1	BAD CHECK FEE AMENDMENTS						
2	2019 GENERAL SESSION						
3	STATE OF UTAH						
4	Chief Sponsor: Ken Ivory						
5	Senate Sponsor: Wayne A. Harper						
6							
7	LONG TITLE						
8	General Description:						
9	This bill amends provisions related to dishonored checks.						
10	Highlighted Provisions:						
11	This bill:						
12	 increases the amount of collection costs for which the issuer of a dishonored check 						
13	is liable; and						
14	 makes technical and conforming changes. 						
15	Money Appropriated in this Bill:						
16	None						
17	Other Special Clauses:						
18	None						
19	Utah Code Sections Affected:						
20	AMENDS:						
21	7-15-1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 198						
22	7-15-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 198						
23							
24	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:						
25	Section 1. Section 7-15-1 is amended to read:						
26	7-15-1. Definitions Civil liability of issuer Notice of action Collection costs						
27	Exemptions.						
28	(1) As used in this chapter:						
29	(a) "Check" means a payment instrument on a depository institution including a:						

20	(i) abaala				
30	(i) check;				
31	(ii) draft;				
32	(iii) order; or				
33	(iv) other instrument.				
34	(b) "Issuer" means a person who makes, draws, signs, or issues a check, whether as				
35	corporate agent or otherwise, for the purpose of:				
36	(i) obtaining from any person any money, merchandise, property, or other thing of				
37	value; or				
38	(ii) paying for any service, wages, salary, or rent.				
39	(c) "Mailed" means the day that a notice is properly deposited in the United States				
40	mail.				
41	(2) (a) An issuer of a check is liable to the holder of the check if:				
42	(i) the check:				
43	(A) is not honored upon presentment; and				
44	(B) is marked "refer to maker";				
45	(ii) the account upon which the check is made or drawn:				
46	(A) does not exist;				
47	(B) has been closed; or				
48	(C) does not have sufficient funds or sufficient credit for payment in full of the check;				
49	or				
50	(iii) (A) the check is issued in partial or complete fulfillment of a valid and legally				
51	binding obligation; and				
52	(B) the issuer stops payment on the check with the intent to:				
53	(I) fraudulently defeat a possessory lien; or				
54	(II) otherwise defraud the holder of the check.				
55	(b) If an issuer of a check is liable under Subsection (2)(a), the issuer is liable for:				
56	(i) the check amount; and				
57	(ii) a service charge of \$20.				

58	(3) (a) The holder of a check that has been dishonored may:
59	(i) give written or oral notice of dishonor to the issuer of the check; and
60	(ii) waive all or part of the service charge imposed under Subsection (2)(b).
61	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(b), a holder of a check that has been dishonored
62	may not collect and the issuer is not liable for the service charge imposed under Subsection
63	(2)(b) if:
64	(i) the holder redeposits the check; and
65	(ii) that check is honored.
66	(4) If the issuer does not pay the amount owed under Subsection (2)(b) within 15
67	calendar days from the day on which the notice required under Subsection (5) is mailed, the
68	issuer is liable for:
69	(a) the amount owed under Subsection (2)(b); and
70	(b) collection costs not to exceed [$\frac{20}{35}$]
71	(5) (a) A holder shall provide written notice to an issuer before:
72	(i) charging collection costs under Subsection (4) in addition to the amount owed under
73	Subsection (2)(b); or
74	(ii) commencing an action based upon this section.
75	(b) The written notice required under Subsection (5)(a) shall notify the issuer of the
76	dishonored check that:
77	(i) if the amount owed under Subsection (2)(b) is not paid within 15 calendar days
78	from the day on which the notice is mailed, the issuer is liable for:
79	(A) the amount owed under Subsection (2)(b); and
80	(B) collection costs under Subsection (4); and
81	(ii) the holder may commence a civil action if the issuer does not pay to the holder the
82	amount owed under Subsection (4) within 30 calendar days from the day on which the notice is
83	mailed.
84	(6) (a) Except as provided in Section $7-23-401$, if the issuer has not paid the holder the
85	amounts owed under Subsection (4) within 30 calendar days from the day on which the notice

86 required by Subsection (5) is mailed, the holder may offer to not commence a civil action under 87 this section if the issuer pays the holder: 88 (i) the amount owed under Subsection (2)(b); 89 (ii) the collection costs under Subsection (4); 90 (iii) an amount that: 91 (A) is equal to the greater of: 92 (I) \$50; or 93 (II) triple the check amount; and 94 (B) does not exceed the check amount plus \$250; and 95 (iv) if the holder retains an attorney to recover on the dishonored check, reasonable 96 attorney's fees not to exceed \$50. 97 (b) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (6)(a), all amounts charged or collected under 98 Subsection (6)(a)(iii) shall be paid to and be the property of the original payee of the check. 99 (ii) A person who is not the original pavee may not retain any amounts charged or 100 collected under Subsection (6)(a)(iii). 101 (iii) The original payee of a check may not contract for a person to retain any amounts 102 charged or collected under Subsection (6)(a)(iii). (7) (a) A holder may not commence a civil action under this section unless the issuer 103 104 fails to pay the amounts owed: 105 (i) under Subsection (4); and 106 (ii) within 30 calendar days from the day on which the notice required by Subsection (5) is mailed. 107 108 (b) Subject to Subsections (7)(c) and (d) and except as provided in Section 7-23-401, 109 in a civil action the issuer of the check is liable to the holder for: 110 (i) the amount owed under Subsection (2)(b); (ii) the collection costs under Subsection (4); 111 112 (iii) interest; 113 (iv) court costs;

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114	(v) reasonable attorney fees; and
115	(vi) damages:
116	(A) equal to the greater of:
117	(I) \$100; or
118	(II) triple the check amount; and
119	(B) not to exceed the check amount plus \$500.
120	(c) If an issuer is held liable under Subsection (7)(b), notwithstanding Subsection
121	(7)(b), a court may waive any amount owed under Subsections (7)(b)(iii) through (vi) upon a
122	finding of good cause.
123	(d) If a holder of a check violates this section by commencing a civil action under this
124	section before 31 calendar days from the day on which the notice required by Subsection (5) is
125	mailed, an issuer may not be held liable for an amount in excess of the check amount.
126	(e) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (7)(b), all amounts charged or collected under
127	Subsection (7)(b)(vi) shall be paid to and be the property of the original payee of the check.
128	(ii) A person who is not the original payee may not retain any amounts charged or
129	collected under Subsection (7)(b)(vi).
130	(iii) The original payee of a check may not contract for a person to retain any amounts
131	charged or collected under Subsection (7)(b)(vi).
132	(8) This section may not be construed to prohibit the holder of the check from seeking
133	relief under any other applicable statute or cause of action.
134	(9) (a) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this section, a holder of a check is
135	exempt from this section if the holder is:
136	(i) a depository institution; or
137	(ii) a person that receives a payment on behalf of a depository institution.
138	(b) A holder exempt under Subsection (9)(a) may contract with an issuer for the
139	collection of fees or charges for the dishonor of a check.
140	Section 2. Section 7-15-2 is amended to read:
141	7-15-2. Notice Form.

142	(1) (a) "Notice" means notice given to the issuer of a check either orally or in writing.
143	(b) Written notice may be given by United States mail that is:
144	(i) first class; and
145	(ii) postage prepaid.
146	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(b), written notice is conclusively presumed to have
147	been given when the notice is:
148	(i) properly deposited in the United States mail;
149	(ii) postage prepaid;
150	(iii) certified or registered mail;
151	(iv) return receipt requested; and
152	(v) addressed to the signer at the signer's:
153	(A) address as it appears on the check; or
154	(B) last-known address.
155	(2) Written notice under Subsection $7-15-1(5)$ shall take substantially the following
156	form:
157	"Date:
158	To:
159	You are hereby notified that the check(s) described below issued by you has (have)
160	been returned to us unpaid:
161	Check date:
162	Check number:
163	Originating institution:
164	Amount:
165	Reason for dishonor (marked on check):
166	In accordance with Section 7-15-1, Utah Code Annotated, you are liable for this check
167	together with a service charge of \$20, which must be paid to the undersigned.
168	If you do not pay the check amount and the \$20 service charge within 15 calendar days
169	from the day on which this notice was mailed, you are required to pay within 30 calendar days

170	from the day on which this notice is mailed:
171	(1) the check amount;
172	(2) the \$20 service charge; and
173	(3) collection costs not to exceed [$\frac{20}{520}$]
174	If you do not pay the check amount, the \$20 service charge, and the collection costs
175	within 30 calendar days from the day on which this notice is mailed, in accordance with
176	Section 7-15-1, Utah Code Annotated, an appropriate civil legal action may be commenced
177	against you for:
178	(1) the check amount;
179	(2) interest;
180	(3) court costs;
181	(4) attorneys' fees;
182	(5) actual costs of collection as provided by law; and
183	(6) damages in an amount equal to the greater of \$100 or triple the check amount,
184	except:
185	(a) that damages recovered under this Subsection (6) may not exceed the check amount
186	by more than \$500; and
187	(b) you are not liable for these damages for a check used to obtain a deferred deposit
188	loan.
189	In addition, the criminal code provides in Section 76-6-505, Utah Code Annotated, that
190	any person who issues or passes a check for the payment of money, for the purpose of
191	obtaining from any person, firm, partnership, or corporation, any money, property, or other
192	thing of value or paying for any services, wages, salary, labor, or rent, knowing it will not be
193	paid by the drawee and payment is refused by the drawee, is guilty of issuing a bad check.
194	The civil action referred to in this notice does not preclude the right to prosecute under
195	the criminal code of the state.
196	(Signed)
197	Name of Holder:

198	Address of Holder:	 -
199	Telephone Number:	

- 200 (3) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this section, a holder exempt under
- 201 Subsection 7-15-1(9) is exempt from this section.