EDUCATOR LICENSING MODIFICATIONS
2018 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Val L. Peterson
Senate Sponsor: Ann Millner
LONG TITLE
Committee Note:
The Education Interim Committee recommended this bill.
General Description:
This bill modifies the public education code regarding educator licensing.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
 authorizes the State Board of Education to implement an educator licensing system;
 repeals sections of code regarding educator licensing that are obsolete under the
new educator licensing system;
 modifies provisions of existing code sections that are related to the previous
educator licensing system, including endorsements and letters of authorization;
 repeals the requirement that a district superintendent hold a license;
 modifies provisions related to youth suicide prevention training for employees;
 repeals the Compact for Interstate Qualification of Educational Personnel; and
 makes technical corrections and conforming changes.
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None
Utah Code Sections Affected:



28	AMENDS:
29	53E-3-505, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
30	53E-6-102, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
31	53E-6-201, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
32	53E-6-302, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
33	53E-6-702, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
34	53E-6-902, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
35	53E-10-301, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
36	53F-2-310, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
37	53F-2-405, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
38	53F-5-203, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
39	53F-5-205, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
40	53G-4-301, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 3
41	53G-5-407, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 3
42	53G-9-704, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 3
43	53G-11-501, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 3
44	53G-11-503, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 3
45	63G-7-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 300
46	REPEALS:
47	53A-6-105 (Repealed 07/01/18), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 372
48	and repealed by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 472
49	53E-6-202 (Superseded 07/01/18), as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah
50	2018, Chapter 1
51	53E-6-202 (Effective 07/01/18), as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018,
52	Chapter 1
53	53E-6-203, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
54	53E-6-304, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
55	53E-6-305, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
56	53E-6-306, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
57	53E-6-903, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
58	53E-6-1001, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1

59	53E-6-1002, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
60	53E-6-1003, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
61	53E-6-1004, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
62	53E-6-1005, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
63	53E-6-1006, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
64	53E-6-1007, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
65	53E-6-1008, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
66	53E-6-1009, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
67	53E-6-1010, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
68	53E-6-1011, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
69 70	53E-7-305, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
70 71	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
72	Section 1. Section 53E-3-505 is amended to read:
73	53E-3-505. Financial and economic literacy education.
74	(1) As used in this section:
75	(a) "Financial and economic activities" include activities related to the topics listed in
76	Subsection (1)(b).
77	(b) "Financial and economic literacy concepts" include concepts related to the
78	following topics:
79	(i) basic budgeting;
80	(ii) saving and financial investments;
81	(iii) banking and financial services, including balancing a checkbook or a bank account
82	and online banking services;
83	(iv) career management, including earning an income;
84	(v) rights and responsibilities of renting or buying a home;
85	(vi) retirement planning;
86	(vii) loans and borrowing money, including interest, credit card debt, predatory
87	lending, and payday loans;
88	(viii) insurance;
89	(ix) federal, state, and local taxes;

90	(x) charitable giving;
91	(xi) online commerce;
92	(xii) identity fraud and theft;
93	(xiii) negative financial consequences of gambling;
94	(xiv) bankruptcy;
95	(xv) free markets and prices;
96	(xvi) supply and demand;
97	(xvii) monetary and fiscal policy;
98	(xviii) effective business plan creation, including using economic analysis in creating a
99	plan;
100	(xix) scarcity and choices;
101	(xx) opportunity cost and tradeoffs;
102	(xxi) productivity;
103	(xxii) entrepreneurism; and
104	(xxiii) economic reasoning.
105	(c) "Financial and economic literacy passport" means a document that tracks mastery
106	of financial and economic literacy concepts and completion of financial and economic
107	activities in kindergarten through grade 12.
108	(d) "General financial literacy course" means the course of instruction described in
109	Section 53E-4-204.
110	(2) The State Board of Education shall:
111	(a) in cooperation with interested private and nonprofit entities:
112	(i) develop a financial and economic literacy passport that students may elect to
113	complete;
114	(ii) develop methods of encouraging parent and educator involvement in completion of
115	the financial and economic literacy passport; and
116	(iii) develop and implement appropriate recognition and incentives for students who
117	complete the financial and economic literacy passport, including:
118	(A) a financial and economic literacy endorsement on the student's diploma of
119	graduation;
120	(B) a specific designation on the student's official transcript; and

121	(C) any incentives offered by community partners;
122	(b) more fully integrate existing and new financial and economic literacy education
123	into instruction in kindergarten through grade 12 by:
124	(i) coordinating financial and economic literacy instruction with existing instruction in
125	other areas of the core standards for Utah public schools, such as mathematics and social
126	studies;
127	(ii) using curriculum mapping;
128	(iii) creating training materials and staff development programs that:
129	(A) highlight areas of potential coordination between financial and economic literacy
130	education and other core standards for Utah public schools concepts; and
131	(B) demonstrate specific examples of financial and economic literacy concepts as a
132	way of teaching other core standards for Utah public schools concepts; and
133	(iv) using appropriate financial and economic literacy assessments to improve financial
134	and economic literacy education and, if necessary, developing assessments;
135	(c) work with interested public, private, and nonprofit entities to:
136	(i) identify, and make available to teachers, online resources for financial and
137	economic literacy education, including modules with interactive activities and turnkey
138	instructor resources;
139	(ii) coordinate school use of existing financial and economic literacy education
140	resources;
141	(iii) develop simple, clear, and consistent messaging to reinforce and link existing
142	financial literacy resources;
143	(iv) coordinate the efforts of school, work, private, nonprofit, and other financial
144	education providers in implementing methods of appropriately communicating to teachers,
145	students, and parents key financial and economic literacy messages; and
146	(v) encourage parents and students to establish higher education savings, including a
147	Utah Educational Savings Plan account;
148	(d) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
149	make rules to develop guidelines and methods for school districts and charter schools to more
150	fully integrate financial and economic literacy education into other core standards for Utah
151	public schools courses;

152	(e) (i) contract with a provider, through a request for proposals process, to develop an
153	online, end-of-course assessment for the general financial literacy course;
154	(ii) require a school district or charter school to administer an online, end-of-course
155	assessment to a student who takes the general financial literacy course; and
156	(iii) develop a plan, through the state superintendent of public instruction, to analyze
157	the results of an online, end-of-course assessment in general financial literacy that includes:
158	(A) an analysis of assessment results by standard; and
159	(B) average scores statewide and by school district and school; and
160	(f) in cooperation with school districts, charter schools, and interested private and
161	nonprofit entities, provide opportunities for professional development in financial and
162	economic literacy to teachers, including:
163	(i) a statewide learning community for financial and economic literacy;
164	(ii) summer workshops; and
165	(iii) online videos of experts in the field of financial and economic literacy education[;
166	and] <u>.</u>
167	[(g) implement a teacher endorsement in general financial literacy that includes course
168	work in financial planning, credit and investing, consumer economics, personal budgeting, and
169	family economics.]
170	(3) (a) The State Board of Education shall establish a task force to study and make
171	recommendations to the board on how to improve financial and economic literacy education in
172	the public school system.
173	(b) The task force membership shall include representatives of:
174	(i) the State Board of Education;
175	(ii) school districts and charter schools;
176	(iii) the State Board of Regents; and
177	(iv) private or public entities that teach financial education and share a commitment to
178	empower individuals and families to achieve economic stability, opportunity, and upward
179	mobility.
180	[(c) In 2013, the task force shall:]
181	[(i) review and recommend modifications to the course standards and objectives of the
182	general financial literacy course described in Section 53E-4-204 to ensure the course standards

183	and objectives reflect current and relevant content consistent with the financial and economic
184	literacy concepts listed in Subsection (1)(b);]
185	[(ii) study the development of an online assessment of students' competency in
186	financial and economic literacy that may be used to:]
187	[(A) measure student learning growth and proficiency in financial and economic
188	literacy; and]
189	[(B) assess the effectiveness of instruction in financial and economic literacy;]
190	[(iii) consider the development of a rigorous, online only, course to fulfill the general
191	financial literacy curriculum and graduation requirements specified in Section 53E-4-204;]
192	[(iv) identify opportunities for teaching financial and economic literacy through an
193	integrated school curriculum and in the regular course of school work;]
194	[(v) study and make recommendations for educator license endorsements for teachers
195	of financial and economic literacy;]
196	[(vi) identify efficient and cost-effective methods of delivering professional
197	development in financial and economic literacy content and instructional methods; and]
198	[(vii) study how financial and economic literacy education may be enhanced through
199	community partnerships.]
200	[(d)] (c) The task force shall reconvene every three years to review and recommend
201	adjustments to the standards and objectives of the general financial literacy course.
202	[(e) The State Board of Education shall make a report to the Education Interim
203	Committee no later than the committee's November 2013 meeting summarizing the findings
204	and recommendations of the task force and actions taken by the board in response to the task
205	force's findings and recommendations.]
206	Section 2. Section 53E-6-102 is amended to read:
207	53E-6-102. Definitions.
208	As used in this chapter:
209	[(1) "Accredited institution" means an institution meeting the requirements of Section
210	53E-6-302.]
211	[(2) (a) "Alternative preparation program" means preparation for licensure in
212	accordance with applicable law and rule through other than an approved preparation program.]
213	[(b) "Alternative preparation program" includes the competency-based licensing

214	program described in Section 53E-6-306.]
215	[(3) "Ancillary requirement" means a requirement established by law or rule in addition
216	to completion of an approved preparation program or alternative education program or
217	establishment of eligibility under the NASDTEC Interstate Contract, and may include any of
218	the following:
219	[(a) minimum grade point average;]
220	[(b) standardized testing or assessment;]
221	[(c) mentoring;]
222	[(d) recency of professional preparation or experience;]
223	[(e) graduation from an accredited institution; or]
224	[(f) evidence relating to moral, ethical, physical, or mental fitness.]
225	[(4) "Approved preparation program" means a program for preparation of educational
226	personnel offered through an accredited institution in Utah or in a state which is a party to a
227	contract with Utah under the NASDTEC Interstate Contract and which, at the time the program
228	was completed by the applicant:]
229	[(a) was approved by the governmental agency responsible for licensure of educators in
230	the state in which the program was provided;]
231	[(b) satisfied requirements for licensure in the state in which the program was
232	provided;]
233	[(c) required completion of a baccalaureate; and]
234	[(d) included a supervised field experience.]
235	[(5) "Board" means the State Board of Education.]
236	(1) "Board" means the State Board of Education.
237	[(6)] (2) "Certificate" means a license issued by a governmental jurisdiction outside the
238	state.
239	[(7) "Core academic subjects" means English, reading or language arts, mathematics,
240	science, foreign languages, civics and government, economics, arts, history, and geography.]
241	[(8)] <u>(3)</u> "Educator" means:
242	(a) a person who holds a license;
243	(b) a teacher, counselor, administrator, librarian, or other person required, under rules
244	of the board, to hold a license; or

245	(c) a person who is the subject of an allegation which has been received by the board or
246	UPPAC and was, at the time noted in the allegation, a license holder or a person employed in a
247	position requiring licensure.
248	[(9) (a) "Endorsement" means a stipulation appended to a license setting forth the areas
249	of practice to which the license applies.]
250	[(b) An endorsement shall be issued upon completion of a competency-based teacher
251	preparation program from a regionally accredited university that meets state content standards.]
252	[(10) "License" means an authorization issued by the board which permits the holder to
253	serve in a professional capacity in the public schools. The five levels of licensure are:]
254	[(a) "letter of authorization," which is:]
255	[(i) a temporary license issued to a person who has not completed requirements for a
256	competency-based, or level 1, 2, or 3 license, such as:]
257	[(A) a student teacher; or]
258	[(B) a person participating in an alternative preparation program; or]
259	[(ii) a license issued, pursuant to board rules, to a person who has achieved eminence,
260	or has outstanding qualifications, in a field taught in public schools;]
261	[(b) "competency-based license" which is issued to a teacher based on the teacher's
262	demonstrated teaching skills and abilities;]
263	[(c) "level 1 license," which is a license issued upon completion of:]
264	[(i) a competency-based teacher preparation program from a regionally accredited
265	university; or]
266	[(ii) an approved preparation program or an alternative preparation program, or
267	pursuant to an agreement under the NASDTEC Interstate Contract, to candidates who have
268	also met all ancillary requirements established by law or rule;]
269	[(d) "level 2 license," which is a license issued after satisfaction of all requirements for
270	a level 1 license as well as any additional requirements established by law or rule relating to
271	professional preparation or experience; and]
272	[(e) "level 3 license," which is a license issued to an educator who holds a current Utah
273	level 2 license and has also received, in the educator's field of practice, National Board
274	certification or a doctorate from an accredited institution.]
275	[(11) "NASDTEC" means the National Association of State Directors of Teacher

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276	Education and Certification.

270	Education and Communication.
277	[(12) "NASDTEC Interstate Contract" means the contract implementing Part 10,
278	Compact for Interstate Qualification of Educational Personnel, which is administered through
279	NASDTEC.]
280	(4) "License" means an authorization issued by the board that permits the holder to
281	serve in a professional capacity in the public schools.
282	[(13)] (5) "National Board certification" means a current certificate issued by the
283	National Board for Professional Teaching Standards.
284	[(14)] (6) "Rule" means an administrative rule adopted by the board under Title 63G,
285	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
286	[(15)] (7) "School" means a public or private entity [which] that provides educational
287	services to a minor child.
288	[(16)] (8) "UPPAC" means the Utah Professional Practices Advisory Commission.
289	Section 3. Section 53E-6-201 is amended to read:
290	53E-6-201. Board licensure.
291	[(1) (a) The board may issue licenses for educators.]
292	[(b) A person employed in a position that requires licensure by the board shall hold the
293	appropriate license.]
294	(1) To be fully implemented by July 1, 2019, the board shall establish in rule a system
295	for educator licensing that includes:
296	(a) an associate educator license that permits an individual to provide educational
297	services in a public school while working to meet the requirements of a professional educator
298	license;
299	(b) a professional educator license that permits an individual to provide educational
300	services in a public school after demonstrating that the individual meets licensure requirements
301	established in board rule; and
302	(c) an LEA-specific educator license issued by the board at the request of an LEA's
303	governing body that is valid for an individual to provide educational services in the requesting
304	LEA's schools.
305	(2) An individual employed in a position that requires licensure by the board shall hold
306	the license that is appropriate to the position.

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307	[(2)] (3) (a) The board may by rule rank, endorse, or otherwise classify licenses and
308	establish the criteria for obtaining [and], retaining, and reinstating licenses.
309	[(b) (i) The board shall make rules requiring participation in professional development
310	activities or compliance with a school district professional development plan as provided in
311	Subsection (4) in order for educators to retain their licenses.]
312	[(ii)] (b) An educator who is enrolling in a course of study at an institution within the
313	state system of higher education to satisfy the [professional development requirements of
314	Subsection (2)(b)(i)] board requirements for retaining a license is exempt from tuition, except
315	for a semester registration fee established by the State Board of Regents, if:
316	[(A)] (i) the educator is enrolled on the basis of surplus space in the class after
317	regularly enrolled students have been assigned and admitted to the class in accordance with
318	regular procedures, normal teaching loads, and the institution's approved budget; and
319	[(B)] (ii) enrollments are determined by each institution under rules and guidelines
320	established by the State Board of Regents in accordance with findings of fact that space is
321	available for the educator's enrollment.
322	[(3) Except as provided in Subsection (4), unless suspended or revoked by the board,
323	or surrendered by the educator:]
324	[(a) a letter of authorization is valid for one year, or a shorter period as specified by the
325	board, subject to renewal by the board in accordance with board rules;]
326	[(b) a competency-based license remains valid;]
327	[(c) a level 1 license is valid for three years, subject to renewal by the board in
328	accordance with board rules;]
329	[(d) a level 2 license is valid for five years, subject to renewal by the board in
330	accordance with board rules; and]
331	[(e) a level 3 license is valid for seven years, subject to renewal by the board in
332	accordance with board rules.]
333	[(4) Unless suspended or revoked by the board, or surrendered by the educator, a level
334	1, level 2, level 3, or competency-based license shall remain valid if:]
335	[(a) the license holder is employed by a school district that has a comprehensive
336	program to maintain and improve educators' skills in which performance standards, educator
337	evaluation, and professional development are integrated; and

338	[(b) the license holder complies with school or school district professional
339	development requirements.]
340	Section 4. Section 53E-6-302 is amended to read:
341	53E-6-302. Teacher preparation programs.
342	(1) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
343	board shall make rules that establish standards for approval of a preparation program [or an
344	alternative preparation program].
345	(2) The board shall ensure that standards adopted under Subsection (1) meet or exceed
346	generally recognized national standards for preparation of educators[, such as those developed
347	by the:].
348	[(a) Interstate New Teacher Assessment and Support Consortium;]
349	[(b) National Board for Professional Teaching Standards; or]
350	[(c) Council for the Accreditation of Educator Preparation.]
351	(3) The board shall designate an employee of the board's staff to:
352	(a) work with education deans of state institutions of higher education to coordinate
353	on-site monitoring of teacher preparation programs that may include:
354	(i) monitoring courses for teacher preparation programs;
355	(ii) working with course instructors for teacher preparation programs; and
356	(iii) interviewing students admitted to teacher preparation programs;
357	(b) act as a liaison between:
358	(i) the board;
359	(ii) local school boards or charter school governing boards; and
360	(iii) representatives of teacher preparation programs; and
361	(c) report the employee's findings and recommendations for the improvement of
362	teacher preparation programs to:
363	(i) the board; and
364	(ii) education deans of state institutions of higher education.
365	(4) The board shall:
366	(a) in good faith, consider the findings and recommendations described in Subsection
367	(3)(c); and
368	(b) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,

369	make rules, as the board determines is necessary, to implement recommendations described in
370	Subsection (3)(c).
371	Section 5. Section 53E-6-702 is amended to read:
372	53E-6-702. Reimbursement of legal fees and costs to educators.
373	(1) As used in this section:
374	(a) "Action" means any action, except those referred to in Section 52-6-201, brought
375	against an educator by an individual or entity other than:
376	(i) the entity who licenses the educator; and
377	(ii) the [school district] <u>LEA</u> that employs the educator or employed the educator at the
378	time of the alleged act or omission.
379	(b) "Educator" means an individual who holds or is required to hold a license [under
380	this chapter] as defined by the board and is employed by [a school district] an LEA located
381	within the state.
382	(c) ["School district" includes the] "LEA" means a school district, charter school, or the
383	<u>Utah</u> Schools for the Deaf and the Blind [and the state's applied technology centers].
384	(2) Except as otherwise provided in Section 52-6-201, an educator is entitled to recover
385	reasonable attorneys' fees and costs incurred in the educator's defense against an individual or
386	entity who initiates an action against the educator if:
387	(a) the action is brought for any act or omission of the educator during the performance
388	of the educator's duties within the scope of the educator's employment; and
389	(b) it is dismissed or results in findings favorable to the educator.
390	(3) An educator who recovers under this section is also entitled to recover reasonable
391	attorneys' fees and costs necessarily incurred by the educator in recovering the attorneys' fees
392	and costs allowed under Subsection (2).
393	Section 6. Section 53E-6-902 is amended to read:
394	53E-6-902. Teacher leaders.
395	(1) As used in this section, "teacher" means an educator who has an assignment to
396	teach in a classroom.
397	(2) There is created the role of a teacher leader to:
398	(a) work with a student teacher and a teacher who supervises a student teacher;
399	(b) assist with the training of a recently hired teacher; and

400	(c) support school-based professional learning.
401	(3) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
402	board[:(a)] shall make rules that:
403	[(i)] (a) define the role of a teacher leader, including the functions described in
404	Subsection (2); and
405	[(ii)] (b) establish the minimum criteria for a teacher to qualify as a teacher leader[;
406	and] <u>.</u>
407	[(b) may make rules that create an endorsement for a teacher leader.]
408	[(4) A school district or charter school may assign a teacher to a teacher leader position
409	without a teacher leader endorsement.]
410	$\left[\frac{(5)(a)}{(4)}\right]$ The board shall solicit recommendations from school districts and
411	educators regarding:
412	[(i)] (a) appropriate resources to provide a teacher leader; and
413	[(ii)] (b) appropriate ways to compensate a teacher leader.
414	[(b) The board shall report the board's findings and recommendations described in
415	Subsection (5) (4)(a) to the Education Interim Committee on or before the committee's
416	November 2016 interim meeting.]
417	Section 7. Section 53E-10-301 is amended to read:
418	53E-10-301. Definitions.
419	(1) "Concurrent enrollment" means enrollment in a course offered through the
420	concurrent enrollment program described in Section 53E-10-302.
421	(2) "Educator" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53E-6-102.
422	(3) "Eligible instructor" means an instructor who is:
423	(a) employed as faculty by an institution of higher education; or
424	(b) (i) employed by an LEA;
425	(ii) licensed by the State Board of Education under Chapter 6, Education Professional
426	Licensure;
427	(iii) (A) approved as adjunct faculty by an institution of higher education; or
428	(B) a mathematics educator who has an upper level mathematics [endorsement]
429	credential issued by the State Board of Education; and
430	(iv) supervised by an institution of higher education.

431	(4) "Eligible student" means a student who:
432	(a) is enrolled in, and counted in average daily membership in, a high school within the
433	state;
434	(b) has a plan for college and career readiness, as described in Section 53E-2-304, on
435	file at a high school within the state; and
436	(c) (i) is a grade 11 or grade 12 student; or
437	(ii) is a grade 9 or grade 10 student who qualifies by exception as described in Section
438	53E-10-302.
439	[(5) "Endorsement" means a stipulation, authorized by the State Board of Education
440	and appended to a license, that specifies an area of practice to which the license applies.]
441	[6] "Institution of higher education" means the same as that term is defined in
442	Section 53B-3-102.
443	$[\frac{(7)}{6}]$ "License" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53E-6-102.
444	[(8)] (7) "Local education agency" or "LEA" means a school district or charter school.
445	[(9)] (8) "Participating eligible student" means an eligible student enrolled in a
446	concurrent enrollment course.
447	[(10) "Upper level mathematics endorsement" means an endorsement required by the
448	State Board of Education for an educator to teach calculus.]
449	[(11)] (9) "Value of the weighted pupil unit" means the same as that term is defined in
450	Section 53F-4-301.
451	Section 8. Section 53F-2-310 is amended to read:
452	53F-2-310. Stipends for special educators for additional days of work.
453	(1) As used in this section:
454	(a) "IEP" means an individualized education program developed pursuant to the
455	Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004, as amended.
456	(b) "Special education teacher" means a teacher whose primary assignment is the
457	instruction of students with disabilities who are eligible for special education services.
458	(c) "Special educator" means a person employed by a school district, charter school, or
459	the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind who holds:
460	(i) a license issued [under Title 53E, Chapter 6, Education Professional Licensure] by
461	the State Board of Education; and

462	(11) a position as a:
463	(A) special education teacher; or
464	(B) speech-language pathologist.
465	(2) The Legislature shall annually appropriate money for stipends to special educators
466	for additional days of work:
467	(a) in recognition of the added duties and responsibilities assumed by special educators
468	to comply with federal law regulating the education of students with disabilities and the need to
469	attract and retain qualified special educators; and
470	(b) subject to future budget constraints.
471	(3) (a) The State Board of Education shall distribute money appropriated under this
472	section to school districts, charter schools, and the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind for
473	stipends for special educators in the amount of \$200 per day for up to 10 additional working
474	days.
475	(b) Money distributed under this section shall include, in addition to the \$200 per day
476	stipend, money for the following employer-paid benefits:
477	(i) retirement;
478	(ii) workers' compensation;
479	(iii) Social Security; and
480	(iv) Medicare.
481	(4) A special educator receiving a stipend shall:
482	(a) work an additional day beyond the number of days contracted with the special
483	educator's school district or school for each daily stipend;
484	(b) schedule the additional days of work before or after the school year; and
485	(c) use the additional days of work to perform duties related to the IEP process,
486	including:
487	(i) administering student assessments;
488	(ii) conducting IEP meetings;
489	(iii) writing IEPs;
490	(iv) conferring with parents; and
491	(v) maintaining records and preparing reports.
492	(5) A special educator may:

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493	(a) elect to receive a stipend for one to 10 days of additional work; or
494	(b) elect to not receive a stipend.
495	(6) A person who does not hold a full-time position as a special educator is eligible for
496	a partial stipend equal to the percentage of a full-time special educator position the person
497	assumes.
498	Section 9. Section 53F-2-405 is amended to read:
499	53F-2-405. Educator salary adjustments.
500	(1) As used in this section, "educator" means a person employed by a school district,
501	charter school, or the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind who holds:
502	(a) a license issued [under Title 53E, Chapter 6, Education Professional Licensure;
503	and] by:
504	(i) the State Board of Education; or
505	(ii) the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing; and
506	(b) a position as a:
507	(i) classroom teacher;
508	(ii) speech pathologist;
509	(iii) librarian or media specialist;
510	(iv) preschool teacher;
511	(v) mentor teacher;
512	(vi) teacher specialist or teacher leader;
513	(vii) guidance counselor;
514	(viii) audiologist;
515	(ix) psychologist; or
516	(x) social worker.
517	(2) In recognition of the need to attract and retain highly skilled and dedicated
518	educators, the Legislature shall annually appropriate money for educator salary adjustments,
519	subject to future budget constraints.
520	(3) Money appropriated to the State Board of Education for educator salary
521	adjustments shall be distributed to school districts, charter schools, and the Utah Schools for
522	the Deaf and the Blind in proportion to the number of full-time-equivalent educator positions

in a school district, a charter school, or the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind as

524	compared to the total number of full-time-equivalent educator positions in school districts,
525	charter schools, and the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind.
526	(4) A school district, a charter school, or the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind
527	shall award bonuses to educators as follows:
528	(a) the amount of the salary adjustment shall be the same for each full-time-equivalent
529	educator position in the school district, charter school, or the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the
530	Blind;
531	(b) an individual who is not a full-time educator shall receive a partial salary adjustment
532	based on the number of hours the individual works as an educator; and
533	(c) a salary adjustment may be awarded only to an educator who has received a
534	satisfactory rating or above on the educator's most recent evaluation.
535	(5) The State Board of Education may make rules as necessary to administer this
536	section, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
537	(6) (a) Subject to future budget constraints, the Legislature shall appropriate sufficient
538	money each year to:
539	(i) maintain educator salary adjustments provided in prior years; and
540	(ii) provide educator salary adjustments to new employees.
541	(b) Money appropriated for educator salary adjustments shall include money for the
542	following employer-paid benefits:
543	(i) retirement;
544	(ii) worker's compensation;
545	(iii) social security; and
546	(iv) Medicare.
547	(7) (a) Subject to future budget constraints, the Legislature shall:
548	(i) maintain the salary adjustments provided to school administrators in the 2007-08
549	school year; and
550	(ii) provide salary adjustments for new school administrators in the same amount as
551	provided for existing school administrators.
552	(b) The appropriation provided for educator salary adjustments shall include salary
553	adjustments for school administrators as specified in Subsection (7)(a).

(c) In distributing and awarding salary adjustments for school administrators, the State

555	Board of Education, a school district, a charter school, or the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the
556	Blind shall comply with the requirements for the distribution and award of educator salary
557	adjustments as provided in Subsections (3) and (4).
558	Section 10. Section 53F-5-203 is amended to read:
559	53F-5-203. Interventions for Reading Difficulties Pilot Program.
560	(1) As used in this section:
561	(a) "Board" means the State Board of Education.
562	(b) "Dyslexia" means a specific learning disability that is neurological in origin and
563	characterized by difficulties with accurate or fluent word recognition and by poor spelling and
564	decoding abilities that typically result from a deficit in the phonological component of language
565	that is often unexpected in relation to other cognitive abilities and the provision of effective
566	classroom instruction.
567	[(c) "Endorsement" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53E-6-102.]
568	[(d)] (c) "Local education agency" or "LEA" means:
569	(i) a school district;
570	(ii) a charter school; or
571	(iii) the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind.
572	[(e)] (d) "Multi-Tier System of Supports" or "MTSS" means a framework integrating
573	assessment and intervention that:
574	(i) provides increasingly intensive interventions for students at risk for or experiencing
575	reading difficulties, including:
576	(A) tier II interventions that, in addition to standard classroom reading, provide
577	supplemental and targeted small group instruction in reading using evidence-based curricula;
578	and
579	(B) tier III interventions that address the specific needs of students who are the most at
580	risk or who have not responded to tier II interventions by providing frequent, intensive, and
581	targeted small group instruction using evidence-based curricula; and
582	(ii) is developed to:
583	(A) maximize student achievement;
584	(B) reduce behavior problems; and
585	(C) increase long-term success.

586	[(f)] (e) "Program" means the Interventions for Reading Difficulties Pilot Program.
587	[(g)] (f) "Reading difficulty" means an impairment, including dyslexia, that negatively
588	affects a student's ability to learn to read.
589	(2) There is created the Interventions for Reading Difficulties Pilot Program to provide
590	(a) specific evidence-based literacy interventions using an MTSS for students in
591	kindergarten through grade 5 who are at risk for or experiencing a reading difficulty, including
592	dyslexia; and
593	(b) professional development to educators who provide the literacy interventions
594	described in Subsection (2)(a).
595	(3) (a) An LEA may submit a proposal to the board to participate in the program.
596	(b) An LEA proposal described in Subsection (3)(a) shall:
597	(i) specify:
598	(A) a range of current benchmark assessment in reading scores described in Section
599	53E-4-307 that the LEA will use to determine whether a student is at risk for a reading
600	difficulty; and
601	(B) other reading difficulty risk factors that the LEA will use to determine whether a
602	student is at risk for a reading difficulty;
603	(ii) describe the LEA's existing reading program;
604	(iii) describe the LEA's MTSS approach; and
605	(iv) include any other information requested by the board.
606	(c) The board may:
607	(i) specify the format for an LEA proposal; and
608	(ii) set a deadline for an LEA to submit a proposal.
609	(4) The board shall:
610	(a) define criteria for selecting an LEA to participate in the program;
611	(b) during fiscal year 2016, select five LEAs to participate in the program:
612	(i) on a competitive basis; and
613	(ii) using criteria described in Subsection (4)(a); and
614	(c) provide each LEA, selected as described in Subsection (4)(b), up to \$30,000 per
615	school within the LEA.
616	(5) During fiscal years 2017, 2018, and 2019, if funding allows, the board may select

617	additional LEAs to participate in the program.
618	(6) An LEA that participates in the program:
619	(a) shall, beginning with the 2016-17 school year, provide the interventions described
620	in Subsection (7)(c) from the time the LEA is selected until the end of the 2018-19 school year
621	and
622	(b) may provide the professional development described in Subsections (8)(a) and (b)
623	beginning in fiscal year 2016.
624	(7) An LEA that participates in the program shall:
625	(a) select at least one school in the LEA to participate in the program;
626	(b) identify students in kindergarten through grade 5 for participation in the program
627	by:
628	(i) using current benchmark assessment in reading scores as described in Section
629	53E-4-307; and
630	(ii) considering other reading difficulty risk factors identified by the LEA;
631	(c) provide interventions for each student participating in the program using an MTSS
632	implemented by an educator trained in evidence-based interventions;
633	(d) include the LEA's proposal submitted under Subsection (3)(b) in the reading
634	achievement plan described in Section 53E-4-306 for each school in the LEA that participates
635	in the program; and
636	(e) report annually to the board on:
637	(i) individual student outcomes in changes in reading ability;
638	(ii) school level outcomes; and
639	(iii) any other information requested by the board.
640	(8) Subject to funding for the program, an LEA may use the funds described in
641	Subsection (4)(c) for the following purposes:
642	(a) to provide for ongoing professional development in evidence-based literacy
643	interventions;
644	(b) to support educators in earning a reading interventionist [endorsement] credential
645	that prepares teachers to provide a student who is at risk for or experiencing reading difficulty,
646	including dyslexia, with reading intervention that is:
647	(i) explicit:

648	(ii) systematic; and
649	(iii) targeted to a student's specific reading difficulty; and
650	(c) to implement the program.
651	(9) The board shall contract with an independent evaluator to evaluate the program on:
652	(a) whether the program improves reading outcomes for a student who receives the
653	interventions described in Subsection (7)(c);
654	(b) whether the program may reduce future special education costs; and
655	(c) any other student or school achievement outcomes requested by the board.
656	(10) (a) The board shall make a final report on the program to the Education Interim
657	Committee on or before November 1, 2018.
658	(b) In the final report described in Subsection (10)(a), the board shall include the
659	results of the evaluation described in Subsection (9).
660	Section 11. Section 53F-5-205 is amended to read:
661	53F-5-205. Paraeducator to Teacher Scholarship Program Grants for math
662	teacher training programs.
663	(1) (a) The terms defined in Section 53E-6-102 apply to this section.
664	(b) As used in this section, "paraeducator" means a school employee who:
665	(i) delivers instruction under the direct supervision of a teacher; and
666	(ii) works in an area where there is a shortage of qualified teachers, such as special
667	education, Title I, ESL, reading remediation, math, or science.
668	(2) The Paraeducator to Teacher Scholarship Program is created to award scholarships
669	to paraeducators for education and training to become licensed teachers.
670	(3) The State Board of Education shall use money appropriated for the Paraeducator to
671	Teacher Scholarship Program to award scholarships of up to \$5,000 to paraeducators employed
672	by school districts and charter schools who are pursuing an associate's degree or bachelor's
673	degree program to become a licensed teacher.
674	(4) A paraeducator is eligible to receive a scholarship if:
675	(a) the paraeducator is employed by a school district or charter school;
676	(b) is admitted to, or has made an application to, an associate's degree program or
677	bachelor's degree program that will prepare the paraeducator for teacher licensure; and
678	(c) the principal at the school where the paraeducator is employed has nominated the

679	paraeducator for a scholarship.
680	(5) (a) The State Board of Education shall establish a committee to select scholarship
681	recipients from nominations submitted by school principals.
682	(b) The committee shall include representatives of the State Board of Education, State
683	Board of Regents, and the general public, excluding school district and charter school
684	employees.
685	(c) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but
686	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
687	(i) Section 63A-3-106;
688	(ii) Section 63A-3-107; and
689	(iii) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
690	63A-3-107.
691	(d) The committee shall select scholarship recipients based on the following criteria:
692	(i) test scores, grades, or other evidence demonstrating the applicant's ability to
693	successfully complete a teacher education program; and
694	(ii) the applicant's record of success as a paraeducator.
695	(6) The maximum scholarship amount is \$5,000.
696	(7) Scholarship money may only be used to pay for tuition costs:
697	(a) of:
698	(i) an associate's degree program that fulfills credit requirements for the first two years
699	of a bachelor's degree program leading to teacher licensure; or
700	(ii) the first two years of a bachelor's degree program leading to teacher licensure; and
701	(b) at a higher education institution:
702	(i) located in Utah; and
703	(ii) accredited by the Northwest Commission on Colleges and Universities.
704	(8) A scholarship recipient must be continuously employed as a paraeducator by a
705	school district or charter school while pursuing a degree using scholarship money.
706	(9) The State Board of Education shall make rules in accordance with this section and

(a) scholarship application procedures;

Teacher Scholarship Program, including rules establishing:

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Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to administer the Paraeducator to

710	(b) the number of, and qualifications for, committee members who select scholarship		
711	recipients; and		
712	(c) procedures for distributing scholarship money.		
713	(10) If the state obtains matching funds of equal sums from private contributors, the		
714	board may award grants to institutions of higher education or nonprofit educational		
715	organizations for programs that provide:		
716	(a) mentoring and training leading to a secondary education license with [an		
717	endorsement] a certificate in mathematics for an individual who:		
718	(i) is not a teacher in a public or private school;		
719	(ii) does not have a teaching license;		
720	(iii) has a bachelor's degree or higher; and		
721	(iv) demonstrates a high level of mathematics competency by:		
722	(A) successfully completing substantial course work in mathematics; and		
723	(B) passing a mathematics content exam; or		
724	(b) a stipend, professional development, and leadership opportunities to an experienced		
725	mathematics teacher who demonstrates high content knowledge and exemplary teaching and		
726	leadership skills to assist the teacher in becoming a teacher leader.		
727	(11) (a) The board shall make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah		
728	Administrative Rulemaking Act, that establish criteria for awarding grants under this section.		
729	(b) In awarding grants, the board shall consider the amount or percent of matching		
730	funds provided by the grant recipient.		
731	Section 12. Section 53G-4-301 is amended to read:		
732	53G-4-301. Superintendent of schools Appointment Qualifications Term		
733	Compensation.		
734	(1) Subject to Subsection [(8)] (7), a local school board shall appoint a district		
735	superintendent of schools who serves as the local school board's chief executive officer.		
736	(2) A local school board shall appoint the superintendent on the basis of outstanding		
737	professional qualifications.		
738	(3) (a) A superintendent's term of office is for two years and until, subject to		
739	Subsection $[(8)]$ (7) , a successor is appointed and qualified.		
740	(b) A local school board that appoints a superintendent in accordance with this section		

- 741 may not, on or after May 10, 2011, enter into an employment contract that contains an 742 automatic renewal provision with the superintendent. 743 (4) Unless a vacancy occurs during an interim vacancy period subject to Subsection 744 [8] (7), if it becomes necessary to appoint an interim superintendent due to a vacancy in the 745 office of superintendent, the local school board shall make an appointment during a public 746 meeting for an indefinite term not to exceed one year, which term shall end upon the 747 appointment and qualification of a new superintendent. 748 [(5) (a) The superintendent shall hold an administrative/supervisory license issued by 749 the State Board of Education, except as otherwise provided in Subsection (5)(b). 750 (b) At the request of a local school board, the State Board of Education shall grant a 751 letter of authorization permitting a person with outstanding professional qualifications to serve 752 as superintendent without holding an administrative/supervisory license.] 753 [(6)] (5) A local school board shall set the superintendent's compensation for services. 754 [(7)] (6) A superintendent qualifies for office by taking the constitutional oath of 755 office. 756 [8] (7) (a) As used in this Subsection [8] (7), "interim vacancy period" means the 757 period of time that: 758 (i) begins on the day on which a general election described in Section 20A-1-202 is 759 held to elect a member of a local school board; and 760 (ii) ends on the day on which the member-elect begins the member's term. 761 (b) (i) The local school board may not appoint a superintendent during an interim 762 vacancy period. 763 (ii) Notwithstanding Subsection [(8)] (7)(b)(i): 764 (A) the local school board may appoint an interim superintendent during an interim 765 vacancy period; and 766 (B) the interim superintendent's term shall expire once a new superintendent is 767 appointed by the new local school board after the interim vacancy period has ended.
 - Section 13. Section **53G-5-407** is amended to read:

are re-elected to the local school board for the following term.

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(c) Subsection [8] (7)(b) does not apply if all the local school board members who

held office on the day of the general election whose term of office was vacant for the election

- H.B. 46 772 53G-5-407. Employees of charter schools. 773 (1) A charter school shall select its own employees. 774 (2) The school's governing board shall determine the level of compensation and all 775 terms and conditions of employment, except as otherwise provided in Subsections (7) and (8) 776 and under this chapter and other related provisions. 777 (3) The following statutes governing public employees and officers do not apply to a 778 charter school: 779 (a) Chapter 11, Part 5, School District and USDB Employee Requirements; and 780 (b) Title 52, Chapter 3, Prohibiting Employment of Relatives. 781 (4) (a) To accommodate differentiated staffing and better meet student needs, a charter 782 school, under rules adopted by the State Board of Education, shall employ teachers who [:(i)] 783 are licensed[; or]. 784 (ii) on the basis of demonstrated competency, would qualify to teach under alternative 785 certification or authorization programs.] 786 (b) The school's governing board shall disclose the qualifications of its teachers to the 787 parents of its students. 788 (5) State Board of Education rules governing the licensing or certification of 789 administrative and supervisory personnel do not apply to charter schools. 790 (6) (a) An employee of a school district may request a leave of absence in order to 791 work in a charter school upon approval of the local school board. 792 (b) While on leave, the employee may retain seniority accrued in the school district and 793 may continue to be covered by the benefit program of the district if the charter school and the 794 locally elected school board mutually agree. 795 (7) (a) A proposed or authorized charter school may elect to participate as an employer 796 for retirement programs under: 797 (i) Title 49, Chapter 12, Public Employees' Contributory Retirement Act:
- 799 (iii) Title 49, Chapter 22, New Public Employees' Tier II Contributory Retirement Act.

(b) An election under this Subsection (7):

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(i) shall be documented by a resolution adopted by the governing board of the charter school; and

(ii) Title 49, Chapter 13, Public Employees' Noncontributory Retirement Act; and

803	(ii) applies to the charter school as the employer and to all employees of the charter	
804	school.	
805	(c) The governing board of a charter school may offer employee benefit plans for its	
806	employees:	
807	(i) under Title 49, Chapter 20, Public Employees' Benefit and Insurance Program Act;	
808	or	
809	(ii) under any other program.	
810	(8) A charter school may not revoke an election to participate made under Subsection	
811	(7).	
812	(9) The governing board of a charter school shall ensure that, prior to the beginning of	
813	each school year, each of its employees signs a document acknowledging that the employee:	
814	(a) has received:	
815	(i) the disclosure required under Section 63A-4-204.5 if the charter school participates	
816	in the Risk Management Fund; or	
817	(ii) written disclosure similar to the disclosure required under Section 63A-4-204.5 if	
818	the charter school does not participate in the Risk Management Fund; and	
819	(b) understands the legal liability protection provided to the employee and what is not	
820	covered, as explained in the disclosure.	
821	Section 14. Section 53G-9-704 is amended to read:	
822	53G-9-704. Youth suicide prevention training for employees.	
823	(1) A school district or charter school shall require a licensed employee to complete \underline{a}	
824	minimum of two hours of professional development training on youth suicide prevention	
825	[within the employee's license cycle described in Section 53E-6-201] every three years.	
826	(2) The board shall:	
827	(a) develop or adopt sample materials to be used by a school district or charter school	
828	for professional development training on youth suicide prevention; and	
829	(b) in rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative	
830	Rulemaking Act, incorporate the training described in Subsection (1) into professional	
831	development training described in Section 53E-6-201.	
832	Section 15. Section 53G-11-501 is amended to read:	
833	53G-11-501. Definitions.	

834	As used in this part:
835	(1) "Administrator" means an individual who[:] supervises educators and holds an
836	appropriate license issued by the State Board of Education.
837	[(a) serves in a position that requires:]
838	[(i) an educator license with an administrative area of concentration; or]
839	[(ii) a letter of authorization described in Section 53G-4-301 or 53E-6-304; and]
840	[(b) supervises school administrators or teachers.]
841	(2) "Career educator" means a licensed employee who has a reasonable expectation of
842	continued employment under the policies of a local school board.
843	(3) "Career employee" means an employee of a school district who has obtained a
844	reasonable expectation of continued employment based upon Section 53G-11-503 and an
845	agreement with the employee or the employee's association, district practice, or policy.
846	(4) "Contract term" or "term of employment" means the period of time during which an
847	employee is engaged by the school district under a contract of employment, whether oral or
848	written.
849	(5) "Dismissal" or "termination" means:
850	(a) termination of the status of employment of an employee;
851	(b) failure to renew or continue the employment contract of a career employee beyond
852	the then-current school year;
853	(c) reduction in salary of an employee not generally applied to all employees of the
854	same category employed by the school district during the employee's contract term; or
855	(d) change of assignment of an employee with an accompanying reduction in pay,
856	unless the assignment change and salary reduction are agreed to in writing.
857	(6) "Educator" means an individual employed by a school district who is required to
858	hold a professional license issued by the State Board of Education, except:
859	(a) a superintendent; or
860	(b) an individual who works less than thrree hours per day or is hired for less than half
861	of a school year.
862	(7) (a) "Employee" means a career or provisional employee of a school district, except
863	as provided in Subsection (7)(b).
864	(b) Excluding Section 53G-11-518, for purposes of this part, "employee" does not

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- 866 (i) a district superintendent or the equivalent at the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind;
 - (ii) a district business administrator or the equivalent at the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind; or
 - (iii) a temporary employee.
 - (8) "Last-hired, first-fired layoff policy" means a staff reduction policy that mandates the termination of an employee who started to work for a district most recently before terminating a more senior employee.
 - (9) "Probationary educator" means an educator employed by a school district who, under local school board policy, has been advised by the school district that the educator's performance is inadequate.
 - (10) "Provisional educator" means an educator employed by a school district who has not achieved status as a career educator within the school district.
 - (11) "Provisional employee" means an individual, other than a career employee or a temporary employee, who is employed by a school district.
 - (12) "School board" or "board" means a district school board or, for the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind, the State Board of Education.
 - (13) "School district" or "district" means:
 - (a) a public school district; or
 - (b) the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind.
 - (14) "Summative evaluation" means the annual evaluation that summarizes an educator's performance during a school year and that is used to make decisions related to the educator's employment.
 - (15) "Temporary employee" means an individual who is employed on a temporary basis as defined by policies adopted by the local board of education. If the class of employees in question is represented by an employee organization recognized by the local board, the board shall adopt the board's policies based upon an agreement with that organization. Temporary employees serve at will and have no expectation of continued employment.
- 894 (16) (a) "Unsatisfactory performance" means a deficiency in performing work tasks 895 that may be:

896	(i) due to insufficient or undeveloped skills or a lack of knowledge or aptitude; and
897	(ii) remediated through training, study, mentoring, or practice.
898	(b) "Unsatisfactory performance" does not include the following conduct that is
899	designated as a cause for termination under Section 53G-11-512 or a reason for license
900	discipline by the State Board of Education or Utah Professional Practices Advisory
901	Commission:
902	(i) a violation of work rules;
903	(ii) a violation of local school board policies, State Board of Education rules, or law;
904	(iii) a violation of standards of ethical, moral, or professional conduct; or
905	(iv) insubordination.
906	Section 16. Section 53G-11-503 is amended to read:
907	53G-11-503. Career employee status for provisional employees Career status
908	in the event of change of position Continuation of probationary status when position
909	changes Temporary status for extra duty assignments Employees not eligible for
910	career status.
911	(1) (a) A provisional employee must work for a school district on at least a half-time
912	basis for three consecutive years to obtain career employee status.
913	(b) A school district may extend the provisional status of an employee up to an
914	additional two consecutive years in accordance with a written policy adopted by the district's
915	school board that specifies the circumstances under which an employee's provisional status
916	may be extended.
917	(2) Policies of an employing school district shall determine the status of a career
918	employee in the event of the following:
919	(a) the employee accepts a position which is substantially different from the position in
920	which career status was achieved; or
921	(b) the employee accepts employment in another school district.
922	(3) If an employee who is under an order of probation or remediation in one
923	assignment in a school district is transferred or given a new assignment in the district, the order
924	shall stand until its provisions are satisfied.
925	(4) An employee who is given extra duty assignments in addition to a primary

assignment, such as a teacher who also serves as a coach or activity advisor, is a temporary

927	employee in those extra duty assignments and may not acquire career status beyond the primary	
928	assignment.	
929	[(5) A person is an at-will employee and is not eligible for career employee status if the	
930	person:]	
931	[(a) is a teacher who holds a competency-based license pursuant to Section 53E-6-306	
932	and does not hold a level 1, 2, or 3 license as defined in Section 53E-6-102; or]	
933	[(b) holds an administrative/supervisory letter of authorization pursuant to Section	
934	53E-6-304.]	
935	Section 17. Section 63G-7-102 is amended to read:	
936	63G-7-102. Definitions.	
937	As used in this chapter:	
938	(1) "Arises out of or in connection with, or results from," when used to describe the	
939	relationship between conduct or a condition and an injury, means that:	
940	(a) there is some causal relationship between the conduct or condition and the injury;	
941	(b) the causal relationship is more than any causal connection but less than proximate	
942	cause; and	
943	(c) the causal relationship is sufficient to conclude that the injury originates with, flows	
944	from, or is incident to the conduct or condition.	
945	(2) "Claim" means any asserted demand for or cause of action for money or damages,	
946	whether arising under the common law, under state constitutional provisions, or under state	
947	statutes, against a governmental entity or against an employee in the employee's personal	
948	capacity.	
949	(3) (a) "Employee" includes:	
950	(i) a governmental entity's officers, employees, servants, trustees, or commissioners;	
951	(ii) members of a governing body;	
952	(iii) members of a government entity board;	
953	(iv) members of a government entity commission;	
954	(v) members of an advisory body, officers, and employees of a Children's Justice	
955	Center created in accordance with Section 67-5b-102;	
956	(vi) student teachers holding a [letter of authorization in accordance with Sections	
957	53E-6-102 and 53E-6-201] license issued by the State Board of Education;	

- 958 (vii) educational aides;
 - (viii) students engaged in providing services to members of the public in the course of an approved medical, nursing, or other professional health care clinical training program;
 - (ix) volunteers as defined by Subsection 67-20-2(3); and
- 962 (x) tutors.

- (b) "Employee" includes all of the positions identified in Subsection (3)(a), whether or not the individual holding that position receives compensation.
 - (c) "Employee" does not include an independent contractor.
- (4) "Governmental entity" means the state and its political subdivisions as both are defined in this section.
- (5) (a) "Governmental function" means each activity, undertaking, or operation of a governmental entity.
- (b) "Governmental function" includes each activity, undertaking, or operation performed by a department, agency, employee, agent, or officer of a governmental entity.
 - (c) "Governmental function" includes a governmental entity's failure to act.
- (6) "Injury" means death, injury to a person, damage to or loss of property, or any other injury that a person may suffer to the person or estate, that would be actionable if inflicted by a private person or the private person's agent.
 - (7) "Personal injury" means an injury of any kind other than property damage.
- (8) "Political subdivision" means any county, city, town, school district, community reinvestment agency, special improvement or taxing district, local district, special service district, an entity created by an interlocal agreement adopted under Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act, or other governmental subdivision or public corporation.
- (9) "Property damage" means injury to, or loss of, any right, title, estate, or interest in real or personal property.
- (10) "State" means the state of Utah, and includes each office, department, division, agency, authority, commission, board, institution, hospital, college, university, Children's Justice Center, or other instrumentality of the state.
- (11) "Willful misconduct" means the intentional doing of a wrongful act, or the wrongful failure to act, without just cause or excuse, where the actor is aware that the actor's conduct will probably result in injury.

989	Section 18. Repealer.
990	This bill repeals:
991	Section 53A-6-105 (Repealed 07/01/18), Licensing fees Credit to subfund
992	Payment of expenses.
993	Section 53E-6-202 (Superseded 07/01/18), Reinstatement of a license.
994	Section 53E-6-202 (Effective 07/01/18), Reinstatement of a license.
995	Section 53E-6-203, Teacher classifications.
996	Section 53E-6-304, Administrative/supervisory letters of authorization.
997	Section 53E-6-305, Alternative preparation program Work experience
998	requirement.
999	Section 53E-6-306, Licensing by competency.
1000	Section 53E-6-903, JROTC instructors.
1001	Section 53E-6-1001, Enactment of compact.
1002	Section 53E-6-1002, Purpose and intent of compact Findings.
1003	Section 53E-6-1003, Definitions.
1004	Section 53E-6-1004, Contracts for acceptance of educational personnel.
1005	Section 53E-6-1005, Effect of compact on other state laws and regulations.
1006	Section 53E-6-1006, Agreement by party states.
1007	Section 53E-6-1007, Evaluation of compact.
1008	Section 53E-6-1008, Scope of compact.
1009	Section 53E-6-1009, Effective date Withdrawal from compact Continuing
1010	obligations.
1011	Section 53E-6-1010, Construction of compact.
1012	Section 53E-6-1011, Superintendent of public instruction as designated state
1013	official.
1014	Section 53E-7-305, Licensing of teachers.

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