BUSINESS ENTITY AMENDMENTS
2018 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Curtis S. Bramble
House Sponsor: Steve Eliason
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill modifies provisions related to a certificate of good standing from the Division
of Corporations and Commercial Code.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
 changes the term "certificate of good standing" to "certificate of existence"; and
 makes technical and conforming changes.
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:
16-16-206, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 363
16-16-1402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 378
16-17-209, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 364
48-2e-211, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 412
48-3a-211, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 412
63M-4-503, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 414
63M-4-603, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 356
63N-2-703, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 283

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30	<i>Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:</i>
31	Section 1. Section 16-16-206 is amended to read:
32	16-16-206. Certificate of existence or authorization.
33	(1) The division, upon request and payment of the required fee, shall furnish any
34	person that requests it a certificate of [good standing] existence for a limited cooperative
35	association if the records filed in the office of the division show that the division has filed the
36	association's articles of organization, that the association is [in good standing] registered with
37	the division, and that the division has not filed a statement of termination.
38	(2) The division, upon request and payment of the required fee, shall furnish to any
39	person that requests it a certificate of authority for a foreign cooperative if the records filed in
40	the office of the division show that the division has filed the foreign cooperative's certificate of
41	authority, has not revoked nor has reason to revoke the certificate of authority, and has not filed
42	a notice of cancellation.
43	(3) Subject to any exceptions stated in the certificate, a certificate of [good standing]
44	existence or authority issued by the division establishes conclusively that the limited
45	cooperative association or foreign cooperative is [in good standing] registered with the division
46	or is authorized to transact business in this state.
47	Section 2. Section 16-16-1402 is amended to read:
48	16-16-1402. Application for certificate of authority.
49	(1) A foreign cooperative may apply for a certificate of authority by delivering an
50	application to the division for filing. The application shall state:
51	(a) the name of the foreign cooperative and, if the name does not comply with Section
52	16-16-111, an alternative name adopted pursuant to Section 16-16-1405;
53	(b) the name of the state or other jurisdiction under whose law the foreign cooperative
54	is organized;
55	(c) the street address and, if different, mailing address of the principal office and, if the
56	law of the jurisdiction under which the foreign cooperative is organized requires the foreign
57	cooperative to maintain another office in that jurisdiction, the street address and, if different,

58	mailing address of the required office;
59	(d) the street address and, if different, mailing address of the foreign cooperative's
60	designated office in this state, and the name of the foreign cooperative's agent for service of
61	process at the designated office; and
62	(e) the name, street address and, if different, mailing address of each of the foreign
63	cooperative's current directors and officers.
64	(2) A foreign cooperative shall deliver with a completed application under Subsection
65	(1) a certificate of [good standing] existence or a similar record signed by the division or other
66	official having custody of the foreign cooperative's publicly filed records in the state or other
67	jurisdiction under whose law the foreign cooperative is organized.
68	Section 3. Section 16-17-209 is amended to read:
69	16-17-209. Resignation of registered agent.
70	(1) A registered agent may resign at any time with respect to a represented entity by
71	filing with the division a statement of resignation signed by or on behalf of the agent which
72	states:
73	(a) the name of the entity;
74	(b) the name of the agent;
75	(c) that the agent resigns from serving as agent for service of process for the entity; and
76	(d) the name and address of the person to which the agent will send the notice required
77	by Subsection (3).
78	(2) A statement of resignation takes effect on the earlier of the 31st day after the day on
79	which it is filed or the appointment of a new registered agent for the represented entity.
80	(3) The registered agent shall promptly furnish the represented entity notice in a record
81	of the date on which a statement of resignation was filed.
82	(4) When a statement of resignation takes effect, the registered agent ceases to have
83	responsibility for any matter tendered to it as agent for the represented entity. A resignation
84	under this section does not affect any contractual rights the entity has against the agent or that
85	the agent has against the entity.

86	(5) A registered agent may resign with respect to a represented entity whether or not
87	the entity is [in good standing] registered with the division.
88	Section 4. Section 48-2e-211 is amended to read:
89	48-2e-211. Certificate of existence or registration.
90	(1) On request of any person, the division shall issue a certificate of [good standing]
91	existence for a limited partnership or a certificate of registration for a registered foreign limited
92	partnership.
93	(2) A certificate under Subsection (1) must state:
94	(a) the limited partnership's name or the registered foreign limited partnership's name
95	used in this state;
96	(b) in the case of a limited partnership:
97	(i) that a certificate of limited partnership has been filed and has taken effect;
98	(ii) the date the certificate of limited partnership became effective;
99	(iii) the period of the limited partnership's duration if the records of the division reflect
100	that its period of duration is less than perpetual; and
101	(iv) that:
102	(A) no statement of dissolution, statement of administrative dissolution, or statement of
103	termination has been filed;
104	(B) the records of the division do not otherwise reflect that the limited partnership has
105	been dissolved or terminated; and
106	(C) a proceeding is not pending under Section 48-2e-810;
107	(c) in the case of a registered foreign limited partnership, that it is registered to do
108	business in this state;
109	(d) that all fees, taxes, interest, and penalties owed to this state by the limited
110	partnership or the registered foreign limited partnership and collected through the division have
111	been paid, if:
112	(i) payment is reflected in the records of the division; and
113	(ii) nonpayment affects the good standing or registration of the limited partnership or

114	registered foreign limited partnership;
115	(e) that the most recent annual report required by Section 48-2e-212 has been delivered
116	to the division for filing; and
117	(f) other facts reflected in the records of the division pertaining to the limited
118	partnership or foreign limited partnership which the person requesting the certificate
119	reasonably requests.
120	(3) Subject to any qualification stated in the certificate, a certificate issued by the
121	division under Subsection (1) may be relied upon as conclusive evidence of the facts stated in
122	the certificate.
123	Section 5. Section 48-3a-211 is amended to read:
124	48-3a-211. Certificate of existence or registration.
125	(1) On request of any person, the division shall issue a certificate of [good standing]
126	existence for a limited liability company or a certificate of registration for a registered foreign
127	limited liability company.
128	(2) A certificate under Subsection (1) must state:
129	(a) the limited liability company's name or the registered foreign limited liability
130	company's name used in this state;
131	(b) in the case of a limited liability company:
132	(i) that a certificate of organization has been filed and has taken effect;
133	(ii) the date the certificate of organization became effective;
134	(iii) the period of the limited liability company's duration if the records of the division
135	reflect that its period of duration is less than perpetual; and
136	(iv) that:
137	(A) no statement of dissolution, statement of administrative dissolution, or statement of
138	termination has been filed;
139	(B) the records of the division do not otherwise reflect that the company has been
140	dissolved or terminated; and
141	(C) a proceeding is not pending under Section 48-3a-708;

142	(c) in the case of a registered foreign limited liability company, that it is registered to
143	do business in this state;
144	(d) that all fees, taxes, interest, and penalties owed to this state by the limited liability
145	company or foreign limited liability company and collected through the division have been
146	paid, if:
147	(i) payment is reflected in the records of the division; and
148	(ii) nonpayment affects the [good standing or registration] status of the limited liability
149	company or foreign limited liability company with the division;
150	(e) that the most recent annual report required by Section 48-3a-212 has been delivered
151	to the division for filing; and
152	(f) other facts reflected in the records of the division pertaining to the limited liability
153	company or foreign limited liability company which the person requesting the certificate
154	reasonably requests.
155	(3) Subject to any qualification stated in the certificate, a certificate issued by the
156	division under Subsection (1) may be relied upon as conclusive evidence of the facts stated in
157	the certificate.
158	Section 6. Section 63M-4-503 is amended to read:
159	63M-4-503. Tax credits.
160	(1) (a) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
161	the office shall make rules establishing standards an alternative energy entity shall meet to
162	qualify for a tax credit.
163	(b) Before the office enters into an agreement described in Subsection (2) with an
164	alternative energy entity, the office, in consultation with other state agencies as necessary, shall
165	certify:
166	(i) that the alternative energy entity plans to produce in the state at least:
167	(A) two megawatts of electricity;
168	(B) 1,000 barrels per day if the alternative energy project is a crude oil equivalent
169	production; or

170	(C) 250 barrels per day if the alternative energy project is a biomass energy fuel
171	production;
172	(ii) that the alternative energy project will generate new state revenues;
173	(iii) the economic life of the alternative energy project produced by the alternative
174	energy entity;
175	(iv) that the alternative energy entity meets the requirements of Section 63M-4-504;
176	and
177	(v) that the alternative energy entity has received a [Certificate of Good Standing]
178	certificate of existence from the Division of Corporations and Commercial Code.
179	(2) If an alternative energy entity meets the requirements of this part to receive a tax
180	credit, the office shall enter into an agreement with the alternative energy entity to authorize the
181	tax credit in accordance with Subsection (3).
182	(3) (a) Subject to Subsection $(3)(b)$, if the office expects that the time from the
183	commencement of construction until the end of the economic life of the alternative energy
184	project is 20 years or more:
185	(i) the office shall grant a tax credit for the lesser of:
186	(A) the economic life of the alternative energy project; or
187	(B) 20 years; and
188	(ii) the tax credit is equal to 75% of new state revenues generated by the alternative
189	energy project.
190	(b) For a taxable year, a tax credit under this section may not exceed the new state
191	revenues generated by an alternative energy project during that taxable year.
192	(4) An alternative energy entity that seeks to receive a tax credit or has entered into an
193	agreement described in Subsection (2) with the office shall:
194	(a) annually file a report with the office showing the new state revenues generated by
195	the alternative energy project during the taxable year for which the alternative energy entity
196	seeks to receive a tax credit under Section 59-7-614.7 or 59-10-1029;
197	(b) subject to Subsection (5), annually file a report with the office prepared by an

198	independent certified public accountant verifying the new state revenue described in
199	Subsection (4)(a);
200	(c) subject to Subsection (5), file a report with the office at least every four years
201	prepared by an independent auditor auditing the new state revenue described in Subsection
202	(4)(a);
203	(d) provide the office with information required by the office to certify the economic
204	life of the alternative energy project produced by the alternative energy entity, which may
205	include a power purchase agreement, a lease, or a permit; and
206	(e) retain records supporting a claim for a tax credit for at least four years after the
207	alternative energy entity claims a tax credit under Section 59-7-614.7 or 59-10-1029.
208	(5) An alternative energy entity for which a report is prepared under Subsection (4)(b)
209	or (c) shall pay the costs of preparing the report.
210	(6) The office shall annually certify the new state revenues generated by an alternative
211	energy project for a taxable year for which an alternative energy entity seeks to receive a tax
212	credit under Section 59-7-614.7 or 59-10-1029.
213	Section 7. Section 63M-4-603 is amended to read:
214	63M-4-603. Tax credit Amount Eligibility Reporting.
215	(1) Before the office enters into an agreement described in Subsection (3) with an
216	applicant regarding a project, the office, in consultation with the Utah Energy Infrastructure
217	Authority Board created in Section 63H-2-202, and other state agencies as necessary, shall, in
218	accordance with the procedures described in Section 63M-4-604, certify:
219	(a) that the project meets the definition of a high cost infrastructure project under this
220	part;
221	(b) that the high cost infrastructure project will generate infrastructure-related revenue;
222	(c) the economic life of the high cost infrastructure project; and
223	(d) that the applicant has received a certificate of [good standing] existence from the
224	Division of Corporations and Commercial Code.
225	(2) (a) Before the office enters into an agreement described in Subsection (3) with an

226 applicant regarding a project, the Utah Energy Infrastructure Authority Board shall evaluate the 227 project's benefit to the state, based on whether the project: 228 (i) is likely to increase the property tax revenue for the municipality or county where 229 the project will be located; (ii) would provide new infrastructure for an area where the type of infrastructure the 230 231 project would create is underdeveloped; 232 (iii) would have a positive environmental impact on the state; 233 (iv) would upgrade or improve an existing entity in order to ensure the entity's 234 continued operation and economic viability; and 235 (v) is less likely to be completed without a tax credit issued to the applicant under this 236 part. 237 (b) The Utah Energy Infrastructure Authority Board may recommend that the office 238 deny an applicant a tax credit if the applicant's project does not, as determined by the Utah Energy Infrastructure Authority Board, sufficiently benefit the state based on the criteria 239 240 described in Subsection (2)(a). 241 (3) Subject to the procedures described in Section 63M-4-604, if an applicant meets the requirements of Subsection (1) to receive a tax credit, and the applicant's project receives a 242 243 favorable recommendation from the Utah Energy Infrastructure Authority Board under 244 Subsection (2), the office shall enter into an agreement with the applicant to authorize the tax 245 credit in accordance with this part. (4) The office shall grant a tax credit to an infrastructure cost-burdened entity, for a 246 high cost infrastructure project, under an agreement described in Subsection (3): 247 248 (a) for the lesser of: 249 (i) the economic life of the high cost infrastructure project; 250 (ii) 20 years; or 251 (iii) a time period, the first taxable year of which is the taxable year when the construction of the high cost infrastructure project begins and the last taxable year of which is 252 253 the taxable year in which the infrastructure cost-burdened entity has recovered, through the tax

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254 credit, an amount equal to: 255 (A) 50% of the cost of the infrastructure construction associated with the high cost 256 infrastructure project; or 257 (B) if the high cost infrastructure project is a fuel standard compliance project, 30% of the cost of the infrastructure construction associated with the high cost infrastructure project. 258 259 (b) except as provided in Subsections (4)(a) and (d), in a total amount equal to 30% of 260 the high cost infrastructure project's total infrastructure-related revenue over the time period 261 described in Subsection (4)(a); 262 (c) for a taxable year, in an amount that does not exceed the high cost infrastructure 263 project's infrastructure-related revenue during that taxable year; and (d) if the high cost infrastructure project is a fuel standard compliance project, in a total 264 265 amount that is: 266 (i) determined by the Utah Energy Infrastructure Authority Board, based on: (A) the applicant's likelihood of completing the high cost infrastructure project without 267 a tax credit; and 268 269 (B) how soon the applicant plans to complete the high cost infrastructure project; and (ii) equal to or less than 30% of the high cost infrastructure project's total 270 infrastructure-related revenue over the time period described in Subsection (4)(a). 271 272 (5) An infrastructure cost-burdened entity shall, for each taxable year: 273 (a) file a report with the office showing the high cost infrastructure project's 274 infrastructure-related revenue during the taxable year: (b) subject to Subsection (7), file a report with the office that is prepared by an 275 276 independent certified public accountant that verifies the infrastructure-related revenue 277 described in Subsection (5)(a); and 278 (c) provide the office with information required by the office to certify the economic 279 life of the high cost infrastructure project. 280 (6) An infrastructure cost-burdened entity shall retain records supporting a claim for a 281 tax credit for the same period of time during which a person is required to keep books and

282	records under Section 59-1-1406.
283	(7) An infrastructure cost-burdened entity for which a report is prepared under
284	Subsection (5)(b) shall pay the costs of preparing the report.
285	(8) The office shall certify, for each taxable year, the infrastructure-related revenue
286	generated by an infrastructure cost-burdened entity.
287	Section 8. Section 63N-2-703 is amended to read:
288	63N-2-703. Tax credits.
289	(1) (a) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
290	the office, with advice from the board, shall make rules establishing standards an alternative
291	energy entity shall meet to qualify for a tax credit.
292	(b) Before the office enters into an agreement described in Subsection (2) with an
293	alternative energy entity, the office shall certify:
294	(i) that the alternative energy manufacturing project will generate new state revenues;
295	(ii) the economic life of the alternative energy manufacturing project produced by the
296	alternative energy entity;
297	(iii) that local incentives have been committed or will be committed to be provided to
298	the alternative energy manufacturing project;
299	(iv) that the alternative energy entity meets the requirements of Section 63N-2-704;
300	and
301	(v) that the alternative energy entity has received a [Certificate of Good Standing]
302	certificate of existence from the Division of Corporations and Commercial Code.
303	(2) If an alternative energy entity meets the requirements of this part to receive a tax
304	credit, the office may enter into an agreement with the alternative energy entity to authorize the
305	tax credit in accordance with Subsection (3).
306	(3) (a) Subject to Subsections (3)(b) through (d), the office may authorize or commit a
307	tax credit under this part that may not exceed 100% of new state revenues generated by the
308	alternative energy manufacturing project.
309	(b) As determined by the office, the office may authorize or commit a tax credit under

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310 this section for a time period that does not exceed the lesser of: 311 (i) the economic life of the alternative energy manufacturing project; or 312 (ii) 20 years. 313 (c) The office shall consider economic modeling, including the costs and benefits of an 314 alternative energy manufacturing project to the state and local governments, in determining: (i) the amount of tax credit to authorize or commit in accordance with Subsection 315 316 (3)(a); and 317 (ii) the time period for which the office will authorize or commit a tax credit in 318 accordance with Subsection (3)(b). 319 (d) For a taxable year, a tax credit under this section may not exceed the new state 320 revenues generated by an alternative energy manufacturing project during that taxable year. (4) An alternative energy entity that seeks to receive a tax credit or has entered into an 321 322 agreement described in Subsection (2) with the office shall: 323 (a) annually file a report with the office showing the new state revenues generated by 324 the alternative energy manufacturing project during the taxable year for which the alternative 325 energy entity seeks to receive a tax credit under Section 59-7-614.8 or 59-10-1030; (b) submit to an audit for verification of a tax credit under Section 59-7-614.8 or 326 327 59-10-1030; 328 (c) provide the office with information required by the office to certify the economic 329 life of the alternative energy manufacturing project produced by the alternative energy entity, 330 which may include a power purchase agreement, a lease, or a permit; and (d) retain records supporting a claim for a tax credit for at least four years after the 331 332 alternative energy entity claims a tax credit under Section 59-7-614.8 or 59-10-1030. 333 (5) The office shall annually certify the new state revenues generated by an alternative 334 energy manufacturing project for a taxable year for which an alternative energy entity seeks to receive a tax credit under Section 59-7-614.8 or 59-10-1030. 335