

Section 1. Section **78B-5-503** is amended to read:

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26	78B-5-503. Homestead exemption Definitions Excepted obligations Water
27	rights and interests Conveyance Sale and disposition Property right for federal tax
28	purposes.
29	(1) For purposes of this section:
30	(a) "Household" means a group of persons related by blood or marriage living together
31	in the same dwelling as an economic unit, sharing furnishings, facilities, accommodations, and
32	expenses.
33	(b) "Mobile home" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section 57-16-3.
34	(c) "Primary personal residence" means a dwelling or mobile home, and the land
35	surrounding it, not exceeding one acre, as is reasonably necessary for the use of the dwelling or
36	mobile home, in which the individual and the individual's household reside.
37	(d) "Property" means:
38	(i) a primary personal residence;
39	(ii) real property; or
40	(iii) an equitable interest in real property awarded to a person in a divorce decree by a
41	court.
42	(2) (a) An individual is entitled to a homestead exemption consisting of property in this
43	state in an amount not exceeding:
44	(i) \$5,000 in value if the property consists in whole or in part of property [which] that
45	is not the primary personal residence of the individual; or
46	(ii) [\$30,000] \$42,000 in value if the property claimed is the primary personal residence
47	of the individual.
48	(b) If the property claimed as exempt is jointly owned, each joint owner is entitled to a
49	homestead exemption[; however], except that:
50	(i) for property exempt under Subsection (2)(a)(i), the maximum exemption may not
51	exceed \$10,000 per household; or
52	(ii) for property exempt under Subsection (2)(a)(ii), the maximum exemption may not
53	exceed [\$60,000] \$84,000 per household.
54	(c) A person may claim a homestead exemption in either or both of the following:
55	(i) one or more parcels of real property together with appurtenances and improvements;
56	or

(ii) a mobile home in which the claimant resides.
(d) A person may not claim a homestead exemption for property that the person
acquired as a result of criminal activity.
$\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{(e) (i)}]$ As used in this Subsection (2)(e), "index number" means the average of the four
most recent quarterly index numbers for the not seasonally adjusted, purchase-only House Price
Index for Utah as published in the House Price Index Report for the third quarter by the Federal
Housing Finance Agency in the year previous to the calendar year that is calculated in
Subsection (2)(e)(iii).
(ii) The dollar amounts in Subsections (2)(a) and (b) are for May 14, 2019, through
<u>December 31, 2019.</u>
(iii) For the calendar year 2020 and a calendar year after the calendar year 2020, the
state auditor shall:
(A) calculate new dollar amounts for Subsections (2)(a) and (b) by multiplying the
dollar amount in Subsections (2)(a) and (b) by the index number, dividing the result by 400,
and rounding to the nearest 100 dollars; and
(B) publish on the Office of the State Auditor website the new dollar amounts
ealculated under Subsection (2)(e)(iii) no later than January 1 of the applicable calendar year.] ← Ŝ
(3) A homestead is exempt from judicial lien and from levy, execution, or forced sale
except for:
(a) statutory liens for property taxes and assessments on the property;
(b) security interests in the property and judicial liens for debts created for the purchase
price of the property;
(c) judicial liens obtained on debts created by failure to provide support or maintenance
for dependent children; and
(d) consensual liens obtained on debts created by mutual contract.
(4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), water rights and interests, either in the
form of corporate stock or otherwise, owned by the homestead claimant are exempt from
execution to the extent that those rights and interests are necessarily employed in supplying
water to the homestead for domestic and irrigating purposes.
(b) Those water rights and interests are not exempt from calls or assessments and sale

88	(5) (a) When a homestead is conveyed by the owner of the property, the conveyance
89	may not subject the property to any lien to which [it] the property would not be subject in the
90	hands of the owner.
91	(b) The proceeds of any sale, to the amount of the exemption existing at the time of
92	sale, is exempt from levy, execution, or other process for one year after the receipt of the
93	proceeds by the person entitled to the exemption.
94	(6) The sale and disposition of one homestead does not prevent the selection or
95	purchase of another.
96	(7) For purposes of any claim or action for taxes brought by the United States Internal
97	Revenue Service, a homestead exemption claimed on real property in this state is considered to
98	be a property right.
99	Section 2. Section <b>78B-5-505</b> is amended to read:
100	78B-5-505. Property exempt from execution.
101	(1) (a) An individual is entitled to exemption of the following property:
102	(i) a burial plot for the individual and the individual's family;
103	(ii) health aids reasonably necessary to enable the individual or a dependent to work or
104	sustain health;
105	(iii) benefits the individual or the individual's dependent have received or are entitled
106	to receive from any source because of:
107	(A) disability;
108	(B) illness; or
109	(C) unemployment;
110	(iv) benefits paid or payable for medical, surgical, or hospital care to the extent they are
111	used by an individual or the individual's dependent to pay for that care;
112	(v) veterans benefits;
113	(vi) money or property received, and rights to receive money or property for child
114	support;
115	(vii) money or property received, and rights to receive money or property for alimony
116	or separate maintenance, to the extent reasonably necessary for the support of the individual
117	and the individual's dependents;
118	(viii) (A) one:

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119	(1) clothes washer and dryer;
120	(II) refrigerator;
121	(III) freezer;
122	(IV) stove;
123	(V) microwave oven; and
124	(VI) sewing machine;
125	(B) all carpets in use;
126	(C) provisions sufficient for 12 months actually provided for individual or family use;
127	(D) all wearing apparel of every individual and dependent, not including jewelry or
128	furs; and
129	(E) all beds and bedding for every individual or dependent;
130	(ix) except for works of art held by the debtor as part of a trade or business, works of
131	art:
132	(A) depicting the debtor or the debtor and [his] the debtor's resident family; or
133	(B) produced by the debtor or the debtor and [his] the debtor's resident family;
134	(x) proceeds of insurance, a judgment, or a settlement, or other rights accruing as a
135	result of bodily injury of the individual or of the wrongful death or bodily injury of another
136	individual of whom the individual was or is a dependent to the extent that those proceeds are
137	compensatory;
138	(xi) the proceeds or benefits of any life insurance contracts or policies paid or payable
139	to the debtor or any trust of which the debtor is a beneficiary upon the death of the spouse or
140	children of the debtor, provided that the contract or policy has been owned by the debtor for a
141	continuous unexpired period of one year;
142	(xii) the proceeds or benefits of any life insurance contracts or policies paid or payable
143	to the spouse or children of the debtor or any trust of which the spouse or children are
144	beneficiaries upon the death of the debtor, provided that the contract or policy has been in
145	existence for a continuous unexpired period of one year;
146	(xiii) proceeds and avails of any unmatured life insurance contracts owned by the
147	debtor or any revocable grantor trust created by the debtor, excluding any payments made on
148	the contract during the one year immediately preceding a creditor's levy or execution;
149	(xiv) except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), any money or other assets held for or

150	payable to the individual as a participant or beneficiary from or an interest of the individual as
151	a participant or beneficiary in a retirement plan or arrangement that is described in Section
152	401(a), 401(h), 401(k), 403(a), 403(b), 408, 408A, 409, 414(d), 414(e), or 457, Internal
153	Revenue Code;
154	(xv) the interest of or any money or other assets payable to an alternate payee under a
155	qualified domestic relations order as those terms are defined in Section 414(p), Internal
156	Revenue Code;
157	(xvi) unpaid earnings of the household of the filing individual due as of the date of the
158	filing of a bankruptcy petition in the amount of 1/24 of the Utah State annual median family
159	income for the household size of the filing individual as determined by the Utah State Annual
160	Median Family Income reported by the United States Census Bureau and as adjusted based
161	upon the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers for an individual whose unpaid
162	earnings are paid more often than once a month or, if unpaid earnings are not paid more often
163	than once a month, then in the amount of 1/12 of the Utah State annual median family income
164	for the household size of the individual as determined by the Utah State Annual Median Family
165	Income reported by the United States Census Bureau and as adjusted based upon the Consumer
166	Price Index for All Urban Consumers; [and]
167	(xvii) except for curio or relic firearms, as defined in Section 76-10-501, any three of
168	the following:
169	(A) one handgun and ammunition for the handgun not exceeding 1,000 rounds;
170	(B) one shotgun and ammunition for the shotgun not exceeding 1,000 rounds; and
171	(C) one shoulder arm and ammunition for the shoulder arm not exceeding 1,000
172	rounds[ <del>-</del> ]; and
173	(xviii) money, not exceeding \$200,000, in the aggregate, that an individual deposits,
174	more than 18 months before the day on which the individual files a petition for bankruptcy, in
175	all tax-advantaged accounts for saving for higher education costs on behalf of a particular
176	individual that meets the requirements of Section 529, Internal Revenue Code.
177	(b) The exemption granted by Subsection (1)(a)(xiv) does not apply to:
178	(i) an alternate payee under a qualified domestic relations order, as those terms are
179	defined in Section 414(p), Internal Revenue Code; or
180	(ii) amounts contributed or benefits accrued by or on behalf of a debtor within one year

- before the debtor files for bankruptcy[. This may not include], except amounts directly rolled over from other funds [which] that are exempt from attachment under this section.
- (2) The exemptions in Subsections (1)(a)(xi), (xii), and (xiii) do not apply to proceeds and avails of any matured or unmatured life insurance contract assigned or pledged as collateral for repayment of a loan or other legal obligation.
- (3) Disability benefits, as described in Subsection (1)(a)(iii)(A), and veterans benefits, as described in Subsection (1)(a)(v), may be garnished on behalf of a child victim if the person receiving the benefits has been convicted of a felony sex offense against a child and ordered by the convicting court to pay restitution to the victim. The exemption from execution under this section shall be reinstated upon payment of the restitution in full.
- (4) Exemptions under this section do not limit items that may be claimed as exempt under Section 78B-5-506.