

26	AMENDS:
27	10-8-47, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 189
28	26-62-205, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 231
29	26-62-304, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 231
30	26-62-305, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 231
31	51-9-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 242
32	53-3-207, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 350
33	53-3-806, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 276
34	59-14-703, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 148
35	76-10-103 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1973, Chapter 196
36	76-10-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 114
37	76-10-104.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 278
38	76-10-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 415
39	76-10-105.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 231
40	77-39-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 231
41	ENACTS:
42	76-10-105.2 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
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44	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
45	Section 1. Section 10-8-47 is amended to read:
46	10-8-47. Intoxication Fights Disorderly conduct Assault and battery Petit
47	larceny Riots and disorderly assemblies Firearms and fireworks False pretenses
48	and embezzlement Sale of liquor, narcotics, or tobacco to minors Possession of
49	controlled substances Treatment of alcoholics and narcotics or drug addicts.
50	(1) A municipal legislative body may:
51	(a) prevent intoxication, fighting, quarreling, dog fights, cockfights, prize fights,
52	bullfights, and all disorderly conduct and provide against and punish the offenses of assault and
53	battery and petit larceny;
54	(b) restrain riots, routs, noises, disturbances, or disorderly assemblies in any street,
55	house, or place in the city;
56	(c) regulate and prevent the discharge of firearms, rockets, powder, fireworks in

57	accordance with Section 53-7-225, or any other dangerous or combustible material;
58	(d) provide against and prevent the offense of obtaining money or property under false
59	pretenses and the offense of embezzling money or property in [all] the cases [where] when the
60	money or property embezzled or obtained under false pretenses does not exceed in value the
61	sum of \$500; [and]
62	(e) prohibit the sale, giving away, or furnishing of narcotics[7] or alcoholic beverages to
63	[a person] an individual younger than 21 years of age[, or tobacco to any person younger than
64	19 years of age.]; and
65	(f) prohibit the sale, giving away, or furnishing of tobacco or e-cigarettes to an
66	individual younger than:
67	(i) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, 20 years of age; and
68	(ii) beginning July 1, 2021, 21 years of age.
69	(2) A city may:
70	(a) by ordinance, prohibit the possession of controlled substances as defined in the
71	Utah Controlled Substances Act or any other endangering or impairing substance, provided the
72	conduct is not a class A misdemeanor or felony; and
73	(b) provide for treatment of alcoholics, narcotic addicts, and other [persons]
74	individuals who are addicted to the use of drugs or intoxicants such that [a person] an
75	individual substantially lacks the capacity to control the [person's] individual's use of the drugs
76	or intoxicants, and judicial supervision may be imposed as a means of effecting [their] the
77	individual's rehabilitation.
78	Section 2. Section 26-62-205 is amended to read:
79	26-62-205. Permit requirements for a retail tobacco specialty business.
80	A retail tobacco specialty business shall:
81	(1) except as provided in Subsection 76-10-105.1(4), prohibit any individual [under 19
82	years of age] from entering the business if the individual is:
83	(a) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, under 20 years of age; and
84	(b) beginning July 1, 2021, under 21 years of age; and
85	(2) prominently display at the retail tobacco specialty business a sign on the public
86	entrance of the business that communicates the prohibition in Subsection 76-10-105.1(4).
87	Section 3. Section 26-62-304 is amended to read:

20-02-304. Hearing Evidence of Chimnal Convicti	26-62-304.	Hearing Evidence of crim	ninal conviction.
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- (1) At a civil hearing conducted under Section 26-62-302, evidence of the final criminal conviction of a tobacco retailer or employee for violation of Section 76-10-104 at the same location and within the same time period as the location and time period alleged in the civil hearing for violation of this chapter for sale of tobacco products to [a person] an individual under [the age of 19] the following ages is prima facie evidence of a violation of this chapter[:]:
 - (a) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, under 20 years of age; and
 - (b) beginning July 1, 2021, under 21 years of age.
- (2) If the tobacco retailer is convicted of violating Section 76-10-104, the enforcing agency:
- (a) may not assess an additional monetary penalty under this chapter for the same offense for which the conviction was obtained; and
 - (b) may revoke or suspend a permit in accordance with Section 26-62-305.
- Section 4. Section **26-62-305** is amended to read:
- **26-62-305.** Penalties.
 - (1) (a) If, following an inspection by an enforcing agency, or an investigation or issuance of a citation or information under Section 77-39-101, an enforcing agency determines that a person has violated the terms of a permit issued under this chapter, the enforcing agency may impose the penalties described in this section.
 - (b) If multiple violations are found in a single inspection or investigation, only one violation shall count toward the penalties described in this section.
 - (2) (a) The administrative penalty for a first violation at a retail location is a penalty of not more than \$500.
 - (b) The administrative penalty for a second violation at the same retail location that occurs within one year of a previous violation is a penalty of not more than \$750.
 - (c) The administrative penalty for a third or subsequent violation at the same retail location that occurs within two years after two or more previous violations is:
 - (i) a suspension of the retail tobacco business permit for 30 consecutive business days within 60 days after the day on which the third or subsequent violation occurs; or
 - (ii) a penalty of not more than \$1,000.

119	(3) The department or a local health department may:
120	(a) revoke a permit if a fourth violation occurs within two years of three previous
121	violations;
122	(b) in addition to a monetary penalty imposed under Subsection (2), suspend the permit
123	if the violation is due to a sale of tobacco products to [a person] an individual under [19 years
124	of age]:
125	(i) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, 20 years of age; and
126	(ii) beginning July 1, 2021, 21 years of age; and
127	(c) if applicable, recommend to a municipality or county that a retail tobacco specialty
128	business license issued under Section 10-8-41.6 or 17-50-333 be suspended or revoked.
129	(4) (a) Except when a transfer described in Subsection (5) occurs, a local health
130	department may not issue a permit to:
131	(i) a tobacco retailer for whom a permit is suspended or revoked under Subsection (3);
132	or
133	(ii) a tobacco retailer that has the same proprietor, director, corporate officer, partner,
134	or other holder of significant interest as another tobacco retailer for whom a permit is
135	suspended or revoked under Subsection (3).
136	(b) A person whose permit:
137	(i) is suspended under this section may not apply for a new permit for any other
138	tobacco retailer for a period of 12 months after the day on which an enforcing agency suspends
139	the permit; and
140	(ii) is revoked may not apply for a new permit for any tobacco retailer for a period of
141	24 months after the day on which an enforcing agency revokes the permit.
142	(5) Violations of this chapter, Section 10-8-41.6, or Section 17-50-333 that occur at a
143	tobacco retailer location shall stay on the record for that tobacco retailer location unless:
144	(a) the tobacco retailer is transferred to a new proprietor; and
145	(b) the new proprietor provides documentation to the local health department that the
146	new proprietor is acquiring the tobacco retailer in an arm's length transaction from the previous
147	proprietor.
148	Section 5. Section 51-9-203 is amended to read:
149	51-9-203. Requirements for tobacco programs.

150	(1) To be eligible to receive funding under this part for a tobacco prevention, reduction,
151	cessation, or control program, an organization, whether private, governmental, or
152	quasi-governmental, shall:
153	(a) submit a request to the Department of Health containing the following information:
154	(i) for media campaigns to prevent or reduce smoking, the request shall demonstrate
155	sound management and periodic evaluation of the campaign's relevance to the intended
156	audience, particularly in campaigns directed toward youth, including audience awareness of the
157	campaign and recollection of the main message;
158	(ii) for school-based education programs to prevent and reduce youth smoking, the
159	request shall describe how the program will be effective in preventing and reducing youth
160	smoking;
161	(iii) for community-based programs to prevent and reduce smoking, the request shall
162	demonstrate that the proposed program:
163	(A) has a comprehensive strategy with a clear mission and goals;
164	(B) provides for committed, caring, and professional leadership; and
165	(C) if directed toward youth:
166	(I) offers youth-centered activities in youth accessible facilities;
167	(II) is culturally sensitive, inclusive, and diverse;
168	(III) involves youth in the planning, delivery, and evaluation of services that affect
169	them; and
170	(IV) offers a positive focus that is inclusive of all youth; and
171	(iv) for enforcement, control, and compliance program, the request shall demonstrate
172	that the proposed program can reasonably be expected to reduce the extent to which tobacco
173	products are available to individuals under [the age of 19] the following ages:
174	(A) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, 20 years of age; and
175	(B) beginning July 1, 2021, 21 years of age;
176	(b) agree, by contract, to file an annual written report with the Department of Health[-
177	The report shall contain that contains the following:
178	(i) the amount funded;
179	(ii) the amount expended;
180	(iii) a description of the program or campaign and the number of adults and youth who

181	participated;
182	(iv) specific elements of the program or campaign meeting the applicable criteria set
183	forth in Subsection (1)(a); and
184	(v) a statement concerning the success and effectiveness of the program or campaign;
185	(c) agree, by contract, to not use any funds received under this part directly or
186	indirectly, to:
187	(i) engage in any lobbying or political activity, including the support of, or opposition
188	to, candidates, ballot questions, referenda, or similar activities; or
189	(ii) engage in litigation with any tobacco manufacturer, retailer, or distributor, except to
190	enforce:
191	(A) the provisions of the Master Settlement Agreement;
192	(B) Title 26, Chapter 38, Utah Indoor Clean Air Act;
193	(C) Title 26, Chapter [42, Civil Penalties for Tobacco Sales to Underage Persons] 62,
194	Part 3, Enforcement; and
195	(D) Title 77, Chapter 39, Sale of Tobacco or Alcohol to Under Age Persons; and
196	(d) agree, by contract, to repay the funds provided under this part if the organization:
197	(i) fails to file a timely report as required by Subsection (1)(b); or
198	(ii) uses any portion of the funds in violation of Subsection (1)(c).
199	(2) The Department of Health shall review and evaluate the success and effectiveness
200	of any program or campaign that receives funding pursuant to a request submitted under
201	Subsection (1). The review and evaluation:
202	(a) shall include a comparison of annual smoking trends;
203	(b) may be conducted by an independent evaluator; and
204	(c) may be paid for by funds appropriated from the account for that purpose.
205	(3) The Department of Health shall annually report to the Social Services
206	Appropriations Subcommittee on the reviews conducted pursuant to Subsection (2).
207	(4) An organization that fails to comply with the contract requirements set forth in
208	Subsection (1) shall:
209	(a) repay the state as provided in Subsection (1)(d); and
210	(b) be disqualified from receiving funds under this part in any subsequent fiscal year.
211	(5) The attorney general shall be responsible for recovering funds that are required to

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212	be repaid to the state under this section.
213	(6) Nothing in this section may be construed as applying to funds that are not
214	appropriated under this part.
215	Section 6. Section 53-3-207 is amended to read:
216	53-3-207. License certificates or driving privilege cards issued to drivers by class
217	of motor vehicle Contents Release of anatomical gift information Temporary
218	licenses or driving privilege cards Minors' licenses, cards, and permits Violation.
219	(1) As used in this section:
220	(a) "Driving privilege" means the privilege granted under this chapter to drive a motor
221	vehicle.
222	(b) "Governmental entity" means the state [and its political subdivisions as defined in
223	this Subsection (1)] or a political subdivision of the state.
224	(c) "Political subdivision" means any county, city, town, school district, public transit
225	district, community reinvestment agency, special improvement or taxing district, local district,
226	special service district, an entity created by an interlocal agreement adopted under Title 11,
227	Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act, or other governmental subdivision or public
228	corporation.
229	(d) "State" means this state, and includes any office, department, agency, authority,
230	commission, board, institution, hospital, college, university, children's justice center, or other
231	instrumentality of the state.
232	(2) (a) The division shall issue to every [person] individual privileged to drive a motor
233	vehicle, a regular license certificate, a limited-term license certificate, or a driving privilege
234	card indicating the type or class of motor vehicle the [person] individual may drive.
235	(b) [A person] An individual may not drive a class of motor vehicle unless granted the
236	privilege in that class.
237	(3) (a) Every regular license certificate, limited-term license certificate, or driving
238	privilege card shall bear:
239	(i) the distinguishing number assigned to the [person] individual by the division;
240	(ii) the name, birth date, and Utah residence address of the [person] individual;

(iii) a brief description of the [person] individual for the purpose of identification;

(iv) any restrictions imposed on the license under Section 53-3-208;

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license certificate.

- 243 (v) a photograph of the [person] individual; 244 (vi) a photograph or other facsimile of the person's signature; 245 (vii) an indication whether the [person] individual intends to make an anatomical gift 246 under Title 26, Chapter 28, Revised Uniform Anatomical Gift Act, unless the driving privilege 247 is extended under Subsection 53-3-214(3); and (viii) except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), if the [person] individual states that the 248 249 [person] individual is a veteran of the United States military on the application for a driver license in accordance with Section 53-3-205 and provides verification that the [person] 250 251 individual was granted an honorable or general discharge from the United States Armed 252 Forces, an indication that the [person] individual is a United States military veteran for a 253 regular license certificate or limited-term license certificate issued on or after July 1, 2011. 254 (b) A regular license certificate or limited-term license certificate issued to [any 255 person] an individual younger than 21 years on a portrait-style format as required in Subsection (5)(b)[(i)] is not required to include an indication that the [person] individual is a United States 256 257 military veteran under Subsection (3)(a)(viii). 258 (c) A new license certificate issued by the division may not bear the [person's Social 259 Security | individual's social security number. (d) (i) The regular license certificate, limited-term license certificate, or driving 260 261 privilege card shall be of an impervious material, resistant to wear, damage, and alteration. (ii) Except as provided under Subsection (4)(b), the size, form, and color of the regular 262 263 license certificate, limited-term license certificate, or driving privilege card shall be as 264 prescribed by the commissioner. 265 (iii) The commissioner may also prescribe the issuance of a special type of limited 266 regular license certificate, limited-term license certificate, or driving privilege card under 267 Subsection 53-3-220(4). 268 (4) (a) (i) The division, upon determining after an examination that an applicant is 269 mentally and physically qualified to be granted a driving privilege, may issue to an applicant a
 - (ii) (A) The division shall issue a temporary regular license certificate or temporary limited-term license certificate allowing the [person] individual to drive a motor vehicle while

receipt for the fee if the applicant is eligible for a regular license certificate or limited-term

the division is completing its investigation to determine whether the [person] individual is entitled to be granted a driving privilege.

- (B) A temporary regular license certificate or a temporary limited-term license certificate issued under this Subsection (4) shall be recognized and have the same rights and privileges as a regular license certificate or a limited-term license certificate.
- (b) The temporary regular license certificate or temporary limited-term license certificate shall be in the [person's] individual's immediate possession while driving a motor vehicle, and it is invalid when the [person's] individual's regular license certificate or limited-term license certificate has been issued or when, for good cause, the privilege has been refused.
- (c) The division shall indicate on the temporary regular license certificate or temporary limited-term license certificate a date after which it is not valid as a temporary license.
- (d) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(d)(ii), the division may not issue a temporary driving privilege card or other temporary permit to an applicant for a driving privilege card.
- (ii) The division may issue a learner permit issued in accordance with Section 53-3-210.5 to an applicant for a driving privilege card.
- (5) (a) The division shall distinguish learner permits, temporary permits, regular license certificates, limited-term license certificates, and driving privilege cards issued to any [person] individual younger than 21 years of age by use of plainly printed information or the use of a color or other means not used for other regular license certificates, limited-term license certificates, or driving privilege cards.
- (b) The division shall distinguish a regular license certificate, limited-term license certificate, or driving privilege card issued to [any person: (i)] an individual younger than 21 years of age by use of a portrait-style format not used for other regular license certificates, limited-term license certificates, or driving privilege cards and by plainly printing the date the regular license certificate, limited-term license certificate, or driving privilege card holder is 21 years of age[, which is the legal age for purchasing an alcoholic beverage or alcoholic product under Section 32B-4-403; and]
- [(ii) younger than 19 years of age, by plainly printing the date the regular license certificate, limited-term license certificate, or driving privilege card holder is 19 years of age,

305	which is the legal age for purchasing tobacco products under Section /6-10-104].
306	(6) The division shall distinguish a limited-term license certificate by clearly indicating
307	on the document:
308	(a) that it is temporary; and
309	(b) its expiration date.
310	(7) (a) The division shall only issue a driving privilege card to [a person] an individual
311	whose privilege was obtained without providing evidence of lawful presence in the United
312	States as required under Subsection 53-3-205(8).
313	(b) The division shall distinguish a driving privilege card from a license certificate by:
314	(i) use of a format, color, font, or other means; and
315	(ii) clearly displaying on the front of the driving privilege card a phrase substantially
316	similar to "FOR DRIVING PRIVILEGES ONLY NOT VALID FOR IDENTIFICATION".
317	(8) The provisions of Subsection (5)(b) do not apply to a learner permit, temporary
318	permit, temporary regular license certificate, temporary limited-term license certificate, or any
319	other temporary permit.
320	(9) The division shall issue temporary license certificates of the same nature, except as
321	to duration, as the license certificates that they temporarily replace, as are necessary to
322	implement applicable provisions of this section and Section 53-3-223.
323	(10) (a) A governmental entity may not accept a driving privilege card as proof of
324	personal identification.
325	(b) A driving privilege card may not be used as a document providing proof of [a
326	person's] an individual's age for any government required purpose.
327	(11) A person who violates Subsection (2)(b) is guilty of an infraction.
328	(12) Unless otherwise provided, the provisions, requirements, classes, endorsements,
329	fees, restrictions, and sanctions under this code apply to a:
330	(a) driving privilege in the same way as a license or limited-term license issued under
331	this chapter; and
332	(b) limited-term license certificate or driving privilege card in the same way as a
333	regular license certificate issued under this chapter.
334	Section 7. Section 53-3-806 is amended to read:
335	53-3-806. Portrait-style format Minor's card distinguishable.

336	(1) The division shall use a portrait-style format for all identification cards, similar to
337	the format used for license certificates issued to [a person] an individual younger than 21 years
338	of age under Section 53-3-207.
339	(2) The identification card issued to [a person] an individual younger than 21 years of
340	age shall be distinguished by use of plainly printed information or by the use of a color or other
341	means not used for the identification card issued to [a person] an individual 21 years of age or
342	older.
343	(3) The division shall distinguish an identification card issued to [any person: (a)] an
344	individual younger than 21 years of age by plainly printing the date the identification card
345	holder is 21 years of age[, which is the legal age for purchasing an alcoholic beverage or
346	alcoholic product under Section 32B-4-403; and].
347	[(b) younger than 19 years of age by plainly printing the date the identification card
348	holder is 19 years of age, which is the legal age for purchasing tobacco products under Section
349	76-10-104.]
350	(4) The division shall distinguish a limited-term identification card by clearly
351	indicating on the card:
352	(a) that it is temporary; and
353	(b) its expiration date.
354	Section 8. Section 59-14-703 is amended to read:
355	59-14-703. Certification of cigarette rolling machine operators Renewal of
356	certification Requirements for certification or renewal of certification Denial.
357	(1) A cigarette rolling machine operator may not perform the following without first
358	obtaining certification from the commission as provided in this part:
359	(a) locate a cigarette rolling machine within this state;
360	(b) make or offer to make a cigarette rolling machine available for use within this state;
361	or
362	(c) offer a cigarette for sale within this state if the cigarette is produced by:
363	(i) the cigarette rolling machine operator; or
364	(ii) another person at the location of the cigarette rolling machine operator's cigarette
365	rolling machine.

(2) A cigarette rolling machine operator shall renew its certification as provided in this

367 section.

- (3) The commission shall prescribe a form for certifying a cigarette rolling machine operator under this part.
- (4) (a) A cigarette rolling machine operator shall apply to the commission for certification before the cigarette rolling machine operator performs an act described in Subsection (1) within the state for the first time.
- (b) A cigarette rolling machine operator shall apply to the commission for a renewal of certification on or before the earlier of:
 - (i) December 31 of each year; or
- (ii) the day on which there is a change in any of the information the cigarette rolling machine operator provides on the form described in Subsection (3).
 - (5) To obtain certification or renewal of certification under this section from the commission, a cigarette rolling machine operator shall:
- (a) identify:
 - (i) the cigarette rolling machine operator's name and address;
 - (ii) the location, make, and brand of the cigarette rolling machine operator's cigarette rolling machine; and
 - (iii) each person from whom the cigarette rolling machine operator will purchase or be provided tobacco products that the cigarette rolling machine operator will use to produce cigarettes; and
 - (b) certify, under penalty of perjury, that:
 - (i) the tobacco to be used in the cigarette rolling machine operator's cigarette rolling machine, regardless of the tobacco's label or description, shall be only of a:
 - (A) brand family listed on the commission's directory listing required by Section 59-14-603; and
 - (B) tobacco product manufacturer listed on the commission's directory listing required by Section 59-14-603;
 - (ii) the cigarette rolling machine operator shall prohibit another person who uses the cigarette rolling machine operator's cigarette rolling machine from using tobacco, a wrapper, or a cover except for tobacco, a wrapper, or a cover purchased by or provided to the cigarette rolling machine operator from a person identified in accordance with Subsection (5)(a)(iii);

398	(iii) the cigarette rolling machine operator holds a current license issued in accordance
399	with this chapter;
400	(iv) the cigarettes produced from the cigarette rolling machine shall comply with Title
401	53, Chapter 7, Part 4, The Reduced Cigarette Ignition Propensity and Firefighter Protection
402	Act;
403	(v) the cigarette rolling machine shall be located in a separate and defined area where
404	the cigarette rolling machine operator ensures that [a person] an individual younger than [19
405	years of] the age specified in Subsection (6) may not be:
406	(A) present at any time; or
407	(B) permitted to enter at any time; and
408	(vi) the cigarette rolling machine operator may not barter, distribute, exchange, offer,
409	or sell cigarettes produced from a cigarette rolling machine in a quantity of less than 20
410	cigarettes per retail transaction.
411	(6) For purposes of Subsection (5), an individual is younger than:
412	(a) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, 20 years of age; and
413	(b) beginning July 1, 2021, 21 years of age.
414	[(6)] (7) If the commission determines that a cigarette rolling machine operator meets
415	the requirements for certification or renewal of certification under this section, the commission
416	shall grant the certification or renewal of certification.
417	$[\frac{7}{2}]$ (8) If the commission determines that a cigarette rolling machine operator does
418	not meet the requirements for certification or renewal of certification under this section, the
419	commission shall:
420	(a) deny the certification or renewal of certification; and
421	(b) provide the cigarette rolling machine operator the grounds for denial of the
422	certification or renewal of certification in writing.
423	Section 9. Section 76-10-103 is amended to read:
424	76-10-103. Permitting minors to use tobacco in place of business.
425	It is a class C misdemeanor for the proprietor of any place of business to knowingly
426	permit [persons] an individual under [age 19] the following ages to frequent a place of business
427	while [they are] the individual is using tobacco[:]:
428	(1) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, under 20 years of age; and

429	(2) beginning July 1, 2021, under 21 years of age.
430	Section 10. Section 76-10-104 is amended to read:
431	76-10-104. Providing a cigar, cigarette, electronic cigarette, or tobacco to a minor
432	Penalties.
433	(1) $[Any]$ A person violates this section who knowingly, intentionally, recklessly, or
434	with criminal negligence provides [any] a cigar, cigarette, electronic cigarette, or tobacco in
435	any form, to [any person under 19 years of age] an individual under the following ages, is
436	guilty of a class C misdemeanor on the first offense, a class B misdemeanor on the second
437	offense, and a [class A misdemeanor] felony of the third degree on subsequent offenses[:]:
438	(a) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, 20 years of age; and
439	(b) beginning July 1, 2021, 21 years of age.
440	(2) [For purposes of] As used in this section "provides":
441	(a) includes selling, giving, furnishing, sending, or causing to be sent; and
442	(b) does not include the acts of the United States Postal Service or other common
443	carrier when engaged in the business of transporting and delivering packages for others or the
444	acts of a person, whether compensated or not, who transports or delivers a package for another
445	person without any reason to know of the package's content.
446	Section 11. Section 76-10-104.1 is amended to read:
447	76-10-104.1. Providing tobacco paraphernalia to minors Penalties.
448	(1) For purposes of this section:
449	(a) "Provides":
450	(i) includes selling, giving, furnishing, sending, or causing to be sent; and
451	(ii) does not include the acts of the United States Postal Service or other common
452	carrier when engaged in the business of transporting and delivering packages for others or the
453	acts of a person, whether compensated or not, who transports or delivers a package for another
454	person without any reason to know of the package's content.
455	(b) "Tobacco paraphernalia":
456	(i) means [any] equipment, product, or material of any kind [which] that is used,
457	intended for use, or designed for use to package, repackage, store, contain, conceal, ingest,
458	inhale, or otherwise introduce a cigar, cigarette, or tobacco in any form into the human body,
459	including:

460	(A) metal, wooden, acrylic, glass, stone, plastic, or ceramic pipes with or without
461	screens, permanent screens, hashish heads, or punctured metal bowls;
462	(B) water pipes;
463	(C) carburetion tubes and devices;
464	(D) smoking and carburetion masks;
465	(E) roach clips[:], meaning objects used to hold burning material, such as a cigarette,
466	that has become too small or too short to be held in the hand;
467	(F) chamber pipes;
468	(G) carburetor pipes;
469	(H) electric pipes;
470	(I) air-driven pipes;
471	(J) chillums;
472	(K) bongs; and
473	(L) ice pipes or chillers; and
474	(ii) does not include matches or lighters.
475	(2) (a) It is unlawful for a person to knowingly, intentionally, recklessly, or with
476	criminal negligence provide [any] tobacco paraphernalia to [any person] an individual under
477	[19 years of age.]:
478	(i) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, 20 years of age; and
479	(ii) beginning July 1, 2021, 21 years of age.
480	(b) A person who violates this section is guilty of a class C misdemeanor on the first
481	offense and a class B misdemeanor on subsequent offenses.
482	Section 12. Section 76-10-105 is amended to read:
483	76-10-105. Buying or possessing a cigar, cigarette, electronic cigarette, or tobacco
484	by a minor Penalty Compliance officer authority Juvenile court jurisdiction.
485	(1) [Any 18 year old person] (a) An individual who is 18 years or older, but younger
486	than the age specified in Subsection (1)(b), and buys or attempts to buy, accepts, or has in the
487	[person's] individual's possession any cigar, cigarette, electronic cigarette, or tobacco in any
488	form is guilty of [a class C misdemeanor] an infraction and subject to:
489	[(a)] (i) a minimum fine or penalty of $[$60]$ $$100$; and
490	[(b)] (ii) participation in a court-approved tobacco education or cessation program,

491	which may include a participation fee.
492	(b) For purposes of Subsection (1)(a), the individual is younger than:
493	(i) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, 20 years of age; and
494	(ii) beginning July 1, 2021, 21 years of age.
495	(2) [Any person] An individual under the age of 18 who buys or attempts to buy,
496	accepts, or has in the [person's] individual's possession any cigar, cigarette, electronic cigarette,
497	or tobacco in any form is subject to the jurisdiction of the juvenile court and subject to Section
498	78A-6-602, unless the violation is committed on school property. If a violation under this
499	section is adjudicated under Section 78A-6-117, the minor may be subject to the following:
500	(a) a fine or penalty, in accordance with Section 78A-6-117; and
501	(b) participation in a court-approved tobacco education program, which may include a
502	participation fee.
503	(3) A compliance officer appointed by a board of education under Section 53G-4-402
504	may not issue a citation for a violation of this section committed on school property. A cited
505	violation committed on school property shall be addressed in accordance with Section
506	53G-8-211.
507	Section 13. Section 76-10-105.1 is amended to read:
508	76-10-105.1. Requirement of direct, face-to-face sale of cigarettes, tobacco, and
509	electronic cigarettes Minors not allowed in tobacco specialty shop Penalties.
510	(1) As used in this section:
511	(a) "Cigarette" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-14-102.
512	(b) (i) "Face-to-face exchange" means a transaction made in person between an
513	individual and a retailer or retailer's employee.
514	(ii) "Face-to-face exchange" does not include a sale through a:
515	(A) vending machine; or
516	(B) self-service display.
517	(c) "Retailer" means a person who:
518	(i) sells a cigarette, tobacco, or an electronic cigarette to an individual for personal
519	consumption; or
520	(ii) operates a facility with a vending machine that sells a cigarette, tobacco, or an
521	electronic cigarette.

522	(d) "Self-service display" means a display of a cigarette, tobacco, or an electronic
523	cigarette to which the public has access without the intervention of a retailer or retailer's
524	employee.
525	(e) "Tobacco" means any product, except a cigarette, made of or containing tobacco.
526	(f) "Tobacco specialty shop" means a "retail tobacco specialty business" as that term is
527	defined:
528	(i) as it relates to a municipality, in Section 10-8-41.6; and
529	(ii) as it relates to a county, in Section 17-50-333.
530	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), a retailer may sell a cigarette, tobacco, or an
531	electronic cigarette only in a face-to-face exchange.
532	(3) The face-to-face sale requirement in Subsection (2) does not apply to:
533	(a) a mail-order, telephone, or Internet sale made in compliance with Section
534	59-14-509;
535	(b) a sale from a vending machine or self-service display that is located in an area of a
536	retailer's facility:
537	(i) that is distinct and separate from the rest of the facility; and
538	(ii) where the retailer only allows an individual who complies with Subsection (4) to be
539	present; or
540	(c) a sale at a tobacco specialty shop.
541	(4) (a) An individual who is less than [19 years old] the age specified in Subsection
542	(4)(b) may not enter or be present at a tobacco specialty shop unless the individual is:
543	[(a)] (i) accompanied by a parent or legal guardian;
544	[(b)] (ii) present at the tobacco shop for a bona fide commercial purpose other than to
545	purchase a cigarette, tobacco, or an electronic cigarette; or
546	[(c)] (iii) 18 years old or older and an active duty member of the United States Armed
547	Forces, as demonstrated by a valid, government-issued military identification card.
548	(b) For purposes of Subsection (4)(a), the individual is younger than:
549	(i) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, 20 years of age; and
550	(ii) beginning July 1, 2021, 21 years of age.
551	(5) A parent or legal guardian who accompanies, under Subsection (4)(a)(i), an
552	individual into an area described in Subsection (3)(b), or into a tobacco specialty shop, may not

553	allow the individual to purchase a cigarette, tobacco, or an electronic cigarette.
554	(6) A violation of Subsection (2) or (4) is a:
555	(a) class C misdemeanor on the first offense;
556	(b) class B misdemeanor on the second offense; and
557	(c) class A misdemeanor on the third and all subsequent offenses.
558	(7) An individual who violates Subsection (5) is guilty of providing tobacco to a minor
559	under Section 76-10-104.
560	(8) (a) [Any] An ordinance, regulation, or rule adopted by the governing body of a
561	political subdivision of the state or by a state agency that affects the sale, wholesale distribution
562	placement, purchase, marketing, or display of cigarettes, tobacco, or electronic cigarettes,
563	including flavors, that is not essentially identical to [the provisions of] this section and Section
564	76-10-102 is superseded.
565	(b) Subsection (8)(a) does not apply to the adoption or enforcement of a land use
566	ordinance by a municipal or county government.
567	(9) (a) This part does not apply to the sale, supply, gift, furnishment, or possession of a
568	cigar, cigarette, electronic cigarette, tobacco, or tobacco paraphernalia to an individual who is
569	18 years old or older and is:
570	(i) on active duty in the United States Armed Forces; or
571	(ii) a spouse or dependent of an individual who is on active duty in the United States
572	Armed Forces.
573	(b) A valid, government-issued military identification card is required to verify proof
574	of age under Subsection (9)(a).
575	Section 14. Section 76-10-105.2 is enacted to read:
576	76-10-105.2. Ordinances, rules, and regulations on minimum age.
577	$\hat{H} \rightarrow (1) \leftarrow \hat{H}$ A governing body of a political subdivision of the state or a state agency may
577a	not adopt
578	an ordinance, regulation, or rule that affects the minimum age of sale, supply, purchase, gift,
579	furnishment, or possession of a cigar, cigarette, electronic cigarette, tobacco, or tobacco
580	paraphernalia.
580a	$\hat{H} \rightarrow (2)$ An ordinance, regulation, or rule that affects the minimum age of sale, supply,
580b	purchase, gift, furnishment, or possession of a cigar, cigarette, electronic cigarette, tobacco, or
580c	tobacco paraphernalia enacted or adopted by a governing body of a political subdivision of the
580d	state or by a state agency is invalid. $\leftarrow \hat{H}$
581	Section 15. Section 77-39-101 is amended to read:
582	77-39-101. Investigation of sales of alcohol, tobacco, and electronic smoking
583	devices to underage individuals.

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584	(1) As used in this section, "electronic cigarette" is as defined in Section 76-10-101.
585	(2) (a) A peace officer, as defined by Title 53, Chapter 13, Peace Officer
586	Classifications, may investigate the possible violation of:
587	(i) Section 32B-4-403 by requesting an individual under the age of 21 years to enter
588	into and attempt to purchase or make a purchase of alcohol from a retail establishment; or
589	(ii) Section 76-10-104 by requesting an individual under the age [of 19 years] specified
590	in Subsection (2)(e) to enter into and attempt to purchase or make a purchase from a retail
591	establishment of:
592	(A) a cigar;
593	(B) a cigarette;
594	(C) tobacco in any form; or
595	(D) an electronic cigarette.
596	(b) A peace officer who is present at the site of a proposed purchase shall direct,
597	supervise, and monitor the individual requested to make the purchase.
598	(c) Immediately following a purchase or attempted purchase or as soon as practical the
599	supervising peace officer shall inform the cashier and the proprietor or manager of the retail
600	establishment that the attempted purchaser was under the legal age to purchase:
601	(i) alcohol; or
602	(ii) (A) a cigar;
603	(B) a cigarette;
604	(C) tobacco in any form; or
605	(D) an electronic cigarette.
606	(d) If a citation or information is issued, it shall be issued within seven days of the
607	purchase.
608	(e) For purposes of Subsection (2)(a)(ii), the individual is younger than:
609	(i) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, 20 years of age; and
610	(ii) beginning July 1, 2021, 21 years of age.
611	(3) (a) If an individual under the age of 18 years old is requested to attempt a purchase,
612	a written consent of that individual's parent or guardian shall be obtained prior to that
613	individual participating in any attempted purchase.
614	(b) An individual requested by the peace officer to attempt a purchase may:

615	(i) be a trained volunteer; or
616	(ii) receive payment, but may not be paid based on the number of successful purchases
617	of alcohol, tobacco, or an electronic cigarette.
618	(4) The individual requested by the peace officer to attempt a purchase and anyone
619	accompanying the individual attempting a purchase may not during the attempted purchase
620	misrepresent the age of the individual by false or misleading identification documentation in
621	attempting the purchase.
622	(5) An individual requested to attempt to purchase or make a purchase pursuant to this
623	section is immune from prosecution, suit, or civil liability for the purchase of, attempted
624	purchase of, or possession of alcohol, a cigar, a cigarette, tobacco in any form, or an electronic
625	cigarette if a peace officer directs, supervises, and monitors the individual.
626	(6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), a purchase attempted under this section
627	shall be conducted:
628	(i) on a random basis; and
629	(ii) within a 12-month period at any one retail establishment location not more often
630	than:
631	(A) two times for the attempted purchase of:
632	(I) a cigar;
633	(II) a cigarette;
634	(III) tobacco in any form; or
635	(IV) an electronic cigarette; and
636	(B) four times for the attempted purchase of alcohol.
637	(b) [Nothing in this section shall] This section does not prohibit an investigation or an
638	attempt to purchase tobacco under this section if:
639	(i) there is reasonable suspicion to believe the retail establishment has sold alcohol, a
640	cigar, a cigarette, tobacco in any form, or an electronic cigarette to an individual under the age
641	established by Section 32B-4-403 or 76-10-104; and
642	(ii) the supervising peace officer makes a written record of the grounds for the
643	reasonable suspicion.
644	(7) (a) The peace officer exercising direction, supervision, and monitoring of the
645	attempted purchase shall make a report of the attempted purchase, whether or not a purchase

646	was made.
647	(b) The report required by this Subsection (7) shall include:
648	(i) the name of the supervising peace officer;
649	(ii) the name of the individual attempting the purchase;
650	(iii) a photograph of the individual attempting the purchase showing how that
651	individual appeared at the time of the attempted purchase;
652	(iv) the name and description of the cashier or proprietor from whom the individual
653	attempted the purchase;
654	(v) the name and address of the retail establishment; and
655	(vi) the date and time of the attempted purchase.
656	Section 16. Effective date.
657	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), Section 76-10-105.2 takes effect on May 14,
658	<u>2019.</u>
659	(2) This bill takes effect on July 1, 2020.