the seller for any service necessary to complete the sale; or
3606	(iv) consideration a seller receives from a person other than the purchaser if:
3607	(A) (I) the seller actually receives consideration from a person other than the purchaser;
3608	and
3609	(II) the consideration described in Subsection (99)(b)(iv)(A)(I) is directly related to a
3610	price reduction or discount on the sale;
3611	(B) the seller has an obligation to pass the price reduction or discount through to the
3612	purchaser;
3613	(C) the amount of the consideration attributable to the sale is fixed and determinable by
3614	the seller at the time of the sale to the purchaser; and
3615	(D) (I) (Aa) the purchaser presents a certificate, coupon, or other documentation to the
3616	seller to claim a price reduction or discount; and
3617	(Bb) a person other than the seller authorizes, distributes, or grants the certificate,
3618	coupon, or other documentation with the understanding that the person other than the seller
3619	will reimburse any seller to whom the certificate, coupon, or other documentation is presented;
3620	(II) the purchaser identifies that purchaser to the seller as a member of a group or
3621	organization allowed a price reduction or discount, except that a preferred customer card that is

3022	available to any patron of a sener does not constitute membership in a group or organization
3623	allowed a price reduction or discount; or
3624	(III) the price reduction or discount is identified as a third party price reduction or
3625	discount on the:
3626	(Aa) invoice the purchaser receives; or
3627	(Bb) certificate, coupon, or other documentation the purchaser presents.
3628	(c) "Purchase price" and "sales price" do not include:
3629	(i) a discount:
3630	(A) in a form including:
3631	(I) cash;
3632	(II) term; or
3633	(III) coupon;
3634	(B) that is allowed by a seller;
3635	(C) taken by a purchaser on a sale; and
3636	(D) that is not reimbursed by a third party; or
3637	(ii) subject to Subsections 59-12-103(2)(e)(ii) and (2)(f)(i), the following if separately
3638	stated on an invoice, bill of sale, or similar document provided to the purchaser at the time of
3639	sale or later, as demonstrated by the books and records the seller keeps at the time of the
3640	transaction in the regular course of business, including books and records the seller keeps at the
3641	time of the transaction in the regular course of business for nontax purposes, by a
3642	preponderance of the facts and circumstances at the time of the transaction, and by the
3643	understanding of all of the parties to the transaction:
3644	(A) the following from credit extended on the sale of tangible personal property or
3645	services:
3646	(I) a carrying charge;
3647	(II) a financing charge; or
3648	(III) an interest charge;
3649	(B) a delivery charge;
3650	(C) an installation charge;
3651	(D) a manufacturer rebate on a motor vehicle; or
3652	(E) a tax or fee legally imposed directly on the consumer.

3653	(100) "Purchaser" means a person to whom:
3654	(a) a sale of tangible personal property is made;
3655	(b) a product is transferred electronically; or
3656	(c) a service is furnished.
3657	(101) "Qualifying enterprise data center" means an establishment that will:
3658	(a) own and operate a data center facility that will house a group of networked server
3659	computers in one physical location in order to centralize the dissemination, management, and
3660	storage of data and information;
3661	(b) be located in the state;
3662	(c) be a new operation constructed on or after July 1, 2016;
3663	(d) consist of one or more buildings that total 150,000 or more square feet;
3664	(e) be owned or leased by:
3665	(i) the establishment; or
3666	(ii) a person under common ownership, as defined in Section 59-7-101, of the
3667	establishment; and
3668	(f) be located on one or more parcels of land that are owned or leased by:
3669	(i) the establishment; or
3670	(ii) a person under common ownership, as defined in Section 59-7-101, of the
3671	establishment.
3672	(102) "Regularly rented" means:
3673	(a) rented to a guest for value three or more times during a calendar year; or
3674	(b) advertised or held out to the public as a place that is regularly rented to guests for
3675	value.
3676	(103) "Rental" is as defined in Subsection (59).
3677	(104) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (104)(b), "repairs or renovations of tangible
3678	personal property" means:
3679	(i) a repair or renovation of tangible personal property that is not permanently attached
3680	to real property; or
3681	(ii) attaching tangible personal property or a product transferred electronically to other
3682	tangible personal property or detaching tangible personal property or a product transferred
3683	electronically from other tangible personal property if:

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- (A) the other tangible personal property to which the tangible personal property or product transferred electronically is attached or from which the tangible personal property or product transferred electronically is detached is not permanently attached to real property; and
- (B) the attachment of tangible personal property or a product transferred electronically to other tangible personal property or detachment of tangible personal property or a product transferred electronically from other tangible personal property is made in conjunction with a repair or replacement of tangible personal property or a product transferred electronically.
  - (b) "Repairs or renovations of tangible personal property" does not include:
- (i) attaching prewritten computer software to other tangible personal property if the other tangible personal property to which the prewritten computer software is attached is not permanently attached to real property; or
- (ii) detaching prewritten computer software from other tangible personal property if the other tangible personal property from which the prewritten computer software is detached is not permanently attached to real property.
- (105) "Research and development" means the process of inquiry or experimentation aimed at the discovery of facts, devices, technologies, or applications and the process of preparing those devices, technologies, or applications for marketing.
- (106) (a) "Residential telecommunications services" means a telecommunications service or an ancillary service that is provided to an individual for personal use:
  - (i) at a residential address; or
- (ii) at an institution, including a nursing home or a school, if the telecommunications service or ancillary service is provided to and paid for by the individual residing at the institution rather than the institution.
  - (b) For purposes of Subsection (106)(a)(i), a residential address includes an:
- 3708 (i) apartment; or
  - (ii) other individual dwelling unit.
  - (107) "Residential use" means the use in or around a home, apartment building, sleeping quarters, and similar facilities or accommodations.
- 3712 (108) "Retail sale" or "sale at retail" means a sale, lease, or rental for a purpose other 3713 than:
- 3714 (a) resale;

3715	(b) sublease; or
3716	(c) subrent.
3717	(109) (a) "Retailer" means any person engaged in a regularly organized business in
3718	tangible personal property or any other taxable transaction under Subsection 59-12-103(1), and
3719	who is selling to the user or consumer and not for resale.
3720	(b) "Retailer" includes commission merchants, auctioneers, and any person regularly
3721	engaged in the business of selling to users or consumers within the state.
3722	(110) (a) "Sale" means any transfer of title, exchange, or barter, conditional or
3723	otherwise, in any manner, of tangible personal property or any other taxable transaction under
3724	Subsection 59-12-103(1), for consideration.
3725	(b) "Sale" includes:
3726	(i) installment and credit sales;
3727	(ii) any closed transaction constituting a sale;
3728	(iii) any sale of electrical energy, gas, services, or entertainment taxable under this
3729	chapter;
3730	(iv) any transaction if the possession of property is transferred but the seller retains the
3731	title as security for the payment of the price; and
3732	(v) any transaction under which right to possession, operation, or use of any article of
3733	tangible personal property is granted under a lease or contract and the transfer of possession
3734	would be taxable if an outright sale were made.
3735	(111) "Sale at retail" is as defined in Subsection (108).
3736	(112) "Sale-leaseback transaction" means a transaction by which title to tangible
3737	personal property or a product transferred electronically that is subject to a tax under this
3738	chapter is transferred:
3739	(a) by a purchaser-lessee;
3740	(b) to a lessor;
3741	(c) for consideration; and
3742	(d) if:
3743	(i) the purchaser-lessee paid sales and use tax on the purchaser-lessee's initial purchase
3744	of the tangible personal property or product transferred electronically;
3745	(ii) the sale of the tangible personal property or product transferred electronically to the

3/46	lessor is intended as a form of financing:
3747	(A) for the tangible personal property or product transferred electronically; and
3748	(B) to the purchaser-lessee; and
3749	(iii) in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, the purchaser-lessee
3750	is required to:
3751	(A) capitalize the tangible personal property or product transferred electronically for
3752	financial reporting purposes; and
3753	(B) account for the lease payments as payments made under a financing arrangement.
3754	(113) "Sales price" is as defined in Subsection (99).
3755	(114) (a) "Sales relating to schools" means the following sales by, amounts paid to, or
3756	amounts charged by a school:
3757	(i) sales that are directly related to the school's educational functions or activities
3758	including:
3759	(A) the sale of:
3760	(I) textbooks;
3761	(II) textbook fees;
3762	(III) laboratory fees;
3763	(IV) laboratory supplies; or
3764	(V) safety equipment;
3765	(B) the sale of a uniform, protective equipment, or sports or recreational equipment
3766	that:
3767	(I) a student is specifically required to wear as a condition of participation in a
3768	school-related event or school-related activity; and
3769	(II) is not readily adaptable to general or continued usage to the extent that it takes the
3770	place of ordinary clothing;
3771	(C) sales of the following if the net or gross revenues generated by the sales are
3772	deposited into a school district fund or school fund dedicated to school meals:
3773	(I) food and food ingredients; or
3774	(II) prepared food; or
3775	(D) transportation charges for official school activities; or
3776	(ii) amounts paid to or amounts charged by a school for admission to a school-related

3777	event or school-related activity.
3778	(b) "Sales relating to schools" does not include:
3779	(i) bookstore sales of items that are not educational materials or supplies;
3780	(ii) except as provided in Subsection (114)(a)(i)(B):
3781	(A) clothing;
3782	(B) clothing accessories or equipment;
3783	(C) protective equipment; or
3784	(D) sports or recreational equipment; or
3785	(iii) amounts paid to or amounts charged by a school for admission to a school-related
3786	event or school-related activity if the amounts paid or charged are passed through to a person:
3787	(A) other than a:
3788	(I) school;
3789	(II) nonprofit organization authorized by a school board or a governing body of a
3790	private school to organize and direct a competitive secondary school activity; or
3791	(III) nonprofit association authorized by a school board or a governing body of a
3792	private school to organize and direct a competitive secondary school activity; and
3793	(B) that is required to collect sales and use taxes under this chapter.
3794	(c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
3795	commission may make rules defining the term "passed through."
3796	(115) For purposes of this section and Section 59-12-104, "school":
3797	(a) means:
3798	(i) an elementary school or a secondary school that:
3799	(A) is a:
3800	(I) public school; or
3801	(II) private school; and
3802	(B) provides instruction for one or more grades kindergarten through 12; or
3803	(ii) a public school district; and
3804	(b) includes the Electronic High School as defined in Section 53A-15-1002.
3805	(116) "Seller" means a person that makes a sale, lease, or rental of:
3806	(a) tangible personal property;
3807	(b) a product transferred electronically; or

3808	(c) a service.
3809	(117) (a) "Semiconductor fabricating, processing, research, or development materials"
3810	means tangible personal property or a product transferred electronically if the tangible personal
3811	property or product transferred electronically is:
3812	(i) used primarily in the process of:
3813	(A) (I) manufacturing a semiconductor;
3814	(II) fabricating a semiconductor; or
3815	(III) research or development of a:
3816	(Aa) semiconductor; or
3817	(Bb) semiconductor manufacturing process; or
3818	(B) maintaining an environment suitable for a semiconductor; or
3819	(ii) consumed primarily in the process of:
3820	(A) (I) manufacturing a semiconductor;
3821	(II) fabricating a semiconductor; or
3822	(III) research or development of a:
3823	(Aa) semiconductor; or
3824	(Bb) semiconductor manufacturing process; or
3825	(B) maintaining an environment suitable for a semiconductor.
3826	(b) "Semiconductor fabricating, processing, research, or development materials"
3827	includes:
3828	(i) parts used in the repairs or renovations of tangible personal property or a product
3829	transferred electronically described in Subsection (117)(a); or
3830	(ii) a chemical, catalyst, or other material used to:
3831	(A) produce or induce in a semiconductor a:
3832	(I) chemical change; or
3833	(II) physical change;
3834	(B) remove impurities from a semiconductor; or
3835	(C) improve the marketable condition of a semiconductor.
3836	(118) "Senior citizen center" means a facility having the primary purpose of providing
3837	services to the aged as defined in Section 62A-3-101.
3838	(119) (a) Subject to Subsections (119)(b) and (c), "short-term lodging consumable"

3839	means tangible personal property that:
3840	(i) a business that provides accommodations and services described in Subsection
3841	59-12-103(1)(i) purchases as part of a transaction to provide the accommodations and services
3842	to a purchaser;
3843	(ii) is intended to be consumed by the purchaser; and
3844	(iii) is:
3845	(A) included in the purchase price of the accommodations and services; and
3846	(B) not separately stated on an invoice, bill of sale, or other similar document provided
3847	to the purchaser.
3848	(b) "Short-term lodging consumable" includes:
3849	(i) a beverage;
3850	(ii) a brush or comb;
3851	(iii) a cosmetic;
3852	(iv) a hair care product;
3853	(v) lotion;
3854	(vi) a magazine;
3855	(vii) makeup;
3856	(viii) a meal;
3857	(ix) mouthwash;
3858	(x) nail polish remover;
3859	(xi) a newspaper;
3860	(xii) a notepad;
3861	(xiii) a pen;
3862	(xiv) a pencil;
3863	(xv) a razor;
3864	(xvi) saline solution;
3865	(xvii) a sewing kit;
3866	(xviii) shaving cream;
3867	(xix) a shoe shine kit;
3868	(xx) a shower cap;
3869	(xxi) a snack item;

3870	(xxii) soap;
3871	(xxiii) toilet paper;
3872	(xxiv) a toothbrush;
3873	(xxv) toothpaste; or
3874	(xxvi) an item similar to Subsections (119)(b)(i) through (xxv) as the commission may
3875	provide by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
3876	Rulemaking Act.
3877	(c) "Short-term lodging consumable" does not include:
3878	(i) tangible personal property that is cleaned or washed to allow the tangible personal
3879	property to be reused; or
3880	(ii) a product transferred electronically.
3881	(120) "Simplified electronic return" means the electronic return:
3882	(a) described in Section 318(C) of the agreement; and
3883	(b) approved by the governing board of the agreement.
3884	(121) "Solar energy" means the sun used as the sole source of energy for producing
3885	electricity.
3886	(122) (a) "Sports or recreational equipment" means an item:
3887	(i) designed for human use; and
3888	(ii) that is:
3889	(A) worn in conjunction with:
3890	(I) an athletic activity; or
3891	(II) a recreational activity; and
3892	(B) not suitable for general use.
3893	(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
3894	commission shall make rules:
3895	(i) listing the items that constitute "sports or recreational equipment"; and
3896	(ii) that are consistent with the list of items that constitute "sports or recreational
3897	equipment" under the agreement.
3898	(123) "State" means the state of Utah, its departments, and agencies.
3899	(124) "Storage" means any keeping or retention of tangible personal property or any
3900	other taxable transaction under Subsection 59-12-103(1) in this state for any purpose except

3901	sale in the regular course of business.
3902	(125) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (125)(d) or (e), "tangible personal property"
3903	means personal property that:
3904	(i) may be:
3905	(A) seen;
3906	(B) weighed;
3907	(C) measured;
3908	(D) felt; or
3909	(E) touched; or
3910	(ii) is in any manner perceptible to the senses.
3911	(b) "Tangible personal property" includes:
3912	(i) electricity;
3913	(ii) water;
3914	(iii) gas;
3915	(iv) steam; or
3916	(v) prewritten computer software, regardless of the manner in which the prewritten
3917	computer software is transferred.
3918	(c) "Tangible personal property" includes the following regardless of whether the item
3919	is attached to real property:
3920	(i) a dishwasher;
3921	(ii) a dryer;
3922	(iii) a freezer;
3923	(iv) a microwave;
3924	(v) a refrigerator;
3925	(vi) a stove;
3926	(vii) a washer; or
3927	(viii) an item similar to Subsections (125)(c)(i) through (vii) as determined by the
3928	commission by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
3929	Rulemaking Act.
3930	(d) "Tangible personal property" does not include a product that is transferred
3931	electronically.

0932	(e) Tanglole personal property does not include the following it attached to real
3933	property, regardless of whether the attachment to real property is only through a line that
3934	supplies water, electricity, gas, telephone, cable, or supplies a similar item as determined by the
3935	commission by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
3936	Rulemaking Act:
3937	(i) a hot water heater;
3938	(ii) a water filtration system; or
3939	(iii) a water softener system.
3940	(126) (a) "Telecommunications enabling or facilitating equipment, machinery, or
3941	software" means an item listed in Subsection (126)(b) if that item is purchased or leased
3942	primarily to enable or facilitate one or more of the following to function:
3943	(i) telecommunications switching or routing equipment, machinery, or software; or
3944	(ii) telecommunications transmission equipment, machinery, or software.
3945	(b) The following apply to Subsection (126)(a):
3946	(i) a pole;
3947	(ii) software;
3948	(iii) a supplementary power supply;
3949	(iv) temperature or environmental equipment or machinery;
3950	(v) test equipment;
3951	(vi) a tower; or
3952	(vii) equipment, machinery, or software that functions similarly to an item listed in
3953	Subsections (126)(b)(i) through (vi) as determined by the commission by rule made in
3954	accordance with Subsection (126)(c).
3955	(c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
3956	commission may by rule define what constitutes equipment, machinery, or software that
3957	functions similarly to an item listed in Subsections (126)(b)(i) through (vi).
3958	(127) "Telecommunications equipment, machinery, or software required for 911
3959	service" means equipment, machinery, or software that is required to comply with 47 C.F.R.
3960	Sec. 20.18.
3961	(128) "Telecommunications maintenance or repair equipment, machinery, or software"
3962	means equipment, machinery, or software purchased or leased primarily to maintain or repair

3963	one or more of the following, regardless of whether the equipment, machinery, or software is
3964	purchased or leased as a spare part or as an upgrade or modification to one or more of the
3965	following:
3966	(a) telecommunications enabling or facilitating equipment, machinery, or software;
3967	(b) telecommunications switching or routing equipment, machinery, or software; or
3968	(c) telecommunications transmission equipment, machinery, or software.
3969	(129) (a) "Telecommunications service" means the electronic conveyance, routing, or
3970	transmission of audio, data, video, voice, or any other information or signal to a point, or
3971	among or between points.
3972	(b) "Telecommunications service" includes:
3973	(i) an electronic conveyance, routing, or transmission with respect to which a computer
3974	processing application is used to act:
3975	(A) on the code, form, or protocol of the content;
3976	(B) for the purpose of electronic conveyance, routing, or transmission; and
3977	(C) regardless of whether the service:
3978	(I) is referred to as voice over Internet protocol service; or
3979	(II) is classified by the Federal Communications Commission as enhanced or value
3980	added;
3981	(ii) an 800 service;
3982	(iii) a 900 service;
3983	(iv) a fixed wireless service;
3984	(v) a mobile wireless service;
3985	(vi) a postpaid calling service;
3986	(vii) a prepaid calling service;
3987	(viii) a prepaid wireless calling service; or
3988	(ix) a private communications service.
3989	(c) "Telecommunications service" does not include:
3990	(i) advertising, including directory advertising;
3991	(ii) an ancillary service;
3992	(iii) a billing and collection service provided to a third party;
3993	(iv) a data processing and information service if:

3994	(A) the data processing and information service allows data to be:
3995	(I) (Aa) acquired;
3996	(Bb) generated;
3997	(Cc) processed;
3998	(Dd) retrieved; or
3999	(Ee) stored; and
4000	(II) delivered by an electronic transmission to a purchaser; and
4001	(B) the purchaser's primary purpose for the underlying transaction is the processed data
4002	or information;
4003	(v) installation or maintenance of the following on a customer's premises:
4004	(A) equipment; or
4005	(B) wiring;
4006	(vi) Internet access service;
4007	(vii) a paging service;
4008	(viii) a product transferred electronically, including:
4009	(A) music;
4010	(B) reading material;
4011	(C) a ring tone;
4012	(D) software; or
4013	(E) video;
4014	(ix) a radio and television audio and video programming service:
4015	(A) regardless of the medium; and
4016	(B) including:
4017	(I) furnishing conveyance, routing, or transmission of a television audio and video
4018	programming service by a programming service provider;
4019	(II) cable service as defined in 47 U.S.C. Sec. 522(6); or
4020	(III) audio and video programming services delivered by a commercial mobile radio
4021	service provider as defined in 47 C.F.R. Sec. 20.3;
4022	(x) a value-added nonvoice data service; or
4023	(xi) tangible personal property.
4024	(130) (a) "Telecommunications service provider" means a person that:

4025 (i) owns, controls, operates, or manages a telecommunications service; and 4026 (ii) engages in an activity described in Subsection (130)(a)(i) for the shared use with or 4027 resale to any person of the telecommunications service. 4028 (b) A person described in Subsection (130)(a) is a telecommunications service provider 4029 whether or not the Public Service Commission of Utah regulates: 4030 (i) that person; or 4031 (ii) the telecommunications service that the person owns, controls, operates, or 4032 manages. 4033 (131) (a) "Telecommunications switching or routing equipment, machinery, or 4034 software" means an item listed in Subsection (131)(b) if that item is purchased or leased 4035 primarily for switching or routing: 4036 (i) an ancillary service; 4037 (ii) data communications: 4038 (iii) voice communications; or 4039 (iv) telecommunications service. 4040 (b) The following apply to Subsection (131)(a): 4041 (i) a bridge; 4042 (ii) a computer; 4043 (iii) a cross connect; 4044 (iv) a modem; 4045 (v) a multiplexer; 4046 (vi) plug in circuitry; 4047 (vii) a router; 4048 (viii) software; 4049 (ix) a switch; or 4050 (x) equipment, machinery, or software that functions similarly to an item listed in 4051 Subsections (131)(b)(i) through (ix) as determined by the commission by rule made in 4052 accordance with Subsection (131)(c). 4053 (c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the 4054 commission may by rule define what constitutes equipment, machinery, or software that 4055 functions similarly to an item listed in Subsections (131)(b)(i) through (ix).

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4056
                (132) (a) "Telecommunications transmission equipment, machinery, or software"
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        means an item listed in Subsection (132)(b) if that item is purchased or leased primarily for
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        sending, receiving, or transporting:
                (i) an ancillary service;
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4060
                (ii) data communications;
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                (iii) voice communications; or
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                (iv) telecommunications service.
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                (b) The following apply to Subsection (132)(a):
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                (i) an amplifier;
                (ii) a cable;
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                (iii) a closure;
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                (iv) a conduit;
                (v) a controller;
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                (vi) a duplexer;
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                (vii) a filter;
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                (viii) an input device;
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                (ix) an input/output device;
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                (x) an insulator;
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                (xi) microwave machinery or equipment;
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                (xii) an oscillator;
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                (xiii) an output device;
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                (xiv) a pedestal;
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                (xv) a power converter;
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                (xvi) a power supply;
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                (xvii) a radio channel;
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                (xviii) a radio receiver;
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                (xix) a radio transmitter;
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                (xx) a repeater;
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                (xxi) software;
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                (xxii) a terminal;
4086
                (xxiii) a timing unit;
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4087	(xxiv) a transformer;
4088	(xxv) a wire; or
4089	(xxvi) equipment, machinery, or software that functions similarly to an item listed in
4090	Subsections (132)(b)(i) through (xxv) as determined by the commission by rule made in
4091	accordance with Subsection (132)(c).
4092	(c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
4093	commission may by rule define what constitutes equipment, machinery, or software that
4094	functions similarly to an item listed in Subsections (132)(b)(i) through (xxv).
4095	(133) (a) "Textbook for a higher education course" means a textbook or other printed
4096	material that is required for a course:
4097	(i) offered by an institution of higher education; and
4098	(ii) that the purchaser of the textbook or other printed material attends or will attend.
4099	(b) "Textbook for a higher education course" includes a textbook in electronic format.
4100	(134) "Tobacco" means:
4101	(a) a cigarette;
4102	(b) a cigar;
4103	(c) chewing tobacco;
4104	(d) pipe tobacco; or
4105	(e) any other item that contains tobacco.
4106	(135) "Unassisted amusement device" means an amusement device, skill device, or
4107	ride device that is started and stopped by the purchaser or renter of the right to use or operate
4108	the amusement device, skill device, or ride device.
4109	(136) (a) "Use" means the exercise of any right or power over tangible personal
4110	property, a product transferred electronically, or a service under Subsection 59-12-103(1),
4111	incident to the ownership or the leasing of that tangible personal property, product transferred
4112	electronically, or service.
4113	(b) "Use" does not include the sale, display, demonstration, or trial of tangible personal
4114	property, a product transferred electronically, or a service in the regular course of business and
4115	held for resale.
4116	(137) "Value-added nonvoice data service" means a service:
4117	(a) that otherwise meets the definition of a telecommunications service except that a

4118	computer processing application is used to act primarily for a purpose other than conveyance,
4119	routing, or transmission; and
4120	(b) with respect to which a computer processing application is used to act on data or
4121	information:
4122	(i) code;
4123	(ii) content;
4124	(iii) form; or
4125	(iv) protocol.
4126	(138) (a) Subject to Subsection (138)(b), "vehicle" means the following that are
4127	required to be titled, registered, or titled and registered:
4128	(i) an aircraft as defined in Section 72-10-102;
4129	(ii) a vehicle as defined in Section 41-1a-102;
4130	(iii) an off-highway vehicle as defined in Section 41-22-2; or
4131	(iv) a vessel as defined in Section 41-1a-102.
4132	(b) For purposes of Subsection 59-12-104(33) only, "vehicle" includes:
4133	(i) a vehicle described in Subsection (138)(a); or
4134	(ii) (A) a locomotive;
4135	(B) a freight car;
4136	(C) railroad work equipment; or
4137	(D) other railroad rolling stock.
4138	(139) "Vehicle dealer" means a person engaged in the business of buying, selling, or
4139	exchanging a vehicle as defined in Subsection (138).
4140	(140) (a) "Vertical service" means an ancillary service that:
4141	(i) is offered in connection with one or more telecommunications services; and
4142	(ii) offers an advanced calling feature that allows a customer to:
4143	(A) identify a caller; and
4144	(B) manage multiple calls and call connections.
4145	(b) "Vertical service" includes an ancillary service that allows a customer to manage a
4146	conference bridging service.
4147	(141) (a) "Voice mail service" means an ancillary service that enables a customer to
4148	receive, send, or store a recorded message.

4149	(b) "Voice mail service" does not include a vertical service that a customer is required
4150	to have in order to utilize a voice mail service.
4151	(142) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (142)(b), "waste energy facility" means a
4152	facility that generates electricity:
4153	(i) using as the primary source of energy waste materials that would be placed in a
4154	landfill or refuse pit if it were not used to generate electricity, including:
4155	(A) tires;
4156	(B) waste coal;
4157	(C) oil shale; or
4158	(D) municipal solid waste; and
4159	(ii) in amounts greater than actually required for the operation of the facility.
4160	(b) "Waste energy facility" does not include a facility that incinerates:
4161	(i) hospital waste as defined in 40 C.F.R. 60.51c; or
4162	(ii) medical/infectious waste as defined in 40 C.F.R. 60.51c.
4163	(143) "Watercraft" means a vessel as defined in Section 73-18-2.
4164	(144) "Wind energy" means wind used as the sole source of energy to produce
4165	electricity.
4166	(145) "ZIP Code" means a Zoning Improvement Plan Code assigned to a geographic
4167	location by the United States Postal Service.
4168	Section 58. Section <b>59-12-702</b> is amended to read:
4169	59-12-702. Definitions.
4170	As used in this part:
4171	(1) "Administrative unit" means a division of a private nonprofit organization or
4172	institution that:
4173	(a) would, if it were a separate entity, be a botanical organization or cultural
4174	organization; and
4175	(b) consistently maintains books and records separate from those of its parent
4176	organization.
4177	(2) "Aquarium" means a park or building where a collection of water animals and
4178	plants is kept for study, conservation, and public exhibition.
4179	(3) "Aviary" means a park or building where a collection of birds is kept for study,

4180	conservation, and public exhibition.
4181	(4) "Botanical organization" means:
4182	(a) a private nonprofit organization or institution having as its primary purpose the
4183	advancement and preservation of plant science through horticultural display, botanical
4184	research, and community education; or
4185	(b) an administrative unit.
4186	(5) "Cultural facility" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-12-602.
4187	(6) (a) "Cultural organization":
4188	(i) means:
4189	(A) a private nonprofit organization or institution having as its primary purpose the
4190	advancement and preservation of:
4191	(I) natural history;
4192	(II) art;
4193	(III) music;
4194	(IV) theater;
4195	(V) dance; or
4196	(VI) cultural arts, including literature, a motion picture, or storytelling;
4197	(B) an administrative unit; and
4198	(ii) includes, for purposes of Subsections 59-12-704(1)(d) and (6) only:
4199	(A) a private nonprofit organization or institution having as its primary purpose the
4200	advancement and preservation of history; or
4201	(B) a municipal or county cultural council having as its primary purpose the
4202	advancement and preservation of:
4203	(I) history;
4204	(II) natural history;
4205	(III) art;
4206	(IV) music;
4207	(V) theater; or
4208	(VI) dance.
4209	(b) "Cultural organization" does not include:
4210	(i) an agency of the state;

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4211 (ii) except as provided in Subsection (6)(a)(ii)(B), a political subdivision of the state; 4212 (iii) an educational institution whose annual revenues are directly derived more than 4213 50% from state funds; or 4214 (iv) in a county of the first or second class, a radio or television broadcasting network 4215 or station, cable communications system, newspaper, or magazine. 4216 (7) "Institution" means an institution of higher education listed in [Subsections] 4217 Subsection 53B-1-102(1)[(b) through (k)](a). (8) "Recreational facility" means a publicly owned or operated park, campground, 4218 4219 marina, dock, golf course, playground, athletic field, gymnasium, swimming pool, trail system, 4220 or other facility used for recreational purposes. 4221 (9) "Rural radio station" means a nonprofit radio station based in a county of the third, 4222 fourth, fifth, or sixth class. 4223 (10) In a county of the first class, "zoological facility" means a public, public-private 4224 partnership, or private nonprofit building, exhibit, utility and infrastructure, walkway, pathway, roadway, office, administration facility, public service facility, educational facility, enclosure, 4225 4226 public viewing area, animal barrier, animal housing, animal care facility, and veterinary and 4227 hospital facility related to the advancement, exhibition, or preservation of a mammal, bird, 4228 reptile, fish, or an amphibian. 4229 (11) (a) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (11)(a)(ii), "zoological organization" 4230 means a public, public-private partnership, or private nonprofit organization having as its 4231 primary purpose the advancement and preservation of zoology. 4232 (ii) In a county of the first class, "zoological organization" means a nonprofit 4233 organization having as its primary purpose the advancement and exhibition of a mammal, bird, 4234 reptile, fish, or an amphibian to an audience of 75,000 or more persons annually. 4235 (b) "Zoological organization" does not include an agency of the state, educational 4236 institution, radio or television broadcasting network or station, cable communications system, 4237 newspaper, or magazine. 4238 (12) "Zoological park" means a park or garden where a collection of wild animals is kept for study, conservation, and public exhibition. 4239

63A-2-402. State surplus property program -- Participation by institutions of

Section 59. Section **63A-2-402** is amended to read:

4242	higher education.
4243	[The] (1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), the State Board of Regents shall:
4244	[(1)] (a) implement a policy requiring each institution of higher education to submit to
4245	the division a listing of surplus property available for sale outside the institution, at least 15
4246	days prior to the intended sale date;
4247	[(2)] (b) supervise and assist compliance by the institutions of higher education with
4248	the requirement of this part; and
4249	[(3)] (c) encourage institutions of higher education to acquire federal surplus property
4250	from the division to reduce expenditures.
4251	(2) The Utah System of Technical Colleges Board of Trustees shall conduct the
4252	activities described in Subsection (1) for a technical college described in Section 53B-2a-105.
4253	Section 60. Section <b>63A-9-101</b> is amended to read:
4254	63A-9-101. Definitions.
4255	(1) (a) "Agency" means each department, commission, board, council, agency,
4256	institution, officer, corporation, fund, division, office, committee, authority, laboratory, library,
4257	unit, bureau, panel, or other administrative unit of the state.
4258	(b) "Agency" includes the State Board of Education[, an applied technology college
4259	within the Utah College of Applied Technology, the board of regents, the institutional councils
4260	${\color{red} \textbf{of each higher education institution,}}] \ and \ each \ higher \ education \ institution \ \underline{\textbf{described in Section}}$
4261	<u>53B-1-102</u> .
4262	(c) "Agency" includes the legislative and judicial branches.
4263	(2) "Committee" means the Motor Vehicle Review Committee created by this chapter.
4264	(3) "Director" means the director of the division.
4265	(4) "Division" means the Division of Fleet Operations created by this chapter.
4266	(5) "Executive director" means the executive director of the Department of
4267	Administrative Services.
4268	(6) "Local agency" means:
4269	(a) a county;
4270	(b) a municipality;
4271	(c) a school district;
4272	(d) a local district;

4273	(e) a special service district;
4274	(f) an interlocal entity as defined under Section 11-13-103; or
4275	(g) any other political subdivision of the state, including a local commission, board, or
4276	other governmental entity that is vested with the authority to make decisions regarding the
4277	public's business.
4278	(7) (a) "Motor vehicle" means a self-propelled vehicle capable of carrying passengers.
4279	(b) "Motor vehicle" includes vehicles used for construction and other nontransportation
4280	purposes.
4281	(8) "State vehicle" means each motor vehicle owned, operated, or in the possession of
4282	an agency.
4283	Section 61. Section 63F-2-102 is amended to read:
4284	63F-2-102. Data Security Management Council Membership Duties.
4285	(1) There is created the Data Security Management Council composed of nine
4286	members as follows:
4287	(a) the chief information officer appointed under Section 63F-1-201, or the chief
4288	information officer's designee;
4289	(b) one individual appointed by the governor;
4290	(c) one individual appointed by the speaker of the House of Representatives and the
4291	president of the Senate from the Legislative Information Technology Steering Committee; and
4292	(d) the highest ranking information technology official, or the highest ranking
4293	information technology official's designee, from each of:
4294	(i) the Judicial Council;
4295	(ii) the State Board of Regents;
4296	(iii) the State Board of Education;
4297	(iv) the Utah [College of Applied Technology] System of Technical Colleges Board of
4298	<u>Trustees</u> ;
4299	(v) the State Tax Commission; and
4300	(vi) the Office of the Attorney General.
4301	(2) The council shall elect a chair of the council by majority vote.
4302	(3) (a) A majority of the members of the council constitutes a quorum.
4303	(b) Action by a majority of a quorum of the council constitutes an action of the council.

4304	(4) The Department of Technology Services shall provide staff to the council.
4305	(5) The council shall meet monthly, or as often as necessary, to:
4306	(a) review existing state government data security policies;
4307	(b) assess ongoing risks to state government information technology;
4308	(c) create a method to notify state and local government entities of new risks;
4309	(d) coordinate data breach simulation exercises with state and local government
4310	entities; and
4311	(e) develop data security best practice recommendations for state government that
4312	include recommendations regarding:
4313	(i) hiring and training a chief information security officer for each government entity;
4314	(ii) continuous risk monitoring;
4315	(iii) password management;
4316	(iv) using the latest technology to identify and respond to vulnerabilities;
4317	(v) protecting data in new and old systems; and
4318	(vi) best procurement practices.
4319	(6) A member who is not a member of the Legislature may not receive compensation
4320	or benefits for the member's service but may receive per diem and travel expenses as provided
4321	in:
4322	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
4323	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
4324	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance under Sections 63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107.
4325	Section 62. Section 63G-2-305 is amended to read:
4326	63G-2-305. Protected records.
4327	The following records are protected if properly classified by a governmental entity:
4328	(1) trade secrets as defined in Section 13-24-2 if the person submitting the trade secre
4329	has provided the governmental entity with the information specified in Section 63G-2-309;
4330	(2) commercial information or nonindividual financial information obtained from a
4331	person if:
4332	(a) disclosure of the information could reasonably be expected to result in unfair
4333	competitive injury to the person submitting the information or would impair the ability of the
4334	governmental entity to obtain necessary information in the future;

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- 4335 (b) the person submitting the information has a greater interest in prohibiting access 4336 than the public in obtaining access; and 4337 (c) the person submitting the information has provided the governmental entity with 4338 the information specified in Section 63G-2-309; 4339 (3) commercial or financial information acquired or prepared by a governmental entity 4340 to the extent that disclosure would lead to financial speculations in currencies, securities, or 4341 commodities that will interfere with a planned transaction by the governmental entity or cause 4342 substantial financial injury to the governmental entity or state economy: 4343 (4) records, the disclosure of which could cause commercial injury to, or confer a 4344 competitive advantage upon a potential or actual competitor of, a commercial project entity as 4345 defined in Subsection 11-13-103(4); 4346 (5) test questions and answers to be used in future license, certification, registration, 4347 employment, or academic examinations: 4348 (6) records, the disclosure of which would impair governmental procurement 4349 proceedings or give an unfair advantage to any person proposing to enter into a contract or 4350 agreement with a governmental entity, except, subject to Subsections (1) and (2), that this 4351 Subsection (6) does not restrict the right of a person to have access to, after the contract or 4352 grant has been awarded and signed by all parties, a bid, proposal, application, or other 4353 information submitted to or by a governmental entity in response to: 4354 (a) an invitation for bids; 4355 (b) a request for proposals; (c) a request for quotes; 4356 4357 (d) a grant; or 4358 (e) other similar document; 4359 (7) information submitted to or by a governmental entity in response to a request for 4360 information, except, subject to Subsections (1) and (2), that this Subsection (7) does not restrict
  - (a) a contract directly relating to the subject of the request for information has been awarded and signed by all parties; or

the right of a person to have access to the information, after:

(b) (i) a final determination is made not to enter into a contract that relates to the subject of the request for information; and

- 4366 (ii) at least two years have passed after the day on which the request for information is 4367 issued;
  - (8) records that would identify real property or the appraisal or estimated value of real or personal property, including intellectual property, under consideration for public acquisition before any rights to the property are acquired unless:
  - (a) public interest in obtaining access to the information is greater than or equal to the governmental entity's need to acquire the property on the best terms possible;
  - (b) the information has already been disclosed to persons not employed by or under a duty of confidentiality to the entity;
  - (c) in the case of records that would identify property, potential sellers of the described property have already learned of the governmental entity's plans to acquire the property;
  - (d) in the case of records that would identify the appraisal or estimated value of property, the potential sellers have already learned of the governmental entity's estimated value of the property; or
  - (e) the property under consideration for public acquisition is a single family residence and the governmental entity seeking to acquire the property has initiated negotiations to acquire the property as required under Section 78B-6-505;
  - (9) records prepared in contemplation of sale, exchange, lease, rental, or other compensated transaction of real or personal property including intellectual property, which, if disclosed prior to completion of the transaction, would reveal the appraisal or estimated value of the subject property, unless:
  - (a) the public interest in access is greater than or equal to the interests in restricting access, including the governmental entity's interest in maximizing the financial benefit of the transaction; or
  - (b) when prepared by or on behalf of a governmental entity, appraisals or estimates of the value of the subject property have already been disclosed to persons not employed by or under a duty of confidentiality to the entity;
  - (10) records created or maintained for civil, criminal, or administrative enforcement purposes or audit purposes, or for discipline, licensing, certification, or registration purposes, if release of the records:
    - (a) reasonably could be expected to interfere with investigations undertaken for

4397 enforcement, discipline, licensing, certification, or registration purposes;

- (b) reasonably could be expected to interfere with audits, disciplinary, or enforcement proceedings;
- (c) would create a danger of depriving a person of a right to a fair trial or impartial hearing;
- (d) reasonably could be expected to disclose the identity of a source who is not generally known outside of government and, in the case of a record compiled in the course of an investigation, disclose information furnished by a source not generally known outside of government if disclosure would compromise the source; or
- (e) reasonably could be expected to disclose investigative or audit techniques, procedures, policies, or orders not generally known outside of government if disclosure would interfere with enforcement or audit efforts;
- (11) records the disclosure of which would jeopardize the life or safety of an individual;
- (12) records the disclosure of which would jeopardize the security of governmental property, governmental programs, or governmental recordkeeping systems from damage, theft, or other appropriation or use contrary to law or public policy;
- (13) records that, if disclosed, would jeopardize the security or safety of a correctional facility, or records relating to incarceration, treatment, probation, or parole, that would interfere with the control and supervision of an offender's incarceration, treatment, probation, or parole;
- (14) records that, if disclosed, would reveal recommendations made to the Board of Pardons and Parole by an employee of or contractor for the Department of Corrections, the Board of Pardons and Parole, or the Department of Human Services that are based on the employee's or contractor's supervision, diagnosis, or treatment of any person within the board's jurisdiction;
- (15) records and audit workpapers that identify audit, collection, and operational procedures and methods used by the State Tax Commission, if disclosure would interfere with audits or collections;
- (16) records of a governmental audit agency relating to an ongoing or planned audit until the final audit is released;
- (17) records that are subject to the attorney client privilege;

4420	(18) records prepared for or by an attorney, consultant, surety, indefinition, insurer,
4429	employee, or agent of a governmental entity for, or in anticipation of, litigation or a judicial,
4430	quasi-judicial, or administrative proceeding;
4431	(19) (a) (i) personal files of a state legislator, including personal correspondence to or
4432	from a member of the Legislature; and
4433	(ii) notwithstanding Subsection (19)(a)(i), correspondence that gives notice of
4434	legislative action or policy may not be classified as protected under this section; and
4435	(b) (i) an internal communication that is part of the deliberative process in connection
4436	with the preparation of legislation between:
4437	(A) members of a legislative body;
4438	(B) a member of a legislative body and a member of the legislative body's staff; or
4439	(C) members of a legislative body's staff; and
4440	(ii) notwithstanding Subsection (19)(b)(i), a communication that gives notice of
4441	legislative action or policy may not be classified as protected under this section;
4442	(20) (a) records in the custody or control of the Office of Legislative Research and
4443	General Counsel, that, if disclosed, would reveal a particular legislator's contemplated
4444	legislation or contemplated course of action before the legislator has elected to support the
4445	legislation or course of action, or made the legislation or course of action public; and
4446	(b) notwithstanding Subsection (20)(a), the form to request legislation submitted to the
4447	Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel is a public document unless a legislator
4448	asks that the records requesting the legislation be maintained as protected records until such
4449	time as the legislator elects to make the legislation or course of action public;
4450	(21) research requests from legislators to the Office of Legislative Research and
4451	General Counsel or the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst and research findings prepared
4452	in response to these requests;
4453	(22) drafts, unless otherwise classified as public;
4454	(23) records concerning a governmental entity's strategy about:
4455	(a) collective bargaining; or
4456	(b) imminent or pending litigation;
4457	(24) records of investigations of loss occurrences and analyses of loss occurrences that
4458	may be covered by the Risk Management Fund, the Employers' Reinsurance Fund, the

4459 Uninsured Employers' Fund, or similar divisions in other governmental entities;

- (25) records, other than personnel evaluations, that contain a personal recommendation concerning an individual if disclosure would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy, or disclosure is not in the public interest;
- (26) records that reveal the location of historic, prehistoric, paleontological, or biological resources that if known would jeopardize the security of those resources or of valuable historic, scientific, educational, or cultural information;
- (27) records of independent state agencies if the disclosure of the records would conflict with the fiduciary obligations of the agency;
- (28) records of an institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section 53B-1-102 regarding tenure evaluations, appointments, applications for admissions, retention decisions, and promotions, which could be properly discussed in a meeting closed in accordance with Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act, provided that records of the final decisions about tenure, appointments, retention, promotions, or those students admitted, may not be classified as protected under this section;
- (29) records of the governor's office, including budget recommendations, legislative proposals, and policy statements, that if disclosed would reveal the governor's contemplated policies or contemplated courses of action before the governor has implemented or rejected those policies or courses of action or made them public;
- (30) records of the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst relating to budget analysis, revenue estimates, and fiscal notes of proposed legislation before issuance of the final recommendations in these areas:
- (31) records provided by the United States or by a government entity outside the state that are given to the governmental entity with a requirement that they be managed as protected records if the providing entity certifies that the record would not be subject to public disclosure if retained by it;
- (32) transcripts, minutes, or reports of the closed portion of a meeting of a public body except as provided in Section 52-4-206;
- (33) records that would reveal the contents of settlement negotiations but not including final settlements or empirical data to the extent that they are not otherwise exempt from disclosure;

- (34) memoranda prepared by staff and used in the decision-making process by an administrative law judge, a member of the Board of Pardons and Parole, or a member of any other body charged by law with performing a quasi-judicial function;
- (35) records that would reveal negotiations regarding assistance or incentives offered by or requested from a governmental entity for the purpose of encouraging a person to expand or locate a business in Utah, but only if disclosure would result in actual economic harm to the person or place the governmental entity at a competitive disadvantage, but this section may not be used to restrict access to a record evidencing a final contract;
- (36) materials to which access must be limited for purposes of securing or maintaining the governmental entity's proprietary protection of intellectual property rights including patents, copyrights, and trade secrets;
- (37) the name of a donor or a prospective donor to a governmental entity, including an institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section 53B-1-102, and other information concerning the donation that could reasonably be expected to reveal the identity of the donor, provided that:
  - (a) the donor requests anonymity in writing;
- (b) any terms, conditions, restrictions, or privileges relating to the donation may not be classified protected by the governmental entity under this Subsection (37); and
- (c) except for an institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section 53B-1-102, the governmental unit to which the donation is made is primarily engaged in educational, charitable, or artistic endeavors, and has no regulatory or legislative authority over the donor, a member of the donor's immediate family, or any entity owned or controlled by the donor or the donor's immediate family;
- 4513 (38) accident reports, except as provided in Sections 41-6a-404, 41-12a-202, and 4514 73-18-13;
- 4515 (39) a notification of workers' compensation insurance coverage described in Section 4516 34A-2-205;
  - (40) (a) the following records of an institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section 53B-1-102, which have been developed, discovered, disclosed to, or received by or on behalf of faculty, staff, employees, or students of the institution:
    - (i) unpublished lecture notes;

4521	(11) unpublished notes, data, and information:
4522	(A) relating to research; and
4523	(B) of:
4524	(I) the institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section
4525	53B-1-102; or
4526	(II) a sponsor of sponsored research;
4527	(iii) unpublished manuscripts;
4528	(iv) creative works in process;
4529	(v) scholarly correspondence; and
4530	(vi) confidential information contained in research proposals;
4531	(b) Subsection (40)(a) may not be construed to prohibit disclosure of public
4532	information required pursuant to Subsection 53B-16-302(2)(a) or (b); and
4533	(c) Subsection (40)(a) may not be construed to affect the ownership of a record;
4534	(41) (a) records in the custody or control of the Office of Legislative Auditor General
4535	that would reveal the name of a particular legislator who requests a legislative audit prior to the
4536	date that audit is completed and made public; and
4537	(b) notwithstanding Subsection (41)(a), a request for a legislative audit submitted to the
4538	Office of the Legislative Auditor General is a public document unless the legislator asks that
4539	the records in the custody or control of the Office of Legislative Auditor General that would
4540	reveal the name of a particular legislator who requests a legislative audit be maintained as
4541	protected records until the audit is completed and made public;
4542	(42) records that provide detail as to the location of an explosive, including a map or
4543	other document that indicates the location of:
4544	(a) a production facility; or
4545	(b) a magazine;
4546	(43) information:
4547	(a) contained in the statewide database of the Division of Aging and Adult Services
4548	created by Section 62A-3-311.1; or
4549	(b) received or maintained in relation to the Identity Theft Reporting Information
4550	System (IRIS) established under Section 67-5-22;
4551	(44) information contained in the Management Information System and Licensing

4332	miormation System described in True 62A, Chapter 4a, Child and Family Services,
4553	(45) information regarding National Guard operations or activities in support of the
4554	National Guard's federal mission;
4555	(46) records provided by any pawn or secondhand business to a law enforcement
4556	agency or to the central database in compliance with Title 13, Chapter 32a, Pawnshop and
4557	Secondhand Merchandise Transaction Information Act;
4558	(47) information regarding food security, risk, and vulnerability assessments performed
4559	by the Department of Agriculture and Food;
4560	(48) except to the extent that the record is exempt from this chapter pursuant to Section
4561	63G-2-106, records related to an emergency plan or program, a copy of which is provided to or
4562	prepared or maintained by the Division of Emergency Management, and the disclosure of
4563	which would jeopardize:
4564	(a) the safety of the general public; or
4565	(b) the security of:
4566	(i) governmental property;
4567	(ii) governmental programs; or
4568	(iii) the property of a private person who provides the Division of Emergency
4569	Management information;
4570	(49) records of the Department of Agriculture and Food that provides for the
4571	identification, tracing, or control of livestock diseases, including any program established under
4572	Title 4, Chapter 24, Utah Livestock Brand and Anti-Theft Act, or Title 4, Chapter 31, Control
4573	of Animal Disease;
4574	(50) as provided in Section 26-39-501:
4575	(a) information or records held by the Department of Health related to a complaint
4576	regarding a child care program or residential child care which the department is unable to
4577	substantiate; and
4578	(b) information or records related to a complaint received by the Department of Health
4579	from an anonymous complainant regarding a child care program or residential child care;
4580	(51) unless otherwise classified as public under Section 63G-2-301 and except as
4581	provided under Section 41-1a-116, an individual's home address, home telephone number, or
4582	personal mobile phone number, if:

4583	(a) the individual is required to provide the information in order to comply with a law,
4584	ordinance, rule, or order of a government entity; and
4585	(b) the subject of the record has a reasonable expectation that this information will be
4586	kept confidential due to:
4587	(i) the nature of the law, ordinance, rule, or order; and
4588	(ii) the individual complying with the law, ordinance, rule, or order;
4589	(52) the name, home address, work addresses, and telephone numbers of an individual
4590	that is engaged in, or that provides goods or services for, medical or scientific research that is:
4591	(a) conducted within the state system of higher education, as defined in Section
4592	53B-1-102; and
4593	(b) conducted using animals;
4594	(53) an initial proposal under Title 63N, Chapter 13, Part 2, Government Procurement
4595	Private Proposal Program, to the extent not made public by rules made under that chapter;
4596	(54) in accordance with Section 78A-12-203, any record of the Judicial Performance
4597	Evaluation Commission concerning an individual commissioner's vote on whether or not to
4598	recommend that the voters retain a judge;
4599	(55) information collected and a report prepared by the Judicial Performance
4600	Evaluation Commission concerning a judge, unless Section 20A-7-702 or Title 78A, Chapter
4601	12, Judicial Performance Evaluation Commission Act, requires disclosure of, or makes public,
4602	the information or report;
4603	(56) records contained in the Management Information System created in Section
4604	62A-4a-1003;
4605	(57) records provided or received by the Public Lands Policy Coordinating Office in
4606	furtherance of any contract or other agreement made in accordance with Section 63J-4-603;
4607	(58) information requested by and provided to the 911 Division under Section
4608	63H-7a-302;
4609	(59) in accordance with Section 73-10-33:
4610	(a) a management plan for a water conveyance facility in the possession of the Division
4611	of Water Resources or the Board of Water Resources; or
4612	(b) an outline of an emergency response plan in possession of the state or a county or
4613	municipality;

- (60) the following records in the custody or control of the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid Services, created in Section 63A-13-201:
- (a) records that would disclose information relating to allegations of personal misconduct, gross mismanagement, or illegal activity of a person if the information or allegation cannot be corroborated by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid Services through other documents or evidence, and the records relating to the allegation are not relied upon by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid Services in preparing a final investigation report or final audit report;
- (b) records and audit workpapers to the extent they would disclose the identity of a person who, during the course of an investigation or audit, communicated the existence of any Medicaid fraud, waste, or abuse, or a violation or suspected violation of a law, rule, or regulation adopted under the laws of this state, a political subdivision of the state, or any recognized entity of the United States, if the information was disclosed on the condition that the identity of the person be protected;
- (c) before the time that an investigation or audit is completed and the final investigation or final audit report is released, records or drafts circulated to a person who is not an employee or head of a governmental entity for the person's response or information;
- (d) records that would disclose an outline or part of any investigation, audit survey plan, or audit program; or
- (e) requests for an investigation or audit, if disclosure would risk circumvention of an investigation or audit;
- (61) records that reveal methods used by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid Services, the fraud unit, or the Department of Health, to discover Medicaid fraud, waste, or abuse;
- (62) information provided to the Department of Health or the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing under Subsection 58-68-304(3) or (4);
  - (63) a record described in Section 63G-12-210;
- (64) captured plate data that is obtained through an automatic license plate reader system used by a governmental entity as authorized in Section 41-6a-2003; [and]
- 4643 (65) any record in the custody of the Utah Office for Victims of Crime relating to a victim, including:

(a) a victim's application or request for benefits;

4646	(b) a victim's receipt or denial of benefits; and
4647	(c) any administrative notes or records made or created for the purpose of, or used to,
4648	evaluate or communicate a victim's eligibility for or denial of benefits from the Crime Victim
4649	Reparations Fund[-]; and
4650	(66) a record pertaining to the search process for a president of an institution of higher
4651	education described in Section 53B-2-102, except for application materials for a publicly
4652	announced finalist.
4653	Section 63. Section 63G-6a-103 is amended to read:
4654	63G-6a-103. Definitions.
4655	As used in this chapter:
4656	(1) "Administrative law judge" means the same as that term is defined in Section
4657	67-19e-102.
4658	(2) "Administrative law judge service" means service provided by an administrative
4659	law judge.
4660	(3) "Applicable rulemaking authority" means:
4661	(a) for a legislative procurement unit, the Legislative Management Committee;
4662	(b) for a judicial procurement unit, the Judicial Council;
4663	(c) (i) only to the extent of the procurement authority expressly granted to the
4664	procurement unit by statute:
4665	(A) for the building board or the Division of Facilities Construction and Management,
4666	created in Section 63A-5-201, the building board;
4667	(B) for the Office of the Attorney General, the attorney general; and
4668	(C) for the Department of Transportation created in Section 72-1-201, the executive
4669	director of the Department of Transportation; and
4670	(ii) for each other executive branch procurement unit, the board;
4671	(d) for a local government procurement unit:
4672	(i) the legislative body of the local government procurement unit; or
4673	(ii) an individual or body designated by the legislative body of the local government
4674	procurement unit;
4675	(e) for a school district or a public school, the board, except to the extent of a school

4677	(f) for a state institution of higher education <u>described in:</u>
4678	(i) Subsections 53B-1-102(1)(a) and (c), the State Board of Regents; or
4679	(ii) Subsection 53B-1-102(1)(b), the Utah System of Technical Colleges Board of
4680	<u>Trustees;</u>
4681	(g) for a public transit district, the chief executive of the public transit district;
4682	(h) for a local district other than a public transit district or for a special service district:
4683	(i) before January 1, 2015, the board of trustees of the local district or the governing
4684	body of the special service district; or
4685	(ii) on or after January 1, 2015, the board, except to the extent that the board of trustees
4686	of the local district or the governing body of the special service district makes its own rules:
4687	(A) with respect to a subject addressed by board rules; or
4688	(B) that are in addition to board rules; or
4689	(i) for any other procurement unit, the board.
4690	(4) "Approved vendor" means a vendor who has been approved through the approved
4691	vendor list process.
4692	(5) "Approved vendor list" means a list of approved vendors established under Section
4693	63G-6a-507.
4694	(6) "Approved vendor list process" means the procurement process described in
4695	Section 63G-6a-507.
4696	(7) "Bidder" means a person who submits a bid or price quote in response to an
4697	invitation for bids.
4698	(8) "Bidding process" means the procurement process described in Part 6, Bidding.
4699	(9) "Board" means the Utah State Procurement Policy Board, created in Section
4700	63G-6a-202.
4701	(10) "Building board" means the State Building Board, created in Section 63A-5-101.
4702	(11) "Change directive" means a written order signed by the procurement officer that
4703	directs the contractor to suspend work or make changes, as authorized by contract, without the
4704	consent of the contractor.
4705	(12) "Change order" means a written alteration in specifications, delivery point, rate of
4706	delivery, period of performance, price, quantity, or other provisions of a contract, upon mutual

district's own nonadministrative rules that do not conflict with the provisions of this chapter;

4/0/	agreement of the parties to the contract.
4708	(13) "Chief procurement officer" means the chief procurement officer appointed under
4709	Subsection 63G-6a-302(1).
4710	(14) "Conducting procurement unit" means a procurement unit that conducts all
4711	aspects of a procurement:
4712	(a) except:
4713	(i) reviewing a solicitation to verify that it is in proper form; and
4714	(ii) causing the publication of a notice of a solicitation; and
4715	(b) including:
4716	(i) preparing any solicitation document;
4717	(ii) appointing an evaluation committee;
4718	(iii) conducting the evaluation process, except as provided in Subsection
4719	63G-6a-707(6)(b) relating to scores calculated for costs of proposals;
4720	(iv) selecting and recommending the person to be awarded a contract;
4721	(v) negotiating the terms and conditions of a contract, subject to the issuing
4722	procurement unit's approval; and
4723	(vi) contract administration.
4724	(15) "Conservation district" means the same as that term is defined in Section
4725	17D-3-102.
4726	(16) "Construction":
4727	(a) means services, including work, and supplies for a project for the construction,
4728	renovation, alteration, improvement, or repair of a public facility on real property; and
4729	(b) does not include services and supplies for the routine, day-to-day operation, repair,
4730	or maintenance of an existing public facility.
4731	(17) "Construction manager/general contractor":
4732	(a) means a contractor who enters into a contract:
4733	(i) for the management of a construction project; and
4734	(ii) that allows the contractor to subcontract for additional labor and materials that are
4735	not included in the contractor's cost proposal submitted at the time of the procurement of the
4736	contractor's services; and
4737	(b) does not include a contractor whose only subcontract work not included in the

4738	contractor's cost proposal submitted as part of the procurement of the contractor's services is to
4739	meet subcontracted portions of change orders approved within the scope of the project.
4740	(18) "Contract" means an agreement for a procurement.
4741	(19) "Contract administration" means all functions, duties, and responsibilities
4742	associated with managing, overseeing, and carrying out a contract between a procurement unit
4743	and a contractor, including:
4744	(a) implementing the contract;
4745	(b) ensuring compliance with the contract terms and conditions by the conducting
4746	procurement unit and the contractor;
4747	(c) executing change orders;
4748	(d) processing contract amendments;
4749	(e) resolving, to the extent practicable, contract disputes;
4750	(f) curing contract errors and deficiencies;
4751	(g) terminating a contract;
4752	(h) measuring or evaluating completed work and contractor performance;
4753	(i) computing payments under the contract; and
4754	(j) closing out a contract.
4755	(20) "Contractor" means a person who is awarded a contract with a procurement unit.
4756	(21) "Cooperative procurement" means procurement conducted by, or on behalf of:
4757	(a) more than one procurement unit; or
4758	(b) a procurement unit and a cooperative purchasing organization.
4759	(22) "Cooperative purchasing organization" means an organization, association, or
4760	alliance of purchasers established to combine purchasing power in order to obtain the best
4761	value for the purchasers by engaging in procurements in accordance with Section 63G-6a-2105.
4762	(23) "Cost-plus-a-percentage-of-cost contract" means a contract under which the
4763	contractor is paid a percentage of the total actual expenses or costs in addition to the
4764	contractor's actual expenses or costs.
4765	(24) "Cost-reimbursement contract" means a contract under which a contractor is
4766	reimbursed for costs which are allowed and allocated in accordance with the contract terms and
4767	the provisions of this chapter, and a fee, if any.

(25) "Days" means calendar days, unless expressly provided otherwise.

4769	(26) "Definite quantity contract" means a fixed price contract that provides for a
4770	specified amount of supplies over a specified period, with deliveries scheduled according to a
4771	specified schedule.
4772	(27) "Design-build" means the procurement of design professional services and
4773	construction by the use of a single contract.
4774	(28) "Design professional" means:
4775	(a) an individual licensed as an architect under Title 58, Chapter 3a, Architects
4776	Licensing Act; or
4777	(b) an individual licensed as a professional engineer or professional land surveyor
4778	under Title 58, Chapter 22, Professional Engineers and Professional Land Surveyors Licensing
4779	Act.
4780	(29) "Design professional procurement process" means the procurement process
4781	described in Part 15, Design Professional Services.
4782	(30) "Design professional services" means:
4783	(a) professional services within the scope of the practice of architecture as defined in
4784	Section 58-3a-102;
4785	(b) professional engineering as defined in Section 58-22-102; or
4786	(c) master planning and programming services.
4787	(31) "Director" means the director of the division.
4788	(32) "Division" means the Division of Purchasing and General Services, created in
4789	Section 63A-2-101.
4790	(33) "Educational procurement unit" means:
4791	(a) a school district;
4792	(b) a public school, including a local school board [and] or a charter school;
4793	(c) the Utah Schools for the Deaf and Blind;
4794	(d) the Utah Education and Telehealth Network; or
4795	(e) an institution of higher education of the state <u>described in Section 53B-1-102</u> .
4796	(34) "Established catalogue price" means the price included in a catalogue, price list,
4797	schedule, or other form that:
4798	(a) is regularly maintained by a manufacturer or contractor;
4799	(b) is published or otherwise available for inspection by customers; and

1000	(c) states prices at which sales are currently of were last made to a significant number
1801	of any category of buyers or buyers constituting the general buying public for the supplies or
1802	services involved.
1803	(35) "Executive branch procurement unit" means a department, division, office,
1804	bureau, agency, or other organization within the state executive branch.
1805	(36) "Fixed price contract" means a contract that provides a price, for each
1806	procurement item obtained under the contract, that is not subject to adjustment except to the
1807	extent that:
1808	(a) the contract provides, under circumstances specified in the contract, for an
1809	adjustment in price that is not based on cost to the contractor; or
1810	(b) an adjustment is required by law.
1811	(37) "Fixed price contract with price adjustment" means a fixed price contract that
1812	provides for an upward or downward revision of price, precisely described in the contract, that:
1813	(a) is based on the consumer price index or another commercially acceptable index,
1814	source, or formula; and
1815	(b) is not based on a percentage of the cost to the contractor.
1816	(38) "Grant" means an expenditure of public funds or other assistance, or an agreement
1817	to expend public funds or other assistance, for a public purpose authorized by law, without
1818	acquiring a procurement item in exchange.
1819	(39) "Head of a procurement unit" means:
1820	(a) for a legislative procurement unit, any person designated by rule made by the
1821	applicable rulemaking authority;
1822	(b) for an executive branch procurement unit:
1823	(i) the director of the division; or
1824	(ii) any other person designated by the board, by rule;
1825	(c) for a judicial procurement unit:
1826	(i) the Judicial Council; or
1827	(ii) any other person designated by the Judicial Council, by rule;
1828	(d) for a local government procurement unit:
1829	(i) the legislative body of the local government procurement unit; or
1830	(ii) any other person designated by the local government procurement unit;

4831	(e) for a local district other than a public transit district, the board of trustees of the
4832	local district or a designee of the board of trustees;
4833	(f) for a special service district, the governing body of the special service district or a
4834	designee of the governing body;
4835	(g) for a local building authority, the board of directors of the local building authority or
4836	a designee of the board of directors;
4837	(h) for a conservation district, the board of supervisors of the conservation district or a
4838	designee of the board of supervisors;
4839	(i) for a public corporation, the board of directors of the public corporation or a
4840	designee of the board of directors;
4841	(j) for a school district or any school or entity within a school district, the board of the
4842	school district, or the board's designee;
4843	(k) for a charter school, the individual or body with executive authority over the charter
4844	school, or the individual's or body's designee;
4845	(l) for an institution of higher education [of the state] described in Section 53B-2-101,
4846	the president of the institution of higher education, or the president's designee; or
4847	(m) for a public transit district, the board of trustees or a designee of the board of
4848	trustees.
4849	(40) "Immaterial error":
4850	(a) means an irregularity or abnormality that is:
4851	(i) a matter of form that does not affect substance; or
4852	(ii) an inconsequential variation from a requirement of a solicitation that has no, little,
4853	or a trivial effect on the procurement process and that is not prejudicial to other vendors; and
4854	(b) includes:
4855	(i) a missing signature, missing acknowledgment of an addendum, or missing copy of a
4856	professional license, bond, or insurance certificate;
4857	(ii) a typographical error;
4858	(iii) an error resulting from an inaccuracy or omission in the solicitation; and
4859	(iv) any other error that the chief procurement officer or the head of a procurement unit
4860	with independent procurement authority reasonably considers to be immaterial.
4861	(41) "Indefinite quantity contract" means a fixed price contract that:

4862	(a) is for an indefinite amount of procurement items to be supplied as ordered by a
4863	procurement unit; and
4864	(b) (i) does not require a minimum purchase amount; or
4865	(ii) provides a maximum purchase limit.
4866	(42) "Independent procurement authority" means authority granted to a procurement
4867	unit under Subsection 63G-6a-106(4)(a).
4868	(43) "Invitation for bids":
4869	(a) means a document used to solicit:
4870	(i) bids to provide a procurement item to a procurement unit; or
4871	(ii) quotes for a price of a procurement item to be provided to a procurement unit; and
4872	(b) includes all documents attached to or incorporated by reference in a document
4873	described in Subsection (43)(a).
4874	(44) "Issuing procurement unit" means a procurement unit that:
4875	(a) reviews a solicitation to verify that it is in proper form;
4876	(b) causes the notice of a solicitation to be published; and
4877	(c) negotiates and approves the terms and conditions of a contract.
4878	(45) "Judicial procurement unit" means:
4879	(a) the Utah Supreme Court;
4880	(b) the Utah Court of Appeals;
4881	(c) the Judicial Council;
4882	(d) a state judicial district; or
4883	(e) an office, committee, subcommittee, or other organization within the state judicial
4884	branch.
4885	(46) "Labor hour contract" is a contract under which:
4886	(a) the supplies and materials are not provided by, or through, the contractor; and
4887	(b) the contractor is paid a fixed rate that includes the cost of labor, overhead, and
4888	profit for a specified number of labor hours or days.
4889	(47) "Legislative procurement unit" means:
4890	(a) the Legislature;
4891	(b) the Senate;
4892	(c) the House of Representatives;

4893 (d) a staff office of the Legislature, the Senate, or the House of Representatives; or 4894 (e) an office, committee, subcommittee, commission, or other organization within the 4895 state legislative branch. 4896 (48) "Local building authority" means the same as that term is defined in Section 4897 17D-2-102. 4898 (49) "Local district" means the same as that term is defined in Section 17B-1-102. 4899 (50) "Local government procurement unit" means: 4900 (a) a county or municipality, and each office or agency of the county or municipality, 4901 unless the county or municipality adopts its own procurement code by ordinance; 4902 (b) a county or municipality that has adopted this entire chapter by ordinance, and each 4903 office or agency of that county or municipality; or 4904 (c) a county or municipality that has adopted a portion of this chapter by ordinance, to 4905 the extent that a term in the ordinance is used in the adopted portion of this chapter, and each office or agency of that county or municipality. 4906 (51) "Multiple award contracts" means the award of a contract for an indefinite 4907 4908 quantity of a procurement item to more than one bidder or offeror. (52) "Multiyear contract" means a contract that extends beyond a one-year period, 4909 4910 including a contract that permits renewal of the contract, without competition, beyond the first 4911 year of the contract. 4912 (53) "Municipality" means a city, town, or metro township. 4913 (54) "Nonadopting local government procurement unit" means: 4914 (a) a county or municipality that has not adopted Part 16, Protests, Part 17, 4915 Procurement Appeals Board, Part 18, Appeals to Court and Court Proceedings, and Part 19, 4916 General Provisions Related to Protest or Appeal; and 4917 (b) each office or agency of a county or municipality described in Subsection (54)(a). 4918 (55) "Offeror" means a person who submits a proposal in response to a request for 4919 proposals. 4920 (56) "Person" means the same as that term is defined in Section 68-3-12.5, excluding a 4921 political subdivision and a government office, department, division, bureau, or other body of 4922 government.

(57) "Preferred bidder" means a bidder that is entitled to receive a reciprocal preference

4924	under the requirements of this chapter.
4925	(58) "Procure" means to acquire a procurement item through a procurement.
4926	(59) "Procurement":
4927	(a) means a procurement unit's acquisition of a procurement item through an
4928	expenditure of public funds, or an agreement to expend public funds;
4929	(b) includes all functions that pertain to the acquisition of a procurement item,
4930	including:
4931	(i) preparing and issuing a solicitation; and
4932	(ii) (A) conducting a standard procurement process; or
4933	(B) conducting a procurement process that is an exception to a standard procurement
4934	process under Part 8, Exceptions to Procurement Requirements; and
4935	(c) does not include a grant.
4936	(60) "Procurement item" means a supply, a service, or construction.
4937	(61) "Procurement officer" means:
4938	(a) for a procurement unit with independent procurement authority:
4939	(i) the head of the procurement unit;
4940	(ii) a designee of the head of the procurement unit; or
4941	(iii) a person designated by rule made by the applicable rulemaking authority; or
4942	(b) for the division or a procurement unit without independent procurement authority,
4943	the chief procurement officer.
4944	(62) "Procurement unit":
4945	(a) means:
4946	(i) a legislative procurement unit;
4947	(ii) an executive branch procurement unit;
4948	(iii) a judicial procurement unit;
4949	(iv) an educational procurement unit;
4950	(v) a local government procurement unit;
4951	(vi) a local district;
4952	(vii) a special service district;
4953	(viii) a local building authority;
4954	(ix) a conservation district:

4955	(x) a public corporation; or
4956	(xi) a public transit district; and
4957	(b) does not include a political subdivision created under Title 11, Chapter 13,
4958	Interlocal Cooperation Act.
4959	(63) "Professional service" means labor, effort, or work that requires an elevated
4960	degree of specialized knowledge and discretion, including labor, effort, or work in the field of:
4961	(a) accounting;
4962	(b) architecture;
4963	(c) construction design and management;
4964	(d) engineering;
4965	(e) financial services;
4966	(f) information technology;
4967	(g) the law;
4968	(h) medicine;
4969	(i) psychiatry; or
4970	(j) underwriting.
4971	(64) "Protest officer" means:
4972	(a) for the division or a procurement unit with independent procurement authority:
4973	(i) the head of the procurement unit;
4974	(ii) a designee of the head of the procurement unit; or
4975	(iii) a person designated by rule made by the applicable rulemaking authority; or
4976	(b) for a procurement unit without independent procurement authority, the chief
4977	procurement officer or the chief procurement officer's designee.
4978	(65) "Public corporation" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63E-1-102.
4979	(66) "Public entity" means any government entity of the state or political subdivision of
4980	the state, including:
4981	(a) a procurement unit;
4982	(b) a municipality or county, regardless of whether the municipality or county has
4983	adopted this chapter or any part of this chapter; and
4984	(c) any other government entity located in the state that expends public funds.
4985	(67) "Public facility" means a building, structure, infrastructure, improvement, or other

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4986	facility of a public entity.
4987	(68) "Public funds" means money, regardless of its source, including from the federal
4988	government, that is owned or held by a procurement unit.
4989	(69) "Public transit district" means a public transit district organized under Title 17B,
4990	Chapter 2a, Part 8, Public Transit District Act.
4991	(70) "Qualified vendor" means a vendor who:
4992	(a) is responsible; and
4993	(b) submits a responsive statement of qualifications under Section 63G-6a-410 that
4994	meets the minimum mandatory requirements, evaluation criteria, and any applicable score
4995	thresholds set forth in the request for statement of qualifications.
4996	(71) "Real property" means land and any building, fixture, improvement, appurtenance,
4997	structure, or other development that is permanently affixed to land.
4998	(72) "Request for information" means a nonbinding process through which a
4999	procurement unit requests information relating to a procurement item.
5000	(73) "Request for proposals" means a document used to solicit proposals to provide a
5001	procurement item to a procurement unit, including all other documents that are attached to that
5002	document or incorporated in that document by reference.
5003	(74) "Request for proposals process" means the procurement process described in Part
5004	7, Request for Proposals.
5005	(75) "Request for statement of qualifications" means a document used to solicit
5006	information about the qualifications of a person interested in responding to a potential
5007	procurement, including all other documents attached to that document or incorporated in that
5008	document by reference.
5009	(76) "Requirements contract" means a contract:
5010	(a) under which a contractor agrees to provide a procurement unit's entire requirements
5011	for certain procurement items at prices specified in the contract during the contract period; and
5012	(b) that:

(i) does not require a minimum purchase amount; or

(a) meeting all the requirements of a solicitation; and

(77) "Responsible" means being capable, in all respects, of:

(ii) provides a maximum purchase limit.

5017	(b) fully performing all the requirements of the contract resulting from the solicitation,
5018	including being financially solvent with sufficient financial resources to perform the contract.
5019	(78) "Responsive" means conforming in all material respects to the requirements of a
5020	solicitation.
5021	(79) "Sealed" means manually or electronically secured to prevent disclosure.
5022	(80) "Service":
5023	(a) means labor, effort, or work to produce a result that is beneficial to a procurement
5024	unit;
5025	(b) includes a professional service; and
5026	(c) does not include labor, effort, or work provided under an employment agreement or
5027	a collective bargaining agreement.
5028	(81) "Small purchase process" means the procurement process described in Section
5029	63G-6a-506.
5030	(82) "Sole source contract" means a contract resulting from a sole source procurement.
5031	(83) "Sole source procurement" means a procurement without competition pursuant to
5032	a determination under Subsection 63G-6a-802(1)(a) that there is only one source for the
5033	procurement item.
5034	(84) "Solicitation" means an invitation for bids, request for proposals, request for
5035	statement of qualifications, or request for information.
5036	(85) "Solicitation response" means:
5037	(a) a bid submitted in response to an invitation for bids;
5038	(b) a proposal submitted in response to a request for proposals; or
5039	(c) a statement of qualifications submitted in response to a request for statement of
5040	qualifications.
5041	(86) "Special service district" means the same as that term is defined in Section
5042	17D-1-102.
5043	(87) "Specification" means any description of the physical or functional characteristics
5044	or of the nature of a procurement item included in an invitation for bids or a request for
5045	proposals, or otherwise specified or agreed to by a procurement unit, including a description of:
5046	(a) a requirement for inspecting or testing a procurement item; or
5047	(b) preparing a procurement item for delivery.

5048	(88) "Standard procurement process" means:
5049	(a) the bidding process;
5050	(b) the request for proposals process;
5051	(c) the approved vendor list process;
5052	(d) the small purchase process; or
5053	(e) the design professional procurement process.
5054	(89) "State cooperative contract" means a contract awarded by the division for and in
5055	behalf of all public entities.
5056	(90) "Statement of qualifications" means a written statement submitted to a
5057	procurement unit in response to a request for statement of qualifications.
5058	(91) "Subcontractor":
5059	(a) means a person under contract with a contractor or another subcontractor to provide
5060	services or labor for design or construction;
5061	(b) includes a trade contractor or specialty contractor; and
5062	(c) does not include a supplier who provides only materials, equipment, or supplies to a
5063	contractor or subcontractor.
5064	(92) "Supply" means a good, material, technology, piece of equipment, or any other
5065	item of personal property.
5066	(93) "Tie bid" means that the lowest responsive bids of responsible bidders are
5067	identical in price.
5068	(94) "Time and materials contract" means a contract under which the contractor is paid:
5069	(a) the actual cost of direct labor at specified hourly rates;
5070	(b) the actual cost of materials and equipment usage; and
5071	(c) an additional amount, expressly described in the contract, to cover overhead and
5072	profit, that is not based on a percentage of the cost to the contractor.
5073	(95) "Transitional costs":
5074	(a) means the costs of changing:
5075	(i) from an existing provider of a procurement item to another provider of that
5076	procurement item; or
5077	(ii) from an existing type of procurement item to another type;
5078	(b) includes:

(i) training costs;
(ii) conversion costs;
(iii) compatibility costs;
(iv) costs associated with system downtime;
(v) disruption of service costs;
(vi) staff time necessary to implement the change;
(vii) installation costs; and
(viii) ancillary software, hardware, equipment, or construction costs; and
(c) does not include:
(i) the costs of preparing for or engaging in a procurement process; or
(ii) contract negotiation or drafting costs.
(96) "Trial use contract" means a contract for a procurement item that the procurement
unit acquires for a trial use or testing to determine whether the procurement item will benefit
the procurement unit.
(97) "Vendor":
(a) means a person who is seeking to enter into a contract with a procurement unit to
provide a procurement item; and
(b) includes:
(i) a bidder;
(ii) an offeror;
(iii) an approved vendor; and
(iv) a design professional.
Section 64. Section 63J-3-103 is amended to read:
63J-3-103. Definitions.
As used in this chapter:
(1) (a) "Appropriations" means actual unrestricted capital and operating appropriations
from unrestricted General Fund and Education Fund sources.
(b) "Appropriations" includes appropriations that are contingent upon available
surpluses in the General Fund and Education Fund.
(c) "Appropriations" does not mean:
(i) public education expenditures;

5110	(ii) Utah Education and Telehealth Network expenditures in support of public
5111	education;
5112	(iii) Utah [College of Applied Technology] System of Technical Colleges expenditures
5113	in support of public education;
5114	(iv) State Tax Commission expenditures related to collection of income taxes in
5115	support of public education;
5116	(v) debt service expenditures;
5117	(vi) emergency expenditures;
5118	(vii) expenditures from all other fund or subfund sources;
5119	(viii) transfers or appropriations from the Education Fund to the Uniform School Fund;
5120	(ix) transfers into, or appropriations made to, the General Fund Budget Reserve
5121	Account established in Section 63J-1-312;
5122	(x) transfers into, or appropriations made to, the Education Budget Reserve Account
5123	established in Section 63J-1-313;
5124	(xi) transfers in accordance with Section 63J-1-314 into, or appropriations made to the
5125	Wildland Fire Suppression Fund created in Section 65A-8-204 or the State Disaster Recovery
5126	Restricted Account created in Section 53-2a-603;
5127	(xii) money appropriated to fund the total one-time project costs for the construction of
5128	capital developments as defined in Section 63A-5-104;
5129	(xiii) transfers or deposits into or appropriations made to the Centennial Highway Fund
5130	created by Section 72-2-118;
5131	(xiv) transfers or deposits into or appropriations made to the Transportation Investment
5132	Fund of 2005 created by Section 72-2-124;
5133	(xv) transfers or deposits into or appropriations made to:
5134	(A) the Department of Transportation from any source; or
5135	(B) any transportation-related account or fund from any source; or
5136	(xvi) supplemental appropriations from the General Fund to the Division of Forestry,
5137	Fire, and State Lands to provide money for wildland fire control expenses incurred during the
5138	current or previous fire years.
5139	(2) "Base year real per capita appropriations" means the result obtained for the state by
5140	dividing the fiscal year 1985 actual appropriations of the state less debt money by:

- 5141 (a) the state's July 1, 1983 population; and
  - (b) the fiscal year 1983 inflation index divided by 100.
- 5143 (3) "Calendar year" means the time period beginning on January 1 of any given year and ending on December 31 of the same year.
  - (4) "Fiscal emergency" means an extraordinary occurrence requiring immediate expenditures and includes the settlement under Laws of Utah 1988, Fourth Special Session, Chapter 4.
  - (5) "Fiscal year" means the time period beginning on July 1 of any given year and ending on June 30 of the subsequent year.
  - (6) "Fiscal year 1985 actual base year appropriations" means fiscal year 1985 actual capital and operations appropriations from General Fund and non-Uniform School Fund income tax revenue sources, less debt money.
  - (7) "Inflation index" means the change in the general price level of goods and services as measured by the Gross National Product Implicit Price Deflator of the Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce calculated as provided in Section 63J-3-202.
  - (8) (a) "Maximum allowable appropriations limit" means the appropriations that could be, or could have been, spent in any given year under the limitations of this chapter.
  - (b) "Maximum allowable appropriations limit" does not mean actual appropriations spent or actual expenditures.
  - (9) "Most recent fiscal year's inflation index" means the fiscal year inflation index two fiscal years previous to the fiscal year for which the maximum allowable inflation and population appropriations limit is being computed under this chapter.
  - (10) "Most recent fiscal year's population" means the fiscal year population two fiscal years previous to the fiscal year for which the maximum allowable inflation and population appropriations limit is being computed under this chapter.
  - (11) "Population" means the number of residents of the state as of July 1 of each year as calculated by the Governor's Office of Management and Budget according to the procedures and requirements of Section 63J-3-202.
  - (12) "Revenues" means the revenues of the state from every tax, penalty, receipt, and other monetary exaction and interest connected with it that are recorded as unrestricted revenue of the General Fund and from non-Uniform School Fund income tax revenues, except as

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the committee is appointed every two years.

5172	specifically exempted by this chapter.
5173	(13) "Security" means any bond, note, warrant, or other evidence of indebtedness,
5174	whether or not the bond, note, warrant, or other evidence of indebtedness is or constitutes an
5175	"indebtedness" within the meaning of any provision of the constitution or laws of this state.
5176	Section 65. Section 63N-12-203 is amended to read:
5177	63N-12-203. STEM Action Center Board creation Membership.
5178	(1) There is created the STEM Action Center Board within the office, composed of the
5179	following members:
5180	(a) six private sector members who represent business, appointed by the governor;
5181	(b) the state superintendent of public instruction or the state superintendent of public
5182	instruction's designee;
5183	(c) the commissioner of higher education or the commissioner of higher education's
5184	designee;
5185	(d) one member appointed by the governor;
5186	(e) a member of the State Board of Education, chosen by the chair of the State Board of
5187	Education;
5188	(f) the executive director of the office or the executive director's designee;
5189	(g) the Utah [College of Applied Technology] System of Technical Colleges
5190	commissioner of technical education or the Utah [College of Applied Technology] System of
5191	Technical Colleges commissioner of technical education's designee;
5192	(h) the executive director of the Department of Workforce Services or the executive
5193	director of the Department of Workforce Services' designee; and
5194	(i) one member who has a degree in engineering and experience working in a
5195	government military installation, appointed by the governor.
5196	(2) (a) The private sector members appointed by the governor in Subsection (1)(a) shall
5197	represent a business or trade association whose primary focus is science, technology, or
5198	engineering.
5199	(b) Except as required by Subsection (2)(c), members appointed by the governor shall
5200	be appointed to four-year terms.

(c) The length of terms of the members shall be staggered so that approximately half of

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5203 (d) The members may not serve more than two full consecutive terms except where the 5204 governor determines that an additional term is in the best interest of the state. 5205 (e) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be 5206 appointed for the unexpired term. 5207 (3) Attendance of a simple majority of the members constitutes a quorum for the 5208 transaction of official committee business. 5209 (4) Formal action by the committee requires a majority vote of a quorum. 5210 (5) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but 5211 may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with: 5212 (a) Section 63A-3-106; 5213 (b) Section 63A-3-107; and 5214 (c) rules made by the Division of Finance under Sections 63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107. 5215 (6) The governor shall select the chair of the board to serve a two-year term. 5216 (7) The executive director of the office or the executive director's designee shall serve as the vice chair of the board. 5217 5218 Section 66. Section 63N-12-212 is amended to read: 5219 63N-12-212. High school STEM education initiative. 5220 (1) Subject to legislative appropriations, after consulting with State Board of Education 5221 staff, the STEM Action Center shall award grants to school districts and charter schools to fund 5222 STEM related certification for high school students. 5223 (2) (a) A school district or charter school may apply for a grant from the STEM Action 5224 Center, through a competitive process, to fund the school district's or charter school's STEM 5225 related certification training program. 5226 (b) A school district's or charter school's STEM related certification training program 5227 shall: 5228 (i) prepare high school students to be job ready for available STEM related positions of 5229 employment; and 5230 (ii) when a student completes the program, result in the student gaining an

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(3) A school district or charter school may partner with one or more of the following to

industry-recognized employer STEM related certification.

provide a STEM related certification program:

5234	[(a) an applied technology college within the Utah College of Applied Technology;]
5235	(a) a technical college described in Section 53B-2a-105;
5236	(b) Salt Lake Community College;
5237	(c) Snow College;
5238	(d) Utah State University Eastern; or
5239	(e) a private sector employer.
5240	Section 67. Section 63N-12-213 is amended to read:
5241	63N-12-213. Computer science initiative for public schools.
5242	(1) As used in this section:
5243	(a) "Computational thinking" means the set of problem-solving skills and techniques
5244	that software engineers use to write programs that underlie computer applications, including
5245	decomposition, pattern recognition, pattern generalization, and algorithm design.
5246	(b) "Computer coding" means the process of writing script for a computer program or
5247	mobile device.
5248	(c) "Educator" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53A-6-103.
5249	(d) "Endorsement" means a stipulation, authorized by the State Board of Education and
5250	appended to a license, that specifies the areas of practice to which the license applies.
5251	(e) (i) "Institution of higher education" means the same as that term is defined in
5252	Section 53B-3-102.
5253	(ii) "Institution of higher education" includes [the Utah College of Applied
5254	Technology] a technical college described in Section 53B-2a-105.
5255	(f) "Employer" means a private employer, public employer, industry association, union,
5256	or the military.
5257	(g) "License" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53A-6-103.
5258	(2) Subject to legislative appropriations, on behalf of the board, the staff of the board
5259	and the staff of the State Board of Education shall collaborate to develop and implement a
5260	computer science initiative for public schools by:
5261	(a) creating an online repository that:
5262	(i) is available for school districts and charter schools to use as a resource; and
5263	(ii) includes high quality computer science instructional resources that are designed to
5264	teach students in all grade levels:

5265	(A) computational thinking skills; and
5266	(B) computer coding skills;
5267	(b) providing for professional development on teaching computer science by:
5268	(i) including resources for educators related to teaching computational thinking and
5269	computer coding in the STEM education high quality professional development application
5270	described in Section 63N-12-210; and
5271	(ii) providing statewide or regional professional development institutes; and
5272	(c) awarding grants to a school district or charter school, on a competitive basis, that
5273	may be used to provide incentives for an educator to earn a computer science endorsement.
5274	(3) A school district or charter school may enter into an agreement with one or more of
5275	the following entities to jointly apply for a grant under Subsection (2)(c):
5276	(a) a school district;
5277	(b) a charter school;
5278	(c) an employer;
5279	(d) an institution of higher education; or
5280	(e) a non-profit organization.
5281	(4) To apply for a grant described in Subsection (2)(c), a school district or charter
5282	school shall submit a plan to the State Board of Education for the use of the grant, including a
5283	statement of purpose that describes the methods the school district or charter school proposes
5284	to use to incentivize an educator to earn a computer science endorsement.
5285	(5) The board and the State Board of Education shall encourage schools to
5286	independently pursue computer science and coding initiatives, subject to local school board or
5287	charter school governing board approval, based on the unique needs of the school's students.
5288	(6) The board shall include information on the status of the computer science initiative
5289	in the annual report described in Section 63N-12-208.
5290	Section 68. Section 67-1-12 is amended to read:
5291	67-1-12. Displaced defense workers.
5292	(1) The governor, through the Department of Workforce Services, may use funds
5293	specifically appropriated by the Legislature to benefit, in a manner prescribed by Subsection
5294	(2):
5295	(a) Department of Defense employees within the state who lose their employment

because of reductions in defense spending by the federal government;

- (b) persons dismissed by a defense-related industry employer because of reductions in federal government defense contracts received by the employer; and
- (c) defense-related businesses in the state that have been severely and adversely impacted because of reductions in defense spending.
- (2) Funds appropriated under this section before fiscal year 1999-2000 but not expended shall remain with the agency that possesses the funds and shall be used in a manner consistent with this section. Any amount appropriated under this section in fiscal year 1999-2000 or thereafter may be used to:
- (a) provide matching or enhancement funds for grants, loans, or other assistance received by the state from the United States Department of Labor, Department of Defense, or other federal agency to assist in retraining, community assistance, or technology transfer activities;
- (b) fund or match available private or public funds from the state or local level to be used for retraining, community assistance, technology transfer, or educational projects coordinated by state or federal agencies;
- (c) provide for retraining, upgraded services, and programs at [applied technology] technical colleges, public schools, higher education institutions, or any other appropriate public or private entity that are designed to teach specific job skills requested by a private employer in the state or required for occupations that are in demand in the state;
  - (d) aid public or private entities that provide assistance in locating new employment;
- (e) inform the public of assistance programs available for persons who have lost their employment;
  - (f) increase funding for assistance and retraining programs;
- (g) provide assistance for small start-up companies owned or operated by persons who have lost their employment;
- (h) enhance the implementation of dual-use technologies programs, community adjustment assistance programs, or other relevant programs under Pub. L. No. 102-484; and
- (i) coordinate local and national resources to protect and enhance current Utah defense installations and related operations and to facilitate conversion or enhancement efforts by:
  - (i) creating and operating state information clearinghouse operations that monitor

5327	relevant activities on the federal, state, and local level;
5328	(ii) identifying, seeking, and matching funds from federal and other public agencies
5329	and private donors;
5330	(iii) identifying and coordinating needs in different geographic areas;
5331	(iv) coordinating training and retraining centers;
5332	(v) coordinating technology transfer efforts between public entities, private entities,
5333	and institutions of higher education;
5334	(vi) facilitating the development of local and national awareness and support for Utah
5335	defense installations;
5336	(vii) studying the creation of strategic alliances, tax incentives, and relocation and
5337	consolidation assistance; and
5338	(viii) exploring feasible alternative uses for the physical and human resources at
5339	defense installations and in related industries should reductions in mission occur.
5340	(3) The governor, through the Department of Workforce Services, may coordinate and
5341	administer the expenditure of money under this section and collaborate with applied technolog
5342	centers, public institutions of higher learning, or other appropriate public or private entities to
5343	provide retraining and other services described in Subsection (2).
5344	Section 69. Effective date.
5345	This bill takes effect on July 1, 2017, except that:
5346	(1) the amendments to Section 53B-1-104 take effect on May 9, 2017; and
5347	(2) the amendments to Section 53B-16-102 take effect on September 1, 2017.
5348	Section 70. Repealer.
5349	This bill repeals:
5350	Section 53B-6-101, Additional responsibilities of the board Studies and
5351	evaluations Master plan for higher education Productivity Institutional student
5352	assessment Biennial accountability report to the Legislature.
5353	Section 53B-6-103, Cooperation with nonmember institutions within the state.
5354	Section 53B-16-106, Board to establish electronics engineering program at Weber
5355	State University.
5356	Section 53B-16-210, Salt Lake Community College School of Applied
5357	Technology Board of Directors Membership Duties.

5358	Section 71. Coordinating S.B. 238 with H.B. 24 Changing terminology.
5359	If this S.B. 238 and H.B. 24, Student Prosperity Savings Program - Tax Amendments,
5360	both pass and become law, it is the intent of the Legislature that the Office of Legislative
5361	Research and General Counsel, in preparing the Utah Code database for publication, change
5362	the terminology in Subsections 53B-8a-201(8)(c) and 53B-8a-204(5)(b)(i)(C) from "a college
5363	within the Utah College of Applied Technology" to "a technical college".
5364	Section 72. Coordinating S.B. 238 with H.B. 100 Substantive and technical
5365	amendments.
5366	If this S.B. 238 and H.B. 100, Institutions of Higher Education Disclosure
5367	Requirements, both pass and become law, it is the intent of the Legislature that the Office of
5368	Legislative Research and General Counsel, in preparing the Utah Code database for
5369	publication, modify Subsection 53B-1-112(1)(b)(iii) to read:
5370	"(iii) "Institution" does not include a technical college.".
5371	Section 73. Coordinating S.B. 238 with H.B. 165 Substantive and technical
5372	amendments Changing terminology.
5373	If this S.B. 238 and H.B. 165, Higher Education Retirement Amendments, both pass
5374	and become law, it is the intent of the Legislature that the Office of Legislative Research and
5375	General Counsel, in preparing the Utah Code database for publication:
5376	(1) modify Subsection 49-11-102(9) to read:
5377	"(9) "Technical college" means the same as that term is defined in Section
5378	53B-1-101.5."; and
5379	(2) change the terminology from "applied technology" to "technical" in the following
5380	sections:
5381	(a) Section 49-12-203;
5382	(b) Section 49-12-204;
5383	(c) Section 49-13-203;
5384	(d) Section 49-13-204;
5385	(e) Section 49-22-203; and
5386	(f) Section 49-22-204.
5387	Section 74. Coordinating S.B. 238 with H.B. 398 Substantive and technical
5388	amendments.

5389	If this S.B. 238 and H.B. 398, Procurement Code Amendments, both pass and become
5390	law, it is the intent of the Legislature that when the Office of Legislative Research and General
5391	Counsel prepares the Utah Code database for publication, the amendments to the following
5392	definitions in Section 63G-6a-103 from S.B. 238 supersede the amendments to the definitions
5393	in Section 63G-6a-103 from H.B. 398:
5394	(1) "Applicable rulemaking authority";
5395	(2) "Educational procurement unit"; and
5396	(3) "Head of procurement unit".
5397	Section 75. Coordinating S.B. 238 with S.B. 117 Substantive and technical
5398	amendments Changing terminology.
5399	If this S.B. 238 and S.B. 117, Higher Education Performance Funding, both pass and
5400	become law, it is the intent of the Legislature that the Office of Legislative Research and
5401	General Counsel, in preparing the Utah Code database for publication:
5402	(1) modify Section 53B-7-702 by deleting Subsection 53B-7-702(2);
5403	(2) change the terminology from "applied technology" to "technical" in the following
5404	sections:
5405	(a) Section 53B-7-702;
5406	(b) Section 53B-7-703;
5407	(c) Section 53B-7-705; and
5408	(d) Section 53B-7-707; and
5409	(3) change the terminology from "Utah College of Applied Technology" to "Utah
5410	System of Technical Colleges" in the following sections:
5411	(a) Section 53B-7-702;
5412	(b) Section 53B-7-703;
5413	(c) Section <u>53B-7-705</u> ; and
5414	(d) Section 53B-7-707.
5415	Section 76. Coordinating S.B. 238 with S.B. 194 Changing terminology.
5416	If this S.B. 238 and S.B. 194, Utah Data Research Center Act, both pass and become
5417	law, it is the intent of the Legislature that the Office of Legislative Research and General
5418	Counsel, in preparing the Utah Code database for publication, change the language in
5419	Subsection 35A-14-102(7)(c) from "the Utah College of Applied Technology" to "the Utah

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5420	System of Technical Colleges Board of Trustees".
5421	Section 77. Revisor instructions.
5422	The Legislature intends that on July 1, 2017, the Office of Legislative Research and
5423	General Counsel shall, in preparing the Utah Code database for publication:
5424	(1) coordinate this S.B. 238 with other bills as described in Sections 71 through 76;
5425	<u>and</u>
5426	(2) in addition to the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel's authority
5427	under Subsection 36-12-12(3), make additions, deletions, and other modifications necessary to
5428	ensure that sections and subsections are complete sentences and grammatically correct to
5429	accurately reflect the office's perception of the Legislature's intent.