{deleted text} shows text that was in HB0250 but was deleted in HB0250S01.

Inserted text shows text that was not in HB0250 but was inserted into HB0250S01.

DISCLAIMER: This document is provided to assist you in your comparison of the two bills. Sometimes this automated comparison will NOT be completely accurate. Therefore, you need to read the actual bills. This automatically generated document could contain inaccuracies caused by: limitations of the compare program; bad input data; or other causes.

Representative Karianne Lisonbee proposes the following substitute bill:

SCHOOL FEE REVISIONS

2019 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Karianne Lisonbee

Senate Sponsor: \{ \tag{Deidre M. Henderson}}

LONG TITLE

General Description:

This bill amends provisions related to school fees.

Highlighted Provisions:

This bill:

- requires the State Board of Education (state board) to report recommendations on activity based costing;
- repeals and reenacts adult education provisions;
- defines "fee" and other related terms;
 - enacts conditions for a local education agency (LEA) to charge a fee;
 - requires the state board to take certain actions against an LEA that fails to comply with fee provisions;
 - grants the state board rulemaking authority for fee provisions;

- amends fee waiver provisions, including requiring an LEA to inform a student of procedures to appeal a waiver denial;
- requires an LEA governing board to adopt a fee policy and fee schedule;
- amends the definition of "textbook" and other provisions related to textbooks;
- repeals provisions authorizing citizens to petition a local school board to provide free textbooks;
- prohibits an LEA from charging a fee for a school uniform but permits a fee for school activity clothing; and
- makes technical and conforming changes.

Money Appropriated in this Bill:

None

Other Special Clauses:

This bill provides a special effective date.

This bill provides a coordination clause.

Utah Code Sections Affected:

AMENDS:

53E-10-204, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1

53E-10-205, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1

53E-10-305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 410 and renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1

53G-7-501, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 3

53G-7-502, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 3

53G-7-503, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 3

53G-7-504, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 3

53G-7-505, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 3

53G-7-601, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 3

53G-7-602, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 3

53G-7-606, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 3

53G-7-801, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 3

53G-7-802, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 3

63I-2-253, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapters 107, 281, 382, 415, and

456

ENACTS:

53E-3-518, Utah Code Annotated 1953

REPEALS AND REENACTS:

53G-7-603, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 3 REPEALS:

53G-7-604, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 3

53G-7-605, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 3

Utah Code Sections Affected by Coordination Clause:

53E-1-201, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1

53E-1-202, Utah Code Annotated 1953

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

Section 1. Section **53E-3-518** is enacted to read:

53E-3-518. Recommendations on activity based costing.

- (1) The state board shall create a working group, including LEA representatives, to evaluate and present recommendations to the state board and Legislature on LEA efforts to establish cost centers and implement activity based costing.
- (2) The state board shall report the recommendations described in Subsection (1) to the Education Interim Committee and Public Education Appropriations Subcommittee no later than November 30, 2020.

Section 2. Section 53E-10-204 is amended to read:

53E-10-204. Local school boards' authority to direct adult education programs.

A local school board may do the following:

- (1) establish and maintain classes for adult education, with classes being held at times and places convenient and accessible to the members of the class;
 - (2) raise and appropriate funds for an adult education program;
- (3) subject to [Sections Section 53E-10-202 [and 53G-7-502,] determine fees for participation in an adult education program; and
 - (4) hire persons to instruct adult education classes.

Section 3. Section $\{53E-10-205\}$ 53E-10-305 is amended to read:

₹ 53E-10-205. Eligibility.

- (1) Adult education classes are open to every person 18 years of age or over and to any person who has completed high school.
- (2) (a) An individual over the age of 18 taking courses under this part shall declare an intent to complete requirements for a high school diploma.
 - (b) An individual taking courses under this part shall:
 - (i) take courses that lead toward a high school diploma; and
 - (ii) receive approval of each course.
- [(2)] (3) Eligible nonresidents of the state shall be charged tuition at least equal to that charged nonresident students for similar classes at a local or nearby state college or university, unless waived in whole or in part by the local school board in an open meeting.
- [(3)] (4) The district superintendent may, upon the recommendation of an authorized representative of the Division of Child and Family Services, exempt an adult domiciled in Utah from the payment of adult education fees.

Section 4. Section 53E-10-305 is amended to read:

† 53E-10-305. Tuition and fees.

- (1) Except as provided in this section, the State Board of Regents or an institution of higher education may not charge tuition or fees for a concurrent enrollment course.
- (2) (a) The State Board of Regents may charge a one-time fee for a student to participate in the concurrent enrollment program.
- (b) A student who pays a fee described in Subsection (2)(a) does not satisfy a general admission application fee requirement for a full-time or part-time student at an institution of higher education.
- (3) (a) An institution of higher education may charge a one-time admission application fee for concurrent enrollment course credit offered by the institution of higher education.
- (b) Payment of the fee described in Subsection (3)(a) satisfies the general admission application fee requirement for a full-time or part-time student at an institution of higher education.
- (4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), an institution of higher education may charge partial tuition of no more than \$30 per credit hour for a concurrent enrollment course for which a student earns college credit.

- (b) An institution of higher education may not charge more than:
- (i) \$5 per credit hour for an eligible student who qualifies for free or reduced price school lunch;
- (ii) \$10 per credit hour for a concurrent enrollment course that is taught at an LEA by an eligible instructor described in Subsection 53E-10-302(5)(c); or
- (iii) \$15 per credit hour for a concurrent enrollment course that is taught through video conferencing.
- (5) In accordance with Section 53G-7-603, an LEA may charge a fee for a textbook, as defined in Section 53G-7-601, that is required for a concurrent enrollment course.

Section $\frac{5}{4}$. Section 53G-7-501 is amended to read:

53G-7-501. Definitions.

[Reserved] As used in this part:

- (1) "Co-curricular activity" means an activity, a course, or a program that { is}:
- (a) is conducted outside of regular school hours;
- (b) is provided, sponsored, or supported by an LEA; and
- (c) includes a required regular school day activity, course, or program.
- (2) "Curricular activity" means an activity, a course, or a program that is:
- (a) provided, sponsored, or supported by an LEA; and
- (b) conducted only during school hours.
- (3) "Elementary school" means a school that provides instruction to students in grades kindergarten, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6.
 - (4) (a) "Elementary school student" means a student enrolled in an elementary school.
 - (b) "Elementary school student" does not include a secondary school student.
 - (5) (a) "Extracurricular activity" means an activity, a course, or a program that is:
 - (i) not directly related to delivering instruction;
 - (ii) not a curricular activity or co-curricular activity; and
 - (iii) provided, sponsored, or supported by an LEA.
- (b) "Extracurricular activity" does not include a noncurricular club as defined in Section 53G-7-701.
 - (6) (a) "Fee" means a charge, expense, deposit, rental, or payment:
 - (i) regardless of how the charge, expense, deposit, rental, or payment is termed,

- described, requested, or required directly or indirectly;
 - (ii) in the form of money, goods, or services; and
- (iii) that is a condition to a student's full participation in an activity, course, or program that is provided, sponsored, or supported by an LEA.
 - (b) "Fee" includes:
- (i) money or something of monetary value raised by a student or the student's family through fundraising;
- (ii) charges or expenditures for a school field trip or activity trip, including related transportation, food, lodging, and admission charges;
- (iii) payments made to a third party that provides a part of a school activity, class, or program;
 - (iv) charges or expenditures for classroom:
 - (A) textbooks;
 - (B) supplies; or
 - (C) materials;
 - (v) charges or expenditures for school activity clothing; and
 - (vi) a fine other than a fine described in Subsection (6)(c)(i).
 - (c) "Fee" does not include:
 - (i) a student fine specifically approved by an LEA for:
 - (A) failing to return school property;
- (B) losing, wasting, or damaging private or school property through intentional, careless, or irresponsible behavior, or as described in Section 53G-8-212; or
 - (C) improper use of school property, including a parking violation; or
 - (ii) a payment for school breakfast or lunch.
- (7) (a) "Fundraising" means an activity or event provided, sponsored, or supported by an LEA that uses students to generate funds or raise money to:
 - (i) provide financial support to a school or a school's class, group, team, or program; or
 - (ii) benefit a particular charity or for other charitable purposes.
- (b) "Fundraising" does not include an alternative method of raising revenue without students.
 - (8) (a) "School activity clothing" means special shoes or items of clothing:

- (i) (A) that meet specific requirements, including requesting a specific color, style, fabric, or imprint; and
 - (B) that a school requires a student to provide; and
 - (ii) that is worn by a student for a co-curricular or extracurricular activity.
 - (b) "School activity clothing" does not include a school uniform.
 - (9) (a) "School uniform" means special shoes or an item of clothing:
- (i) (A) that meet specific requirements, including a requested specific color, style, fabric, or imprint; and
 - (B) that a school requires a student to provide; and
 - (ii) that is worn by a student for a curricular activity.
 - (b) "School uniform" does not include school activity clothing.
- (10) "Secondary school" means a school that provides instruction to students in grades 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, or 12.
 - (11) "Secondary school student":
 - (a) means a student enrolled in a secondary school; and
 - (b) includes a student in grade 6 if the student attends a secondary school.
 - (12) "Textbook" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53G-7-601.
- (13) "Waiver" means a full or partial release from a requirement to pay a fee and from any provision in lieu of fee payment.

Section $\frac{(6)5}{5}$. Section 53G-7-502 is amended to read:

53G-7-502. Schools to be free.

- [(1)] Except as otherwise provided in this public education code, [in each school district the public schools] the public education system shall be free to [all children] an individual:
- (1) between five and 18 years of age who [are residents of the district,] is a resident; and [also to persons]
- (2) over 18 who [are] is domiciled in the state of Utah and [have] has not completed requirements for a high school diploma.
- [(2) A person over the age of 18 taking courses under this section must declare an intent to complete requirements for a high school diploma. All courses taken must lead toward that diploma and must be approved by those directly responsible for administering the program.]

[(3) A person required to pay tuition under this section may have the tuition waived under Section 53E-10-205.]

Section $\frac{7}{6}$. Section 53G-7-503 is amended to read:

53G-7-503. Fees -- Prohibitions -- Voluntary supplies -- Enforcement.

- [(1) For purposes of this part:]
- [(a) "Board" means the State Board of Education.]
- [(b) "Secondary school" means a school that provides instruction to students in grades 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, or 12.]
 - [(c) "Secondary school student":]
 - [(i) means a student enrolled in a secondary school; and]
 - [(ii) includes a student in grade 6 if the student attends a secondary school.]
 - [(2) (a) A secondary school may impose fees on secondary school students.]
- [(b) The board shall adopt rules regarding the imposition of fees in secondary schools in accordance with the requirements of this part.]
- [(3) A fee, deposit, or other charge may not be made, or any expenditure required of a student or the student's parent or guardian, as a condition for student participation in an activity, class, or program provided, sponsored, or supported by or through a public school or school district, unless authorized by the local school board or charter school governing board under rules adopted by the board.]
- (1) An LEA may only charge a fee if the fee is authorized and noticed by the LEA governing board in accordance with Section 53G-7-505.
- [(4)] (2) (a) [A fee, deposit, charge, or expenditure may not be required] An LEA may not require a fee for elementary school activities [which] that are part of the regular school day or for supplies used during the regular school day.
- (b) An elementary school or elementary school teacher may compile and provide to a student's parent [or guardian] a suggested list of supplies for use during the regular school day so that a parent [or guardian] may furnish on a voluntary basis those supplies for student use.
- (c) A list provided to [a] an elementary student's parent [or guardian pursuant to] in accordance with Subsection [(4)] (2)(b) shall include and be preceded by the following language:

"NOTICE: THE ITEMS ON THIS LIST WILL BE USED DURING THE REGULAR

SCHOOL DAY. THEY MAY BE BROUGHT FROM HOME ON A VOLUNTARY BASIS, OTHERWISE, THEY WILL BE FURNISHED BY THE SCHOOL."

- (3) (a) If an LEA imposes a fee, the fee shall be equal to or less than the expense incurred by the LEA in providing for a student the activity, course, or program for which the LEA imposes the fee.
- (b) An LEA may not impose an additional fee or increase a fee to supplant or subsidize another fee.
- (4) (a) Beginning with or after the 2021-2022 school year, and notwithstanding Section 53E-3-401, if the state board finds that an LEA has violated a provision of this part or Part 6, Textbook Fees, the state board shall impose corrective action against the LEA, which may include:
 - (i) requiring an LEA to repay improperly charged fees;
 - (ii) withholding state funds; and
- (iii) suspending the LEA's authority to charge fees for an amount of time specified by the state board.
 - (b) The state board shall make rules:
- (i) that require notice and an opportunity to be heard for an LEA affected by a state board action described in Subsection (4)(a); and
 - (ii) to administer this Subsection (4).

Section $\frac{8}{7}$. Section 53G-7-504 is amended to read:

53G-7-504. Waiver of fees -- Appeal of decision.

- [(1) (a) A local school board shall require, as part of an authorization granted under Section 53G-7-503, that adequate waivers or other provisions are available to ensure that no student is denied the opportunity to participate because of an inability to pay the required fee, deposit, or charge.]
- [(b) (i) If, however, a student must repeat a course or requires remediation to advance or graduate and a fee is associated with the course or the remediation program, it is presumed that the student will pay the fee.]
- [(ii) If the student or the student's parent or guardian is financially unable to pay the fee, the board shall provide for alternatives to waiving the fee, which may include installment payments and school or community service or work projects for the student.]

- [(iii) In cases of extreme financial hardship or where the student has suffered a long-term illness, or death in the family, or other major emergency and where installment payments and the imposition of a service or work requirement would not be reasonable, the student may receive a partial or full waiver of the fee required under Subsection (1)(b)(i).
- [(iv) The waiver provisions in Subsections (2) and (3) apply to all other fees, deposits, and charges made in the secondary schools.]
- (1) (a) If an LEA or a school within an LEA charges one or more fees, the LEA shall grant a waiver to a student if charging the fee would deny the student the opportunity to fully participate or complete a requirement because of an inability to pay the fee.
 - (b) An LEA governing board shall:
 - (i) adopt policies for granting a waiver; and
- (ii) in accordance with Section 53G-7-505, give notice of waiver eligibility and policies.
- (2) (a) [The board shall require each school in the district] An LEA that charges a fee under this part and Part 6, Textbook Fees, [to] may provide a variety of alternatives for [satisfying the fee requirement to those who qualify for fee waivers, in addition to the outright waiver of the fee. (b) The board shall develop and provide a list of alternatives for the schools, including such options as] a student or family to satisfy a fee requirement, including allowing [the] a student to provide:
 - (i) tutorial assistance to other students;
- (ii) assistance before or after school to teachers and other school personnel on school related matters; and
 - (iii) general community or home service.
- [(c)] (b) Each [school] <u>LEA governing board</u> may add to the list of alternatives provided by the <u>state</u> board, subject to approval by the <u>state</u> board.
- [(3) A local school board may establish policies providing for partial fee waivers or other alternatives for those students who, because of extenuating circumstances, are not in a financial position to pay the entire fee.]
- [(4)] (3) With regard to [children who are] a student who is in the custody of the Division of Child and Family Services who [are] is also eligible under Title IV-E of the federal Social Security Act, [local school boards] an LEA governing board shall require fee waivers or

alternatives in accordance with [Subsections (1) through (3)] this section.

- [(5) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the State Board of Education]
 - (4) The state board shall make rules:
- (a) requiring a parent [or guardian] of a student applying for a fee waiver to provide documentation and certification to the school verifying:
 - (i) the student's eligibility to receive the waiver; and
- (ii) <u>if applicable</u>, that the <u>student has complied with</u> alternatives for satisfying the fee requirements under Subsection (2) [have been complied with] to the fullest extent reasonably possible according to the individual circumstances of [both the fee waiver applicant and the school] the student and the LEA; and
- (b) specifying the acceptable forms of documentation for the requirement under Subsection [(5)] (4)(a), which shall include verification based on income tax returns or current pay stubs.
- [(6)] (5) Notwithstanding the requirements under Subsection [(5), a school] (4), an <u>LEA</u> is not required to keep documentation on file after the verification is completed.
- (6) If a school denies a student or parent request for a fee waiver, the school shall provide the student or parent:
 - (a) the school's written decision to deny a waiver; and
 - (b) the procedure to appeal in accordance with LEA policy.

Section $\frac{9}{8}$. Section 53G-7-505 is amended to read:

53G-7-505. Approval and notice of student fees and waivers.

[A local school board shall annually give written notice of its student fee schedules and fee waiver policies to the parent or guardian of a child who attends a public school within the district.]

- (1) An LEA governing board shall annually:
- (a) adopt fee policies and a fee schedule; and
- (b) provide the fee schedule to each student and parent.
- (2) For the fee schedule, the LEA governing board shall:
- (a) before approving the fee schedule, provide at least two opportunities for the public to comment on the proposed fee schedule;

- (b) encourage public participation in the development of the fee schedule; and
- (c) approve the fee schedule in a regularly scheduled public meeting.
- (3) (a) The fee schedule shall include the following:
- (i) a specific amount for each fee on the fee schedule;
- (ii) if a student is responsible for multiple fees related to one activity, class, or program, a clear and easy to understand delineation of each fee and the fee total for each activity, class, or program;
- (iii) the LEA's fee waiver policy, including an easily understandable statement informing a parent that a student:
 - (A) may be eligible to have one or more fees waived; and
 - (B) may appeal the LEA's decision if the LEA denies a request for a fee waiver; and
 - (iv) a corresponding spending plan for each fee.
 - (b) The LEA shall:
 - (i) publish the fee schedule on each of the LEA's school's websites; and
 - (ii) include a copy of the LEA's fee schedule with the LEA's registration materials. Section \$\frac{110}{9}\$. Section \$53G-7-601 is amended to read:

53G-7-601. Definitions.

[For the purposes of Sections 53G-7-602 through 53G-7-605, "textbooks" includes textbooks and workbooks necessary for participation in any instructional course. Textbooks shall not include personal or consumable items, such as pencils, papers, pens, erasers, notebooks, other items of personal use, or products which a student may purchase at his option, such as school publications, class rings, annuals, and similar items.]

As used in this part:

- (1) "Fee" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53G-7-501.
- (2) "Textbook" means instructional material necessary for participation in an activity, course, or program, regardless of the format of the material.

Section $\{11\}10$. Section 53G-7-602 is amended to read:

53G-7-602. State policy on providing free textbooks.

- (1) It is the public policy of this state that public education shall be free.
- (2) A student may not be denied an education because of economic inability to purchase textbooks necessary for advancement in or graduation from the public school system.

- (3) A school board
- (3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), an LEA} may not sell textbooks or otherwise charge {a} textbook {[]} fees or deposits except as provided in this public education code {] fee.
 - (b) (i) An LEA}.
 - (3) (a) Beginning with the 2020-21 school year, an LEA:
- (i) except as provided in Subsection (3)(a)(ii), may not sell textbooks or otherwise charge a textbook fee; and
- (ii) may only charge a fee for a textbook required for an Advanced Placement or, as described in Section 53E-10-302, a concurrent enrollment course.
- ({ii}b) The LEA shall waive a fee described in Subsection (3)(b)(i) in full or in part if a student qualifies for a waiver in accordance with Section 53G-7-504.

Section $\frac{12}{11}$. Section 53G-7-603 is repealed and reenacted to read:

- 53G-7-603. Purchase of textbooks -- Textbooks provided to teachers.
- (1) An LEA governing board may purchase textbooks directly from the textbook publisher at prices and terms approved by the state board.
- (2) An LEA governing board shall purchase each textbook necessary for a teacher to conduct his or her class.
- (3) An LEA may pay the LEA's cost of furnishing textbooks from school operating funds, the textbook fund, or from other available funds.
 - (4) A textbook remains the property of the LEA.

Section $\frac{13}{12}$. Section 53G-7-606 is amended to read:

53G-7-606. Disposal of textbooks.

- (1) [For a school year beginning with or after the 2012-13 school year, a local school district] An LEA may not dispose of textbooks [used in its public schools] without first notifying all other [school districts] LEAs in the state of [its] the LEA's intent to dispose of the textbooks.
- (2) Subsection (1) does not apply to textbooks that have been damaged, mutilated, or worn out.
- (3) The [State Board of Education] state board shall develop rules and procedures directing the disposal of textbooks.

Section $\frac{14}{13}$. Section 53G-7-801 is amended to read:

53G-7-801. Definitions.

As used in this part:

- (1) "Principal" includes the chief administrator of a school that does not have a principal.
 - (2) "School" means a public school, including a charter school.
- (3) "School official" means the principal of a school or the local school board for a school district.
- (4) "School uniform" means [student clothing conforming to a school uniform policy under this part, which may include a dress code, dress of designated colors, or a reasonable designated uniform of a particular style. A school uniform policy may not include very expensive or prescriptive clothing requirements.] the same as that term is defined in Section 53G-7-501.

Section $\frac{15}{14}$. Section 53G-7-802 is amended to read:

53G-7-802. Uniforms in schools -- Legislative finding -- Policies.

- (1) The Legislature finds that:
- (a) each student should be allowed to learn in a safe environment which fosters the learning process and is free from unnecessary disruptions;
- (b) the wearing of certain types of clothing may identify students as members of youth gangs and contribute to disruptive behavior and violence in the schools;
 - (c) school uniform policies may be part of an overall program to:
 - (i) improve school safety and discipline; and
- (ii) help avoid the disruption of the classroom atmosphere and decorum and prevent disturbances among students; and
 - (d) school uniforms may:
 - (i) decrease violence and theft among students; and
- (ii) foster and promote desirable school operating conditions and a positive educational environment in accordance with this part.
- (2) In accordance with Section 53G-7-803, a school may adopt a school uniform policy that requires students enrolled at that school to wear a designated school uniform during the school day.

- (3) A school uniform policy shall:
- (a) protect students' free exercise of religious beliefs;
- (b) specify whether the uniform policy is voluntary or mandatory for students; and
- (c) specify whether or not the uniform policy has an opt-out provision in addition to the provisions under Subsection (5)[; and].
- [(d) include a provision for financial assistance to families who cannot afford to purchase a required uniform, which may include:]
 - [(i) the school providing school uniforms to students;]
 - [(ii) the school making used school uniforms available to students; or]
- [(iii) other programs to make school uniforms available to economically disadvantaged students.]
- [(4) A school uniform policy under this part is not considered a fee for either an elementary or a secondary school.]
- (4) An LEA may not charge a student or parent a fee, as defined in Section 53G-7-501, for a school uniform.
- (5) A school uniform policy shall include a provision allowing a principal at any time during the school year to grant an exemption from wearing a school uniform to a student because of extenuating circumstances.
- (6) (a) If a school adopts a school uniform policy under this part, that school's governing body or local school board shall adopt local appellate procedures for school actions under this part, including a denial of an exemption requested under Subsection (5).
- (b) A person may seek judicial review of an action under this part only after exhausting the remedies provided under this Subsection (6).

Section $\frac{\{16\}}{15}$. Section 63I-2-253 is amended to read:

63I-2-253. Repeal dates -- Titles 53 through 53G.

- (1) Section 53A-24-602 is repealed July 1, 2018.
- (2) (a) Subsections 53B-2a-103(2) and (4) are repealed July 1, 2019.
- (b) When repealing Subsections 53B-2a-103(2) and (4), the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel shall, in addition to its authority under Subsection 36-12-12(3), make necessary changes to subsection numbering and cross references.
 - (3) (a) Subsection 53B-2a-108(5) is repealed July 1, 2022.

- (b) When repealing Subsection 53B-2a-108(5), the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel shall, in addition to its authority under Subsection 36-12-12(3), make necessary changes to subsection numbering and cross references.
- (4) (a) Subsection 53B-7-705(6)(b)(ii)(A), the language that states "Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b)(ii)(B)," is repealed July 1, 2021.
 - (b) Subsection 53B-7-705(6)(b)(ii)(B) is repealed July 1, 2021.
- (5) (a) Subsection 53B-7-707(4)(a)(ii), the language that states "Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b)," is repealed July 1, 2021.
 - (b) Subsection 53B-7-707(4)(b) is repealed July 1, 2021.
 - (6) (a) The following sections are repealed on July 1, 2023:
 - (i) Section 53B-8-202;
 - (ii) Section 53B-8-203;
 - (iii) Section 53B-8-204; and
 - (iv) Section 53B-8-205.
 - (b) (i) Subsection 53B-8-201(2) is repealed on July 1, 2023.
- (ii) When repealing Subsection 53B-8-201(2), the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel shall, in addition to its authority under Subsection 36-12-12(3), make necessary changes to subsection numbering and cross references.
- (7) Title 53B, Chapter 18, Part 14, Uintah Basin Air Quality Research Project, is repealed July 1, 2023.
 - (8) Section 53E-3-518 is repealed July 1, 2021.
 - $[\frac{(8)}{(9)}]$ (9) Subsection 53E-5-306(3)(b)(ii)(B) is repealed July 1, 2020.
 - [(9)] (10) Section 53E-5-307 is repealed July 1, 2020.
- $[\frac{(10)}{(11)}]$ Subsections 53F-2-205(4) and (5), the language that states "or 53F-2-301.5, as applicable" is repealed July 1, 2023.
 - $[\frac{(11)}{(12)}]$ (12) Subsection 53F-2-301(1) is repealed July 1, 2023.
- $[\frac{(12)}{(13)}]$ Subsection 53F-2-515(1), the language that states "or 53F-2-301.5, as applicable" is repealed July 1, 2023.
 - [(13)] <u>(14)</u> Section 53F-4-204 is repealed July 1, 2019.
 - [(14)] <u>(15)</u> Section 53F-6-202 is repealed July 1, 2020.
 - $[\frac{(15)}{(16)}]$ Subsection 53F-9-302(3), the language that states "or 53F-2-301.5, as

applicable" is repealed July 1, 2023.

[(16)] (17) Subsection 53F-9-305(3)(a), the language that states "or 53F-2-301.5, as applicable" is repealed July 1, 2023.

 $[\frac{(17)}{(18)}]$ Subsection 53F-9-306(3)(a), the language that states "or 53F-2-301.5, as applicable" is repealed July 1, 2023.

 $[\frac{(18)}{(19)}]$ Subsection 53G-3-304(1)(c)(i), the language that states "or 53F-2-301.5, as applicable" is repealed July 1, 2023.

[(19)] (20) On July 1, 2023, when making changes in this section, the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel shall, in addition to the office's authority under Subsection 36-12-12(3), make corrections necessary to ensure that sections and subsections identified in this section are complete sentences and accurately reflect the office's perception of the Legislature's intent.

Section $\frac{\{17\}}{16}$. Repealer.

This bill repeals:

Section 53G-7-604, Free textbook system.

Section 53G-7-605, Repurchase and resale of textbooks.

Section $\{18\}$ 17. Effective date.

This bill takes effect July 1, 2019.

Section {19} 18. Coordinating H.B. 250 with S.B. 14 -- Substantive language.

If this H.B. 250 and S.B. 14, Education Reporting Requirements, both pass and become law, it is the intent of the Legislature that the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel prepare the Utah Code database for publication by:

(1) (a) inserting the following language as a new Subsection 53E-1-201(2)(10 a):

"({c}a) the reports described in Section 53E-3-518 by the state board regarding cost centers and implementing activity based costing;"; and

- (b) renumbering remaining subsections accordingly; and
- (2) inserting the following language as Subsection 53E-1-202(2):
- { "(2) (a) The occasional report, described in Section 53F-2-502 by the state board on the program evaluation of the dual language immersion program, is due to the Public Education Appropriations Subcommittee and in accordance with Section 68-3-14.
- "(\{\frac{1}{6}\cdot 2\}\{\rm (a)}\) The one-time report by the state board regarding cost centers and

implementing activity based costing is due to the Public Education Appropriations

Subcommittee in accordance with Section 53E-3-518.

(b) The occasional report, described in Section 53F-2-502 by the state board on the program evaluation of the dual language immersion program, is due to the Public Education Appropriations Subcommittee and in accordance with Section 68-3-14.".