HUMAN TRAFFICKING REVISIONS
2019 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Angela Romero
Senate Sponsor: Wayne A. Harper
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill clarifies that children who are engaged in commercial sex should be treated as
victims.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
 provides that children engaged in commercial sex or sexual solicitation should be
treated as victims;
requires law enforcement officers who encounter a child engaged in commercial sex
or sexual solicitation to conduct an investigation into whether the child is being
trafficked;
incorporates human trafficking of a child into the racketeering statute; and
 creates a pathway for human trafficking victims to have adjudications for crimes
committed while being trafficked vacated.
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:
76-4-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 394



28	76-10-1302 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 433
29	76-10-1313, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 308
30	76-10-1602, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 167
31	ENACTS:
32	78A-6-1114 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
3334	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
35	Section 1. Section 76-4-401 is amended to read:
36	76-4-401. Enticing a minor Elements Penalties.
37	(1) As used in this section:
38	(a) "Minor" means a person who is under the age of 18.
39	(b) "Text messaging" means a communication in the form of electronic text or one or
40	more electronic images sent by the actor from a telephone, computer, or other electronic
41	communication device to another person's telephone, computer, or other electronic
42	communication device by addressing the communication to the person's telephone number or
43	other electronic communication access code or number.
44	(2) (a) A person commits enticement of a minor when the person knowingly uses the
45	Internet or text messaging to solicit, seduce, lure, or entice a minor, or to attempt to solicit,
46	seduce, lure, or entice a minor, or another person that the actor believes to be a minor, to
47	engage in any sexual activity which is a violation of state criminal law.
48	(b) A person commits enticement of a minor when the person knowingly uses the

Internet or text messaging to:

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- (i) initiate contact with a minor or a person the actor believes to be a minor; and
- (ii) subsequently to the action under Subsection (2)(b)(i), by any electronic or written means, solicits, seduces, lures, or entices, or attempts to solicit, seduce, lure, or entice the minor or a person the actor believes to be the minor to engage in any sexual activity which is a violation of state criminal law.
- (3) It is not a defense to the crime of enticing a minor under Subsection (2), or an attempt to commit this offense, that a law enforcement officer or an undercover operative who is employed by a law enforcement agency was involved in the detection or investigation of the offense.

59 (4) Enticement of a minor under Subsection (2)(a) or (b) is punishable as follows: 60 (a) enticement to engage in sexual activity which would be a first degree felony for the 61 actor is a: 62 (i) second degree felony upon the first conviction for violation of this Subsection 63 (4)(a); and 64 (ii) first degree felony punishable by imprisonment for an indeterminate term of not 65 fewer than three years and which may be for life, upon a second or any subsequent conviction 66 for a violation of this Subsection (4)(a): 67 (b) enticement to engage in sexual activity which would be a second degree felony for 68 the actor is a third degree felony; 69 (c) enticement to engage in sexual activity which would be a third degree felony for the 70 actor is a class A misdemeanor; 71 (d) enticement to engage in sexual activity which would be a class A misdemeanor for 72 the actor is a class B misdemeanor; and 73 (e) enticement to engage in sexual activity which would be a class B misdemeanor for 74 the actor is a class C misdemeanor. 75 (5) (a) When a person who commits a felony violation of this section has been 76 previously convicted of an offense under Subsection (5)(b), the court may not in any way 77 shorten the prison sentence, and the court may not: 78 (i) grant probation; 79 (ii) suspend the execution or imposition of the sentence; (iii) enter a judgment for a lower category of offense; or 80 81 (iv) order hospitalization. 82 (b) The sections referred to in Subsection (5)(a) are: 83 (i) Section 76-4-401, enticing a minor; 84 (ii) Section 76-5-301.1, child kidnapping; 85 (iii) Section 76-5-402, rape;

(iv) Section 76-5-402.1, rape of a child;

(vi) Section 76-5-402.3, object rape of a child;

(vii) Subsection 76-5-403(2), forcible sodomy;

(v) Section 76-5-402.2, object rape;

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90	(viii) Section 76-5-403.1, sodomy on a child;
91	(ix) Section 76-5-404, forcible sexual abuse;
92	(x) Section 76-5-404.1, sexual abuse of a child and aggravated sexual abuse of a child;
93	(xi) Section 76-5-405, aggravated sexual assault;
94	(xii) Section 76-5-308.5, human trafficking of a child;
95	[(xiii)] (xiii) any offense in any other state or federal jurisdiction which constitutes or
96	would constitute a crime in Subsections (5)(b)(i) through [(xi)] (xii); or
97	[(xiii)] (xiv) the attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to commit any of the offenses in
98	Subsections (5)(b)(i) through [(xiii)] (xiii).
99	Section 2. Section 76-10-1302 is amended to read:
100	76-10-1302. Prostitution.
101	(1) An individual is guilty of prostitution when the individual:
102	(a) engages, offers, or agrees to engage in any sexual activity with another individual
103	for a fee, or the functional equivalent of a fee;
104	(b) takes steps in arranging a meeting through any form of advertising, agreeing to
105	meet, and meeting at an arranged place for the purpose of sexual activity in exchange for a fee
106	or the functional equivalent of a fee; or
107	(c) loiters in or within view of any public place for the purpose of being hired to
108	engage in sexual activity.
109	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b) or Section 76-10-1309, prostitution is a
110	class B misdemeanor.
111	(b) Except as provided in Section 76-10-1309, an individual who is convicted a second
112	time, and on all subsequent convictions, of a subsequent offense of prostitution under this
113	section or under a local ordinance adopted in compliance with Section 76-10-1307, is guilty of
114	a class A misdemeanor.
115	(3) (a) As used in this Subsection (3):
116	(i) "Child" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-1301.
117	(ii) "Child engaged in [prostitution] commercial sex" means a child who engages in
118	conduct described in Subsection (1).

(iii) "Child engaged in sexual solicitation" means a child who offers or agrees to

commit or engage in any sexual activity with another person for a fee or the functional

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121	equivalent of a fee under Subsection /6-10-1313(1)(a) or (c).
122	(iv) "Division" means the Division of Child and Family Services created in Section
123	62A-4a-103.
124	(v) "Receiving center" means the same as that term is defined in Section 62A-7-101.
125	(b) Upon encountering a child engaged in [prostitution] commercial sex or sexual
126	solicitation, a law enforcement officer shall:
127	(i) conduct an investigation regarding possible human trafficking of the child pursuant
<u>128</u>	to Sections 76-5-308 and 76-5-308.5;
129	(ii) refer the child to the division;
130	(iii) [if an arrest is made,] bring the child to a receiving center, if available; and
131	(iv) contact the child's parent or guardian, if practicable.
132	(c) When law enforcement [has referred the] refers a child to the division under
133	Subsection (3)(b)(ii)[: (i)] the division shall provide services to the child under Title 62A,
134	Chapter 4a, Child and Family Services[; and].
135	$[\frac{\text{(ii)}}]$ $\underline{\text{(4)}}$ $[\frac{\text{the}}]$ $\underline{\text{A}}$ child may not be subjected to delinquency proceedings under Title
136	62A, Chapter 7, Juvenile Justice Services, and Section 78A-6-601 through Section 78A-6-704.
137	Section 3. Section 76-10-1313 is amended to read:
138	76-10-1313. Sexual solicitation Penalty.
139	(1) An individual is guilty of sexual solicitation when the individual:
140	(a) offers or agrees to commit any sexual activity with another individual for a fee, or
141	the functional equivalent of a fee;
142	(b) pays or offers or agrees to pay a fee or the functional equivalent of a fee to another
143	individual to commit any sexual activity; or
144	(c) with intent to engage in sexual activity for a fee or the functional equivalent of a fee
145	or to pay another individual to commit any sexual activity for a fee or the functional equivalent
146	of a fee engages in, offers or agrees to engage in, or requests or directs another to engage in any
147	of the following acts:
148	(i) exposure of an individual's genitals, the buttocks, the anus, the pubic area, or the
149	female breast below the top of the areola;
150	(ii) masturbation;

(iii) touching of an individual's genitals, the buttocks, the anus, the pubic area, or the

152 female breast; or

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- (iv) any act of lewdness.
 - (2) An intent to engage in sexual activity for a fee may be inferred from an individual's engaging in, offering or agreeing to engage in, or requesting or directing another to engage in any of the acts described in Subsection (1)(c) under the totality of the existing circumstances.
 - (3) (a) Sexual solicitation is a class A misdemeanor, except under Subsection (4).
 - (b) An individual who is convicted a second time under this section or under a local ordinance adopted in compliance with Section 76-10-1307 is guilty of a class A misdemeanor, except as provided in Section 76-10-1309.
 - (4) An individual who is convicted a third time under this section or a local ordinance adopted in compliance with Section 76-10-1307 is guilty of a third degree felony.
 - (5) If an individual commits an act of sexual solicitation and the individual solicited is a child, the offense is a third degree felony if the solicitation does not amount to:
 - (a) a violation of Section 76-5-308, human trafficking or human smuggling[, a violation of Section 76-5-308,]; or
 - (b) a violation of Section 76-5-310, aggravated human trafficking or aggravated human smuggling[, a violation of Section 76-5-310].
 - (6) Upon encountering a child engaged in commercial sex or sexual solicitation, a law enforcement officer shall follow the procedure described in Subsection 76-10-1302(3)(b). A child engaged in commercial sex or sexual solicitation shall be referred to the Division of Child and Family Services for services and may not be subjected to delinquency proceedings.
 - Section 4. Section **76-10-1602** is amended to read:
 - 76-10-1602. Definitions.
 - As used in this part:
 - (1) "Enterprise" means any individual, sole proprietorship, partnership, corporation, business trust, association, or other legal entity, and any union or group of individuals associated in fact although not a legal entity, and includes illicit as well as licit entities.
 - (2) "Pattern of unlawful activity" means engaging in conduct which constitutes the commission of at least three episodes of unlawful activity, which episodes are not isolated, but have the same or similar purposes, results, participants, victims, or methods of commission, or otherwise are interrelated by distinguishing characteristics. Taken together, the episodes shall

- demonstrate continuing unlawful conduct and be related either to each other or to the enterprise. At least one of the episodes comprising a pattern of unlawful activity shall have occurred after July 31, 1981. The most recent act constituting part of a pattern of unlawful activity as defined by this part shall have occurred within five years of the commission of the next preceding act alleged as part of the pattern.
- (3) "Person" includes any individual or entity capable of holding a legal or beneficial interest in property, including state, county, and local governmental entities.
- (4) "Unlawful activity" means to directly engage in conduct or to solicit, request, command, encourage, or intentionally aid another person to engage in conduct which would constitute any offense described by the following crimes or categories of crimes, or to attempt or conspire to engage in an act which would constitute any of those offenses, regardless of whether the act is in fact charged or indicted by any authority or is classified as a misdemeanor or a felony:
- 196 (a) any act prohibited by the criminal provisions of Title 13, Chapter 10, Unauthorized 197 Recording Practices Act;
 - (b) any act prohibited by the criminal provisions of Title 19, Environmental Quality Code, Sections 19-1-101 through 19-7-109;
 - (c) taking, destroying, or possessing wildlife or parts of wildlife for the primary purpose of sale, trade, or other pecuniary gain, in violation of Title 23, Wildlife Resources Code of Utah, or Section 23-20-4;
 - (d) false claims for medical benefits, kickbacks, and any other act prohibited by Title 26, Chapter 20, Utah False Claims Act, Sections 26-20-1 through 26-20-12;
 - (e) any act prohibited by the criminal provisions of Title 32B, Chapter 4, Criminal Offenses and Procedure Act;
 - (f) any act prohibited by the criminal provisions of Title 57, Chapter 11, Utah Uniform Land Sales Practices Act;
 - (g) any act prohibited by the criminal provisions of Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act, or Title 58, Chapter 37b, Imitation Controlled Substances Act, Title 58, Chapter 37c, Utah Controlled Substance Precursor Act, or Title 58, Chapter 37d, Clandestine Drug Lab Act;
- 213 (h) any act prohibited by the criminal provisions of Title 61, Chapter 1, Utah Uniform

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       Securities Act;
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               (i) any act prohibited by the criminal provisions of Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah
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       Procurement Code;
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               (i) assault or aggravated assault, Sections 76-5-102 and 76-5-103;
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               (k) a threat of terrorism, Section 76-5-107.3;
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               (1) criminal homicide, Sections 76-5-201, 76-5-202, and 76-5-203;
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               (m) kidnapping or aggravated kidnapping, Sections 76-5-301 and 76-5-302;
               (n) human trafficking, human trafficking of a child, human smuggling, or aggravated
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       human trafficking, Sections 76-5-308, 76-5-308.5, 76-5-309, and 76-5-310;
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               (o) sexual exploitation of a minor, Section 76-5b-201;
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               (p) arson or aggravated arson, Sections 76-6-102 and 76-6-103;
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               (g) causing a catastrophe, Section 76-6-105;
               (r) burglary or aggravated burglary, Sections 76-6-202 and 76-6-203:
226
               (s) burglary of a vehicle, Section 76-6-204;
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               (t) manufacture or possession of an instrument for burglary or theft, Section 76-6-205;
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               (u) robbery or aggravated robbery, Sections 76-6-301 and 76-6-302;
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               (v) theft, Section 76-6-404;
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               (w) theft by deception, Section 76-6-405;
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               (x) theft by extortion, Section 76-6-406;
               (v) receiving stolen property, Section 76-6-408;
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               (z) theft of services, Section 76-6-409;
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               (aa) forgery, Section 76-6-501;
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               (bb) fraudulent use of a credit card. Sections 76-6-506.2, 76-6-506.3, 76-6-506.5, and
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       76-6-506.6;
               (cc) deceptive business practices, Section 76-6-507;
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               (dd) bribery or receiving bribe by person in the business of selection, appraisal, or
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       criticism of goods, Section 76-6-508;
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               (ee) bribery of a labor official, Section 76-6-509:
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               (ff) defrauding creditors, Section 76-6-511;
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               (gg) acceptance of deposit by insolvent financial institution, Section 76-6-512;
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               (hh) unlawful dealing with property by fiduciary, Section 76-6-513;
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               (ii) bribery or threat to influence contest, Section 76-6-514;
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               (ii) making a false credit report, Section 76-6-517;
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               (kk) criminal simulation. Section 76-6-518:
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               (11) criminal usury, Section 76-6-520;
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               (mm) fraudulent insurance act, Section 76-6-521;
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               (nn) retail theft, Section 76-6-602;
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               (oo) computer crimes, Section 76-6-703;
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               (pp) identity fraud. Section 76-6-1102:
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               (qq) mortgage fraud, Section 76-6-1203;
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               (rr) sale of a child, Section 76-7-203;
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               (ss) bribery to influence official or political actions, Section 76-8-103;
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               (tt) threats to influence official or political action, Section 76-8-104;
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               (uu) receiving bribe or bribery by public servant, Section 76-8-105;
               (vv) receiving bribe or bribery for endorsement of person as public servant, Section
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       76-8-106:
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               (ww) official misconduct, Sections 76-8-201 and 76-8-202;
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               (xx) obstruction of justice, Section 76-8-306;
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               (vv) acceptance of bribe or bribery to prevent criminal prosecution, Section 76-8-308;
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               (zz) false or inconsistent material statements, Section 76-8-502;
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               (aaa) false or inconsistent statements, Section 76-8-503;
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               (bbb) written false statements, Section 76-8-504;
               (ccc) tampering with a witness or soliciting or receiving a bribe, Section 76-8-508;
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               (ddd) retaliation against a witness, victim, or informant, Section 76-8-508.3;
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               (eee) extortion or bribery to dismiss criminal proceeding, Section 76-8-509;
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               (fff) tampering with evidence, Section 76-8-510.5;
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               (ggg) falsification or alteration of government record, Section 76-8-511, if the record is
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       a record described in Title 20A, Election Code, or Title 36, Chapter 11, Lobbyist Disclosure
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       and Regulation Act:
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               (hhh) public assistance fraud in violation of Section 76-8-1203, 76-8-1204, or
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       76-8-1205:
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               (iii) unemployment insurance fraud, Section 76-8-1301;
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               (jjj) intentionally or knowingly causing one animal to fight with another, Subsection
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       76-9-301(2)(d) or (e), or Section 76-9-301.1;
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              (kkk) possession, use, or removal of explosives, chemical, or incendiary devices or
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       parts, Section 76-10-306;
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              (III) delivery to common carrier, mailing, or placement on premises of an incendiary
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       device, Section 76-10-307;
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              (mmm) possession of a deadly weapon with intent to assault, Section 76-10-507;
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              (nnn) unlawful marking of pistol or revolver. Section 76-10-521:
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              (000) alteration of number or mark on pistol or revolver, Section 76-10-522;
              (ppp) forging or counterfeiting trademarks, trade name, or trade device, Section
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       76-10-1002;
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              (qqq) selling goods under counterfeited trademark, trade name, or trade devices,
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       Section 76-10-1003:
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              (rrr) sales in containers bearing registered trademark of substituted articles, Section
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       76-10-1004:
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              (sss) selling or dealing with article bearing registered trademark or service mark with
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       intent to defraud, Section 76-10-1006;
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              (ttt) gambling, Section 76-10-1102:
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              (uuu) gambling fraud, Section 76-10-1103;
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              (vvv) gambling promotion, Section 76-10-1104;
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              (www) possessing a gambling device or record, Section 76-10-1105;
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              (xxx) confidence game, Section 76-10-1109;
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              (yyy) distributing pornographic material, Section 76-10-1204;
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              (zzz) inducing acceptance of pornographic material, Section 76-10-1205;
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              (aaaa) dealing in harmful material to a minor, Section 76-10-1206;
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              (bbbb) distribution of pornographic films, Section 76-10-1222;
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              (cccc) indecent public displays, Section 76-10-1228;
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              (dddd) prostitution, Section 76-10-1302;
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               (eeee) aiding prostitution, Section 76-10-1304;
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               (ffff) exploiting prostitution, Section 76-10-1305;
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              (gggg) aggravated exploitation of prostitution, Section 76-10-1306;
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307	(hhhh) communications fraud, Section 76-10-1801;
308	(iiii) any act prohibited by the criminal provisions of Part 19, Money Laundering and
309	Currency Transaction Reporting Act;
310	(jjjj) vehicle compartment for contraband, Section 76-10-2801;
311	(kkkk) any act prohibited by the criminal provisions of the laws governing taxation in
312	this state; and
313	(Illl) any act illegal under the laws of the United States and enumerated in 18 U.S.C.
314	Sec. 1961(1)(B), (C), and (D).
315	Section 5. Section 78A-6-1114 is enacted to read:
316	78A-6-1114. Vacatur of convictions.
317	(1) (a) A person who has been adjudicated under this chapter may petition the court for
318	vacatur of the person's juvenile court record and any related records in the custody of the state
319	agency if:
320	(i) the petitioner was adjudicated under Section 76-10-1302, prostitution, Section
321	76-10-1304, aiding prostitution, or Section 76-10-1313 sex solicitation; or
322	(ii) the adjudication was based on conduct the petitioner engaged in while subject to
323	force, fraud, or coercion, as defined in Section 76-5-308.
324	(b) The petitioner shall include in the petition any agencies known or alleged to have
325	any documents related to the offense for which vacatur is being sought.
326	(c) The petitioner shall include with the petition the original criminal history report
327	obtained from the Bureau of Criminal Identification in accordance with the provisions of
328	Section 53-10-108.
329	(d) The petitioner shall send a copy of the petition to the county attorney or, if within a
330	prosecution district, the district attorney.
331	(e) (i) Upon the filing of a petition, the court shall:
332	(A) set a date for a hearing;
333	(B) notify the county attorney or district attorney and the agency with custody of the
334	records at least 30 days prior to the hearing of the pendency of the petition; and
335	(C) notify the county attorney or district attorney and the agency with records the
336	petitioner is asking the court to vacate of the date of the hearing.
337	(ii) The court shall provide a victim with the opportunity to request notice of a petition

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for vacatur. A victim shall receive notice of a petition for vacatur at least 30 days prior to the hearing if, prior to the entry of a vacatur order, the victim or, in the case of a child or a person who is incapacitated or deceased, the victim's next of kin or authorized representative, submits a written and signed request for notice to the court in the judicial district in which the crime occurred or judgment was entered. The notice shall include a copy of the petition and statutes and rules applicable to the petition. (2) (a) At the hearing the petitioner, the county attorney or district attorney, a victim, and any other person who may have relevant information about the petitioner may testify. (b) (i) In deciding whether to grant a petition for vacatur, the court shall consider whether the petitioner acted subject to force, fraud, or coercion, as defined in Section 76-5-308, at the time of the conduct giving rise to the adjudication. (ii) If the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the petitioner was subject to force, fraud, or coercion, as defined in Section 76-5-308 at the time of the conduct giving rise to the adjudication, the court shall grant vacatur. If the court does not find sufficient evidence, the court shall deny vacatur. (iii) If the petition is for vacatur of any adjudication under Section 76-10-1302, prostitution, Section 76-10-1304, aiding prostitution, or Section 76-10-1313 sex solicitation, the court shall presumptively grant vacatur unless the petitioner acted as a purchaser of any sexual activity. (c) If vacatur is granted, the court shall order sealed all of the petitioner's records under the control of the juvenile court and any of the petitioner's records under the control of any other agency or official pertaining to the petitioner's adjudicated juvenile court cases, including relevant related records contained in the Management Information System created by Section 62A-4a-1003 and the Licensing Information System created by Section 62A-4a-1005. (3) The petitioner shall be responsible for service of the order of vacatur to all affected state, county, and local entities, agencies, and officials. To avoid destruction or sealing of the records in whole or in part, the agency or entity receiving the vacatur order shall only vacate all references to the petitioner's name in the records pertaining to the petitioner's adjudicated juvenile court cases. (4) Upon the entry of the order, the proceedings in the petitioner's case shall be considered never to have occurred and the petitioner may properly reply accordingly upon any

369	inquiry in the matter. Inspection of the records may thereafter only be permitted by the court
370	upon petition by the person who is the subject of the records, and only to persons named in the
371	petition.
372	(5) The court may not vacate a juvenile court record if the record contains an
373	adjudication of:
374	(a) Section 76-5-202, aggravated murder; or
375	(b) Section 76-5-203, murder.

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