	BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS AMENDMENTS
	2019 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
	Chief Sponsor: John Knotwell
	Senate Sponsor:
LONG	TITLE
Genera	Il Description:
	This bill addresses provisions related to certain boards and commissions.
Highlig	shted Provisions:
	This bill:
	 defines terms;
	 requires each executive branch board or commission to submit an annual report to
the gov	ernor's office and requires the governor's office to provide a summary report
to the L	egislature;
	 requires each legislative branch board or commission to submit an annual report to
the Offi	ice of Legislative Research and General Counsel and requires the Office of
Legisla	tive Research and General Council to provide a summary report to the
Legisla	ture;
	 repeals the following entities and provisions related to the following entities:
	the American Indian-Alaskan Native Education Commission;
	• the Clean Air Act Compliance Advisory Panel;
	the Commission on Civic and Character Education;
	the Data Security Management Council;
	 the Economic Development Legislative Liaison Committee;
	• the Free Market Protection and Privatization Board;
	• the Governing Board of a Utah Interlocal Entity for Alternative Fuel Vehicles or



28	Facilities;
29	• the Judicial Rules Review Committee;
30	• the Legislative IT Steering Committee;
31	• the Online Court Assistance Program Policy Board;
32	• the Prison Development Commission;
33	• the State Council on Military Children;
34	 the Technology Advisory Board;
35	 the Towing Advisory Board; and
36	the Utah Marriage Commission;
37	 combines the Commission for the Stewardship of Public Lands, Commission on
38	Federalism, Federal Funds Commission, and Constitutional Defense Council into
39	the Constitutional and Federalism Defense Council and provides that the
40	Constitutional and Federalism Defense Council subsumes the responsibilities of
41	those entities;
42	 removes some legislators from the following:
43	 the Air Quality Policy Advisory Board;
44	the Native American Legislative Liaison Committee; and
45	 the Sentencing Commission;
46	 removes all legislators from the following:
47	• the Spinal Cord and Brain Injury Rehabilitation Fund Advisory Committee;
48	 the State Workforce Development Board;
49	 the Utah Commission on Aging; and
50	• the Utah Substance Use and Mental Health Advisory Council;
51	 prohibits a legislator from being appointed to the following:
52	• the Committee on Children and Family Law;
53	• the Governor's Child and Family Cabinet Council;
54	 the School Readiness Board;
55	• the Utah Commission on Literacy;
56	• the Utah Communications Authority Board;
57	• the Utah Developmental Disabilities Council;
58	• the Utah Lake Commission Governing Board;

59	the Utah Multicultural Commission;
60	• the Utah Science, Technology, and Research Initiative Governing Authority
61	Board; and
62	the Wasatch Front Regional Council;
63	 adds a sunset date to the following entities and provisions related to the following
64	entities:
65	 the Advisory Board on Children's Justice;
66	 the Criminal Code Evaluation Task Force;
67	• the Employability to Careers Program Board;
68	• the Legislative Process Committee;
69	 the Legislative Water Development Commission;
70	 the Native American Legislative Liaison Committee;
71	• the Point of the Mountain State Land Authority Board;
72	 the Road Usage Charge Advisory Committee;
73	 the School Safety and Crisis Line Commission;
74	the Standards Review Committee;
75	• the Talent Ready Utah Board;
76	 the Utah Seismic Safety Commission;
77	 the Utah State Scenic Byway Committee;
78	• the Utah Tax Review Commission;
79	 the Utah Transparency Advisory Board;
80	 the Veterans and Military Affairs Commission; and
81	• the Women in the Economy Commission;
82	 modifies sunset provisions related to the Mental Health and Crisis Line
83	Commission;
84	 adds a sunset date to the legislative membership of the following entities:
85	the Pete Suazo Athletic Commission; and
86	 the Utah State Fair Corporation Board of Directors;
87	 adds a provision to automatically repeal the State Fair Park Committee; and
88	 makes technical and conforming changes.
89	Money Appropriated in this Bill:

90	None
91	Other Special Clauses:
92	None
93	Utah Code Sections Affected:
94	AMENDS:
95	9-9-104.6, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 415
96	9-9-408, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 88
97	17-16-21, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 347
98	19-2-109.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 154
99	19-2a-102, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 120
100	26-54-103 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 261
101	30-1-34 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 347
102	30-1-36 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 347
103	35A-1-206 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 39
104	35A-3-209 , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 389
105	36-22-1 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 387
106	40-6-16, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 317
107	52-4-103, as amended by Statewide Initiative Proposition 4, Nov. 6, 2018
108	53F-5-601, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
109	53F-5-602, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
110	53F-5-604, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
111	53G-10-204, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 3
112	54-1-13, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 13
113	63A-5-225, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 182
114	63B-25-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 280
115	63C-4a-101, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 101
116	63C-4a-102, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 101
117	63C-4a-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 387
118	63C-4a-303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapters 81 and 338
119	63C-4a-304, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 101
120	63C-4a-305, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 101

121	63C-4a-306, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 221
122	63C-4a-307, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 338
123	63F-1-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 238
124	63F-1-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 238
125	63F-1-303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 369
126	63F-4-201, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 144
127	63F-4-202, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 144
128	63H-7a-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 430
129	63I-1-209, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 117
130	63I-1-211, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2011, Second Special Session, Chapter 1
131	63I-1-223, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
132	63I-1-226, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Third Special Session, Chapter 1
133	63I-1-235, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapters 232 and 392
134	63I-1-236, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapters 33, 170, and 342
135	63I-1-251, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 275
136	63I-1-253, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapters 107, 117, 385, 415, and
137	453
138	63I-1-259, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 281
139	63I-1-262, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapters 74, 220, 281, and 347
140	63I-1-263, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapters 85, 144, 182, 261, 321,
141	338, 340, 347, 369, 428, 430, and 469
142	63I-1-267, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 192
143	63I-1-272, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
144	63I-1-273, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapters 344 and 418
145	631-2-263, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapters 38, 95, 382, and 469
146	63J-1-602.2, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 469
147	63J-4-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 101
148	63J-4-603, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 411
149	63J-4-606, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 319
150	63J-4-607, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 411
151	63L-10-102, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 411

152	63L-10-103, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 411
153	63L-10-104, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 411
154	63M-2-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 240
155	63M-7-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 414
156	63M-7-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 158
157	63M-7-401, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
158	63M-11-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 95
159	63M-11-206, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 387
160	63N-1-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapters 277 and 310
161	67-1-2.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2002, Chapter 176
162	73-10g-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 309
163	78A-2-501, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 115
164	ENACTS:
165	36-12-21 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
166	36-12-22 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
167	63I-1-204, Utah Code Annotated 1953
168	RENUMBERS AND AMENDS:
169	63C-4a-301.1, (Renumbered from 63C-4a-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013,
170	Chapter 445 and renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 101)
171	63C-4a-308, (Renumbered from 63C-4b-104, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016,
172	Chapter 408)
173	63C-4a-309, (Renumbered from 63C-14-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018,
174	Chapter 81)
175	63C-4a-404, (Renumbered from 63C-4b-105, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016,
176	Chapter 408)
177	63C-4a-405, (Renumbered from 63C-4b-106, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016,
178	Chapter 408)
179	REPEALS:
180	10-1-119, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 189
181	11-13-224, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 265
182	17-50-107, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 325

183	19-2-109.2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 154
184	36-20-1 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
185	36-20-2 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 324
186	36-20-3, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1993, Chapter 282
187	36-20-4, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1993, Chapter 282
188	36-20-5, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1993, Chapter 282
189	36-20-6 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 1996, Chapter 36
190	36-20-7, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1993, Chapter 282
191	36-20-8, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1993, Chapter 282
192	36-30-101 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 277
193	36-30-102 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 277
194	36-30-201 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 277
195	36-30-202 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 277
196	36-30-203 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 277
197	53E-3-920, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 39 and renumbered and
198	amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
199	53E-10-401, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
200	53E-10-402, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
201	53E-10-403, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
202	53E-10-404, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
203	53E-10-405, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
204	53E-10-406, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
205	53E-10-407, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
206	62A-1-120, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 347
207	63C-4a-201, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 101
208	63C-4a-301, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 101
209	63C-4a-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 387
210	63C-4b-101, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 408
211	63C-4b-102, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 408
212	63C-4b-103, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 408
213	63C-4b-107, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 408

214	63C-14-101, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 62
215	63C-14-102, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 62
216	63C-14-201, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 62
217	63C-14-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 387
218	63C-14-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 409
219	63C-16-101, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 182
220	63C-16-102, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 182
221	63C-16-201, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 182
222	63C-16-202, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 182
223	63C-16-203, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 182
224	63C-16-204, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 182
225	63F-1-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 238
226	63F-2-101, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 371
227	63F-2-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 81
228	63F-2-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 13
229	63I-4a-101, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 325
230	63I-4a-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 415
231	63I-4a-201, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 325
232	63I-4a-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapters 189 and 387
233	63I-4a-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 81
234	63I-4a-204, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 325
235	63I-4a-205, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 325
236	63I-4a-301, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 325
237	63I-4a-302, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 325
238	63I-4a-303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 310 and renumbered and
239	amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 325
240	63I-4a-304, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 325
241	63I-4a-401, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 325
242	63I-4a-402, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 325
243	67-1a-10, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 387
244	67-1a-11, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 415

	78A-2-502, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 115
	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section 9-9-104.6 is amended to read:
	9-9-104.6. Participation of state agencies in meetings with tribal leaders
	Contact information.
	(1) For at least three of the joint meetings described in Subsection $9-9-104.5(2)(a)$, the
	division shall coordinate with representatives of tribal governments and the entities listed in
	Subsection (2) to provide for the broadest participation possible in the joint meetings.
	(2) The following may participate in all meetings described in Subsection (1):
	(a) the chairs of the Native American Legislative Liaison Committee created in Section
	36-22-1;
	(b) the governor or the governor's designee;
	(c) (i) the American Indian-Alaskan Native Health Liaison appointed in accordance
	with Section 26-7-2.5; or
	(ii) if the American Indian-Alaskan Native Health Liaison is not appointed, a
1	representative of the Department of Health appointed by the executive director of the
	Department of Health;
	(d) the American Indian-Alaskan Native Public Education Liaison appointed in
	accordance with Section [53E-10-402] 53F-5-604; and
	(e) a representative appointed by the chief administrative officer of the following:
	(i) the Department of Human Services;
	(ii) the Department of Natural Resources;
	(iii) the Department of Workforce Services;
	(iv) the Governor's Office of Economic Development;
	(v) the State Board of Education; and
	(vi) the State Board of Regents.
	(3) (a) The chief administrative officer of the agencies listed in Subsection (3)(b) shall:
	(i) designate the name of a contact person for that agency that can assist in coordinating
	the efforts of state and tribal governments in meeting the needs of the Native Americans
	residing in the state; and

276	(ii) notify the division:
277	(A) who is the designated contact person described in Subsection $(3)(a)(i)$; and
278	(B) of any change in who is the designated contact person described in Subsection
279	(3)(a)(i).
280	(b) This Subsection (3) applies to:
281	(i) the Department of Agriculture and Food;
282	(ii) the Department of Heritage and Arts;
283	(iii) the Department of Corrections;
284	(iv) the Department of Environmental Quality;
285	(v) the Department of Public Safety;
286	(vi) the Department of Transportation;
287	(vii) the Office of the Attorney General;
288	(viii) the State Tax Commission; and
289	(ix) any agency described in Subsections (2)(c) through (e).
290	(c) At the request of the division, a contact person listed in Subsection (3)(b) may
291	participate in a meeting described in Subsection (1).
292	(4) (a) A participant under this section who is not a legislator may not receive
293	compensation or benefits for the participant's service, but may receive per diem and travel
294	expenses as allowed in:
295	(i) Section 63A-3-106;
296	(ii) Section 63A-3-107; and
297	(iii) rules made by the Division of Finance according to Sections 63A-3-106 and
298	63A-3-107.
299	(b) Compensation and expenses of a participant who is a legislator are governed by
300	Section 36-2-2 and Legislative Joint Rules, Title 5, Legislative Compensation and Expenses.
301	Section 2. Section 9-9-408 is amended to read:
302	9-9-408. Burial of ancient Native American remains in state parks.
303	(1) As used in this section:
304	(a) "Ancient Native American remains" means ancient human remains, as defined in
305	Section 9-8-302, that are Native American remains, as defined in Section 9-9-402.
306	(b) "Antiquities Section" means the Antiquities Section of the Division of State History

307	created in Section 9-8-304.
308	(2) (a) The division, the Antiquities Section, and the Division of Parks and Recreation
309	shall cooperate in a study of the feasibility of burying ancient Native American remains in state
310	parks.
311	(b) The study shall include:
312	(i) the process and criteria for determining which state parks would have land sufficient
313	and appropriate to reserve a portion of the land for the burial of ancient Native American
314	remains;
315	(ii) the process for burying the ancient Native American remains on the lands within
316	state parks, including the responsibilities of state agencies and the assurance of cultural
317	sensitivity;
318	(iii) how to keep a record of the locations in which specific ancient Native American
319	remains are buried;
320	(iv) how to account for the costs of:
321	(A) burying the ancient Native American remains on lands found within state parks;
322	and
323	(B) securing and maintaining burial sites in state parks; and
324	(v) any issues related to burying ancient Native American remains in state parks.
325	[(3) The division, the Antiquities Section, and the Division of Parks and Recreation
326	shall report to the Native American Legislative Liaison Committee by no later than November
327	1, 2017, regarding the study required by Subsection (2).]
328	Section 3. Section 17-16-21 is amended to read:
329	17-16-21. Fees of county officers.
330	(1) As used in this section, "county officer" means a county officer enumerated in
331	Section 17-53-101 except a county recorder, a county constable, or a county sheriff.
332	(2) (a) A county officer shall collect, in advance, for exclusive county use and benefit:
333	(i) a fee established by the county legislative body under Section 17-53-211; and
334	(ii) any other fee authorized or required by law.
335	(b) As long as the Children's Legal Defense Account is authorized by Section
336	51-9-408, the county clerk shall:
337	(i) assess \$10 in addition to whatever fee for a marriage license is established under

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338 authority of this section; and 339 (ii) transmit \$10 from each marriage license fee to the Division of Finance for deposit 340 in the Children's Legal Defense Account. 341 (c) (i) As long as the Division of Child and Family Services, created in Section 342 62A-4a-103, has the responsibility under Section 62A-4a-105 to provide services, including 343 temporary shelter, for victims of domestic violence, the county clerk shall: 344 (A) collect \$10 in addition to whatever fee for a marriage license is established under 345 authority of this section and in addition to the amount described in Subsection (2)(b), if an 346 applicant chooses, as provided in Subsection (2)(c)(ii), to pay the additional \$10; and 347 (B) to the extent actually paid, transmit \$10 from each marriage license fee to the 348 Division of Finance for distribution to the Division of Child and Family Services for the 349 operation of shelters for victims of domestic violence. 350 (ii) (A) The county clerk shall provide a method for an applicant for a marriage license to choose to pay the additional 10 referred to in Subsection (2)(c)(i). 351 352 (B) An applicant for a marriage license may choose not to pay the additional \$10 353 referred to in Subsection (2)(c)(i) without affecting the applicant's ability to be issued a 354 marriage license. 355 (d) If a county operates an online marriage application system, the county clerk of that 356 county: (i) may assess \$20 in addition to the other fees for a marriage license established under 357 358 this section; 359 (ii) except as provided in Subsection (2)(d)(iii), shall transmit \$20 from the marriage 360 license fee to the state treasurer for deposit [annually as follows:] into the General Fund; and [(A) the first \$400,000 shall accrue to the Utah Marriage Commission, created in 361 362 Section 62A-1-120, as dedicated credits for the operation of the Utah Marriage Commission; 363 and] 364 [(B) proceeds in excess of \$400,000 shall be deposited into the General Fund; and] 365 (iii) may not transmit \$20 from the marriage license fee to the state treasurer under this 366 Subsection (2)(d) if both individuals seeking the marriage license certify that they have completed premarital counseling or education in accordance with Section 30-1-34. 367 368 (3) This section does not apply to a fee currently being assessed by the state but

369 collected by a county officer. 370 Section 4. Section 19-2-109.1 is amended to read: 371 **19-2-109.1.** Operating permit required -- Emissions fee -- Implementation. 372 (1) As used in this section and [Sections 19-2-109.2 and] Section 19-2-109.3: (a) "1990 Clean Air Act" means the federal Clean Air Act as amended in 1990. 373 374 (b) "EPA" means the federal Environmental Protection Agency. (c) "Operating permit" means a permit issued by the director to sources of air pollution 375 376 that meet the requirements of Titles IV and V of the 1990 Clean Air Act. 377 (d) "Program" means the air pollution operating permit program established under this 378 section to comply with Title V of the 1990 Clean Air Act. 379 (e) "Regulated pollutant" means the same as that term is defined in Title V of the 1990 380 Clean Air Act and implementing federal regulations. 381 (2) A person may not operate a source of air pollution required to have a permit under 382 Title V of the 1990 Clean Air Act without having obtained an operating permit from the 383 director under procedures the board establishes by rule. 384 (3) (a) Operating permits issued under this section shall be for a period of five years unless the director makes a written finding, after public comment and hearing, and based on 385 386 substantial evidence in the record, that an operating permit term of less than five years is 387 necessary to protect the public health and the environment of the state. 388 (b) The director may issue, modify, or renew an operating permit only after providing public notice, an opportunity for public comment, and an opportunity for a public hearing. 389 390 (c) The director shall, in conformity with the 1990 Clean Air Act and implementing 391 federal regulations, revise the conditions of issued operating permits to incorporate applicable 392 federal regulations in conformity with Section 502(b)(9) of the 1990 Clean Air Act, if the 393 remaining period of the permit is three or more years. 394 (d) The director may terminate, modify, revoke, or reissue an operating permit for 395 cause. 396 (4) (a) The board shall establish a proposed annual emissions fee that conforms with 397 Title V of the 1990 Clean Air Act for each ton of regulated pollutant, applicable to all sources 398 required to obtain a permit. The emissions fee established under this section is in addition to 399 fees assessed under Section 19-2-108 for issuance of an approval order.

- 400 (b) In establishing the fee the board shall comply with the provisions of Section 401 63J-1-504 that require a public hearing and require the established fee to be submitted to the 402 Legislature for its approval as part of the department's annual appropriations request. 403 (c) The fee shall cover all reasonable direct and indirect costs required to develop and 404 administer the program [and the small business assistance program established under Section 19-2-109.2]. The director shall prepare an annual report of the emissions fees collected and the 405 406 costs covered by those fees under this Subsection (4). 407 (d) The fee shall be established uniformly for all sources required to obtain an 408 operating permit under the program and for all regulated pollutants. 409 (e) The fee may not be assessed for emissions of any regulated pollutant if the 410 emissions are already accounted for within the emissions of another regulated pollutant. 411 (f) An emissions fee may not be assessed for any amount of a regulated pollutant 412 emitted by any source in excess of 4,000 tons per year of that regulated pollutant. (5) Emissions fees shall be based on actual emissions for a regulated pollutant unless a 413 414 source elects, prior to the issuance or renewal of a permit, to base the fee during the period of 415 the permit on allowable emissions for that regulated pollutant. 416 (6) If the owner or operator of a source subject to this section fails to timely pay an 417 annual emissions fee, the director may: 418 (a) impose a penalty of not more than 50% of the fee, in addition to the fee, plus 419 interest on the fee computed at 12% annually; or 420 (b) revoke the operating permit. 421 (7) The owner or operator of a source subject to this section may contest an emissions 422 fee assessment or associated penalty in an adjudicative hearing under the Title 63G, Chapter 4, 423 Administrative Procedures Act, and Section 19-1-301, as provided in this Subsection (7). 424 (a) The owner or operator shall pay the fee under protest prior to being entitled to a 425 hearing. Payment of an emissions fee or penalty under protest is not a waiver of the right to 426 contest the fee or penalty under this section. 427 (b) A request for a hearing under this Subsection (7) shall be made after payment of the 428 emissions fee and within six months after the emissions fee was due. 429 (8) To reinstate an operating permit revoked under Subsection (6) the owner or
- 430 operator shall pay all outstanding emissions fees, a penalty of not more than 50% of all

431	outstanding fees, and interest on the outstanding emissions fees computed at 12% annually.
432	(9) All emissions fees and penalties collected by the department under this section shall
433	be deposited in the General Fund as the Air Pollution Operating Permit Program dedicated
434	credit to be used solely to pay for the reasonable direct and indirect costs incurred by the
435	department in developing and administering the program [and the small business assistance
436	program under Section 19-2-109.2].
437	(10) Failure of the director to act on an operating permit application or renewal is a
438	final administrative action only for the purpose of obtaining judicial review by any of the
439	following persons to require the director to take action on the permit or its renewal without
440	additional delay:
441	(a) the applicant;
442	(b) a person who participated in the public comment process; or
443	(c) a person who could obtain judicial review of that action under applicable law.
444	Section 5. Section 19-2a-102 is amended to read:
445	19-2a-102. Air Quality Policy Advisory Board created Composition
446	Responsibility Terms of office Compensation.
447	(1) There is created the Air Quality Policy Advisory Board consisting of the following
448	[10] <u>seven</u> voting members:
449	(a) [two members] one member of the Senate, appointed by the president of the Senate;
450	(b) [three members] one member of the House of Representatives, appointed by the
451	speaker of the House of Representatives;
452	(c) the director;
453	(d) one representative of industry interests, appointed by the president of the Senate;
454	(e) one representative of business or economic development interests, appointed by the
455	speaker of the House of Representatives, who has expertise in air quality matters;
456	(f) one representative of the academic community, appointed by the governor, who has
457	expertise in air quality matters; and
458	(g) one representative of a nongovernmental organization, appointed by the governor,
459	who:
460	(i) represents community interests;
461	(ii) does not represent industry or business interests; and

462	(iii) has expertise in air quality matters.
463	(2) The Air Quality Policy Advisory Board shall:
464	(a) seek the best available science to identify legislative actions to improve air quality;
465	(b) identify and prioritize potential legislation and funding that will improve air
466	quality; and
467	(c) make recommendations to the Legislature on how to improve air quality in the
468	state.
469	(3) (a) Except as required by Subsection (3)(b), members appointed under Subsections
470	(1)(d), (e), (f), and (g) are appointed to serve four-year terms.
471	(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (3)(a), the governor, president of
472	the Senate, and speaker of the House of Representatives shall, at the time of appointment or
473	reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of members are staggered so
474	that approximately half of the advisory board is appointed every two years.
475	(c) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be
476	appointed for the unexpired term.
477	(4) The advisory board shall elect one member to serve as chair of the advisory board
478	for a term of one year.
479	(5) Compensation for a member of the advisory board who is a legislator shall be paid
480	in accordance with Section 36-2-2 and Legislative Joint Rules, Title 5, Chapter 3, Legislator
481	Compensation.
482	(6) A member of the advisory board who is not a legislator may not receive
483	compensation or benefits for the member's service, but may receive per diem and travel
484	expenses in accordance with:
485	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
486	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
487	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
488	63A-3-107.
489	(7) The department shall provide staff support for the advisory board.
490	Section 6. Section 26-54-103 is amended to read:
491	26-54-103. Spinal Cord and Brain Injury Rehabilitation Fund Advisory
492	Committee Creation Membership Terms Duties.

493	(1) There is created a Spinal Cord and Brain Injury Rehabilitation Fund Advisory
494	Committee.
495	(2) The advisory committee [shall be] is composed of [eight] six members as follows:
496	(a) the executive director of the Department of Health, or the executive director's
497	designee;
498	(b) two survivors, or family members of a survivor of a traumatic brain injury,
499	appointed by the governor;
500	(c) two survivors, or family members of a survivor of a traumatic spinal cord injury,
501	appointed by the governor; and
502	(d) one traumatic brain injury or spinal cord injury professional appointed by the
503	governor who, at the time of appointment and throughout the professional's term on the
504	committee, does not receive a financial benefit from the fund[;].
505	[(e) a member of the House of Representatives appointed by the speaker of the House
506	of Representatives; and]
507	[(f) a member of the Senate appointed by the president of the Senate.]
508	(3) (a) The term of advisory committee members shall be four years. If a vacancy
509	occurs in the committee membership for any reason, a replacement shall be appointed for the
510	unexpired term in the same manner as the original appointment.
511	(b) The committee shall elect a chairperson from the membership.
512	(c) A majority of the committee constitutes a quorum at any meeting, and, if a quorum
513	is present at an open meeting, the action of the majority of members shall be the action of the
514	advisory committee.
515	(d) The terms of the advisory committee shall be staggered so that members appointed
516	under Subsections (2)(b) and (d) shall serve an initial two-year term and members appointed
517	under [Subsections (2)(c) and (e)] Subsection (2)(c) shall serve four-year terms. Thereafter,
518	members appointed to the advisory committee shall serve four-year terms.
519	(4) The advisory committee shall comply with the procedures and requirements of:
520	(a) Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act;
521	(b) Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act; and
522	(c) Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
523	(5) [(a)] A member [who is not a legislator] may not receive compensation or benefits

524	for the member's service, but, at the executive director's discretion, may receive per diem and
525	travel expenses as allowed in:
526	[(i)] (a) Section 63A-3-106;
527	[(ii)] (b) Section 63A-3-107; and
528	[(iii)] (c) rules adopted by the Division of Finance according to Sections 63A-3-106
529	and 63A-3-107.
530	[(b) Compensation and expenses of a member who is a legislator are governed by
531	Section 36-2-2-and Legislative Joint Rules, Title 5, Legislative Compensation and Expenses.]
532	(6) The advisory committee shall:
533	(a) adopt rules and procedures in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
534	Administrative Rulemaking Act, that establish priorities and criteria for the advisory committee
535	to follow in recommending distribution of money from the fund to assist qualified IRC
536	501(c)(3) charitable clinics;
537	(b) identify, evaluate, and review the quality of care available to people with spinal
538	cord and brain injuries through qualified IRC 501(c)(3) charitable clinics;
539	(c) explore, evaluate, and review other possible funding sources and make a
540	recommendation to the Legislature regarding sources that would provide adequate funding for
541	the advisory committee to accomplish its responsibilities under this section; and
542	(d) submit an annual report, not later than November 30 of each year, summarizing the
543	activities of the advisory committee and making recommendations regarding the ongoing needs
544	of people with spinal cord or brain injuries to:
545	(i) the governor;
546	(ii) the Health and Human Services Interim Committee; and
547	(iii) the Health and Human Services Appropriations Subcommittee.
548	Section 7. Section 30-1-34 is amended to read:
549	30-1-34. Completion of counseling or education.
550	(1) The county clerk of a county that operates an online marriage application system
551	and issues a marriage license to applicants who certify completion of premarital counseling or
552	education in accordance with Subsection (2) shall reduce the marriage license fee by \$20.
553	(2) (a) To qualify for the reduced fee under Subsection (1), the applicants shall certify
554	completion of premarital counseling or education in accordance with this Subsection (2).

555	(b) To complete premarital counseling or education, the applicants:
556	(i) shall obtain the premarital counseling or education from:
557	(A) a licensed or ordained minister or the minister's designee who is trained by the
558	minister or denomination to conduct premarital counseling or education;
559	(B) an individual licensed under Title 58, Chapter 60, Mental Health Professional
560	Practice Act;
561	[(C) an individual certified by a national organization recognized by the Utah Marriage
562	Commission, created in Section 62A-1-120, as a family life educator;]
563	[(D)] (C) a family and consumer sciences educator; or
564	[(E)] (D) an individual who is an instructor approved by a premarital education
565	curriculum that meets the requirements of Subsection (2)(b)(ii)[; or].
566	[(F) an online course approved by the Utah Marriage Commission;]
567	(ii) shall receive premarital counseling or education that includes information on
568	important factors associated with strong and healthy marriages, including:
569	(A) commitment in marriage; and
570	(B) effective communication and problem-solving skills, including avoiding violence
571	and abuse in the relationship;
572	(iii) shall complete at least three hours of premarital counseling or six hours of
573	premarital education meeting the requirements of this Subsection (2); and
574	(iv) shall complete the premarital counseling or education meeting the requirements of
575	this Subsection (2) not more than one year before but at least 14 days before the day on which
576	the marriage license is issued.
577	(c) Although applicants are encouraged to take the premarital counseling or education
578	together, each applicant may comply with the requirements of this Subsection (2) separately.
579	(3) A provider of premarital counseling or education under this section is encouraged
580	to use research-based relationship inventories.
581	Section 8. Section 30-1-36 is amended to read:
582	30-1-36. Activities included in premarital counseling or education.
583	(1) Premarital counseling may include group counseling, individual counseling, and
584	couple counseling.
585	(2) Premarital education may include $\left[\frac{\cdot(a)}{\cdot(a)}\right]$ a lecture, class, seminar, or workshop

586	provided by a person that meets the requirements of Subsection 30-1-34(2)(b)(i)[; or].
587	[(b) an online course approved by the Utah Marriage Commission as provided in
588	Subsection 30-1-34(2)(b)(i)(F).]
589	Section 9. Section 35A-1-206 is amended to read:
590	35A-1-206. State Workforce Development Board Appointment Membership
591	Terms of members Compensation.
592	(1) There is created within the department the State Workforce Development Board in
593	accordance with the provisions of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act, 29 U.S.C.
594	Sec. 3101 et seq.
595	(2) The board shall consist of the following $[39]$ <u>37</u> members:
596	(a) the governor or the governor's designee;
597	[(b) one member of the Senate, appointed by the president of the Senate;]
598	[(c) one representative of the House of Representatives, appointed by the speaker of the
599	House of Representatives;]
600	[(d)] (b) the executive director or the executive director's designee;
601	[(e)] (c) the executive director of the Department of Human Services or the executive
602	director's designee;
603	[(f)] (d) the director of the Utah State Office of Rehabilitation or the director's
604	designee;
605	[(g)] (e) the state superintendent of public instruction or the superintendent's designee;
606	[(h)] (f) the commissioner of higher education or the commissioner's designee;
607	[(i)] (g) the Utah System of Technical Colleges commissioner of technical education or
608	the commissioner of technical education's designee;
609	[(j)] (h) the executive director of the Governor's Office of Economic Development or
610	the executive director's designee;
611	[(k)] (i) the executive director of the Department of Veterans and Military Affairs or
612	the executive director's designee; and
613	[(1)] (j) the following members appointed by the governor:
614	(i) 20 representatives of business in the state, selected among the following:
615	(A) owners of businesses, chief executive or operating officers of businesses, or other
616	business executives or employers with policymaking or hiring authority;

617	(B) representatives of businesses, including small businesses, that provide employment
618	opportunities that include high-quality, work-relevant training and development in in-demand
619	industry sectors or occupations in the state; and
620	(C) representatives of businesses appointed from among individuals nominated by state
621	business organizations or business trade associations;
622	(ii) six representatives of the workforce within the state, which:
623	(A) shall include at least two representatives of labor organizations who have been
624	nominated by state labor federations;
625	(B) shall include at least one representative from a registered apprentice program;
626	(C) may include one or more representatives from a community-based organization
627	that has demonstrated experience and expertise in addressing the employment, training, or
628	educational needs of individuals with barriers to employment; and
629	(D) may include one or more representatives from an organization that has
630	demonstrated experience and expertise in addressing the employment, training, or education
631	needs of eligible youth, including organizations that serve out of school youth; and
632	(iii) two elected officials that represent a city or a county.
633	(3) (a) The governor shall appoint one of the appointed business representatives as
634	chair of the board.
635	(b) The chair shall serve at the pleasure of the governor.
636	(4) (a) The governor shall ensure that members appointed to the board represent
637	diverse geographic areas of the state, including urban, suburban, and rural areas.
638	(b) A member appointed by the governor shall serve a term of four years and may be
639	reappointed to one additional term.
640	(c) A member shall continue to serve until the member's successor has been appointed
641	and qualified.
642	(d) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(e), as terms of board members expire, the
643	governor shall appoint each new member or reappointed member to a four-year term.
644	(e) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (4)(d), the governor shall, at the
645	time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of
646	board members are staggered so that approximately one half of the board is appointed every
647	two years.

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648	(f) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be
649	appointed for the unexpired term.
650	(g) The executive director shall terminate the term of any governor-appointed member
651	of the board if the member leaves the position that qualified the member for the appointment.
652	(5) A majority of members constitutes a quorum for the transaction of business.
653	(6) (a) A member of the board who is not a legislator may not receive compensation or
654	benefits for the member's service, but may receive per diem and travel expenses as allowed in:
655	(i) Section 63A-3-106;
656	(ii) Section 63A-3-107; and
657	(iii) rules made by the Division of Finance according to Sections 63A-3-106 and
658	63A-3-107.
659	(b) Compensation and expenses of a member who is a legislator are governed by
660	Section 36-2-2 and Legislative Joint Rules, Title 5, Legislative Compensation and Expenses.
661	(7) The department shall provide staff and administrative support to the board at the
662	direction of the executive director.
663	(8) The board has the duties, responsibilities, and powers described in 29 U.S.C. Sec.
664	3111, including:
665	(a) identifying opportunities to align initiatives in education, training, workforce
666	development, and economic development;
667	(b) developing and implementing the state workforce services plan described in
668	Section 35A-1-207;
669	(c) utilizing strategic partners to ensure the needs of industry are met, including the
670	development of expanded strategies for partnerships for in-demand occupations and
671	understanding and adapting to economic changes;
672	(d) developing strategies for staff training;
673	(e) developing and improving employment centers; and
674	(f) performing other responsibilities within the scope of workforce services as
675	requested by:
676	(i) the Legislature;
677	(ii) the governor; or
678	(iii) the executive director.

679	Section 10. Section 35A-3-209 is amended to read:
680	35A-3-209. Establishment of the School Readiness Board Membership
681	Program intermediary Funding prioritization.
682	(1) The terms defined in Section $53F-6-301$ apply to this section.
683	(2) There is created the School Readiness Board within the Department of Workforce
684	Services composed of:
685	(a) the director of the Department of Workforces Services or the director's designee;
686	(b) one member appointed by the State Board of Education;
687	(c) one member appointed by the chair of the State Charter School Board;
688	(d) one member, appointed by the speaker of the House of Representatives, who:
689	(i) has research experience in the area of early childhood development, including
690	special education[, appointed by the speaker of the House of Representatives]; and
691	(ii) is not a legislator; and
692	(e) one member, appointed by the president of the Senate, who:
693	(i) (A) has expertise in pay for success programs; or
694	[(ii)] (B) represents a financial institution that has experience managing a portfolio that
695	meets the requirements of the Community Reinvestment Act, 12 U.S.C. Sec. 2901 et seq[-];
696	and
697	(ii) is not a legislator.
698	(3) (a) A member described in Subsection (2)(c), (d), or (e) shall serve for a term of
699	two years.
700	(b) If a vacancy occurs for a member described in Subsection (2)(c), (d), or (e), the
701	person appointing the member shall appoint a replacement to serve the remainder of the
702	member's term.
703	(4) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service.
704	(5) The department shall provide staff support to the board.
705	(6) (a) The board members shall elect a chair of the board from the board's
706	membership.
707	(b) The board shall meet upon the call of the chair or a majority of the board members.
708	(7) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code, and subject to
709	Subsection (8), the board shall:

710	(a) select a program intermediary that:
711	(i) is a nonprofit entity; and
712	(ii) has experience:
713	(A) developing and executing contracts;
714	(B) structuring the terms and conditions of a pay for success program;
715	(C) coordinating the funding and management of a pay for success program; and
716	(D) raising private investment capital necessary to fund program services related to a
717	pay for success program; and
718	(b) enter into a contract with the program intermediary.
719	(8) The board may not enter into a contract described in Subsection (7) without the
720	consent of the department regarding:
721	(a) the program intermediary selected; and
722	(b) the terms of the contract.
723	(9) A contract described in Subsection (7)(b) shall:
724	(a) require the program intermediary to:
725	(i) seek out participants for results-based contracts;
726	(ii) advise the board on results-based contracts; and
727	(iii) make recommendations directly to the board on:
728	(A) when to enter a results-based contract; and
729	(B) the terms of a results-based contract; and
730	(b) include a provision that the program intermediary is not eligible to receive or view
731	personally identifiable student data of eligible students funded under the School Readiness
732	Initiative described in this part and Title 53F, Chapter 6, Part 3, School Readiness Initiative.
733	(10) In allocating funding, the board shall:
734	(a) give first priority to a results-based contract described in Subsection $53F-6-309(3)$
735	to fund a high quality school readiness program directly;
736	(b) give second priority to a results-based contract that includes an investor; and
737	(c) give third priority to a grant described in Section 53F-6-305.
738	(11) Other powers and duties of the board are described in Title 53F, Chapter 6, Part 3,
739	School Readiness Initiative.
740	Section 11. Section 36-12-21 is enacted to read:

741	<u>36-12-21.</u> Legislators serving in organizations without legislative sanction
742	Prohibited participation Repealed organizations.
743	(1) The Legislative IT Steering Committee created by the Legislative Management
744	Committee on July 17, 2007, is dissolved.
745	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b):
746	(i) a legislator may not serve on:
747	(A) the Committee on Children and Family Law created under Judicial Rule 1-205;
748	(B) the Governor's Child and Family Cabinet Council created under Executive Order
749	<u>2007-0005;</u>
750	(C) the Utah Commission on Literacy created under Executive Order 2004-0011;
751	(D) the Utah Developmental Disabilities Council created under Executive Order
752	<u>2006-0001; or</u>
753	(E) the Utah Multicultural Commission created under Executive Order EO/007/2013;
754	(ii) the speaker of the House of Representatives or the president of the Senate may not
755	appoint a legislator, and a legislator may not serve in the legislator's capacity as a legislator, on
756	the Utah Lake Commission; and
757	(iii) the chair of the Wasatch Front Regional Council may not appoint a legislator, and
758	a legislator may not serve in the legislator's capacity as a legislator, on the Wasatch Front
759	Regional Council.
760	(b) The Legislative Management Committee may, on a case-by-case basis, approve:
761	(i) a legislator to serve on an entity described in Subsection (2)(a)(i); or
762	(ii) an action that is otherwise prohibited under Subsection (2)(a)(ii) or (iii).
763	Section 12. Section 36-12-22 is enacted to read:
764	<u>36-12-22.</u> Review of legislative workload Reports from committees with
765	legislators.
766	(1) As used in this section:
767	(a) "Legislative board or commission" means a board, commission, council,
768	committee, working group, task force, study group, advisory group, or other body:
769	(i) with a defined, limited membership;
770	(ii) that has a member who is required to be:
771	(A) a member of the Legislature; or

772	(B) appointed by a member of the Legislature; and
773	(iii) that has operated or is intended to operate for more than six months.
774	(b) "Legislative board or commission" does not include:
775	(i) a standing, ethics, interim, appropriations, confirmation, or rules committee of the
776	Legislature;
777	(ii) the Legislative Management Committee or a subcommittee of the Legislative
778	Management Committee; or
779	(iii) an organization that is prohibited from having a member that is a member of the
780	Legislature.
781	(2) (a) Before September 1 of each year, each legislative board or commission shall
782	prepare and submit to the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel an annual report
783	that includes:
784	(i) the name of the legislative board or commission;
785	(ii) a description of the legislative board's or commission's official function and
786	purpose;
787	(iii) the total number of members of the legislative board or commission;
788	(iv) the number of the legislative board's or commission's members who are legislators;
789	(v) the compensation, if any, paid to the members of the legislative board or
790	commission;
791	(vi) a description of the actual work performed by the legislative board or commission
792	since the last report the legislative board or commission submitted to the Office of Legislative
793	Research and General Counsel under this section;
794	(vii) a description of actions taken by the legislative board or commission since the last
795	report the legislative board or commission submitted to the Office of Legislative Research and
796	General Counsel under this section;
797	(viii) recommendations on whether any statutory, rule, or other changes are needed to
798	make the legislative board or commission more effective; and
799	(ix) an indication of whether the legislative board or commission should continue to
800	exist.
801	(b) The Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel shall compile and post the
802	reports described in Subsection (2)(a) to the Legislature's website before October 1 of each

803	year.
804	(3) (a) The Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel shall prepare an annual
805	report by October 1 of each year that includes, as of September 1 of that year:
806	(i) the total number of legislative boards and commissions that exist in the state;
807	(ii) a summary of the reports submitted to the Office of Legislative Research and
808	General Counsel under Subsection (2), including:
809	(A) a list of each legislative board or commission that submitted a report under
810	Subsection (2);
811	(B) a list of each legislative board or commission that did not submit a report under
812	Subsection (2);
813	(C) an indication of any recommendations made under Subsection (2)(a)(viii); and
814	(D) a list of any legislative boards or commissions that indicated under Subsection
815	(2)(a)(ix) that the legislative board or commission should no longer exist.
816	(b) The Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel shall:
817	(i) distribute copies of the report described in Subsection (3)(a) to:
818	(A) the president of the Senate;
819	(B) the speaker of the House;
820	(C) the Legislative Management Committee; and
821	(D) the Government Operations Interim Committee; and
822	(ii) post the report described in Subsection (3)(a) to the Legislature's website.
823	(c) Each year, the Government Operations Interim Committee shall prepare legislation
824	making any changes the committee determines are suitable with respect to the report the
825	committee receives under Subsection (3)(b), including:
826	(i) repealing a legislative board or commission that is no longer functional or
827	necessary; and
828	(ii) making appropriate changes to make a legislative board or commission more
829	effective.
830	Section 13. Section 36-22-1 is amended to read:
831	36-22-1. Native American Legislative Liaison Committee Creation
832	Membership Chairs Salaries and expenses.
833	(1) There is created the Native American Legislative Liaison Committee.

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834 (2) The committee [shall consist of 11] consists of eight members: 835 (a) [seven] five members from the House of Representatives appointed by the speaker, 836 no more than [four] three of whom [shall] may be members of the same political party; and 837 (b) [four] three members of the Senate appointed by the president, no more than two of 838 whom [shall] may be members of the same political party. 839 (3) The speaker of the House shall select one of the members from the House of 840 Representatives to act as cochair of the committee. 841 (4) The president of the Senate shall select one of the members from the Senate to act 842 as cochair of the committee. 843 (5) Compensation and expenses of a member who is a legislator are governed by 844 Section 36-2-2 and Legislative Joint Rules, Title 5, Legislative Compensation and Expenses. 845 Section 14. Section **40-6-16** is amended to read: 40-6-16. Duties of division. 846 847 [(1)] In addition to the duties assigned by the board, the division shall: 848 $\left[\frac{1}{2}\right]$ (1) develop and implement an inspection program that will include but not be limited to production data, pre-drilling checks, and site security reviews: 849 850 [(b)] (2) publish a monthly production report; 851 $\left[\frac{1}{2}\right]$ (3) publish a monthly gas processing plant report: 852 $\left[\frac{d}{d}\right]$ (4) review and evaluate, prior to a hearing, evidence submitted with the petition to 853 be presented to the board; 854 [(e)] (5) require adequate assurance of approved water rights in accordance with rules 855 and orders enacted under Section 40-6-5; and 856 [(f)] (6) notify the county executive of the county in which the drilling will take place 857 in writing of the issuance of a drilling permit. 858 [(2) The director shall, by October 30, 2016, report to the Commission for the 859 Stewardship of Public Lands regarding the division's recommendations for how the state shall 860 deal with oil, gas, and mining issues in the Utah Public Land Management Act.] 861 Section 15. Section **52-4-103** is amended to read: 862 52-4-103. Definitions. 863 As used in this chapter: (1) "Anchor location" means the physical location from which: 864

865	(a) an electronic meeting originates; or
866	(b) the participants are connected.
867	(2) "Capitol hill complex" means the grounds and buildings within the area bounded by
868	300 North Street, Columbus Street, 500 North Street, and East Capitol Boulevard in Salt Lake
869	City.
870	(3) (a) "Convening" means the calling together of a public body by a person authorized
871	to do so for the express purpose of discussing or acting upon a subject over which that public
872	body has jurisdiction or advisory power.
873	(b) "Convening" does not include the initiation of a routine conversation between
874	members of a board of trustees of a large public transit district if the members involved in the
875	conversation do not, during the conversation, take a tentative or final vote on the matter that is
876	the subject of the conversation.
877	(4) "Electronic meeting" means a public meeting convened or conducted by means of a
878	conference using electronic communications.
879	(5) "Electronic message" means a communication transmitted electronically, including:
880	(a) electronic mail;
881	(b) instant messaging;
882	(c) electronic chat;
883	(d) text messaging, as that term is defined in Section 76-4-401; or
884	(e) any other method that conveys a message or facilitates communication
885	electronically.
886	(6) (a) "Meeting" means the convening of a public body or a specified body, with a
887	quorum present, including a workshop or an executive session, whether in person or by means
888	of electronic communications, for the purpose of discussing, receiving comments from the
889	public about, or acting upon a matter over which the public body or specific body has
890	jurisdiction or advisory power.
891	(b) "Meeting" does not mean:
892	(i) a chance gathering or social gathering;
893	(ii) a convening of the State Tax Commission to consider a confidential tax matter in
894	accordance with Section 59-1-405; or
895	(iii) a convening of a three-member board of trustees of a large public transit district as

896	defined in Section 17B-2a-802 if:
897	(A) the board members do not, during the conversation, take a tentative or final vote on
898	the matter that is the subject of the conversation; or
899	(B) the conversation pertains only to day-to-day management and operation of the
900	public transit district.
901	(c) "Meeting" does not mean the convening of a public body that has both legislative
902	and executive responsibilities if:
903	(i) no public funds are appropriated for expenditure during the time the public body is
904	convened; and
905	(ii) the public body is convened solely for the discussion or implementation of
906	administrative or operational matters:
907	(A) for which no formal action by the public body is required; or
908	(B) that would not come before the public body for discussion or action.
909	(7) "Monitor" means to hear or observe, live, by audio or video equipment, all of the
910	public statements of each member of the public body who is participating in a meeting.
911	(8) "Participate" means the ability to communicate with all of the members of a public
912	body, either verbally or electronically, so that each member of the public body can hear or
913	observe the communication.
914	(9) (a) "Public body" means:
915	(i) any administrative, advisory, executive, or legislative body of the state or its
916	political subdivisions that:
917	(A) is created by the Utah Constitution, statute, rule, ordinance, or resolution;
918	(B) consists of two or more persons;
919	(C) expends, disburses, or is supported in whole or in part by tax revenue; and
920	(D) is vested with the authority to make decisions regarding the public's business; or
921	(ii) any administrative, advisory, executive, or policymaking body of an association, as
922	that term is defined in Section 53G-7-1101, that:
923	(A) consists of two or more persons;
924	(B) expends, disburses, or is supported in whole or in part by dues paid by a public
925	school or whose employees participate in a benefit or program described in Title 49, Utah State
926	Retirement and Insurance Benefit Act; and

927	(C) is vested with authority to make decisions regarding the participation of a public
928	school or student in an interscholastic activity, as that term is defined in Section 53G-7-1101.
929	(b) "Public body" includes:
930	(i) an interlocal entity or joint or cooperative undertaking, as those terms are defined in
931	Section 11-13-103;
932	(ii) a governmental nonprofit corporation as that term is defined in Section 11-13a-102;
933	and
934	(iii) the Utah Independent Redistricting Commission.
935	(c) "Public body" does not include:
936	(i) a political party, a political group, or a political caucus;
937	(ii) a conference committee, a rules committee, or a sifting committee of the
938	Legislature;
939	(iii) a school community council or charter trust land council, as that term is defined in
940	Section 53G-7-1203;
941	[(iv) the Economic Development Legislative Liaison Committee created in Section
942	36-30-201;]
943	[(v)] (iv) a taxed interlocal entity, as that term is defined in Section 11-13-602; or
944	[(vi)] (v) the following Legislative Management subcommittees, which are established
945	in Section 36-12-8, when meeting for the purpose of selecting or evaluating a candidate to
946	recommend for employment, except that the meeting in which a subcommittee votes to
947	recommend that a candidate be employed shall be subject to the provisions of this act:
948	(A) the Research and General Counsel Subcommittee;
949	(B) the Budget Subcommittee; and
950	(C) the Audit Subcommittee.
951	(10) "Public statement" means a statement made in the ordinary course of business of
952	the public body with the intent that all other members of the public body receive it.
953	(11) (a) "Quorum" means a simple majority of the membership of a public body, unless
954	otherwise defined by applicable law.
955	(b) "Quorum" does not include a meeting of two elected officials by themselves when
956	no action, either formal or informal, is taken on a subject over which these elected officials
957	have advisory power.

958	(12) "Recording" means an audio, or an audio and video, record of the proceedings of a
959	meeting that can be used to review the proceedings of the meeting.
960	(13) "Specified body":
961	(a) means an administrative, advisory, executive, or legislative body that:
962	(i) is not a public body;
963	(ii) consists of three or more members; and
964	(iii) includes at least one member who is:
965	(A) a legislator; and
966	(B) officially appointed to the body by the president of the Senate, speaker of the
967	House of Representatives, or governor; and
968	(b) does not include a body listed in Subsection (9)(c)(ii) or (9)(c)(vi).
969	(14) "Transmit" means to send, convey, or communicate an electronic message by
970	electronic means.
971	Section 16. Section 53F-5-601 is amended to read:
972	53F-5-601. Definitions.
973	[(1) The terms defined in Section 53E-10-401 apply to this section.]
974	[(2)] As used in this part:
975	[(a)] (1) "American Indian and Alaskan Native concentrated school" means a school
976	where at least 29% of [its] the school's students are American Indian or Alaskan Native.
977	[(b)] (2) "Board" means the State Board of Education.
978	(3) "Native American Legislative Liaison Committee" means the committee created in
979	<u>Section 36-22-1</u> .
980	(4) "State plan" means the state plan adopted under Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 53,
981	Section 7.
982	[(c)] (5) "Teacher" means an individual employed by a school district or charter school
983	who is required to hold an educator license issued by the board and who has an assignment to
984	teach in a classroom.
985	Section 17. Section 53F-5-602 is amended to read:
986	53F-5-602. Pilot programs created.
987	(1) (a) In addition to the state plan [described in Title 53E, Chapter 10, Part 4,
988	American Indian-Alaskan Native Education State Plan] adopted under Laws of Utah 2015,

<u>Chapter 53, Section 7</u>, beginning with fiscal year 2016-2017, there is created a five-year pilot
 program administered by the board to provide grants targeted to address the needs of American

991 Indian and Alaskan Native students.

(b) The pilot program shall consist of a grant program to school districts and charter
schools to be used to fund stipends, recruitment, retention, and professional development of
teachers who teach in American Indian and Alaskan Native concentrated schools.

(2) (a) Beginning with fiscal year 2017-2018, there is created a four-year pilot program
administered by the board to provide grants targeted to address the needs of American Indian
and Alaskan Native students.

(b) The pilot program shall consist of a grant program to school districts and charter
schools to be used to fund stipends, recruitment, retention, and professional development of
teachers who teach in American Indian and Alaskan Native concentrated schools.

(c) In determining grant recipients under this Subsection (2), the board shall give
priority to American Indian and Alaskan Native concentrated schools located in a county of the
fourth, fifth, or sixth class with significant populations of American Indians and Alaskan
Natives.

1005 (3) Up to 3% of the money appropriated to a grant program under this part may be used1006 by the board for costs in implementing the pilot program.

1007 Section 18. Section **53F-5-604** is amended to read:

1008 **53F-5-604.** Liaison -- Reporting -- Meeting.

1009 (1) Subject to budget constraints, the superintendent of public instruction appointed

1010 <u>under Section 53E-3-301</u> shall appoint an individual as the American Indian-Alaskan Native

- 1011 <u>Public Education Liaison.</u>
- 1012 [(1)] (2) The liaison shall:

1013 (a) work under the direction of the superintendent in the development and

1014 implementation of the state plan; and

1015 (b) annually report to the Native American Legislative Liaison Committee created

- 1016 <u>under Section 36-22-1</u> during the term of a pilot program under this part regarding:
- 1017 [(a)] (i) what entities receive a grant under this part;
- 1018 [(b)] (ii) the effectiveness of the expenditures of grant money; and
- 1019 [(c)] (iii) recommendations, if any, for additional legislative action.

1020 [(2)] (3) The Native American Legislative Liaison Committee shall annually schedule
 1021 at least one meeting at which education is discussed with selected stakeholders.
 1022 Section 19. Section 53G-10-204 is amended to read:

1023 53G-10-204. Civic and character education -- Definitions -- Legislative finding - 1024 Elements -- Reporting requirements.

1025 (1) As used in this section:

1026 (a) "Character education" means reaffirming values and qualities of character which1027 promote an upright and desirable citizenry.

(b) "Civic education" means the cultivation of informed, responsible participation in
political life by competent citizens committed to the fundamental values and principles of
representative democracy in Utah and the United States.

1031 (c) "Values" means time-established principles or standards of worth.

1032 (2) The Legislature recognizes that:

(a) Civic and character education are fundamental elements of the public education
system's core mission as originally intended and established under Article X of the Utah
Constitution;

1036 (b) Civic and character education are fundamental elements of the constitutional 1037 responsibility of public education and shall be a continuing emphasis and focus in public 1038 schools;

(c) the cultivation of a continuing understanding and appreciation of a constitutional
republic and principles of representative democracy in Utah and the United States among
succeeding generations of educated and responsible citizens is important to the nation and
state;

(d) the primary responsibility for the education of children within the state resides with
their parents or guardians and that the role of state and local governments is to support and
assist parents in fulfilling that responsibility;

(e) public schools fulfill a vital purpose in the preparation of succeeding generations of
 informed and responsible citizens who are deeply attached to essential democratic values and
 institutions; and

1049 (f) the happiness and security of American society relies upon the public virtue of its 1050 citizens which requires a united commitment to a moral social order where self-interests are

1051 willingly subordinated to the greater common good.

- 1052 (3) Through an integrated curriculum, students shall be taught in connection with1053 regular school work:
- 1054 (a) honesty, integrity, morality, civility, duty, honor, service, and obedience to law;
- (b) respect for and an understanding of the Declaration of Independence and theconstitutions of the United States and of the state of Utah;
- 1057 (c) Utah history, including territorial and preterritorial development to the present;
- 1058 (d) the essentials and benefits of the free enterprise system;
- 1059 (e) respect for parents, home, and family;
- 1060 (f) the dignity and necessity of honest labor; and
- (g) other skills, habits, and qualities of character which will promote an upright and
 desirable citizenry and better prepare students to recognize and accept responsibility for
 preserving and defending the blessings of liberty inherited from prior generations and secured
 by the constitution.
- (4) Local school boards and school administrators may provide training, direction, and
 encouragement, as needed, to accomplish the intent and requirements of this section and to
 effectively emphasize civic and character education in the course of regular instruction in the
 public schools.
- 1069

(5) Civic and character education in public schools are:

- 1070 (a) not intended to be separate programs in need of special funding or added specialists1071 to be accomplished; and
- 1072 (b) core principles which reflect the shared values of the citizens of Utah and the
 1073 founding principles upon which representative democracy in the United States and the state of
 1074 Utah are based.
- 1075[(6) To assist the Commission on Civic and Character Education in fulfilling the1076commission's duties under Section 67-1a-11, by December 30 of each year, each school district1077and the State Charter School Board shall submit to the lieutenant governor and the commission1078a report summarizing how civic and character education are achieved in the school district or1079charter schools through an integrated school curriculum and in the regular course of school1080work as provided in this section.]
- 1081
- [(7)] (6) Each year, the State Board of Education shall report to the Education Interim

1082 Committee, on or before the October meeting, the methods used, and the results being 1083 achieved, to instruct and prepare students to become informed and responsible citizens through 1084 an integrated curriculum taught in connection with regular school work as required in this 1085 section. Section 20. Section 54-1-13 is amended to read: 1086 1087 54-1-13. Commission exploration and development of cleaner air options. [(1)] The commission shall immediately initiate and conduct proceedings to explore 1088 1089 and develop options and opportunities for advancing and promoting measures designed to 1090 result in cleaner air in the state through the enhanced use of alternative fuel vehicles, including: 1091 $\left[\frac{1}{2}\right]$ (1) consideration of the role that gas corporations should play in the enhancement and expansion of the infrastructure and maintenance and other facilities for alternative fuel 1092 1093 vehicles: 1094 [(b)] (2) the potential funding options available to pay for the enhancement and 1095 expansion of infrastructure and facilities for alternative fuel vehicles; 1096 [(c)] (3) the role local government, including any local government entity established for the purpose of facilitating conversion to alternative fuel vehicles and of promoting the 1097 1098 enhancement and expansion of the infrastructure and facilities for those vehicles, can or should 1099 play; and 1100 $\left[\frac{d}{d}\right]$ (4) the most effective ways to overcome any obstacles to converting to alternative 1101 fuel vehicles and to enhancing and expanding the infrastructure and facilities for alternative 1102 fuel vehicles. 1103 [(2) As soon as an interlocal entity described in Subsection 11-13-224(2) is created, the 1104 commission shall seek, encourage, and accept the interlocal entity's participation in the 1105 commission's proceedings under this section.] 1106 [(3) By September 30, 2013, the commission and the interlocal entity described in 1107 Subsection 11-13-224(2) shall report to the governor, the Legislative Management Committee. and the Public Utilities, Energy, and Technology Interim Committee:] 1108 1109 [(a) the results of the commission proceedings under Subsection (1); and] 1110 (b) recommendations for specific actions to implement mechanisms to provide funding for the enhancement and expansion of the infrastructure and facilities for alternative 1111 1112 fuel vehicles.]

1113	Section 21. Section 63A-5-225 is amended to read:
1114	63A-5-225. Development of new correctional facilities.
1115	(1) As used in this section:
1116	[(a) "Commission" means the Prison Development Commission, created in Section
1117	63C-16-201.]
1118	(a) "Committee" means the Legislative Management Committee created in Section
1119	<u>36-12-6.</u>
1120	(b) "New correctional facilities" means a new prison and related facilities to be
1121	constructed to replace the state prison located in Draper.
1122	(c) "Prison project" means all aspects of a project for the design and construction of
1123	new correctional facilities on the selected site, including:
1124	(i) the acquisition of land, interests in land, easements, or rights-of-way;
1125	(ii) site improvement; and
1126	(iii) the acquisition, construction, equipping, or furnishing of facilities, structures,
1127	infrastructure, roads, parking facilities, utilities, and improvements, whether on or off the
1128	selected site, that are necessary, incidental, or convenient to the development of new
1129	correctional facilities on the selected site.
1130	(d) "Selected site" means [the same as that term is defined in Section 63C-16-102] the
1131	site selected under Subsection 63C-15-203(2) as the site for new correctional facilities.
1132	(2) In consultation with the [commission] committee, the division shall oversee the
1133	prison project, as provided in this section.
1134	(3) (a) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code, and this
1135	section, the division shall:
1136	(i) enter into contracts with persons providing professional and construction services
1137	for the prison project;
1138	[(ii) in determining contract types for the prison project, consult with and consider
1139	recommendations from the commission or the commission's designee;]
1140	[(iii)] (ii) provide reports to the [commission] committee regarding the prison project,
1141	as requested by the commission; and
1142	[(iv)] (iii) consider input from the [commission] committee on the prison project,
1143	subject to Subsection (3)(b).

1144	(b) The division may not consult with or receive input from the [commission]
1145	committee regarding:
1146	(i) the evaluation of proposals from persons seeking to provide professional and
1147	construction services for the prison project; or
1148	(ii) the selection of persons to provide professional and construction services for the
1149	prison project.
1150	(c) A contract with a project manager or person with a comparable position on the
1151	prison project shall include a provision that requires the project manager or other person to
1152	provide reports to the [commission] committee regarding the prison project, as requested by the
1153	[commission] committee.
1154	(4) All contracts associated with the design or construction of new correctional
1155	facilities shall be awarded and managed by the division in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter
1156	6a, Utah Procurement Code, and this section.
1157	(5) The division shall coordinate with the Department of Corrections, created in
1158	Section 64-13-2, and the State Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice, created in
1159	Section 63M-7-201, during the prison project to help ensure that the design and construction of
1160	new correctional facilities are conducive to and consistent with, and help to implement any
1161	reforms of or changes to, the state's corrections system and corrections programs.
1162	(6) (a) There is created within the General Fund a restricted account known as the
1163	"Prison Development Restricted Account."
1164	(b) The account created in Subsection (6)(a) is funded by legislative appropriations.
1165	(c) (i) The account shall earn interest or other earnings.
1166	(ii) The Division of Finance shall deposit interest or other earnings derived from the
1167	investment of account funds into the account.
1168	(d) Upon appropriation from the Legislature, money from the account shall be used to
1169	fund the Prison Project Fund created in Subsection (7).
1170	(7) (a) There is created a capital projects fund known as the "Prison Project Fund."
1171	(b) The fund consists of:
1172	(i) money appropriated to the fund by the Legislature; and
1173	(ii) proceeds from the issuance of bonds authorized in Section 63B-25-101 to provide
1174	funding for the prison project.

1175	(c) (i) The fund shall earn interest or other earnings.
1176	(ii) The Division of Finance shall deposit interest or other earnings derived from the
1177	investment of fund money into the fund.
1178	(d) Money in the fund shall be used by the division to fund the prison project.
1179	Section 22. Section 63B-25-101 is amended to read:
1180	63B-25-101. General obligation bonds for prison project Maximum amount
1181	Use of proceeds.
1182	(1) As used in this section:
1183	(a) "Prison project" means the same as that term is defined in Section [$63C-16-102$]
1184	<u>63A-5-225</u> .
1185	(b) "Prison project fund" means the capital projects fund created in Subsection
1186	63A-5-225(7).
1187	(2) The commission may issue general obligation bonds as provided in this section.
1188	(3) (a) The total amount of bonds to be issued under this section may not exceed
1189	\$570,000,000 for acquisition and construction proceeds, plus additional amounts necessary to
1190	pay costs of issuance, to pay capitalized interest, and to fund any existing debt service reserve
1191	requirements, with the total amount of the bonds not to exceed \$575,700,000.
1192	(b) The maturity of bonds issued under this section may not exceed 10 years.
1193	(4) The commission shall ensure that proceeds from the issuance of bonds under this
1194	section are deposited into the Prison Project Fund for use by the division to pay all or part of
1195	the cost of the prison project, including:
1196	(a) interest estimated to accrue on the bonds authorized in this section until the
1197	completion of construction of the prison project, plus a period of 12 months after the end of
1198	construction; and
1199	(b) all related engineering, architectural, and legal fees.
1200	(5) (a) The division may enter into agreements related to the prison project before the
1201	receipt of proceeds of bonds issued under this section.
1202	(b) The division shall make those expenditures from unexpended and unencumbered
1203	building funds already appropriated to the Prison Project Fund.
1204	(c) The division shall reimburse the Prison Project Fund upon receipt of the proceeds
1205	of bonds issued under this chapter.

1206	(d) The state intends to use proceeds of tax-exempt bonds to reimburse itself for
1207	expenditures for costs of the prison project.
1208	(6) Before issuing bonds authorized under this section, the commission shall request
1209	and consider a recommendation from the [Prison Development Commission] Legislative
1210	Management Committee, created in Section [$63C-16-201$] 36-12-6, regarding the timing and
1211	amount of the issuance.
1212	Section 23. Section 63C-4a-101 is amended to read:
1212	63C-4a-101. Title.
1213	[(1)] This chapter is known as the "Constitutional and Federalism Defense Act."
1211	[(1)] This endpter is known as "General Provisions."]
1216	Section 24. Section 63C-4a-102 is amended to read:
1210	63C-4a-102. Definitions.
1217	As used in this chapter:
1210	(1) "Account" means the Constitutional Defense Restricted Account, created in Section
1219	63C-4a-402.
1220	[(2) "Commission" means the Commission on Federalism, created in Section
1221	63C-4a-302.]
1222	[(3)] (2) "Constitutional defense plan" means a plan that outlines actions and
1225	expenditures to fulfill the duties of [the commission and] the council.
1224	[(4)] (3) "Council" means the Constitutional and Federalism Defense Council, created
1225	in Section 63C-4a-202.
1220	[(5)] (4) "Federal governmental entity" means:
1227	(a) the president of the United States;
1228	(a) the president of the Onited States,(b) the United States Congress;
1229	(c) a United States agency; or
1230	(d) an employee or official appointed by the president of the United States.
1231	(d) an employee of official appointed by the president of the Office States.(5) "Federal issue" means a matter relating to the federal government's dealings with
1233	the state, including a matter described in Subsection <u>63C-14-301(1)</u> .
1234	 (6) "Federal law" means: (a) an avagutive order by the president of the United States:
1235	(a) an executive order by the president of the United States;(b) a statute paged but the United States Can press;
1236	(b) a statute passed by the United States Congress;

1237	(c) a regulation adopted by a United States agency; or
1237	(d) a policy statement, order, guidance, or action by:
1230	(i) a United States agency; or
1240	(ii) an employee or official appointed by the president of the United States.
1241	(7) "R.S. 2477" means Revised Statute 2477, codified as 43 U.S.C. Section 932.
1242	(8) "R.S. 2477 plan" means a guiding document that:
1243	(a) is developed jointly by the Utah Association of Counties and the state;
1244	(b) is approved by the council; and
1245	(c) presents the broad framework of a proposed working relationship between the state
1246	and participating counties collectively for the purpose of asserting, defending, or litigating state
1247	and local government rights under R.S. 2477.
1248	(9) "United States agency" means a department, agency, authority, commission,
1249	council, board, office, bureau, or other administrative unit of the executive branch of the
1250	United States government.
1251	Section 25. Section 63C-4a-202 is amended to read:
1252	Part 2. Creation of Constitutional and Federalism Defense Council
1253	63C-4a-202. Creation of Constitutional and Federalism Defense Council
1254	Membership Vacancies Meetings Staff Reports Per diem, travel expenses, and
1255	funding.
	Tunung.
1256	(1) There is created the Constitutional <u>and Federalism</u> Defense Council[-] <u>consisting</u>
1256 1257	
	(1) There is created the Constitutional <u>and Federalism</u> Defense Council[.] <u>consisting</u>
1257	(1) There is created the Constitutional <u>and Federalism</u> Defense Council[.] <u>consisting</u> <u>of:</u>
1257 1258	 (1) There is created the Constitutional <u>and Federalism</u> Defense Council[-] <u>consisting</u> <u>of:</u> [(2) (a) The council shall consist of]
1257 1258 1259	 (1) There is created the Constitutional <u>and Federalism</u> Defense Council[.] <u>consisting</u> <u>of:</u> [(2) (a) The council shall consist of] (a) the following <u>12 voting</u> members:
1257 1258 1259 1260	 (1) There is created the Constitutional <u>and Federalism</u> Defense Council[.] <u>consisting</u> <u>of:</u> (<u>2</u>) (<u>a</u>) The council shall consist of] (<u>a</u>) the following <u>12 voting</u> members: (i) the governor or the lieutenant governor, who shall serve as chair of the council;
1257 1258 1259 1260 1261	 (1) There is created the Constitutional <u>and Federalism</u> Defense Council[-] <u>consisting</u> <u>of:</u> (<u>2</u>) (<u>a</u>) The council shall consist of] (<u>a</u>) the following <u>12 voting</u> members: (i) the governor or the lieutenant governor, who shall serve as chair of the council; (ii) the president of the Senate or the president of the Senate's designee who shall serve
1257 1258 1259 1260 1261 1262	 (1) There is created the Constitutional <u>and Federalism</u> Defense Council[-] <u>consisting</u> <u>of:</u> (<u>2</u>) (a) The council shall consist of] (<u>a</u>) the following <u>12 voting</u> members: (i) the governor or the lieutenant governor, who shall serve as chair of the council; (ii) the president of the Senate or the president of the Senate's designee who shall serve as vice chair of the council;
1257 1258 1259 1260 1261 1262 1263	 (1) There is created the Constitutional <u>and Federalism</u> Defense Council[:] <u>consisting</u> of: (2) (a) The council shall consist of] (a) the following <u>12 voting</u> members: (i) the governor or the lieutenant governor, who shall serve as chair of the council; (ii) the president of the Senate or the president of the Senate's designee who shall serve as vice chair of the council; (iii) the speaker of the House or the speaker of the House's designee who shall serve as
1257 1258 1259 1260 1261 1262 1263 1264	 (1) There is created the Constitutional and Federalism Defense Council[-] consisting of: (2) (a) The council shall consist of] (a) the following 12 voting members: (i) the governor or the lieutenant governor, who shall serve as chair of the council; (ii) the president of the Senate or the president of the Senate's designee who shall serve as vice chair of the council; (iii) the speaker of the House or the speaker of the House's designee who shall serve as vice chair of the council;
1257 1258 1259 1260 1261 1262 1263 1264 1265	 (1) There is created the Constitutional <u>and Federalism</u> Defense Council[:] <u>consisting</u> of: (2) (a) The council shall consist of] (a) the following <u>12 voting</u> members: (i) the governor or the lieutenant governor, who shall serve as chair of the council; (ii) the president of the Senate or the president of the Senate's designee who shall serve as vice chair of the council; (iii) the speaker of the House or the speaker of the House's designee who shall serve as vice chair of the council; (iv) another member of the House, appointed by the speaker of the House;

1268	(vii) the attorney general or the attorney general's designee, who shall be one of the
1269	attorney general's appointees, not a current career service employee;
1270	(viii) the director of the School and Institutional Trust Lands Administration;
1271	(ix) four elected county commissioners, county council members, or county executives
1272	from different counties who are selected by the Utah Association of Counties, at least one of
1273	whom shall be from a county of the first or second class; and
1274	(b) the following five nonvoting members:
1275	[(x)] (i) the executive director of the Department of Natural Resources[, who may not
1276	vote];
1277	[(xi)] (ii) the commissioner of the Department of Agriculture and Food[, who may not
1278	vote];
1279	[(xii)] (iii) the director of the Governor's Office of Economic Development[, who may
1280	not vote]; and
1281	[(xiii)] (iv) two elected county commissioners, county council members, or county
1282	executives from different counties appointed by the Utah Association of Counties[, who may
1283	not vote].
1284	[(b)] (2) (a) The council vice chairs shall conduct a council meeting in the absence of
1285	the chair.
1286	[(c)] (b) If both the governor and the lieutenant governor are absent from a meeting of
1287	the council, the governor may designate a person to attend the meeting solely for the purpose of
1288	casting a vote on any matter on the governor's behalf.
1289	(3) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be
1290	appointed for the unexpired term in the same manner as the original appointment.
1291	(4) (a) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(a)(ii), the council shall meet at least
1292	monthly or more frequently as needed.
1293	(ii) The council need not meet monthly if the chair, after polling the voting members,
1294	determines that a majority of the voting members do not wish to meet.
1295	(b) The governor or any six members of the council may call a meeting of the council.
1296	(c) Before calling a meeting, the governor or council members shall solicit items for
1297	the agenda from other members of the council.
1298	(d) (i) The council shall require that any entity[, other than the commission,] that

1299	receives money from the Constitutional Defense Restricted Account provide financial reports
1300	and litigation reports to the council.
1301	(ii) Nothing in this Subsection (4)(d) prohibits the council from closing a meeting
1302	under Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act, or prohibits the council from
1303	complying with Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act.
1304	(e) A majority of the voting membership on the council is required for a quorum to
1305	conduct council business. A majority vote of the quorum is required for any action taken by
1306	the council.
1307	(5) (a) The Office of the Attorney General shall advise the council.
1308	(b) The Public Lands Policy Coordinating Office shall provide staff assistance for
1309	meetings of the council.
1310	(c) If requested by the council, the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel
1311	shall provide additional staff support to the council.
1312	(6) (a) A member of the council who is not a legislator may not receive compensation
1313	or benefits for the member's service, but may receive per diem and travel expenses as allowed
1314	in:
1315	(i) Section 63A-3-106;
1316	(ii) Section 63A-3-107; and
1317	(iii) rules made by the Division of Finance according to Sections 63A-3-106 and
1318	63A-3-107.
1319	(b) Compensation and expenses of a member of the council who is a legislator are
1320	governed by Section 36-2-2 and Legislative Joint Rules, Title 5, Legislative Compensation and
1321	Expenses.
1322	(7) Money appropriated for or received by the council may be expended by the
1323	governor in consultation with the council.
1324	Section 26. Section 63C-4a-301.1, which is renumbered from Section 63C-4a-203 is
1325	renumbered and amended to read:
1326	Part 3. Duties of the Constitutional and Federalism Defense Council
1327	[63C-4a-203]. <u>63C-4a-301.1.</u> General duties of Constitutional and
1328	Federalism Defense Council.
1329	(1) The Constitutional and Federalism Defense Council shall assist the governor and

1330	the Legislature on the following types of issues:
1331	(a) the constitutionality of federal mandates;
1332	(b) when making recommendations to challenge the federal mandates and regulations
1333	described in Subsections (1)(f)(i) through (v), the rationale for and effectiveness of those
1334	federal mandates or regulations;
1335	(c) legal and policy issues surrounding state and local government rights under R.S.
1336	2477;
1337	(d) legal issues relating to the rights of the School and Institutional Trust Lands
1338	Administration and its beneficiaries;
1339	(e) a disagreement with another state regarding the use or ownership of water; and
1340	(f) the advisability, feasibility, estimated cost, and likelihood of success of challenging:
1341	(i) federal court rulings that:
1342	(A) hinder the management of the state's prison system and place undue financial
1343	hardship on the state's taxpayers;
1344	(B) impact a power or a right reserved to the state or its citizens by the United States
1345	Constitution, Amendment IX or X; or
1346	(C) expand or grant a power to the United States government beyond the limited,
1347	enumerated powers granted by the United States Constitution;
1348	(ii) federal laws or regulations that reduce or negate water rights or the rights of owners
1349	of private property, or the rights and interest of state and local governments, including
1350	sovereignty interests and the power to provide for the health, safety, and welfare, and promote
1351	the prosperity of their inhabitants;
1352	(iii) conflicting federal regulations or policies in land management on federal land;
1353	(iv) federal intervention that would damage the state's mining, timber, or ranching
1354	industries;
1355	(v) the authority of the Environmental Protection Agency and Congress to mandate
1356	local air quality standards and penalties; and
1357	(vi) other issues that are relevant to this Subsection (1).
1358	(2) The council shall:
1359	(a) provide advice to the governor, state planning coordinator, and the public lands
1360	policy coordinator concerning coordination of:

1361	(i) state and local government rights under R.S. 2477; and
1362	(ii) other public lands issues;
1363	(b) approve a plan for R.S. 2477 rights developed in accordance with Section
1364	63C-4a-403;
1365	(c) review, at least quarterly:
1366	(i) financial statements concerning implementation of the plan for R.S. 2477 rights;
1367	and
1368	(ii) financial and other reports from the Public Lands Policy Coordinating Office
1369	concerning its activities; and
1370	(d) study, formulate, and recommend appropriate legal strategies and arguments to
1371	further the policy described in Section 63C-4a-103.
1372	(3) The council chair may require the attorney general or a designee to provide
1373	testimony on potential legal actions that would enhance the state's sovereignty or authority on
1374	issues affecting Utah and the well-being of its citizens.
1375	(4) The council chair may direct the attorney general to initiate and prosecute any
1376	action that the council determines will further its purposes, including an action described in
1377	Section 67-5-29.
1378	(5) (a) Subject to the provisions of this section, the council may select and employ
1379	attorneys to implement the purposes and duties of the council.
1380	(b) The council chair may, in consultation with the council, direct any council attorney
1381	in any manner considered appropriate by the attorney general to best serve the purposes of the
1382	council.
1383	(c) The attorney general shall negotiate a contract for services with any attorney
1384	selected and approved for employment under this section.
1385	(6) The council chair may, only with the concurrence of the council, review and
1386	approve all claims for payments for:
1387	(a) legal services that are submitted to the council;
1388	(b) an action filed in accordance with Section 67-5-29; and
1389	(c) costs related to a constitutional defense plan approved in accordance with Section
1390	63C-4a-403 that are submitted by:
1391	(i) the Public Lands Policy Coordinating Office;

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(ii) the School and Institutional Trust Lands Administration; or

- 1393 (iii) the Office of the Attorney General.
- (7) (a) The council chair may, with the concurrence of the council, order the attorneygeneral or an attorney employed by the council to cease work that may be charged to the fund.
- (b) The attorney general or other attorney subject to the order shall comply with theorder no later than five business days after the day on which the order is given.
- (8) (a) At least 20 calendar days before the state submits comments on the draft
 environmental impact statement or environmental assessment for a proposed land management
 plan of any federal land management agency, the governor shall make those documents
 available to:
- 1402 (i) members of the council; and
- (ii) any county executive, county council member, or county commissioner of a county
 that is covered by the management plan and that has established formal cooperating agency
 status with the relevant federal land management agency regarding the proposed plan.
- (b) (i) A council member or local government official who receives the documents
 described in Subsection (8)(a) may make recommendations to the governor or the governor's
 designee concerning changes to the documents before the documents are submitted to the
 federal land management agency.
- (ii) A council member or local government official shall submit recommendations to
 the governor or the governor's designee no later than 10 calendar days after the day on which
 the council member or local government official receives the documents described in
 Subsection (8)(a).
- 1414 (c) Documents transmitted or received under this Subsection (8) are drafts and are
 1415 protected records under Subsection 63G-2-305(22).
- 1416(9) The council shall submit a report [on December 1 of each year to each legislator by1417electronic mail that] on or before November 30 of each year to the Government Operations
- 1418 Interim Committee and the Natural Resources, Agriculture, and Environment Interim
- 1419 <u>Committee that:</u>
- 1420 (a) summarizes the council's activities[.];
- 1421 (b) describes any action taken by the council under Section 63C-4a-303; and
- 1422 (c) includes any proposed legislation the council recommends.

1423	Section 27. Section 63C-4a-303 is amended to read:
1424	63C-4a-303. Constitutional and Federalism Defense Council to evaluate federal
1425	law Curriculum on federalism.
1426	(1) In accordance with Section 63C-4a-304, the [commission] Constitutional and
1427	Federalism Defense Council may evaluate a federal law[:(a)] as agreed by a majority of the
1428	[commission; or] <u>council.</u>
1429	[(b) submitted to the commission by a council member.]
1430	(2) The [commission] council may request information regarding a federal law under
1431	evaluation from a United States senator or representative elected from the state.
1432	(3) If the [commission] council finds that a federal law is not authorized by the United
1433	States Constitution or violates the principle of federalism as described in Subsection
1434	63C-4a-304(2), [a commission cochair] the council chair or cochairs may:
1435	(a) request from a United States senator or representative elected from the state:
1436	(i) information about the federal law; or
1437	(ii) assistance in communicating with a federal governmental entity regarding the
1438	federal law;
1439	(b) (i) give written notice of an evaluation made under Subsection (1) to the federal
1440	governmental entity responsible for adopting or administering the federal law; and
1441	(ii) request a response by a specific date to the evaluation from the federal
1442	governmental entity; and
1443	(c) request a meeting, conducted in person or by electronic means, with the federal
1444	governmental entity, a representative from another state, or a United States Senator or
1445	Representative elected from the state to discuss the evaluation of federal law and any possible
1446	remedy.
1447	(4) The [commission] council may recommend to the governor that the governor call a
1448	special session of the Legislature to give the Legislature an opportunity to respond to the
1449	[commission's] council's evaluation of a federal law.
1450	(5) [A commission cochair] The chair or the vice chairs of the council may coordinate
1451	the evaluation of and response to federal law with another state as provided in Section
1452	63C-4a-305.
1453	[(6) Each year, the commission shall submit a report by electronic mail to the

1454	Legislative Management Committee and the Government Operations Interim Committee that
1455	summarizes:]
1456	[(a) action taken by the commission in accordance with this section; and]
1457	[(b) action taken by, or communication received from, any of the following in response
1458	to a request or inquiry made, or other action taken, by the commission:]
1459	[(i) a United States senator or representative elected from the state;]
1460	[(ii) a representative of another state; or]
1461	[(iii) a federal entity, official, or employee.]
1462	[(7)] (6) The [commission] council shall keep a current list on the [Legislature's]
1463	council's website of:
1464	(a) a federal law that the [commission] council evaluates under Subsection (1);
1465	(b) an action taken by a cochair of the [commission] council under Subsection (3);
1466	(c) any coordination undertaken with another state under Section $63C-4a-305$; and
1467	(d) any response received from a federal government entity that was requested under
1468	Subsection (3).
1469	[(8)] (7) The [commission] council shall develop curriculum for a seminar on the
1470	principles of federalism. The curriculum shall be available to the general public and include:
1471	(a) fundamental principles of federalism;
1472	(b) the sovereignty, supremacy, and jurisdiction of the individual states, including their
1473	police powers;
1474	(c) the history and practical implementation of the Tenth Amendment to the United
1475	States Constitution;
1476	(d) the authority and limits on the authority of the federal government as found in the
1477	United States Constitution;
1478	(e) the relationship between the state and federal governments;
1479	(f) methods of evaluating a federal law in the context of the principles of federalism;
1480	(g) how and when challenges should be made to a federal law or regulation on the basis
1481	of federalism;
1482	(h) the separate and independent powers of the state that serve as a check on the federal
1483	government;
1484	(i) first amendment rights and freedoms contained therein; and

1485	(j) any other issues relating to federalism the [commission] council considers
1486	necessary.
1487	[(9)] (8) The [commission] council may apply for and receive grants, and receive
1488	private donations to assist in funding the creation, enhancement, and dissemination of the
1489	curriculum.
1490	[(10) Before the final meeting of 2019, the commission shall conduct the activities
1491	described in Section 63C-4a-307.]
1492	Section 28. Section 63C-4a-304 is amended to read:
1493	63C-4a-304. Standard for evaluation of federal law.
1494	(1) The [commission] council shall evaluate whether a federal law evaluated under
1495	Section 63C-4a-303 is authorized by:
1496	(a) United States Constitution, Article I, Section 2, to provide for the decennial census;
1497	(b) United States Constitution, Article I, Section 4, to override state laws regulating the
1498	times, places, and manner of congressional elections, other than the place of senatorial
1499	elections;
1500	(c) United States Constitution, Article I, Section 7, to veto bills, orders, and resolutions
1501	by Congress;
1502	(d) United States Constitution, Article I, Section 8, to:
1503	(i) lay and collect taxes, duties, imposts, and excises, to pay the debts and provide for
1504	the common defense and general welfare of the United States, but all duties, imposts, and
1505	excises shall be uniform throughout the United States;
1506	(ii) borrow money on the credit of the United States;
1507	(iii) regulate commerce with foreign nations, among the several states, and with the
1508	Indian tribes;
1509	(iv) establish a uniform rule of naturalization and uniform laws on the subject of
1510	bankruptcies throughout the United States;
1511	(v) coin money, regulate the value of coin money and of foreign coin, and fix the
1512	standard of weights and measures;
1513	(vi) provide for the punishment of counterfeiting the securities and current coin of the
1514	United States;
1515	(vii) establish post offices and post roads;

1516	(viii) promote the progress of science and useful arts, by securing for limited times to
1517	authors and inventors the exclusive right to their respective writings and discoveries;
1518	(ix) constitute tribunals inferior to the supreme court;
1519	(x) define and punish piracies and felonies committed on the high seas and offences
1520	against the law of nations;
1521	(xi) declare war, grant letters of marque and reprisal, and make rules concerning
1522	captures on land and water;
1523	(xii) raise and support armies, but no appropriation of money to that use shall be for a
1524	longer term than two years;
1525	(xiii) provide and maintain a navy;
1526	(xiv) make rules for the government and regulation of the land and naval forces;
1527	(xv) provide for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the union, suppress
1528	insurrections, and repel invasions;
1529	(xvi) provide for organizing, arming, and disciplining the militia, and for governing the
1530	part of the militia that may be employed in the service of the United States, reserving to the
1531	states respectively, the appointment of the officers and the authority of training the militia
1532	according to the discipline prescribed by Congress;
1533	(xvii) exercise exclusive legislation in all cases whatsoever, over such district, which
1534	may not exceed 10 miles square, as may, by cession of particular states and the acceptance of
1535	Congress, become the seat of the government of the United States, and to exercise like
1536	authority over all places purchased by the consent of the legislature of the state in which the
1537	place shall be, for the erection of forts, magazines, arsenals, dock-yards, and other needful
1538	buildings; or
1539	(xviii) make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into execution
1540	the powers listed in this section, and all other powers vested by the United States Constitution
1541	in the government of the United States, or in any department or officer of the United States;
1542	(e) United States Constitution, Article I, Section 9, to authorize a federal officer to
1543	receive benefits from a foreign nation;
1544	(f) United States Constitution, Article I, Section 10, to fix the pay of members of
1545	Congress and of federal officers;
1546	(g) United States Constitution, Article II, Section 1, to:

1547	(i) set the time for choosing electors; or
1548	(ii) establish who succeeded to the presidency after the vice president;
1549	(h) United States Constitution, Article II, Section 2, to:
1550	(i) serve as Commander-in-Chief of the armed forces;
1551	(ii) require the written opinions of executive officers;
1552	(iii) grant reprieves and pardons;
1553	(iv) make vacancy appointments;
1554	(v) make treaties, subject to the advice and consent of the United States Senate;
1555	(vi) appoint foreign affairs officers subject to the advice and consent of the United
1556	States Senate;
1557	(vii) appoint domestic affairs officers subject either to the advice and consent of the
1558	United States Senate or pursuant to law;
1559	(viii) appoint judges subject to the advice and consent of the United States Senate; or
1560	(ix) authorize the president to fill designated inferior offices without senatorial
1561	consent;
1562	(i) United States Constitution, Article II, Section 3, to:
1563	(i) receive representatives of foreign powers;
1564	(ii) execute the laws;
1565	(iii) commission United States officers;
1566	(iv) give Congress information;
1567	(v) make recommendations to Congress;
1568	(vi) convene Congress on extraordinary occasions; or
1569	(vii) adjourn Congress if it cannot agree on a time;
1570	(j) United States Constitution, Article III, Section 1, to:
1571	(i) create exceptions to the supreme court's appellate jurisdiction;
1572	(ii) fix the jurisdiction of federal courts inferior to the supreme court; or
1573	(iii) declare the punishment for treason;
1574	(k) United States Constitution, Article IV, Section 1, to establish the rules by which the
1575	records and judgments of states are proved in other states;
1576	(l) United States Constitution, Article IV, Section 3, to:
1577	(i) manage federal property;

1578	(ii) dispose of federal property;
1579	(iii) govern the federal territories; or
1580	(iv) consent to admission of new states or the combination of existing states;
1581	(m) United States Constitution, Article IV, Section 4, to defend states from invasion,
1582	insurrection, and non-republican forms of government;
1583	(n) United States Constitution, Article V, Section 1, to propose constitutional
1584	amendments;
1585	(o) United States Constitution, Article VI, Section 1, to prescribe the oath for federal
1586	officers;
1587	(p) United States Constitution, Amendment XIII, to abolish slavery;
1588	(q) United States Constitution, Amendment XIV, to guard people from certain state
1589	abuses;
1590	(r) United States Constitution, Amendment XVI, to impose taxes on income from any
1591	source without having to apportion the total dollar amount of tax collected from each state
1592	according to each state's population in relation to the total national population;
1593	(s) United States Constitution, Amendment XX, to revise the manner of presidential
1594	succession;
1595	(t) United States Constitution, Amendment XV, XIX, XXIII, or XXIV, to extend and
1596	protect the right to vote; or
1597	(u) United States Constitution, Amendment XVII, to grant a pay raise to a sitting
1598	Congress.
1599	(2) The [commission] council shall evaluate whether a federal law evaluated under
1600	Section 63C-4a-303 violates the principle of federalism by:
1601	(a) affecting the distribution of power and responsibility among the state and national
1602	government;
1603	(b) limiting the policymaking discretion of the state;
1604	(c) impacting a power or a right reserved to the state or its citizens by the United States
1605	Constitution, Amendment IX or X; or
1606	(d) impacting the sovereignty rights and interest of the state or a political subdivision to
1607	provide for the health, safety, and welfare and promote the prosperity of the state's or political
1608	subdivision's inhabitants.

1609	(3) In the evaluation of a federal law, the [commission] council:
1610	(a) shall rely on:
1611	(i) the text of the United States Constitution, as amended;
1612	(ii) the meaning of the text of the United States Constitution, as amended, at the time
1613	of its drafting and ratification; and
1614	(iii) a primary source document that is:
1615	(A) directly relevant to the drafting, adoption, ratification, or initial implementation of
1616	the United States Constitution, as amended; or
1617	(B) created by a person directly involved in the drafting, adoption, ratification, or
1618	initial implementation of the United States Constitution, as amended;
1619	(b) may rely on other relevant sources, including federal court decisions; and
1620	(c) is not bound by a holding by a federal court.
1621	Section 29. Section 63C-4a-305 is amended to read:
1622	63C-4a-305. Communication with other states and governmental entities.
1623	[A commission cochair] The chair or a vice chair of the council may correspond with
1624	the presiding officer of [the legislative branch of another state or] an entity of another state that
1625	has powers and duties that are similar to the [commission] council to discuss and coordinate
1626	the evaluation of and response to federal law as provided in Section 63C-4a-303.
1627	Section 30. Section 63C-4a-306 is amended to read:
1628	63C-4a-306. Course on federalism required.
1629	(1) This section [shall apply] applies to:
1630	(a) all political subdivisions of the state;
1631	(b) all agencies of the state;
1632	(c) the Attorney General's office; and
1633	(d) the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel.
1634	(2) [Beginning January 1, 2015, an] An employing entity listed in Subsection (1) shall
1635	appoint at least one designee to which all questions and inquiries regarding federalism shall be
1636	directed. The designee shall be required to attend a seminar on the principles of federalism
1637	developed pursuant to Subsection $63C-4a-303[(8)](7)$ at least once in every two-year period.
1638	(3) The designee may complete the requirements of this section by attending a seminar
1639	in person or online.

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1640	Section 31. Section 63C-4a-307 is amended to read:
1641	63C-4a-307. Council to evaluate foregone property tax Evaluation procedures.
1642	(1) As used in this section:
1643	(a) (i) "Federally controlled land" means any land within the exterior boundaries of the
1644	state that is controlled by the United States government for the entire taxable year.
1645	(ii) "Federally controlled land" does not include:
1646	(A) a military installation;
1647	(B) a federal enclave as described in United States Constitution, Article I, Section 8,
1648	clause 17; or
1649	(C) land owned by an Indian tribe as described in 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1151.
1650	(b) (i) "Payments in lieu of tax" means payments made by the federal government to a
1651	county, municipality, or school district of the state.
1652	(ii) "Payments in lieu of tax" includes a payment under:
1653	(A) the in lieu of property taxes program, 31 U.S.C. Sec. 6901, et seq., commonly
1654	referred to as PILT; and
1655	(B) the impact aid program, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 7701, et seq.
1656	(2) (a) The [commission] council shall hold a hearing regarding the impact on the state
1657	from the failure of the federal government to make payments in lieu of tax that are equivalent
1658	to the property tax revenue that the state would generate but for federally controlled land.
1659	(b) The [commission] council shall invite and accept testimony on the information
1660	described in Subsection (2)(a) and the impact on the ability and the duty of the state to fund
1661	education and to protect and promote the health, safety, and welfare of the state, the state's
1662	political subdivisions, and the residents of the state from the following:
1663	(i) representatives from:
1664	(A) the office of each United States senator or representative elected from the state;
1665	(B) any federal government entity administering the payments in lieu of tax;
1666	(C) the Legislative Management Committee;
1667	(D) the Office of the Governor;
1668	(E) the Office of the Attorney General;
1669	(F) the State Tax Commission;
1670	(G) the Public Lands Policy Coordinating Office, created in Section 63J-4-602;

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1671	(H) the school districts;
1672	(I) the association of school districts;
1673	(J) the superintendents' association;
1674	(K) the charter schools;
1675	(L) school community councils;
1676	(M) the counties;
1677	(N) the municipalities; and
1678	(O) nonpartisan entities serving state governments;
1679	(ii) other states' officials or agencies; and
1680	(iii) other interested individuals or entities.
1681	(3) In accordance with this part, the [commission] council may engage each United
1682	States senator or representative elected from the state in coordinating with the federal
1683	government to secure payments in lieu of tax that are equivalent to the property tax revenue the
1684	state would generate but for federally controlled land.
1685	(4) The [commission] council shall communicate the information received during the
1686	hearing described in Subsection (2) and any action taken under Subsection (3) to the
1687	individuals and entities described in Subsection (2)(b).
1688	(5) The council shall conduct the activities described in this section before the council's
1689	final meeting in 2019.
1690	Section 32. Section 63C-4a-308, which is renumbered from Section 63C-4b-104 is
1691	renumbered and amended to read:
1692	[63C-4b-104]. 63C-4a-308. Council duties with regards to federal lands.
1693	[(1)] The [commission] <u>council</u> shall:
1694	[(a) convene at least eight times each year;]
1695	$\left[\frac{(b)}{(1)}\right]$ review and make recommendations on the transfer of federally controlled
1696	public lands to the state;
1697	$\left[\frac{(c)}{2}\right]$ review and make recommendations regarding the state's sovereign right to
1698	protect the health, safety, and welfare of its citizens as it relates to public lands, including
1699	recommendations concerning the use of funds in the account created in Section [63C-4b-105]
1700	<u>63C-4a-404;</u>
1701	$\left[\frac{(d)}{(d)}\right]$ study and evaluate the recommendations of the public lands transfer study and

1702	economic analysis conducted by the Public Lands Policy Coordinating Office in accordance
1703	with Section 63J-4-606;
1704	[(e)] (4) coordinate with and report on the efforts of the executive branch, the counties
1705	and political subdivisions of the state, the state congressional delegation, western governors,
1706	other states, and other stakeholders concerning the transfer of federally controlled public lands
1707	to the state including convening working groups, such as a working group composed of
1708	members of the Utah Association of Counties;
1709	[(f)] (5) study and make recommendations regarding the appropriate designation of
1710	public lands transferred to the state, including stewardship of the land and appropriate uses of
1711	the land;
1712	[(g)] (6) study and make recommendations regarding the use of funds received by the
1713	state from the public lands transferred to the state; and
1714	[(h)] (7) receive reports from and make recommendations to the attorney general, the
1715	Legislature, and other stakeholders involved in litigation on behalf of the state's interest in the
1716	transfer of public lands to the state, regarding:
1717	[(i)] (a) preparation for potential litigation;
1718	[(ii)] (b) selection of outside legal counsel;
1719	[(iii)] (c) ongoing legal strategy for the transfer of public lands; and
1720	[(iv)] (d) use of money:
1721	[(A)] (i) appropriated by the Legislature for the purpose of securing the transfer of
1722	public lands to the state under Section [$63C-4b-105$] $63C-4a-404$; and
1723	[(B)] (ii) disbursed from the Public Lands Litigation Expendable Special Revenue
1724	Fund created in Section [$63C-4b-106$] $63C-4a-405$.
1725	[(2) The commission shall prepare an annual report, including any proposed
1726	legislation, and present the report to the Natural Resources, Agriculture, and Environment
1727	Interim Committee on or before November 30, 2016, and on or before November 30 each year
1728	thereafter.]
1729	Section 33. Section 63C-4a-309, which is renumbered from Section 63C-14-301 is
1730	renumbered and amended to read:
1731	[63C-14-301]. <u>63C-4a-309.</u> Council duties in relation to federal funds.
1732	[(1)] Until November 30, 2019, the [commission] council shall:

1733	$\left[\frac{(a)}{(1)}\right]$ study and assess:
1734	[(i)] (a) the financial stability of the federal government;
1735	[(ii)] (b) the level of dependency that the state and local governments have on the
1736	receipt of federal funds;
1737	[(iii)] (c) the risk that the state and local governments in the state will experience a
1738	reduction in the amount or value of federal funds they receive, in both the near and distant
1739	future;
1740	[(iv)] (d) the likely and potential impact on the state and its citizens from a reduction in
1741	the amount or value of federal funds received by the state and by local governments in the
1742	state, in both the near and distant future; and
1743	[(v)] (e) the likely and potential national impact from a reduction in the amount or
1744	value of federal funds paid to the states, in both the near and distant future; and
1745	[(b)] (2) make recommendations to the governor and Legislature on methods to:
1746	[(i)] (a) avoid or minimize the risk of a reduction in the amount or value of federal
1747	funds by the state and by local governments in the state;
1748	[(ii)] (b) reduce the dependency of the state and of local governments in the state on
1749	federal funds; and
1750	[(iii)] (c) prepare for and respond to a reduction in the amount or value of federal funds
1751	by the state and by local governments in the state.
1752	[(2) After November 30, 2019, the commission shall study, assess, and provide
1753	recommendations on any federal issue that the governor, the Legislature through a joint
1754	resolution of the Legislature, or the Legislative Management Committee directs the
1755	commission to study, assess, and make recommendations on.]
1756	[(3) The commission shall present a report to the Government Operations Interim
1757	Committee of the Legislature each year on the commission's findings and recommendations.]
1758	Section 34. Section 63C-4a-404, which is renumbered from Section 63C-4b-105 is
1759	renumbered and amended to read:
1760	[63C-4b-105]. 63C-4a-404. Creation of Public Lands Litigation Restricted
1761	Account Sources of funds Uses of funds Reports.
1762	(1) There is created a restricted account within the General Fund known as the Public
1763	Lands Litigation Restricted Account.

1764	(2) The account created in Subsection (1) consists of money from the following
1765	revenue sources:
1766	(a) money received by the [commission] council from other state agencies; and
1767	(b) appropriations made by the Legislature.
1768	(3) The Legislature may annually appropriate money from the account for the purposes
1769	of asserting, defending, or litigating state and local government rights to the disposition and use
1770	of federal lands within the state as those rights are granted by the United States Constitution,
1771	the Utah Enabling Act, and other applicable law.
1772	(4) (a) Any entity that receives money from the account shall, before disbursing the
1773	money to another person for the purposes described in Subsection (3), or before spending the
1774	money appropriated, report to the [commission] council regarding:
1775	(i) the amount of the disbursement;
1776	(ii) who will receive the disbursement; and
1777	(iii) the planned use for the disbursement.
1778	(b) The [commission] council may, upon receiving the report under Subsection (4)(a):
1779	(i) advise the Legislature and the entity of the [commission] council finding that the
1780	disbursement is consistent with the purposes in Subsection (3); or
1781	(ii) advise the Legislature and the entity of the [commission] council finding that the
1782	disbursement is not consistent with the purposes in Subsection (3).
1783	Section 35. Section 63C-4a-405, which is renumbered from Section 63C-4b-106 is
1784	renumbered and amended to read:
1785	[63C-4b-106]. 63C-4a-405. Public Lands Litigation Expendable Special
1786	Revenue Fund Creation Source of funds Use of funds Reports.
1787	(1) There is created an expendable special revenue fund known as the Public Lands
1788	Litigation Expendable Special Revenue Fund.
1789	(2) The fund shall consist of gifts, grants, donations, or any other conveyance of money
1790	that may be made to the fund from private sources and other states.
1791	(3) The fund shall be administered by the Division of Finance in accordance with
1792	Subsection (4).
1793	(4) (a) The fund may be used only for the purpose of asserting, defending, or litigating
1794	state and local government rights to the disposition and use of federal lands within the state as

1795	those rights are granted by the United States Constitution, the Utah Enabling Act, and other
1796	applicable law.
1797	(b) Before each disbursement from the fund, the Division of Finance shall report to the
1798	[commission] <u>council</u> regarding:
1799	(i) the sources of the money in the fund;
1800	(ii) who will receive the disbursement;
1801	(iii) the planned use of the disbursement; and
1802	(iv) the amount of the disbursement.
1803	(c) The [commission] council may, upon receiving the report under Subsection (4)(b):
1804	(i) advise the Legislature and the Division of Finance of the commission finding that
1805	the disbursement is consistent with the purposes in Subsection (4)(a); or
1806	(ii) advise the Legislature and the Division of Finance of the [commission] council
1807	finding that the disbursement is not consistent with the purposes in Subsection (4)(a).
1808	Section 36. Section 63F-1-102 is amended to read:
1809	63F-1-102. Definitions.
1810	As used in this title:
1811	[(1) "Board" means the Technology Advisory Board created in Section 63F-1-202.]
1812	[(2)] (1) "Chief information officer" means the chief information officer appointed
1813	under Section 63F-1-201.
1814	[(3)] (2) "Data center" means a centralized repository for the storage, management, and
1815	dissemination of data.
1816	[(4)] (3) "Department" means the Department of Technology Services.
1817	[(5)] (4) "Enterprise architecture" means:
1818	(a) information technology that can be applied across state government; and
1819	(b) support for information technology that can be applied across state government,
1820	including:
1821	(i) technical support;
1822	(ii) master software licenses; and
1823	(iii) hardware and software standards.
1824	[(6)] (5) (a) [Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), "executive] "Executive branch
1925	aganay" maans an aganay or administrativa subunit of state government

agency" means an agency or administrative subunit of state government.

1826	(b) "Executive branch agency" does not include:
1827	(i) the legislative branch;
1828	(ii) the judicial branch;
1829	(iii) the State Board of Education;
1830	(iv) the Board of Regents;
1831	(v) institutions of higher education;
1832	(vi) independent entities as defined in Section $63E-1-102$; and
1833	(vii) elective constitutional offices of the executive department which includes:
1834	(A) the state auditor;
1835	(B) the state treasurer; and
1836	(C) the attorney general.
1837	[(7)] (6) "Executive branch strategic plan" means the executive branch strategic plan
1838	created under Section 63F-1-203.
1839	[(8)] (7) "Individual with a disability" means an individual with a condition that meets
1840	the definition of "disability" in 42 U.S.C. Sec. 12102.
1841	[(9)] (8) "Information technology" means all computerized and auxiliary automated
1842	information handling, including:
1843	(a) systems design and analysis;
1844	(b) acquisition, storage, and conversion of data;
1845	(c) computer programming;
1846	(d) information storage and retrieval;
1847	(e) voice, video, and data communications;
1848	(f) requisite systems controls;
1849	(g) simulation; and
1850	(h) all related interactions between people and machines.
	[(10)] (9) "State information architecture" means a logically consistent set of
1851	
1851 1852	principles, policies, and standards that guide the engineering of state government's information
1852	principles, policies, and standards that guide the engineering of state government's information
1852 1853	principles, policies, and standards that guide the engineering of state government's information technology and infrastructure in a way that ensures alignment with state government's business

1857	(1) In accordance with this section, the chief information officer shall prepare an
1858	executive branch information technology strategic plan:
1859	(a) that complies with this chapter; and
1860	(b) that includes:
1861	(i) a strategic plan for the:
1862	(A) interchange of information related to information technology between executive
1863	branch agencies;
1864	(B) coordination between executive branch agencies in the development and
1865	maintenance of information technology and information systems, including the coordination of
1866	agency information technology plans described in Section 63F-1-204; and
1867	(C) protection of the privacy of individuals who use state information technology or
1868	information systems, including the implementation of industry best practices for data and
1869	system security;
1870	(ii) priorities for the development and implementation of information technology or
1871	information systems including priorities determined on the basis of:
1872	(A) the importance of the information technology or information system; and
1873	(B) the time sequencing of the information technology or information system; and
1874	(iii) maximizing the use of existing state information technology resources.
1875	(2) In the development of the executive branch strategic plan, the chief information
1876	officer shall consult with[:(a)] all cabinet level officials[; and].
1877	[(b) the advisory board created in Section 63F-1-202.]
1878	(3) (a) Unless withdrawn by the chief information officer or the governor in accordance
1879	with Subsection (3)(b), the executive branch strategic plan takes effect 30 days after the day on
1880	which the executive branch strategic plan is submitted to:
1881	(i) the governor; and
1882	(ii) the Public Utilities, Energy, and Technology Interim Committee.
1883	(b) The chief information officer or the governor may withdraw the executive branch
1884	strategic plan submitted under Subsection (3)(a) if the governor or chief information officer
1885	determines that the executive branch strategic plan:
1886	(i) should be modified; or
1887	(ii) for any other reason should not take effect.

- 1888 (c) The Public Utilities, Energy, and Technology Interim Committee may make 1889 recommendations to the governor and to the chief information officer if the commission 1890 determines that the executive branch strategic plan should be modified or for any other reason 1891 should not take effect. 1892 (d) Modifications adopted by the chief information officer shall be resubmitted to the 1893 governor and the Public Utilities, Energy, and Technology Interim Committee for their review or approval as provided in Subsections (3)(a) and (b). 1894 1895 (4) (a) The chief information officer shall, on or before January 1, 2014, and each year 1896 thereafter, modify the executive branch information technology strategic plan to incorporate 1897 security standards that: 1898 (i) are identified as industry best practices in accordance with Subsections 1899 63F-1-104(3) and (4); and 1900 (ii) can be implemented within the budget of the department or the executive branch 1901 agencies. 1902 (b) The chief information officer shall inform the speaker of the House of 1903 Representatives and the president of the Senate on or before January 1 of each year if best 1904 practices identified in Subsection (4)(a)(i) are not adopted due to budget issues considered 1905 under Subsection (4)(a)(ii). 1906 (5) Each executive branch agency shall implement the executive branch strategic plan 1907 by adopting an agency information technology plan in accordance with Section 63F-1-204. Section 38. Section 63F-1-303 is amended to read: 1908 1909 63F-1-303. Executive branch agencies -- Subscription by institutions. (1) An executive branch agency in accordance with its agency information technology 1910 1911 plan approved by the chief information officer shall: 1912 (a) subscribe to the information technology services provided by the department; or 1913 (b) contract with one or more alternate private providers of information technology 1914 services if the chief information officer determines that the purchase of the services from a 1915 private provider will: 1916 (i) result in: (A) cost savings; 1917
- 1918 (B) increased efficiency; or

1919	(C) improved quality of services; and
1919	(ii) not impair the interoperability of the state's information technology services.
1920	(ii) not impair the interoperability of the state's information technology services.(2) An institution of higher education may subscribe to the services provided by the
1921	department if:
1922 1923	(a) the president of the institution recommends that the institution subscribe to the
1923 1924	
	services of the department; and
1925	(b) the Board of Regents determines that subscription to the services of the department
1926	will result in cost savings or increased efficiency to the institution.
1927	(3) The following may subscribe to information technology services by requesting that
1928	the services be provided from the department:
1929	(a) the legislative branch;
1930	(b) the judicial branch;
1931	(c) the State Board of Education;
1932	(d) a political subdivision of the state;
1933	(e) an agency of the federal government;
1934	(f) an independent entity as defined in Section $63E-1-102$; and
1935	(g) an elective constitutional officer of the executive department as defined in
1936	Subsection 63F-1-102[(6)(b)](5)(b)(vii).
1937	Section 39. Section 63F-4-201 is amended to read:
1938	63F-4-201. Submitting a technology proposal Review process.
1939	(1) Multiple executive branch agencies may jointly submit to the chief information
1940	officer a technology proposal, on a form or in a format specified by the department.
1941	(2) The chief information officer shall transmit to the review board each technology
1942	proposal the chief information officer determines meets the form or format requirements of the
1943	department.
1944	(3) The review board shall:
1945	(a) conduct a technical review of a technology proposal transmitted by the chief
1946	information officer;
1947	(b) determine whether the technology proposal merits further review and consideration
1948	[by the board] by the chief information officer, based on the technology proposal's likelihood
1949	to:

1950	(i) be capable of being implemented effectively; and
1951	(ii) result in greater efficiency in a government process or a cost saving in the delivery
1952	of a government service, or both; and
1953	(c) transmit a technology proposal to the [board] chief information officer and to the
1954	governor's budget office, if the review board determines that the technology proposal merits
1955	further review and consideration [by the board] by the chief information officer.
1956	Section 40. Section 63F-4-202 is amended to read:
1957	63F-4-202. Chief information officer review and approval of technology
1958	proposals.
1959	(1) The [board] chief information officer shall review and evaluate each technology
1960	proposal that the review board transmits to the [board] chief information officer.
1961	(2) The [board] chief information officer may approve and recommend that the
1962	department provide funding from legislative appropriations for a technology proposal if, after
1963	the [board's] chief information officer's review and evaluation of the technology proposal:
1964	(a) the [board] chief information officer determines that there is a reasonably good
1965	likelihood that the technology proposal:
1966	(i) is capable of being implemented effectively; and
1967	(ii) will result in greater efficiency in a government process or a cost saving in the
1968	delivery of a government service, or both; and
1969	(b) the [board] chief information officer receives approval from the governor's budget
1970	office for the technology proposal.
1971	(3) The [board] chief information officer may:
1972	(a) prioritize multiple approved technology proposals based on their relative likelihood
1973	of achieving the goals described in Subsection (2); and
1974	(b) recommend funding based on the [board's] chief information officer's prioritization
1975	under Subsection (3)(a).
1976	(4) The department shall:
1977	(a) track the implementation and success of a technology proposal approved by the
1978	[board] chief information officer;
1979	(b) evaluate the level of the technology proposal's implementation effectiveness and
1980	whether the implementation results in greater efficiency in a government process or a cost

1981	saving in the delivery of a government service, or both; and
1982	(c) report the results of the department's tracking and evaluation:
1983	(i) to the [board] chief information officer, as frequently as the [board] chief
1984	information officer requests; and
1985	(ii) at least annually to the Public Utilities, Energy, and Technology Interim
1986	Committee.
1987	(5) The department may[, upon recommendation by the board,] expend money
1988	appropriated by the Legislature to pay for expenses incurred by executive branch agencies in
1989	implementing a technology proposal that the [board] chief information officer has approved.
1990	Section 41. Section 63H-7a-203 is amended to read:
1991	63H-7a-203. Board established Terms Vacancies.
1992	(1) There is created the Utah Communications Authority Board.
1993	(2) The board shall consist of nine board members as follows:
1994	(a) three individuals appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of the
1995	Senate;
1996	(b) one individual who is not a legislator appointed by the speaker of the House of
1997	Representatives;
1998	(c) one individual who is not a legislator appointed by the president of the Senate;
1999	(d) two individuals nominated by an association that represents cities and towns in the
2000	state and appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of the Senate; and
2001	(e) two individuals nominated by an association that represents counties in the state
2002	and appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of the Senate.
2003	(3) Subject to this section, an individual is eligible for appointment under Subsection
2004	(2) if the individual has knowledge of at least one of the following:
2005	(a) law enforcement;
2006	(b) public safety;
2007	(c) fire service;
2008	(d) telecommunications;
2009	(e) finance;
2010	(f) management; and
2011	(g) government.

2013safety communications network:2014(a) user; or2015(b) vendor.2016(5) (a) (i) Five of the board members appointed under Subsection (2) shall serve an2017initial term of two years and four of the board members appointed under Subsection (2) shall2018serve an initial term of four years.2019(ii) Successor board members shall each serve a term of four years.2020(b) (i) The governor may remove a board member with eause.2021(ii) If the governor removes a board member with eause.2022(b) (a) The governor removes a board member the entity that appointed the board2023described in Subsection (2) shall appoint a replacement board member in the same manner as2024(b) (a) The governor shall, after consultation with the board, appoint a board member2025as chair of the board with the advice and consent of the Senate.2026(b) The chair shall serve a two-year term.2027(7) The board shall nect on an as-needed basis and as provided in the bylaws.2028(8) (a) The board shall elect one of the board members to serve as vice chair.2039(b) (i) The board lects a secretary and treasurer who are not members of the board.2031(ii) If the board elects a secretary or treasurer who is not a member of the board, the2032(c) A separate individual shall hold the offices of chair, vice chair, secretary, and2033treasurer.2034(1) A vot of a majority of the board members is necessary to take action on behalf of2035the board.2036(11) A board mem	2012	(4) An individual may not serve as a board member if the individual is a current public
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2020(b) (i) The governor may remove a board member with cause.2021(ii) If the governor removes a board member the entity that appointed the board2022member under Subsection (2) shall appoint a replacement board member in the same manner as2023described in Subsection (2).2024(6) (a) The governor shall, after consultation with the board, appoint a board member2025as chair of the board with the advice and consent of the Senate.2026(b) The chair shall serve a two-year term.2027(7) The board shall meet on an as-needed basis and as provided in the bylaws.2028(8) (a) The board shall elect one of the board members to serve as vice chair.2029(b) (i) The board appoint a secretary and treasurer who are not members of the board.2030(ii) If the board elects a secretary or treasurer who is not a member of the board, the2031secretary or treasurer does not have voting power.2032(c) A separate individual shall hold the offices of chair, vice chair, secretary, and2033treasurer.2034(9) Each board member, including the chair, has one vote.2035(10) A vote of a majority of the board members is necessary to take action on behalf of2036the board.2037(11) A board member may not receive compensation for the member's service on the2038board, but may, in accordance with rules adopted by the board in accordance with Title 63G,2039Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, receive:2040(a) a per diem at the rate established under Section 63A-3-106; and2041(2018	serve an initial term of four years.
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 board, but may, in accordance with rules adopted by the board in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, receive: (a) a per diem at the rate established under Section 63A-3-106; and (b) travel expenses at the rate established under Section 63A-3-107. 	2036	the board.
 2039 Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, receive: 2040 (a) a per diem at the rate established under Section 63A-3-106; and 2041 (b) travel expenses at the rate established under Section 63A-3-107. 	2037	(11) A board member may not receive compensation for the member's service on the
 (a) a per diem at the rate established under Section 63A-3-106; and (b) travel expenses at the rate established under Section 63A-3-107. 	2038	board, but may, in accordance with rules adopted by the board in accordance with Title 63G,
2041 (b) travel expenses at the rate established under Section 63A-3-107.	2039	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, receive:
	2040	(a) a per diem at the rate established under Section 63A-3-106; and
2042 Section 42. Section 63I-1-204 is enacted to read:	2041	(b) travel expenses at the rate established under Section 63A-3-107.
	2042	Section 42. Section 63I-1-204 is enacted to read:

2043	<u>63I-1-204.</u> Repeal dates, Title 4.
2044	Subsection 4-41a-105(2)(e)(i), related to the Native American Legislative Liaison
2045	Committee, is repealed July 1, 2022.
2046	Section 43. Section 63I-1-209 is amended to read:
2047	63I-1-209. Repeal dates, Title 9.
2048	(1) In relation to the Native American Legislative Liaison Committee, on July 1, 2022:
2049	(a) Subsection $9-9-104.6(2)(a)$ is repealed;
2050	(b) Subsection 9-9-104.6(4)(a), the language that states "who is not a legislator" is
2051	repealed; and
2052	(c) Subsection 9-9-104.6(4)(b), related to compensation of legislative members, is
2053	repealed.
2054	(2) In relation to the American Indian and Alaska Native Education State Plan Pilot
2055	Program, on July 1, 2022:
2056	(a) Subsection 26-7-2.5(4), related to the American Indian-Alaskan Native Public
2057	Education Liaison, is repealed; and
2058	(b) Subsection 9-9-104.6(2)(d) is repealed.
2059	Section 44. Section 63I-1-211 is amended to read:
2060	63I-1-211. Repeal dates, Title 11.
2061	(1) Section $11-14-308$ is repealed December 31, 2020.
2062	(2) Title 11, Chapter 59, Point of the Mountain State Land Authority Act, is repealed
2063	January 1, 2029.
2064	Section 45. Section 63I-1-223 is amended to read:
2065	63I-1-223. Repeal dates, Title 23.
2066	Subsection 23-13-12.5(2)(f)(i), related to the Native American Legislative Liaison
2067	Committee, is repealed July 1, 2022.
2068	Section 46. Section 63I-1-226 is amended to read:
2069	63I-1-226. Repeal dates, Title 26.
2070	(1) Section 26-1-40 is repealed July 1, 2019.
2071	(2) Title 26, Chapter 9f, Utah Digital Health Service Commission Act, is repealed July
2072	1, 2025.
2073	(3) Section 26-10-11 is repealed July 1, 2020.

2074	(4) Subsection 26-18-417(3) is repealed July 1, 2020.
2075	(5) Subsection 26-18-418(2), the language that states "and the Mental Health Crisis
2076	Line Commission created in Section 63C-18-202" is repealed July 1, 2023.
2077	[(5)] (6) Title 26, Chapter 33a, Utah Health Data Authority Act, is repealed July 1,
2078	2024.
2079	[(6)] (7) Title 26, Chapter 36b, Inpatient Hospital Assessment Act, is repealed July 1,
2080	2024.
2081	[(7)] (8) Title 26, Chapter 36c, Medicaid Expansion Hospital Assessment Act, is
2082	repealed July 1, 2024.
2083	[(8)] (9) Title 26, Chapter 36d, Hospital Provider Assessment Act, is repealed July 1,
2084	2019.
2085	[(9)] (10) Title 26, Chapter 56, Hemp Extract Registration Act, is repealed January 1,
2086	2019.
2087	(11) Subsection 26-61a-108(2)(e)(i), related to the Native American Legislative Liaison
2088	Committee, is repealed July 1, 2022.
2089	[(10)] (12) Title 26, Chapter 63, Nurse Home Visiting Pay-for-Success Program, is
2090	repealed July 1, 2026.
2091	Section 47. Section 63I-1-235 is amended to read:
2092	63I-1-235. Repeal dates, Title 35A.
2093	(1) Subsection 35A-1-109(4)(c), related to the Talent Ready Utah Board, is repealed
2094	January 1, 2023.
2095	[(1)] (2) Subsection 35A-4-312(5)(p) is repealed July 1, 2019.
2096	$\left[\frac{(2)}{(3)}\right]$ Title 35A, Chapter 8, Part 22, Commission on Housing Affordability, is
2097	repealed July 1, 2023.
2098	[(3)] (4) Section 35A-9-501 is repealed January 1, 2021.
2099	(5) Title 35A, Chapter 11, Women in the Economy Commission Act, is repealed
2100	January 1, 2025.
2101	Section 48. Section 63I-1-236 is amended to read:
2102	63I-1-236. Repeal dates, Title 36.
2103	(1) Title 36, Chapter 17, Legislative Process Committee, is repealed January 1, 2023.
2104	[(1)] (2) Section 36-12-20 is repealed June 30, 2023.

2105	(3) Title 36, Chapter 22, Native American Legislative Liaison Committee, is repealed
2106	<u>July 1, 2022.</u>
2107	(4) Title 36, Chapter 28, Veterans and Military Affairs Commission, is repealed
2108	January 1, 2025.
2109	(5) Section <u>36-29-105</u> is repealed January 1, 2021.
2110	[(2)] (6) Title 36, Chapter 31, Martha Hughes Cannon Capitol Statue Oversight
2111	Committee, is repealed January 1, 2021.
2112	Section 49. Section 63I-1-251 is amended to read:
2113	63I-1-251. Repeal dates, Title 51.
2114	(1) Subsection $51-2a-202(3)$ is repealed on June 30, 2020.
2115	(2) Subsections 51-10-201(5)(iv) and 51-10-204(1)(k)(i)(C), related to the Native
2116	American Legislative Liaison Committee, are repealed July 1, 2022.
2117	Section 50. Section 631-1-253 is amended to read:
2118	63I-1-253. Repeal dates, Titles 53 through 53G.
2119	The following provisions are repealed on the following dates:
2120	(1) Subsection 53-10-202(18) is repealed July 1, 2018.
2121	(2) Section 53-10-202.1 is repealed July 1, 2018.
2122	(3) Title 53B, Chapter 17, Part 11, USTAR Researchers, is repealed July 1, 2028.
2123	(4) Section 53B-18-1501 is repealed July 1, 2021.
2124	(5) Title 53B, Chapter 18, Part 16, USTAR Researchers, is repealed July 1, 2028.
2125	(6) Section 53B-24-402, Rural residency training program, is repealed July 1, 2020.
2126	(7) Subsection $53C-3-203(4)(b)(vii)$, which provides for the distribution of money
2127	from the Land Exchange Distribution Account to the Geological Survey for test wells, other
2128	hydrologic studies, and air quality monitoring in the West Desert, is repealed July 1, 2020.
2129	(8) Section 53E-3-515 is repealed January 1, 2023.
2130	(9) In relation to a standards review committee, on January 1, 2023:
2131	(a) in Subsection 53E-4-202(8), the language that states "by a standards review
2132	committee and the recommendations of a standards review committee established under
2133	Section <u>53E-4-203</u> " is repealed; and
2134	(b) Section 53E-4-203 is repealed.
2135	(10) (a) Sections 53E-10-504 and 53E-10-505 are repealed January 1, 2023.

2136	(b) Subsection <u>53E-10-501(1)</u> , related to the School Safety and Crisis Line
2137	Commission, is repealed January 1, 2023.
2138	[(9)] (11) Section 53F-2-514 is repealed July 1, 2020.
2139	[(10)] <u>(12)</u> Section 53F-5-203 is repealed July 1, 2019.
2140	[(11)] (13) Title 53F, Chapter 5, Part 6, American Indian and Alaskan Native
2141	Education State Plan Pilot Program, is repealed July 1, 2022.
2142	[(12)] (14) Section 53F-6-201 is repealed July 1, 2019.
2143	[(13)] <u>(15)</u> Section 53F-9-501 is repealed January 1, 2023.
2144	(16) Subsections 53G-4-608(2)(b) and (4)(b), related to the Utah Seismic Safety
2145	Commission, are repealed January 1, 2025.
2146	[(14)] (17) Subsection 53G-8-211(4) is repealed July 1, 2020.
2147	Section 51. Section 63I-1-259 is amended to read:
2148	63I-1-259. Repeal dates, Title 59.
2149	(1) Section 59-1-213.1 is repealed on May 9, 2019.
2150	(2) Section 59-1-213.2 is repealed on May 9, 2019.
2151	(3) Subsection 59-1-405(1)(g) is repealed on May 9, 2019.
2152	(4) Subsection 59-1-405(2)(b) is repealed on May 9, 2019.
2153	(5) Title 59, Chapter 1, Part 9, Utah Tax Review Commission, is repealed January 1,
2154	<u>2025.</u>
2155	[(5)] <u>(6)</u> Section 59-7-618 is repealed July 1, 2020.
2156	[(6)] <u>(7)</u> Section 59-9-102.5 is repealed December 31, 2020.
2157	[(7)] <u>(8)</u> Section 59-10-1033 is repealed July 1, 2020.
2158	[(8)] <u>(9)</u> Subsection 59-12-2219(13) is repealed on June 30, 2020.
2159	[(9)] <u>(10)</u> Title 59, Chapter 28, State Transient Room Tax Act, is repealed on January
2160	1, 2023.
2161	Section 52. Section 63I-1-262 is amended to read:
2162	63I-1-262. Repeal dates, Title 62A.
2163	[(1) Subsections 62A-1-120(8)(g), (h), and (i) are repealed July 1, 2023.]
2164	[(2)] (1) Section 62A-3-209 is repealed July 1, 2023.
2165	[(3)] (2) Section 62A-4a-202.9 is repealed December 31, 2019.
2166	[(4)] (3) Section 62A-4a-213 is repealed July 1, 2019.

2167	[(5)] (4) Section 62A-15-114 is repealed December 31, 2021.
2168	(5) In relation to the Mental Health Crisis Line Commission, on July 1, 2023:
2169	(a) Subsections 62A-15-1301(1) and 62A-15-1401(1) are repealed;
2170	(b) Subsection 62A-15-1302(1)(b), the language that states "in consultation with the
2171	commission" is repealed;
2172	(c) Section 62A-15-1303, the language that states "In consultation with the
2173	commission," is repealed; and
2174	(d) Subsection <u>62A-15-1402(2)(a)</u> , the language that states "With recommendations
2175	from the commission," is repealed.
2176	(6) Subsection 62A-15-1101(7) is repealed July 1, 2018.
2177	Section 53. Section 63I-1-263 is amended to read:
2178	63I-1-263. Repeal dates, Titles 63A to 63N.
2179	(1) In relation to the Utah Transparency Advisory Board, on January 1, 2025:
2180	(a) Section 63A-3-403 is repealed;
2181	(b) Subsection 63A-3-401(1) is repealed;
2182	(c) Subsection <u>63A-3-402(2)(c)</u> , the language that states "using criteria established by
2183	the board" is repealed;
2184	(d) Subsections 63A-3-404(1) and (2), the language that states "After consultation with
2185	the board, and" is repealed; and
2186	(e) Subsection 63A-3-404(1)(b), the language that states "using the standards provided
2187	in Subsection 63A-3-403(3)(c)" is repealed.
2188	[(1)] (2) Subsection 63A-5-104(4)(h) is repealed on July 1, 2024.
2189	[(2)] (3) Section 63A-5-603, State Facility Energy Efficiency Fund, is repealed July 1,
2190	2023.
2191	[(3)] (4) Title 63C, Chapter 4a, Constitutional and Federalism Defense Act, is repealed
2192	July 1, 2028.
2193	[(4) Title 63C, Chapter 4b, Commission for the Stewardship of Public Lands, is
2194	repealed November 30, 2019.]
2195	(5) Title 63C, Chapter 6, Utah Seismic Safety Commission, is repealed January 1,
2196	<u>2025.</u>
2197	[(5)] (6) Title 63C, Chapter 16, Prison Development Commission Act, is repealed July

2198	1, 2020.
2199	[(6)] (7) Title 63C, Chapter 17, Point of the Mountain Development Commission Act,
2200	is repealed July 1, 2021.
2201	[(7)] (8) Title 63C, Chapter 18, Mental Health Crisis Line Commission, is repealed
2202	July 1, 2023.
2203	[(8)] (9) Title 63G, Chapter 21, Agreements to Provide State Services, is repealed July
2204	1, 2025.
2205	[(9)] (10) Title 63H, Chapter 4, Heber Valley Historic Railroad Authority, is repealed
2206	July 1, 2020.
2207	(11) In relation to the State Fair Corporation Board of Directors, on January 1, 2025:
2208	(a) Subsection 63H-6-104(2)(c), related to a Senate appointment, is repealed;
2209	(b) Subsection 63H-6-104(2)(d), related to a House appointment, is repealed;
2210	(c) in Subsection <u>63H-6-104(2)(e)</u> , the language that states ", of whom only one may
2211	be a legislator, in accordance with Subsection (3)(e)," is repealed;
2212	(d) Subsection <u>63H-6-104(3)(a)(i)</u> is amended to read:
2213	"(3)(a)(i) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(a)(ii), a board member appointed under
2214	Subsection (2)(e) or (f) shall serve a term that expires on the December 1 four years after the
2215	year that the board member was appointed.";
2216	(e) in Subsections 63H-6-104(3)(a)(ii), (c)(ii), and (d), the language that states "the
2217	president of the Senate, the speaker of the House, the governor," is repealed and replaced with
2218	"the governor"; and
2219	(f) Subsection <u>63H-6-104(3)(e)</u> , related to limits on the number of legislators, is
2220	repealed.
2221	[(10)] (12) Title 63H, Chapter 8, Utah Housing Corporation Act, is repealed July 1,
2222	2026.
2223	[(11)] <u>(13)</u> On July 1, 2025:
2224	(a) in Subsection 17-27a-404(3)(c)(ii), the language that states "the Resource
2225	Development Coordinating Committee," is repealed;
2226	(b) Subsection 23-14-21(2)(c) is amended to read "(c) provide notification of proposed
2227	sites for the transplant of species to local government officials having jurisdiction over areas
2228	that may be affected by a transplant.";

2229	(c) in Subsection 23-14-21(3), the language that states "and the Resource Development
2230	Coordinating Committee" is repealed;
2231	(d) in Subsection 23-21-2.3(1), the language that states "the Resource Development
2232	Coordinating Committee created in Section 63J-4-501 and" is repealed;
2233	(e) in Subsection 23-21-2.3(2), the language that states "the Resource Development
2234	Coordinating Committee and" is repealed;
2235	(f) Subsection $63J-4-102(1)$ is repealed and the remaining subsections are renumbered
2236	accordingly;
2237	(g) Subsections 63J-4-401(5)(a) and (c) are repealed;
2238	(h) Subsection 63J-4-401(5)(b) is renumbered to Subsection 63J-4-401(5)(a) and the
2239	word "and" is inserted immediately after the semicolon;
2240	(i) Subsection 63J-4-401(5)(d) is renumbered to Subsection 63J-4-401(5)(b);
2241	(j) Sections 63J-4-501, 63J-4-502, 63J-4-503, 63J-4-504, and 63J-4-505 are repealed;
2242	and
2243	(k) Subsection $63J-4-603(1)(e)(iv)$ is repealed and the remaining subsections are
2244	renumbered accordingly.
2245	[(12)] (14) Subsection 63J-1-602.1(13), Nurse Home Visiting Restricted Account is
2246	repealed July 1, 2026.
2247	[(13) Subsection 63J-1-602.2(4), referring to dedicated credits to the Utah Marriage
2248	Commission, is repealed July 1, 2023.]
2249	[(14)] (15) (a) Subsection 63J-1-602.1(51), relating to the Utah Statewide Radio
2250	System Restricted Account, is repealed July 1, 2022.
2251	(b) When repealing Subsection $63J-1-602.1(51)$, the Office of Legislative Research and
2252	General Counsel shall, in addition to the office's authority under Subsection 36-12-12(3), make
2253	necessary changes to subsection numbering and cross references.
2254	(16) Subsection <u>63J-1-602.2(23)</u> , related to the Utah Seismic Safety Commission, is
2255	repealed January 1, 2025.
2256	(17) In relation to the Employability to Careers Program Board, on January 1, 2023:
2257	(a) Subsection 63J-1-602.1(52) is repealed;
2258	(b) Subsection <u>63J-4-301(1)(h)</u> , related to the review of data and metrics, is repealed;
2259	and

2260	(c) Title 63J, Chapter 4, Part 7, Employability to Careers Program, is repealed.
2261	(18) Subsection 63J-4-708(1), in relation to the Talent Ready Utah Board, on January
2262	1, 2023, is amended to read:
2263	"(1) On or before October 1, the board shall provide an annual written report to the
2264	Social Services Appropriations Subcommittee and the Economic Development and Workforce
2265	Services Interim Committee.".
2266	[(15)] (19) The Crime Victim Reparations and Assistance Board, created in Section
2267	63M-7-504, is repealed July 1, 2027.
2268	(20) In relation to an appointment from the Advisory Board on Children's Justice, on
2269	January 1, 2021:
2270	(a) in Subsection 63M-7-601(2), "25" is repealed and replaced with "24"; and
2271	(b) Subsection 63M-7-601(2)(l)(iv) is repealed.
2272	[(16)] (21) Title 63M, Chapter 11, Utah Commission on Aging, is repealed July 1,
2273	2027.
2274	(22) Subsection 63N-1-301(4)(c), related to the Talent Ready Utah Board, is repealed
2275	<u>on January 1, 2023.</u>
2276	[(17)] (23) Title 63N, Chapter 2, Part 2, Enterprise Zone Act, is repealed July 1, 2028.
2277	[(18)] (24) (a) Title 63N, Chapter 2, Part 4, Recycling Market Development Zone Act,
2278	is repealed January 1, 2021.
2279	(b) Subject to Subsection [(18)] (24)(c), Sections 59-7-610 and 59-10-1007 regarding
2280	tax credits for certain persons in recycling market development zones, are repealed for taxable
2281	years beginning on or after January 1, 2021.
2282	(c) A person may not claim a tax credit under Section 59-7-610 or 59-10-1007:
2283	(i) for the purchase price of machinery or equipment described in Section 59-7-610 or
2284	59-10-1007, if the machinery or equipment is purchased on or after January 1, 2021; or
2285	(ii) for an expenditure described in Subsection 59-7-610(1)(b) or 59-10-1007(1)(b), if
2286	the expenditure is made on or after January 1, 2021.
2287	(d) Notwithstanding Subsections [(18)] (24)(b) and (c), a person may carry forward a
2288	tax credit in accordance with Section 59-7-610 or 59-10-1007 if:
2289	(i) the person is entitled to a tax credit under Section 59-7-610 or 59-10-1007; and
2290	(ii) (A) for the purchase price of machinery or equipment described in Section

2291	59-7-610 or 59-10-1007, the machinery or equipment is purchased on or before December 31,
2292	2020; or
2293	(B) for an expenditure described in Subsection 59-7-610(1)(b) or 59-10-1007(1)(b), the
2294	expenditure is made on or before December 31, 2020.
2295	[(19)] (25) Section 63N-2-512 is repealed on July 1, 2021.
2296	[(20)] (26) (a) Title 63N, Chapter 2, Part 6, Utah Small Business Jobs Act, is repealed
2297	January 1, 2021.
2298	(b) Section 59-9-107 regarding tax credits against premium taxes is repealed for
2299	calendar years beginning on or after January 1, 2021.
2300	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection $[(20)]$ (26)(b), an entity may carry forward a tax credit
2301	in accordance with Section 59-9-107 if:
2302	(i) the person is entitled to a tax credit under Section 59-9-107 on or before December
2303	31, 2020; and
2304	(ii) the qualified equity investment that is the basis of the tax credit is certified under
2305	Section 63N-2-603 on or before December 31, 2023.
2306	[(21)] (27) Subsections 63N-3-109(2)(f) and 63N-3-109(2)(g)(i)(C) are repealed July 1,
2307	2023.
2308	[(22)] (28) Title 63N, Chapter 4, Part 4, Rural Employment Expansion Program, is
2309	repealed July 1, 2023.
2310	[(23)] (29) Title 63N, Chapter 9, Part 2, Outdoor Recreational Infrastructure Grant
2311	Program, is repealed January 1, 2023.
2312	(30) In relation to the Pete Suazo Utah Athletic Commission, on January 1, 2021:
2313	(a) Subsection 63N-10-201(2)(a) is amended to read:
2314	"(2)(a) The governor shall appoint five commission members with the advice and
2315	consent of the Senate.";
2316	(b) Subsection 63N-10-201(2)(b), related to legislative appointments, is repealed;
2317	(c) in Subsection 63N-10-201(3)(a), the language that states ", president, or speaker,
2318	respectively," is repealed; and
2319	(d) Subsection 63N-10-201(3)(d) is amended to read:
2320	"(d) The governor may remove a commission member for any reason and replace the
2321	commission member in accordance with this section.".

2322	(31) In relation to the Talent Ready Utah Board, on January 1, 2023:
2323	(a) Subsection 63N-12-202(17) is repealed;
2324	(b) in Subsection 63N-12-214(2), the language that states "Talent Ready Utah," is
2325	repealed; and
2326	(c) in Subsection 63N-12-214(5), the language that states "representatives of Talent
2327	Ready Utah," is repealed.
2328	[(24)] (32) Title 63N, Chapter 12, Part 4, Career and Technical Education Board, is
2329	repealed July 1, 2018.
2330	(33) Title 63N, Chapter 12, Part 5, Talent Ready Utah Center, is repealed January 1,
2331	<u>2023.</u>
2332	Section 54. Section 63I-1-267 is amended to read:
2333	63I-1-267. Repeal dates, Title 67.
2334	(1) Section 67-1-15 is repealed December 31, 2027.
2335	[(2) Sections 67-1a-10 and 67-1a-11 creating the Commission on Civic and Character
2336	Education and establishing its duties are repealed on July 1, 2021.]
2337	(2) In relation to the Advisory Board on Children's Justice, on January 1, 2021:
2338	(a) Subsection 67-5b-102(1)(c)(iii) is repealed;
2339	(b) in Subsection 67-5b-105(1)(i), the language that states "provided, however, that the
2340	Advisory Board on Children's Justice may authorize fewer members, although not less than
2341	two, if the local advisory board so requests" is repealed; and
2342	(c) Section 67-5b-106 is repealed.
2343	Section 55. Section 63I-1-272 is amended to read:
2344	63I-1-272. Repeal dates, Title 72.
2345	(1) Subsections 72-1-213(2) and (3)(a)(i), in relation to the Road Usage Charge
2346	Advisory Committee, are repealed January 1, 2023.
2347	(2) Title 72, Chapter 4, Part 3, Utah State Scenic Byway Program, is repealed January
2348	<u>2, 2025.</u>
2349	Section 56. Section 63I-1-273 is amended to read:
2350	63I-1-273. Repeal dates, Title 73.
2351	(1) The instream flow water right for trout habitat established in Subsection $73-3-30(3)$
2352	is repealed December 31, 2019.

2353	(2) In relation to the Legislative Water Development Commission, on January 1, 2021:
2354	(a) in Subsection 73-10g-105(3), the language that states "and in consultation with the
2355	State Water Development Commission created in Section 73-27-102" is repealed;
2356	(b) Subsection 73-10g-203(4)(a) is repealed; and
2357	(c) Title 73, Chapter 27, State Water Development Commission, is repealed.
2358	Section 57. Section 63I-2-263 is amended to read:
2359	63I-2-263. Repeal dates, Title 63A to Title 63N.
2360	(1) On July 1, 2020:
2361	(a) Subsection 63A-3-403(5)(a)(i) is repealed; and
2362	(b) in Subsection 63A-3-403(5)(a)(ii), the language that states "appointed on or after
2363	May 8, 2018," is repealed.
2364	(2) Sections 63C-4a-307 and 63C-4a-309 are repealed January 1, 2020.
2365	[(2)] (3) Title 63C, Chapter 19, Higher Education Strategic Planning Commission is
2366	repealed July 1, 2020.
2367	(4) In relation to the State Fair Park Committee, on January 1, 2021:
2368	(a) Section 63H-6-104.5 is repealed; and
2369	(b) Subsections 63H-6-104(8) and (9) are repealed.
2370	[(3)] (5) Section 63H-7a-303 is repealed on July 1, 2022.
2371	[(4)] <u>(6)</u> On July 1, 2019:
2372	(a) in Subsection 63J-1-206(2)(c)(i), the language that states "Subsection(2)(c)(ii) and"
2373	is repealed; and
2374	(b) Subsection 63J-1-206(2)(c)(ii) is repealed.
2375	[(5)] (7) Section 63J-4-708 is repealed January 1, 2023.
2376	[(6)] (8) Subsection 63N-3-109(2)(f)(i)(B) is repealed July 1, 2020.
2377	[(7)] (9) Section 63N-3-110 is repealed July 1, 2020.
2378	Section 58. Section 63J-1-602.2 is amended to read:
2379	63J-1-602.2. List of nonlapsing appropriations to programs.
2380	Appropriations made to the following programs are nonlapsing:
2381	(1) The Legislature and its committees.
2382	(2) The Percent-for-Art Program created in Section 9-6-404.
2383	(3) The LeRay McAllister Critical Land Conservation Program created in Section

2384	11-38-301.
2385	[(4) Dedicated credits accrued to the Utah Marriage Commission as provided under
2386	Subsection 17-16-21(2)(d)(ii).]
2387	[(5)] (4) The Division of Wildlife Resources for the appraisal and purchase of lands
2388	under the Pelican Management Act, as provided in Section 23-21a-6.
2389	[(6)] (5) The primary care grant program created in Section 26-10b-102.
2390	[(7)] (6) Sanctions collected as dedicated credits from Medicaid provider under
2391	Subsection 26-18-3(7).
2392	[(8)] (7) The Utah Health Care Workforce Financial Assistance Program created in
2393	Section 26-46-102.
2394	[(9)] (8) The Rural Physician Loan Repayment Program created in Section 26-46a-103.
2395	[(10)] (9) The Opiate Overdose Outreach Pilot Program created in Section 26-55-107.
2396	[(11)] (10) Funds that the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control retains in
2397	accordance with Subsection 32B-2-301(7)(a)(ii) or (b).
2398	[(12)] (11) The General Assistance program administered by the Department of
2399	Workforce Services, as provided in Section 35A-3-401.
2400	[(13)] (12) A new program or agency that is designated as nonlapsing under Section
2401	36-24-101.
2402	[(14)] (13) The Utah National Guard, created in Title 39, Militia and Armories.
2403	[(15)] (14) The State Tax Commission under Section 41-1a-1201 for the:
2404	(a) purchase and distribution of license plates and decals; and
2405	(b) administration and enforcement of motor vehicle registration requirements.
2406	[(16)] (15) The Search and Rescue Financial Assistance Program, as provided in
2407	Section 53-2a-1102.
2408	[(17)] (16) The Motorcycle Rider Education Program, as provided in Section 53-3-905.
2409	[(18)] (17) The State Board of Regents for teacher preparation programs, as provided
2410	in Section 53B-6-104.
2411	[(19)] (18) The Medical Education Program administered by the Medical Education
2412	Council, as provided in Section 53B-24-202.
2413	[(20)] (19) The State Board of Education, as provided in Section 53F-2-205.
2414	[(21)] (20) The Division of Services for People with Disabilities, as provided in

Section 62A-5-102.

2416	[(22)] (21) The Division of Fleet Operations for the purpose of upgrading underground
2417	storage tanks under Section 63A-9-401.
2418	[(23)] (22) The Utah Seismic Safety Commission, as provided in Section 63C-6-104.
2419	[(24)] (23) Appropriations to the Department of Technology Services for technology
2420	innovation as provided under Section 63F-4-202.
2421	[(25)] (24) The Office of Administrative Rules for publishing, as provided in Section
2422	63G-3-402.
2423	[(26)] (25) The Utah Science Technology and Research Initiative created in Section
2424	63M-2-301.
2425	[(27)] (26) The Governor's Office of Economic Development to fund the Enterprise
2426	Zone Act, as provided in Title 63N, Chapter 2, Part 2, Enterprise Zone Act.
2427	[(28)] (27) Appropriations to fund the Governor's Office of Economic Development's
2428	Rural Employment Expansion Program, as described in Title 63N, Chapter 4, Part 4, Rural
2429	Employment Expansion Program.
2430	[(29)] (28) The Department of Human Resource Management user training program, as
2431	provided in Section 67-19-6.
2432	[(30)] (29) The University of Utah Poison Control Center program, as provided in
2433	Section 69-2-5.5.
2434	[(31)] (30) A public safety answering point's emergency telecommunications service
2435	fund, as provided in Section 69-2-301.
2436	[(32)] (31) The Traffic Noise Abatement Program created in Section 72-6-112.
2437	[(33)] (32) The Judicial Council for compensation for special prosecutors, as provided
2438	in Section 77-10a-19.
2439	[(34)] (33) A state rehabilitative employment program, as provided in Section
2440	78A-6-210.
2441	[(35)] (34) The Utah Geological Survey, as provided in Section 79-3-401.
2442	[(36)] (35) The Bonneville Shoreline Trail Program created under Section 79-5-503.
2443	[(37)] (36) Adoption document access as provided in Sections 78B-6-141, 78B-6-144,
2444	and 78B-6-144.5.
2445	[(38)] (37) Indigent defense as provided in Title 77, Chapter 32, Part 8, Utah Indigent

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2446 Defense Commission. Section 59. Section 63J-4-401 is amended to read: 2447 2448 63J-4-401. Planning duties of the planning coordinator and office. 2449 (1) The state planning coordinator shall: 2450 (a) act as the governor's adviser on state, regional, metropolitan, and local 2451 governmental planning matters relating to public improvements and land use: 2452 (b) counsel with the authorized representatives of the Department of Transportation, 2453 the State Building Board, the Department of Health, the Department of Workforce Services, 2454 the Labor Commission, the Department of Natural Resources, the School and Institutional 2455 Trust Lands Administration, and other proper persons concerning all state planning matters; (c) when designated to do so by the governor, receive funds made available to Utah by 2456 2457 the federal government; 2458 (d) receive and review plans of the various state agencies and political subdivisions 2459 relating to public improvements and programs; 2460 (e) when conflicts occur between the plans and proposals of state agencies, prepare 2461 specific recommendations for the resolution of the conflicts and submit the recommendations 2462 to the governor for a decision resolving the conflict; 2463 (f) when conflicts occur between the plans and proposals of a state agency and a 2464 political subdivision or between two or more political subdivisions, advise these entities of the 2465 conflict and make specific recommendations for the resolution of the conflict; 2466 (g) act as the governor's planning agent in planning public improvements and land use and, in this capacity, undertake special studies and investigations; 2467 (h) provide information and cooperate with the Legislature or any of its committees in 2468 2469 conducting planning studies; 2470 (i) cooperate and exchange information with federal agencies and local, metropolitan, 2471 or regional agencies as necessary to assist with federal, state, regional, metropolitan, and local 2472 programs; 2473 (i) make recommendations to the governor that the planning coordinator considers 2474 advisable for the proper development and coordination of plans for state government and 2475 political subdivisions; and 2476 (k) oversee and supervise the activities and duties of the public lands policy

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2477 coordinator.

2478 (2) The state planning coordinator may:

(a) perform regional and state planning and assist state government planning agenciesin performing state planning;

(b) provide planning assistance to Indian tribes regarding planning for Indianreservations; and

(c) assist city, county, metropolitan, and regional planning agencies in performing
local, metropolitan, and regional planning, provided that the state planning coordinator and the
state planning coordinator's agents and designees recognize and promote the plans, policies,
programs, processes, and desired outcomes of each planning agency whenever possible.

(3) When preparing or assisting in the preparation of plans, policies, programs, or
processes related to the management or use of federal lands or natural resources on federal
lands in Utah, the state planning coordinator shall:

(a) incorporate the plans, policies, programs, processes, and desired outcomes of the
counties where the federal lands or natural resources are located, to the maximum extent
consistent with state and federal law, provided that this requirement shall not be interpreted to
infringe upon the authority of the governor;

(b) identify inconsistencies or conflicts between the plans, policies, programs,
processes, and desired outcomes prepared under Subsection (3)(a) and the plans, programs,
processes, and desired outcomes of local government as early in the preparation process as
possible, and seek resolution of the inconsistencies through meetings or other conflict
resolution mechanisms involving the necessary and immediate parties to the inconsistency or
conflict;

(c) present to the governor the nature and scope of any inconsistency or other conflict
that is not resolved under the procedures in Subsection (3)(b) for the governor's decision about
the position of the state concerning the inconsistency or conflict;

(d) develop, research, and use factual information, legal analysis, and statements of
desired future condition for the state, or subregion of the state, as necessary to support the
plans, policies, programs, processes, and desired outcomes of the state and the counties where
the federal lands or natural resources are located;

2507

(e) establish and coordinate agreements between the state and federal land management

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2527

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agencies, federal natural resource management agencies, and federal natural resource
regulatory agencies to facilitate state and local participation in the development, revision, and
implementation of land use plans, guidelines, regulations, other instructional memoranda, or
similar documents proposed or promulgated for lands and natural resources administered by
federal agencies; and

(f) work in conjunction with political subdivisions to establish agreements with federal
land management agencies, federal natural resource management agencies, and federal natural
resource regulatory agencies to provide a process for state and local participation in the
preparation of, or coordinated state and local response to, environmental impact analysis
documents and similar documents prepared pursuant to law by state or federal agencies.

2518 (4) The state planning coordinator shall comply with the requirements of Subsection 2519 $[\frac{63C-4a-203(8)}{63C-4a-301.1(8)}]$ before submitting any comments on a draft environmental 2520 impact statement or on an environmental assessment for a proposed land management plan, if 2521 the governor would be subject to Subsection $[\frac{63C-4a-203(8)}{63C-4a-301.1(8)}]$ if the governor 2522 were submitting the material.

(5) The state planning coordinator shall cooperate with and work in conjunction with
appropriate state agencies and political subdivisions to develop policies, plans, programs,
processes, and desired outcomes authorized by this section by coordinating the development of
positions:

(a) through the Resource Development Coordinating Committee;

(b) in conjunction with local government officials concerning general local governmentplans;

(c) by soliciting public comment through the Resource Development CoordinatingCommittee; and

(d) by working with the Public Lands Policy Coordinating Office.

(6) The state planning coordinator shall recognize and promote the following principles
when preparing any policies, plans, programs, processes, or desired outcomes relating to
federal lands and natural resources on federal lands pursuant to this section:

- (a) (i) the citizens of the state are best served by applying multiple-use and
 sustained-yield principles in public land use planning and management; and
- 2538 (ii) multiple-use and sustained-yield management means that federal agencies should

2539 develop and implement management plans and make other resource-use decisions that:

(A) achieve and maintain in perpetuity a high-level annual or regular periodic output ofmineral and various renewable resources from public lands;

(B) support valid existing transportation, mineral, and grazing privileges at the highestreasonably sustainable levels;

2544 (C) support the specific plans, programs, processes, and policies of state agencies and 2545 local governments;

2546 (D) are designed to produce and provide the desired vegetation for the watersheds, 2547 timber, food, fiber, livestock forage, and wildlife forage, and minerals that are necessary to 2548 meet present needs and future economic growth and community expansion without permanent 2549 impairment of the productivity of the land;

2550 (E) meet the recreational needs and the personal and business-related transportation 2551 needs of the citizens of the state by providing access throughout the state;

2552 (F) meet the recreational needs of the citizens of the state;

- 2553 (G) meet the needs of wildlife;
- 2554 (H) provide for the preservation of cultural resources, both historical and
- archaeological;

2556 (I) meet the needs of economic development;

2557 (J) meet the needs of community development; and

- 2558 (K) provide for the protection of water rights;
- (b) managing public lands for "wilderness characteristics" circumvents the statutory
 wilderness process and is inconsistent with the multiple-use and sustained-yield management
 standard that applies to all Bureau of Land Management and U.S. Forest Service lands that are
 not wilderness areas or wilderness study areas;
- 2563 (c) all waters of the state are:

(i) owned exclusively by the state in trust for its citizens;

2565 (ii) are subject to appropriation for beneficial use; and

- (iii) are essential to the future prosperity of the state and the quality of life within thestate;
- 2568 (d) the state has the right to develop and use its entitlement to interstate rivers;
- (e) all water rights desired by the federal government must be obtained through the

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2570 state water appropriation system; 2571 (f) land management and resource-use decisions which affect federal lands should give 2572 priority to and support the purposes of the compact between the state and the United States 2573 related to school and institutional trust lands; 2574 (g) development of the solid, fluid, and gaseous mineral resources of the state is an 2575 important part of the economy of the state, and of local regions within the state; 2576 (h) the state should foster and support industries that take advantage of the state's 2577 outstanding opportunities for outdoor recreation: 2578 (i) wildlife constitutes an important resource and provides recreational and economic 2579 opportunities for the state's citizens; 2580 (i) proper stewardship of the land and natural resources is necessary to ensure the 2581 health of the watersheds, timber, forage, and wildlife resources to provide for a continuous 2582 supply of resources for the people of the state and the people of the local communities who 2583 depend on these resources for a sustainable economy; 2584 (k) forests, rangelands, timber, and other vegetative resources: 2585 (i) provide forage for livestock; (ii) provide forage and habitat for wildlife; 2586 2587 (iii) provide resources for the state's timber and logging industries: 2588 (iv) contribute to the state's economic stability and growth; and 2589 (v) are important for a wide variety of recreational pursuits; 2590 (1) management programs and initiatives that improve watersheds, forests, and increase 2591 forage for the mutual benefit of wildlife species and livestock, logging, and other agricultural 2592 industries by utilizing proven techniques and tools are vital to the state's economy and the 2593 quality of life in Utah; and 2594 (m) (i) land management plans, programs, and initiatives should provide that the 2595 amount of domestic livestock forage, expressed in animal unit months, for permitted, active 2596 use as well as the wildlife forage included in that amount, be no less than the maximum 2597 number of animal unit months sustainable by range conditions in grazing allotments and 2598 districts, based on an on-the-ground and scientific analysis; 2599 (ii) the state opposes the relinquishment or retirement of grazing animal unit months in 2600 favor of conservation, wildlife, and other uses;

(iii) (A) the state favors the best management practices that are jointly sponsored by
cattlemen's, sportsmen's, and wildlife management groups such as chaining, logging, seeding,
burning, and other direct soil and vegetation prescriptions that are demonstrated to restore
forest and rangeland health, increase forage, and improve watersheds in grazing districts and
allotments for the mutual benefit of domestic livestock and wildlife;

(B) when practices described in Subsection (6)(m)(iii)(A) increase a grazing
allotment's forage beyond the total permitted forage use that was allocated to that allotment in
the last federal land use plan or allotment management plan still in existence as of January 1,
2005, a reasonable and fair portion of the increase in forage beyond the previously allocated
total permitted use should be allocated to wildlife as recommended by a joint, evenly balanced
committee of livestock and wildlife representatives that is appointed and constituted by the
governor for that purpose;

2613 (C) the state favors quickly and effectively adjusting wildlife population goals and 2614 population census numbers in response to variations in the amount of available forage caused 2615 by drought or other climatic adjustments, and state agencies responsible for managing wildlife 2616 population goals and population census numbers will give due regard to both the needs of the 2617 livestock industry and the need to prevent the decline of species to a point where listing under 2618 the terms of the Endangered Species Act when making such adjustments;

2619 (iv) the state opposes the transfer of grazing animal unit months to wildlife for2620 supposed reasons of rangeland health;

(v) reductions in domestic livestock animal unit months must be temporary andscientifically based upon rangeland conditions;

(vi) policies, plans, programs, initiatives, resource management plans, and forest plans
may not allow the placement of grazing animal unit months in a suspended use category unless
there is a rational and scientific determination that the condition of the rangeland allotment or
district in question will not sustain the animal unit months sought to be placed in suspended
use;

(vii) any grazing animal unit months that are placed in a suspended use category shouldbe returned to active use when range conditions improve;

(viii) policies, plans, programs, and initiatives related to vegetation managementshould recognize and uphold the preference for domestic grazing over alternate forage uses in

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- established grazing districts while upholding management practices that optimize and expand
 forage for grazing and wildlife in conjunction with state wildlife management plans and
 programs in order to provide maximum available forage for all uses; and
- (ix) in established grazing districts, animal unit months that have been reduced due to
 rangeland health concerns should be restored to livestock when rangeland conditions improve,
 and should not be converted to wildlife use.
- (7) The state planning coordinator shall recognize and promote the following findings
 in the preparation of any policies, plans, programs, processes, or desired outcomes relating to
 federal lands and natural resources on federal lands under this section:
- (a) as a coholder of R.S. 2477 rights-of-way with the counties, the state supports its
 recognition by the federal government and the public use of R.S. 2477 rights-of-way and urges
 the federal government to fully recognize the rights-of-way and their use by the public as
 expeditiously as possible;
- 2645 (b) it is the policy of the state to use reasonable administrative and legal measures to 2646 protect and preserve valid existing rights-of-way granted by Congress under R.S. 2477, and to 2647 support and work in conjunction with counties to redress cases where R.S. 2477 rights-of-way 2648 are not recognized or are impaired; and
- (c) transportation and access routes to and across federal lands, including all
 rights-of-way vested under R.S. 2477, are vital to the state's economy and to the quality of life
 in the state, and must provide, at a minimum, a network of roads throughout the resource
 planning area that provides for:
- 2653

(i) movement of people, goods, and services across public lands;

- (ii) reasonable access to a broad range of resources and opportunities throughout theresource planning area, including:
- 2656 (A) livestock operations and improvements;
- 2657 (B) solid, fluid, and gaseous mineral operations;
- 2658 (C) recreational opportunities and operations, including motorized and nonmotorized 2659 recreation;
- 2660 (D) search and rescue needs;
- 2661 (E) public safety needs; and
- 2662 (F) access for transportation of wood products to market;

- (iii) access to federal lands for people with disabilities and the elderly; and
 (iv) access to state lands and school and institutional trust lands to accomplish the
 purposes of those lands.
- (8) The state planning coordinator shall recognize and promote the following findings
 in the preparation of any plans, policies, programs, processes, or desired outcomes relating to
 federal lands and natural resources on federal lands pursuant to this section:
- (a) the state's support for the addition of a river segment to the National Wild andScenic Rivers System, 16 U.S.C. Sec. 1271 et seq., will be withheld until:
- 2671

(i) it is clearly demonstrated that water is present and flowing at all times;

- (ii) it is clearly demonstrated that the required water-related value is considered
 outstandingly remarkable within a region of comparison consisting of one of the three
 physiographic provinces in the state, and that the rationale and justification for the conclusions
 are disclosed;
- (iii) it is clearly demonstrated that the inclusion of each river segment is consistent
 with the plans and policies of the state and the county or counties where the river segment is
 located as those plans and policies are developed according to Subsection (3);
- (iv) the effects of the addition upon the local and state economies, agricultural and
 industrial operations and interests, outdoor recreation, water rights, water quality, water
 resource planning, and access to and across river corridors in both upstream and downstream
 directions from the proposed river segment have been evaluated in detail by the relevant federal
 agency;
- 2684 (v) it is clearly demonstrated that the provisions and terms of the process for review of 2685 potential additions have been applied in a consistent manner by all federal agencies;
- (vi) the rationale and justification for the proposed addition, including a comparison
 with protections offered by other management tools, is clearly analyzed within the multiple-use
 mandate, and the results disclosed;
- (vii) it is clearly demonstrated that the federal agency with management authority over
 the river segment, and which is proposing the segment for inclusion in the National Wild and
 Scenic River System will not use the actual or proposed designation as a basis to impose
 management standards outside of the federal land management plan;
- 2693 (viii) it is clearly demonstrated that the terms and conditions of the federal land and

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resource management plan containing a recommendation for inclusion in the National Wildand Scenic River System:

2696 (A) evaluates all eligible river segments in the resource planning area completely and2697 fully for suitability for inclusion in the National Wild and Scenic River System;

(B) does not suspend or terminate any studies for inclusion in the National Wild andScenic River System at the eligibility phase;

(C) fully disclaims any interest in water rights for the recommended segment as a resultof the adoption of the plan; and

(D) fully disclaims the use of the recommendation for inclusion in the National Wild
and Scenic River System as a reason or rationale for an evaluation of impacts by proposals for
projects upstream, downstream, or within the recommended segment;

(ix) it is clearly demonstrated that the agency with management authority over the river
segment commits not to use an actual or proposed designation as a basis to impose Visual
Resource Management Class I or II management prescriptions that do not comply with the
provisions of Subsection (8)(t); and

(x) it is clearly demonstrated that including the river segment and the terms and
conditions for managing the river segment as part of the National Wild and Scenic River
System will not prevent, reduce, impair, or otherwise interfere with:

(A) the state and its citizens' enjoyment of complete and exclusive water rights in andto the rivers of the state as determined by the laws of the state; or

(B) local, state, regional, or interstate water compacts to which the state or any countyis a party;

(b) the conclusions of all studies related to potential additions to the National Wild and
Scenic River System, 16 U.S.C. Sec. 1271 et seq., are submitted to the state for review and
action by the Legislature and governor, and the results, in support of or in opposition to, are
included in any planning documents or other proposals for addition and are forwarded to the
United States Congress;

(c) the state's support for designation of an Area of Critical Environmental Concern
(ACEC), as defined in 43 U.S.C. Sec. 1702, within federal land management plans will be
withheld until:

2724

4 (i) it is clearly demonstrated that the proposed area satisfies all the definitional

2725 requirements of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976, 43 U.S.C. Sec.2726 1702(a);

(ii) it is clearly demonstrated that the area proposed for designation as an ACEC is
limited in geographic size and that the proposed management prescriptions are limited in scope
to the minimum necessary to specifically protect and prevent irreparable damage to the relevant
and important values identified, or limited in geographic size and management prescriptions to
the minimum required to specifically protect human life or safety from natural hazards;

(iii) it is clearly demonstrated that the proposed area is limited only to areas that arealready developed or used or to areas where no development is required;

(iv) it is clearly demonstrated that the proposed area contains relevant and important
historic, cultural or scenic values, fish or wildlife resources, or natural processes which are
unique or substantially significant on a regional basis, or contain natural hazards which
significantly threaten human life or safety;

(v) the federal agency has analyzed regional values, resources, processes, or hazards for
irreparable damage and its potential causes resulting from potential actions which are
consistent with the multiple-use, sustained-yield principles, and the analysis describes the
rationale for any special management attention required to protect, or prevent irreparable
damage to the values, resources, processes, or hazards;

(vi) it is clearly demonstrated that the proposed designation is consistent with the plans
and policies of the state and of the county where the proposed designation is located as those
plans and policies are developed according to Subsection (3);

(vii) it is clearly demonstrated that the proposed ACEC designation will not be applied
redundantly over existing protections provided by other state and federal laws for federal lands
or resources on federal lands, and that the federal statutory requirement for special management
attention for a proposed ACEC will discuss and justify any management requirements needed
in addition to those specified by the other state and federal laws;

(viii) the difference between special management attention required for an ACEC and
normal multiple-use management has been identified and justified, and that any determination
of irreparable damage has been analyzed and justified for short and long-term horizons;

- 2754
- (ix) it is clearly demonstrated that the proposed designation:
- 2755

(A) is not a substitute for a wilderness suitability recommendation;

- (B) is not a substitute for managing areas inventoried for wilderness characteristics
 after 1993 under the BLM interim management plan for valid wilderness study areas; and
- (C) it is not an excuse or justification to apply de facto wilderness managementstandards; and
- (x) the conclusions of all studies are submitted to the state, as a cooperating agency, for
 review, and the results, in support of or in opposition to, are included in all planning
 documents;
- (d) sufficient federal lands are made available for government-to-government
 exchanges of school and institutional trust lands and federal lands without regard for a
 resource-to-resource correspondence between the surface or mineral characteristics of the
 offered trust lands and the offered federal lands;
- (e) federal agencies should support government-to-government exchanges of land with
 the state based on a fair process of valuation which meets the fiduciary obligations of both the
 state and federal governments toward trust lands management, and which assures that revenue
 authorized by federal statute to the state from mineral or timber production, present or future, is
 not diminished in any manner during valuation, negotiation, or implementation processes;
- (f) agricultural and grazing lands should continue to produce the food and fiber needed
 by the citizens of the state and the nation, and the rural character and open landscape of rural
 Utah should be preserved through a healthy and active agricultural and grazing industry,
 consistent with private property rights and state fiduciary duties;
- (g) the resources of the forests and rangelands of the state should be integrated as part
 of viable, robust, and sustainable state and local economies, and available forage should be
 evaluated for the full complement of herbivores the rangelands can support in a sustainable
 manner, and forests should contain a diversity of timber species, and disease or insect
 infestations in forests should be controlled using logging or other best management practices;
- (h) the state opposes any additional evaluation of national forest service lands as
 "roadless" or "unroaded" beyond the forest service's second roadless area review evaluation and
 opposes efforts by agencies to specially manage those areas in a way that:
- (i) closes or declassifies existing roads unless multiple side by side roads exist running
 to the same destination and state and local governments consent to close or declassify the extra
 roads;

2787 (ii) permanently bars travel on existing roads; 2788 (iii) excludes or diminishes traditional multiple-use activities, including grazing and 2789 proper forest harvesting; 2790 (iv) interferes with the enjoyment and use of valid, existing rights, including water 2791 rights, local transportation plan rights, R.S. 2477 rights, grazing allotment rights, and mineral 2792 leasing rights; or 2793 (v) prohibits development of additional roads reasonably necessary to pursue 2794 traditional multiple-use activities: 2795 (i) the state's support for any forest plan revision or amendment will be withheld until 2796 the appropriate plan revision or plan amendment clearly demonstrates that: 2797 (i) established roads are not referred to as unclassified roads or a similar classification; 2798 (ii) lands in the vicinity of established roads are managed under the multiple-use, 2799 sustained-vield management standard; and 2800 (iii) no roadless or unroaded evaluations or inventories are recognized or upheld 2801 beyond those that were recognized or upheld in the forest service's second roadless area review 2802 evaluation; 2803 (j) the state's support for any recommendations made under the statutory requirement to 2804 examine the wilderness option during the revision of land and resource management plans by 2805 the U.S. Forest Service will be withheld until it is clearly demonstrated that: 2806 (i) the duly adopted transportation plans of the state and county or counties within the 2807 planning area are fully and completely incorporated into the baseline inventory of information 2808 from which plan provisions are derived; 2809 (ii) valid state or local roads and rights-of-way are recognized and not impaired in any 2810 way by the recommendations; 2811 (iii) the development of mineral resources by underground mining is not affected by 2812 the recommendations; 2813 (iv) the need for additional administrative or public roads necessary for the full use of 2814 the various multiple-uses, including recreation, mineral exploration and development, forest 2815 health activities, and grazing operations is not unduly affected by the recommendations; 2816 (v) analysis and full disclosure is made concerning the balance of multiple-use 2817 management in the proposed areas, and that the analysis compares the full benefit of

2818	multiple-use management to the recreational, forest health, and economic needs of the state and
2819	the counties to the benefits of the requirements of wilderness management; and
2820	(vi) the conclusions of all studies related to the requirement to examine the wilderness
2821	option are submitted to the state for review and action by the Legislature and governor, and the
2822	results, in support of or in opposition to, are included in any planning documents or other
2823	proposals that are forwarded to the United States Congress;
2824	(k) the invasion of noxious weeds and undesirable invasive plant species into the state
2825	should be reversed, their presence eliminated, and their return prevented;
2826	(1) management and resource-use decisions by federal land management and regulatory
2827	agencies concerning the vegetative resources within the state should reflect serious
2828	consideration of the proper optimization of the yield of water within the watersheds of the
2829	state;
2830	(m) (i) it is the policy of the state that:
2831	(A) mineral and energy production and environmental protection are not mutually
2832	exclusive;
2833	(B) it is technically feasible to permit appropriate access to mineral and energy
2834	resources while preserving nonmineral and nonenergy resources;
2835	(C) resource management planning should seriously consider all available mineral and
2836	energy resources;
2837	(D) the development of the solid, fluid, and gaseous mineral resources of the state and
2838	the renewable resources of the state should be encouraged;
2839	(E) the waste of fluid and gaseous minerals within developed areas should be
2840	prohibited; and
2841	(F) requirements to mitigate or reclaim mineral development projects should be based
2842	on credible evidence of significant impacts to natural or cultural resources;
2843	(ii) the state's support for mineral development provisions within federal land
2844	management plans will be withheld until the appropriate land management plan environmental
2845	impact statement clearly demonstrates:
2846	(A) that the authorized planning agency has:
2847	(I) considered and evaluated the mineral and energy potential in all areas of the
2848	planning area as if the areas were open to mineral development under standard lease

agreements; and

2849

2850 (II) evaluated any management plan prescription for its impact on the area's baseline 2851 mineral and energy potential; 2852 (B) that the development provisions do not unduly restrict access to public lands for 2853 energy exploration and development; 2854 (C) that the authorized planning agency has supported any closure of additional areas 2855 to mineral leasing and development or any increase of acres subject to no surface occupancy 2856 restrictions by adhering to: 2857 (I) the relevant provisions of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976, 43 U.S.C. Sec. 1701 et seq.; 2858 2859 (II) other controlling mineral development laws; and 2860 (III) the controlling withdrawal and reporting procedures set forth in the Federal Land 2861 Policy and Management Act of 1976, 43 U.S.C. Sec. 1701 et seg.: 2862 (D) that the authorized planning agency evaluated whether to repeal any moratorium 2863 that may exist on the issuance of additional mining patents and oil and gas leases; 2864 (E) that the authorized planning agency analyzed all proposed mineral lease stipulations and considered adopting the least restrictive necessary to protect against damage to 2865 2866 other significant resource values: 2867 (F) that the authorized planning agency evaluated mineral lease restrictions to 2868 determine whether to waive, modify, or make exceptions to the restrictions on the basis that 2869 they are no longer necessary or effective: 2870 (G) that the authorized federal agency analyzed all areas proposed for no surface 2871 occupancy restrictions, and that the analysis evaluated: 2872 (I) whether directional drilling is economically feasible and ecologically necessary for each proposed no surface occupancy area; 2873 2874 (II) whether the directional drilling feasibility analysis, or analysis of other 2875 management prescriptions, demonstrates that the proposed no surface occupancy prescription, 2876 in effect, sterilizes the mineral and energy resources beneath the area; and 2877 (III) whether, if the minerals are effectively sterilized, the area must be reported as 2878 withdrawn under the provisions of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act; and 2879 (H) that the authorized planning agency has evaluated all directional drilling

2880	requirements in no surface occupancy areas to determine whether directional drilling is feasible
2881	from an economic, ecological, and engineering standpoint;
2882	(n) motorized, human, and animal-powered outdoor recreation should be integrated
2883	into a fair and balanced allocation of resources within the historical and cultural framework of
2884	multiple-uses in rural Utah, and outdoor recreation should be supported as part of a balanced
2885	plan of state and local economic support and growth;
2886	(o) off-highway vehicles should be used responsibly, the management of off-highway
2887	vehicles should be uniform across all jurisdictions, and laws related to the use of off-highway
2888	vehicles should be uniformly applied across all jurisdictions;
2889	(p) (i) rights-of-way granted and vested under the provisions of R.S. 2477 should be
2890	preserved and acknowledged;
2891	(ii) land use management plans, programs, and initiatives should be consistent with
2892	both state and county transportation plans developed according to Subsection (3) in order to
2893	provide a network of roads throughout the planning area that provides for:
2894	(A) movement of people, goods, and services across public lands;
2895	(B) reasonable access to a broad range of resources and opportunities throughout the
2896	planning area, including access to livestock, water, and minerals;
2897	(C) economic and business needs;
2898	(D) public safety;
2899	(E) search and rescue;
2900	(F) access for people with disabilities and the elderly;
2901	(G) access to state lands; and
2902	(H) recreational opportunities;
2903	(q) transportation and access provisions for all other existing routes, roads, and trails
2904	across federal, state, and school trust lands within the state should be determined and
2905	identified, and agreements should be executed and implemented, as necessary to fully authorize
2906	and determine responsibility for maintenance of all routes, roads, and trails;
2907	(r) the reasonable development of new routes and trails for motorized, human, and
2908	animal-powered recreation should be implemented;
2909	(s) (i) forests, rangelands, and watersheds, in a healthy condition, are necessary and
2910	beneficial for wildlife, livestock grazing, and other multiple-uses;

(ii) management programs and initiatives that are implemented to increase forage for
the mutual benefit of the agricultural industry, livestock operations, and wildlife species should
utilize all proven techniques and tools;

(iii) the continued viability of livestock operations and the livestock industry should be
supported on the federal lands within the state by management of the lands and forage
resources, by the proper optimization of animal unit months for livestock, in accordance with
the multiple-use provisions of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976, 43
U.S.C. 1701 et seq., the provisions of the Taylor Grazing Act of 1934, 43 U.S.C. 315 et seq.,
and the provisions of the Public Rangelands Improvement Act of 1978, 43 U.S.C. 1901 et seq.;

(iv) provisions for predator control initiatives or programs under the direction of stateand local authorities should be implemented; and

(v) resource-use and management decisions by federal land management and
 regulatory agencies should support state-sponsored initiatives or programs designed to stabilize
 wildlife populations that may be experiencing a scientifically demonstrated decline in those
 populations; and

(t) management and resource use decisions by federal land management and regulatory
agencies concerning the scenic resources of the state must balance the protection of scenery
with the full management requirements of the other authorized uses of the land under
multiple-use management, and should carefully consider using Visual Resource Management
Class I protection only for areas of inventoried Class A scenery or equivalent.

(9) Notwithstanding any provision of Section 63J-8-105.5, the state is committed to
establishing and administering an effective statewide conservation strategy for greater sage
grouse.

(10) Nothing contained in this section may be construed to restrict or supersede the
planning powers conferred upon state departments, agencies, instrumentalities, or advisory
councils of the state or the planning powers conferred upon political subdivisions by any other
existing law.

(11) Nothing in this section may be construed to affect any lands withdrawn from the
public domain for military purposes, which are administered by the United States Army, Air
Force, or Navy.

2941 Section 60. Section **63J-4-603** is amended to read:

2942	63J-4-603. Powers and duties of coordinator and office.
2943	(1) The coordinator and the office shall:
2944	(a) make a report to the Constitutional Defense Council created under Section
2945	63C-4a-202 concerning R.S. 2477 rights and other public lands issues under Title 63C, Chapter
2946	4a, Constitutional and Federalism Defense Act;
2947	(b) provide staff assistance to the Constitutional Defense Council created under Section
2948	63C-4a-202 for meetings of the council;
2949	(c) (i) prepare and submit a constitutional defense plan under Section 63C-4a-403; and
2950	(ii) execute any action assigned in a constitutional defense plan;
2951	(d) under the direction of the state planning coordinator, assist in fulfilling the state
2952	planning coordinator's duties outlined in Section 63J-4-401 as those duties relate to the
2953	development of public lands policies by:
2954	(i) developing cooperative contracts and agreements between the state, political
2955	subdivisions, and agencies of the federal government for involvement in the development of
2956	public lands policies;
2957	(ii) producing research, documents, maps, studies, analysis, or other information that
2958	supports the state's participation in the development of public lands policy;
2959	(iii) preparing comments to ensure that the positions of the state and political
2960	subdivisions are considered in the development of public lands policy;
2961	(iv) partnering with state agencies and political subdivisions in an effort to:
2962	(A) prepare coordinated public lands policies;
2963	(B) develop consistency reviews and responses to public lands policies;
2964	(C) develop management plans that relate to public lands policies; and
2965	(D) develop and maintain a statewide land use plan that is based on cooperation and in
2966	conjunction with political subdivisions; and
2967	(v) providing other information or services related to public lands policies as requested
2968	by the state planning coordinator;
2969	(e) facilitate and coordinate the exchange of information, comments, and
2970	recommendations on public lands policies between and among:
2971	(i) state agencies;
2972	(ii) political subdivisions;

2973	(iii) the Office of Rural Development created under Section 63N-4-102;
2974	(iv) the Resource Development Coordinating Committee created under Section
2975	63J-4-501;
2976	(v) School and Institutional Trust Lands Administration created under Section
2977	53C-1-201;
2978	(vi) the committee created under Section 63F-1-508 to award grants to counties to
2979	inventory and map R.S. 2477 rights-of-way, associated structures, and other features; and
2980	(vii) the Constitutional Defense Council created under Section 63C-4a-202;
2981	(f) perform the duties established in Title 9, Chapter 8, Part 3, Antiquities, and Title 9,
2982	Chapter 8, Part 4, Historic Sites;
2983	(g) consistent with other statutory duties, encourage agencies to responsibly preserve
2984	archaeological resources;
2985	(h) maintain information concerning grants made under Subsection (1)(j), if available;
2986	(i) report annually, or more often if necessary or requested, concerning the office's
2987	activities and expenditures to:
2988	(i) the Constitutional Defense Council; and
2989	(ii) the Legislature's Natural Resources, Agriculture, and Environment Interim
2990	Committee jointly with the Constitutional Defense Council;
2991	(j) make grants of up to 16% of the office's total annual appropriations from the
2992	Constitutional Defense Restricted Account to a county or statewide association of counties to
2993	be used by the county or association of counties for public lands matters if the coordinator,
2994	with the advice of the Constitutional Defense Council, determines that the action provides a
2995	state benefit;
2996	(k) provide staff services to the Snake Valley Aquifer Advisory Council created in
2997	Section 63C-12-103;
2998	(1) coordinate and direct the Snake Valley Aquifer Research Team created in Section
2999	63C-12-107;
3000	(m) conduct the public lands transfer study and economic analysis required by Section
3001	63J-4-606; and
3002	(n) fulfill the duties described in Section $63L-10-103$.
3003	(2) The coordinator and office shall comply with [Subsection 63C-4a-203(8)] Section

3004	63C-4a-301.1 before submitting a comment to a federal agency, if the governor would be
3005	subject to [Subsection 63C-4a-203(8)] Section 63C-4a-301.1 if the governor were submitting
3006	the material.
3007	(3) The office may enter into a contract or other agreement with another state agency to
3008	provide information and services related to:
3009	(a) the duties authorized by Title 72, Chapter 3, Highway Jurisdiction and
3010	Classification Act;
3011	(b) legal actions concerning Title 72, Chapter 3, Highway Jurisdiction and
3012	Classification Act, or R.S. 2477 matters; or
3013	(c) any other matter within the office's responsibility.
3014	Section 61. Section 63J-4-606 is amended to read:
3015	63J-4-606. Public lands transfer study and economic analysis Report.
3016	(1) As used in this section:
3017	(a) "Public lands" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section 63L-6-102.
3018	(b) "Transfer of public lands" means the transfer of public lands from federal
3019	ownership to state ownership.
3020	[(2) (a) The coordinator and the office shall:]
3021	[(i) conduct a study and economic analysis of the ramifications and economic impacts
3022	of the transfer of public lands;]
3023	[(ii) during the study and economic analysis, consult with county representatives on an
3024	ongoing basis regarding how to consider and incorporate county land use plans and planning
3025	processes into the analysis; and]
3026	[(iii) on an ongoing basis, report on the progress and findings of the study to the
3027	Commission for the Stewardship of Public Lands.]
3028	[(b) The study and economic analysis shall:]
3029	[(i) inventory public lands;]
3030	[(ii) examine public lands':]
3031	[(A) ownership;]
3032	[(B) management;]
3033	[(C) jurisdiction;]
3034	[(D) resource characteristics;]

3035	[(E) federal management requirements related to national forests, national recreation
3036	areas, or other public lands administered by the United States; and]
3037	[(F) current and potential future uses and ways that socioeconomic conditions are
3038	influenced by those uses;]
3039	[(iii) determine:]
3040	[(A) public lands' ongoing and deferred maintenance costs, revenue production, and
3041	funding sources;]
3042	[(B) whether historical federal funding levels have been sufficient to manage, maintain,
3043	preserve, and restore public lands and whether that funding level is likely to continue;]
3044	[(C) the amount of public lands revenue paid to state, county, and local governments
3045	and other recipients designated by law from payments in lieu of taxes, timber receipts, secure
3046	rural school receipts, severance taxes, and mineral lease royalties;]
3047	[(D) historical trends of the revenue sources listed in Subsection (2)(b)(iii)(C);]
3048	[(E) ways that the payments listed in Subsection (2)(b)(iii)(C) can be maintained or
3049	replaced following the transfer of public lands; and]
3050	[(F) ways that, following the transfer of public lands, revenue from public lands can be
3051	increased while mitigating environmental impact;]
3052	[(iv) identify:]
3053	[(A) existing oil and gas, mining, grazing, hunting, fishing, recreation, and other rights
3054	and interests on public lands;]
3055	[(B) the economic impact of those rights and interests on state, county, and local
3056	economies;]
3057	[(C) actions necessary to secure, preserve, and protect those rights and interests; and]
3058	[(D) how those rights and interests may be affected in the event the federal government
3059	does not complete the transfer of public lands;]
3060	[(v) evaluate the impact of federal land ownership on:]
3061	[(A) the Utah School and Institutional Trust Lands Administration's ability to
3062	administer trust lands for the benefit of Utah schoolchildren;]
3063	[(B) the state's ability to fund education; and]
3064	[(C) state and local government tax bases;]
3065	[(vi) identify a process for the state to:]

3066	[(A) transfer and receive title to public lands from the United States;]
3067	[(B) utilize state agencies with jurisdiction over land, natural resources, environmental
3068	quality, and water to facilitate the transfer of public lands;]
3069	[(C) create a permanent state framework to oversee the transfer of public lands;]
3070	[(D) transition to state ownership and management of public lands using existing state
3071	and local government resources; and]
3072	[(E) indemnify political subdivisions of the state for actions taken in connection with
3073	the transfer of public lands;]
3074	[(vii) examine ways that multiple use of public lands through tourism and outdoor
3075	recreation contributes to:]
3076	[(A) the economic growth of state and local economies; and]
3077	[(B) the quality of life of Utah citizens;]
3078	[(viii) using theoretical modeling of various levels of land transfer, usage, and
3079	development, evaluate the potential economic impact of the transfer of public lands on state,
3080	county, and local governments; and]
3081	[(ix) recommend the optimal use of public lands following the transfer of public lands.]
3082	(2) The coordinator and the office shall, on an ongoing basis, report to the
3083	Constitutional and Federalism Defense Council regarding the ramifications and economic
3084	impacts of the transfer of public lands.
3085	(3) The coordinator and office shall:
3086	(a) on an ongoing basis, discuss issues related to the transfer of public lands with:
3087	(i) the School and Institutional Trust Lands Administration;
3088	(ii) local governments;
3089	(iii) water managers;
3090	(iv) environmental advocates;
3091	(v) outdoor recreation advocates;
3092	(vi) nonconventional and renewable energy producers;
3093	(vii) tourism representatives;
3094	(viii) wilderness advocates;
3095	(ix) ranchers and agriculture advocates;
3096	(x) oil, gas, and mining producers;

3097	(xi) fishing, hunting, and other wildlife interests;
3098	(xii) timber producers;
3099	(xiii) other interested parties; and
3100	[(xiv) the Commission for the Stewardship of Public Lands; and]
3101	(xiv) the Constitutional and Federalism Defense Council; and
3102	(b) develop ways to obtain input from Utah citizens regarding the transfer of public
3103	lands and the future care and use of public lands.
3104	[(4) The coordinator may contract with another state agency or private entity to assist
3105	the coordinator and office with the study and economic analysis required by Subsection (2)(a).]
3106	[(5) The coordinator shall submit a final report on the study and economic analysis
3107	described in Subsection (2)(a), including proposed legislation and recommendations, to the
3108	governor, the Natural Resources, Agriculture, and Environment Interim Committee, and the
3109	Commission for the Stewardship of Public Lands before November 30, 2014.]
3110	Section 62. Section 63J-4-607 is amended to read:
3111	63J-4-607. Resource management plan administration.
3112	(1) The office shall consult with the [Commission for the Stewardship of Public Lands]
3113	Constitutional and Federalism Defense Council before expending funds appropriated by the
3114	Legislature for the implementation of this section.
3115	(2) To the extent that the Legislature appropriates sufficient funding, the office may
3116	procure the services of a non-public entity in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah
3117	Procurement Code, to assist the office with the office's responsibilities described in Subsection
3118	(3).
3119	(3) The office shall:
3120	(a) assist each county with the creation of the county's resource management plan by:
3121	(i) consulting with the county on policy and legal issues related to the county's resource
3122	management plan; and
3123	(ii) helping the county ensure that the county's resource management plan meets the
3124	requirements of Subsection 17-27a-401(3);
3125	(b) promote quality standards among all counties' resource management plans; and
3126	(c) upon submission by a county, review and verify the county's:
3127	(i) estimated cost for creating a resource management plan; and

3128	(ii) actual cost for creating a resource management plan.
3129	(4) (a) A county shall cooperate with the office, or an entity procured by the office
3130	under Subsection (2), with regards to the office's responsibilities under Subsection (3).
3131	(b) To the extent that the Legislature appropriates sufficient funding, the office may, in
3132	accordance with Subsection (4)(c), provide funding to a county before the county completes a
3133	resource management plan.
3134	(c) The office may provide pre-completion funding described in Subsection (4)(b):
3135	(i) after:
3136	(A) the county submits an estimated cost for completing the resource management plan
3137	to the office; and
3138	(B) the office reviews and verifies the estimated cost in accordance with Subsection
3139	(3)(c)(i); and
3140	(ii) in an amount up to:
3141	(A) 50% of the estimated cost of completing the resource management plan, verified
3142	by the office; or
3143	(B) $25,000$, if the amount described in Subsection $(4)(c)(i)(A)$ is greater than $25,000$.
3144	(d) To the extent that the Legislature appropriates sufficient funding, the office shall
3145	provide funding to a county in the amount described in Subsection (4)(e) after:
3146	(i) a county's resource management plan:
3147	(A) meets the requirements described in Subsection 17-27a-401(3); and
3148	(B) is adopted under Subsection 17-27a-404(6)(d);
3149	(ii) the county submits the actual cost of completing the resource management plan to
3150	the office; and
3151	(iii) the office reviews and verifies the actual cost in accordance with Subsection
3152	(3)(c)(ii).
3153	(e) The office shall provide funding to a county under Subsection (4)(d) in an amount
3154	equal to the difference between:
3155	(i) the lesser of:
3156	(A) the actual cost of completing the resource management plan, verified by the office;
3157	or
3158	(B) \$50,000; and

3159	(ii) the amount of any pre-completion funding that the county received under
3160	Subsections (4)(b) and (c).
3161	(5) To the extent that the Legislature appropriates sufficient funding, after the deadline
3162	established in Subsection 17-27a-404(6)(d) for a county to adopt a resource management plan,
3163	the office shall:
3164	(a) obtain a copy of each county's resource management plan;
3165	(b) create a statewide resource management plan that:
3166	(i) meets the same requirements described in Subsection 17-27a-401(3); and
3167	(ii) to the extent reasonably possible, coordinates and is consistent with any resource
3168	management plan or land use plan established under Chapter 8, State of Utah Resource
3169	Management Plan for Federal Lands; and
3170	(c) submit a copy of the statewide resource management plan to the [Commission for
3171	the Stewardship of Public Lands] Constitutional and Federalism Defense Council for review.
3172	(6) Following review of the statewide resource management plan, the [Commission for
3173	the Stewardship of Public Lands] Constitutional and Federalism Defense Council shall prepare
3174	a concurrent resolution approving the statewide resource management plan for consideration
3175	during the 2018 General Session.
3176	(7) To the extent that the Legislature appropriates sufficient funding, the office shall
3177	provide legal support to a county that becomes involved in litigation with the federal
3178	government over the requirements of Subsection 17-27a-405(3).
3179	(8) After the statewide resource management plan is approved, as described in
3180	Subsection (6), and to the extent that the Legislature appropriates sufficient funding, the office
3181	shall monitor the implementation of the statewide resource management plan at the federal,
3182	state, and local levels.
3183	Section 63. Section 63L-10-102 is amended to read:
3184	63L-10-102. Definitions.
3185	As used in this chapter:
3186	[(1) "Commission" means the Commission for the Stewardship of Public Lands.]
3187	(1) "Council" means the Constitutional and Federalism Defense Council.
3188	(2) "Office" means the Public Lands Policy Coordinating Office established in Section
3189	63J-4-602.

3190	(3) "Plan" means the statewide resource management plan, created pursuant to Section
3191	63J-4-607 and adopted in Section 63L-10-103.
3192	(4) "Public lands" means:
3193	(a) land other than a national park that is managed by the United States Parks Service;
3194	(b) land that is managed by the United States Forest Service; and
3195	(c) land that is managed by the Bureau of Land Management.
3196	Section 64. Section 63L-10-103 is amended to read:
3197	63L-10-103. Statewide resource management plan adopted.
3198	(1) The statewide resource management plan, dated January 2, 2018, and on file with
3199	the office, is hereby adopted.
3200	(2) The office shall, to the extent possible and as funding allows, monitor federal, state,
3201	and local government compliance with the plan.
3202	(3) If the office modifies the plan, the office shall notify the [commission] council of
3203	the modification and the office's reasoning for the modification within 30 days of the day on
3204	which the modification is made.
3205	(4) (a) The [commission] council may request additional information of the office
3206	regarding any modifications to the plan, as described in Subsection (3).
3207	(b) The office shall promptly respond to any request for additional information, as
3208	described in Subsection (4)(a).
3209	(c) The [commission] council may make a recommendation that the Legislature
3210	approve a modification or disapprove a modification, or the [commission] council may decline
3211	to take action.
3212	(5) The office shall annually:
3213	(a) prepare a report detailing what changes, if any, are recommended for the plan and
3214	deliver the report to the [commission by October 31] council by August 31; and
3215	(b) report on the implementation of the plan at the federal, state, and local levels to the
3216	[commission by October 31] council by August 31.
3217	[(6) If the commission makes a recommendation that the Legislature approve a
3218	modification, the commission shall prepare a bill in anticipation of the annual general session
3219	of the Legislature to implement the change.]
3220	(6) If the council makes a recommendation that the Legislature make a change to the

3221	<u>plan:</u>
3222	(a) the council shall, before September 30, submit a request to the Natural Resources,
3223	Agriculture, and Environment Interim Committee for that committee to prepare a bill that
3224	makes the change; and
3225	(b) the Natural Resources, Agriculture, and Environment Interim Committee shall
3226	prepare a bill in anticipation of the annual general session of the Legislature to make the
3227	change.
3228	Section 65. Section 63L-10-104 is amended to read:
3229	63L-10-104. Policy statement.
3230	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), state agencies and political subdivisions shall
3231	refer to and substantially conform with the statewide resource management plan when making
3232	plans for public lands or other public resources in the state.
3233	(2) (a) The office shall, as funding allows, maintain a record of all state agency and
3234	political subdivision resource management plans and relevant documentation.
3235	(b) On an ongoing basis, state agencies and political subdivisions shall keep the office
3236	informed of any substantive modifications to their resource management plans.
3237	(c) On or before [October] August 31 of each year, the office shall provide a report to
3238	the [commission] council that includes the following:
3239	(i) any modifications to the state agency or political subdivision resource management
3240	plans that are inconsistent with the statewide resource management plan;
3241	(ii) a recommendation as to how an inconsistency identified under Subsection (2)(c)(i),
3242	if any, should be addressed; and
3243	(iii) a recommendation:
3244	(A) as to whether the statewide resource management plan should be modified to
3245	address any inconsistency identified under Subsection (2)(c)(i); or
3246	(B) on any other modification to the statewide resource management plan the office
3247	determines is necessary.
3248	(3) (a) Subject to Subsection (3)(b), nothing in this section preempts the authority
3249	granted to a political subdivision under:
3250	(i) Title 10, Chapter 8, Powers and Duties of Municipalities, or Title 10, Chapter 9a,
3251	Municipal Land Use, Development, and Management Act; or

3252	(ii) Title 17, Chapter 27a, County Land Use, Development, and Management Act.
3253	(b) Federal regulations state that, when state and local government policies, plans, and
3254	programs conflict, those of higher authority will normally be followed.
3255	Section 66. Section 63M-2-301 is amended to read:
3256	63M-2-301. The Utah Science Technology and Research Initiative Governing
3257	authority Executive director.
3258	(1) There is created the Utah Science Technology and Research Initiative.
3259	(2) To oversee USTAR, there is created the Utah Science Technology and Research
3260	Governing Authority consisting of:
3261	(a) the state treasurer or the state treasurer's designee;
3262	(b) the executive director of the Governor's Office of Economic Development;
3263	(c) three members appointed by the governor, with the consent of the Senate;
3264	(d) two members who are not legislators appointed by the president of the Senate;
3265	(e) two members who are not legislators appointed by the speaker of the House of
3266	Representatives; and
3267	(f) one member appointed by the commissioner of higher education.
3268	(3) (a) The eight appointed members under Subsections (2)(c) through (f) shall serve
3269	four-year staggered terms.
3270	(b) An appointed member under Subsection (2)(c), (d), (e), or (f):
3271	(i) may not serve more than two full consecutive terms; and
3272	(ii) may be removed from the governing authority for any reason before the member's
3273	term is completed:
3274	(A) at the discretion of the original appointing authority; and
3275	(B) after the original appointing authority consults with the governing authority.
3276	(4) A vacancy on the governing authority in an appointed position under Subsection
3277	(2)(c), (d), (e), or (f) shall be filled for the unexpired term by the appointing authority in the
3278	same manner as the original appointment.
3279	(5) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), the governor, with the consent of the
3280	Senate, shall select the chair of the governing authority to serve a one-year term.
3281	(b) The governor may extend the term of a sitting chair of the governing authority
3282	without the consent of the Senate.

3283	(c) The executive director of the Governor's Office of Economic Development shall
3284	serve as the vice chair of the governing authority.
3285	(6) The governing authority shall meet at least six times each year and may meet more
3286	frequently at the request of a majority of the members of the governing authority.
3287	(7) Five members of the governing authority are a quorum.
3288	(8) A member of the governing authority may not receive compensation or benefits for
3289	the member's service, but may receive per diem and travel expenses as allowed in:
3290	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
3291	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
3292	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance:
3293	(i) pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107; and
3294	(ii) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
3295	(9) (a) After consultation with the governing authority, the governor, with the consent
3296	of the Senate, shall appoint a full-time executive director to provide staff support for the
3297	governing authority.
3298	(b) The executive director is an at-will employee who may be terminated with or
3299	without cause by:
3300	(i) the governor; or
3301	(ii) majority vote of the governing authority.
3302	Section 67. Section 63M-7-301 is amended to read:
3303	63M-7-301. Definitions Creation of council Membership Terms.
3304	(1) (a) As used in this part, "council" means the Utah Substance Use and Mental Health
3305	Advisory Council created in this section.
3306	(b) There is created within the governor's office the Utah Substance Use and Mental
3307	Health Advisory Council.
3308	(2) The council shall be comprised of the following voting members:
3309	(a) the attorney general or the attorney general's designee;
3310	(b) an elected county official appointed by the Utah Association of Counties;
3311	(c) the commissioner of public safety or the commissioner's designee;
3312	(d) the director of the Division of Substance Abuse and Mental Health or the director's
3313	designee;

3314	(e) the state superintendent of public instruction or the superintendent's designee;
3315	(f) the executive director of the Department of Health or the executive director's
3316	designee;
3317	(g) the executive director of the Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice or the
3318	executive director's designee;
3319	(h) the executive director of the Department of Corrections or the executive director's
3320	designee;
3321	(i) the director of the Division of Juvenile Justice Services or the director's designee;
3322	(j) the director of the Division of Child and Family Services or the director's designee;
3323	(k) the chair of the Board of Pardons and Parole or the chair's designee;
3324	(1) the director of the Office of Multicultural Affairs or the director's designee;
3325	(m) the director of the Division of Indian Affairs or the director's designee;
3326	(n) the state court administrator or the state court administrator's designee;
3327	(o) a district court judge who presides over a drug court and who is appointed by the
3328	chief justice of the Utah Supreme Court;
3329	(p) a district court judge who presides over a mental health court and who is appointed
3330	by the chief justice of the Utah Supreme Court;
3331	(q) a juvenile court judge who presides over a drug court and who is appointed by the
3332	chief justice of the Utah Supreme Court;
3333	(r) a prosecutor appointed by the Statewide Association of Prosecutors;
3334	(s) the chair or co-chair of each committee established by the council;
3335	(t) the chair or co-chair of the Statewide Suicide Prevention Coalition created under
3336	Subsection 62A-15-11(2)(b);
3337	[(u) the following members appointed to serve four-year terms:]
3338	[(i) a member of the House of Representatives appointed by the speaker of the House
3339	of Representatives;]
3340	[(ii) a member of the Senate appointed by the president of the Senate; and]
3341	[(iii)] (u) a representative appointed by the Utah League of Cities and Towns to serve a
3342	four-year term;
3343	(v) the following members appointed by the governor to serve four-year terms:
3344	(i) one resident of the state who has been personally affected by a substance use or

3345	mental health disorder; and
3346	(ii) one citizen representative; and
3347	(w) in addition to the voting members described in Subsections (2)(a) through (v), the
3348	following voting members appointed by a majority of the members described in Subsections
3349	(2)(a) through (v) to serve four-year terms:
3350	(i) one resident of the state who represents a statewide advocacy organization for
3351	recovery from substance use disorders;
3352	(ii) one resident of the state who represents a statewide advocacy organization for
3353	recovery from mental illness;
3354	(iii) one resident of the state who represents prevention professionals;
3355	(iv) one resident of the state who represents treatment professionals;
3356	(v) one resident of the state who represents the physical health care field;
3357	(vi) one resident of the state who is a criminal defense attorney;
3358	(vii) one resident of the state who is a military servicemember or military veteran under
3359	Section 53B-8-102;
3360	(viii) one resident of the state who represents local law enforcement agencies; and
3361	(ix) one representative of private service providers that serve youth with substance use
3362	disorders or mental health disorders.
3363	(3) An individual other than an individual described in Subsection (2) may not be
3364	appointed as a voting member of the council.
3365	Section 68. Section 63M-7-302 is amended to read:
3366	63M-7-302. Chair Vacancies Quorum Expenses.
3367	(1) The Utah Substance Use and Mental Health Advisory Council shall annually select
3368	one of its members to serve as chair and one of its members to serve as vice chair.
3369	(2) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be
3370	appointed for the unexpired term in the same manner as the position was originally filled.
3371	(3) A majority of the members of the council constitutes a quorum.
3372	(4) [(a)] A member [who is not a legislator] may not receive compensation or benefits
3373	for the member's service, but may receive per diem and travel expenses as allowed in:
3374	[(i)] (a) Section 63A-3-106;
3375	[(ii)] (b) Section 63A-3-107; and

3376	[(iii)] (c) rules made by the Division of Finance according to Sections 63A-3-106 and
3377	63A-3-107.
3378	[(b) Compensation and expenses of a member who is a legislator are governed by
3379	Section 36-2-2 and Legislative Joint Rules, Title 5, Legislative Compensation and Expenses.]
3380	(5) The council may establish committees as needed to assist in accomplishing its
3381	duties under Section 63M-7-303.
3382	Section 69. Section 63M-7-401 is amended to read:
3383	63M-7-401. Creation Members Appointment Qualifications.
3384	(1) There is created a state commission to be known as the Sentencing Commission
3385	composed of [27] 25 members. The commission shall develop by-laws and rules in
3386	compliance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, and elect its
3387	officers.
3388	(2) The commission's members shall be:
3389	(a) [two members] one member of the House of Representatives, appointed by the
3390	speaker of the House [and not of the same political party];
3391	(b) [two members] one member of the Senate, appointed by the president of the Senate
3392	[and not of the same political party];
3393	(c) the executive director of the Department of Corrections or a designee appointed by
3394	the executive director;
3395	(d) the director of the Division of Juvenile Justice Services or a designee appointed by
3396	the director;
3397	(e) the executive director of the Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice or a
3398	designee appointed by the executive director;
3399	(f) the chair of the Board of Pardons and Parole or a designee appointed by the chair;
3400	(g) the chair of the Youth Parole Authority or a designee appointed by the chair;
3401	(h) two trial judges and an appellate judge appointed by the chair of the Judicial
3402	Council;
3403	(i) two juvenile court judges designated by the chair of the Judicial Council;
3404	(j) an attorney in private practice who is a member of the Utah State Bar, experienced
3405	in criminal defense, and appointed by the Utah Bar Commission;
3406	(k) an attorney who is a member of the Utah State Bar, experienced in the defense of

3407	minors in juvenile court, and appointed by the Utah Bar Commission;
3408	(1) the director of Salt Lake Legal Defenders or a designee appointed by the director;
3409	(m) the attorney general or a designee appointed by the attorney general;
3410	(n) a criminal prosecutor appointed by the Statewide Association of Public Attorneys;
3411	(o) a juvenile court prosecutor appointed by the Statewide Association of Public
3412	Attorneys;
3413	(p) a representative of the Utah Sheriff's Association appointed by the governor;
3414	(q) a chief of police appointed by the governor;
3415	(r) a licensed professional appointed by the governor who assists in the rehabilitation
3416	of adult offenders;
3417	(s) a licensed professional appointed by the governor who assists in the rehabilitation
3418	of juvenile offenders;
3419	(t) two members from the public appointed by the governor who exhibit sensitivity to
3420	the concerns of victims of crime and the ethnic composition of the population; and
3421	(u) one member from the public at large appointed by the governor.
3422	Section 70. Section 63M-11-201 is amended to read:
3423	63M-11-201. Composition Appointments Terms Removal.
3424	(1) The commission shall be composed of $[22] 20$ voting members as follows:
3425	[(a) one senator, appointed by the president of the Senate;]
3426	[(b) one representative, appointed by the speaker of the House of Representatives;]
3427	[(c)] (a) the executive director of the Department of Health;
3428	[(d)] (b) the executive director of the Department of Human Services;
3429	[(e)] (c) the executive director of the Governor's Office of Economic Development;
3430	[(f)] (d) the executive director of the Department of Workforce Services; and
3431	$\left[\frac{(g)}{(g)}\right]$ (e) 16 voting members, appointed by the governor, representing each of the
3432	following:
3433	(i) the Utah Association of Area Agencies on Aging;
3434	(ii) higher education in Utah;
3435	(iii) the business community;
3436	(iv) the Utah Association of Counties;
3437	

3438	(vi) charitable organizations;
3439	(vii) the health care provider industry;
3440	(viii) financial institutions;
3441	(ix) the legal profession;
3442	(x) the public safety sector;
3443	(xi) public transportation;
3444	(xii) ethnic minorities;
3445	(xiii) the industry that provides long-term care for the elderly;
3446	(xiv) organizations or associations that advocate for the aging population;
3447	(xv) the Alzheimer's Association; and
3448	(xvi) the general public.
3449	(2) (a) A member appointed under Subsection $(1)[(g)](e)$ shall serve a two-year term.
3450	(b) Notwithstanding the term requirements of Subsection (2)(a), the governor may
3451	adjust the length of the initial commission members' terms to ensure that the terms are
3452	staggered so that approximately 1/2 of the members appointed under Subsection (1)(g) are
3453	appointed each year.
3454	(c) When, for any reason, a vacancy occurs in a position appointed by the governor
3455	under Subsection (1)[(g)](e), the governor shall appoint a person to fill the vacancy for the
3456	unexpired term of the commission member being replaced.
3457	(d) Members appointed under Subsection (1)[(g)](e) may be removed by the governor
3458	for cause.
3459	(e) A member appointed under Subsection $(1)[(g)](e)$ shall be removed from the
3460	commission and replaced by the governor if the member is absent for three consecutive
3461	meetings of the commission without being excused by the chair of the commission.
3462	(3) In appointing the members under Subsection $(1)[(\underline{g})](\underline{e})$, the governor shall:
3463	(a) take into account the geographical makeup of the commission; and
3464	(b) strive to appoint members who are knowledgeable or have an interest in issues
3465	relating to the aging population.
3466	Section 71. Section 63M-11-206 is amended to read:
3467	63M-11-206. Members serve without pay Reimbursement for expenses.
3468	[(1)] A member [who is not a legislator] may not receive compensation or benefits for

3469	the member's service, but may receive per diem and travel expenses as allowed in:
3470	[(a)] (1) Section 63A-3-106;
3471	[(b)] (2) Section 63A-3-107; and
3472	[(c)] (3) rules made by the Division of Finance according to Sections 63A-3-106 and
3473	63A-3-107.
3474	[(2) Compensation and expenses of a member who is a legislator are governed by
3475	Section 36-2-2 and Legislative Joint Rules, Title JR5, Legislative Compensation and
3476	Expenses.]
3477	Section 72. Section 63N-1-201 is amended to read:
3478	63N-1-201. Creation of office Responsibilities.
3479	(1) There is created the Governor's Office of Economic Development.
3480	(2) The office is:
3481	(a) responsible for economic development and economic development planning in the
3482	state; and
3483	(b) the industrial promotion authority of the state.
3484	(3) The office shall:
3485	(a) administer and coordinate state and federal economic development grant programs;
3486	(b) promote and encourage the economic, commercial, financial, industrial,
3487	agricultural, and civic welfare of the state;
3488	(c) promote and encourage the employment of workers in the state and the purchase of
3489	goods and services produced in the state by local businesses;
3490	(d) act to create, develop, attract, and retain business, industry, and commerce in the
3491	state;
3492	(e) act to enhance the state's economy;
3493	(f) administer programs over which the office is given administrative supervision by
3494	the governor;
3495	(g) submit an annual written report as described in Section 63N-1-301; and
3496	[(h) comply with the requirements of Section 36-30-202; and]
3497	[(i)] (h) perform other duties as provided by the Legislature.
3498	(4) In order to perform its duties under this title, the office may:
3499	(a) enter into a contract or agreement with, or make a grant to, a public or private

3500	entity, including a municipality, if the contract or agreement is not in violation of state statute
3501	or other applicable law;
3502	(b) except as provided in Subsection (4)(c), receive and expend funds from a public or
3503	private source for any lawful purpose that is in the state's best interest; and
3504	(c) solicit and accept a contribution of money, services, or facilities from a public or
3505	private donor, but may not use the contribution for publicizing the exclusive interest of the
3506	donor.
3507	(5) Money received under Subsection (4)(c) shall be deposited in the General Fund as
3508	dedicated credits of the office.
3509	(6) (a) The office shall obtain the advice of the board before implementing a change to
3510	a policy, priority, or objective under which the office operates.
3511	(b) Subsection (6)(a) does not apply to the routine administration by the office of
3512	money or services related to the assistance, retention, or recruitment of business, industry, or
3513	commerce in the state.
3514	Section 73. Section 67-1-2.5 is amended to read:
3515	67-1-2.5. Database for executive boards.
3516	(1) As used in this section[, "executive board"]:
3517	(a) "Administrator" means the boards and commissions administrator designated under
3518	Subsection (2).
3519	(b) "Executive board" means any executive branch board, commission, council,
3520	committee, working group, task force, study group, advisory group, or other body with a
3521	defined limited membership that is created to operate for more than six months by the
3522	constitution, by statute, by executive order, by the governor, lieutenant governor, attorney
3523	general, state auditor, or state treasurer or by the head of a department, division, or other
3524	administrative subunit of the executive branch of state government.
3525	(2) The governor shall designate [a person from his] a board and commissions
3526	administrator from the governor's staff to maintain a computerized [data base] database
3527	containing information about all executive boards.
3528	(3) The [person designated to maintain the data base] administrator shall ensure that
3529	the [data base] database contains:
3530	(a) the name of each executive board;

3531	(b) the statutory or constitutional authority for the creation of the executive board;
3532	(c) the sunset date on which each executive board's statutory authority expires;
3533	(d) the state officer or department and division of state government under whose
3534	jurisdiction the executive board operates or with which the executive board is affiliated, if any;
3535	(e) the name, address, gender, telephone number, and county of each [person]
3536	individual currently serving on the executive board, along with a notation of all vacant or
3537	unfilled positions;
3538	(f) the title of the position held by the person who appointed each member of the
3539	executive board;
3540	(g) the length of the term to which each member of the executive board was appointed
3541	and the month and year that each executive board member's term expires;
3542	(h) whether or not members appointed to the executive board require consent of the
3543	Senate;
3544	(i) the organization, interest group, profession, local government entity, or geographic
3545	area that [the person] an individual appointed to an executive board represents, if any;
3546	(j) the [person's] party affiliation of an individual appointed to an executive board, if
3547	the statute or executive order creating the position requires representation from political
3548	parties;
3549	(k) whether [the] each executive board is a policy board or an advisory board;
3550	(1) whether [or not] the executive board has or exercises rulemaking authority; and
3551	(m) any compensation and expense reimbursement that members of the executive
3552	board are authorized to receive.
3553	[(4) The person designated to maintain the data base shall:]
3554	(4) The administrator shall place the following on the governor's website:
3555	(a) [make] the information contained in the [data base available to the public upon
3556	request; and] database;
3557	[(b) cooperate with other entities of state government to publish the data or useful
3558	summaries of the data.]
3559	(b) each report the administrator receives under Subsection (5); and
3560	(c) the summary report described in Subsection (6).
3561	(5) (a) Before September 1 of each year, each executive board shall prepare and submit

3562	to the administrator an annual report that includes:
3563	(i) the name of the executive board;
3564	(ii) a description of the executive board's official function and purpose;
3565	(iii) a description of the actual work performed by the executive board since the last
3566	report the executive board submitted to the administrator under this Subsection (5);
3567	(iv) a description of actions taken by the executive board since the last report the
3568	executive board submitted to the administrator under this Subsection (5);
3569	(v) recommendations on whether any statutory, rule, or other changes are needed to
3570	make the executive board more effective; and
3571	(vi) an indication of whether the executive board should continue to exist.
3572	(b) The administrator shall compile and post the reports described in Subsection (5)(a)
3573	to the governor's website before October 1 of each year.
3574	(c) An executive board is not required to submit a report under this Subsection (5) if
3575	the executive board:
3576	(i) is also a legislative board under Section <u>36-12-22</u> ; and
3577	(ii) submits a report under Section <u>36-12-22</u> .
3578	[(5)] (6) (a) The [person designated to maintain the data base] administrator shall
3579	prepare, publish, and distribute an annual report by [December] October 1 of each year that
3580	includes[, as of November 1]:
3581	(i) as of September 1 of that year:
3582	[(i)] (A) the total number of executive boards;
3583	[(ii)] (B) the name of each of those executive boards and the state officer or department
3584	and division of state government under whose jurisdiction the executive board operates or with
3585	which the executive board is affiliated, if any;
3586	[(iii)] (C) for each state officer and each department and division, the total number of
3587	executive boards under the jurisdiction of or affiliated with that officer, department, and
3588	division;
3589	[(iv)] (D) the total number of members for each of those executive boards;
3590	[(v)] (E) whether or not some or all of the members of each of those executive boards
3591	are approved by the Senate;
3592	[(vi)] (F) whether each board is a policymaking board or an advisory board and the

3593	total number of policy boards and the total number of advisory boards; and
3594	[(vii)] (G) the compensation, if any, paid to the members of each of those executive
3595	boards[-]; and
3596	(ii) a summary of the reports submitted to the administrator under Subsection (5),
3597	including:
3598	(A) a list of each executive board that submitted a report under Subsection (5);
3599	(B) a list of each executive board that did not submit a report under Subsection (5);
3600	(C) an indication of any recommendations made under Subsection $(5)(a)(v)$; and
3601	(D) a list of any executive boards that indicated under Subsection (5)(a)(vi) that the
3602	executive board should no longer exist.
3603	(b) The [person designated to maintain the data bases] administrator shall distribute
3604	copies of the report described in Subsection (6)(a) to:
3605	(i) the governor;
3606	(ii) the president of the Senate;
3607	(iii) the speaker of the House;
3608	(iv) the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel; [and]
3609	(v) the Government Operations Interim Committee; and
3610	[(v)] (vi) any other persons who request a copy of the annual report.
3611	(c) Each year, the Government Operations Interim Committee shall prepare legislation
3612	making any changes the committee determines are suitable with respect to the report the
3613	committee receives under Subsection (6)(b), including:
3614	(i) repealing an executive board that is no longer functional or necessary; and
3615	(ii) making appropriate changes to make an executive board more effective.
3616	Section 74. Section 73-10g-105 is amended to read:
3617	73-10g-105. Loans Rulemaking.
3618	(1) (a) The division and the board shall make rules, in accordance with Title 63G,
3619	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, in preparation to make loans from available
3620	funds to repair, replace, or improve underfunded federal water infrastructure projects.
3621	(b) Subject to Chapter 26, Bear River Development Act, and Chapter 28, Lake Powell
3622	Pipeline Development Act, the division and the board shall make rules, in accordance with
3623	Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, in preparation to make loans from

3624	available funds to develop the state's undeveloped share of the Bear and Colorado rivers.
3625	(2) The rules described in Subsection (1) shall:
3626	(a) specify the amount of money that may be loaned;
3627	(b) specify the criteria the division and the board shall consider in prioritizing and
3628	awarding loans;
3629	(c) specify the minimum qualifications for an individual who, or entity that, receives a
3630	loan, including the amount of cost-sharing to be the responsibility of the individual or entity
3631	applying for a loan;
3632	(d) specify the terms of the loan, including the terms of repayment; and
3633	(e) require all applicants for a loan to apply on forms provided by the division and in a
3634	manner required by the division.
3635	(3) The division and the board shall, in making the rules described in Subsection (1)
3636	and in consultation with the State Water Development Commission created in Section
3637	73-27-102:
3638	(a) establish criteria for better water data and data reporting;
3639	(b) establish new conservation targets based on the data described in Subsection (3)(a);
3640	(c) institute a process for the independent verification of the data described in
3641	Subsection (3)(a);
3642	(d) establish a plan for an independent review of:
3643	(i) the proposed construction plan for an applicant's qualifying water infrastructure
3644	project; and
3645	(ii) the applicant's plan to repay the loan for the construction of the proposed water
3646	infrastructure project;
3647	(e) invite and recommend public involvement; and
3648	(f) set appropriate financing and repayment terms.
3649	[(4) (a) The division, board, and State Water Development Commission shall, no later
3650	than October 30, 2016, report to the Natural Resources, Agriculture, and Environment Interim
3651	Committee and Legislative Management Committee on the rules established pursuant to
3652	Subsections (1) and (3).]
3653	[(b) After October 30, 2016, the]
3654	(4) The division and the board shall provide regular updates to the Legislative

3655	Management Committee on the progress made under this section, including whether the
3656	division and board intend to issue a request for proposals.
3657	Section 75. Section 78A-2-501 is amended to read:
3658	78A-2-501. Definitions Online Court Assistance Program Purpose of
3659	program Online Court Assistance Account User's fee.
3660	(1) As used in this part:
3661	(a) "Account" means the Online Court Assistance Account created in this section.
3662	[(b) "Board" means the Online Court Assistance Program Policy Board created in
3663	Section 78A-2-502.]
3664	[(c)] (b) "Program" means the Online Court Assistance Program created in this section.
3665	(2) There is created the "Online Court Assistance Program" administered by the
3666	Administrative Office of the Courts to provide the public with information about civil
3667	procedures and to assist the public in preparing and filing civil pleadings and other papers in:
3668	(a) uncontested divorces;
3669	(b) enforcement of orders in the divorce decree;
3670	(c) landlord and tenant actions;
3671	(d) guardianship actions; and
3672	(e) other types of proceedings approved by the board.
3673	(3) The purpose of the program shall be to:
3674	(a) minimize the costs of civil litigation;
3675	(b) improve access to the courts; and
3676	(c) provide for informed use of the courts and the law by pro se litigants.
3677	(4) (a) An additional \$20 shall be added to the filing fee established by Sections
3678	78A-2-301 and 78A-2-301.5 if a person files a complaint, petition, answer, or response
3679	prepared through the program. There shall be no fee for using the program or for papers filed
3680	subsequent to the initial pleading.
3681	(b) There is created within the General Fund a restricted account known as the Online
3682	Court Assistance Account. The fees collected under this Subsection (4) shall be deposited in
3683	the restricted account and appropriated by the Legislature to the Administrative Office of the
3684	Courts to develop, operate, and maintain the program and to support the use of the program
3685	through education of the public.

- H.B. 387 3686 (5) The Administrative Office of the Courts shall provide on the front page of the 3687 program website a listing of all forms and proceedings available to all pro se litigants within the program. 3688 3689 Section 76. Repealer. 3690 This bill repeals: Section 10-1-119. Inventory of competitive activities. 3691 3692 Section 11-13-224, Utah interlocal entity for alternative fuel vehicles and facilities. 3693 Section 17-50-107, Inventory of competitive activities. 3694 Section 19-2-109.2, Small business assistance program. 3695 Section 36-20-1, Definitions. 3696 Section 36-20-2. Judicial Rules Review Committee. 3697 Section 36-20-3, Submission of court rules or proposals for court rules. Section 36-20-4, Review of rules -- Criteria. 3698 3699 Section 36-20-5, Committee review -- Fiscal analyst -- Powers of committee. 3700 Section 36-20-6, Findings -- Report -- Distribution of copies. 3701 Section 36-20-7. Court rules or proposals for court rules -- Publication in bulletin. 3702 Section 36-20-8, Duties of staff. Section **36-30-101**, **Title**. 3703 3704 Section 36-30-102, Definitions. 3705 Section 36-30-201, Economic Development Legislative Liaison Committee --3706 Creation -- Membership -- Chairs -- Per diem and expenses. 3707 Section 36-30-202, Duties -- Confidential information -- Records. 3708 Section 36-30-203, Staff support. 3709 Section 53E-3-920, Creation of State Council on Military Children.
- 3710 Section 53E-10-401, Definitions.
- Section 53E-10-402, American Indian-Alaskan Native Public Education Liaison. 3711
- 3712 Section 53E-10-403, Commission created.
- 3713 Section 53E-10-404, Duties of the commission.
- Section 53E-10-405, Adoption of state plan. 3714
- 3715 Section 53E-10-406, Changes to state plan.
- 3716 Section 53E-10-407. Pilot program.

3717	Section 62A-1-120, Utah Marriage Commission.
3718	Section 63C-4a-201, Title.
3719	Section 63C-4a-301, Title.
3720	Section 63C-4a-302, Creation of Commission on Federalism Membership
3721	meetings Staff Expenses.
3722	Section 63C-4b-101, Title.
3723	Section 63C-4b-102, Definitions.
3724	Section 63C-4b-103, Commission for the Stewardship of Public Lands Creation
3725	Membership Interim rules followed Compensation Staff.
3726	Section 63C-4b-107, Repeal of commission.
3727	Section 63C-14-101, Title.
3728	Section 63C-14-102, Definitions.
3729	Section 63C-14-201, Creation of Federal Funds Commission Membership
3730	Chairs.
3731	Section 63C-14-202, Terms of commission members Removal Vacancies
3732	Salaries and expenses.
3733	Section 63C-14-302, Commission meetings Quorum Bylaws Staff support.
3734	Section 63C-16-101, Title.
3735	Section 63C-16-102, Definitions.
3736	Section 63C-16-201, Commission created Membership Cochairs Removal
3737	Vacancy.
3738	Section 63C-16-202, Quorum and voting requirements Bylaws Per diem and
3739	expenses Staff.
3740	Section 63C-16-203, Commission duties and responsibilities.
3741	Section 63C-16-204, Other agencies' cooperation and actions.
3742	Section 63F-1-202, Technology Advisory Board Membership Duties.
3743	Section 63F-2-101, Title.
3744	Section 63F-2-102, Data Security Management Council Membership Duties.
3745	Section 63F-2-103, Data Security Management Council Report to Legislature
3746	Recommendations.
3747	Section 63I-4a-101, Title.

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3748	Section 63I-4a-102, Definitions.
3749	Section 63I-4a-201, Title.
3750	Section 63I-4a-202, Free Market Protection and Privatization Board Created
3751	Membership Operations Expenses.
3752	Section 63I-4a-203, Free Market Protection and Privatization Board Duties.
3753	Section 63I-4a-204, Staff support Assistance to an agency or local entity.
3754	Section 63I-4a-205, Board accounting method.
3755	Section 63I-4a-301, Title.
3756	Section 63I-4a-302, Board to create inventory.
3757	Section 63I-4a-303, Governor to require review of commercial activities.
3758	Section 63I-4a-304, Duties of the Governor's Office of Management and Budget.
3759	Section 63I-4a-401, Title.
3760	Section 63I-4a-402, Government immunity.
3761	Section 67-1a-10, Commission on Civic and Character Education Membership
3762	Chair Expenses.
3763	Section 67-1a-11, Commission on Civic and Character Education Duties and
3764	responsibilities.
3765	Section 78A-2-502, Creation of policy board Membership Terms Chair
3766	Quorum Expenses

3766 **Quorum -- Expenses.**