1	TAX REFORM AMENDMENTS
2	2018 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Steve Eliason
5	Senate Sponsor: Howard A. Stephenson
6	
7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill amends provisions related to federal tax reform. $\hat{H} \rightarrow [-] \leftarrow \hat{H}$
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	 prohibits an individual from receiving the homeowner's or renter's credit if the
13	individual is a dependent with respect to whom another individual claims certain tax
14	credits;
15	 provides that a corporation may pay taxes on deferred foreign income in
16	installments under certain circumstances;
17	 addresses when an individual is considered to have domicile in this state for
18	purposes of income tax; and
19	 makes technical and conforming changes.
20	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
21	None
22	Other Special Clauses:
23	Ĥ→ [None] <u>This bill provides retrospective operation.</u> ←Ĥ
24	Utah Code Sections Affected:
25	AMENDS:
26	59-2-1208, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 375
27	59-2-1209, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 375

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	10-136 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2011,	Chapter 410
ENACTS: 59-	7-118 , Utah Code Annotated 1953	
Be it enact	ted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:	
Section 1. Section 59-2-1208 is amended to read:		
59-	2-1208. Amount of homeowner's credit	: Cost-of-living adjustment
Limitation	n General Fund as source of credit.	
(1) (a) Subject to Subsection (2), for a calendar year beginning on or after January 1,		
2007, a cla	imant may claim a homeowner's credit that	t does not exceed the following amounts:
	If household income is	Homeowner's credit
	\$0 \$9,159	\$798
	\$9,160 \$12,214	\$696
	\$12,215 \$15,266	\$597
	\$15,267 \$18,319	\$447
	\$18,320 \$21,374	\$348
	\$21,375 \$24,246	\$199
	\$24,247 \$26,941	\$98
(b)	(i) For a calendar year beginning on or aft	er January 1, 2008, the commission shall
increase of	decrease the household income eligibility	amounts and the credits under Subsection
(1)(a) by a	percentage equal to the percentage different	nce between the consumer price index for
the preceding calendar year and the consumer price index for calendar year 2006.		
(ii)	For purposes of Subsection (1)(b)(i), the c	commission shall calculate the consumer
price index	x as provided in Sections $1(f)(4)$ and $1(f)(5)$), Internal Revenue Code.
[(2) An individual who is claimed as a person	nal exemption on another individual's
individual income tax return during any portion of a calendar year for which the individual		
seeks to cl	aim a homeowner's credit under this section	n may not receive the homeowner's
credit.]		
	An individual may not receive the homeov	
<u>(a)</u>	the individual is claimed as a personal exe	emption on another individual's federal

58	income tax return during any portion of a calendar year for which the individual seeks to claim		
59	the homeowner's credit under this section; or		
60	(b) the individual is a dependent with respect to whom another individual claims a tax		
61	<u>credit under</u> $\hat{H} \rightarrow [Subsection]$ Section $\leftarrow \hat{H}$ 24(h)(4), Internal Revenue Code, during any portion		
61a	of a calendar year		
62	for which the individual seeks to claim the homeowner's credit under this section.		
63	(3) A payment for a homeowner's credit allowed by this section, and provided for in		
64	Section 59-2-1204, shall be paid from the General Fund.		
65	Section 2. Section 59-2-1209 is amended to read:		
66	59-2-1209. Amount of renter's credit Cost-of-living adjustment Renter's		
67	credit may be claimed only for rent that does not constitu	ite a rental assistance payment	
68	Limitation General Fund as source of credit Maximu	ım credit.	
69	(1) (a) Subject to Subsections (2) and (3), for a calendar year beginning on or after		
70	January 1, 2007, a claimant may claim a renter's credit for the previous calendar year that does		
71	not exceed the following amounts:		
72	If household income is Per	centage of rent allowed as a credit	
73	\$0 \$9,159	9.5%	
74	\$9,160 \$12,214	8.5%	
75	\$12,215 \$15,266	7.0%	
76	\$15,267 \$18,319	5.5%	
77	\$18,320 \$21,374	4.0%	
78	\$21,375 \$24,246	3.0%	
79	\$24,247 \$26,941	2.5%	
80	(b) (i) For a calendar year beginning on or after Janu	ary 1, 2008, the commission shall	
81	increase or decrease the household income eligibility amoun	ts under Subsection (1)(a) by a	
82	percentage equal to the percentage difference between the consumer price index for the		
83	preceding calendar year and the consumer price index for ca	lendar year 2006.	
84	(ii) For purposes of Subsection (1)(b)(i), the commission shall calculate the consumer		
85	price index as provided in Sections $1(f)(4)$ and $1(f)(5)$, Intern	nal Revenue Code.	
86	(2) A claimant may claim a renter's credit under this	part only for rent that does not	
87	constitute a rental assistance payment.		

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88	[(3) An individual who is claimed as a personal exemption on another individual's
89	individual income tax return during any portion of a calendar year for which the individual
90	seeks to claim a renter's credit under this section may not receive a renter's credit.]
91	(3) An individual may not receive the renter's credit under this section if the individual
92	<u>is:</u>
93	(a) claimed as a personal exemption on another individual's federal income tax return
94	during any portion of a calendar year for which the individual seeks to claim the renter's credit
95	under this section; or
96	(b) a dependent with respect to whom another individual claims a tax credit under
97	$\hat{H} \rightarrow [\underline{Subsection}] \underline{Section} \leftarrow \hat{H} \underline{24(h)(4)}$, Internal Revenue Code, during any portion of a calendar
97a	year for which
98	the individual seeks to claim the renter's credit under this section.
99	(4) A payment for a renter's credit allowed by this section, and provided for in Section
100	59-2-1204, shall be paid from the General Fund.
101	(5) For calendar years beginning on or after January 1, 2007, a credit under this section
102	may not exceed the maximum amount allowed as a homeowner's credit for each income
103	bracket under Subsection 59-2-1208(1)(a).
104	Section 3. Section 59-7-118 is enacted to read:
105	<u>59-7-118.</u> Section 965, Internal Revenue Code Installment payments.
106	(1) Subject to the other provisions of this section, a corporation may pay in
107	installments the tax owed under this chapter on deferred foreign income described in Section
108	965, Internal Revenue Code.
109	(2) Subsection (1) applies:
110	(a) to a corporation that:
111	(i) is authorized to make an election under $\hat{H} \rightarrow [Subsection]$ Section $\leftarrow \hat{H}$ 965(h),
111a	<u>Internal Revenue Code;</u> Ĥ→ <u>and</u> ←Ĥ
112	(ii) apportions deferred foreign income described in Section 965, Internal Revenue
113	Code, to this state; and
114	(b) for a tax year in which a corporation makes an election under $\hat{H} \rightarrow [Subsection]$
114a	<u>Section</u> $\leftarrow \hat{H}$ <u>965(h)</u> ,
115	Internal Revenue Code, for purposes of the corporation's federal income tax $\hat{H} \rightarrow [\frac{1}{2}]$. $\leftarrow \hat{H}$
116	(3) The same provisions that apply to an election made under $\hat{H} \rightarrow [Subsection]$ Section $\leftarrow \hat{H}$
116a	<u>965(h),</u>
117	Internal Revenue Code, for federal purposes apply to an installment payment made under this
118	section.

119	Section 4. Section 59-10-136 is amended to read:
120	59-10-136. Domicile Temporary absence from state.
121	(1) (a) An individual is considered to have domicile in this state if:
122	(i) except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), a dependent with respect to whom the
123	individual or the individual's spouse claims a personal exemption or a tax credit under Section
124	24, Internal Revenue Code, on the individual's or individual's spouse's federal individual
125	income tax return is enrolled in a public kindergarten, public elementary school, or public
126	secondary school in this state; or
127	(ii) the individual or the individual's spouse is a resident student in accordance with
128	Section 53B-8-102 who is enrolled in an institution of higher education described in Section
129	53B-2-101 in this state.
130	(b) The determination of whether an individual is considered to have domicile in this
131	state may not be determined in accordance with Subsection (1)(a)(i) if the individual:
132	(i) is the noncustodial parent of a dependent:
133	(A) with respect to whom the individual claims a personal exemption or a tax credit
134	under Section 24, Internal Revenue Code, on the individual's federal individual income tax
135	return; and
136	(B) who is enrolled in a public kindergarten, public elementary school, or public
137	secondary school in this state; and
138	(ii) is divorced from the custodial parent of the dependent described in Subsection
139	(1)(b)(i).
140	(2) There is a rebuttable presumption that an individual is considered to have domicile
141	in this state if:
142	(a) the individual or the individual's spouse claims a residential exemption in
143	accordance with Chapter 2, Property Tax Act, for that individual's or individual's spouse's
144	primary residence;
145	(b) the individual or the individual's spouse is registered to vote in this state in
146	accordance with Title 20A, Chapter 2, Voter Registration; or
147	(c) the individual or the individual's spouse asserts residency in this state for purposes
148	of filing an individual income tax return under this chapter, including asserting that the
149	individual or the individual's spouse is a part-year resident of this state for the portion of the

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150 taxable year for which the individual or the individual's spouse is a resident of this state.

- (3) (a) Subject to Subsection (3)(b), if the requirements of Subsection (1) or (2) are not
 met for an individual to be considered to have domicile in this state, the individual is
 considered to have domicile in this state if:
- (i) the individual or the individual's spouse has a permanent home in this state to whichthe individual or the individual's spouse intends to return after being absent; and
- (ii) the individual or the individual's spouse has voluntarily fixed the individual's or the
 individual's spouse's habitation in this state, not for a special or temporary purpose, but with the
 intent of making a permanent home.
- (b) The determination of whether an individual is considered to have domicile in this
 state under Subsection (3)(a) shall be based on the preponderance of the evidence, taking into
 consideration the totality of the following facts and circumstances:
- 162 (i) whether the individual or the individual's spouse has a driver license in this state;
- (ii) whether a dependent with respect to whom the individual or the individual's spouse claims a personal exemption or a tax credit under Section 24, Internal Revenue Code, on the individual's or individual's spouse's federal individual income tax return is a resident student in accordance with Section 53B-8-102 who is enrolled in an institution of higher education described in Section 53B-2-101 in this state;
- (iii) the nature and quality of the living accommodations that the individual or theindividual's spouse has in this state as compared to another state;
- (iv) the presence in this state of a spouse or dependent with respect to whom the
 individual or the individual's spouse claims a personal exemption or a tax credit under Section
 <u>24</u>, Internal Revenue Code, on the individual's or individual's spouse's federal individual
 income tax return;
- (v) the physical location in which earned income as defined in Section 32(c)(2),
 Internal Revenue Code, is earned by the individual or the individual's spouse;
- (vi) the state of registration of a vehicle as defined in Section 59-12-102 owned or
 leased by the individual or the individual's spouse;
- (vii) whether the individual or the individual's spouse is a member of a church, a club,or another similar organization in this state;
- 180 (viii) whether the individual or the individual's spouse lists an address in this state on

181 mail, a telephone listing, a listing in an official government publication, other correspondence, 182 or another similar item; 183 (ix) whether the individual or the individual's spouse lists an address in this state on a 184 state or federal tax return; 185 (x) whether the individual or the individual's spouse asserts residency in this state on a 186 document, other than an individual income tax return filed under this chapter, filed with or 187 provided to a court or other governmental entity; 188 (xi) the failure of an individual or the individual's spouse to obtain a permit or license 189 normally required of a resident of the state for which the individual or the individual's spouse 190 asserts to have domicile; or 191 (xii) whether the individual is an individual described in Subsection (1)(b). 192 (4) (a) Notwithstanding Subsections (1) through (3) and subject to the other provisions 193 of this Subsection (4), an individual is not considered to have domicile in this state if the 194 individual meets the following qualifications: 195 (i) except as provided in Subsection (4)(a)(ii)(A), the individual and the individual's 196 spouse are absent from the state for at least 761 consecutive days; and 197 (ii) during the time period described in Subsection (4)(a)(i), neither the individual nor 198 the individual's spouse: 199 (A) return to this state for more than 30 days in a calendar year; 200 (B) claim a personal exemption or a tax credit under Section 24, Internal Revenue 201 Code, on the individual's or individual's spouse's federal individual income tax return with 202 respect to a dependent who is enrolled in a public kindergarten, public elementary school, or 203 public secondary school in this state, unless the individual is an individual described in 204 Subsection (1)(b); 205 (C) are resident students in accordance with Section 53B-8-102 who are enrolled in an 206 institution of higher education described in Section 53B-2-101 in this state; 207 (D) claim a residential exemption in accordance with Chapter 2, Property Tax Act, for 208 that individual's or individual's spouse's primary residence: or 209 (E) assert that this state is the individual's or the individual's spouse's tax home for 210 federal individual income tax purposes. 211 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(a), an individual that meets the qualifications of

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- Subsection (4)(a) to not be considered to have domicile in this state may elect to be considered to have domicile in this state by filing an individual income tax return in this state as a resident individual.
- 215 (c) For purposes of Subsection (4)(a), an absence from the state:
- 216 (i) begins on the later of the date:
- 217 (A) the individual leaves this state; or
- 218 (B) the individual's spouse leaves this state; and
- (ii) ends on the date the individual or the individual's spouse returns to this state if the
 individual or the individual's spouse remains in this state for more than 30 days in a calendar
 year.
- (d) An individual shall file an individual income tax return or amended individual
 income tax return under this chapter and pay any applicable interest imposed under Section
 59-1-402 if:
- (i) the individual did not file an individual income tax return or amended individual
 income tax return under this chapter based on the individual's belief that the individual has met
 the qualifications of Subsection (4)(a) to not be considered to have domicile in this state; and
- (ii) the individual or the individual's spouse fails to meet a qualification of Subsection(4)(a) to not be considered to have domicile in this state.
- (e) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(e)(ii), an individual that files an individual
 income tax return or amended individual income tax return under Subsection (4)(d) shall pay
 any applicable penalty imposed under Section 59-1-401.
- (ii) The commission shall waive the penalties under Subsections 59-1-401(2), (3), and
 (5) if an individual who is required by Subsection (4)(d) to file an individual income tax return
 or amended individual income tax return under this chapter:
- (A) files the individual income tax return or amended individual income tax return
 within 105 days after the individual fails to meet a qualification of Subsection (4)(a) to not be
 considered to have domicile in this state; and
- (B) within the 105-day period described in Subsection (4)(e)(ii)(A), pays in full the tax
 due on the return, any interest imposed under Section 59-1-402, and any applicable penalty
 imposed under Section 59-1-401, except for a penalty under Subsection 59-1-401(2), (3), or
 (5).

243	(5) (a) If an individual is considered to have domicile in this state in accordance with
244	this section, the individual's spouse is considered to have domicile in this state.
245	(b) For purposes of this section, an individual is not considered to have a spouse if:
246	(i) the individual is legally separated or divorced from the spouse; or
247	(ii) the individual and the individual's spouse claim married filing separately filing
248	status for purposes of filing a federal individual income tax return for the taxable year.
249	(c) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b)(ii), for purposes of this section, an
250	individual's filing status on a federal individual income tax return or a return filed under this
251	chapter may not be considered in determining whether an individual has a spouse.
252	(6) For purposes of this section, whether or not an individual or the individual's spouse
253	claims a property tax residential exemption under Chapter 2, Property Tax Act, for the
254	residential property that is the primary residence of a tenant of the individual or the individual's
255	spouse may not be considered in determining domicile in this state.
255a	Ĥ→ <u>Section 5. Retrospective operation.</u>
255b	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), this bill has retrospective operation beginning
255c	<u>on January 1, 2018.</u>
255d	(2) The amendments to Sections 59-7-118 and 59-10-136 have retrospective operation
255e	<u>for a taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2018.</u> ←Ĥ

Legislative Review Note Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel