

1                   **PRESENTENCE INVESTIGATION AND PROBATION**

2                                   **REPORT MODIFICATIONS**

3   2019 GENERAL SESSION

4   STATE OF UTAH

5                           **Chief Sponsor: Eric K. Hutchings**

6                           Senate Sponsor: \_\_\_\_\_

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8 **LONG TITLE**

9 **General Description:**

10           This bill amends provisions of the Utah Code of Criminal Procedure relating to  
11 presentence investigation reports and affidavits reporting a probation violation.

12 **Highlighted Provisions:**

13           This bill:

14           ▶ provides that, under certain circumstances, the Department of Corrections may  
15 provide a copy of a defendant's presentence investigation report to a sex offender  
16 treatment provider working with the defendant; and

17           ▶ provides that an unsworn declaration may be used to report a probation violation.

18 **Money Appropriated in this Bill:**

19           None

20 **Other Special Clauses:**

21           None

22 **Utah Code Sections Affected:**

23 AMENDS:

24           **77-18-1**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 334

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26 *Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:*

27           Section 1. Section **77-18-1** is amended to read:



28           **77-18-1. Suspension of sentence -- Pleas held in abeyance -- Probation --**  
29 **Supervision -- Presentence investigation -- Standards -- Confidentiality -- Terms and**  
30 **conditions -- Termination, revocation, modification, or extension -- Hearings -- Electronic**  
31 **monitoring.**

32           (1) On a plea of guilty or no contest entered by a defendant in conjunction with a plea  
33 in abeyance agreement, the court may hold the plea in abeyance as provided in Title 77,  
34 Chapter 2a, Pleas in Abeyance, and under the terms of the plea in abeyance agreement.

35           (2) (a) On a plea of guilty, guilty with a mental illness, no contest, or conviction of any  
36 crime or offense, the court may, after imposing sentence, suspend the execution of the sentence  
37 and place the defendant:

38           (i) on probation under the supervision of the Department of Corrections except in cases  
39 of class C misdemeanors or infractions;

40           (ii) on probation under the supervision of an agency of local government or with a  
41 private organization; or

42           (iii) on court probation under the jurisdiction of the sentencing court.

43           (b) (i) The legal custody of all probationers under the supervision of the department is  
44 with the department.

45           (ii) The legal custody of all probationers under the jurisdiction of the sentencing court  
46 is vested as ordered by the court.

47           (iii) The court has continuing jurisdiction over all probationers.

48           (iv) Court probation may include an administrative level of services, including  
49 notification to the court of scheduled periodic reviews of the probationer's compliance with  
50 conditions.

51           (c) Supervised probation services provided by the department, an agency of local  
52 government, or a private organization shall specifically address the offender's risk of  
53 reoffending as identified by a validated risk and needs screening or assessment.

54           (3) (a) The department shall establish supervision and presentence investigation  
55 standards for all individuals referred to the department based on:

56           (i) the type of offense;

57           (ii) the results of a risk and needs assessment;

58           (iii) the demand for services;

59 (iv) the availability of agency resources;  
60 (v) public safety; and  
61 (vi) other criteria established by the department to determine what level of services  
62 shall be provided.

63 (b) Proposed supervision and investigation standards shall be submitted to the Judicial  
64 Council and the Board of Pardons and Parole on an annual basis for review and comment prior  
65 to adoption by the department.

66 (c) The Judicial Council and the department shall establish procedures to implement  
67 the supervision and investigation standards.

68 (d) The Judicial Council and the department shall annually consider modifications to  
69 the standards based upon criteria in Subsection (3)(a) and other criteria as they consider  
70 appropriate.

71 (e) The Judicial Council and the department shall annually prepare an impact report  
72 and submit it to the appropriate legislative appropriations subcommittee.

73 (4) Notwithstanding other provisions of law, the department is not required to  
74 supervise the probation of an individual convicted of a class B or C misdemeanor or an  
75 infraction or to conduct presentence investigation reports on a class C misdemeanor or  
76 infraction. However, the department may supervise the probation of a class B misdemeanor in  
77 accordance with department standards.

78 (5) (a) Before the imposition of any sentence, the court may, with the concurrence of  
79 the defendant, continue the date for the imposition of sentence for a reasonable period of time  
80 for the purpose of obtaining a presentence investigation report from the department or  
81 information from other sources about the defendant.

82 (b) The presentence investigation report shall include:

83 (i) a victim impact statement according to guidelines set in Section [77-38a-203](#)  
84 describing the effect of the crime on the victim and the victim's family;

85 (ii) a specific statement of pecuniary damages, accompanied by a recommendation  
86 from the department regarding the payment of restitution with interest by the defendant in  
87 accordance with Title 77, Chapter 38a, Crime Victims Restitution Act;

88 (iii) findings from any screening and any assessment of the offender conducted under  
89 Section [77-18-1.1](#);

90 (iv) recommendations for treatment of the offender; and  
91 (v) the number of days since the commission of the offense that the offender has spent  
92 in the custody of the jail and the number of days, if any, the offender was released to a  
93 supervised release or alternative incarceration program under Section 17-22-5.5.

94 (c) The contents of the presentence investigation report are protected and are not  
95 available except by court order for purposes of sentencing as provided by rule of the Judicial  
96 Council or for use by the department.

97 (6) (a) The department shall provide the presentence investigation report to the  
98 defendant's attorney, or the defendant if not represented by counsel, the prosecutor, and the  
99 court for review, three working days prior to sentencing. Any alleged inaccuracies in the  
100 presentence investigation report, which have not been resolved by the parties and the  
101 department prior to sentencing, shall be brought to the attention of the sentencing judge, and  
102 the judge may grant an additional 10 working days to resolve the alleged inaccuracies of the  
103 report with the department. If after 10 working days the inaccuracies cannot be resolved, the  
104 court shall make a determination of relevance and accuracy on the record.

105 (b) If a party fails to challenge the accuracy of the presentence investigation report at  
106 the time of sentencing, that matter shall be considered to be waived.

107 (7) At the time of sentence, the court shall receive any testimony, evidence, or  
108 information the defendant or the prosecuting attorney desires to present concerning the  
109 appropriate sentence. This testimony, evidence, or information shall be presented in open court  
110 on record and in the presence of the defendant.

111 (8) While on probation, and as a condition of probation, the court may require that a  
112 defendant perform any or all of the following:

113 (a) provide for the support of others for whose support the defendant is legally liable;

114 (b) participate in available treatment programs, including any treatment program in  
115 which the defendant is currently participating, if the program is acceptable to the court;

116 (c) if on probation for a felony offense, serve a period of time, not to exceed one year,  
117 in a county jail designated by the department, after considering any recommendation by the  
118 court as to which jail the court finds most appropriate;

119 (d) serve a term of home confinement, which may include the use of electronic  
120 monitoring;

- 121 (e) participate in compensatory service restitution programs, including the  
122 compensatory service program provided in Section 76-6-107.1;
- 123 (f) pay for the costs of investigation, probation, and treatment services;
- 124 (g) make restitution or reparation to the victim or victims with interest in accordance  
125 with Title 77, Chapter 38a, Crime Victims Restitution Act; and
- 126 (h) comply with other terms and conditions the court considers appropriate to ensure  
127 public safety or increase a defendant's likelihood of success on probation.
- 128 (9) The department shall collect and disburse the accounts receivable as defined by  
129 Section 77-32a-101, with interest and any other costs assessed under Section 64-13-21 during:
- 130 (a) the parole period and any extension of that period in accordance with Subsection  
131 77-27-6(4); and
- 132 (b) the probation period in cases for which the court orders supervised probation and  
133 any extension of that period by the department in accordance with Subsection (10).
- 134 (10) (a) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (10)(a)(ii), probation of an individual  
135 placed on probation after December 31, 2018:
- 136 (A) may not exceed the individual's maximum sentence;
- 137 (B) shall be for a period of time that is in accordance with the supervision length  
138 guidelines established by the Utah Sentencing Commission under Section 63M-7-404, to the  
139 extent the guidelines are consistent with the requirements of the law; and
- 140 (C) shall be terminated in accordance with the supervision length guidelines  
141 established by the Utah Sentencing Commission under Section 63M-7-404, to the extent the  
142 guidelines are consistent with the requirements of the law.
- 143 (ii) Probation of an individual placed on probation after December 31, 2018, whose  
144 maximum sentence is one year or less may not exceed 36 months.
- 145 (iii) Probation of an individual placed on probation on or after October 1, 2015, but  
146 before January 1, 2019, may be terminated at any time at the discretion of the court or upon  
147 completion without violation of 36 months probation in felony or class A misdemeanor cases,  
148 12 months in cases of class B or C misdemeanors or infractions, or as allowed pursuant to  
149 Section 64-13-21 regarding earned credits.
- 150 (b) (i) If, upon expiration or termination of the probation period under Subsection  
151 (10)(a), there remains an unpaid balance upon the accounts receivable as defined in Section

152 77-32a-101, the court may retain jurisdiction of the case and continue the defendant on bench  
153 probation for the limited purpose of enforcing the payment of the account receivable. If the  
154 court retains jurisdiction for this limited purpose, the court may order the defendant to pay to  
155 the court the costs associated with continued probation under this Subsection (10).

156 (ii) In accordance with Section 77-18-6, the court shall record in the registry of civil  
157 judgments any unpaid balance not already recorded and immediately transfer responsibility to  
158 collect the account to the Office of State Debt Collection.

159 (iii) Upon motion of the Office of State Debt Collection, prosecutor, victim, or upon its  
160 own motion, the court may require the defendant to show cause why the defendant's failure to  
161 pay should not be treated as contempt of court.

162 (c) (i) The department shall notify the sentencing court, the Office of State Debt  
163 Collection, and the prosecuting attorney in writing in advance in all cases when termination of  
164 supervised probation is being requested by the department or will occur by law.

165 (ii) The notification shall include a probation progress report and complete report of  
166 details on outstanding accounts receivable.

167 (11) (a) (i) Any time served by a probationer outside of confinement after having been  
168 charged with a probation violation and prior to a hearing to revoke probation does not  
169 constitute service of time toward the total probation term unless the probationer is exonerated  
170 at a hearing to revoke the probation.

171 (ii) Any time served in confinement awaiting a hearing or decision concerning  
172 revocation of probation does not constitute service of time toward the total probation term  
173 unless the probationer is exonerated at the hearing.

174 (iii) Any time served in confinement awaiting a hearing or decision concerning  
175 revocation of probation constitutes service of time toward a term of incarceration imposed as a  
176 result of the revocation of probation or a graduated sanction imposed under Section  
177 63M-7-404.

178 (b) The running of the probation period is tolled upon the filing of a violation report  
179 with the court alleging a violation of the terms and conditions of probation or upon the issuance  
180 of an order to show cause or warrant by the court.

181 (12) (a) (i) Probation may be modified as is consistent with the supervision length  
182 guidelines and the graduated sanctions and incentives developed by the Utah Sentencing

183 Commission under Section [63M-7-404](#).

184 (ii) The length of probation may not be extended, except upon waiver of a hearing by  
185 the probationer or upon a hearing and a finding in court that the probationer has violated the  
186 conditions of probation.

187 (iii) Probation may not be revoked except upon a hearing in court and a finding that the  
188 conditions of probation have been violated.

189 (b) (i) Upon the filing of an affidavit, or an unsworn written declaration executed in  
190 substantial compliance with Section [78B-5-705](#), alleging with particularity facts asserted to  
191 constitute violation of the conditions of probation, the court that authorized probation shall  
192 determine if the affidavit or unsworn written declaration establishes probable cause to believe  
193 that revocation, modification, or extension of probation is justified.

194 (ii) If the court determines there is probable cause, it shall cause to be served on the  
195 defendant a warrant for the defendant's arrest or a copy of the affidavit or unsworn written  
196 declaration and an order to show cause why the defendant's probation should not be revoked,  
197 modified, or extended.

198 (c) (i) The order to show cause shall specify a time and place for the hearing and shall  
199 be served upon the defendant at least five days prior to the hearing.

200 (ii) The defendant shall show good cause for a continuance.

201 (iii) The order to show cause shall inform the defendant of a right to be represented by  
202 counsel at the hearing and to have counsel appointed if the defendant is indigent.

203 (iv) The order shall also inform the defendant of a right to present evidence.

204 (d) (i) At the hearing, the defendant shall admit or deny the allegations of the affidavit  
205 or unsworn written declaration.

206 (ii) If the defendant denies the allegations of the affidavit or unsworn written  
207 declaration, the prosecuting attorney shall present evidence on the allegations.

208 (iii) The persons who have given adverse information on which the allegations are  
209 based shall be presented as witnesses subject to questioning by the defendant unless the court  
210 for good cause otherwise orders.

211 (iv) The defendant may call witnesses, appear and speak in the defendant's own behalf,  
212 and present evidence.

213 (e) (i) After the hearing the court shall make findings of fact.

214 (ii) Upon a finding that the defendant violated the conditions of probation, the court  
215 may order the probation revoked, modified, continued, or reinstated for all or a portion of the  
216 original term of probation.

217 (iii) (A) Except as provided in Subsection (10)(a)(ii), the court may not require a  
218 defendant to remain on probation for a period of time that exceeds the length of the defendant's  
219 maximum sentence.

220 (B) Except as provided in Subsection (10)(a)(ii), if a defendant's probation is revoked  
221 and later reinstated, the total time of all periods of probation the defendant serves, relating to  
222 the same sentence, may not exceed the defendant's maximum sentence.

223 (iv) If a period of incarceration is imposed for a violation, the defendant shall be  
224 sentenced within the guidelines established by the Utah Sentencing Commission pursuant to  
225 Subsection 63M-7-404(4), unless the judge determines that:

226 (A) the defendant needs substance abuse or mental health treatment, as determined by a  
227 validated risk and needs screening and assessment, that warrants treatment services that are  
228 immediately available in the community; or

229 (B) the sentence previously imposed shall be executed.

230 (v) If the defendant had, prior to the imposition of a term of incarceration or the  
231 execution of the previously imposed sentence under this Subsection (12), served time in jail as  
232 a condition of probation or due to a violation of probation under Subsection (12)(e)(iv), the  
233 time the probationer served in jail constitutes service of time toward the sentence previously  
234 imposed.

235 (13) The court may order the defendant to commit the defendant to the custody of the  
236 Division of Substance Abuse and Mental Health for treatment at the Utah State Hospital as a  
237 condition of probation or stay of sentence, only after the superintendent of the Utah State  
238 Hospital or the superintendent's designee has certified to the court that:

239 (a) the defendant is appropriate for and can benefit from treatment at the state hospital;

240 (b) treatment space at the hospital is available for the defendant; and

241 (c) individuals described in Subsection 62A-15-610(2)(g) are receiving priority for  
242 treatment over the defendants described in this Subsection (13).

243 (14) Presentence investigation reports are classified protected in accordance with Title  
244 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act. Notwithstanding Sections



245 63G-2-403 and 63G-2-404, the State Records Committee may not order the disclosure of a  
246 presentence investigation report. Except for disclosure at the time of sentencing pursuant to  
247 this section, the department may disclose the presentence investigation only when:

248 (a) ordered by the court pursuant to Subsection 63G-2-202(7);  
249 (b) requested by a law enforcement agency or other agency approved by the department  
250 for purposes of supervision, confinement, and treatment of the offender;

251 (c) requested by the Board of Pardons and Parole;

252 (d) requested by the subject of the presentence investigation report or the subject's  
253 authorized representative; [or]

254 (e) requested by the victim of the crime discussed in the presentence investigation  
255 report or the victim's authorized representative, provided that the disclosure to the victim shall  
256 include only information relating to statements or materials provided by the victim, to the  
257 circumstances of the crime including statements by the defendant, or to the impact of the crime  
258 on the victim or the victim's household[-]; or

259 (f) requested by a sex offender treatment provider who is certified to provide treatment  
260 under the program established in Subsection 64-13-25(3) and who, at the time of the request:

261 (i) is providing sex offender treatment to the offender who is the subject of the  
262 presentence investigation report; and

263 (ii) provides written assurance to the department that the report:

264 (A) is necessary for the treatment of the offender;

265 (B) will be used solely for the treatment of the offender; and

266 (C) will not be disclosed to an individual or entity other than the offender.

267 (15) (a) The court shall consider home confinement as a condition of probation under  
268 the supervision of the department, except as provided in Sections 76-3-406 and 76-5-406.5.

269 (b) The department shall establish procedures and standards for home confinement,  
270 including electronic monitoring, for all individuals referred to the department in accordance  
271 with Subsection (16).

272 (16) (a) If the court places the defendant on probation under this section, it may order  
273 the defendant to participate in home confinement through the use of electronic monitoring as  
274 described in this section until further order of the court.

275 (b) The electronic monitoring shall alert the department and the appropriate law

276 enforcement unit of the defendant's whereabouts.

277 (c) The electronic monitoring device shall be used under conditions which require:

278 (i) the defendant to wear an electronic monitoring device at all times; and

279 (ii) that a device be placed in the home of the defendant, so that the defendant's

280 compliance with the court's order may be monitored.

281 (d) If a court orders a defendant to participate in home confinement through electronic  
282 monitoring as a condition of probation under this section, it shall:

283 (i) place the defendant on probation under the supervision of the Department of  
284 Corrections;

285 (ii) order the department to place an electronic monitoring device on the defendant and  
286 install electronic monitoring equipment in the residence of the defendant; and

287 (iii) order the defendant to pay the costs associated with home confinement to the  
288 department or the program provider.

289 (e) The department shall pay the costs of home confinement through electronic  
290 monitoring only for an individual who is determined to be indigent by the court.

291 (f) The department may provide the electronic monitoring described in this section  
292 either directly or by contract with a private provider.