	UNIFORM GUARDIANSHIP, CONSERVATORSHIP, AND
,	OTHER PROTECTIVE ARRANGEMENTS ACT
,	2019 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
	Chief Sponsor: Lyle W. Hillyard
	House Sponsor:
	LONG TITLE
	General Description:
	This bill addresses guardianships, conservatorships, and other protective arrangements.
	Highlighted Provisions:
	This bill:
	 enacts the Uniform Guardianship, Conservatorship, and Other Protective
	Arrangements Act, including:
	 enacting general provisions;
	 enacting provisions regarding guardianship of a minor;
	 enacting provisions regarding guardianship of an adult;
	 enacting provisions regarding conservatorships;
	 enacting provisions relating to other protective arrangements;
	 providing forms; and
	 enacting miscellaneous provisions, such as severability clause;
	 repeals the Protection of Persons Under Disability and Their Property chapter; and
	 makes technical and conforming amendments.
	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
	None
	Other Special Clauses:
	This bill provides a special effective date.



28 **Utah Code Sections Affected:** 29 AMENDS: 30 31A-21-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 355 31 31A-23a-111, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 319 32 31A-23b-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 168 33 31A-25-208, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 138 34 31A-26-213, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 168 35 53G-6-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 64 and renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 3 36 53G-6-303, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 3 37 38 53G-6-304, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 3 39 62A-3-320, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 176 40 62A-14-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 364 41 62A-14-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 75 42 63I-2-275, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 455 75-1-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 364 43 44 **75-5b-102**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 253 45 **75-5b-302**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 253 46 **75-11-114**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 27 47 **ENACTS:** 48 **75-5c-101**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 49 75-5c-102, Utah Code Annotated 1953 50 **75-5c-103**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 51 75-5c-104, Utah Code Annotated 1953 52 **75-5c-105**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 53 **75-5c-106**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 54 **75-5c-107**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 55 **75-5c-108**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 56 **75-5c-109**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 57 **75-5c-110**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 58 **75-5c-111**, Utah Code Annotated 1953

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64	75-5c-117 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
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183	75-5-305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1977, Chapter 194
184	75-5-306, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1977, Chapter 194
185	75-5-307, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 274
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187	75-5-309, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 455
188	75-5-310, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 403
189	75-5-310.5 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 142
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191	75-5-312, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapters 244 and 294
192	75-5-312.5 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 244
193	75-5-313, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1985, Chapter 41
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196	75-5-316, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 366
197	75-5-317 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 294
198	75-5-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 375
199	75-5-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1992, Chapter 30
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210	75-5-413 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1975, Chapter 150
211	75-5-414, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 274
212	75-5-415, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 142
213	75-5-416, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 142

214	75-5-417, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2004, Chapter 89
215	75-5-418, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 403
216	75-5-419, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 274
217	75-5-420, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 274
218	75-5-421, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 403
219	75-5-422, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1975, Chapter 150
220	75-5-423, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1975, Chapter 150
221	75-5-424, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 244
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223	75-5-426, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1975, Chapter 150
224	75-5-427, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1977, Chapter 194
225	75-5-428, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 306
226	75-5-429, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1975, Chapter 150
227	75-5-430, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1975, Chapter 150
228	75-5-431, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1975, Chapter 150
229	75-5-432, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1977, Chapter 194
230	75-5-433, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1977, Chapter 194
231232	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
233	Section 1. Section 31A-21-104 is amended to read:

31A-21-104. Insurable interest and consent -- Scope.

(1) As used in this chapter:

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- (a) For purposes of this section, "exchange" means an exchange made pursuant to Section 1035, Internal Revenue Code, as may be amended.
- (b) "Insurable interest" in a person means the following, including a circumstance described in Subsection (3):
- (i) for a person closely related by blood or by law, a substantial interest engendered by love and affection; or
- (ii) in the case of a person not described in Subsection (1)(b)(i), a lawful and substantial interest in having the life, health, and bodily safety of the person insured continue.
 - (c) "Insurable interest" in property or liability means any lawful and substantial

245 economic interest in the nonoccurrence of the event insured against.

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- (d) "Life settlement" is as defined in Section 31A-36-102.
- (2) (a) An insurer may not knowingly provide insurance to a person who does not have or expect to have an insurable interest in the subject of the insurance.
 - (b) A person may not knowingly procure, directly, by assignment, or otherwise, an interest in the proceeds of an insurance policy unless that person has or expects to have an insurable interest in the subject of the insurance.
- (c) In the case of life insurance, the insurable interest requirements of Subsections (2)(a) and (b):
 - (i) are satisfied if the requirements are met:
 - (A) at the effective date of the insurance policy; and
- 256 (B) at the time of a later procurement, if any, of an interest in the proceeds of an insurance policy; and
 - (ii) do not need to be met at the time that proceeds of an insurance policy are payable if the requirements are met at the times specified in Subsection (2)(c)(i).
 - (d) Except as provided in Subsections (7) and (8), insurance provided in violation of this Subsection (2) is subject to Subsection (6).
 - (e) A policy holder in a group insurance policy does not need an insurable interest if a certificate holder or a person other than the group policyholder who is specified by the certificate holder is the recipient of the proceeds of the group insurance policy.
 - (3) The following is a nonexhaustive list of insurable interests:
 - (a) A person has an unlimited insurable interest in that person's own life and health.
 - (b) A shareholder, member, or partner has an insurable interest in the life of another shareholder, member, or partner for purposes of an insurance contract that is an integral part of a legitimate buy-sell agreement respecting shares, membership interests, or partnership interests in the business.
 - (c) (i) A trust has an insurable interest in the subject of the insurance to the extent that all beneficiaries of the trust have an insurable interest.
 - (ii) A trust violates this section if the trust:
- 274 (A) is created to give the appearance of an insurable interest, but an insurable interest does not exist; and

276	(B) is used to initiate a policy for an investor or other person who has no insurable
277	interest in the insured.
278	(d) (i) Subject to Subsection (3)(d)(v), an employer or an employer sponsored trust:
279	(A) has an insurable interest in the lives of the employer's:
280	(I) directors;
281	(II) officers;
282	(III) managers;
283	(IV) nonmanagement employees; and
284	(V) retired employees; and
285	(B) may insure a life listed in Subsection (3)(d)(i)(A):
286	(I) on an individual or group basis; and
287	(II) with the written consent of the insured.
288	(ii) (A) A trustee of a trust established by an employer for the sole benefit of the
289	employer has the same insurable interest in the life and health of any person as does the
290	employer.
291	(B) Without limiting the general principle in Subsection (3)(d)(ii)(A), a trustee of a
292	trust established by an employer that provides life, health, disability, retirement, or similar
293	benefits to an individual identified in Subsection (3)(d)(i)(A) has an insurable interest in the
294	life of the individual described in Subsection (3)(d)(i)(A) for whom the benefits are provided.
295	(iii) (A) For the purpose of exchanging life insurance, an individual described in
296	Subsection (3)(d)(i)(A) includes an individual who was formerly included under Subsection
297	(3)(d)(i)(A) if the life insurance to be exchanged:
298	(I) is purchased or acquired while the individual is a current director, officer, manager,
299	or employee; and
300	(II) is exchanged for life insurance in an amount that does not exceed the amount of the
301	insurance being exchanged.
302	(B) Written consent of an individual described in this Subsection (3)(d)(iii) is not
303	required at the time of the exchange of the life insurance.
304	(C) This Subsection (3)(d)(iii) shall be interpreted in a manner consistent with
305	Subsection (2)(c).

(iv) (A) If an employer or trustee establishes an insurable interest as provided in this

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Subsection (3)(d) and all of the employer's business is acquired, purchased, merged into, or otherwise transferred to a subsequent employer, the insurable interest of the original employer or trustee in an individual described in Subsection (3)(d)(i)(A) is automatically transferred to: (I) the subsequent employer; or (II) the trustee of a trust established by the subsequent employer for the subsequent employer's sole benefit. (B) A subsequent employer or a trustee of a trust described in Subsection (3)(d)(iv)(A)(II) may exchange life insurance that is purchased or acquired in an individual described in Subsection (3)(d)(i)(A) by the original employer or trustee without establishing a new insurable interest at the time of the exchange of the insurance. (v) The extent of an employer's or employer sponsored trust's insurable interest for a nonmanagement or retired employee under Subsection (3)(d)(i) is limited to an amount commensurate with the employer's unfunded liabilities at the time insurance on the nonmanagement or retired employee is procured. (4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5), an insurer may not knowingly issue an individual life or accident and health insurance policy to a person other than the one whose life or health is at risk unless that person: (i) is 18 years of age or older: (ii) is not under guardianship under Title 75, Chapter [5, Protection of Persons Under Disability and Their Property | 5c, Uniform Guardianship, Conservatorship, and Other Protective Arrangements Act; and (iii) gives written consent to the issuance of the policy. (b) A person shall express consent: (i) by signing an application for the insurance with knowledge of the nature of the document; or (ii) in any other reasonable way. (c) Insurance provided in violation of this Subsection (4) is subject to Subsection (6).

(i) A person may obtain insurance on a dependent who does not have legal capacity.

(5) (a) A life or accident and health insurance policy may be taken out without consent

(ii) A creditor may, at the creditor's expense, obtain insurance on the debtor in an

in a circumstance described in this Subsection (5)(a).

amount reasonably related to the amount of the debt.

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(iii) A person may obtain life and accident and health insurance on an immediate family member who is living with or dependent on the person.

- (iv) A person may obtain an accident and health insurance policy on others that would merely indemnify the policyholder against expenses the person would be legally or morally obligated to pay.
- (v) The commissioner may adopt rules permitting issuance of insurance for a limited term on the life or health of a person serving outside the continental United States who is in the public service of the United States, if the policyholder is related within the second degree by blood or by marriage to the person whose life or health is insured.
- (b) Consent may be given by another in a circumstance described in this Subsection (5)(b).
 - (i) A parent, a person having legal custody of a minor, or a guardian of a person under Title 75, Chapter [5, Protection of Persons Under Disability and Their Property] 5c, Uniform Guardianship, Conservatorship, and Other Protective Arrangements Act, may consent to the issuance of a policy on a dependent child or on a person under guardianship under Title 75, Chapter [5, Protection of Persons Under Disability and Their Property] 5c, Uniform
- Guardianship, Conservatorship, and Other Protective Arrangements Act.
 - (ii) A grandparent may consent to the issuance of life or accident and health insurance on a grandchild.
 - (iii) A court of general jurisdiction may give consent to the issuance of a life or accident and health insurance policy on an ex parte application showing facts the court considers sufficient to justify the issuance of that insurance.
 - (6) (a) An insurance policy is not invalid because:
 - (i) the insurance policy is issued or procured in violation of Subsection (2); or
 - (ii) consent has not been given.
 - (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (6)(a), a court with appropriate jurisdiction may:
 - (i) order the proceeds to be paid to some person who is equitably entitled to the proceeds, other than the one to whom the policy is designated to be payable; or
- 367 (ii) create a constructive trust in the proceeds or a part of the proceeds on behalf of a
 368 person who is equitably entitled to the proceeds, subject to all the valid terms and conditions of

369	the policy other than those relating to insurable interest or consent.
370	(7) This section does not prevent an organization described under Section 501(c)(3),
371	(e), or (f), Internal Revenue Code, as amended, and the regulations made under this section,
372	and which is regulated under Title 13, Chapter 22, Charitable Solicitations Act, from soliciting
373	and procuring, by assignment or designation as beneficiary, a gift or assignment of an interest
374	in life insurance on the life of the donor or assignor or from enforcing payment of proceeds
375	from that interest.
376	(8) (a) Subsection (8)(b) applies if:
377	(i) an insurance policy is transferred pursuant to a life settlement in accordance with
378	Chapter 36, Life Settlements Act; and
379	(ii) before the transfer described in Subsection (8)(a)(i) the insurable interest
380	requirements of Subsection (2)(c)(i) are met for the insurance policy.
381	(b) An insurance policy described in Subsection (8)(a) is not subject to Subsection
382	(6)(b) and nothing in this section prevents:
383	(i) an owner of life insurance, whether or not the owner is also the subject of the
384	insurance, from entering into a life settlement;
385	(ii) a life settlement producer from soliciting a person to enter into a life settlement;
386	(iii) a person from enforcing payment of proceeds from the interest obtained under a
387	life settlement; or
388	(iv) the execution:
389	(A) of any of the following with respect to the death benefit or ownership of any
390	portion of a settled policy as provided for in Section 31A-36-109:
391	(I) an assignment;
392	(II) a sale;
393	(III) a transfer;
394	(IV) a devise; or
395	(V) a bequest; and
396	(B) by any of the following:
397	(I) a life settlement provider;
398	(II) a life settlement purchaser;

(III) a financing entity;

400	(IV) a related provider trust;
401	(V) a special purpose entity;
402	(VI) a qualified institutional buyer as defined in Rule 144A, 17 C.F.R. Sec. 230.144A;
403	or
404	(VII) an accredited investor as defined in Regulation D, Rule 501, 17 C.F.R. Sec.
405	230.501.
406	(9) (a) The insurable interests described in this section:
407	(i) are not exclusive;
408	(ii) are cumulative of an insurable interest that is not expressly included in this section
409	but exists in common law; and
410	(iii) are not in lieu of an insurable interest that is not expressly included in this section
411	but exists in common law.
412	(b) The inclusion of an insurable interest in this section may not be considered to be
413	excluding another insurable interest that is similar to the insurable interest included in this
414	section.
415	(c) (i) The recognition of an insurable interest in this section by Chapter 89, Laws of
416	Utah 2007, does not imply or create a presumption that the insurable interest did not exist
417	before April 30, 2007.
418	(ii) An insurable interest shall be presumed with respect to a life insurance policy
419	issued before April 30, 2007 to a person whose insurable interest is recognized in this section
420	by Chapter 89, Laws of Utah 2007.
421	Section 2. Section 31A-23a-111 is amended to read:
422	31A-23a-111. Revoking, suspending, surrendering, lapsing, limiting, or otherwise
423	terminating a license Forfeiture Rulemaking for renewal or reinstatement.
424	(1) A license type issued under this chapter remains in force until:
425	(a) revoked or suspended under Subsection (5);
426	(b) surrendered to the commissioner and accepted by the commissioner in lieu of
427	administrative action;
428	(c) the licensee dies or is adjudicated incompetent as defined under:
429	(i) Title 75, Chapter 5c, Part 3, [Guardians of Incapacitated Persons] Guardianship of
430	Adult; or

431	(ii) Title 75, Chapter 5 <u>c</u> , Part 4, [Protection of Property of Persons Under Disability
432	and Minors] Conservatorship, and Part 5, Other Protective Arrangements;
433	(d) lapsed under Section 31A-23a-113; or
434	(e) voluntarily surrendered.
435	(2) The following may be reinstated within one year after the day on which the license
436	is no longer in force:
437	(a) a lapsed license; or
438	(b) a voluntarily surrendered license, except that a voluntarily surrendered license may
439	not be reinstated after the license period in which the license is voluntarily surrendered.
440	(3) Unless otherwise stated in a written agreement for the voluntary surrender of a
441	license, submission and acceptance of a voluntary surrender of a license does not prevent the
442	department from pursuing additional disciplinary or other action authorized under:
443	(a) this title; or
444	(b) rules made under this title in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
445	Administrative Rulemaking Act.
446	(4) A line of authority issued under this chapter remains in force until:
447	(a) the qualifications pertaining to a line of authority are no longer met by the licensee
448	or
449	(b) the supporting license type:
450	(i) is revoked or suspended under Subsection (5);
451	(ii) is surrendered to the commissioner and accepted by the commissioner in lieu of
452	administrative action;
453	(iii) lapses under Section 31A-23a-113; or
454	(iv) is voluntarily surrendered; or
455	(c) the licensee dies or is adjudicated incompetent as defined under:
456	(i) Title 75, Chapter 5c, Part 3, [Guardians of Incapacitated Persons] Guardianship of
457	Adult; or
458	(ii) Title 75, Chapter 5 <u>c</u> , Part 4, [Protection of Property of Persons Under Disability
459	and Minors] Conservatorship, and Part 5, Other Protective Arrangements.
460	(5) (a) If the commissioner makes a finding under Subsection (5)(b), as part of an
461	adjudicative proceeding under Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, the

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       commissioner may:
463
               (i) revoke:
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               (A) a license; or
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               (B) a line of authority;
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               (ii) suspend for a specified period of 12 months or less:
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               (A) a license; or
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               (B) a line of authority;
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               (iii) limit in whole or in part:
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               (A) a license; or
471
               (B) a line of authority;
472
               (iv) deny a license application;
473
               (v) assess a forfeiture under Subsection 31A-2-308(1)(b)(i) or (1)(c)(i); or
474
               (vi) take a combination of actions under Subsections (5)(a)(i) through (iv) and
475
       Subsection (5)(a)(v).
476
               (b) The commissioner may take an action described in Subsection (5)(a) if the
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       commissioner finds that the licensee:
478
               (i) is unqualified for a license or line of authority under Section 31A-23a-104,
479
       31A-23a-105, or 31A-23a-107;
480
               (ii) violates:
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               (A) an insurance statute;
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               (B) a rule that is valid under Subsection 31A-2-201(3); or
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               (C) an order that is valid under Subsection 31A-2-201(4);
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               (iii) is insolvent or the subject of receivership, conservatorship, rehabilitation, or other
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       delinquency proceedings in any state;
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               (iv) fails to pay a final judgment rendered against the person in this state within 60
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       days after the day on which the judgment became final;
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               (v) fails to meet the same good faith obligations in claims settlement that is required of
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       admitted insurers;
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               (vi) is affiliated with and under the same general management or interlocking
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       directorate or ownership as another insurance producer that transacts business in this state
492
       without a license;
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493	(vii) refuses:
494	(A) to be examined; or
495	(B) to produce its accounts, records, and files for examination;
496	(viii) has an officer who refuses to:
497	(A) give information with respect to the insurance producer's affairs; or
498	(B) perform any other legal obligation as to an examination;
499	(ix) provides information in the license application that is:
500	(A) incorrect;
501	(B) misleading;
502	(C) incomplete; or
503	(D) materially untrue;
504	(x) violates an insurance law, valid rule, or valid order of another regulatory agency in
505	any jurisdiction;
506	(xi) obtains or attempts to obtain a license through misrepresentation or fraud;
507	(xii) improperly withholds, misappropriates, or converts money or properties received
508	in the course of doing insurance business;
509	(xiii) intentionally misrepresents the terms of an actual or proposed:
510	(A) insurance contract;
511	(B) application for insurance; or
512	(C) life settlement;
513	(xiv) is convicted of:
514	(A) a felony; or
515	(B) a misdemeanor involving fraud, misrepresentation, theft, or dishonesty;
516	(xv) admits or is found to have committed an insurance unfair trade practice or fraud;
517	(xvi) in the conduct of business in this state or elsewhere:
518	(A) uses fraudulent, coercive, or dishonest practices; or
519	(B) demonstrates incompetence, untrustworthiness, or financial irresponsibility;
520	(xvii) has had an insurance license or other professional or occupational license, or an
521	equivalent to an insurance license or other professional or occupational license:
522	(A) denied;
523	(B) suspended:

524	(C) revoked; or
525	(D) surrendered to resolve an administrative action;
526	(xviii) forges another's name to:
527	(A) an application for insurance; or
528	(B) a document related to an insurance transaction;
529	(xix) improperly uses notes or another reference material to complete an examination
530	for an insurance license;
531	(xx) knowingly accepts insurance business from an individual who is not licensed;
532	(xxi) fails to comply with an administrative or court order imposing a child support
533	obligation;
534	(xxii) fails to:
535	(A) pay state income tax; or
536	(B) comply with an administrative or court order directing payment of state income
537	tax;
538	(xxiii) violates or permits others to violate the federal Violent Crime Control and Law
539	Enforcement Act of 1994, 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1033 and therefore under 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1033 is
540	prohibited from engaging in the business of insurance; or
541	(xxiv) engages in a method or practice in the conduct of business that endangers the
542	legitimate interests of customers and the public.
543	(c) For purposes of this section, if a license is held by an agency, both the agency itself
544	and any individual designated under the license are considered to be the holders of the license.
545	(d) If an individual designated under the agency license commits an act or fails to
546	perform a duty that is a ground for suspending, revoking, or limiting the individual's license,
547	the commissioner may suspend, revoke, or limit the license of:
548	(i) the individual;
549	(ii) the agency, if the agency:
550	(A) is reckless or negligent in its supervision of the individual; or
551	(B) knowingly participates in the act or failure to act that is the ground for suspending,
552	revoking, or limiting the license; or
553	(iii) (A) the individual; and
554	(B) the agency if the agency meets the requirements of Subsection (5)(d)(ii).

555	(6) A licensee under this chapter is subject to the penalties for acting as a licensee
556	without a license if:
557	(a) the licensee's license is:
558	(i) revoked;
559	(ii) suspended;
560	(iii) limited;
561	(iv) surrendered in lieu of administrative action;
562	(v) lapsed; or
563	(vi) voluntarily surrendered; and
564	(b) the licensee:
565	(i) continues to act as a licensee; or
566	(ii) violates the terms of the license limitation.
567	(7) A licensee under this chapter shall immediately report to the commissioner:
568	(a) a revocation, suspension, or limitation of the person's license in another state, the
569	District of Columbia, or a territory of the United States;
570	(b) the imposition of a disciplinary sanction imposed on that person by another state,
571	the District of Columbia, or a territory of the United States; or
572	(c) a judgment or injunction entered against that person on the basis of conduct
573	involving:
574	(i) fraud;
575	(ii) deceit;
576	(iii) misrepresentation; or
577	(iv) a violation of an insurance law or rule.
578	(8) (a) An order revoking a license under Subsection (5) or an agreement to surrender a
579	license in lieu of administrative action may specify a time, not to exceed five years, within
580	which the former licensee may not apply for a new license.
581	(b) If no time is specified in an order or agreement described in Subsection (8)(a), the
582	former licensee may not apply for a new license for five years from the day on which the order
583	or agreement is made without the express approval by the commissioner.
584	(9) The commissioner shall promptly withhold, suspend, restrict, or reinstate the use of
585	a license issued under this part if so ordered by a court.

586	(10) The commissioner shall by rule prescribe the license renewal and reinstatement
587	procedures in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
588	Section 3. Section 31A-23b-401 is amended to read:
589	31A-23b-401. Revoking, suspending, surrendering, lapsing, limiting, or otherwise
590	terminating a license Rulemaking for renewal or reinstatement.
591	(1) A license as a navigator under this chapter remains in force until:
592	(a) revoked or suspended under Subsection (4);
593	(b) surrendered to the commissioner and accepted by the commissioner in lieu of
594	administrative action;
595	(c) the licensee dies or is adjudicated incompetent as defined under:
596	(i) Title 75, Chapter 5c, Part 3, [Guardians of Incapacitated Persons] Guardianship of
597	Adult; or
598	(ii) Title 75, Chapter 5c, Part 4, [Protection of Property of Persons Under Disability
599	and Minors] Conservatorship, or Part 5, Other Protective Arrangements;
600	(d) lapsed under this section; or
601	(e) voluntarily surrendered.
602	(2) The following may be reinstated within one year after the day on which the license
603	is no longer in force:
604	(a) a lapsed license; or
605	(b) a voluntarily surrendered license, except that a voluntarily surrendered license may
606	not be reinstated after the license period in which the license is voluntarily surrendered.
607	(3) Unless otherwise stated in a written agreement for the voluntary surrender of a
608	license, submission and acceptance of a voluntary surrender of a license does not prevent the
609	department from pursuing additional disciplinary or other action authorized under:
610	(a) this title; or
611	(b) rules made under this title in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
612	Administrative Rulemaking Act.
613	(4) (a) If the commissioner makes a finding under Subsection (4)(b), as part of an
614	adjudicative proceeding under Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, the
615	commissioner may:
616	(i) revoke a license;

617	(ii) suspend a license for a specified period of 12 months or less;
618	(iii) limit a license in whole or in part;
619	(iv) deny a license application;
620	(v) assess a forfeiture under Subsection 31A-2-308(1)(b)(i) or (1)(c)(i); or
621	(vi) take a combination of actions under Subsections (4)(a)(i) through (iv) and
622	Subsection (4)(a)(v).
623	(b) The commissioner may take an action described in Subsection (4)(a) if the
624	commissioner finds that the licensee:
625	(i) is unqualified for a license under Section 31A-23b-204, 31A-23b-205, or
626	31A-23b-206;
627	(ii) violated:
628	(A) an insurance statute;
629	(B) a rule that is valid under Subsection 31A-2-201(3); or
630	(C) an order that is valid under Subsection 31A-2-201(4);
631	(iii) is insolvent or the subject of receivership, conservatorship, rehabilitation, or other
632	delinquency proceedings in any state;
633	(iv) failed to pay a final judgment rendered against the person in this state within 60
634	days after the day on which the judgment became final;
635	(v) refused:
636	(A) to be examined; or
637	(B) to produce its accounts, records, and files for examination;
638	(vi) had an officer who refused to:
639	(A) give information with respect to the navigator's affairs; or
640	(B) perform any other legal obligation as to an examination;
641	(vii) provided information in the license application that is:
642	(A) incorrect;
643	(B) misleading;
644	(C) incomplete; or
645	(D) materially untrue;
646	(viii) violated an insurance law, valid rule, or valid order of another regulatory agency
647	in any jurisdiction:

648	(ix) obtained or attempted to obtain a license through misrepresentation or fraud;
649	(x) improperly withheld, misappropriated, or converted money or properties received
650	in the course of doing insurance business;
651	(xi) intentionally misrepresented the terms of an actual or proposed:
652	(A) insurance contract;
653	(B) application for insurance; or
654	(C) application for public program;
655	(xii) is convicted of a felony;
656	(xiii) admitted or is found to have committed an insurance unfair trade practice or
657	fraud;
658	(xiv) in the conduct of business in this state or elsewhere:
659	(A) used fraudulent, coercive, or dishonest practices; or
660	(B) demonstrated incompetence, untrustworthiness, or financial irresponsibility;
661	(xv) had an insurance license, navigator license, or its equivalent, denied, suspended,
662	or revoked in another state, province, district, or territory;
663	(xvi) forged another's name to:
664	(A) an application for insurance;
665	(B) a document related to an insurance transaction;
666	(C) a document related to an application for a public program; or
667	(D) a document related to an application for premium subsidies;
668	(xvii) improperly used notes or another reference material to complete an examination
669	for a license;
670	(xviii) knowingly accepted insurance business from an individual who is not licensed;
671	(xix) failed to comply with an administrative or court order imposing a child support
672	obligation;
673	(xx) failed to:
674	(A) pay state income tax; or
675	(B) comply with an administrative or court order directing payment of state income
676	tax;
677	(xxi) violated or permitted others to violate the federal Violent Crime Control and Law
678	Enforcement Act of 1994 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1033 and therefore under 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1033 is

679	prohibited from engaging in the business of insurance; or
680	(xxii) engaged in a method or practice in the conduct of business that endangered the
681	legitimate interests of customers and the public.
682	(c) For purposes of this section, if a license is held by an agency, both the agency itself
683	and any individual designated under the license are considered to be the holders of the license.
684	(d) If an individual designated under the agency license commits an act or fails to
685	perform a duty that is a ground for suspending, revoking, or limiting the individual's license,
686	the commissioner may suspend, revoke, or limit the license of:
687	(i) the individual;
688	(ii) the agency, if the agency:
689	(A) is reckless or negligent in its supervision of the individual; or
690	(B) knowingly participates in the act or failure to act that is the ground for suspending,
691	revoking, or limiting the license; or
692	(iii) (A) the individual; and
693	(B) the agency if the agency meets the requirements of Subsection (4)(d)(ii).
694	(5) A licensee under this chapter is subject to the penalties for acting as a licensee
695	without a license if:
696	(a) the licensee's license is:
697	(i) revoked;
698	(ii) suspended;
699	(iii) surrendered in lieu of administrative action;
700	(iv) lapsed; or
701	(v) voluntarily surrendered; and
702	(b) the licensee:
703	(i) continues to act as a licensee; or
704	(ii) violates the terms of the license limitation.
705	(6) A licensee under this chapter shall immediately report to the commissioner:
706	(a) a revocation, suspension, or limitation of the person's license in another state, the
707	District of Columbia, or a territory of the United States;

(b) the imposition of a disciplinary sanction imposed on that person by another state,

the District of Columbia, or a territory of the United States; or

710	(c) a judgment or injunction entered against that person on the basis of conduct
711	involving:
712	(i) fraud;
713	(ii) deceit;
714	(iii) misrepresentation; or
715	(iv) a violation of an insurance law or rule.
716	(7) (a) An order revoking a license under Subsection (4) or an agreement to surrender a
717	license in lieu of administrative action may specify a time, not to exceed five years, within
718	which the former licensee may not apply for a new license.
719	(b) If no time is specified in an order or agreement described in Subsection (7)(a), the
720	former licensee may not apply for a new license for five years from the day on which the order
721	or agreement is made without the express approval of the commissioner.
722	(8) The commissioner shall promptly withhold, suspend, restrict, or reinstate the use of
723	a license issued under this chapter if so ordered by a court.
724	(9) The commissioner shall by rule prescribe the license renewal and reinstatement
725	procedures in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
726	Section 4. Section 31A-25-208 is amended to read:
727	31A-25-208. Revoking, suspending, surrendering, lapsing, limiting, or otherwise
728	terminating a license Rulemaking for renewal and reinstatement.
729	(1) A license type issued under this chapter remains in force until:
730	(a) revoked or suspended under Subsection (4);
731	(b) surrendered to the commissioner and accepted by the commissioner in lieu of
732	administrative action;
733	(c) the licensee dies or is adjudicated incompetent as defined under:
734	(i) Title 75, Chapter 5c, Part 3, [Guardians of Incapacitated Persons] Guardianship of
735	Adult; or
736	(ii) Title 75, Chapter 5c, Part 4, [Protection of Property of Persons Under Disability
737	and Minors] Conservatorship, or Part 5, Other Protective Arrangements;
738	(d) lapsed under Section 31A-25-210; or
739	(e) voluntarily surrendered.
740	(2) The following may be reinstated within one year after the day on which the license

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741	is no longer in force:
742	(a) a lapsed license; or
743	(b) a voluntarily surrendered license, except that a voluntarily surrendered license may
744	not be reinstated after the license period in which the license is voluntarily surrendered.
745	(3) Unless otherwise stated in a written agreement for the voluntary surrender of a
746	license, submission and acceptance of a voluntary surrender of a license does not prevent the
747	department from pursuing additional disciplinary or other action authorized under:
748	(a) this title; or
749	(b) rules made under this title in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
750	Administrative Rulemaking Act.
751	(4) (a) If the commissioner makes a finding under Subsection (4)(b), as part of an
752	adjudicative proceeding under Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, the
753	commissioner may:
754	(i) revoke a license;
755	(ii) suspend a license for a specified period of 12 months or less;
756	(iii) limit a license in whole or in part; or
757	(iv) deny a license application.
758	(b) The commissioner may take an action described in Subsection (4)(a) if the
759	commissioner finds that the licensee:
760	(i) is unqualified for a license under Section 31A-25-202, 31A-25-203, or 31A-25-204;
761	(ii) has violated:
762	(A) an insurance statute;
763	(B) a rule that is valid under Subsection 31A-2-201(3); or
764	(C) an order that is valid under Subsection 31A-2-201(4);
765	(iii) is insolvent or the subject of receivership, conservatorship, rehabilitation, or other
766	delinquency proceedings in any state;
767	(iv) fails to pay a final judgment rendered against the person in this state within 60

days after the day on which the judgment became final;

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- (v) fails to meet the same good faith obligations in claims settlement that is required of admitted insurers;
 - (vi) is affiliated with and under the same general management or interlocking

772	directorate or ownership as another third party administrator that transacts business in this state
773	without a license;
774	(vii) refuses:
775	(A) to be examined; or
776	(B) to produce its accounts, records, and files for examination;
777	(viii) has an officer who refuses to:
778	(A) give information with respect to the third party administrator's affairs; or
779	(B) perform any other legal obligation as to an examination;
780	(ix) provides information in the license application that is:
781	(A) incorrect;
782	(B) misleading;
783	(C) incomplete; or
784	(D) materially untrue;
785	(x) has violated an insurance law, valid rule, or valid order of another regulatory
786	agency in any jurisdiction;
787	(xi) has obtained or attempted to obtain a license through misrepresentation or fraud;
788	(xii) has improperly withheld, misappropriated, or converted money or properties
789	received in the course of doing insurance business;
790	(xiii) has intentionally misrepresented the terms of an actual or proposed:
791	(A) insurance contract; or
792	(B) application for insurance;
793	(xiv) has been convicted of a felony;
794	(xv) has admitted or been found to have committed an insurance unfair trade practice
795	or fraud;
796	(xvi) in the conduct of business in this state or elsewhere has:
797	(A) used fraudulent, coercive, or dishonest practices; or
798	(B) demonstrated incompetence, untrustworthiness, or financial irresponsibility;
799	(xvii) has had an insurance license or its equivalent, denied, suspended, or revoked in
800	any other state, province, district, or territory;
801	(xviii) has forged another's name to:
802	(A) an application for insurance; or

803	(B) a document related to an insurance transaction;
804	(xix) has improperly used notes or any other reference material to complete an
805	examination for an insurance license;
806	(xx) has knowingly accepted insurance business from an individual who is not
807	licensed;
808	(xxi) has failed to comply with an administrative or court order imposing a child
809	support obligation;
810	(xxii) has failed to:
811	(A) pay state income tax; or
812	(B) comply with an administrative or court order directing payment of state income
813	tax;
814	(xxiii) has violated or permitted others to violate the federal Violent Crime Control and
815	Law Enforcement Act of 1994, 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1033 and therefore under 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1033 is
816	prohibited from engaging in the business of insurance; or
817	(xxiv) has engaged in methods and practices in the conduct of business that endanger
818	the legitimate interests of customers and the public.
819	(c) For purposes of this section, if a license is held by an agency, both the agency itself
820	and any individual designated under the license are considered to be the holders of the agency
821	license.
822	(d) If an individual designated under the agency license commits an act or fails to
823	perform a duty that is a ground for suspending, revoking, or limiting the individual's license,
824	the commissioner may suspend, revoke, or limit the license of:
825	(i) the individual;
826	(ii) the agency if the agency:
827	(A) is reckless or negligent in its supervision of the individual; or
828	(B) knowingly participated in the act or failure to act that is the ground for suspending,
829	revoking, or limiting the license; or
830	(iii) (A) the individual; and
831	(B) the agency if the agency meets the requirements of Subsection (4)(d)(ii).
832	(5) A licensee under this chapter is subject to the penalties for acting as a licensee
833	without a license if:

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834	(a) the licensee's license is:
835	(i) revoked;
836	(ii) suspended;
837	(iii) limited;
838	(iv) surrendered in lieu of administrative action;
839	(v) lapsed; or
840	(vi) voluntarily surrendered; and
841	(b) the licensee:
842	(i) continues to act as a licensee; or
843	(ii) violates the terms of the license limitation.
844	(6) A licensee under this chapter shall immediately report to the commissioner:
845	(a) a revocation, suspension, or limitation of the person's license in any other state, the
846	District of Columbia, or a territory of the United States;
847	(b) the imposition of a disciplinary sanction imposed on that person by any other state,
848	the District of Columbia, or a territory of the United States; or
849	(c) a judgment or injunction entered against the person on the basis of conduct
850	involving:
851	(i) fraud;
852	(ii) deceit;
853	(iii) misrepresentation; or
854	(iv) a violation of an insurance law or rule.
855	(7) (a) An order revoking a license under Subsection (4) or an agreement to surrender a
856	license in lieu of administrative action may specify a time, not to exceed five years, within
857	which the former licensee may not apply for a new license.
858	(b) If no time is specified in the order or agreement described in Subsection (7)(a), the
859	former licensee may not apply for a new license for five years from the day on which the order
860	or agreement is made without the express approval of the commissioner.
861	(8) The commissioner shall promptly withhold, suspend, restrict, or reinstate the use of
862	a license issued under this part if so ordered by the court.
863	(9) The commissioner shall by rule prescribe the license renewal and reinstatement
864	procedures in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.

365	Section 5. Section 31A-26-213 is amended to read:
866	31A-26-213. Revoking, suspending, surrendering, lapsing, limiting, or otherwise
367	terminating a license Forfeiture Rulemaking for renewal or reinstatement.
868	(1) A license type issued under this chapter remains in force until:
869	(a) revoked or suspended under Subsection (5);
370	(b) surrendered to the commissioner and accepted by the commissioner in lieu of
371	administrative action;
372	(c) the licensee dies or is adjudicated incompetent as defined under:
373	(i) Title 75, Chapter 5c, Part 3, [Guardians of Incapacitated Persons] Guardianship of
374	Adult; or
375	(ii) Title 75, Chapter 5c, Part 4, [Protection of Property of Persons Under Disability
376	and Minors] Conservatorship, or Part 5, Other Protective Arrangements;
377	(d) lapsed under Section 31A-26-214.5; or
378	(e) voluntarily surrendered.
379	(2) The following may be reinstated within one year after the day on which the license
880	is no longer in force:
881	(a) a lapsed license; or
382	(b) a voluntarily surrendered license, except that a voluntarily surrendered license may
383	not be reinstated after the license period in which it is voluntarily surrendered.
384	(3) Unless otherwise stated in a written agreement for the voluntary surrender of a
885	license, submission and acceptance of a voluntary surrender of a license does not prevent the
886	department from pursuing additional disciplinary or other action authorized under:
887	(a) this title; or
888	(b) rules made under this title in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
889	Administrative Rulemaking Act.
390	(4) A license classification issued under this chapter remains in force until:
391	(a) the qualifications pertaining to a license classification are no longer met by the
392	licensee; or
393	(b) the supporting license type:
394	(i) is revoked or suspended under Subsection (5); or
395	(ii) is surrendered to the commissioner and accepted by the commissioner in lieu of

896 administrative action. 897 (5) (a) If the commissioner makes a finding under Subsection (5)(b) as part of an 898 adjudicative proceeding under Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, the 899 commissioner may: 900 (i) revoke: 901 (A) a license; or 902 (B) a license classification; 903 (ii) suspend for a specified period of 12 months or less: 904 (A) a license; or 905 (B) a license classification; 906 (iii) limit in whole or in part: 907 (A) a license; or 908 (B) a license classification: 909 (iv) deny a license application; 910 (v) assess a forfeiture under Subsection 31A-2-308(1)(b)(i) or (1)(c)(i); or 911 (vi) take a combination of actions under Subsections (5)(a)(i) through (iv) and 912 Subsection (5)(a)(v). 913 (b) The commissioner may take an action described in Subsection (5)(a) if the 914 commissioner finds that the licensee: 915 (i) is unqualified for a license or license classification under Section 31A-26-202, 916 31A-26-203, 31A-26-204, or 31A-26-205; 917 (ii) has violated: 918 (A) an insurance statute; 919 (B) a rule that is valid under Subsection 31A-2-201(3); or 920 (C) an order that is valid under Subsection 31A-2-201(4); 921 (iii) is insolvent, or the subject of receivership, conservatorship, rehabilitation, or other 922 delinquency proceedings in any state; 923 (iv) fails to pay a final judgment rendered against the person in this state within 60 924 days after the judgment became final; (v) fails to meet the same good faith obligations in claims settlement that is required of 925

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admitted insurers;

927	(vi) is affiliated with and under the same general management or interlocking
928	directorate or ownership as another insurance adjuster that transacts business in this state
929	without a license;
930	(vii) refuses:
931	(A) to be examined; or
932	(B) to produce its accounts, records, and files for examination;
933	(viii) has an officer who refuses to:
934	(A) give information with respect to the insurance adjuster's affairs; or
935	(B) perform any other legal obligation as to an examination;
936	(ix) provides information in the license application that is:
937	(A) incorrect;
938	(B) misleading;
939	(C) incomplete; or
940	(D) materially untrue;
941	(x) has violated an insurance law, valid rule, or valid order of another regulatory
942	agency in any jurisdiction;
943	(xi) has obtained or attempted to obtain a license through misrepresentation or fraud;
944	(xii) has improperly withheld, misappropriated, or converted money or properties
945	received in the course of doing insurance business;
946	(xiii) has intentionally misrepresented the terms of an actual or proposed:
947	(A) insurance contract; or
948	(B) application for insurance;
949	(xiv) has been convicted of a felony;
950	(xv) has admitted or been found to have committed an insurance unfair trade practice
951	or fraud;
952	(xvi) in the conduct of business in this state or elsewhere has:
953	(A) used fraudulent, coercive, or dishonest practices; or
954	(B) demonstrated incompetence, untrustworthiness, or financial irresponsibility;
955	(xvii) has had an insurance license, or its equivalent, denied, suspended, or revoked in
956	any other state, province, district, or territory;
957	(xviii) has forged another's name to:

958	(A) an application for insurance; or
959	(B) a document related to an insurance transaction;
960	(xix) has improperly used notes or any other reference material to complete an
961	examination for an insurance license;
962	(xx) has knowingly accepted insurance business from an individual who is not
963	licensed;
964	(xxi) has failed to comply with an administrative or court order imposing a child
965	support obligation;
966	(xxii) has failed to:
967	(A) pay state income tax; or
968	(B) comply with an administrative or court order directing payment of state income
969	tax;
970	(xxiii) has violated or permitted others to violate the federal Violent Crime Control and
971	Law Enforcement Act of 1994, 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1033 and therefore under 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1033 is
972	prohibited from engaging in the business of insurance; or
973	(xxiv) has engaged in methods and practices in the conduct of business that endanger
974	the legitimate interests of customers and the public.
975	(c) For purposes of this section, if a license is held by an agency, both the agency itself
976	and any individual designated under the license are considered to be the holders of the license.
977	(d) If an individual designated under the agency license commits an act or fails to
978	perform a duty that is a ground for suspending, revoking, or limiting the individual's license,
979	the commissioner may suspend, revoke, or limit the license of:
980	(i) the individual;
981	(ii) the agency, if the agency:
982	(A) is reckless or negligent in its supervision of the individual; or
983	(B) knowingly participated in the act or failure to act that is the ground for suspending,
984	revoking, or limiting the license; or
985	(iii) (A) the individual; and
986	(B) the agency if the agency meets the requirements of Subsection (5)(d)(ii).
987	(6) A licensee under this chapter is subject to the penalties for conducting an insurance
988	business without a license if:

989	(a) the licensee's license is:
990	(i) revoked;
991	(ii) suspended;
992	(iii) limited;
993	(iv) surrendered in lieu of administrative action;
994	(v) lapsed; or
995	(vi) voluntarily surrendered; and
996	(b) the licensee:
997	(i) continues to act as a licensee; or
998	(ii) violates the terms of the license limitation.
999	(7) A licensee under this chapter shall immediately report to the commissioner:
1000	(a) a revocation, suspension, or limitation of the person's license in any other state, the
1001	District of Columbia, or a territory of the United States;
1002	(b) the imposition of a disciplinary sanction imposed on that person by any other state,
1003	the District of Columbia, or a territory of the United States; or
1004	(c) a judgment or injunction entered against that person on the basis of conduct
1005	involving:
1006	(i) fraud;
1007	(ii) deceit;
1008	(iii) misrepresentation; or
1009	(iv) a violation of an insurance law or rule.
1010	(8) (a) An order revoking a license under Subsection (5) or an agreement to surrender a
1011	license in lieu of administrative action may specify a time not to exceed five years within
1012	which the former licensee may not apply for a new license.
1013	(b) If no time is specified in the order or agreement described in Subsection (8)(a), the
1014	former licensee may not apply for a new license for five years without the express approval of
1015	the commissioner.
1016	(9) The commissioner shall promptly withhold, suspend, restrict, or reinstate the use of
1017	a license issued under this part if so ordered by a court.
1018	(10) The commissioner shall by rule prescribe the license renewal and reinstatement
1019	procedures in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.

1020	Section 6. Section 53G-6-302 is amended to read:
1021	53G-6-302. Child's school district of residence Determination Responsibility
1022	for providing educational services.
1023	(1) As used in this section:
1024	(a) "Health care facility" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26-21-2.
1025	(b) "Human services program" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1026	62A-2-101.
1027	(2) The school district of residence of a minor child whose custodial parent or legal
1028	guardian resides within Utah is:
1029	(a) the school district in which the custodial parent or legal guardian resides; or
1030	(b) the school district in which the child resides:
1031	(i) while in the custody or under the supervision of a Utah state agency;
1032	(ii) while under the supervision of a private or public agency which is in compliance
1033	with Section 62A-4a-606 and is authorized to provide child placement services by the state;
1034	(iii) while living with a responsible adult resident of the district, if a determination has
1035	been made in accordance with rules made by the State Board of Education in accordance with
1036	Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, that:
1037	(A) the child's physical, mental, moral, or emotional health will best be served by
1038	considering the child to be a resident for school purposes;
1039	(B) exigent circumstances exist that do not permit the case to be appropriately
1040	addressed under Section 53G-6-402; and
1041	(C) considering the child to be a resident of the district under this Subsection (2)(b)(iii)
1042	does not violate any other law or rule of the State Board of Education;
1043	(iv) while the child is receiving services from a health care facility or human services
1044	program, if a determination has been made in accordance with rules made by the State Board of
1045	Education in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, that:
1046	(A) the child's physical, mental, moral, or emotional health will best be served by
1047	considering the child to be a resident for school purposes;
1048	(B) exigent circumstances exist that do not permit the case to be appropriately
1049	addressed under Section 53G-6-402; and
1050	(C) considering the child to be a resident of the district under this Subsection (2)(b)(iv)

does not violate any other law or rule of the State Board of Education; or

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(v) if the child is married or has been determined to be an emancipated minor by a court of law or by a state administrative agency authorized to make that determination.

- (3) A minor child whose custodial parent or legal guardian does not reside in the state is considered to be a resident of the district in which the child lives, unless that designation violates any other law or rule of the State Board of Education, if:
 - (a) the child is married or an emancipated minor under Subsection (2)(b)(v);
- (b) the child lives with a resident of the district who is a responsible adult and whom the district agrees to designate as the child's legal guardian under Section 53G-6-303;
- (c) if permissible under policies adopted by a local school board, it is established to the satisfaction of the local school board that:
- (i) the child lives with a responsible adult who is a resident of the district and is the child's noncustodial parent, grandparent, brother, sister, uncle, or aunt;
- (ii) the child's presence in the district is not for the primary purpose of attending the public schools;
- (iii) the child's physical, mental, moral, or emotional health will best be served by considering the child to be a resident for school purposes; and
- (iv) the child is prepared to abide by the rules and policies of the school and school district in which attendance is sought; or
 - (d) it is established to the satisfaction of the local school board that:
 - (i) the child's parent or guardian moves from the state;
- 1072 (ii) the child's parent or guardian executes a power of attorney under Section 1073 [75-5-103] <u>75-5c-128</u> that:
 - (A) meets the requirements of Subsection (4); and
 - (B) delegates powers regarding care, custody, or property, including schooling, to a responsible adult with whom the child resides;
 - (iii) the responsible adult described in Subsection (3)(d)(ii)(B) is a resident of the district;
 - (iv) the child's physical, mental, moral, or emotional health will best be served by considering the child to be a resident for school purposes;
- (v) the child is prepared to abide by the rules and policies of the school and school

district in which attendance is sought; and

(vi) the child's attendance in the school will not be detrimental to the school or school district.

- (4) (a) If admission is sought under Subsection (2)(b)(iii), (3)(c), or (3)(d), then the district may require the person with whom the child lives to be designated as the child's custodian in a durable power of attorney, issued by the party who has legal custody of the child, granting the custodian full authority to take any appropriate action, including authorization for educational or medical services, in the interests of the child.
- (b) Both the party granting and the party empowered by the power of attorney shall agree to:
- (i) assume responsibility for any fees or other charges relating to the child's education in the district; and
- (ii) if eligibility for fee waivers is claimed under Section 53G-7-504, provide the school district with all financial information requested by the district for purposes of determining eligibility for fee waivers.
- (c) Notwithstanding Section [75-5-103] 75-5c-128, a power of attorney meeting the requirements of this section and accepted by the school district shall remain in force until the earliest of the following occurs:
 - (i) the child reaches the age of 18, marries, or becomes emancipated;
 - (ii) the expiration date stated in the document; or
- (iii) the power of attorney is revoked or rendered inoperative by the grantor or grantee, or by order of a court of competent jurisdiction.
 - (5) A power of attorney does not confer legal guardianship.
- (6) Each school district is responsible for providing educational services for all children of school age who are residents of the district.
 - Section 7. Section **53G-6-303** is amended to read:

53G-6-303. Guardianship for residency purposes by responsible adult -1109 Procedure to obtain -- Termination.

(1) For purposes of this part, "responsible adult" means a person 21 years of age or older who is a resident of this state and is willing and able to provide reasonably adequate food, clothing, shelter, and supervision for a minor child.

(2) A local board of education may adopt a policy permitting it to designate a responsible adult residing in the school district as legal guardian of a child whose custodial parent or legal guardian does not reside within the state upon compliance with the following requirements:

- (a) submission to the school district of a signed and notarized affidavit by the child's custodial parent or legal guardian stating that:
- (i) the child's presence in the district is not for the primary purpose of attending the public schools;
- (ii) the child's physical, mental, moral, or emotional health would best be served by a transfer of guardianship to the Utah resident;
- (iii) the affiant is aware that designation of a guardian under this section is equivalent to a court-ordered guardianship under [Section 75-5-206] Title 75, Chapter 5c, Part 2, Guardianship of Minor, and will suspend or terminate any existing parental or guardianship rights in the same manner as would occur under a court-ordered guardianship;
- (iv) the affiant consents and submits to any such suspension or termination of parental or guardianship rights;
- (v) the affiant consents and submits to the jurisdiction of the state district court in which the school district is located in any action relating to the guardianship or custody of the child in question;
- (vi) the affiant designates a named responsible adult as agent, authorized to accept service on behalf of the affiant of any process, notice, or demand required or permitted to be served in connection with any action under Subsection (2)(a)(v); and
- (vii) it is the affiant's intent that the child become a permanent resident of the state and reside with and be under the supervision of the named responsible adult;
- (b) submission to the school district of a signed and notarized affidavit by the responsible adult stating that:
- (i) the affiant is a resident of the school district and desires to become the guardian of the child;
- (ii) the affiant consents and submits to the jurisdiction of the state district court in which the school district is located in any action relating to the guardianship or custody of the child in question;

(iii) the affiant will accept the responsibilities of guardianship for the duration, including the responsibility to provide adequate supervision, discipline, food, shelter, educational and emotional support, and medical care for the child if designated as the child's guardian; and

- (iv) the affiant accepts the designation as agent under Subsection (2)(a)(vi);
- (c) submission to the school district of a signed and notarized affidavit by the child stating that:
- (i) the child desires to become a permanent resident of Utah and reside with and be responsible to the named responsible adult; and
- (ii) the child will abide by all applicable rules of any public school which the child may attend after guardianship is awarded; and
- (d) if the child's custodial parent or legal guardian cannot be found in order to execute the statement required under Subsection (2)(a), the responsible adult must submit an affidavit to that effect to the district. The district shall also submit a copy of the statement to the Criminal Investigations and Technical Services Division of the Department of Public Safety, established in Section 53-10-103.
- (3) The district may require the responsible adult, in addition to the documents set forth in Subsection (2), to also submit any other documents which are relevant to the appointment of a guardian of a minor or which the district reasonably believes to be necessary in connection with a given application to substantiate any claim or assertion made in connection with the application for guardianship.
- (4) Upon receipt of the information and documentation required under Subsections (2) and (3), and a determination by the board that the information is accurate, that the requirements of this section have been met, and that the interests of the child would best be served by granting the requested guardianship, the school board or its authorized representative may designate the applicant as guardian of the child by issuing a designation of guardianship letter to the applicant.
- (5) (a) If a local school board has adopted a policy permitting the board to designate a guardian under this section, a denial of an application for appointment of a guardian may be appealed to the district court in which the school district is located.
 - (b) The court shall uphold the decision of the board unless it finds, by clear and

1175 convincing evidence, that the board's decision was arbitrary and capricious.

(c) An applicant may, rather than appealing the board's decision under Subsection (5)(b), file an original Petition for Appointment of Guardian with the district court, which action shall proceed as if no decision had been made by the school board.

- (6) A responsible adult obtaining guardianship under this section has the same rights, authority, and responsibilities as a guardian appointed under [Section 75-5-201] <u>Title 75</u>, Chapter 5c, Part 2, Guardianship of Minor.
- (7) (a) The school district shall deliver the original documents filed with the school district, together with a copy of the designation of guardianship issued by the district, in person or by any form of mail requiring a signed receipt, to the clerk of the state district court in which the school district is located.
- (b) The court may not charge the school district a fee for filing guardianship papers under this section.
- (8) (a) The authority and responsibility of a custodial parent or legal guardian submitting an affidavit under this section may be restored by the district, and the guardianship obtained under this section terminated by the district:
- (i) upon submission to the school district in which the guardianship was obtained of a signed and notarized statement by the person who consented to guardianship under Subsection (2)(a) requesting termination of the guardianship; or
- (ii) by the person accepting guardianship under Subsection (2)(b) requesting the termination of the guardianship.
- (b) If the school district determines that it would not be in the best interests of the child to terminate the guardianship, the district may refer the request for termination to the state district court in which the documents were filed under Subsection (5) for further action consistent with the interests of the child.
- (9) The school district shall retain copies of all documents required by this section until the child in question has reached the age of 18 unless directed to surrender the documents by a court of competent jurisdiction.
- (10) (a) Intentional submission to a school district of fraudulent or misleading information under this part is punishable under Section 76-8-504.
 - (b) A school district which has reason to believe that a party has intentionally

1206 submitted false or misleading information under this part may, after notice and opportunity for the party to respond to the allegation: 1207 1208 (i) void any guardianship, authorization, or action which was based upon the false or 1209 misleading information; and 1210 (ii) recover, from the party submitting the information, the full cost of any benefits 1211 received by the child on the basis of the false or misleading information, including tuition, fees, 1212 and other unpaid school charges, together with any related costs of recovery. 1213 (c) A student whose guardianship or enrollment has been terminated under this section 1214 may, upon payment of all applicable tuition and fees, continue in enrollment until the end of 1215 the school year unless excluded from attendance for cause. 1216 Section 8. Section **53G-6-304** is amended to read: 1217 53G-6-304. Recognition of guardianship. 1218 (1) A document issued by other than a court of law which purports to award 1219 guardianship to a person who is not a legal resident of the jurisdiction in which the 1220 guardianship is awarded is not valid in the state of Utah until reviewed and approved by a Utah 1221 court. 1222 (2) The procedure for obtaining approval under Subsection (1) is the procedure 1223 required under Title 75, Chapter 5c, Part 2, [Guardians of Minors] Guardianship of Minor, for 1224 obtaining a court appointment of a guardian. 1225 Section 9. Section **62A-3-320** is amended to read: 1226 62A-3-320. Emergency protective services -- Forcible entry. 1227 (1) Adult Protective Services shall, immediately upon court order, provide emergency 1228 protective services to a court-designated vulnerable adult. 1229 (2) A court may, without notice, order emergency protective services immediately upon 1230 receipt of a petition for emergency protective services when a court finds that: 1231 (a) the subject of the petition is a vulnerable adult;

1234 conservator's duties; 1235 (c) an emergency exists; and

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(d) the welfare, safety, or best interests of the vulnerable adult requires emergency

(b) (i) the vulnerable adult does not have a court-appointed guardian or conservator; or

(ii) the guardian or conservator is not effectively performing the guardian's or

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- 1238 (3) An emergency protective services order shall specifically designate the services that are approved and the facts that support the provision of those services.
 - (4) Services authorized in an emergency protective services order may include hospitalization, nursing, custodial care, or a change in residence.
 - (5) An emergency protective services order expires five business days after the day on which the court issues the order unless an appropriate party petitions for [temporary guardianship pursuant to Section 75-5-310] an emergency guardianship pursuant to Section 75-5c-208 or the division files a new petition for an emergency services order.
 - (6) If a petition for guardianship or an additional emergency protective services petition is filed within five business days after the day on which the court issues the original emergency protective services order, a court may extend the duration of the original order an additional 15 business days after the day on which the subsequent petition is filed to allow for a court hearing on the petition.
 - (7) To implement an emergency protective services order, a court may authorize forcible entry by a peace officer into the premises where the vulnerable adult may be found.
- Section 10. Section **62A-14-102** is amended to read:
- 1254 **62A-14-102.** Definitions.
- 1255 As used in this chapter:
- 1256 (1) "Conservator" is as defined in Section 75-1-201.
- 1257 (2) "Court" is as defined in Section 75-1-201.
- 1258 (3) "Estate" is as defined in Section 75-1-201.
- 1259 (4) "Guardian" is as defined in Section 75-1-201.
 - (5) "Incapacitated" means a person who has been determined by a court[, pursuant to Section 75-5-303,] to be incapacitated, as defined in Section 75-1-201, after the office has determined that the person is 18 years of age or older and suffers from a mental or physical impairment as part of the prepetition assessment in Section 62A-14-107.
 - (6) "Office" means the Office of Public Guardian.
- 1265 (7) "Property" is as defined in Section 75-1-201.
- 1266 (8) "Ward" means an incapacitated person for whom the office has been appointed as guardian or conservator.

1268	Section 11. Section 62A-14-105 is amended to read:
1269	62A-14-105. Powers and duties of the office.
1270	(1) The office shall:
1271	(a) before January 1, 2000, develop and operate a statewide program to:
1272	(i) educate the public about the role and function of guardians and conservators; and
1273	(ii) serve as a guardian, conservator, or both for a ward upon appointment by a court
1274	when no other person is able and willing to do so and the office petitioned for or agreed in
1275	advance to the appointment;
1276	(b) possess and exercise all the powers and duties specifically given to the office by
1277	virtue of being appointed as guardian or conservator of a ward, including the power to access a
1278	ward's records;
1279	(c) review and monitor the personal and, if appropriate, financial status of each ward
1280	for whom the office has been appointed to serve as guardian or conservator;
1281	(d) train and monitor each employee and volunteer, and monitor each contract provider
1282	to whom the office has delegated a responsibility for a ward;
1283	(e) retain all court-delegated powers and duties for a ward;
1284	(f) report on the personal and financial status of a ward as required by a court in
1285	accordance with Title 75, Chapter [5, Protection of Persons Under Disability and Their
1286	Property] 5c, Uniform Guardianship, Conservatorship, and Other Protective Arrangements Act;
1287	(g) handle a ward's funds in accordance with the department's trust account system;
1288	(h) request that the department's audit plan, established pursuant to Section 63I-5-401,
1289	include the requirement of an annual audit of all funds and property held by the office on behalf
1290	of wards;
1291	(i) maintain accurate records concerning each ward, the ward's property, and office
1292	services provided to the ward;
1293	(j) make reasonable and continuous efforts to find a family member, friend, or other
1294	person to serve as a ward's guardian or conservator;
1295	(k) after termination as guardian or conservator, distribute a ward's property in
1296	accordance with Title 75, Chapter [5, Protection of Persons Under Disability and Their
1297	Property] 5c, Uniform Guardianship, Conservatorship, and Other Protective Arrangements Act;
1298	(l) submit recommendations for changes in state law and funding to the governor and

1299	the Legislature and report to the governor and Legislature, upon request; and
1300	(m) establish, implement, and enforce rules.
1301	(2) The office may:
1302	(a) petition a court pursuant to Title 75, Chapter [5, Protection of Persons Under
1303	Disability and Their Property 5c, Uniform Guardianship, Conservatorship, and Other
1304	Protective Arrangements Act, to be appointed an incapacitated person's guardian, conservator,
1305	or both after conducting a prepetition assessment under Section 62A-14-107;
1306	(b) develop and operate a statewide program to recruit, train, supervise, and monitor
1307	volunteers to assist the office in providing guardian and conservator services;
1308	(c) delegate one or more responsibilities for a ward to an employee, volunteer, or
1309	contract provider, except as provided in Subsection 62A-14-107(1);
1310	(d) solicit and receive private donations to provide guardian and conservator services
1311	under this chapter; and
1312	(e) adopt rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
1313	Rulemaking Act, to:
1314	(i) effectuate policy; and
1315	(ii) carry out the office's role as guardian and conservator of wards as provided in this
1316	chapter.
1317	Section 12. Section 63I-2-275 is amended to read:
1318	63I-2-275. Repeal dates Title 75.
1319	[Subsection 75-5-303(5)(d) is repealed on July 1, 2028.]
1320	Section 13. Section 75-1-201 is amended to read:
1321	75-1-201. General definitions.
1322	Subject to additional definitions contained in the subsequent chapters that are
1323	applicable to specific chapters, parts, or sections, and unless the context otherwise requires, in
1324	this [code] <u>title</u> :
1325	(1) "Agent" includes an attorney-in-fact under a durable or nondurable power of
1326	attorney, an individual authorized to make decisions concerning another's health care, and an
1327	individual authorized to make decisions for another under a natural death act.
1328	(2) "Application" means a written request to the registrar for an order of informal
1329	probate or appointment under [Title 75,] Chapter 3, Part 3, Informal Probate and Appointment

1330 Proceedings.

(3) "Beneficiary," as it relates to trust beneficiaries, includes a person who has any present or future interest, vested or contingent, and also includes the owner of an interest by assignment or other transfer; as it relates to a charitable trust, includes any person entitled to enforce the trust; as it relates to a "beneficiary of a beneficiary designation," refers to a beneficiary of an insurance or annuity policy, of an account with POD designation, of a security registered in beneficiary form (TOD), or of a pension, profit-sharing, retirement, or similar benefit plan, or other nonprobate transfer at death; and, as it relates to a "beneficiary designated in a governing instrument," includes a grantee of a deed, a devisee, a trust beneficiary, a beneficiary of a beneficiary designation, a donee, appointee, or taker in default of a power of appointment, and a person in whose favor a power of attorney or a power held in any individual, fiduciary, or representative capacity is exercised.

- (4) "Beneficiary designation" refers to a governing instrument naming a beneficiary of an insurance or annuity policy, of an account with POD designation, of a security registered in beneficiary form (TOD), or of a pension, profit-sharing, retirement, or similar benefit plan, or other nonprobate transfer at death.
- (5) "Child" includes any individual entitled to take as a child under this code by intestate succession from the parent whose relationship is involved and excludes any person who is only a stepchild, a foster child, a grandchild, or any more remote descendant.
- (6) "Claims," in respect to estates of decedents and protected persons, includes liabilities of the decedent or protected person, whether arising in contract, in tort, or otherwise, and liabilities of the estate which arise at or after the death of the decedent or after the appointment of a conservator, including funeral expenses and expenses of administration. "Claims" does not include estate or inheritance taxes, or demands or disputes regarding title of a decedent or protected person to specific assets alleged to be included in the estate.
- (7) "Conservator" means a person who is appointed by a court to manage the estate of a protected person.
- (8) "Court" means any of the courts of record in this state having jurisdiction in matters relating to the affairs of decedents.
- (9) "Descendant" of an individual means all of his descendants of all generations, with the relationship of parent and child at each generation being determined by the definition of

child and parent contained in this title.

(10) "Devise," when used as a noun, means a testamentary disposition of real or personal property and, when used as a verb, means to dispose of real or personal property by will.

- (11) "Devisee" means any person designated in a will to receive a devise. For the purposes of [Title 75,] Chapter 3, Probate of Wills and Administration, in the case of a devise to an existing trust or trustee, or to a trustee in trust described by will, the trust or trustee is the devisee, and the beneficiaries are not devisees.
- 1369 (12) "Disability" means cause for a protective order as described by Section [75-5-401] 1370 75-5c-502 or 75-5c-503.
 - (13) "Distributee" means any person who has received property of a decedent from his personal representative other than as a creditor or purchaser. A testamentary trustee is a distributee only to the extent of distributed assets or increment thereto remaining in his hands. A beneficiary of a testamentary trust to whom the trustee has distributed property received from a personal representative is a distributee of the personal representative. For purposes of this provision, "testamentary trustee" includes a trustee to whom assets are transferred by will, to the extent of the devised assets.
 - (14) "Estate" includes the property of the decedent, trust, or other person whose affairs are subject to this title as originally constituted and as it exists from time to time during administration.
 - (15) "Exempt property" means that property of a decedent's estate which is described in Section 75-2-403.
 - (16) "Fiduciary" includes a personal representative, guardian, conservator, and trustee.
 - (17) "Foreign personal representative" means a personal representative of another jurisdiction.
 - (18) "Formal proceedings" means proceedings conducted before a judge with notice to interested persons.
 - (19) "Governing instrument" means a deed, will, trust, insurance or annuity policy, account with POD designation, security registered in beneficiary form (TOD), pension, profit-sharing, retirement, or similar benefit plan, instrument creating or exercising a power of appointment or a power of attorney, or a dispositive, appointive, or nominative instrument of

any similar type.

(20) "Guardian" means a person who has qualified as a guardian of a minor [or incapacitated person] by court appointment or an adult pursuant to testamentary or court appointment[, or by written instrument as provided in Section 75-5-202.5], but excludes one who is merely a guardian ad litem.

- (21) "Heirs," except as controlled by Section 75-2-711, means persons, including the surviving spouse and state, who are entitled under the statutes of intestate succession to the property of a decedent.
- (22) "Incapacitated" or "incapacity" is measured by functional limitations and means a judicial determination after proof by clear and convincing evidence that an adult's ability to do the following is impaired to the extent that the individual lacks the ability, even with appropriate technological assistance, to meet the essential requirements for financial protection or physical health, safety, or self-care:
 - (a) receive and evaluate information;
 - (b) make and communicate decisions; or
 - (c) provide for necessities such as food, shelter, clothing, health care, or safety.
- (23) "Informal proceedings" mean those conducted without notice to interested persons by an officer of the court acting as a registrar for probate of a will or appointment of a personal representative.
- (24) "Interested person" includes heirs, devisees, children, spouses, creditors, beneficiaries, and any others having a property right in or claim against a trust estate or the estate of a decedent, ward, or protected person. It also includes persons having priority for appointment as personal representative, other fiduciaries representing interested persons, a settlor of a trust, if living, or the settlor's legal representative, if any, if the settlor is living but incapacitated. The meaning as it relates to particular persons may vary from time to time and shall be determined according to the particular purposes of, and matter involved in, any proceeding.
 - (25) "Issue" of a person means descendant as defined in Subsection (9).
- (26) "Joint tenants with the right of survivorship" and "community property with the right of survivorship" includes coowners of property held under circumstances that entitle one or more to the whole of the property on the death of the other or others, but excludes forms of

1423 coownership registration in which the underlying ownership of each party is in proportion to 1424 that party's contribution.

(27) "Lease" includes an oil, gas, or other mineral lease.

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- 1426 (28) "Letters" includes letters testamentary, letters of guardianship, letters of administration, and letters of conservatorship.
 - (29) "Minor" means a person who is under 18 years of age.
- 1429 (30) "Mortgage" means any conveyance, agreement, or arrangement in which property 1430 is used as security.
 - (31) "Nonresident decedent" means a decedent who was domiciled in another jurisdiction at the time of his death.
 - (32) "Organization" includes a corporation, limited liability company, business trust, estate, trust, partnership, joint venture, association, government or governmental subdivision or agency, or any other legal or commercial entity.
 - (33) "Parent" includes any person entitled to take, or who would be entitled to take if the child died without a will, as a parent under this code by intestate succession from the child whose relationship is in question and excludes any person who is only a stepparent, foster parent, or grandparent.
 - (34) "Payor" means a trustee, insurer, business entity, employer, government, governmental agency or subdivision, or any other person authorized or obligated by law or a governing instrument to make payments.
 - (35) "Person" means an individual or an organization.
 - (36) (a) "Personal representative" includes executor, administrator, successor personal representative, special administrator, and persons who perform substantially the same function under the law governing their status.
 - (b) "General personal representative" excludes special administrator.
 - (37) "Petition" means a written request to the court for an order after notice.
 - (38) "Proceeding" includes action at law and suit in equity.
- 1450 (39) "Property" includes both real and personal property or any interest therein and means anything that may be the subject of ownership.
- 1452 (40) "Protected person" means a person for whom a conservator has been appointed. A
 1453 "minor protected person" means a minor for whom a conservator has been appointed because

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- 1455 (41) "Protective proceeding" means a proceeding described in Section [75-5-401]
- 1456 <u>75-5c-501</u>.

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- 1457 (42) "Record" means information that is inscribed on a tangible medium or that is 1458 stored in an electronic or other medium and is retrievable in perceivable form.
- 1459 (43) "Registrar" refers to the official of the court designated to perform the functions of registrar as provided in Section 75-1-307.
 - (44) "Security" includes any note, stock, treasury stock, bond, debenture, evidence of indebtedness, certificate of interest, or participation in an oil, gas, or mining title or lease or in payments out of production under such a title or lease, collateral trust certificate, transferable share, voting trust certificate, and, in general, any interest or instrument commonly known as a security, or any certificate of interest or participation, any temporary or interim certificate, receipt, or certificate of deposit for, or any warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing.
 - (45) "Settlement," in reference to a decedent's estate, includes the full process of administration, distribution, and closing.
- 1470 (46) "Sign" means, with present intent to authenticate or adopt a record other than a will:
 - (a) to execute or adopt a tangible symbol; or
- 1473 (b) to attach to or logically associate with the record an electronic symbol, sound, or process.
- 1475 (47) "Special administrator" means a personal representative as described in Sections 75-3-614 through 75-3-618.
 - (48) "State" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, any territory or insular possession subject to the jurisdiction of the United States, or a Native American tribe or band recognized by federal law or formally acknowledged by a state.
 - (49) "Successor personal representative" means a personal representative, other than a special administrator, who is appointed to succeed a previously appointed personal representative.
- 1484 (50) "Successors" means persons, other than creditors, who are entitled to property of a

decedent under the decedent's will or this title.

1486 (51) "Supervised administration" refers to the proceedings described in [Title 75,]
1487 Chapter 3, Part 5, Supervised Administration.

- (52) "Survive," except for purposes of Part 3 of Article VI, Uniform TOD Security Registration Act, means that an individual has neither predeceased an event, including the death of another individual, nor is considered to have predeceased an event under Section 75-2-104 or 75-2-702. The term includes its derivatives, such as "survives," "survived," "survivor," and "surviving."
- 1493 (53) "Testacy proceeding" means a proceeding to establish a will or determine 1494 intestacy.
 - (54) "Testator" includes an individual of either sex.
 - Revenue Code, any express trust, private or charitable, with additions thereto, wherever and however created. The term also includes a trust created or determined by judgment or decree under which the trust is to be administered in the manner of an express trust. The term excludes other constructive trusts, and it excludes resulting trusts, conservatorships, personal representatives, trust accounts as defined in [Title 75,] Chapter 6, Nonprobate Transfers, custodial arrangements pursuant to any Uniform Transfers To Minors Act, business trusts providing for certificates to be issued to beneficiaries, common trust funds, voting trusts, preneed funeral plans under Title 58, Chapter 9, Funeral Services Licensing Act, security arrangements, liquidation trusts, and trusts for the primary purpose of paying debts, dividends, interest, salaries, wages, profits, pensions, or employee benefits of any kind, and any arrangement under which a person is nominee or escrowee for another.
 - (56) "Trustee" includes an original, additional, and successor trustee, and cotrustee, whether or not appointed or confirmed by the court.
 - (57) "Ward" means a person for whom a guardian has been appointed. A "minor ward" is a minor for whom a guardian has been appointed solely because of minority.
 - (58) "Will" includes codicil and any testamentary instrument which merely appoints an executor, revokes or revises another will, nominates a guardian, or expressly excludes or limits the right of an individual or class to succeed to property of the decedent passing by intestate succession.

1516	Section 14. Section 75-5b-102 is amended to read:
1517	75-5b-102. Definitions.
1518	In this chapter:
1519	(1) "Adult" means an individual who has attained 18 years of age.
1520	(2) "Conservator" means a person appointed by the court to administer the property of
1521	an adult, including a person appointed under [Title 75,] Chapter 5c, Part 4, [Protection of
1522	Property of Persons Under Disability and Minors] Conservatorship.
1523	(3) "Emergency" means circumstances that likely will result in substantial harm to a
1524	respondent's health, safety, or welfare, and in which the appointment of a guardian is necessary
1525	because no other person has authority to and is willing to act on the respondent's behalf.
1526	(4) "Guardian" means a person appointed by the court to make decisions regarding the
1527	person of an adult, including a person appointed under [Title 75,] Chapter 5c, Part 3,
1528	[Guardians of Incapacitated Persons] Guardianship of Adult.
1529	(5) "Guardianship order" means an order appointing a guardian.
1530	(6) "Guardianship proceeding" means a proceeding in which an order for the
1531	appointment of a guardian is sought or has been issued.
1532	(7) "Home state" means the state in which the respondent was physically present for at
1533	least six consecutive months immediately before the filing of a petition for the appointment of
1534	a guardian or protective order. A period of temporary absence counts as part of the six-month
1535	period.
1536	(8) "Incapacitated person" means an adult for whom a guardian has been appointed.
1537	(9) "Party" means the respondent, petitioner, guardian, conservator, or any other person
1538	allowed by the court to participate in a guardianship or protective proceeding.
1539	(10) "Person," except in the terms "incapacitated person" or "protected person," means
1540	an individual, corporation, business trust, estate, trust, partnership, limited liability company,
1541	association, joint venture, government or governmental subdivision, agency or instrumentality,
1542	public corporation, or any other legal or commercial entity.
1543	(11) "Protected person" means an adult for whom a protective order has been made.
1544	(12) "Protective order" means an order appointing a conservator or another court order
1545	related to management of an adult's property.

(13) "Protective proceeding" means a judicial proceeding in which a protective order is

sought or has been issued.

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- (14) "Record" means information that is inscribed on a tangible medium or that is stored in an electronic or other medium and is retrievable in perceivable form.
- (15) "Respondent" means an adult for whom a protective order or the appointment of a guardian is sought.
- (16) "Significant-connection state" means a state, other than the home state, with which a respondent has a significant connection other than mere physical presence and in which substantial evidence concerning the respondent is available.
- (17) "State" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, a federally recognized Indian tribe, or any territory or insular possession subject to the jurisdiction of the United States.
 - Section 15. Section **75-5b-302** is amended to read:
- 75-5b-302. Accepting guardianship or conservatorship transferred from another state.
 - (1) To confirm transfer of a guardianship or conservatorship transferred to this state under provisions similar to Section 75-5b-301, the guardian or conservator shall petition the court in this state to accept the guardianship or conservatorship. The petition shall include a certified copy of the other state's provisional order of transfer.
 - (2) Notice of a petition under Subsection (1) shall be given by the petitioner to those persons who would be entitled to notice if the petition were a petition for the appointment of a guardian or issuance of a protective order in both the transferring state and this state. The notice shall be given in the same manner as notice is given in this state.
 - (3) On the court's own motion or on request of the incapacitated or protected person, or other person required to be notified of the proceeding, the court shall hold a hearing on a petition filed pursuant to Subsection (1).
 - (4) The court shall issue an order provisionally granting a petition filed under Subsection (1) unless:
 - (a) an objection is made and the objector establishes that transfer of the proceeding would be contrary to the interests of the incapacitated or protected person; or
 - (b) the guardian or conservator is ineligible for appointment in this state.
 - (5) The court shall issue a final order accepting the proceeding and appointing the

1578	guardian or conservator as guardian or conservator in this state upon its receipt from the court
1579	from which the proceeding is being transferred of a final order issued under provisions similar
1580	to Section 75-5b-301 transferring the proceeding to this state.
1581	(6) Not later than 90 days after issuance of a final order accepting transfer of a
1582	guardianship or conservatorship, the court shall determine whether the guardianship or
1583	conservatorship needs to be modified to conform to the law of this state.
1584	(7) In granting a petition under this section, the court shall recognize a guardianship or
1585	conservatorship order from the other state, including the determination of the incapacitated or
1586	protected person's incapacity and the appointment of the guardian or conservator.
1587	(8) The denial by a court of this state of a petition to accept a guardianship or
1588	conservatorship transferred from another state does not affect the ability of the guardian or
1589	conservator to seek appointment as guardian or conservator in this state under [Title 75,]
1590	Chapter 5c, Part 3, [Guardians of Incapacitated Persons] Guardianship of Adult, if the court has
1591	jurisdiction to make an appointment other than by reason of the provisional order of transfer.
1592	Section 16. Section 75-5c-101 is enacted to read:
1593	CHAPTER 5c. UNIFORM GUARDIANSHIP, CONSERVATORSHIP,
1594	AND OTHER PROTECTIVE ARRANGEMENTS ACT
1595	Part 1. General Provisions
1596	<u>75-5c-101.</u> Title.
1597	This chapter may be cited as the "Uniform Guardianship, Conservatorship, and Other
1598	Protective Arrangements Act."
1599	Section 17. Section 75-5c-102 is enacted to read:
1600	<u>75-5c-102.</u> Definitions.
1601	In this chapter:
1602	(1) "Adult" means an individual at least 18 years of age or an emancipated individual
1603	under 18 years of age.
1604	(2) "Adult subject to conservatorship" means an adult for whom a conservator has been
1605	appointed under this chapter.
1606	(3) "Adult subject to guardianship" means an adult for whom a guardian has been

(4) "Claim" includes a claim against an individual or conservatorship estate, whether

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appointed under this chapter.

1609	arising in contract, tort, or otherwise.
1610	(5) "Conservator" means a person appointed by a court to make decisions with respect
1611	to the property or financial affairs of an individual subject to conservatorship. The term
1612	includes a coconservator.
1613	(6) "Conservatorship estate" means the property subject to conservatorship under this
1614	chapter.
1615	(7) "Full conservatorship" means a conservatorship that grants the conservator all
1616	powers available under this chapter.
1617	(8) "Full guardianship" means a guardianship that grants the guardian all powers
1618	available under this chapter.
1619	(9) "Guardian" means a person appointed by the court to make decisions with respect
1620	to the personal affairs of an individual. The term includes a coguardian but does not include a
1621	guardian ad litem.
1622	(10) "Guardian ad litem" means a person appointed to inform the court about, and to
1623	represent, the needs and best interest of an individual.
1624	(11) "Individual subject to conservatorship" means an adult or minor for whom a
1625	conservator has been appointed under this chapter.
1626	(12) "Individual subject to guardianship" means an adult or minor for whom a guardian
1627	has been appointed under this chapter.
1628	(13) (a) "Less restrictive alternative" means an approach to meeting an individual's
1629	needs which restricts fewer rights of the individual than would the appointment of a guardian
1630	or conservator.
1631	(b) "Less restrictive alternative" includes supported decision making, appropriate
1632	technological assistance, appointment of a representative payee, and appointment of an agent
1633	by the individual, including appointment under a power of attorney for health care or power of
1634	attorney for finances.
1635	(14) "Letters of office" means a record issued by a court certifying a guardian's or
1636	conservator's authority to act.
1637	(15) "Limited conservatorship" means a conservatorship that grants the conservator
1638	less than all powers available under this chapter, grants powers over only certain property, or
1639	otherwise restricts the powers of the conservator.

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(16) "Limited guardianship" means a guardianship that grants the guardian less than all
powers available under this chapter or otherwise restricts the powers of the guardian.
(17) "Minor" means an unemancipated individual under 18 years of age.
(18) "Minor subject to conservatorship" means a minor for whom a conservator has
been appointed under this chapter.
(19) "Minor subject to guardianship" means a minor for whom a guardian has been
appointed under this chapter.
(20) "Parent" does not include an individual whose parental rights have been
terminated.
(21) "Person" means an individual, estate, business or nonprofit entity, public
corporation, government or governmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality, or other
legal entity.
(22) "Property" includes tangible and intangible property.
(23) "Protective arrangement instead of conservatorship" means a court order entered
under Section 75-5c-503.
(24) "Protective arrangement instead of guardianship" means a court order entered
under Section 75-5c-502.
(25) "Protective arrangement under Part 5" means a court order entered under Section
75-5c-502 or 75-5c-503.
(26) "Record," used as a noun, means information that is inscribed on a tangible
medium or that is stored in an electronic or other medium and is retrievable in perceivable
form.
(27) "Respondent" means an individual for whom appointment of a guardian or
conservator or a protective arrangement instead of guardianship or conservatorship is sought.
(28) "Sign" means, with present intent to authenticate or adopt a record:
(a) to execute or adopt a tangible symbol; or
(b) to attach to or logically associate with the record an electronic symbol, sound, or
process.
(29) "Standby guardian" means a person appointed by the court under Section
75-5c-207.
(30) "State" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico.

1671	the United States Virgin Islands, or any territory or insular possession subject to the jurisdiction
1672	of the United States. The term includes a federally recognized Indian tribe.
1673	(31) "Supported decision making" means assistance from one or more persons of an
1674	individual's choosing in understanding the nature and consequences of potential personal and
1675	financial decisions, which enables the individual to make the decisions, and in communicating
1676	a decision once made if consistent with the individual's wishes.
1677	Section 18. Section 75-5c-103 is enacted to read:
1678	75-5c-103. Supplemental principles of law and equity applicable.
1679	Unless displaced by a particular provision of this chapter, the principles of law and
1680	equity supplement its provisions.
1681	Section 19. Section 75-5c-104 is enacted to read:
1682	75-5c-104. Subject-matter jurisdiction.
1683	(1) Except to the extent jurisdiction is precluded by Title 78B, Chapter 13, Utah
1684	Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act, the district court has jurisdiction
1685	over a guardianship for a minor domiciled or present in this state. The court has jurisdiction
1686	over a conservatorship or protective arrangement instead of conservatorship for a minor
1687	domiciled or having property in this state.
1688	(2) The district court has jurisdiction over a guardianship, conservatorship, or
1689	protective arrangement under Part 5, Other Protective Arrangements, for an adult as provided
1690	in Chapter 5b, Uniform Adult Guardianship and Protective Proceedings Jurisdiction Act.
1691	(3) After notice is given in a proceeding for a guardianship, conservatorship, or
1692	protective arrangement under Part 5, Other Protective Arrangements, and until termination of
1693	the proceeding, the court in which the petition is filed has:
1694	(a) exclusive jurisdiction to determine the need for the guardianship, conservatorship,
1695	or protective arrangement;
1696	(b) exclusive jurisdiction to determine how property of the respondent must be
1697	managed, expended, or distributed to or for the use of the respondent, an individual who is
1698	dependent in fact on the respondent, or other claimant;
1699	(c) nonexclusive jurisdiction to determine the validity of a claim against the respondent
1700	or property of the respondent or a question of title concerning the property; and
1701	(d) if a guardian or conservator is appointed, exclusive jurisdiction over issues related

to administration of the guardianship or conservatorship.

(4) A court that appoints a guardian or conservator, or authorizes a protective arrangement under Part 5, Other Protective Arrangements, has exclusive and continuing jurisdiction over the proceeding until the court terminates the proceeding or the appointment or protective arrangement expires by its terms.

Section 20. Section **75-5c-105** is enacted to read:

75-5c-105. Transfer of proceeding.

- (1) This section does not apply to a guardianship or conservatorship for an adult which is subject to the transfer provisions of Chapter 5b, Part 3, Transfer of Jurisdiction.
- (2) After appointment of a guardian or conservator, the court that made the appointment may transfer the proceeding to a court in another county in this state or another state if transfer is in the best interest of the individual subject to the guardianship or conservatorship.
- (3) If a proceeding for a guardianship or conservatorship is pending in another state or a foreign country and a petition for guardianship or conservatorship for the same individual is filed in a court in this state, the court shall notify the court in the other state or foreign country and, after consultation with that court, assume or decline jurisdiction, whichever is in the best interest of the respondent.
- (4) A guardian or conservator appointed in another state or country may petition the court for appointment as a guardian or conservator in this state for the same individual if jurisdiction in this state is or will be established. The appointment may be made on proof of appointment in the other state or foreign country and presentation of a certified copy of the part of the court record in the other state or country specified by the court in this state.
- (5) Notice of hearing on a petition under Subsection (4), together with a copy of the petition, must be given to the respondent, if the respondent is at least 12 years of age at the time of the hearing, and to the persons that would be entitled to notice if the procedures for appointment of a guardian or conservator under this chapter were applicable. The court shall make the appointment unless it determines the appointment would not be in the best interest of the respondent.
- (6) Not later than 14 days after appointment under Subsection (5), the guardian or conservator shall give a copy of the order of appointment to the individual subject to

1733	guardianship or conservatorship, if the individual is at least 12 years of age, and to all persons
1734	given notice of the hearing on the petition.
1735	Section 21. Section 75-5c-106 is enacted to read:
1736	75-5c-106. Venue.
1737	(1) Venue for a guardianship proceeding for a minor is in:
1738	(a) the county in which the minor resides or is present at the time the proceeding
1739	commences; or
1740	(b) the county in which another proceeding concerning the custody or parental rights of
1741	the minor is pending.
1742	(2) Venue for a guardianship proceeding or protective arrangement instead of
1743	guardianship for an adult is in:
1744	(a) the county in which the respondent resides;
1745	(b) if the respondent has been admitted to an institution by court order, the county in
1746	which the court is located; or
1747	(c) if the proceeding is for appointment of an emergency guardian for an adult, the
1748	county in which the respondent is present.
1749	(3) Venue for a conservatorship proceeding or protective arrangement instead of
1750	conservatorship is in:
1751	(a) the county in which the respondent resides, whether or not a guardian has been
1752	appointed in another county or other jurisdiction; or
1753	(b) if the respondent does not reside in this state, in any county in which property of the
1754	respondent is located.
1755	(4) If proceedings under this chapter are brought in more than one county, the court of
1756	the county in which the first proceeding is brought has the exclusive right to proceed unless the
1757	court determines venue is properly in another court or the interest of justice otherwise requires
1758	transfer of the proceeding.
1759	Section 22. Section 75-5c-107 is enacted to read:
1760	75-5c-107. Practice in court.
1761	(1) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, the rules of evidence and civil
1762	procedure, including rules concerning appellate review, govern a proceeding under this chapter.
1763	(2) If proceedings for a guardianship, conservatorship, or protective arrangement under

1764	Part 5, Other Protective Arrangements, for the same individual are commenced or pending in
1765	the same court, the proceedings may be consolidated.
1766	Section 23. Section 75-5c-108 is enacted to read:
1767	75-5c-108. Letters of office.
1768	(1) The court shall issue letters of office to a guardian on filing by the guardian of an
1769	acceptance of appointment.
1770	(2) The court shall issue letters of office to a conservator on filing by the conservator of
1771	an acceptance of appointment and filing of any required bond or compliance with any other
1772	asset-protection arrangement required by the court.
1773	(3) Limitations on the powers of a guardian or conservator or on the property subject to
1774	conservatorship must be stated on the letters of office.
1775	(4) The court at any time may limit the powers conferred on a guardian or conservator.
1776	The court shall issue new letters of office to reflect the limitation. The court shall give notice of
1777	the limitation to the guardian or conservator, individual subject to guardianship or
1778	conservatorship, each parent of a minor subject to guardianship or conservatorship, and any
1779	other person the court determines.
1780	Section 24. Section 75-5c-109 is enacted to read:
1781	75-5c-109. Effect of acceptance of appointment.
1782	On acceptance of appointment, a guardian or conservator submits to personal
1783	jurisdiction of the court in this state in any proceeding relating to the guardianship or
1784	conservatorship.
1785	Section 25. Section 75-5c-110 is enacted to read:
1786	75-5c-110. Coguardian Coconservator.
1787	(1) The court at any time may appoint a coguardian or coconservator to serve
1788	immediately or when a designated event occurs.
1789	(2) A coguardian or coconservator appointed to serve immediately may act when that
1790	coguardian or coconservator complies with Section 75-5c-108.
1791	(3) A coguardian or coconservator appointed to serve when a designated event occurs
1792	may act when:
1793	(a) the event occurs; and
1794	(b) that cognardian or coconservator complies with Section 75-5c-108

1795	(4) Unless an order of appointment under Subsection (1) or subsequent order states
1796	otherwise, coguardians or coconservators shall make decisions jointly.
1797	Section 26. Section 75-5c-111 is enacted to read:
1798	75-5c-111. Judicial appointment of successor guardian or successor conservator.
1799	(1) The court at any time may appoint a successor guardian or successor conservator to
1800	serve immediately or when a designated event occurs.
1801	(2) A person entitled under Section 75-5c-202 or 75-5c-302 to petition the court to
1802	appoint a guardian may petition the court to appoint a successor guardian. A person entitled
1803	under Section 75-5c-402 to petition the court to appoint a conservator may petition the court to
1804	appoint a successor conservator.
1805	(3) A successor guardian or successor conservator appointed to serve when a
1806	designated event occurs may act as guardian or conservator when:
1807	(a) the event occurs; and
1808	(b) the successor complies with Section 75-5c-108.
1809	(4) A successor guardian or successor conservator has the predecessor's powers unless
1810	otherwise provided by the court.
1811	Section 27. Section 75-5c-112 is enacted to read:
1812	75-5c-112. Effect of death, removal, or resignation of guardian or conservator.
1813	(1) Appointment of a guardian or conservator terminates on the death or removal of the
1814	guardian or conservator, or when the court under Subsection (2) approves a resignation of the
1815	guardian or conservator.
1816	(2) A guardian or conservator must petition the court to resign. The petition may
1817	include a request that the court appoint a successor. Resignation of a guardian or conservator is
1818	effective on the date the resignation is approved by the court.
1819	(3) Death, removal, or resignation of a guardian or conservator does not affect liability
1820	for a previous act or the obligation to account for:
1821	(a) an action taken on behalf of the individual subject to guardianship or
1822	conservatorship; or
1823	(b) the individual's funds or other property.
1824	Section 28. Section 75-5c-113 is enacted to read:
1825	75-5c-113. Notice of hearing generally.

1826	(1) Except as otherwise provided in Sections 75-5c-203, 75-5c-207, 75-5c-303,
1827	75-5c-403, and 75-5c-505, if notice of a hearing under this chapter is required, the movant shall
1828	give notice of the date, time, and place of the hearing to the person to be notified unless
1829	otherwise ordered by the court for good cause. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter,
1830	notice must be given in compliance with Rule 6, Utah Rules of Civil Procedure, at least 14
1831	days before the hearing.
1832	(2) Proof of notice of a hearing under this chapter must be made before or at the
1833	hearing and filed in the proceeding.
1834	(3) Notice of a hearing under this chapter must be in at least 16-point font, in plain
1835	language, and, to the extent feasible, in a language in which the person to be notified is
1836	proficient.
1837	Section 29. Section 75-5c-114 is enacted to read:
1838	75-5c-114. Waiver of notice.
1839	(1) Except as otherwise provided in Subsection (2), a person may waive notice under
1840	this chapter in a record signed by the person or person's attorney and filed in the proceeding.
1841	(2) A respondent, individual subject to guardianship, individual subject to
1842	conservatorship, or individual subject to a protective arrangement under Part 5, Other
1843	Protective Arrangements, may not waive notice under this chapter.
1844	Section 30. Section 75-5c-115 is enacted to read:
1845	75-5c-115. Guardian ad litem.
1846	The court at any time may appoint a guardian ad litem for an individual if the court
1847	determines the individual's interest otherwise would not be adequately represented. If no
1848	conflict of interest exists, a guardian ad litem may be appointed to represent multiple
1849	individuals or interests. The guardian ad litem may not be the same individual as the attorney
1850	representing the respondent. The court shall state the duties of the guardian ad litem and the
1851	reasons for the appointment.
1852	Section 31. Section 75-5c-116 is enacted to read:
1853	75-5c-116. Request for notice.
1854	(1) A person may file with the court a request for notice under this chapter if the person
1855	<u>is:</u>
1856	(a) not otherwise entitled to notice; and

1857	(b) interested in the welfare of a respondent, individual subject to guardianship or
1858	conservatorship, or individual subject to a protective arrangement under Part 5, Other
1859	Protective Arrangements.
1860	(2) A request under Subsection (1) must include a statement showing the interest of the
1861	person making the request and the address of the person or an attorney for the person to whom
1862	notice is to be given.
1863	(3) If the court approves a request under Subsection (1), the court shall give notice of
1864	the approval to the guardian or conservator, if one has been appointed, or the respondent if no
1865	guardian or conservator has been appointed.
1866	Section 32. Section 75-5c-117 is enacted to read:
1867	75-5c-117. Disclosure of bankruptcy or criminal history.
1868	(1) Before accepting appointment as a guardian or conservator, a person shall disclose
1869	to the court whether the person:
1870	(a) is or has been a debtor in a bankruptcy, insolvency, or receivership proceeding; or
1871	(b) been convicted of:
1872	(i) a felony;
1873	(ii) a crime involving dishonesty, neglect, violence, or use of physical force; or
1874	(iii) other crime relevant to the functions the individual would assume as guardian or
1875	conservator.
1876	(2) A guardian or conservator that engages or anticipates engaging an agent the
1877	guardian or conservator knows has been convicted of a felony, a crime involving dishonesty,
1878	neglect, violence, or use of physical force, or other crime relevant to the functions the agent is
1879	being engaged to perform promptly shall disclose that knowledge to the court.
1880	(3) If a conservator engages or anticipates engaging an agent to manage finances of the
1881	individual subject to conservatorship and knows the agent is or has been a debtor in a
1882	bankruptcy, insolvency, or receivership proceeding, the conservator promptly shall disclose
1883	that knowledge to the court.
1884	Section 33. Section 75-5c-118 is enacted to read:
1885	75-5c-118. Multiple nominations.
1886	If a respondent or other person makes more than one nomination of a guardian or
1887	conservator, the latest in time governs.

1888	Section 34. Section 75-5c-119 is enacted to read:
1889	75-5c-119. Compensation and expenses In general.
1890	(1) Unless otherwise compensated or reimbursed, an attorney for a respondent in a
1891	proceeding under this chapter is entitled to reasonable compensation for services and
1892	reimbursement of reasonable expenses from the property of the respondent.
1893	(2) Unless otherwise compensated or reimbursed, an attorney or other person whose
1894	services resulted in an order beneficial to an individual subject to guardianship or
1895	conservatorship or for whom a protective arrangement under Part 5, Other Protective
1896	Arrangements, was ordered is entitled to reasonable compensation for services and
1897	reimbursement of reasonable expenses from the property of the individual.
1898	(3) The court must approve compensation and expenses payable under this section
1899	before payment. Approval is not required before a service is provided or an expense is
1900	incurred.
1901	(4) If the court dismisses a petition under this chapter and determines the petition was
1902	filed in bad faith, the court may assess the cost of any court-ordered professional evaluation or
1903	visitor against the petitioner.
1904	Section 35. Section 75-5c-120 is enacted to read:
1905	75-5c-120. Compensation of guardian or conservator.
1906	(1) Subject to court approval, a guardian is entitled to reasonable compensation for
1907	services as guardian and to reimbursement for room, board, clothing, and other appropriate
1908	expenses advanced for the benefit of the individual subject to guardianship. If a conservator,
1909	other than the guardian or a person affiliated with the guardian, is appointed for the individual,
1910	reasonable compensation and reimbursement to the guardian may be approved and paid by the
1911	conservator without court approval.
1912	(2) Subject to court approval, a conservator is entitled to reasonable compensation for
1913	services and reimbursement for appropriate expenses from the property of the individual
1914	subject to conservatorship.
1915	(3) In determining reasonable compensation for a guardian or conservator, the court, or
1916	a conservator in determining reasonable compensation for a guardian as provided in Subsection
1917	(1), shall consider:
1918	(a) the necessity and quality of the services provided;

1919	(b) the experience, training, professional standing, and skills of the guardian or
1920	conservator;
1921	(c) the difficulty of the services performed, including the degree of skill and care
1922	required;
1923	(d) the conditions and circumstances under which a service was performed, including
1924	whether the service was provided outside regular business hours or under dangerous or
1925	extraordinary conditions;
1926	(e) the effect of the services on the individual subject to guardianship or
1927	conservatorship;
1928	(f) the extent to which the services provided were or were not consistent with the
1929	guardian's plan under Section 75-5c-316 or conservator's plan under Section 75-5c-419; and
1930	(g) the fees customarily paid to a person that performs a like service in the community.
1931	(4) A guardian or conservator need not use personal funds of the guardian or
1932	conservator for the expenses of the individual subject to guardianship or conservatorship.
1933	(5) If an individual subject to guardianship or conservatorship seeks to modify or
1934	terminate the guardianship or conservatorship or remove the guardian or conservator, the court
1935	may order compensation to the guardian or conservator for time spent opposing modification,
1936	termination, or removal only to the extent the court determines the opposition was reasonably
1937	necessary to protect the interest of the individual subject to guardianship or conservatorship.
1938	Section 36. Section 75-5c-121 is enacted to read:
1939	75-5c-121. Liability of guardian or conservator for act of individual subject to
1940	guardianship or conservatorship.
1941	A guardian or conservator is not personally liable to another person solely because of
1942	the guardianship or conservatorship for an act or omission of the individual subject to
1943	guardianship or conservatorship.
1944	Section 37. Section 75-5c-122 is enacted to read:
1945	75-5c-122. Petition after appointment for instruction or ratification.
1946	(1) A guardian or conservator may petition the court for instruction concerning
1947	fiduciary responsibility or ratification of a particular act related to the guardianship or
1948	conservatorship.
1949	(2) On notice and hearing on a petition under Subsection (1), the court may give an

1950	instruction and issue an appropriate order.
1951	Section 38. Section 75-5c-123 is enacted to read:
1952	75-5c-123. Third-party acceptance of authority of guardian or conservator.
1953	(1) A person must not recognize the authority of a guardian or conservator to act on
1954	behalf of an individual subject to guardianship or conservatorship if:
1955	(a) the person has actual knowledge or a reasonable belief that the letters of office of
1956	the guardian or conservator are invalid or the conservator or guardian is exceeding or
1957	improperly exercising authority granted by the court; or
1958	(b) the person has actual knowledge that the individual subject to guardianship or
1959	conservatorship is subject to physical or financial abuse, neglect, exploitation, or abandonment
1960	by the guardian or conservator or a person acting for or with the guardian or conservator.
1961	(2) A person may refuse to recognize the authority of a guardian or conservator to act
1962	on behalf of an individual subject to guardianship or conservatorship if:
1963	(a) the guardian's or conservator's proposed action would be inconsistent with this
1964	chapter; or
1965	(b) the person makes, or has actual knowledge that another person has made, a report
1966	to the Division of Child and Family Services or Adult Protective Services within the
1967	Department of Human Services stating a good-faith belief that the individual subject to
1968	guardianship or conservatorship is subject to physical or financial abuse, neglect, exploitation,
1969	or abandonment by the guardian or conservator or a person acting for or with the guardian or
1970	conservator.
1971	(3) A person that refuses to accept the authority of a guardian or conservator in
1972	accordance with Subsection (2) may report the refusal and the reason for refusal to the court.
1973	The court on receiving the report shall consider whether removal of the guardian or conservator
1974	or other action is appropriate.
1975	(4) A guardian or conservator may petition the court to require a third party to accept a
1976	decision made by the guardian or conservator on behalf of the individual subject to
1977	guardianship or conservatorship.
1978	Section 39. Section 75-5c-124 is enacted to read:
1979	75-5c-124. Use of agent by guardian or conservator.
1980	(1) Except as otherwise provided in Subsection (3), a guardian or conservator may

1981	delegate a power to an agent which a prudent guardian or conservator of comparable skills
1982	could delegate prudently under the circumstances if the delegation is consistent with the
1983	guardian's or conservator's fiduciary duties and the guardian's plan under Section 75-5c-316 or
1984	conservator's plan under Section 75-5c-419.
1985	(2) In delegating a power under Subsection (1), the guardian or conservator shall
1986	exercise reasonable care, skill, and caution in:
1987	(a) selecting the agent;
1988	(b) establishing the scope and terms of the agent's work in accordance with the
1989	guardian's plan under Section 75-5c-316 or conservator's plan under Section 75-5c-419;
1990	(c) monitoring the agent's performance and compliance with the delegation; and
1991	(d) redressing an act or omission of the agent which would constitute a breach of the
1992	guardian's or conservator's duties if done by the guardian or conservator.
1993	(3) A guardian or conservator may not delegate all powers to an agent.
1994	(4) In performing a power delegated under this section, an agent shall:
1995	(a) exercise reasonable care to comply with the terms of the delegation and use
1996	reasonable care in the performance of the power; and
1997	(b) if the guardian or conservator has delegated to the agent the power to make a
1998	decision on behalf of the individual subject to guardianship or conservatorship, use the same
1999	decision-making standard the guardian or conservator would be required to use.
2000	(5) By accepting a delegation of a power under Subsection (1) from a guardian or
2001	conservator, an agent submits to the personal jurisdiction of the courts of this state in an action
2002	involving the agent's performance as agent.
2003	(6) A guardian or conservator that delegates and monitors a power in compliance with
2004	this section is not liable for the decision, act, or omission of the agent.
2005	Section 40. Section 75-5c-125 is enacted to read:
2006	75-5c-125. Temporary substitute guardian or conservator.
2007	(1) The court may appoint a temporary substitute guardian for an individual subject to
2008	guardianship for a period not exceeding six months if:
2009	(a) a proceeding to remove a guardian for the individual is pending; or
2010	(b) the court finds a guardian is not effectively performing the guardian's duties and the
2011	welfare of the individual requires immediate action.

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2043	property belonging to the individual subject to conservatorship is located, certified copies of
2044	the order of conservatorship, letters of office, and any bond or other asset-protection
2045	arrangement required by the court.
2046	(3) On registration under this section of a guardianship or conservatorship order from
2047	another state, the guardian or conservator may exercise in this state all powers authorized in the
2048	order except as prohibited by this chapter and law of this state other than this chapter. If the
2049	guardian or conservator is not a resident of this state, the guardian or conservator may maintain
2050	an action or proceeding in this state subject to any condition imposed by this state on an action
2051	or proceeding by a nonresident party.
2052	(4) The court may grant any relief available under this chapter and law of this state
2053	other than this chapter to enforce an order registered under this section.
2054	Section 42. Section 75-5c-127 is enacted to read:
2055	75-5c-127. Grievance against guardian or conservator.
2056	(1) An individual who is subject to guardianship or conservatorship, or person
2057	interested in the welfare of an individual subject to guardianship or conservatorship, that
2058	reasonably believes the guardian or conservator is breaching the guardian's or conservator's
2059	fiduciary duty or otherwise acting in a manner inconsistent with this chapter may file a
2060	grievance in a record with the court.
2061	(2) Subject to Subsection (3), after receiving a grievance under Subsection (1), the
2062	court:
2063	(a) shall review the grievance and, if necessary to determine the appropriate response,
2064	court records related to the guardianship or conservatorship;
2065	(b) shall schedule a hearing if the individual subject to guardianship or conservatorship
2066	is an adult and the grievance supports a reasonable belief that:
2067	(i) removal of the guardian and appointment of a successor may be appropriate under
2068	Section 75-5c-318;
2069	(ii) termination or modification of the guardianship may be appropriate under Section
2070	<u>75-5c-319;</u>
2071	(iii) removal of the conservator and appointment of a successor may be appropriate
2072	under Section 75-5c-430; or

(iv) termination or modification of the conservatorship may be appropriate under

2074	<u>Section 75-5c-431; and</u>
2075	(c) may take any action supported by the evidence, including:
2076	(i) ordering the guardian or conservator to provide the court a report, accounting,
2077	inventory, updated plan, or other information;
2078	(ii) appointing a guardian ad litem;
2079	(iii) appointing an attorney for the individual subject to guardianship or
2080	conservatorship; or
2081	(iv) holding a hearing.
2082	(3) The court may decline to act under Subsection (2) if a similar grievance was filed
2083	within the six months preceding the filing of the current grievance and the court followed the
2084	procedures of Subsection (2) in considering the earlier grievance.
2085	Section 43. Section 75-5c-128, which is renumbered from Section 75-5-103 is
2086	renumbered and amended to read:
2087	[75-5-103]. <u>75-5c-128.</u> Delegation of powers by parent or guardian.
2088	A parent or a guardian of a minor or [incapacitated person] of an individual subject to a
2089	guardianship, by a properly-executed power of attorney, may delegate to another person, for a
2090	period not exceeding six months, any of the parent's or guardian's powers regarding care,
2091	custody, or property of the minor child or ward:
2092	(1) except the power to consent to:
2093	(a) marriage; or
2094	(b) adoption of a minor ward; and
2095	(2) subject to Section 53G-6-302, including making decisions related to schooling.
2096	Section 44. Section 75-5c-201 is enacted to read:
2097	Part 2. Guardianship of Minor
2098	75-5c-201. Basis for appointment of guardian for minor.
2099	(1) A person becomes a guardian for a minor only on appointment by the court.
2100	(2) The court may appoint a guardian for a minor who does not have a guardian if the
2101	court finds the appointment is in the minor's best interest and:
2102	(a) each parent of the minor, after being fully informed of the nature and consequences
2103	of guardianship, consents;
2104	(b) all parental rights have been terminated; or

2105	(c) there is clear and convincing evidence that no parent of the minor is willing or able
2106	to exercise the powers the court is granting the guardian.
2107	Section 45. Section 75-5c-202 is enacted to read:
2108	75-5c-202. Petition for appointment of guardian for minor.
2109	(1) A person interested in the welfare of a minor, including the minor, may petition for
2110	appointment of a guardian for the minor.
2111	(2) A petition under Subsection (1) must state the petitioner's name, principal
2112	residence, current street address, if different, relationship to the minor, interest in the
2113	appointment, the name and address of any attorney representing the petitioner, and, to the
2114	extent known, the following:
2115	(a) the minor's name, age, principal residence, current street address, if different, and, if
2116	different, address of the dwelling in which it is proposed the minor will reside if the
2117	appointment is made;
2118	(b) the name and current street address of the minor's parents;
2119	(c) the name and address, if known, of each person that had primary care or custody of
2120	the minor for at least 60 days during the two years immediately before the filing of the petition
2121	or for at least 730 days during the five years immediately before the filing of the petition;
2122	(d) the name and address of any attorney for the minor and any attorney for each parent
2123	of the minor;
2124	(e) the reason guardianship is sought and would be in the best interest of the minor;
2125	(f) the name and address of any proposed guardian and the reason the proposed
2126	guardian should be selected;
2127	(g) if the minor has property other than personal effects, a general statement of the
2128	minor's property with an estimate of its value;
2129	(h) whether the minor needs an interpreter, translator, or other form of support to
2130	communicate effectively with the court or understand court proceedings;
2131	(i) whether any parent of the minor needs an interpreter, translator, or other form of
2132	support to communicate effectively with the court or understand court proceedings; and
2133	(j) whether any other proceeding concerning the care or custody of the minor is
2134	pending in any court in this state or another jurisdiction.
2135	Section 46. Section 75-5c-203 is enacted to read:

2136	75-5c-203. Notice of hearing for appointment of guardian for minor.
2137	(1) If a petition is filed under Section 75-5c-202, the court shall schedule a hearing and
2138	the petitioner shall:
2139	(a) serve notice of the date, time, and place of the hearing, together with a copy of the
2140	petition, personally on each of the following that is not the petitioner:
2141	(i) the minor, if the minor will be 12 years of age or older at the time of the hearing;
2142	(ii) each parent of the minor or, if there is none, the adult nearest in kinship who can be
2143	found with reasonable diligence;
2144	(iii) any adult with whom the minor resides;
2145	(iv) each person that had primary care or custody of the minor for at least 60 days
2146	during the two years immediately before the filing of the petition or for at least 730 days during
2147	the five years immediately before the filing of the petition; and
2148	(v) any other person the court determines should receive personal service of notice; and
2149	(b) give notice under Section 75-5c-113 of the date, time, and place of the hearing,
2150	together with a copy of the petition, to:
2151	(i) any person nominated as guardian by the minor, if the minor is 12 years of age or
2152	older;
2153	(ii) any nominee of a parent;
2154	(iii) each grandparent and adult sibling of the minor;
2155	(iv) any guardian or conservator acting for the minor in any jurisdiction; and
2156	(v) any other person the court determines.
2157	(2) Notice required by Subsection (1) must include a statement of the right to request
2158	appointment of an attorney for the minor or object to appointment of a guardian and a
2159	description of the nature, purpose, and consequences of appointment of a guardian.
2160	(3) The court may not grant a petition for guardianship of a minor if notice
2161	substantially complying with Subsection (1)(a) is not served on:
2162	(a) the minor, if the minor is 12 years of age or older; and
2163	(b) each parent of the minor, unless the court finds by clear and convincing evidence
2164	that the parent cannot with due diligence be located and served or the parent waived, in a
2165	record, the right to notice.
2166	(4) If a petitioner is unable to serve notice under Subsection (1)(a) on a parent of a

2167	minor or alleges that the parent waived, in a record, the right to notice under this section, the
2168	court shall appoint a visitor who shall:
2169	(a) interview the petitioner and the minor;
2170	(b) if the petitioner alleges the parent cannot be located, ascertain whether the parent
2171	cannot be located with due diligence; and
2172	(c) investigate any other matter relating to the petition the court directs.
2173	Section 47. Section 75-5c-204 is enacted to read:
2174	75-5c-204. Attorney for minor or parent.
2175	(1) The court shall appoint an attorney to represent a minor who is the subject of a
2176	proceeding under Section 75-5c-202 if:
2177	(a) requested by the minor and the minor is 12 years of age or older;
2178	(b) recommended by a guardian ad litem; or
2179	(c) the court determines the minor needs representation.
2180	(2) An attorney appointed under Subsection (1) shall:
2181	(a) make a reasonable effort to ascertain the minor's wishes;
2182	(b) advocate for the minor's wishes to the extent reasonably ascertainable; and
2183	(c) if the minor's wishes are not reasonably ascertainable, advocate for the minor's best
2184	<u>interest.</u>
2185	(3) A minor who is the subject of a proceeding under Section 75-5c-202 may retain an
2186	attorney to represent the minor in the proceeding.
2187	(4) A parent of a minor who is the subject of a proceeding under Section 75-5c-202
2188	may retain an attorney to represent the parent in the proceeding.
2189	(5) The court shall appoint an attorney to represent a parent of a minor who is the
2190	subject of a proceeding under Section 75-5c-202 if:
2191	(a) the parent objects to appointment of a guardian for the minor;
2192	(b) the court determines that counsel is needed to ensure that consent to appointment of
2193	a guardian is informed; or
2194	(c) the court otherwise determines the parent needs representation.
2195	Section 48. Section 75-5c-205 is enacted to read:
2196	75-5c-205. Attendance and participation at hearing for appointment of guardian
2197	for minor

2198	(1) The court shall require a minor who is the subject of a hearing under Section
2199	75-5c-203 to attend the hearing and allow the minor to participate in the hearing unless the
2200	court determines, by clear and convincing evidence presented at the hearing or a separate
2201	hearing, that:
2202	(a) the minor consistently and repeatedly refused to attend the hearing after being fully
2203	informed of the right to attend and, if the minor is 12 years of age or older, the potential
2204	consequences of failing to do so;
2205	(b) there is no practicable way for the minor to attend the hearing;
2206	(c) the minor lacks the ability or maturity to participate meaningfully in the hearing; or
2207	(d) attendance would be harmful to the minor.
2208	(2) Unless excused by the court for good cause, the person proposed to be appointed as
2209	guardian for a minor shall attend a hearing under Section 75-5c-203.
2210	(3) Each parent of a minor who is the subject of a hearing under Section 75-5c-203 has
2211	the right to attend the hearing.
2212	(4) A person may request permission to participate in a hearing under Section
2213	75-5c-203. The court may grant the request, with or without hearing, on determining that it is
2214	in the best interest of the minor who is the subject of the hearing. The court may impose
2215	appropriate conditions on the person's participation.
2216	Section 49. Section 75-5c-206 is enacted to read:
2217	75-5c-206. Order of appointment Priority of nominee Limited guardianship
2218	for minor.
2219	(1) After a hearing under Section 75-5c-203, the court may appoint a guardian for a
2220	minor, if appointment is proper under Section 75-5c-201, dismiss the proceeding, or take other
2221	appropriate action consistent with this chapter or law of this state other than this chapter.
2222	(2) In appointing a guardian under Subsection (1), the following rules apply:
2223	(a) The court shall appoint a person nominated as guardian by a parent of the minor in
2224	a will or other record unless the court finds the appointment is contrary to the best interest of
2225	the minor.
2226	(b) If multiple parents have nominated different persons to serve as guardian, the court
2227	shall appoint the nominee whose appointment is in the best interest of the minor, unless the
2228	court finds that appointment of none of the nominees is in the best interest of the minor.

(c) If a guardian is not appointed under Subsection (2)(a) or (b), the court shall appoint
the person nominated by the minor if the minor is 12 years of age or older unless the court
finds that appointment is contrary to the best interest of the minor. In that case, the court shall
appoint as guardian a person whose appointment is in the best interest of the minor.
(3) In the interest of maintaining or encouraging involvement by a minor's parent in the
minor's life, developing self-reliance of the minor, or for other good cause, the court, at the
time of appointment of a guardian for the minor or later, on its own or on motion of the minor
or other interested person, may create a limited guardianship by limiting the powers otherwise
granted by this part to the guardian. Following the same procedure, the court may grant
additional powers or withdraw powers previously granted.
(4) The court, as part of an order appointing a guardian for a minor, shall state rights
retained by any parent of the minor, which may include contact or visitation with the minor,
decision making regarding the minor's health care, education, or other matter, or access to a
record regarding the minor.
(5) An order granting a guardianship for a minor must state that each parent of the
minor is entitled to notice that:
(a) the guardian has delegated custody of the minor subject to guardianship;
(b) the court has modified or limited the powers of the guardian; or
(c) the court has removed the guardian.
(6) An order granting a guardianship for a minor must identify any person in addition
to a parent of the minor which is entitled to notice of the events listed in Subsection (5).
Section 50. Section 75-5c-207 is enacted to read:
75-5c-207. Standby guardian for minor.
(1) A standby guardian appointed under this section may act as guardian, with all
duties and powers of a guardian under Sections 75-5c-209 and 75-5c-210, when no parent of
the minor is willing or able to exercise the duties and powers granted to the guardian.
(2) A parent of a minor, in a signed record, may nominate a person to be appointed by
the court as standby guardian for the minor. The parent, in a signed record, may state desired
limitations on the powers to be granted to the standby guardian. The parent, in a signed record,
may revoke or amend the nomination at any time before the court appoints a standby guardian.
(3) The court may appoint a standby quardian for a minor on:

2260	(a) petition by a parent of the minor or a person nominated under Subsection (2); and
2261	(b) finding that no parent of the minor likely will be able or willing to care for or make
2262	decisions with respect to the minor not later than two years after the appointment.
2263	(4) A petition under Subsection (3)(a) must include the same information required
2264	under Section 75-5c-202 for the appointment of a guardian for a minor.
2265	(5) On filing a petition under Subsection (3)(a), the petitioner shall:
2266	(a) serve a copy of the petition personally on:
2267	(i) the minor, if the minor is 12 years of age or older, and the minor's attorney, if any;
2268	(ii) each parent of the minor;
2269	(iii) the person nominated as standby guardian; and
2270	(iv) any other person the court determines; and
2271	(b) include with the copy of the petition served under Subsection (5)(a) a statement of
2272	the right to request appointment of an attorney for the minor or to object to appointment of the
2273	standby guardian, and a description of the nature, purpose, and consequences of appointment of
2274	a standby guardian.
2275	(6) A person entitled to notice under Subsection (5), not later than 60 days after service
2276	of the petition and statement, may object to appointment of the standby guardian by filing an
2277	objection with the court and giving notice of the objection to each other person entitled to
2278	notice under Subsection (5).
2279	(7) If an objection is filed under Subsection (6), the court shall hold a hearing to
2280	determine whether a standby guardian should be appointed and, if so, the person that should be
2281	appointed. If no objection is filed, the court may make the appointment.
2282	(8) The court may not grant a petition for a standby guardian of the minor if notice
2283	substantially complying with Subsection (5) is not served on:
2284	(a) the minor, if the minor is 12 years of age or older; and
2285	(b) each parent of the minor, unless the court finds by clear and convincing evidence
2286	that the parent, in a record, waived the right to notice or cannot be located and served with due
2287	diligence.
2288	(9) If a petitioner is unable to serve notice under Subsection (5) on a parent of the
2289	minor or alleges that a parent of the minor waived the right to notice under this section, the
2290	court shall appoint a visitor who shall:

2291	(a) interview the petitioner and the minor;
2292	(b) if the petitioner alleges the parent cannot be located and served, ascertain whether
2293	the parent cannot be located with due diligence; and
2294	(c) investigate any other matter relating to the petition the court directs.
2295	(10) If the court finds under Subsection (3) that a standby guardian should be
2296	appointed, the following rules apply:
2297	(a) The court shall appoint the person nominated under Subsection (2) unless the court
2298	finds the appointment is contrary to the best interest of the minor.
2299	(b) If the parents have nominated different persons to serve as standby guardian, the
2300	court shall appoint the nominee whose appointment is in the best interest of the minor, unless
2301	the court finds that appointment of none of the nominees is in the best interest of the minor.
2302	(11) An order appointing a standby guardian under this section must state that each
2303	parent of the minor is entitled to notice, and identify any other person entitled to notice, if:
2304	(a) the standby guardian assumes the duties and powers of the guardian;
2305	(b) the guardian delegates custody of the minor;
2306	(c) the court modifies or limits the powers of the guardian; or
2307	(d) the court removes the guardian.
2308	(12) Before assuming the duties and powers of a guardian, a standby guardian must file
2309	with the court an acceptance of appointment as guardian and give notice of the acceptance to:
2310	(a) each parent of the minor, unless the parent, in a record, waived the right to notice or
2311	cannot be located and served with due diligence;
2312	(b) the minor, if the minor is 12 years of age or older; and
2313	(c) any person, other than the parent, having care or custody of the minor.
2314	(13) A person that receives notice under Subsection (12) or any other person interested
2315	in the welfare of the minor may file with the court an objection to the standby guardian's
2316	assumption of duties and powers of a guardian. The court shall hold a hearing if the objection
2317	supports a reasonable belief that the conditions for assumption of duties and powers have not
2318	been satisfied.
2319	Section 51. Section 75-5c-208 is enacted to read:
2320	75-5c-208. Emergency guardian for minor.
2321	(1) On its own or on netition by a person interested in a minor's welfare, the court may

2322	appoint an emergency guardian for the minor if the court finds:
2323	(a) appointment of an emergency guardian is likely to prevent substantial harm to the
2324	minor's health, safety, or welfare; and
2325	(b) no other person appears to have authority and willingness to act in the
2326	circumstances.
2327	(2) The duration of authority of an emergency guardian for a minor may not exceed 60
2328	days and the emergency guardian may exercise only the powers specified in the order of
2329	appointment. The emergency guardian's authority may be extended once for not more than 60
2330	days if the court finds that the conditions for appointment of an emergency guardian in
2331	Subsection (1) continue.
2332	(3) Except as otherwise provided in Subsection (4), reasonable notice of the date, time,
2333	and place of a hearing on a petition for appointment of an emergency guardian for a minor must
2334	be given to:
2335	(a) the minor, if the minor is 12 years of age or older;
2336	(b) any attorney appointed under Section 75-5c-204;
2337	(c) each parent of the minor;
2338	(d) any person, other than a parent, having care or custody of the minor; and
2339	(e) any other person the court determines.
2340	(4) The court may appoint an emergency guardian for a minor without notice under
2341	Subsection (3) and a hearing only if the court finds from an affidavit or testimony that the
2342	minor's health, safety, or welfare will be substantially harmed before a hearing with notice on
2343	the appointment can be held. If the court appoints an emergency guardian without notice to an
2344	unrepresented minor or the attorney for a represented minor, notice of the appointment must be
2345	given not later than 48 hours after the appointment to the individuals listed in Subsection (3).
2346	As soon as reasonably possible after the appointment, the court shall hold a hearing on the
2347	appropriateness of the appointment.
2348	(5) Appointment of an emergency guardian under this section, with or without notice,
2349	is not a determination that a basis exists for appointment of a guardian under Section
2350	<u>75-5c-201.</u>
2351	(6) The court may remove an emergency guardian appointed under this section at any
2352	time. The emergency guardian shall make any report the court requires.

2353	Section 52. Section 75-5c-209 is enacted to read:
2354	75-5c-209. Duties of guardian for minor.
2355	(1) A guardian for a minor is a fiduciary. Except as otherwise limited by the court, a
2356	guardian for a minor has the duties and responsibilities of a parent regarding the minor's
2357	support, care, education, health, safety, and welfare. A guardian shall act in the minor's best
2358	interest and exercise reasonable care, diligence, and prudence.
2359	(2) A guardian for a minor shall:
2360	(a) be personally acquainted with the minor and maintain sufficient contact with the
2361	minor to know the minor's abilities, limitations, needs, opportunities, and physical and mental
2362	health;
2363	(b) take reasonable care of the minor's personal effects and bring a proceeding for a
2364	conservatorship or protective arrangement instead of conservatorship if necessary to protect
2365	other property of the minor;
2366	(c) expend funds of the minor which have been received by the guardian for the minor's
2367	current needs for support, care, education, health, safety, and welfare;
2368	(d) conserve any funds of the minor not expended under Subsection (2)(c) for the
2369	minor's future needs, but if a conservator is appointed for the minor, pay the funds at least
2370	quarterly to the conservator to be conserved for the minor's future needs;
2371	(e) report the condition of the minor and account for funds and other property of the
2372	minor in the guardian's possession or subject to the guardian's control, as required by court rule
2373	or ordered by the court on application of a person interested in the minor's welfare;
2374	(f) inform the court of any change in the minor's dwelling or address; and
2375	(g) in determining what is in the minor's best interest, take into account the minor's
2376	preferences to the extent actually known or reasonably ascertainable by the guardian.
2377	Section 53. Section 75-5c-210 is enacted to read:
2378	75-5c-210. Powers of guardian for minor.
2379	(1) Except as otherwise limited by court order, a guardian of a minor has the powers a
2380	parent otherwise would have regarding the minor's support, care, education, health, safety, and
2381	welfare.
2382	(2) Except as otherwise limited by court order, a guardian for a minor may:
2383	(a) apply for and receive funds and benefits otherwise payable for the support of the

2384	minor to the minor's parent, guardian, or custodian under a statutory system of benefits or
2385	insurance or any private contract, devise, trust, conservatorship, or custodianship;
2386	(b) unless inconsistent with a court order entitled to recognition in this state, take
2387	custody of the minor and establish the minor's place of dwelling and, on authorization of the
2388	court, establish or move the minor's dwelling outside this state;
2389	(c) if the minor is not subject to conservatorship, commence a proceeding, including an
2390	administrative proceeding, or take other appropriate action to compel a person to support the
2391	minor or make a payment for the benefit of the minor;
2392	(d) consent to health or other care, treatment, or service for the minor; or
2393	(e) to the extent reasonable, delegate to the minor responsibility for a decision affecting
2394	the minor's well-being.
2395	(3) The court may authorize a guardian for a minor to consent to the adoption of the
2396	minor if the minor does not have a parent.
2397	(4) Notwithstanding Sections 30-1-2 and 30-1-9, a minor who is subject to a
2398	guardianship may not marry before the minor is 18 years of age. If the minor becomes an adult
2399	subject to a guardianship, the adult's right to marry is subject to Sections 75-5c-310 and
2400	<u>75-5c-314.</u>
2401	Section 54. Section 75-5c-211 is enacted to read:
2402	75-5c-211. Removal of guardian for minor Termination of guardianship
2403	Appointment of successor.
2404	(1) Guardianship under this chapter for a minor terminates:
2405	(a) on the minor's death, adoption, emancipation, or attainment of majority; or
2406	(b) when the court finds that the standard in Section 75-5c-201 for appointment of a
2407	guardian is not satisfied, unless the court finds that:
2408	(i) termination of the guardianship would be harmful to the minor; and
2409	(ii) the minor's interest in the continuation of the guardianship outweighs the interest of
2410	any parent of the minor in restoration of the parent's right to make decisions for the minor.
2411	(2) A minor subject to guardianship or a person interested in the welfare of the minor
2412	may petition the court to terminate the guardianship, modify the guardianship, remove the
2413	guardian and appoint a successor guardian, or remove a standby guardian and appoint a
2414	different standby guardian.

2415	(3) A petitioner under Subsection (2) shall give notice of the hearing on the petition to
2416	the minor, if the minor is 12 years of age or older and is not the petitioner, the guardian, each
2417	parent of the minor, and any other person the court determines.
2418	(4) The court shall follow the priorities in Subsection 75-5c-206(2) when selecting a
2419	successor guardian for a minor.
2420	(5) Not later than 30 days after appointment of a successor guardian for a minor, the
2421	court shall give notice of the appointment to the minor subject to guardianship, if the minor is
2422	12 years of age or older, each parent of the minor, and any other person the court determines.
2423	(6) When terminating a guardianship for a minor under this section, the court may
2424	issue an order providing for transitional arrangements that will assist the minor with a
2425	transition of custody and is in the best interest of the minor.
2426	(7) A guardian for a minor that is removed shall cooperate with a successor guardian to
2427	facilitate transition of the guardian's responsibilities and protect the best interest of the minor.
2428	Section 55. Section 75-5c-301 is enacted to read:
2429	Part 3. Guardianship of Adult
2430	75-5c-301. Basis for appointment of guardian for adult.
2431	(1) On petition and after notice and hearing, the court may:
2432	(a) appoint a guardian for an adult if the court finds by clear and convincing evidence
2433	that:
2434	(i) the respondent lacks the ability to meet essential requirements for physical health,
2435	safety, or self-care because the respondent is unable to receive and evaluate information or
2436	make or communicate decisions, even with appropriate supportive services, technological
2437	assistance, or supported decision making; and
2438	(ii) the respondent's identified needs cannot be met by a protective arrangement instead
2439	of guardianship or other less restrictive alternative; or
2440	(b) with appropriate findings, treat the petition as one for a conservatorship under Part
2441	4, Conservatorship, or protective arrangement under Part 5, Other Protective Arrangements,
2442	issue any appropriate order, or dismiss the proceeding.
2443	(2) The court shall grant a guardian appointed under Subsection (1) only those powers
2444	necessitated by the demonstrated needs and limitations of the respondent and issue orders that
2445	will encourage development of the respondent's maximum self-determination and

2446	independence. The court may not establish a full guardianship if a limited guardianship,
2447	protective arrangement instead of guardianship, or other less restrictive alternatives would meet
2448	the needs of the respondent.
2449	Section 56. Section 75-5c-302 is enacted to read:
2450	75-5c-302. Petition for appointment of guardian for adult.
2451	(1) A person interested in an adult's welfare, including the adult for whom the order is
2452	sought, may petition for appointment of a guardian for the adult.
2453	(2) A petition under Subsection (1) must state the petitioner's name, principal
2454	residence, current street address, if different, relationship to the respondent, interest in the
2455	appointment, the name and address of any attorney representing the petitioner, and, to the
2456	extent known, the following:
2457	(a) the respondent's name, age, principal residence, current street address, if different,
2458	and, if different, address of the dwelling in which it is proposed the respondent will reside if
2459	the petition is granted;
2460	(b) the name and address of the respondent's:
2461	(i) spouse or, if the respondent has none, an adult with whom the respondent has shared
2462	household responsibilities for more than six months in the 12-month period immediately before
2463	the filing of the petition;
2464	(ii) adult children or, if none, each parent and adult sibling of the respondent, or, if
2465	none, at least one adult nearest in kinship to the respondent who can be found with reasonable
2466	diligence; and
2467	(iii) adult stepchildren whom the respondent actively parented during the stepchildren's
2468	minor years and with whom the respondent had an ongoing relationship in the two-year period
2469	immediately before the filing of the petition;
2470	(c) the name and current address of each of the following, if applicable:
2471	(i) a person responsible for care of the respondent;
2472	(ii) any attorney currently representing the respondent;
2473	(iii) any representative payee appointed by the Social Security Administration for the
2474	respondent;
2475	(iv) a guardian or conservator acting for the respondent in this state or in another
2476	jurisdiction;

2477	(v) a trustee or custodian of a trust or custodianship of which the respondent is a
2478	beneficiary;
2479	(vi) any fiduciary for the respondent appointed by the Department of Veterans Affairs;
2480	(vii) an agent designated under a power of attorney for health care in which the
2481	respondent is identified as the principal;
2482	(viii) an agent designated under a power of attorney for finances in which the
2483	respondent is identified as the principal;
2484	(ix) a person nominated as guardian by the respondent;
2485	(x) a person nominated as guardian by the respondent's parent or spouse in a will or
2486	other signed record;
2487	(xi) a proposed guardian and the reason the proposed guardian should be selected; and
2488	(xii) a person known to have routinely assisted the respondent with decision making
2489	during the six months immediately before the filing of the petition;
2490	(d) the reason a guardianship is necessary, including a brief description of:
2491	(i) the nature and extent of the respondent's alleged need;
2492	(ii) any protective arrangement instead of guardianship or other less restrictive
2493	alternatives for meeting the respondent's alleged need which have been considered or
2494	implemented;
2495	(iii) if no protective arrangement instead of guardianship or other less restrictive
2496	alternatives have been considered or implemented, the reason they have not been considered or
2497	implemented; and
2498	(iv) the reason a protective arrangement instead of guardianship or other less restrictive
2499	alternative is insufficient to meet the respondent's alleged need;
2500	(e) whether the petitioner seeks a limited guardianship or full guardianship;
2501	(f) if the petitioner seeks a full guardianship, the reason a limited guardianship or
2502	protective arrangement instead of guardianship is not appropriate;
2503	(g) if a limited guardianship is requested, the powers to be granted to the guardian;
2504	(h) the name and current address, if known, of any person with whom the petitioner
2505	seeks to limit the respondent's contact;
2506	(i) if the respondent has property other than personal effects, a general statement of the
2507	respondent's property, with an estimate of its value, including any insurance or pension, and the

2508	source and amount of other anticipated income or receipts; and
2509	(j) whether the respondent needs an interpreter, translator, or other form of support to
2510	communicate effectively with the court or understand court proceedings.
2511	Section 57. Section 75-5c-303 is enacted to read:
2512	75-5c-303. Notice of hearing for appointment of guardian for adult.
2513	(1) On filing of a petition under Section 75-5c-302 for appointment of a guardian for
2514	an adult, the court shall set a date, time, and place for hearing the petition.
2515	(2) A copy of a petition under Section 75-5c-302 and notice of a hearing on the petition
2516	must be served personally on the respondent. The notice must inform the respondent of the
2517	respondent's rights at the hearing, including the right to an attorney and to attend the hearing.
2518	The notice must include a description of the nature, purpose, and consequences of granting the
2519	petition. The court may not grant the petition if notice substantially complying with this
2520	Subsection (2) is not served on the respondent.
2521	(3) In a proceeding on a petition under Section 75-5c-302, the notice required under
2522	Subsection (2) must be given to the persons required to be listed in the petition under
2523	Subsections 75-5c-302(2)(a) through (c) and any other person interested in the respondent's
2524	welfare the court determines. Failure to give notice under this Subsection (3) does not preclude
2525	the court from appointing a guardian.
2526	(4) After the appointment of a guardian, notice of a hearing on a petition for an order
2527	under this part, together with a copy of the petition, must be given to:
2528	(a) the adult subject to guardianship;
2529	(b) the guardian; and
2530	(c) any other person the court determines.
2531	Section 58. Section 75-5c-304 is enacted to read:
2532	75-5c-304. Appointment and role of visitor.
2533	(1) On receipt of a petition under Section 75-5c-302 for appointment of a guardian for
2534	an adult, the court shall appoint a visitor. The visitor must be an individual with training or
2535	experience in the type of abilities, limitations, and needs alleged in the petition.
2536	(2) A visitor appointed under Subsection (1) shall interview the respondent in person
2537	and in a manner the respondent is best able to understand:
2538	(a) explain to the respondent the substance of the petition, the nature, purpose, and

2539	effect of the proceeding, the respondent's rights at the hearing on the petition, and the general
2540	powers and duties of a guardian;
2541	(b) determine the respondent's views about the appointment sought by the petitioner,
2542	including views about a proposed guardian, the guardian's proposed powers and duties, and the
2543	scope and duration of the proposed guardianship;
2544	(c) inform the respondent of the respondent's right to employ and consult with an
2545	attorney at the respondent's expense and the right to request a court-appointed attorney; and
2546	(d) inform the respondent that all costs and expenses of the proceeding, including
2547	respondent's attorney fees, may be paid from the respondent's assets.
2548	(3) The visitor appointed under Subsection (1) shall:
2549	(a) interview the petitioner and proposed guardian, if any;
2550	(b) visit the respondent's present dwelling and any dwelling in which it is reasonably
2551	believed the respondent will live if the appointment is made;
2552	(c) obtain information from any physician or other person known to have treated,
2553	advised, or assessed the respondent's relevant physical or mental condition; and
2554	(d) investigate the allegations in the petition and any other matter relating to the
2555	petition the court directs.
2556	(4) A visitor appointed under Subsection (1) promptly shall file a report in a record
2557	with the court, which must include:
2558	(a) a summary of self-care and independent-living tasks the respondent can manage
2559	without assistance or with existing supports, could manage with the assistance of appropriate
2560	supportive services, technological assistance, or supported decision making, and cannot
2561	manage;
2562	(b) a recommendation regarding the appropriateness of guardianship, including
2563	whether a protective arrangement instead of guardianship or other less restrictive alternative for
2564	meeting the respondent's needs is available and:
2565	(i) if a guardianship is recommended, whether it should be full or limited; and
2566	(ii) if a limited guardianship is recommended, the powers to be granted to the guardian;
2567	(c) a statement of the qualifications of the proposed guardian and whether the
2568	respondent approves or disapproves of the proposed guardian;
2569	(d) a statement whether the proposed dwelling meets the respondent's needs and

2570	whether the respondent has expressed a preference as to residence;
2571	(e) a recommendation whether a professional evaluation under Section 75-5c-306 is
2572	necessary;
2573	(f) a statement whether the respondent is able to attend a hearing at the location court
2574	proceedings typically are held;
2575	(g) a statement whether the respondent is able to participate in a hearing and which
2576	identifies any technology or other form of support that would enhance the respondent's ability
2577	to participate; and
2578	(h) any other matter the court directs.
2579	Section 59. Section 75-5c-305 is enacted to read:
2580	75-5c-305. Appointment and role of attorney for adult.
2581	(1) The court shall appoint an attorney to represent the respondent in a proceeding for
2582	appointment of a guardian for an adult if:
2583	(a) the respondent requests an appointment;
2584	(b) the visitor recommends an appointment; or
2585	(c) the court determines the respondent needs representation.
2586	(2) An attorney representing the respondent in a proceeding for appointment of a
2587	guardian for an adult shall:
2588	(a) make reasonable efforts to ascertain the respondent's wishes;
2589	(b) advocate for the respondent's wishes to the extent reasonably ascertainable; and
2590	(c) if the respondent's wishes are not reasonably ascertainable, advocate for the result
2591	that is the least restrictive in type, duration, and scope, consistent with the respondent's
2592	<u>interests.</u>
2593	Section 60. Section 75-5c-306 is enacted to read:
2594	75-5c-306. Professional evaluation.
2595	(1) At or before a hearing on a petition for a guardianship for an adult, the court shall
2596	order a professional evaluation of the respondent:
2597	(a) if the respondent requests the evaluation; or
2598	(b) in other cases, unless the court finds that it has sufficient information to determine
2599	the respondent's needs and abilities without the evaluation.
2600	(2) If the court orders an evaluation under Subsection (1), the respondent must be

2601	examined by a licensed physician, psychologist, social worker, or other individual appointed by
2602	the court who is qualified to evaluate the respondent's alleged cognitive and functional abilities
2603	and limitations and will not be advantaged or disadvantaged by a decision to grant the petition
2604	or otherwise have a conflict of interest. The individual conducting the evaluation promptly
2605	shall file report in a record with the court. Unless otherwise directed by the court, the report
2606	must contain:
2607	(a) a description of the nature, type, and extent of the respondent's cognitive and
2608	functional abilities and limitations;
2609	(b) an evaluation of the respondent's mental and physical condition and, if appropriate,
2610	educational potential, adaptive behavior, and social skills;
2611	(c) a prognosis for improvement and recommendation for the appropriate treatment,
2612	support, or habilitation plan; and
2613	(d) the date of the examination on which the report is based.
2614	(3) The respondent may decline to participate in an evaluation ordered under
2615	Subsection (1).
2616	Section 61. Section 75-5c-307 is enacted to read:
2617	75-5c-307. Attendance and rights at hearing.
2618	(1) Except as otherwise provided in Subsection (2), a hearing under Section 75-5c-303
2619	may not proceed unless the respondent attends the hearing. If it is not reasonably feasible for
2620	the respondent to attend a hearing at the location court proceedings typically are held, the court
2621	shall make reasonable efforts to hold the hearing at an alternative location convenient to the
2622	respondent or allow the respondent to attend the hearing using real-time audio-visual
2623	technology.
2624	(2) A hearing under Section 75-5c-303 may proceed without the respondent in
2625	attendance if the court finds by clear and convincing evidence that:
2626	(a) the respondent consistently and repeatedly has refused to attend the hearing after
2627	having been fully informed of the right to attend and the potential consequences of failing to do
2628	so; or
2629	(b) there is no practicable way for the respondent to attend and participate in the
2630	hearing even with appropriate supportive services and technological assistance.
2631	(3) The respondent may be assisted in a hearing under Section 75-5c-303 by a person

2632	or persons of the respondent's choosing, assistive technology, or an interpreter or translator, or
2633	a combination of these supports. If assistance would facilitate the respondent's participation in
2634	the hearing, but is not otherwise available to the respondent, the court shall make reasonable
2635	efforts to provide it.
2636	(4) The respondent has a right to choose an attorney to represent the respondent at a
2637	hearing under Section 75-5c-303.
2638	(5) At a hearing held under Section 75-5c-303, the respondent may:
2639	(a) present evidence and subpoena witnesses and documents;
2640	(b) examine witnesses, including any court-appointed evaluator and the visitor; and
2641	(c) otherwise participate in the hearing.
2642	(6) Unless excused by the court for good cause, a proposed guardian shall attend a
2643	hearing under Section 75-5c-303.
2644	(7) A hearing under Section 75-5c-303 must be closed on request of the respondent and
2645	a showing of good cause.
2646	(8) Any person may request to participate in a hearing under Section 75-5c-303. The
2647	court may grant the request, with or without a hearing, on determining that the best interest of
2648	the respondent will be served. The court may impose appropriate conditions on the person's
2649	participation.
2650	Section 62. Section 75-5c-308 is enacted to read:
2651	75-5c-308. Confidentiality of records.
2652	(1) The existence of a proceeding for or the existence of a guardianship for an adult is a
2653	matter of public record unless the court seals the record after:
2654	(a) the respondent or individual subject to guardianship requests the record be sealed;
2655	<u>and</u>
2656	(b) either:
2657	(i) the petition for guardianship is dismissed; or
2658	(ii) the guardianship is terminated.
2659	(2) An adult subject to a proceeding for a guardianship, whether or not a guardian is
2660	appointed, an attorney designated by the adult, and a person entitled to notice under Subsection
2661	75-5c-310(5) or a subsequent order are entitled to access court records of the proceeding and
2662	resulting guardianship, including the guardian's plan under Section 75-5c-316 and report under

2663	Section 75-5c-317. A person not otherwise entitled to access court records under this
2664	Subsection (2) for good cause may petition the court for access to court records of the
2665	guardianship, including the guardian's report and plan. The court shall grant access if access is
2666	in the best interest of the respondent or adult subject to guardianship or furthers the public
2667	interest and does not endanger the welfare or financial interests of the adult.
2668	(3) (a) A report under Section 75-5c-304 of a visitor or a professional evaluation under
2669	Section 75-5c-306 is confidential and must be sealed on filing, but is available to:
2670	(i) the court;
2671	(ii) the individual who is the subject of the report or evaluation, for purposes of the
2672	proceeding;
2673	(iii) the petitioner, visitor, and petitioner's and respondent's attorneys, for purposes of
2674	the proceeding;
2675	(iv) unless the court orders otherwise, an agent appointed under a power of attorney for
2676	health care or power of attorney for finances in which the respondent is the principal; and
2677	(v) any other person if it is in the public interest or for a purpose the court orders for
2678	good cause.
2679	(b) A report described in Subsection (3)(a) is not subject to Title 63G, Chapter 2,
2680	Government Records Access and Management Act.
2681	Section 63. Section 75-5c-309 is enacted to read:
2682	75-5c-309. Who may be guardian for adult Order of priority.
2683	(1) Except as otherwise provided in Subsection (3), the court in appointing a guardian
2684	for an adult shall consider persons qualified to be guardian in the following order of priority:
2685	(a) a guardian, other than a temporary or emergency guardian, currently acting for the
2686	respondent in another jurisdiction;
2687	(b) a person nominated as guardian by the respondent, including the respondent's most
2688	recent nomination made in a power of attorney;
2689	(c) an agent appointed by the respondent under a power of attorney for health care;
2690	(d) a spouse of the respondent; and
2691	(e) a family member or other individual who has shown special care and concern for
2692	the respondent.
2693	(2) If two or more persons have equal priority under Subsection (1), the court shall

select as guardian the person the court considers best qualified. In determining the best qualified person, the court shall consider the person's relationship with the respondent, the person's skills, the expressed wishes of the respondent, the extent to which the person and the respondent have similar values and preferences, and the likelihood the person will be able to perform the duties of a guardian successfully.

- (3) The court, acting in the best interest of the respondent, may decline to appoint as guardian a person having priority under Subsection (1) and appoint a person having a lower priority or no priority.
- (4) A person that provides paid services to the respondent, or an individual who is employed by a person that provides paid services to the respondent or is the spouse, parent, or child of an individual who provides or is employed to provide paid services to the respondent, may not be appointed as guardian unless:
 - (a) the individual is related to the respondent by blood, marriage, or adoption; or
- (b) the court finds by clear and convincing evidence that the person is the best qualified person available for appointment and the appointment is in the best interest of the respondent.
- (5) An owner, operator, or employee of a long-term care facility, as defined in Section 62A-3-202, at which the respondent is receiving care may not be appointed as guardian unless the owner, operator, or employee is related to the respondent by blood, marriage, or adoption.
 - Section 64. Section **75-5c-310** is enacted to read:
- 2713 75-5c-310. Order of appointment for guardian.

- (1) A court order appointing a guardian for an adult must:
- (a) include a specific finding that clear and convincing evidence established that the identified needs of the respondent cannot be met by a protective arrangement instead of guardianship or other less restrictive alternative, including use of appropriate supportive services, technological assistance, or supported decision making;
- (b) include a specific finding that clear and convincing evidence established the respondent was given proper notice of the hearing on the petition;
- (c) state whether the adult subject to guardianship retains the right to vote and, if the adult does not retain the right to vote, include findings that support removing that right which must include a finding that the adult cannot communicate, with or without support, a specific desire to participate in the voting process; and

2725	(d) state whether the adult subject to guardianship retains the right to marry and, if the
2726	adult does not retain the right to marry, include findings that support removing that right.
2727	(2) An adult subject to guardianship retains the right to vote unless the order under
2728	Subsection (1) includes the statement required by Subsection (1)(c). An adult subject to
2729	guardianship retains the right to marry unless the order under Subsection (1) includes the
2730	findings required by Subsection (1)(d).
2731	(3) A court order establishing a full guardianship for an adult must state the basis for
2732	granting a full guardianship and include specific findings that support the conclusion that a
2733	limited guardianship would not meet the functional needs of the adult subject to guardianship.
2734	(4) A court order establishing a limited guardianship for an adult must state the specific
2735	powers granted to the guardian.
2736	(5) The court, as part of an order establishing a guardianship for an adult, shall identify
2737	any person that subsequently is entitled to:
2738	(a) notice of the rights of the adult under Subsection 75-5c-311(2);
2739	(b) notice of a change in the primary dwelling of the adult;
2740	(c) notice that the guardian has delegated:
2741	(i) the power to manage the care of the adult;
2742	(ii) the power to make decisions about where the adult lives;
2743	(iii) the power to make major medical decisions on behalf of the adult;
2744	(iv) a power that requires court approval under Section 75-5c-315; or
2745	(v) substantially all powers of the guardian;
2746	(d) notice that the guardian will be unavailable to visit the adult for more than two
2747	months or unavailable to perform the guardian's duties for more than one month;
2748	(e) a copy of the guardian's plan under Section 75-5c-316 and the guardian's report
2749	under Section 75-5c-317;
2750	(f) access to court records relating to the guardianship;
2751	(g) notice of the death or significant change in the condition of the adult;
2752	(h) notice that the court has limited or modified the powers of the guardian; and
2753	(i) notice of the removal of the guardian.
2754	(6) A spouse and adult children of an adult subject to guardianship are entitled to
2755	notice under Subsection (5) unless the court determines notice would be contrary to the

2756 preferences or prior directions of the adult subject to guardianship or not in the best interest of 2757 the adult. 2758 Section 65. Section **75-5c-311** is enacted to read: 2759 75-5c-311. Notice of order of appointment -- Rights. 2760 (1) A guardian appointed under Section 75-5c-309 shall give the adult subject to 2761 guardianship and all other persons given notice under Section 75-5c-303 a copy of the order of 2762 appointment, together with notice of the right to request termination or modification. The order and notice must be given not later than 14 days after the appointment. 2763 2764 (2) Not later than 30 days after appointment of a guardian under Section 75-5c-309, the 2765 court shall give to the adult subject to guardianship, the guardian, and any other person entitled 2766 to notice under Subsection 75-5c-310(5) or a subsequent order a statement of the rights of the 2767 adult subject to guardianship and procedures to seek relief if the adult is denied those rights. 2768 The statement must be in at least 16-point font, in plain language, and, to the extent feasible, in 2769 a language in which the adult subject to guardianship is proficient. The statement must notify 2770 the adult subject to guardianship of the right to: 2771 (a) seek termination or modification of the guardianship, or removal of the guardian, and choose an attorney to represent the adult in these matters; 2772 2773 (b) be involved in decisions affecting the adult, including decisions about the adult's 2774 care, dwelling, activities, or social interactions, to the extent reasonably feasible; 2775 (c) be involved in health care decision making to the extent reasonably feasible and 2776 supported in understanding the risks and benefits of health care options to the extent reasonably 2777 feasible; 2778 (d) be notified at least 14 days before a change in the adult's primary dwelling or 2779 permanent move to a nursing home, mental-health facility, or other facility that places 2780 restrictions on the individual's ability to leave or have visitors unless the change or move is 2781 proposed in the guardian's plan under Section 75-5c-316 or authorized by the court by specific 2782 order; 2783

(e) object to a change or move described in Subsection (2)(d) and the process for objecting;

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(f) communicate, visit, or interact with others, including receiving visitors, and making or receiving telephone calls, personal mail, or electronic communications, including through

2787	social media, unless:
2788	(i) the guardian has been authorized by the court by specific order to restrict
2789	communications, visits, or interactions;
2790	(ii) a protective order or protective arrangement instead of guardianship is in effect that
2791	limits contact between the adult and a person; or
2792	(iii) the guardian has good cause to believe restriction is necessary because interaction
2793	with a specified person poses a risk of significant physical, psychological, or financial harm to
2794	the adult, and the restriction is:
2795	(A) for a period of not more than seven business days if the person has a family or
2796	pre-existing social relationship with the adult; or
2797	(B) for a period of not more than 60 days if the person does not have a family or
2798	pre-existing social relationship with the adult;
2799	(g) receive a copy of the guardian's plan under Section 75-5c-316 and the guardian's
2800	report under Section 75-5c-317; and
2801	(h) object to the guardian's plan or report.
2802	Section 66. Section 75-5c-312 is enacted to read:
2803	75-5c-312. Emergency guardian for adult.
2804	(1) On its own after a petition has been filed under Section 75-5c-302, or on petition by
2805	a person interested in an adult's welfare, the court may appoint an emergency guardian for the
2806	adult if the court finds:
2807	(a) appointment of an emergency guardian is likely to prevent substantial harm to the
2808	adult's physical health, safety, or welfare;
2809	(b) no other person appears to have authority and willingness to act in the
2810	circumstances; and
2811	(c) there is reason to believe that a basis for appointment of a guardian under Section
2812	75-5c-301 exists.
2813	(2) The duration of authority of an emergency guardian for an adult may not exceed 60
2814	days, and the emergency guardian may exercise only the powers specified in the order of
2815	appointment. The emergency guardian's authority may be extended once for not more than 60
2816	days if the court finds that the conditions for appointment of an emergency guardian in
2817	Subsection (1) continue

(3) Immediately on filing of a petition for appointment of an emergency guardian for
an adult, the court shall appoint an attorney to represent the respondent in the proceeding.
Except as otherwise provided in Subsection (4), reasonable notice of the date, time, and place
of a hearing on the petition must be given to the respondent, the respondent's attorney, and any
other person the court determines.
(4) The court may appoint an emergency guardian for an adult without notice to the
adult and any attorney for the adult only if the court finds from an affidavit or testimony that
the respondent's physical health, safety, or welfare will be substantially harmed before a
hearing with notice on the appointment can be held. If the court appoints an emergency
guardian without giving notice under Subsection (3), the court must:
(a) give notice of the appointment not later than 48 hours after the appointment to:
(i) the respondent;
(ii) the respondent's attorney; and
(iii) any other person the court determines; and
(b) hold a hearing on the appropriateness of the appointment not later than reasonably
possible after the appointment.
(5) Appointment of an emergency guardian under this section is not a determination
that a basis exists for appointment of a guardian under Section 75-5c-301.
(6) The court may remove an emergency guardian appointed under this section at any
time. The emergency guardian shall make any report the court requires.
Section 67. Section 75-5c-313 is enacted to read:
75-5c-313. Duties of guardian for adult.
(1) A guardian for an adult is a fiduciary. Except as otherwise limited by the court, a
guardian for an adult shall make decisions regarding the support, care, education, health, and
welfare of the adult subject to guardianship to the extent necessitated by the adult's limitations.
(2) A guardian for an adult shall promote the self-determination of the adult and, to the
extent reasonably feasible, encourage the adult to participate in decisions, act on the adult's
own behalf, and develop or regain the capacity to manage the adult's personal affairs. In
furtherance of this duty, the guardian shall:
(a) become or remain personally acquainted with the adult and maintain sufficient
contact with the adult, including through regular visitation, to know the adult's abilities,

2849	limitations, needs, opportunities, and physical and mental health;
2850	(b) to the extent reasonably feasible, identify the values and preferences of the adult
2851	and involve the adult in decisions affecting the adult, including decisions about the adult's care,
2852	dwelling, activities, or social interactions; and
2853	(c) make reasonable efforts to identify and facilitate supportive relationships and
2854	services for the adult.
2855	(3) A guardian for an adult at all times shall exercise reasonable care, diligence, and
2856	prudence when acting on behalf of or making decisions for the adult. In furtherance of this
2857	duty, the guardian shall:
2858	(a) take reasonable care of the personal effects, pets, and service or support animals of
2859	the adult and bring a proceeding for a conservatorship or protective arrangement instead of
2860	conservatorship if necessary to protect the adult's property;
2861	(b) expend funds and other property of the adult received by the guardian for the adult's
2862	current needs for support, care, education, health, and welfare;
2863	(c) conserve any funds and other property of the adult not expended under Subsection
2864	(3)(b) for the adult's future needs, but if a conservator has been appointed for the adult, pay the
2865	funds and other property at least quarterly to the conservator to be conserved for the adult's
2866	future needs; and
2867	(d) monitor the quality of services, including long-term care services, provided to the
2868	adult.
2869	(4) In making a decision for an adult subject to guardianship, the guardian shall make
2870	the decision the guardian reasonably believes the adult would make if the adult were able
2871	unless doing so would unreasonably harm or endanger the welfare or personal or financial
2872	interests of the adult. To determine the decision the adult subject to guardianship would make
2873	if able, the guardian shall consider the adult's previous or current directions, preferences,
2874	opinions, values, and actions, to the extent actually known or reasonably ascertainable by the
2875	guardian.
2876	(5) If a guardian for an adult cannot make a decision under Subsection (4) because the
2877	guardian does not know and cannot reasonably determine the decision the adult probably
2878	would make if able, or the guardian reasonably believes the decision the adult would make

would unreasonably harm or endanger the welfare or personal or financial interests of the adult,

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2880	the guardian shall act in accordance with the best interest of the adult. In determining the best
2881	interest of the adult, the guardian shall consider:
2882	(a) information received from professionals and persons that demonstrate sufficient
2883	interest in the welfare of the adult;
2884	(b) other information the guardian believes the adult would have considered if the adult
2885	were able to act; and
2886	(c) other factors a reasonable person in the circumstances of the adult would consider,
2887	including consequences for others.
2888	(6) A guardian for an adult immediately shall notify the court if the condition of the
2889	adult has changed so that the adult is capable of exercising rights previously removed.
2890	Section 68. Section 75-5c-314 is enacted to read:
2891	75-5c-314. Powers of guardian for adult.
2892	(1) Except as limited by court order, a guardian for an adult may:
2893	(a) apply for and receive funds and benefits for the support of the adult, unless a
2894	conservator is appointed for the adult and the application or receipt is within the powers of the
2895	conservator;
2896	(b) unless inconsistent with a court order, establish the adult's place of dwelling;
2897	(c) consent to health or other care, treatment, or service for the adult;
2898	(d) if a conservator for the adult has not been appointed, commence a proceeding,
2899	including an administrative proceeding, or take other appropriate action to compel another
2900	person to support the adult or pay funds for the adult's benefit;
2901	(e) to the extent reasonable, delegate to the adult responsibility for a decision affecting
2902	the adult's well-being; and
2903	(f) receive personally identifiable health care information regarding the adult.
2904	(2) The court by specific order may authorize a guardian for an adult to consent to the
2905	adoption of the adult.
2906	(3) The court by specific order may authorize a guardian for an adult to:
2907	(a) consent or withhold consent to the marriage of the adult if the adult's right to marry
2908	has been removed under Section 75-5c-310;
2909	(b) petition for divorce, dissolution, or annulment of marriage of the adult or a
2910	declaration of invalidity of the adult's marriage; or

2911	(c) support or oppose a petition for divorce, dissolution, or annulment of marriage of
2912	the adult or a declaration of invalidity of the adult's marriage.
2913	(4) In determining whether to authorize a power under Subsection (2) or (3), the court
2914	shall consider whether the underlying act would be in accordance with the adult's preferences,
2915	values, and prior directions and whether the underlying act would be in the adult's best interest.
2916	(5) In exercising a guardian's power under Subsection (1)(b) to establish the adult's
2917	place of dwelling, the guardian shall:
2918	(a) select a residential setting the guardian believes the adult would select if the adult
2919	were able, in accordance with the decision-making standard in Subsections 75-5c-313(4) and
2920	(5). If the guardian does not know and cannot reasonably determine what setting the adult
2921	subject to guardianship probably would choose if able, or the guardian reasonably believes the
2922	decision the adult would make would unreasonably harm or endanger the welfare or personal
2923	or financial interests of the adult, the guardian shall choose in accordance with Subsection
2924	75-5c-313(5) a residential setting that is consistent with the adult's best interest;
2925	(b) in selecting among residential settings, give priority to a residential setting in a
2926	location that will allow the adult to interact with persons important to the adult and meet the
2927	adult's needs in the least restrictive manner reasonably feasible unless to do so would be
2928	inconsistent with the decision-making standard in Subsections 75-5c-313(4) and (5);
2929	(c) not later than 30 days after a change in the dwelling of the adult:
2930	(i) give notice of the change to the court, the adult, and any person identified as entitled
2931	to the notice in the court order appointing the guardian or a subsequent order; and
2932	(ii) include in the notice the address and nature of the new dwelling and state whether
2933	the adult received advance notice of the change and whether the adult objected to the change;
2934	(d) establish or move the permanent place of dwelling of the adult to a nursing home,
2935	mental-health facility, or other facility that places restrictions on the adult's ability to leave or
2936	have visitors only if:
2937	(i) the establishment or move is in the guardian's plan under Section 75-5c-316;
2938	(ii) the court authorizes the establishment or move; or
2939	(iii) the guardian gives notice of the establishment or move at least 14 days before the
2940	establishment or move to the adult and all persons entitled to notice under Subsection
2941	75-5c-310(5)(b) or a subsequent order, and no objection is filed;

2942	(e) establish or move the place of dwelling of the adult outside this state only if
2943	consistent with the guardian's plan and authorized by the court by specific order; and
2944	(f) take action that would result in the sale of or surrender of the lease to the primary
2945	dwelling of the adult only if:
2946	(i) the action is specifically included in the guardian's plan under Section 75-5c-316;
2947	(ii) the court authorizes the action by specific order; or
2948	(iii) notice of the action was given at least 14 days before the action to the adult and all
2949	persons entitled to the notice under Subsection 75-5c-310(5)(b) or a subsequent order and no
2950	objection has been filed.
2951	(6) In exercising a guardian's power under Subsection (1)(c) to make health care
2952	decisions, the guardian shall:
2953	(a) involve the adult in decision making to the extent reasonably feasible, including,
2954	when practicable, by encouraging and supporting the adult in understanding the risks and
2955	benefits of health care options;
2956	(b) defer to a decision by an agent under a power of attorney for health care executed
2957	by the adult and cooperate to the extent feasible with the agent making the decision; and
2958	(c) take into account:
2959	(i) the risks and benefits of treatment options; and
2960	(ii) the current and previous wishes and values of the adult, if known or reasonably
2961	ascertainable by the guardian.
2962	Section 69. Section 75-5c-315 is enacted to read:
2963	75-5c-315. Special limitations on guardian's power.
2964	(1) Unless authorized by the court by specific order, a guardian for an adult does not
2965	have the power to revoke or amend a power of attorney for health care or power of attorney for
2966	finances executed by the adult. If a power of attorney for health care is in effect, unless there is
2967	a court order to the contrary, a health care decision of an agent takes precedence over that of
2968	the guardian and the guardian shall cooperate with the agent to the extent feasible. If a power of
2969	attorney for finances is in effect, unless there is a court order to the contrary, a decision by the
2970	agent which the agent is authorized to make under the power of attorney for finances takes
2971	precedence over that of the guardian and the guardian shall cooperate with the agent to the
2972	extent feasible.

2973	(2) A guardian for an adult may not initiate the commitment of the adult to a mental
2974	health facility except in accordance with the state's procedure for involuntary civil
2975	commitment.
2976	(3) A guardian for an adult may not restrict the ability of the adult to communicate,
2977	visit, or interact with others, including receiving visitors and making or receiving telephone
2978	calls, personal mail, or electronic communications, including through social media, or
2979	participating in social activities, unless:
2980	(a) authorized by the court by specific order;
2981	(b) a protective order or a protective arrangement instead of guardianship is in effect
2982	that limits contact between the adult and a person; or
2983	(c) the guardian has good cause to believe restriction is necessary because interaction
2984	with a specified person poses a risk of significant physical, psychological, or financial harm to
2985	the adult and the restriction is:
2986	(i) for a period of not more than seven business days if the person has a family or
2987	pre-existing social relationship with the adult; or
2988	(ii) for a period of not more than 60 days if the person does not have a family or
2989	pre-existing social relationship with the adult.
2990	Section 70. Section 75-5c-316 is enacted to read:
2991	<u>75-5c-316.</u> Guardian's plan.
2992	(1) A guardian for an adult, not later than 60 days after appointment and when there is
2993	a significant change in circumstances, or the guardian seeks to deviate significantly from the
2994	guardian's plan, shall file with the court a plan for the care of the adult. The plan must be based
2995	on the needs of the adult and take into account the best interest of the adult as well as the
2996	adult's preferences, values, and prior directions, to the extent known to or reasonably
2997	ascertainable by the guardian. The guardian shall include in the plan:
2998	(a) the living arrangement, services, and supports the guardian expects to arrange,
2999	facilitate, or continue for the adult;
3000	(b) social and educational activities the guardian expects to facilitate on behalf of the
3001	adult;
3002	(c) any person with whom the adult has a close personal relationship or relationship
3003	involving regular visitation and any plan the guardian has for facilitating visits with the person;

3004	(d) the anticipated nature and frequency of the guardian's visits and communication
3005	with the adult;
3006	(e) goals for the adult, including any goal related to the restoration of the adult's rights,
3007	and how the guardian anticipates achieving the goals;
3008	(f) whether the adult has an existing plan and, if so, whether the guardian's plan is
3009	consistent with the adult's plan; and
3010	(g) a statement or list of the amount the guardian proposes to charge for each service
3011	the guardian anticipates providing to the adult.
3012	(2) A guardian shall give notice of the filing of the guardian's plan under Subsection
3013	(1), together with a copy of the plan, to the adult subject to guardianship, a person entitled to
3014	notice under Subsection 75-5c-310(5) or a subsequent order, and any other person the court
3015	determines. The notice must include a statement of the right to object to the plan and be given
3016	not later than 14 days after the filing.
3017	(3) An adult subject to guardianship and any person entitled under Subsection (2) to
3018	receive notice and a copy of the guardian's plan may object to the plan.
3019	(4) The court shall review the guardian's plan filed under Subsection (1) and determine
3020	whether to approve the plan or require a new plan. In deciding whether to approve the plan, the
3021	court shall consider an objection under Subsection (3) and whether the plan is consistent with
3022	the guardian's duties and powers under Sections 75-5c-313 and 75-5c-314. The court may not
3023	approve the plan until 30 days after its filing.
3024	(5) After the guardian's plan filed under this section is approved by the court, the
3025	guardian shall provide a copy of the plan to the adult subject to guardianship, a person entitled
3026	to notice under Subsection 75-5c-310(5) or a subsequent order, and any other person the court
3027	<u>determines.</u>
3028	Section 71. Section 75-5c-317 is enacted to read:
3029	75-5c-317. Guardian's report Monitoring of guardianship.
3030	(1) A guardian for an adult, not later than 60 days after appointment and at least
3031	annually thereafter, shall file with the court a report in a record regarding the condition of the
3032	adult and accounting for funds and other property in the guardian's possession or subject to the
3033	guardian's control.
3034	(2) A report under Subsection (1) must state or contain:

3035	(a) the mental, physical, and social condition of the adult;
3036	(b) the living arrangements of the adult during the reporting period;
3037	(c) a summary of the supported decision making, technological assistance, medical
3038	services, educational and vocational services, and other supports and services provided to the
3039	adult and the guardian's opinion as to the adequacy of the adult's care;
3040	(d) a summary of the guardian's visits with the adult, including the dates of the visits;
3041	(e) action taken on behalf of the adult;
3042	(f) the extent to which the adult has participated in decision making;
3043	(g) if the adult is living in a mental health facility or living in a facility that provides
3044	the adult with health care or other personal services, whether the guardian considers the
3045	facility's current plan for support, care, treatment, or habilitation consistent with the adult's
3046	preferences, values, prior directions, and best interest;
3047	(h) anything of more than de minimis value which the guardian, any individual who
3048	resides with the guardian, or the spouse, parent, child, or sibling of the guardian has received
3049	from an individual providing goods or services to the adult;
3050	(i) if the guardian delegated a power to an agent, the power delegated and the reason
3051	for the delegation;
3052	(j) any business relation the guardian has with a person the guardian has paid or that
3053	has benefitted from the property of the adult;
3054	(k) a copy of the guardian's most recently approved plan under Section 75-5c-316 and a
3055	statement whether the guardian has deviated from the plan and, if so, how the guardian has
3056	deviated and why;
3057	(l) plans for future care and support of the adult;
3058	(m) a recommendation as to the need for continued guardianship and any
3059	recommended change in the scope of the guardianship; and
3060	(n) whether any coguardian or successor guardian appointed to serve when a
3061	designated event occurs is alive and able to serve.
3062	(3) The court may appoint a visitor to review a report submitted under this section or a
3063	guardian's plan submitted under Section 75-5c-316, interview the guardian or adult subject to
3064	guardianship, or investigate any other matter involving the guardianship.
3065	(4) Notice of the filing under this section of a guardian's report, together with a copy of

3066	the report, must be given to the adult subject to guardianship, a person entitled to notice under
3067	Subsection 75-5c-310(5) or a subsequent order, and any other person the court determines. The
3068	notice and report must be given not later than 14 days after the filing.
3069	(5) The court shall establish procedures for monitoring a report submitted under this
3070	section and review each report at least annually to determine whether:
3071	(a) the report provides sufficient information to establish the guardian has complied
3072	with the guardian's duties;
3073	(b) the guardianship should continue; and
3074	(c) the guardian's requested fees, if any, should be approved.
3075	(6) If the court determines there is reason to believe a guardian for an adult has not
3076	complied with the guardian's duties or the guardianship should be modified or terminated, the
3077	court:
3078	(a) shall notify the adult, the guardian, and any other person entitled to notice under
3079	Subsection 75-5c-310(5) or a subsequent order;
3080	(b) may require additional information from the guardian;
3081	(c) may appoint a visitor to interview the adult or guardian or investigate any matter
3082	involving the guardianship; and
3083	(d) consistent with Sections 75-5c-318 and 75-5c-319, may hold a hearing to consider
3084	removal of the guardian, termination of the guardianship, or a change in the powers granted to
3085	the guardian or terms of the guardianship.
3086	(7) If the court has reason to believe fees requested by a guardian for an adult are not
3087	reasonable, the court shall hold a hearing to determine whether to adjust the requested fees.
3088	(8) A guardian for an adult may petition the court for approval of a report filed under
3089	this section. The court after review may approve the report. If the court approves the report,
3090	there is a rebuttable presumption the report is accurate as to a matter adequately disclosed in
3091	the report.
3092	Section 72. Section 75-5c-318 is enacted to read:
3093	75-5c-318. Removal of guardian for adult Appointment of successor.
3094	(1) The court may remove a guardian for an adult for failure to perform the guardian's
3095	duties or for other good cause and appoint a successor guardian to assume the duties of
3096	guardian.

3097	(2) The court shall hold a hearing to determine whether to remove a guardian for an
3098	adult and appoint a successor guardian on:
3099	(a) petition of the adult, guardian, or person interested in the welfare of the adult,
3100	which contains allegations that, if true, would support a reasonable belief that removal of the
3101	guardian and appointment of a successor guardian may be appropriate, but the court may
3102	decline to hold a hearing if a petition based on the same or substantially similar facts was filed
3103	during the preceding six months;
3104	(b) communication from the adult, guardian, or person interested in the welfare of the
3105	adult which supports a reasonable belief that removal of the guardian and appointment of a
3106	successor guardian may be appropriate; or
3107	(c) determination by the court that a hearing would be in the best interest of the adult.
3108	(3) Notice of a petition under Subsection (2)(a) must be given to the adult subject to
3109	guardianship, the guardian, and any other person the court determines.
3110	(4) An adult subject to guardianship who seeks to remove the guardian and have a
3111	successor guardian appointed has the right to choose an attorney to represent the adult in this
3112	matter. If the adult is not represented by an attorney, the court shall appoint an attorney under
3113	the same conditions as in Section 75-5c-305. The court shall award reasonable attorney fees to
3114	the attorney for the adult as provided in Section 75-5c-119.
3115	(5) In selecting a successor guardian for an adult, the court shall follow the priorities
3116	under Section 75-5c-309.
3117	(6) Not later than 30 days after appointing a successor guardian, the court shall give
3118	notice of the appointment to the adult subject to guardianship and any person entitled to notice
3119	under Subsection 75-5c-310(5) or a subsequent order.
3120	Section 73. Section 75-5c-319 is enacted to read:
3121	75-5c-319. Termination or modification of guardianship for adult.
3122	(1) An adult subject to guardianship, the guardian for the adult, or a person interested
3123	in the welfare of the adult may petition for:
3124	(a) termination of the guardianship on the ground that a basis for appointment under
3125	Section 75-5c-301 does not exist or termination would be in the best interest of the adult or for
3126	other good cause; or
3127	(b) modification of the guardianship on the ground that the extent of protection or

3128	assistance granted is not appropriate or for other good cause.
3129	(2) The court shall hold a hearing to determine whether termination or modification of
3130	a guardianship for an adult is appropriate on:
3131	(a) petition under Subsection (1) which contains allegations that, if true, would support
3132	a reasonable belief that termination or modification of the guardianship may be appropriate, but
3133	the court may decline to hold a hearing if a petition based on the same or substantially similar
3134	facts was filed during the preceding six months;
3135	(b) communication from the adult, guardian, or person interested in the welfare of the
3136	adult which supports a reasonable belief that termination or modification of the guardianship
3137	may be appropriate, including because the functional needs of the adult or supports or services
3138	available to the adult have changed;
3139	(c) a report from a guardian or conservator which indicates that termination or
3140	modification may be appropriate because the functional needs of the adult or supports or
3141	services available to the adult have changed or a protective arrangement instead of
3142	guardianship or other less restrictive alternative for meeting the adult's needs is available; or
3143	(d) a determination by the court that a hearing would be in the best interest of the adult.
3144	(3) Notice of a petition under Subsection (2)(a) must be given to the adult subject to
3145	guardianship, the guardian, and any other person the court determines.
3146	(4) On presentation of prima facie evidence for termination of a guardianship for an
3147	adult, the court shall order termination unless it is proven that a basis for appointment of a
3148	guardian under Section 75-5c-301 exists.
3149	(5) The court shall modify the powers granted to a guardian for an adult if the powers
3150	are excessive or inadequate due to a change in the abilities or limitations of the adult, the
3151	adult's supports, or other circumstances.
3152	(6) Unless the court otherwise orders for good cause, before terminating or modifying a
3153	guardianship for an adult, the court shall follow the same procedures to safeguard the rights of
3154	the adult which apply to a petition for guardianship.
3155	(7) An adult subject to guardianship who seeks to terminate or modify the terms of the
3156	guardianship has the right to choose an attorney to represent the adult in the matter. If the adult
3157	is not represented by an attorney, the court shall appoint an attorney under the same conditions

as in Section 75-5c-305. The court shall award reasonable attorney fees to the attorney for the

3158

3159	adult as provided in Section 75-5c-119.
3160	Section 74. Section 75-5c-320 is enacted to read:
3161	75-5c-320. Guardianship proceedings for minor becoming an adult subject to
3162	guardianship.
3163	(1) As used in this section:
3164	(a) "Joint legal decision-making" means parents or two persons, regardless of whether
3165	they are married, sharing legal decision-making and no person's rights or responsibilities being
3166	superior except with respect to specified decisions set forth by the court or the persons in a
3167	final judgment or order.
3168	(b) "Legal decision-making" means the legal right and responsibility to make all
3169	nonemergency legal decisions for a minor including those regarding education, health care,
3170	religious training, and personal care decisions.
3171	(c) "Minor" means the same as that term is defined in Section 75-1-201.
3172	(d) "Physician" means an individual:
3173	(i) licensed as a physician under Title 58, Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice Act; or
3174	(ii) licensed as a physician under Title 58, Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical
3175	Practice Act.
3176	(e) "Psychologist" means a person licensed under Title 58, Chapter 61, Psychologist
3177	Licensing Act, to engage in the practice of psychology as defined in Section 58-61-102.
3178	(f) "Sole legal decision-making" means one parent or one individual having the legal
3179	right and responsibility to make major decisions for the minor child.
3180	(2) (a) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this part, a person who may be a
3181	guardian for an adult under Section 75-5c-309 may initiate guardianship proceedings pursuant
3182	to this Subsection (2) for a minor who is at least 17 years, six months of age and who will be an
3183	adult subject to guardianship and request that a guardianship order take effect immediately on
3184	the day the minor turns 18 years of age.
3185	(b) The petitioner shall provide with the petition a written report of an evaluation of the
3186	minor by a physician or psychologist that meets the requirements of Subsection (2)(c). If the
3187	evaluation is conducted within six months after the date the petition is filed with the court, the
3188	petitioner may ask in the petition that the court accept this report in lieu of ordering any
3189	additional evaluation and the court may grant the request.

3190	(c) A written report filed pursuant to this section by a physician or psychologist acting
3191	within that person's scope of practice shall include the following information:
3192	(i) a specific description of the physical, psychiatric, or psychological diagnosis of the
3193	individual;
3194	(ii) a comprehensive assessment listing any functional impairments of the individual
3195	and an explanation of how and to what extent these functional impairments may prevent that
3196	individual from receiving or evaluating information in making decisions or in communicating
3197	informed decisions, with or without assistance, regarding that individual;
3198	(iii) an analysis of the tasks of daily living the individual is capable of performing
3199	independently or with assistance;
3200	(iv) a list of the medications the individual is receiving, the dosage of the medications,
3201	and a description of the effects each medication has on the individual's behavior to the best of
3202	the declarant's knowledge;
3203	(v) a prognosis for improvement in the individual's condition and a recommendation
3204	for the most appropriate rehabilitation plan or care plan; and
3205	(vi) other information the physician or psychologist considers appropriate.
3206	(3) (a) Notwithstanding the priorities in Section 75-5c-309, if the petition for
3207	appointment of a guardian is filed pursuant to Subsection (2) or within two years after the day
3208	the individual subject to guardianship turns 18 years of age, unless the court finds the
3209	appointment to be contrary to the individual's best interest:
3210	(i) the court shall appoint as the individual's guardian any person who, by court order,
3211	had sole legal decision-making of the individual when the individual subject to guardianship
3212	attained 17 years, six months of age; or
3213	(ii) if two persons had joint legal decision-making of the individual subject to
3214	guardianship when the individual subject to guardianship attained 17 years, six months of age,
3215	the court shall appoint both persons as coguardians.
3216	(b) If under Subsection (3)(a) the court finds the appointment of a person described in
3217	Subsection (3)(a) is contrary to the individual subject to guardianship's best interest or if the
3218	potential guardian is unwilling to be appointed or serve as a guardian, the court may apply the
3219	priorities in Section 75-5c-309 in appointing a guardian.
3220	(4) The court may appoint more than one person as the coguardians if the appointment

3221	is required by Subsection (3) or the court finds that the appointment is in the individual subject
3222	to guardianship's best interest. If the court appoints coguardians, the coguardians shall share
3223	legal decision-making for the individual subject to guardianship and neither coguardian's rights
3224	or responsibilities are superior except as otherwise ordered by the court.
3225	Section 75. Section 75-5c-401 is enacted to read:
3226	Part 4. Conservatorship
3227	75-5c-401. Basis for appointment of conservator.
3228	(1) On petition and after notice and hearing, the court may appoint a conservator for
3229	the property or financial affairs of a minor if the court finds by a preponderance of evidence
3230	that appointment of a conservator is in the minor's best interest, and:
3231	(a) if the minor has a parent, the court gives weight to any recommendation of the
3232	parent whether an appointment is in the minor's best interest; and
3233	(b) either:
3234	(i) the minor owns funds or other property requiring management or protection that
3235	otherwise cannot be provided;
3236	(ii) the minor has or may have financial affairs that may be put at unreasonable risk or
3237	hindered because of the minor's age; or
3238	(iii) appointment is necessary or desirable to obtain or provide funds or other property
3239	needed for the support, care, education, health, or welfare of the minor.
3240	(2) On petition and after notice and hearing, the court may appoint a conservator for
3241	the property or financial affairs of an adult if the court finds by clear and convincing evidence
3242	<u>that:</u>
3243	(a) the adult is unable to manage property or financial affairs because:
3244	(i) of a limitation in the adult's ability to receive and evaluate information or make or
3245	communicate decisions, even with the use of appropriate supportive services, technological
3246	assistance, or supported decision making; or
3247	(ii) the adult is missing, detained, or unable to return to the United States;
3248	(b) appointment is necessary to:
3249	(i) avoid harm to the adult or significant dissipation of the property of the adult; or
3250	(ii) obtain or provide funds or other property needed for the support, care, education,
3251	health, or welfare of the adult or of an individual entitled to the adult's support; and

3252	(c) the respondent's identified needs cannot be met by a protective arrangement instead
3253	of conservatorship or other less restrictive alternative.
3254	(3) The court shall grant a conservator only those powers necessitated by demonstrated
3255	limitations and needs of the respondent and issue orders that will encourage development of the
3256	respondent's maximum self-determination and independence. The court may not establish a full
3257	conservatorship if a limited conservatorship, protective arrangement instead of conservatorship
3258	or other less restrictive alternative would meet the needs of the respondent.
3259	Section 76. Section 75-5c-402 is enacted to read:
3260	75-5c-402. Petition for appointment of conservator.
3261	(1) The following may petition for the appointment of a conservator:
3262	(a) the individual for whom the order is sought;
3263	(b) a person interested in the estate, financial affairs, or welfare of the individual,
3264	including a person that would be adversely affected by lack of effective management of
3265	property or financial affairs of the individual; or
3266	(c) the guardian for the individual.
3267	(2) A petition under Subsection (1) must state the petitioner's name, principal
3268	residence, current street address, if different, relationship to the respondent, interest in the
3269	appointment, the name and address of any attorney representing the petitioner, and, to the
3270	extent known, the following:
3271	(a) the respondent's name, age, principal residence, current street address, if different,
3272	and, if different, address of the dwelling in which it is proposed the respondent will reside if
3273	the petition is granted;
3274	(b) the name and address of the respondent's:
3275	(i) spouse or, if the respondent has none, an adult with whom the respondent has shared
3276	household responsibilities for more than six months in the 12-month period before the filing of
3277	the petition;
3278	(ii) adult children or, if none, each parent and adult sibling of the respondent, or, if
3279	none, at least one adult nearest in kinship to the respondent who can be found with reasonable
3280	diligence; and
3281	(iii) adult stepchildren whom the respondent actively parented during the stepchildren's
3282	minor years and with whom the respondent had an ongoing relationship during the two years

3283	immediately before the filing of the petition;
3284	(c) the name and current address of each of the following, if applicable:
3285	(i) a person responsible for the care or custody of the respondent;
3286	(ii) any attorney currently representing the respondent;
3287	(iii) the representative payee appointed by the Social Security Administration for the
3288	respondent;
3289	(iv) a guardian or conservator acting for the respondent in this state or another
3290	jurisdiction;
3291	(v) a trustee or custodian of a trust or custodianship of which the respondent is a
3292	beneficiary;
3293	(vi) the fiduciary appointed for the respondent by the Department of Veterans Affairs;
3294	(vii) an agent designated under a power of attorney for health care in which the
3295	respondent is identified as the principal;
3296	(viii) an agent designated under a power of attorney for finances in which the
3297	respondent is identified as the principal;
3298	(ix) a person known to have routinely assisted the respondent with decision making in
3299	the six-month period immediately before the filing of the petition;
3300	(x) any proposed conservator, including a person nominated by the respondent, if the
3301	respondent is 12 years of age or older; and
3302	(xi) if the individual for whom a conservator is sought is a minor:
3303	(A) an adult not otherwise listed with whom the minor resides; and
3304	(B) each person not otherwise listed that had primary care or custody of the minor for
3305	at least 60 days during the two years immediately before the filing of the petition or for at least
3306	730 days during the five years immediately before the filing of the petition;
3307	(d) a general statement of the respondent's property with an estimate of its value,
3308	including any insurance or pension, and the source and amount of other anticipated income or
3309	receipts;
3310	(e) the reason conservatorship is necessary, including a brief description of:
3311	(i) the nature and extent of the respondent's alleged need;
3312	(ii) if the petition alleges the respondent is missing, detained, or unable to return to the
3313	United States, the relevant circumstances, including the time and nature of the disappearance of

3314	detention and any search or inquiry concerning the respondent's whereabouts;
3315	(iii) any protective arrangement instead of conservatorship or other less restrictive
3316	alternative for meeting the respondent's alleged need which has been considered or
3317	implemented;
3318	(iv) if no protective arrangement or other less restrictive alternatives have been
3319	considered or implemented, the reason it has not been considered or implemented; and
3320	(v) the reason a protective arrangement or other less restrictive alternative is
3321	insufficient to meet the respondent's need;
3322	(f) whether the petitioner seeks a limited conservatorship or a full conservatorship;
3323	(g) if the petitioner seeks a full conservatorship, the reason a limited conservatorship or
3324	protective arrangement instead of conservatorship is not appropriate;
3325	(h) if the petition includes the name of a proposed conservator, the reason the proposed
3326	conservator should be appointed;
3327	(i) if the petition is for a limited conservatorship, a description of the property to be
3328	placed under the conservator's control and any requested limitation on the authority of the
3329	conservator;
3330	(j) whether the respondent needs an interpreter, translator, or other form of support to
3331	communicate effectively with the court or understand court proceedings; and
3332	(k) the name and address of an attorney representing the petitioner, if any.
3333	Section 77. Section 75-5c-403 is enacted to read:
3334	75-5c-403. Notice and hearing for appointment of conservator.
3335	(1) On filing of a petition under Section 75-5c-402 for appointment of a conservator,
3336	the court shall set a date, time, and place for a hearing on the petition.
3337	(2) A copy of a petition under Section 75-5c-402 and notice of a hearing on the petition
3338	must be served personally on the respondent. If the respondent's whereabouts are unknown or
3339	personal service cannot be made, service on the respondent must be made by substituted
3340	service or publication. The notice must inform the respondent of the respondent's rights at the
3341	hearing, including the right to an attorney and to attend the hearing. The notice must include a
3342	description of the nature, purpose, and consequences of granting the petition. The court may
3343	not grant a petition for appointment of a conservator if notice substantially complying with this
3344	Subsection (2) is not served on the respondent.

3345	(3) In a proceeding on a petition under Section 75-5c-402, the notice required under
3346	Subsection (2) must be given to the persons required to be listed in the petition under
3347	Subsections 75-5c-402(2)(a) through (c) and any other person interested in the respondent's
3348	welfare the court determines. Failure to give notice under this Subsection (3) does not preclude
3349	the court from appointing a conservator.
3350	(4) After the appointment of a conservator, notice of a hearing on a petition for an
3351	order under this part, together with a copy of the petition, must be given to:
3352	(a) the individual subject to conservatorship, if the individual is 12 years of age or
3353	older and not missing, detained, or unable to return to the United States;
3354	(b) the conservator; and
3355	(c) any other person the court determines.
3356	Section 78. Section 75-5c-404 is enacted to read:
3357	75-5c-404. Order to preserve or apply property while proceeding pending.
3358	While a petition under Section 75-5c-402 is pending, after preliminary hearing and
3359	without notice to others, the court may issue an order to preserve and apply property of the
3360	respondent as required for the support of the respondent or an individual who is in fact
3361	dependent on the respondent. The court may appoint a master to assist in implementing the
3362	<u>order.</u>
3363	Section 79. Section 75-5c-405 is enacted to read:
3364	75-5c-405. Appointment and role of visitor.
3365	(1) If the respondent in a proceeding to appoint a conservator is a minor, the court may
3366	appoint a visitor to investigate a matter related to the petition or inform the minor or a parent of
3367	the minor about the petition or a related matter.
3368	(2) If the respondent in a proceeding to appoint a conservator is an adult, the court shall
3369	appoint a visitor unless the adult is represented by an attorney appointed by the court. The
3370	duties and reporting requirements of the visitor are limited to the relief requested in the
3371	petition. The visitor must be an individual with training or experience in the type of abilities,
3372	limitations, and needs alleged in the petition.
3373	(3) A visitor appointed under Subsection (2) for an adult shall interview the respondent
3374	in person and in a manner the respondent is best able to understand:
3375	(a) explain to the respondent the substance of the petition, the nature, purpose, and

3376	effect of the proceeding, the respondent's rights at the hearing on the petition, and the general
3377	powers and duties of a conservator;
3378	(b) determine the respondent's views about the appointment sought by the petitioner,
3379	including views about a proposed conservator, the conservator's proposed powers and duties,
3380	and the scope and duration of the proposed conservatorship;
3381	(c) inform the respondent of the respondent's right to employ and consult with an
3382	attorney at the respondent's expense and the right to request a court-appointed attorney; and
3383	(d) inform the respondent that all costs and expenses of the proceeding, including the
3384	respondent's attorney fees, may be paid from the respondent's assets.
3385	(4) A visitor appointed under Subsection (2) for an adult shall:
3386	(a) interview the petitioner and proposed conservator, if any;
3387	(b) review financial records of the respondent, if relevant to the visitor's
3388	recommendation under Subsection (5)(b);
3389	(c) investigate whether the respondent's needs could be met by a protective
3390	arrangement instead of conservatorship or other less restrictive alternative and, if so, identify
3391	the arrangement or other less restrictive alternative; and
3392	(d) investigate the allegations in the petition and any other matter relating to the
3393	petition the court directs.
3394	(5) A visitor appointed under Subsection (2) for an adult promptly shall file a report in
3395	a record with the court, which must include:
3396	(a) a recommendation:
3397	(i) regarding the appropriateness of conservatorship, or whether a protective
3398	arrangement instead of conservatorship or other less restrictive alternative for meeting the
3399	respondent's needs is available;
3400	(ii) if a conservatorship is recommended, whether it should be full or limited; and
3401	(iii) if a limited conservatorship is recommended, the powers to be granted to the
3402	conservator, and the property that should be placed under the conservator's control;
3403	(b) a statement of the qualifications of the proposed conservator and whether the
3404	respondent approves or disapproves of the proposed conservator;
3405	(c) a recommendation whether a professional evaluation under Section 75-5c-407 is
3406	necessary;

3407	(d) a statement whether the respondent is able to attend a hearing at the location court
3408	proceedings typically are held;
3409	(e) a statement whether the respondent is able to participate in a hearing and which
3410	identifies any technology or other form of support that would enhance the respondent's ability
3411	to participate; and
3412	(f) any other matter the court directs.
3413	Section 80. Section 75-5c-406 is enacted to read:
3414	75-5c-406. Appointment and role of attorney.
3415	(1) The court shall appoint an attorney to represent the respondent in a proceeding to
3416	appoint a conservator if:
3417	(a) the respondent requests an appointment;
3418	(b) the visitor recommends an appointment; or
3419	(c) the court determines the respondent needs representation.
3420	(2) An attorney representing the respondent in a proceeding for appointment of a
3421	conservator shall:
3422	(a) make reasonable efforts to ascertain the respondent's wishes;
3423	(b) advocate for the respondent's wishes to the extent reasonably ascertainable; and
3424	(c) if the respondent's wishes are not reasonably ascertainable, advocate for the result
3425	that is the least-restrictive in type, duration, and scope, consistent with the respondent's
3426	<u>interests.</u>
3427	Section 81. Section 75-5c-407 is enacted to read:
3428	75-5c-407. Professional evaluation.
3429	(1) At or before a hearing on a petition for conservatorship for an adult, the court shall
3430	order a professional evaluation of the respondent:
3431	(a) if the respondent requests the evaluation; or
3432	(b) in other cases, unless the court finds it has sufficient information to determine the
3433	respondent's needs and abilities without the evaluation.
3434	(2) If the court orders an evaluation under Subsection (1), the respondent must be
3435	examined by a licensed physician, psychologist, social worker, or other individual appointed by
3436	the court who is qualified to evaluate the respondent's alleged cognitive and functional abilities
3437	and limitations and will not be advantaged or disadvantaged by a decision to grant the petition

3438	or otherwise have a conflict of interest. The individual conducting the evaluation promptly
3439	shall file a report in a record with the court. Unless otherwise directed by the court, the report
3440	must contain:
3441	(a) a description of the nature, type, and extent of the respondent's cognitive and
3442	functional abilities and limitations with regard to the management of the respondent's property
3443	and financial affairs;
3444	(b) an evaluation of the respondent's mental and physical condition and, if appropriate,
3445	educational potential, adaptive behavior, and social skills;
3446	(c) a prognosis for improvement with regard to the ability to manage the respondent's
3447	property and financial affairs; and
3448	(d) the date of the examination on which the report is based.
3449	(3) A respondent may decline to participate in an evaluation ordered under Subsection
3450	<u>(1).</u>
3451	Section 82. Section 75-5c-408 is enacted to read:
3452	75-5c-408. Attendance and rights at hearing.
3453	(1) Except as otherwise provided in Subsection (2), a hearing under Section 75-5c-403
3454	may not proceed unless the respondent attends the hearing. If it is not reasonably feasible for
3455	the respondent to attend a hearing at the location court proceedings typically are held, the court
3456	shall make reasonable efforts to hold the hearing at an alternative location convenient to the
3457	respondent or allow the respondent to attend the hearing using real-time audio-visual
3458	technology.
3459	(2) A hearing under Section 75-5c-403 may proceed without the respondent in
3460	attendance if the court finds by clear and convincing evidence that:
3461	(a) the respondent consistently and repeatedly has refused to attend the hearing after
3462	having been fully informed of the right to attend and the potential consequences of failing to do
3463	<u>so;</u>
3464	(b) there is no practicable way for the respondent to attend and participate in the
3465	hearing even with appropriate supportive services or technological assistance; or
3466	(c) the respondent is a minor who has received proper notice and attendance would be
3467	harmful to the minor.
3468	(3) The respondent may be assisted in a hearing under Section 75-5c-403 by a person

3469	or persons of the respondent's choosing, assistive technology, or an interpreter or translator, or
3470	a combination of these supports. If assistance would facilitate the respondent's participation in
3471	the hearing, but is not otherwise available to the respondent, the court shall make reasonable
3472	efforts to provide it.
3473	(4) The respondent has a right to choose an attorney to represent the respondent at a
3474	hearing under Section 75-5c-403.
3475	(5) At a hearing under Section 75-5c-403, the respondent may:
3476	(a) present evidence and subpoena witnesses and documents;
3477	(b) examine witnesses, including any court-appointed evaluator and the visitor; and
3478	(c) otherwise participate in the hearing.
3479	(6) Unless excused by the court for good cause, a proposed conservator shall attend a
3480	hearing under Section 75-5c-403.
3481	(7) A hearing under Section 75-5c-403 must be closed on request of the respondent and
3482	a showing of good cause.
3483	(8) Any person may request to participate in a hearing under Section 75-5c-403. The
3484	court may grant the request, with or without a hearing, on determining that the best interest of
3485	the respondent will be served. The court may impose appropriate conditions on the person's
3486	participation.
3487	Section 83. Section 75-5c-409 is enacted to read:
3488	75-5c-409. Confidentiality of records.
3489	(1) The existence of a proceeding for or the existence of conservatorship is a matter of
3490	public record unless the court seals the record after:
3491	(a) the respondent, the individual subject to conservatorship, or the parent of a minor
3492	subject to conservatorship requests the record be sealed; and
3493	(b) either:
3494	(i) the petition for conservatorship is dismissed; or
3495	(ii) the conservatorship is terminated.
3496	(2) An individual subject to a proceeding for a conservatorship, whether or not a
3497	conservator is appointed, an attorney designated by the individual, and a person entitled to
3498	notice under Subsection 75-5c-411(5) or a subsequent order may access court records of the
3499	proceeding and resulting conservatorship, including the conservator's plan under Section

3500	75-5c-419 and the conservator's report under Section 75-5c-423. A person not otherwise
3501	entitled to access to court records under this section for good cause may petition the court for
3502	access to court records of the conservatorship, including the conservator's plan and report. The
3503	court shall grant access if access is in the best interest of the respondent or individual subject to
3504	conservatorship or furthers the public interest and does not endanger the welfare or financial
3505	interests of the respondent or individual.
3506	(3) (a) A report under Section 75-5c-405 of a visitor or professional evaluation under
3507	Section 75-5c-407 is confidential and must be sealed on filing, but is available to:
3508	(i) the court;
3509	(ii) the individual who is the subject of the report or evaluation, for purposes of the
3510	proceeding;
3511	(iii) the petitioner, visitor, and petitioner's and respondent's attorneys, for purposes of
3512	the proceeding;
3513	(iv) unless the court directs otherwise, an agent appointed under a power of attorney for
3514	finances in which the respondent is identified as the principal; and
3515	(v) any other person if it is in the public interest or for a purpose the court orders for
3516	good cause.
3517	(b) A report described in Subsection (3)(a) is not subject to Title 63G, Chapter 2,
3518	Government Records Access and Management Act.
3519	Section 84. Section 75-5c-410 is enacted to read:
3520	75-5c-410. Who may be conservator Order of priority.
3521	(1) Except as otherwise provided in Subsection (3), the court in appointing a
3522	conservator shall consider persons qualified to be a conservator in the following order of
3523	priority:
3524	(a) a conservator, other than a temporary or emergency conservator, currently acting for
3525	the respondent in another jurisdiction;
3526	(b) a person nominated as conservator by the respondent, including the respondent's
3527	most recent nomination made in a power of attorney for finances;
3528	(c) an agent appointed by the respondent to manage the respondent's property under a
3529	power of attorney for finances;
3530	(d) a spouse of the respondent; and

3531	(e) a family member or other individual who has shown special care and concern for
3532	the respondent.
3533	(2) If two or more persons have equal priority under Subsection (1), the court shall
3534	select as conservator the person the court considers best qualified. In determining the best
3535	qualified person, the court shall consider the person's relationship with the respondent, the
3536	person's skills, the expressed wishes of the respondent, the extent to which the person and the
3537	respondent have similar values and preferences, and the likelihood the person will be able to
3538	perform the duties of a conservator successfully.
3539	(3) The court, acting in the best interest of the respondent, may decline to appoint as
3540	conservator a person having priority under Subsection (1) and appoint a person having a lower
3541	priority or no priority.
3542	(4) A person that provides paid services to the respondent, or an individual who is
3543	employed by a person that provides paid services to the respondent or is the spouse, parent, or
3544	child of an individual who provides or is employed to provide paid services to the respondent,
3545	may not be appointed as conservator unless:
3546	(a) the individual is related to the respondent by blood, marriage, or adoption; or
3547	(b) the court finds by clear and convincing evidence that the person is the best qualified
3548	person available for appointment and the appointment is in the best interest of the respondent.
3549	(5) An owner, operator, or employee of a long term care facility, as defined in Section
3550	62A-3-202, at which the respondent is receiving care may not be appointed as conservator
3551	unless the owner, operator, or employee is related to the respondent by blood, marriage, or
3552	adoption.
3553	Section 85. Section 75-5c-411 is enacted to read:
3554	75-5c-411. Order of appointment of conservator.
3555	(1) A court order appointing a conservator for a minor must include findings to support
3556	appointment of a conservator and, if a full conservatorship is granted, the reason a limited
3557	conservatorship would not meet the identified needs of the minor.
3558	(2) A court order appointing a conservator for an adult must:
3559	(a) include a specific finding that clear and convincing evidence has established that
3560	the identified needs of the respondent cannot be met by a protective arrangement instead of
3561	conservatorship or other less restrictive alternative, including use of appropriate supportive

3562	services, technological assistance, or supported decision making; and
3563	(b) include a specific finding that clear and convincing evidence established the
3564	respondent was given proper notice of the hearing on the petition.
3565	(3) A court order establishing a full conservatorship for an adult must state the basis for
3566	granting a full conservatorship and include specific findings to support the conclusion that a
3567	limited conservatorship would not meet the functional needs of the adult.
3568	(4) A court order establishing a limited conservatorship must state the specific property
3569	placed under the control of the conservator and the powers granted to the conservator.
3570	(5) The court, as part of an order establishing a conservatorship, shall identify any
3571	person that subsequently is entitled to:
3572	(a) notice of the rights of the individual subject to conservatorship under Subsection
3573	<u>75-5c-412(2);</u>
3574	(b) notice of a sale of or surrender of a lease to the primary dwelling of the individual;
3575	(c) notice that the conservator has delegated a power that requires court approval under
3576	Section 75-5c-414 or substantially all powers of the conservator;
3577	(d) notice that the conservator will be unavailable to perform the conservator's duties
3578	for more than one month;
3579	(e) a copy of the conservator's plan under Section 75-5c-419 and the conservator's
3580	report under Section 75-5c-423;
3581	(f) access to court records relating to the conservatorship;
3582	(g) notice of a transaction involving a substantial conflict between the conservator's
3583	fiduciary duties and personal interests;
3584	(h) notice of the death or significant change in the condition of the individual;
3585	(i) notice that the court has limited or modified the powers of the conservator; and
3586	(j) notice of the removal of the conservator.
3587	(6) If an individual subject to conservatorship is an adult, the spouse and adult children
3588	of the adult subject to conservatorship are entitled under Subsection (5) to notice unless the
3589	court determines notice would be contrary to the preferences or prior directions of the adult
3590	subject to conservatorship or not in the best interest of the adult.
3591	(7) If an individual subject to conservatorship is a minor, each parent and adult sibling
3592	of the minor is entitled under Subsection (5) to notice unless the court determines notice would

3593	not be in the best interest of the minor.
3594	Section 86. Section 75-5c-412 is enacted to read:
3595	75-5c-412. Notice of order of appointment Rights.
3596	(1) A conservator appointed under Section 75-5c-411 shall give to the individual
3597	subject to conservatorship and to all other persons given notice under Section 75-5c-403 a copy
3598	of the order of appointment, together with notice of the right to request termination or
3599	modification. The order and notice must be given not later than 14 days after the appointment.
3600	(2) Not later than 30 days after appointment of a conservator under Section 75-5c-411,
3601	the court shall give to the individual subject to conservatorship, the conservator, and any other
3602	person entitled to notice under Subsection 75-5c-411(5) a statement of the rights of the
3603	individual subject to conservatorship and procedures to seek relief if the individual is denied
3604	those rights. The statement must be in plain language, in at least 16-point font, and to the
3605	extent feasible, in a language in which the individual subject to conservatorship is proficient.
3606	The statement must notify the individual subject to conservatorship of the right to:
3607	(a) seek termination or modification of the conservatorship, or removal of the
3608	conservator, and choose an attorney to represent the individual in these matters;
3609	(b) participate in decision making to the extent reasonably feasible;
3610	(c) receive a copy of the conservator's plan under Section 75-5c-419, the conservator's
3611	inventory under Section 75-5c-420, and the conservator's report under Section 75-5c-423; and
3612	(d) object to the conservator's inventory, plan, or report.
3613	(3) If a conservator is appointed for the reasons stated in Subsection 75-5c-401(2)(a)(ii)
3614	and the individual subject to conservatorship is missing, notice under this section to the
3615	individual is not required.
3616	Section 87. Section 75-5c-413 is enacted to read:
3617	75-5c-413. Emergency conservator.
3618	(1) On its own or on petition by a person interested in an individual's welfare after a
3619	petition has been filed under Section 75-5c-402, the court may appoint an emergency
3620	conservator for the individual if the court finds:
3621	(a) appointment of an emergency conservator is likely to prevent substantial and
3622	irreparable harm to the individual's property or financial interests;
3623	(b) no other person appears to have authority and willingness to act in the

3624	circumstances; and
3625	(c) there is reason to believe that a basis for appointment of a conservator under
3626	Section 75-5c-401 exists.
3627	(2) The duration of authority of an emergency conservator may not exceed 60 days and
3628	the emergency conservator may exercise only the powers specified in the order of appointment.
3629	The emergency conservator's authority may be extended once for not more than 60 days if the
3630	court finds that the conditions for appointment of an emergency conservator under Subsection
3631	(1) continue.
3632	(3) Immediately on filing of a petition for an emergency conservator, the court shall
3633	appoint an attorney to represent the respondent in the proceeding. Except as otherwise provided
3634	in Subsection (4), reasonable notice of the date, time, and place of a hearing on the petition
3635	must be given to the respondent, the respondent's attorney, and any other person the court
3636	determines.
3637	(4) The court may appoint an emergency conservator without notice to the respondent
3638	and any attorney for the respondent only if the court finds from an affidavit or testimony that
3639	the respondent's property or financial interests will be substantially and irreparably harmed
3640	before a hearing with notice on the appointment can be held. If the court appoints an
3641	emergency conservator without giving notice under Subsection (3), the court must give notice
3642	of the appointment not later than 48 hours after the appointment to:
3643	(a) the respondent;
3644	(b) the respondent's attorney; and
3645	(c) any other person the court determines.
3646	(5) Not later than reasonably possible after the appointment, the court shall hold a
3647	hearing on the appropriateness of the appointment.
3648	(6) Appointment of an emergency conservator under this section is not a determination
3649	that a basis exists for appointment of a conservator under Section 75-5c-401.
3650	(7) The court may remove an emergency conservator appointed under this section at
3651	any time. The emergency conservator shall make any report the court requires.
3652	Section 88. Section 75-5c-414 is enacted to read:
3653	75-5c-414. Powers of conservator requiring court approval.
3654	(1) Except as otherwise ordered by the court, a conservator must give notice to persons

3655	entitled to notice under Subsection 75-5c-403(4) and receive specific authorization by the court
3656	before the conservator may exercise with respect to the conservatorship the power to:
3657	(a) make a gift, except a gift of de minimis value;
3658	(b) sell, encumber an interest in, or surrender a lease to the primary dwelling of the
3659	individual subject to conservatorship;
3660	(c) convey, release, or disclaim a contingent or expectant interest in property, including
3661	marital property and any right of survivorship incident to joint tenancy or tenancy by the
3662	entireties;
3663	(d) exercise or release a power of appointment;
3664	(e) create a revocable or irrevocable trust of property of the conservatorship estate,
3665	whether or not the trust extends beyond the duration of the conservatorship, or revoke or
3666	amend a trust revocable by the individual subject to conservatorship;
3667	(f) exercise a right to elect an option or change a beneficiary under an insurance policy
3668	or annuity or surrender the policy or annuity for its cash value;
3669	(g) exercise a right to an elective share in the estate of a deceased spouse of the
3670	individual subject to conservatorship or renounce or disclaim a property interest;
3671	(h) grant a creditor priority for payment over creditors of the same or higher class if the
3672	creditor is providing property or services used to meet the basic living and care needs of the
3673	individual subject to conservatorship and preferential treatment otherwise would be
3674	impermissible under Subsection 75-5c-428(5); and
3675	(i) make, modify, amend, or revoke the will of the individual subject to
3676	conservatorship in compliance with the state's statute for executing a will under Chapter 2,
3677	Intestate Succession and Wills.
3678	(2) In approving a conservator's exercise of a power listed in Subsection (1), the court
3679	shall consider primarily the decision the individual subject to conservatorship would make if
3680	able, to the extent the decision can be ascertained.
3681	(3) To determine under Subsection (2) the decision the individual subject to
3682	conservatorship would make if able, the court shall consider the individual's prior or current
3683	directions, preferences, opinions, values, and actions, to the extent actually known or
3684	reasonably ascertainable by the conservator. The court also shall consider:
3685	(a) the financial needs of the individual subject to conservatorship and individuals who

3686	are in fact dependent on the individual subject to conservatorship for support, and the interests
3687	of creditors of the individual;
3688	(b) possible reduction of income, estate, inheritance, or other tax liabilities;
3689	(c) eligibility for governmental assistance;
3690	(d) the previous pattern of giving or level of support provided by the individual;
3691	(e) any existing estate plan or lack of estate plan of the individual;
3692	(f) the life expectancy of the individual and the probability the conservatorship will
3693	terminate before the individual's death; and
3694	(g) any other relevant factor.
3695	(4) A conservator may not revoke or amend a power of attorney for finances executed
3696	by the individual subject to conservatorship. If a power of attorney for finances is in effect, a
3697	decision of the agent takes precedence over that of the conservator, unless the court orders
3698	otherwise.
3699	Section 89. Section 75-5c-415 is enacted to read:
3700	75-5c-415. Petition for order after appointment.
3701	An individual subject to conservatorship or a person interested in the welfare of the
3702	individual may petition for an order:
3703	(1) requiring the conservator to furnish a bond or collateral or additional bond or
3704	collateral or allowing a reduction in a bond or collateral previously furnished;
3705	(2) requiring an accounting for the administration of the conservatorship estate;
3706	(3) directing distribution;
3707	(4) removing the conservator and appointing a temporary or successor conservator;
3708	(5) modifying the type of appointment or powers granted to the conservator, if the
3709	extent of protection or management previously granted is excessive or insufficient to meet the
3710	individual's needs, including because the individual's abilities or supports have changed;
3711	(6) rejecting or modifying the conservator's plan under Section 75-5c-419, the
3712	conservator's inventory under Section 75-5c-420, or the conservator's report under Section
3713	<u>75-5c-423; or</u>
3714	(7) granting other appropriate relief.
3715	Section 90. Section 75-5c-416 is enacted to read:
3716	75-5c-416. Bond Alternative asset-protection arrangement.

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(1) Except as otherwise provided in Subsection (3), the court shall require a conservator to furnish a bond with a surety the court specifies, or require an alternative asset-protection arrangement, conditioned on faithful discharge of all duties of the conservator. The court may waive the requirement only if the court finds that a bond or other asset-protection arrangement is not necessary to protect the interests of the individual subject to conservatorship. Except as otherwise provided in Subsection (3), the court may not waive the requirement if the conservator is in the business of serving as a conservator and is being paid for the conservator's service. (2) Unless the court directs otherwise, the bond required under this section must be in the amount of the aggregate capital value of the conservatorship estate, plus one year's estimated income, less the value of property deposited under an arrangement requiring a court order for its removal and real property the conservator lacks power to sell or convey without specific court authorization. The court, in place of surety on a bond, may accept collateral for the performance of the bond, including a pledge of securities or a mortgage of real property. (3) A regulated financial-service institution qualified to do trust business in this state is not required to give a bond under this section. Section 91. Section **75-5c-417** is enacted to read: 75-5c-417. Terms and requirements of bond. (1) The following rules apply to the bond required under Section 75-5c-416: (a) Except as otherwise provided by the bond, the surety and the conservator are jointly and severally liable. (b) By executing a bond provided by a conservator, the surety submits to the personal jurisdiction of the court that issued letters of office to the conservator in a proceeding relating to the duties of the conservator in which the surety is named as a party. Notice of the proceeding must be given to the surety at the address shown in the records of the court in which the bond is filed and any other address of the surety then known to the person required to provide the notice. (c) On petition of a successor conservator or person affected by a breach of the obligation of the bond, a proceeding may be brought against the surety for breach of the obligation of the bond. (d) A proceeding against the bond may be brought until liability under the bond is

3748 exhausted. 3749 (2) A proceeding may not be brought under this section against a surety of a bond on a 3750 matter as to which a proceeding against the conservator is barred. 3751 (3) If a bond under Section 75-5c-416 is not renewed by the conservator, the surety or 3752 sureties immediately shall give notice to the court and the individual subject to 3753 conservatorship. 3754 Section 92. Section **75-5c-418** is enacted to read: 3755 75-5c-418. Duties of conservator. 3756 (1) A conservator is a fiduciary and has duties of prudence and loyalty to the individual 3757 subject to conservatorship. 3758 (2) A conservator shall promote the self-determination of the individual subject to conservatorship and, to the extent feasible, encourage the individual to participate in decisions, 3759 3760 act on the individual's own behalf, and develop or regain the capacity to manage the 3761 individual's personal affairs. 3762 (3) In making a decision for an individual subject to conservatorship, the conservator shall make the decision the conservator reasonably believes the individual would make if able, 3763 unless doing so would fail to preserve the resources needed to maintain the individual's 3764 3765 well-being and lifestyle or otherwise unreasonably harm or endanger the welfare or personal or 3766 financial interests of the individual. To determine the decision the individual would make if able, the conservator shall consider the individual's prior or current directions, preferences, 3767 3768 opinions, values, and actions, to the extent actually known or reasonably ascertainable by the

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conservator.

- (4) If a conservator cannot make a decision under Subsection (3) because the conservator does not know and cannot reasonably determine the decision the individual subject to conservatorship probably would make if able, or the conservator reasonably believes the decision the individual would make would fail to preserve resources needed to maintain the individual's well-being and lifestyle or otherwise unreasonably harm or endanger the welfare or personal or financial interests of the individual, the conservator shall act in accordance with the best interest of the individual. In determining the best interest of the individual, the conservator shall consider:
 - (a) information received from professionals and persons that demonstrate sufficient

3779	interest in the welfare of the individual;
3780	(b) other information the conservator believes the individual would have considered if
3781	the individual were able to act; and
3782	(c) other factors a reasonable person in the circumstances of the individual would
3783	consider, including consequences for others.
3784	(5) Except when inconsistent with the conservator's duties under Subsections (1)
3785	through (4), a conservator shall invest and manage the conservatorship estate as a prudent
3786	investor would, by considering:
3787	(a) the circumstances of the individual subject to conservatorship and the
3788	conservatorship estate;
3789	(b) general economic conditions;
3790	(c) the possible effect of inflation or deflation;
3791	(d) the expected tax consequences of an investment decision or strategy;
3792	(e) the role of each investment or course of action in relation to the conservatorship
3793	estate as a whole;
3794	(f) the expected total return from income and appreciation of capital;
3795	(g) the need for liquidity, regularity of income, and preservation or appreciation of
3796	capital; and
3797	(h) the special relationship or value, if any, of specific property to the individual
3798	subject to conservatorship.
3799	(6) The propriety of a conservator's investment and management of the conservatorship
3800	estate is determined in light of the facts and circumstances existing when the conservator
3801	decides or acts and not by hindsight.
3802	(7) A conservator shall make a reasonable effort to verify facts relevant to the
3803	investment and management of the conservatorship estate.
3804	(8) A conservator that has special skills or expertise, or is named conservator in
3805	reliance on the conservator's representation of special skills or expertise, has a duty to use the
3806	special skills or expertise in carrying out the conservator's duties.
3807	(9) In investing, selecting specific property for distribution, and invoking a power of
3808	revocation or withdrawal for the use or benefit of the individual subject to conservatorship, a
3809	conservator shall consider any estate plan of the individual known or reasonably ascertainable

3810	to the conservator and may examine the will or other donative, nominative, or appointive
3811	instrument of the individual.
3812	(10) A conservator shall maintain insurance on the insurable real and personal property
3813	of the individual subject to conservatorship, unless the conservatorship estate lacks sufficient
3814	funds to pay for insurance or the court finds:
3815	(a) the property lacks sufficient equity; or
3816	(b) insuring the property would unreasonably dissipate the conservatorship estate or
3817	otherwise not be in the best interest of the individual.
3818	(11) If a power of attorney for finances is in effect, a conservator shall cooperate with
3819	the agent to the extent feasible.
3820	(12) A conservator has access to and authority over a digital asset of the individual
3821	subject to conservatorship to the extent provided by Chapter 11, Uniform Fiduciary Access to
3822	Digital Assets Act, or court order.
3823	(13) A conservator for an adult shall notify the court if the condition of the adult has
3824	changed so that the adult is capable of exercising rights previously removed. The notice must
3825	be given immediately on learning of the change.
3826	Section 93. Section 75-5c-419 is enacted to read:
3827	75-5c-419. Conservator's plan.
3828	(1) A conservator, not later than 60 days after appointment and when there is a
3829	significant change in circumstances or the conservator seeks to deviate significantly from the
3830	conservator's plan, shall file with the court a plan for protecting, managing, expending, and
3831	distributing the assets of the conservatorship estate. The plan must be based on the needs of the
3832	individual subject to conservatorship and take into account the best interest of the individual as
3833	well as the individual's preferences, values, and prior directions, to the extent known to or
3834	reasonably ascertainable by the conservator. The conservator shall include in the plan:
3835	(a) a budget containing projected expenses and resources, including an estimate of the
3836	total amount of fees the conservator anticipates charging per year and a statement or list of the
3837	amount the conservator proposes to charge for each service the conservator anticipates
3838	providing to the individual;
3839	(b) how the conservator will involve the individual in decisions about management of
3840	the conservatorship estate;

3841	(c) any step the conservator plans to take to develop or restore the ability of the
3842	individual to manage the conservatorship estate; and
3843	(d) an estimate of the duration of the conservatorship.
3844	(2) A conservator shall give notice of the filing of the conservator's plan under
3845	Subsection (1), together with a copy of the plan, to the individual subject to conservatorship, a
3846	person entitled to notice under Subsection 75-5c-411(5) or a subsequent order, and any other
3847	person the court determines. The notice must include a statement of the right to object to the
3848	plan and be given not later than 14 days after the filing.
3849	(3) An individual subject to conservatorship and any person entitled under Subsection
3850	(2) to receive notice and a copy of the conservator's plan may object to the plan.
3851	(4) The court shall review the conservator's plan filed under Subsection (1) and
3852	determine whether to approve the plan or require a new plan. In deciding whether to approve
3853	the plan, the court shall consider an objection under Subsection (3) and whether the plan is
3854	consistent with the conservator's duties and powers. The court may not approve the plan until
3855	30 days after its filing.
3856	(5) After a conservator's plan under this section is approved by the court, the
3857	conservator shall provide a copy of the plan to the individual subject to conservatorship, a
3858	person entitled to notice under Subsection 75-5c-411(5) or a subsequent order, and any other
3859	person the court determines.
3860	Section 94. Section 75-5c-420 is enacted to read:
3861	75-5c-420. Inventory Records.
3862	(1) Not later than 60 days after appointment, a conservator shall prepare and file with
3863	the appointing court a detailed inventory of the conservatorship estate, together with an oath or
3864	affirmation that the inventory is believed to be complete and accurate as far as information
3865	permits.
3866	(2) A conservator shall give notice of the filing of an inventory to the individual
3867	subject to conservatorship, a person entitled to notice under Subsection 75-5c-411(5) or a
3868	subsequent order, and any other person the court determines. The notice must be given not later
3869	than 14 days after the filing.
3870	(3) A conservator shall keep records of the administration of the conservatorship estate
3871	and make them available for examination on reasonable request of the individual subject to

3872	conservatorship, a guardian for the individual, or any other person the conservator or the court
3873	<u>determines.</u>
3874	Section 95. Section 75-5c-421 is enacted to read:
3875	75-5c-421. Administrative powers of conservator not requiring court approval.
3876	(1) Except as otherwise provided in Section 75-5c-414 or qualified or limited in the
3877	court's order of appointment and stated in the letters of office, a conservator has all powers
3878	granted in this section and any additional power granted to a trustee by law of this state other
3879	than this chapter.
3880	(2) A conservator, acting reasonably and consistent with the fiduciary duties of the
3881	conservator to accomplish the purpose of the conservatorship, without specific court
3882	authorization or confirmation, may with respect to the conservatorship estate:
3883	(a) collect, hold, and retain property, including property in which the conservator has a
3884	personal interest and real property in another state, until the conservator determines disposition
3885	of the property should be made;
3886	(b) receive additions to the conservatorship estate;
3887	(c) continue or participate in the operation of a business or other enterprise;
3888	(d) acquire an undivided interest in property in which the conservator, in a fiduciary
3889	capacity, holds an undivided interest;
3890	(e) invest assets;
3891	(f) deposit funds or other property in a financial institution, including one operated by
3892	the conservator;
3893	(g) acquire or dispose of property, including real property in another state, for cash or
3894	on credit, at public or private sale, and manage, develop, improve, exchange, partition, change
3895	the character of, or abandon property;
3896	(h) make ordinary or extraordinary repairs or alterations in a building or other structure
3897	demolish any improvement, or raze an existing or erect a new party wall or building;
3898	(i) subdivide or develop land, dedicate land to public use, make or obtain the vacation
3899	of a plat and adjust a boundary, adjust a difference in valuation of land, exchange or partition
3900	land by giving or receiving consideration, and dedicate an easement to public use without
3901	consideration;
3902	(j) enter for any purpose into a lease of property as lessor or lessee, with or without an

3903	option to purchase or renew, for a term within or extending beyond the term of the
3904	conservatorship;
3905	(k) enter into a lease or arrangement for exploration and removal of minerals or other
3906	natural resources or a pooling or unitization agreement;
3907	(1) grant an option involving disposition of property or accept or exercise an option for
3908	the acquisition of property;
3909	(m) vote a security, in person or by general or limited proxy;
3910	(n) pay a call, assessment, or other sum chargeable or accruing against or on account of
3911	a security;
3912	(o) sell or exercise a stock subscription or conversion right;
3913	(p) consent, directly or through a committee or agent, to the reorganization,
3914	consolidation, merger, dissolution, or liquidation of a corporation or other business enterprise;
3915	(q) hold a security in the name of a nominee or in other form without disclosure of the
3916	conservatorship so that title to the security may pass by delivery;
3917	(r) insure:
3918	(i) the conservatorship estate, in whole or in part, against damage or loss in accordance
3919	with Subsection 75-5c-418(10); and
3920	(ii) the conservator against liability with respect to a third person;
3921	(s) borrow funds, with or without security, to be repaid from the conservatorship estate
3922	or otherwise;
3923	(t) advance funds for the protection of the conservatorship estate or the individual
3924	subject to conservatorship and all expenses, losses, and liability sustained in the administration
3925	of the conservatorship estate or because of holding any property for which the conservator has
3926	a lien on the conservatorship estate;
3927	(u) pay or contest a claim, settle a claim by or against the conservatorship estate or the
3928	individual subject to conservatorship by compromise, arbitration, or otherwise, or release, in
3929	whole or in part, a claim belonging to the conservatorship estate to the extent the claim is
3930	uncollectible;
3931	(v) pay a tax, assessment, compensation of the conservator or any guardian, and other
3932	expense incurred in the collection, care, administration, and protection of the conservatorship
3933	estate;

3934	(w) pay a sum distributable to the individual subject to conservatorship or an individual
3935	who is in fact dependent on the individual subject to conservatorship by paying the sum to the
3936	distributee or for the use of the distributee:
3937	(i) to the guardian for the distributee;
3938	(ii) to the custodian of the distributee under Chapter 5a, Uniform Transfers to Minors
3939	Act, or custodial trustee; or
3940	(iii) if there is no guardian, custodian, or custodial trustee, to a relative or other person
3941	having physical custody of the distributee;
3942	(x) bring or defend an action, claim, or proceeding in any jurisdiction for the protection
3943	of the conservatorship estate or the conservator in the performance of the conservator's duties;
3944	(y) structure the finances of the individual subject to conservatorship to establish
3945	eligibility for a public benefit, including by making gifts consistent with the individual's
3946	preferences, values, and prior directions, if the conservator's action does not jeopardize the
3947	individual's welfare and otherwise is consistent with the conservator's duties; and
3948	(z) execute and deliver any instrument that will accomplish or facilitate the exercise of
3949	a power of the conservator.
3950	Section 96. Section 75-5c-422 is enacted to read:
3951	75-5c-422. Distribution from conservatorship estate.
3952	Except as otherwise provided in Section 75-5c-414 or qualified or limited in the court's
3953	order of appointment and stated in the letters of office, and unless contrary to a conservator's
3954	plan under Section 75-5c-419, the conservator may expend or distribute income or principal of
3955	the conservatorship estate without specific court authorization or confirmation for the support,
3956	care, education, health, or welfare of the individual subject to conservatorship or an individual
3957	who is in fact dependent on the individual subject to conservatorship, including the payment of
3958	child or spousal support, in accordance with the following rules:
3959	(1) The conservator shall consider a recommendation relating to the appropriate
3960	standard of support, care, education, health, or welfare for the individual subject to
3961	conservatorship or individual who is dependent on the individual subject to conservatorship,
3962	made by a guardian for the individual subject to conservatorship, if any, and, if the individual
3963	subject to conservatorship is a minor, a recommendation made by a parent of the minor.
3964	(2) The conservator acting in compliance with the conservator's duties under Section

3965	75-5c-418 is not liable for an expenditure or distribution made based on a recommendation
3966	under Subsection (1) unless the conservator knows the expenditure or distribution is not in the
3967	best interest of the individual subject to conservatorship.
3968	(3) In making an expenditure or distribution under this section, the conservator shall
3969	consider:
3970	(a) the size of the conservatorship estate, the estimated duration of the conservatorship
3971	and the likelihood the individual subject to conservatorship, at some future time, may be fully
3972	self-sufficient and able to manage the individual's financial affairs and the conservatorship
3973	estate;
3974	(b) the accustomed standard of living of the individual subject to conservatorship and
3975	individual who is dependent on the individual subject to conservatorship;
3976	(c) other funds or sources used for the support of the individual subject to
3977	conservatorship; and
3978	(d) the preferences, values, and prior directions of the individual subject to
3979	conservatorship.
3980	(4) Funds expended or distributed under this section may be paid by the conservator to
3981	any person, including the individual subject to conservatorship, as reimbursement for
3982	expenditures the conservator might have made, or in advance for services to be provided to the
3983	individual subject to conservatorship or individual who is dependent on the individual subject
3984	to conservatorship if it is reasonable to expect the services will be performed and advance
3985	payment is customary or reasonably necessary under the circumstances.
3986	Section 97. Section 75-5c-423 is enacted to read:
3987	75-5c-423. Conservator's report and accounting Monitoring.
3988	(1) A conservator shall file with the court a report in a record regarding the
3989	administration of the conservatorship estate annually unless the court otherwise directs, on
3990	resignation or removal, on termination of the conservatorship, and at any other time the court
3991	directs.
3992	(2) A report under Subsection (1) must state or contain:
3993	(a) an accounting that lists property included in the conservatorship estate and the
3994	receipts, disbursements, liabilities, and distributions during the period for which the report is
3995	made;

3996	(b) a list of the services provided to the individual subject to conservatorship;
3997	(c) a copy of the conservator's most recently approved plan and a statement whether the
3998	conservator has deviated from the plan and, if so, how the conservator has deviated and why;
3999	(d) a recommendation as to the need for continued conservatorship and any
4000	recommended change in the scope of the conservatorship;
4001	(e) to the extent feasible, a copy of the most recent reasonably available financial
4002	statements evidencing the status of bank accounts, investment accounts, and mortgages or other
4003	debts of the individual subject to conservatorship with all but the last four digits of the account
4004	numbers and social security number redacted;
4005	(f) anything of more than de minimis value which the conservator, any individual who
4006	resides with the conservator, or the spouse, parent, child, or sibling of the conservator has
4007	received from a person providing goods or services to the individual subject to
4008	conservatorship;
4009	(g) any business relation the conservator has with a person the conservator has paid or
4010	that has benefitted from the property of the individual subject to conservatorship; and
4011	(h) whether any coconservator or successor conservator appointed to serve when a
4012	designated event occurs is alive and able to serve.
4013	(3) The court may appoint a visitor to review a report under this section or
4014	conservator's plan under Section 75-5c-419, interview the individual subject to conservatorship
4015	or conservator, or investigate any other matter involving the conservatorship. In connection
4016	with the report, the court may order the conservator to submit the conservatorship estate to
4017	appropriate examination in a manner the court directs.
4018	(4) Notice of the filing under this section of a conservator's report, together with a copy
4019	of the report, must be provided to the individual subject to conservatorship, a person entitled to
4020	notice under Subsection 75-5c-411(5) or a subsequent order, and other persons the court
4021	determines. The notice and report must be given not later than 14 days after filing.
4022	(5) The court shall establish procedures for monitoring a report submitted under this
4023	section and review each report at least annually to determine whether:
4024	(a) the reports provide sufficient information to establish the conservator has complied
4025	with the conservator's duties;
4026	(b) the conservatorship should continue; and

4027	(c) the conservator's requested fees, if any, should be approved.
4028	(6) If the court determines there is reason to believe a conservator has not complied
4029	with the conservator's duties or the conservatorship should not continue, the court:
4030	(a) shall notify the individual subject to conservatorship, the conservator, and any other
4031	person entitled to notice under Subsection 75-5c-411(5) or a subsequent order;
4032	(b) may require additional information from the conservator;
4033	(c) may appoint a visitor to interview the individual subject to conservatorship or
4034	conservator or investigate any matter involving the conservatorship; and
4035	(d) consistent with Sections 75-5c-430 and 75-5c-431, may hold a hearing to consider
4036	removal of the conservator, termination of the conservatorship, or a change in the powers
4037	granted to the conservator or terms of the conservatorship.
4038	(7) If the court has reason to believe fees requested by a conservator are not reasonable,
4039	the court shall hold a hearing to determine whether to adjust the requested fees.
4040	(8) A conservator may petition the court for approval of a report filed under this
4041	section. The court after review may approve the report. If the court approves the report, there is
4042	a rebuttable presumption the report is accurate as to a matter adequately disclosed in the report.
4043	(9) An order, after notice and hearing, approving an interim report of a conservator
4044	filed under this section adjudicates liabilities concerning a matter adequately disclosed in the
4045	report, as to a person given notice of the report or accounting.
4046	(10) An order, after notice and hearing, approving a final report filed under this section
4047	discharges the conservator from all liabilities, claims, and causes of action by a person given
4048	notice of the report and the hearing as to a matter adequately disclosed in the report.
4049	Section 98. Section 75-5c-424 is enacted to read:
4050	75-5c-424. Attempted transfer of property by individual subject to
4051	conservatorship.
4052	(1) The interest of an individual subject to conservatorship in property included in the
4053	conservatorship estate is not transferrable or assignable by the individual and is not subject to
4054	levy, garnishment, or similar process for claims against the individual unless allowed under
4055	Section 75-5c-428.
4056	(2) If an individual subject to conservatorship enters into a contract after having the
4057	right to enter the contract removed by the court, the contract is void against the individual and

the individual's property but is enforceable against the person that contracted with the individual.

(3) A person other than the conservator that deals with an individual subject to conservatorship with respect to property included in the conservatorship estate is entitled to protection provided by law of this state other than this chapter.

Section 99. Section **75-5c-425** is enacted to read:

<u>75-5c-425.</u> Transaction involving conflict of interest.

A transaction involving a conservatorship estate which is affected by a substantial conflict between the conservator's fiduciary duties and personal interests is voidable unless the transaction is authorized by court order after notice to persons entitled to notice under Subsection 75-5c-411(5) or a subsequent order. A transaction affected by a substantial conflict includes a sale, encumbrance, or other transaction involving the conservatorship estate entered into by the conservator, an individual with whom the conservator resides, the spouse, descendant, sibling, agent, or attorney of the conservator, or a corporation or other enterprise in which the conservator has a substantial beneficial interest.

Section 100. Section **75-5c-426** is enacted to read:

75-5c-426. Protection of person dealing with conservator.

- (1) A person that assists or deals with a conservator in good faith and for value in any transaction, other than a transaction requiring a court order under Section 75-5c-414, is protected as though the conservator properly exercised any power in question. Knowledge by a person that the person is dealing with a conservator alone does not require the person to inquire into the existence of authority of the conservator or the propriety of the conservator's exercise of authority, but restrictions on authority stated in letters of office, or otherwise provided by law, are effective as to the person. A person that pays or delivers property to a conservator is not responsible for proper application of the property.
- (2) Protection under Subsection (1) extends to a procedural irregularity or jurisdictional defect in the proceeding leading to the issuance of letters of office and does not substitute for protection for a person that assists or deals with a conservator provided by comparable provisions in law of this state other than this chapter relating to a commercial transaction or simplifying a transfer of securities by a fiduciary.

Section 101. Section **75-5c-427** is enacted to read:

4089 <u>75-5c-427.</u> Death of individual subject to conservatorship.

(1) If an individual subject to conservatorship dies, the conservator shall deliver to the court for safekeeping any will of the individual in the conservator's possession and inform the personal representative named in the will if feasible, or if not feasible, a beneficiary named in the will, of the delivery.

- (2) If 40 days after the death of an individual subject to conservatorship no personal representative has been appointed and no application or petition for appointment is before the court, the conservator may apply to exercise the powers and duties of a personal representative to administer and distribute the decedent's estate. The conservator shall give notice to a person nominated as personal representative by a will of the decedent of which the conservator is aware and to beneficiaries. The court may grant the application if there is no objection and endorse the letters of office to note that the individual formerly subject to conservatorship is deceased and the conservator has acquired the powers and duties of a personal representative.
- (3) Issuance of an order under this section has the effect of an order of appointment of a personal representative under Section 75-3-308 and Chapter 3, Parts 6 through 10.
- (4) On the death of an individual subject to conservatorship, the conservator shall conclude the administration of the conservatorship estate as provided in Section 75-5c-431.

Section 102. Section **75-5c-428** is enacted to read:

75-5c-428. Presentation and allowance of claim.

- (1) A conservator may pay, or secure by encumbering property included in the conservatorship estate, a claim against the conservatorship estate or the individual subject to conservatorship arising before or during the conservatorship, on presentation and allowance in accordance with the priorities under Subsection (4). A claimant may present a claim by:
- (a) sending or delivering to the conservator a statement in a record of the claim, indicating its basis, the name and address of the claimant, and the amount claimed; or
- (b) filing the claim with the court, in a form acceptable to the court, and sending or delivering a copy of the claim to the conservator.
- (2) A claim under Subsection (1) is presented on receipt by the conservator of the statement of the claim or the filing with the court of the claim, whichever first occurs. A presented claim is allowed if it is not disallowed in whole or in part by the conservator in a record sent or delivered to the claimant not later than 60 days after its presentation. Before

payment, the conservator may change an allowance of the claim to a disallowance in whole or
in part, but not after allowance under a court order or order directing payment of the claim.
Presentation of a claim tolls until 30 days after disallowance of the claim the running of a
statute of limitations that has not expired relating to the claim.
(3) A claimant whose claim under Subsection (1) has not been paid may petition the
court to determine the claim at any time before it is barred by a statute of limitations, and the
court may order its allowance, payment, or security by encumbering property included in the
conservatorship estate. If a proceeding is pending against the individual subject to
conservatorship at the time of appointment of the conservator or is initiated thereafter, the
moving party shall give the conservator notice of the proceeding if it could result in creating a
claim against the conservatorship estate.
(4) If a conservatorship estate is likely to be exhausted before all existing claims are
paid, the conservator shall distribute the estate in money or in kind in payment of claims in the
following order:
(a) costs and expenses of administration;
(b) a claim of the federal or state government having priority under law other than this
chapter;
(c) a claim incurred by the conservator for support, care, education, health, or welfare
previously provided to the individual subject to conservatorship or an individual who is in fact
dependent on the individual subject to conservatorship;
(d) a claim arising before the conservatorship; and
(e) all other claims.
(5) Preference may not be given in the payment of a claim under Subsection (4) over
another claim of the same class. A claim due and payable may not be preferred over a claim not
due unless:
(a) doing so would leave the conservatorship estate without sufficient funds to pay the
basic living and health care expenses of the individual subject to conservatorship; and
(b) the court authorizes the preference under Subsection 75-5c-414(1)(h).
(6) If assets of a conservatorship estate are adequate to meet all existing claims, the
court, acting in the best interest of the individual subject to conservatorship, may order the

conservator to grant a security interest in the conservatorship estate for payment of a claim at a

4151	<u>future date.</u>
4152	Section 103. Section 75-5c-429 is enacted to read:
4153	75-5c-429. Personal liability of conservator.
4154	(1) Except as otherwise agreed by a conservator, the conservator is not personally
4155	liable on a contract properly entered into in a fiduciary capacity in the course of administration
4156	of the conservatorship estate unless the conservator fails to reveal the conservator's
4157	representative capacity in the contract or before entering into the contract.
4158	(2) A conservator is personally liable for an obligation arising from control of property
4159	of the conservatorship estate or an act or omission occurring in the course of administration of
4160	the conservatorship estate only if the conservator is personally at fault.
4161	(3) A claim based on a contract entered into by a conservator in a fiduciary capacity, an
4162	obligation arising from control of property included in the conservatorship estate, or a tort
4163	committed in the course of administration of the conservatorship estate may be asserted against
4164	the conservatorship estate in a proceeding against the conservator in a fiduciary capacity,
4165	whether or not the conservator is personally liable for the claim.
4166	(4) A question of liability between a conservatorship estate and the conservator
4167	personally may be determined in a proceeding for accounting, surcharge, or indemnification or
4168	another appropriate proceeding or action.
4169	Section 104. Section 75-5c-430 is enacted to read:
4170	75-5c-430. Removal of conservator Appointment of successor.
4171	(1) The court may remove a conservator for failure to perform the conservator's duties
4172	or other good cause and appoint a successor conservator to assume the duties of the
4173	conservator.
4174	(2) The court shall hold a hearing to determine whether to remove a conservator and
4175	appoint a successor on:
4176	(a) petition of the individual subject to conservatorship, conservator, or person
4177	interested in the welfare of the individual which contains allegations that, if true, would support
4178	a reasonable belief that removal of the conservator and appointment of a successor may be
4179	appropriate, but the court may decline to hold a hearing if a petition based on the same or
4180	substantially similar facts was filed during the preceding six months;
4181	(b) communication from the individual subject to conservatorship, conservator, or

4182	person interested in the welfare of the individual which supports a reasonable belief that
4183	removal of the conservator and appointment of a successor may be appropriate; or
4184	(c) determination by the court that a hearing would be in the best interest of the
4185	individual subject to conservatorship.
4186	(3) Notice of a petition under Subsection (2)(a) must be given to the individual subject
4187	to conservatorship, the conservator, and any other person the court determines.
4188	(4) An individual subject to conservatorship who seeks to remove the conservator and
4189	have a successor appointed has the right to choose an attorney to represent the individual in this
4190	matter. The court shall award reasonable attorney fees to the attorney as provided in Section
4191	<u>75-5c-119.</u>
4192	(5) In selecting a successor conservator, the court shall follow the priorities under
4193	Section 75-5c-410.
4194	(6) Not later than 30 days after appointing a successor conservator, the court shall give
4195	notice of the appointment to the individual subject to conservatorship and any person entitled
4196	to notice under Subsection 75-5c-411(5) or a subsequent order.
4197	Section 105. Section 75-5c-431 is enacted to read:
4198	75-5c-431. Termination or modification of conservatorship.
4199	(1) A conservatorship for a minor terminates on the earliest of:
4200	(a) a court order terminating the conservatorship;
4201	(b) the minor becoming an adult or, if the minor consents or the court finds by clear
4202	and convincing evidence that substantial harm to the minor's interests is otherwise likely,
4203	attaining 21 years of age;
1204	(c) emancipation of the minor; or
4205	(d) death of the minor.
4206	(2) A conservatorship for an adult terminates on order of the court or when the adult
4207	dies.
4208	(3) An individual subject to conservatorship, the conservator, or a person interested in
1209	the welfare of the individual may petition for:
4210	(a) termination of the conservatorship on the ground that a basis for appointment under
4211	Section 75-5c-401 does not exist or termination would be in the best interest of the individual
4212	or for other good cause; or

4213	(b) modification of the conservatorship on the ground that the extent of protection or
4214	assistance granted is not appropriate or for other good cause.
4215	(4) The court shall hold a hearing to determine whether termination or modification of
4216	a conservatorship is appropriate on:
4217	(a) petition under Subsection (3) which contains allegations that, if true, would support
4218	a reasonable belief that termination or modification of the conservatorship may be appropriate,
4219	but the court may decline to hold a hearing if a petition based on the same or substantially
4220	similar facts was filed within the preceding six months;
4221	(b) a communication from the individual subject to conservatorship, conservator, or
4222	person interested in the welfare of the individual which supports a reasonable belief that
4223	termination or modification of the conservatorship may be appropriate, including because the
4224	functional needs of the individual or supports or services available to the individual have
4225	changed;
4226	(c) a report from a guardian or conservator which indicates that termination or
4227	modification may be appropriate because the functional needs or supports or services available
4228	to the individual have changed or a protective arrangement instead of conservatorship or other
4229	less restrictive alternative is available; or
4230	(d) a determination by the court that a hearing would be in the best interest of the
4231	individual.
4232	(5) Notice of a petition under Subsection (3) must be given to the individual subject to
4233	conservatorship, the conservator, and any such other person the court determines.
4234	(6) On presentation of prima facie evidence for termination of a conservatorship, the
4235	court shall order termination unless it is proven that a basis for appointment of a conservator
4236	under Section 75-5c-401 exists.
4237	(7) The court shall modify the powers granted to a conservator if the powers are
4238	excessive or inadequate due to a change in the abilities or limitations of the individual subject
4239	to conservatorship, the individual's supports, or other circumstances.
4240	(8) Unless the court otherwise orders for good cause, before terminating a
4241	conservatorship, the court shall follow the same procedures to safeguard the rights of the
4242	individual subject to conservatorship which apply to a petition for conservatorship.
4243	(9) An individual subject to conservatorship who seeks to terminate or modify the

terms of the conservatorship has the right to choose an attorney to represent the individual in
this matter. If the individual is not represented by an attorney, the court shall appoint an
attorney under the same conditions as in Section 75-5c-406. The court shall award reasonable
attorney fees to the attorney as provided in Section 75-5c-119.
(10) On termination of a conservatorship other than by reason of the death of the
individual subject to conservatorship, property of the conservatorship estate passes to the
individual. The order of termination must direct the conservator to file a final report and
petition for discharge on approval by the court of the final report.
(11) On termination of a conservatorship by reason of the death of the individual
subject to conservatorship, the conservator promptly shall file a final report and petition for
discharge on approval by the court of the final report. On approval of the final report, the
conservator shall proceed expeditiously to distribute the conservatorship estate to the
individual's estate or as otherwise ordered by the court. The conservator may take reasonable
measures necessary to preserve the conservatorship estate until distribution can be made.
(12) The court shall issue a final order of discharge on the approval by the court of the
final report and satisfaction by the conservator of any other condition the court imposed on the
conservator's discharge.
Section 106. Section 75-5c-432 is enacted to read:
75-5c-432. Transfer for benefit of minor without appointment of conservator.
(1) Unless a person required to transfer funds or other property to a minor knows that a
conservator for the minor has been appointed or a proceeding is pending for conservatorship,
the person may transfer an amount or value not exceeding \$15,000 in a 12-month period to:
(a) a person that has care or custody of the minor and with whom the minor resides;
(b) a guardian for the minor;
(c) a custodian under Chapter 5a, Uniform Transfers to Minors Act; or
(d) a financial institution as a deposit in an interest-bearing account or certificate solely
in the name of the minor and shall give notice to the minor of the deposit.
(2) A person that transfers funds or other property under this section is not responsible
for its proper application.
(3) A person that receives funds or other property for a minor under Subsection (1)(a)
or (b) may apply it only to the support, care, education, health, or welfare of the minor, and

1275	may not derive a personal financial benefit from it, except for reimbursement for necessary
4276	expenses. Funds not applied for these purposes must be preserved for the future support, care,
1277	education, health, or welfare of the minor, and the balance, if any, transferred to the minor
1278	when the minor becomes an adult or otherwise is emancipated.
1279	Section 107. Section 75-5c-501 is enacted to read:
4280	Part 5. Other Protective Arrangements
4281	75-5c-501. Authority for protective arrangement.
1282	(1) Under this part, a court:
4283	(a) on receiving a petition for a guardianship for an adult may order a protective
1284	arrangement instead of guardianship as a less restrictive alternative to guardianship; and
1285	(b) on receiving a petition for a conservatorship for an individual may order a
4286	protective arrangement instead of conservatorship as a less restrictive alternative to
4287	conservatorship.
4288	(2) A person interested in an adult's welfare, including the adult or a conservator for the
1289	adult, may petition under this part for a protective arrangement instead of guardianship.
4290	(3) The following persons may petition under this part for a protective arrangement
4291	instead of conservatorship:
1292	(a) the individual for whom the protective arrangement is sought;
1293	(b) a person interested in the property, financial affairs, or welfare of the individual,
1294	including a person that would be affected adversely by lack of effective management of
1295	property or financial affairs of the individual; and
1296	(c) the guardian for the individual.
1297	Section 108. Section 75-5c-502 is enacted to read:
1298	75-5c-502. Basis for protective arrangement instead of guardianship for adult.
1299	(1) After the hearing on a petition under Section 75-5c-302 for a guardianship or under
4300	Subsection 75-5c-501(2) for a protective arrangement instead of guardianship, the court may
4301	issue an order under Subsection (2) for a protective arrangement instead of guardianship if the
4302	court finds by clear and convincing evidence that:
4303	(a) the respondent lacks the ability to meet essential requirements for physical health,
4304	safety, or self-care because the respondent is unable to receive and evaluate information or
4305	make or communicate decisions, even with appropriate supportive services, technological

4306	assistance, or supported decision making; and
4307	(b) the respondent's identified needs cannot be met by a less restrictive alternative.
4308	(2) If the court makes the findings under Subsection (1), the court, instead of
4309	appointing a guardian, may:
4310	(a) authorize or direct a transaction necessary to meet the respondent's need for health,
4311	safety, or care, including:
4312	(i) a particular medical treatment or refusal of a particular medical treatment;
4313	(ii) a move to a specified place of dwelling; or
4314	(iii) visitation or supervised visitation between the respondent and another person;
4315	(b) restrict access to the respondent by a specified person whose access places the
4316	respondent at serious risk of physical, psychological, or financial harm; and
4317	(c) order other arrangements on a limited basis that are appropriate.
4318	(3) In deciding whether to issue an order under this section, the court shall consider the
4319	factors under Sections 75-5c-313 and 75-5c-314 which a guardian must consider when making
4320	a decision on behalf of an adult subject to guardianship.
4321	Section 109. Section 75-5c-503 is enacted to read:
4322	75-5c-503. Basis for protective arrangement instead of conservatorship for adult
4323	or minor.
4324	(1) After the hearing on a petition under Section 75-5c-402 for conservatorship for an
4325	adult or under Subsection 75-5c-501(3) for a protective arrangement instead of conservatorship
4326	for an adult, the court may issue an order under Subsection (3) for a protective arrangement
4327	instead of conservatorship for the adult if the court finds by clear and convincing evidence that:
4328	(a) the adult is unable to manage property or financial affairs because:
4329	(i) of a limitation in the ability to receive and evaluate information or make or
4330	communicate decisions, even with appropriate supportive services, technological assistance, or
4331	supported decision making; or
4332	(ii) the adult is missing, detained, or unable to return to the United States;
4333	(b) an order under Subsection (3) is necessary to:
4334	(i) avoid harm to the adult or significant dissipation of the property of the adult; or
4335	(ii) obtain or provide funds or other property needed for the support, care, education,
4336	health, or welfare of the adult or an individual entitled to the adult's support; and

4337	(c) the respondent's identified needs cannot be met by a less restrictive alternative.
4338	(2) After the hearing on a petition under Section 75-5c-402 for conservatorship for a
1339	minor or under Subsection 75-5c-501(3) for a protective arrangement instead of
4340	conservatorship for a minor, the court may issue an order under Subsection (3) for a protective
4341	arrangement instead of conservatorship for the respondent if the court finds by a preponderance
1342	of the evidence that the arrangement is in the minor's best interest, and:
4343	(a) if the minor has a parent, the court gives weight to any recommendation of the
1344	parent whether an arrangement is in the minor's best interest;
1345	(b) either:
4346	(i) the minor owns money or property requiring management or protection that
4347	otherwise cannot be provided;
4348	(ii) the minor has or may have financial affairs that may be put at unreasonable risk or
4349	hindered because of the minor's age; or
4350	(iii) the arrangement is necessary or desirable to obtain or provide funds or other
4351	property needed for the support, care, education, health, or welfare of the minor; and
4352	(c) the order under Subsection (3) is necessary or desirable to obtain or provide money
4353	needed for the support, care, education, health, or welfare of the minor.
4354	(3) If the court makes the findings under Subsection (1) or (2), the court, instead of
4355	appointing a conservator, may:
4356	(a) authorize or direct a transaction necessary to protect the financial interest or
4357	property of the respondent, including:
4358	(i) an action to establish eligibility for benefits;
4359	(ii) payment, delivery, deposit, or retention of funds or property;
4360	(iii) sale, mortgage, lease, or other transfer of property;
4361	(iv) purchase of an annuity;
4362	(v) entry into a contractual relationship, including a contract to provide for personal
4363	care, supportive services, education, training, or employment;
4364	(vi) addition to or establishment of a trust;
4365	(vii) ratification or invalidation of a contract, trust, will, or other transaction, including
4366	a transaction related to the property or business affairs of the respondent; or
4367	(viii) settlement of a claim; or

4368	(b) restrict access to the respondent's property by a specified person whose access to
4369	the property places the respondent at serious risk of financial harm.
4370	(4) After the hearing on a petition under Subsection 75-5c-501(1)(b) or (3), whether or
4371	not the court makes the findings under Subsection (1) or (2), the court may issue an order to
4372	restrict access to the respondent or the respondent's property by a specified person that the court
4373	finds by clear and convincing evidence:
4374	(a) through fraud, coercion, duress, or the use of deception and control caused or
4375	attempted to cause an action that would have resulted in financial harm to the respondent or the
4376	respondent's property; and
4377	(b) poses a serious risk of substantial financial harm to the respondent or the
4378	respondent's property.
4379	(5) Before issuing an order under Subsection (3) or (4), the court shall consider the
4380	factors under Section 75-5c-418 a conservator must consider when making a decision on behalf
4381	of an individual subject to conservatorship.
4382	(6) Before issuing an order under Subsection (3) or (4) for a respondent who is a
4383	minor, the court also shall consider the best interest of the minor, the preference of the parents
4384	of the minor, and the preference of the minor, if the minor is 12 years of age or older.
4385	Section 110. Section 75-5c-504 is enacted to read:
4386	75-5c-504. Petition for protective arrangement.
4387	A petition for a protective arrangement instead of guardianship or conservatorship must
4388	state the petitioner's name, principal residence, current street address, if different, relationship
4389	to the respondent, interest in the protective arrangement, the name and address of any attorney
4390	representing the petitioner, and, to the extent known, the following:
4391	(1) the respondent's name, age, principal residence, current street address, if different,
4392	and, if different, address of the dwelling in which it is proposed the respondent will reside if
4393	the petition is granted;
4394	(2) the name and address of the respondent's:
4395	(a) spouse or, if the respondent has none, an adult with whom the respondent has
4396	shared household responsibilities for more than six months in the 12-month period before the
4397	filing of the petition;
4398	(b) adult children or, if none, each parent and adult sibling of the respondent, or, if

4399	none, at least one adult nearest in kinship to the respondent who can be found with reasonable
4400	diligence; and
4401	(c) adult stepchildren whom the respondent actively parented during the stepchildren's
4402	minor years and with whom the respondent had an ongoing relationship in the two-year period
4403	immediately before the filing of the petition;
4404	(3) the name and current address of each of the following, if applicable:
4405	(a) a person responsible for the care or custody of the respondent;
4406	(b) any attorney currently representing the respondent;
4407	(c) the representative payee appointed by the Social Security Administration for the
4408	respondent;
4409	(d) a guardian or conservator acting for the respondent in this state or another
4410	jurisdiction;
4411	(e) a trustee or custodian of a trust or custodianship of which the respondent is a
4412	beneficiary;
4413	(f) the fiduciary appointed for the respondent by the United States Department of
4414	Veterans Affairs;
4415	(g) an agent designated under a power of attorney for health care in which the
4416	respondent is identified as the principal;
4417	(h) an agent designated under a power of attorney for finances in which the respondent
4418	is identified as the principal;
4419	(i) a person nominated as guardian or conservator by the respondent if the respondent
4420	is 12 years of age or older;
4421	(j) a person nominated as guardian by the respondent's parent or spouse in a will or
4422	other signed record;
4423	(k) a person known to have routinely assisted the respondent with decision making in
4424	the six-month period immediately before the filing of the petition; and
4425	(1) if the respondent is a minor:
4426	(i) an adult not otherwise listed with whom the respondent resides; and
4427	(ii) each person not otherwise listed that had primary care or custody of the respondent
4428	for at least 60 days during the two years immediately before the filing of the petition or for at
4429	least 730 days during the five years immediately before the filing of the netition:

4430	(4) the nature of the protective arrangement sought;
4431	(5) the reason the protective arrangement sought is necessary, including a brief
4432	description of:
4433	(a) the nature and extent of the respondent's alleged need;
4434	(b) any less restrictive alternative for meeting the respondent's alleged need which has
4435	been considered or implemented;
4436	(c) if no less restrictive alternative has been considered or implemented, the reason less
4437	restrictive alternatives have not been considered or implemented; and
4438	(d) the reason other less restrictive alternatives are insufficient to meet the respondent's
4439	alleged need;
4440	(6) the name and current address, if known, of any person with whom the petitioner
4441	seeks to limit the respondent's contact;
4442	(7) whether the respondent needs an interpreter, translator, or other form of support to
4443	communicate effectively with the court or understand court proceedings;
4444	(8) if a protective arrangement instead of guardianship is sought and the respondent has
4445	property other than personal effects, a general statement of the respondent's property with an
4446	estimate of its value, including any insurance or pension, and the source and amount of any
4447	other anticipated income or receipts; and
4448	(9) if a protective arrangement instead of conservatorship is sought, a general statement
4449	of the respondent's property with an estimate of its value, including any insurance or pension,
4450	and the source and amount of other anticipated income or receipts.
4451	Section 111. Section 75-5c-505 is enacted to read:
4452	75-5c-505. Notice and hearing.
4453	(1) On filing of a petition under Section 75-5c-501, the court shall set a date, time, and
4454	place for a hearing on the petition.
4455	(2) A copy of a petition under Section 75-5c-501 and notice of a hearing on the petition
4456	must be served personally on the respondent. The notice must inform the respondent of the
4457	respondent's rights at the hearing, including the right to an attorney and to attend the hearing.
4458	The notice must include a description of the nature, purpose, and consequences of granting the
4459	petition. The court may not grant the petition if notice substantially complying with this
4460	Subsection (2) is not served on the respondent.

(3) In a proceeding on a petition under Section 75-5c-501, the notice required under	
Subsection (2) must be given to the persons required to be listed in the petition under	
Subsections 75-5c-504(1) through (3) and any other person interested in the respondent's	
welfare the court determines. Failure to give notice under this Subsection (3) does not preclude the court determines.	<u>ude</u>
the court from granting the petition.	
(4) After the court has ordered a protective arrangement under this part, notice of a	
hearing on a petition filed under this chapter, together with a copy of the petition, must be	
given to the respondent and any other person the court determines.	
Section 112. Section 75-5c-506 is enacted to read:	
75-5c-506. Appointment and role of visitor.	
(1) On filing of a petition under Section 75-5c-501 for a protective arrangement inst	ead
of guardianship, the court shall appoint a visitor. The visitor must be an individual with	
training or experience in the type of abilities, limitations, and needs alleged in the petition.	
(2) On filing of a petition under Section 75-5c-501 for a protective arrangement inst	ead
of conservatorship for a minor, the court may appoint a visitor to investigate a matter related	<u>l to</u>
the petition or inform the minor or a parent of the minor about the petition or a related matter	<u>er.</u>
(3) On filing of a petition under Section 75-5c-501 for a protective arrangement inst	ead
of conservatorship for an adult, the court shall appoint a visitor unless the respondent is	
represented by an attorney appointed by the court. The visitor must be an individual with	
training or experience in the types of abilities, limitations, and needs alleged in the petition.	
(4) A visitor appointed under Subsection (1) or (3) shall interview the respondent in	Ĺ
person and in a manner the respondent is best able to understand:	
(a) explain to the respondent the substance of the petition, the nature, purpose, and	
effect of the proceeding, and the respondent's rights at the hearing on the petition;	
(b) determine the respondent's views with respect to the order sought;	
(c) inform the respondent of the respondent's right to employ and consult with an	
attorney at the respondent's expense and the right to request a court-appointed attorney;	
(d) inform the respondent that all costs and expenses of the proceeding, including	
respondent's attorney fees, may be paid from the respondent's assets;	
(e) if the petitioner seeks an order related to the dwelling of the respondent, visit the	<u>;</u>
respondent's present dwelling and any dwelling in which it is reasonably believed the	

4492	respondent will live if the order is granted;			
4493	(f) if a protective arrangement instead of guardianship is sought, obtain information			
4494	from any physician or other person known to have treated, advised, or assessed the respondent's			
4495	relevant physical or mental condition;			
4496	(g) if a protective arrangement instead of conservatorship is sought, review financial			
4497	records of the respondent, if relevant to the visitor's recommendation under Subsection (5)(c);			
4498	<u>and</u>			
4499	(h) investigate the allegations in the petition and any other matter relating to the			
4500	petition the court directs.			
4501	(5) A visitor under this section promptly shall file a report in a record with the court,			
4502	which must include:			
4503	(a) a recommendation whether an attorney should be appointed to represent the			
4504	respondent;			
4505	(b) to the extent relevant to the order sought, a summary of self-care,			
4506	independent-living tasks, and financial-management tasks the respondent:			
4507	(i) can manage without assistance or with existing supports;			
4508	(ii) could manage with the assistance of appropriate supportive services, technological			
4509	assistance, or supported decision making; and			
4510	(iii) cannot manage;			
4511	(c) a recommendation regarding the appropriateness of the protective arrangement			
4512	sought and whether a less restrictive alternative for meeting the respondent's needs is available;			
4513	(d) if the petition seeks to change the physical location of the dwelling of the			
4514	respondent, a statement whether the proposed dwelling meets the respondent's needs and			
4515	whether the respondent has expressed a preference as to the respondent's dwelling;			
4516	(e) a recommendation whether a professional evaluation under Section 75-5c-508 is			
4517	necessary;			
4518	(f) a statement whether the respondent is able to attend a hearing at the location court			
4519	proceedings typically are held;			
4520	(g) a statement whether the respondent is able to participate in a hearing and which			
4521	identifies any technology or other form of support that would enhance the respondent's ability			
4522	to participate; and			

4523	(h) any other matter the court directs.		
4524	Section 113. Section 75-5c-507 is enacted to read:		
4525	75-5c-507. Appointment and role of attorney.		
4526	(1) Unless the respondent in a proceeding under this part is represented by an attorney,		
4527	the court shall appoint an attorney to represent the respondent, regardless of the respondent's		
4528	ability to pay.		
4529	(2) An attorney representing the respondent in a proceeding under this part shall:		
4530	(a) make reasonable efforts to ascertain the respondent's wishes;		
4531	(b) advocate for the respondent's wishes to the extent reasonably ascertainable; and		
4532	(c) if the respondent's wishes are not reasonably ascertainable, advocate for the result		
4533	that is the least restrictive alternative in type, duration, and scope, consistent with the		
4534	respondent's interests.		
4535	(3) The court shall appoint an attorney to represent a parent of a minor who is the		
4536	subject of a proceeding under this part if:		
4537	(a) the parent objects to the entry of an order for a protective arrangement instead of		
4538	guardianship or conservatorship;		
4539	(b) the court determines that counsel is needed to ensure that consent to the entry of an		
4540	order for a protective arrangement is informed; or		
4541	(c) the court otherwise determines the parent needs representation.		
4542	Section 114. Section 75-5c-508 is enacted to read:		
4543	75-5c-508. Professional evaluation.		
4544	(1) At or before a hearing on a petition under this part for a protective arrangement, the		
4545	court shall order a professional evaluation of the respondent:		
4546	(a) if the respondent requests the evaluation; or		
4547	(b) or in other cases, unless the court finds that it has sufficient information to		
4548	determine the respondent's needs and abilities without the evaluation.		
4549	(2) If the court orders an evaluation under Subsection (1), the respondent must be		
4550	examined by a licensed physician, psychologist, social worker, or other individual appointed by		
4551	the court who is qualified to evaluate the respondent's alleged cognitive and functional abilities		
4552	and limitations and will not be advantaged or disadvantaged by a decision to grant the petition		
4553	or otherwise have a conflict of interest. The individual conducting the evaluation promptly		

4554	shall file a report in a record with the court. Unless otherwise directed by the court, the report		
4555	must contain:		
4556	(a) a description of the nature, type, and extent of the respondent's cognitive and		
4557	functional abilities and limitations;		
4558	(b) an evaluation of the respondent's mental and physical condition and, if appropriate,		
4559	educational potential, adaptive behavior, and social skills;		
4560	(c) a prognosis for improvement, including with regard to the ability to manage the		
4561	respondent's property and financial affairs if a limitation in that ability is alleged, and		
4562	recommendation for the appropriate treatment, support, or habilitation plan; and		
4563	(d) the date of the examination on which the report is based.		
4564	(3) The respondent may decline to participate in an evaluation ordered under		
4565	Subsection (1).		
4566	Section 115. Section 75-5c-509 is enacted to read:		
4567	75-5c-509. Attendance and rights at hearing.		
4568	(1) Except as otherwise provided in Subsection (2), a hearing under this part may not		
4569	proceed unless the respondent attends the hearing. If it is not reasonably feasible for the		
4570	respondent to attend a hearing at the location court proceedings typically are held, the court		
4571	shall make reasonable efforts to hold the hearing at an alternative location convenient to the		
4572	respondent or allow the respondent to attend the hearing using real-time audio-visual		
4573	technology.		
4574	(2) A hearing under this part may proceed without the respondent in attendance if the		
4575	court finds by clear and convincing evidence that:		
4576	(a) the respondent consistently and repeatedly has refused to attend the hearing after		
4577	$\underline{\text{having been fully informed of the right to attend and the potential consequences of failing to } \underline{\text{do}}$		
4578	<u>so;</u>		
4579	(b) there is no practicable way for the respondent to attend and participate in the		
4580	hearing even with appropriate supportive services and technological assistance; or		
4581	(c) the respondent is a minor who has received proper notice and attendance would be		
4582	harmful to the minor.		
4583	(3) The respondent may be assisted in a hearing under this part by a person or persons		
4584	of the respondent's choosing assistive technology or an interpreter or translator, or a		

4585	combination of these supports. If assistance would facilitate the respondent's participation in		
4586	the hearing, but is not otherwise available to the respondent, the court shall make reasonable		
4587	efforts to provide it.		
4588	(4) The respondent has a right to choose an attorney to represent the respondent at a		
4589	hearing under this part.		
4590	(5) At a hearing under this part, the respondent may:		
4591	(a) present evidence and subpoena witnesses and documents;		
4592	(b) examine witnesses, including any court-appointed evaluator and the visitor; and		
4593	(c) otherwise participate in the hearing.		
4594	(6) A hearing under this part must be closed on request of the respondent and a		
4595	showing of good cause.		
4596	(7) Any person may request to participate in a hearing under this part. The court may		
4597	grant the request, with or without a hearing, on determining that the best interest of the		
4598	respondent will be served. The court may impose appropriate conditions on the person's		
4599	participation.		
4600	Section 116. Section 75-5c-510 is enacted to read:		
4601	75-5c-510. Notice of order.		
4602	The court shall give notice of an order under this part to the individual who is subject to		
4603	the protective arrangement instead of guardianship or conservatorship, a person whose access		
4604	to the individual is restricted by the order, and any other person the court determines.		
4605	Section 117. Section 75-5c-511 is enacted to read:		
4606	75-5c-511. Confidentiality of records.		
4607	(1) The existence of a proceeding for or the existence of a protective arrangement		
4608	instead of guardianship or conservatorship is a matter of public record unless the court seals the		
4609	record after:		
4610	(a) the respondent, the individual subject to the protective arrangement, or the parent of		
4611	a minor subject to the protective arrangement requests the record be sealed; and		
4612	(b) either:		
4613	(i) the proceeding is dismissed;		
4614	(ii) the protective arrangement is no longer in effect; or		
4615	(iii) an act authorized by the order granting the protective arrangement has been		

4616	<u>completed.</u>		
4617	(2) A respondent, an individual subject to a protective arrangement instead of		
4618	guardianship or conservatorship, an attorney designated by the respondent or individual, a		
4619	parent of a minor subject to a protective arrangement, and any other person the court		
4620	determines are entitled to access court records of the proceeding and resulting protective		
4621	arrangement. A person not otherwise entitled to access to court records under this Subsection		
4622	(2) for good cause may petition the court for access. The court shall grant access if access is in		
4623	the best interest of the respondent or individual subject to the protective arrangement or		
4624	furthers the public interest and does not endanger the welfare or financial interests of the		
4625	respondent or individual.		
4626	(3) (a) A report of a visitor or professional evaluation generated in the course of a		
4627	proceeding under this part must be sealed on filing but is available to:		
4628	(i) the court;		
4629	(ii) the individual who is the subject of the report or evaluation, for purposes of the		
4630	proceeding;		
4631	(iii) the petitioner, visitor, and petitioner's and respondent's attorneys, for purposes of		
4632	the proceeding;		
4633	(iv) unless the court orders otherwise, an agent appointed under a power of attorney for		
4634	finances in which the respondent is the principal;		
4635	(v) if the order is for a protective arrangement instead of guardianship and unless the		
4636	court orders otherwise, an agent appointed under a power of attorney for health care in which		
4637	the respondent is identified as the principal; and		
4638	(vi) any other person if it is in the public interest or for a purpose the court orders for		
4639	good cause.		
4640	(b) A report described in Subsection (3)(a) is not subject to Title 63G, Chapter 2,		
4641	Government Records Access and Management Act.		
4642	Section 118. Section 75-5c-512 is enacted to read:		
4643	75-5c-512. Appointment of master.		
4644	The court may appoint a master to assist in implementing a protective arrangement		
4645	under this part. The master has the authority conferred by the order of appointment and serves		
4646	until discharged by court order.		

4647	Section 119. Section 75-5c-601 is enacted to read:		
4648	Part 6. Forms		
4649	<u>75-5c-601.</u> Use of forms.		
4650	Use of the forms contained in this part is optional. Failure to use these forms does not		
4651	prejudice any party.		
4652	Section 120. Section 75-5c-602 is enacted to read:		
4653	75-5c-602. Petition for guardianship for minor.		
4654	This form may be used to petition for guardianship for a minor.		
4655	Petition for Guardianship for Minor		
4656	State of:		
4657	[County] of:		
4658	Name and address of attorney representing Petitioner, if applicable:		
4659	Note to Petitioner: This form can be used to petition for a guardian for a minor. A court		
4660	may appoint a guardian for a minor who does not have a guardian if the court finds the		
4661	appointment is in the minor's best interest, and: (1) the parents, after being fully informed of		
4662	the nature and consequences of guardianship, consent; (2) all parental rights have been		
4663	terminated; or (3) the court finds by clear and convincing evidence that the parents are		
4664	unwilling or unable to exercise their parental rights.		
4665	1. Information about the person filing this petition (the "Petitioner").		
4666	a. Name:		
4667	b. Principal residence:		
4668	c. Current street address (if different):		
4669	d. Relationship to minor:		
4670	e. Interest in this petition:		
4671	<u>f. Telephone number (optional):</u>		
4672	g. Email address (optional):		
4673	2. Information about the minor alleged to need a guardian.		
4674	Provide the following information to the extent known.		
4675	a. Name:		
4676	b. Age:		
4677	c. Principal residence:		

4678	d. Current street address (if different):			
4679	e. If Petitioner anticipates the minor moving, or seeks to move the minor, proposed new			
4680	address:			
4681	f. Does the minor need an interpreter, translator, or other form of support to			
4682	communicate with the court or understand court proceedings? If so, please explain.			
4683	g. Telephone number (optional):			
4684	h. Email address (optional):			
4685	3. Information about the minor's parent(s).			
4686	a. Name(s) of living parent(s):			
4687	b. Current street address(es) of living parent(s):			
4688	c. Does any parent need an interpreter, translator, or other form of support to			
4689	communicate with the court or understand court proceedings? If so, please explain.			
4690	4. People who are required to be notified of this petition. State the name and current address of			
4691	the people listed in Appendix A.			
4692	5. Appointment requested. State the name and address of any proposed guardian and the reason			
4693	the proposed guardian should be selected.			
4694	6. State why Petitioner seeks the appointment. Include a description of the nature and extent of			
4695	the minor's alleged need.			
4696	7. Property. If the minor has property other than personal effects, state the minor's property			
4697	with an estimate of its value.			
4698	8. Other proceedings. If there are any other proceedings concerning the care or custody of the			
4699	minor currently pending in any court in this state or another jurisdiction, please describe them.			
4700	9. Attorney(s). If the minor or the minor's parent is represented by an attorney in this matter,			
4701	state the name, telephone number, email address, and address of the attorney(s).			
4702	SIGNATURE			
4703				
4704	Signature of Petitioner <u>Date</u>			
4705				
4706	Signature of Petitioner's Attorney if Date			
4707	Petitioner is Represented by Counsel			
4708	APPENDIX A:			

4709	People whose name and address must be listed in Section 4 of this petition if they are not the		
4710	Petitioner.		
4711	• The minor, if the minor is 12 years of age or older;		
4712	• Each parent of the minor or, if there are none, the adult nearest in kinship that can be found;		
4713	• An adult with whom the minor resides;		
4714	• Each person that had primary care or custody of the minor for at least 60 days during the two		
4715	years immediately before the filing of the petition or for at least 730 days during the five years		
4716	immediately before the filing of the petition;		
4717	• If the minor is 12 years of age or older, any person nominated as guardian by the minor;		
4718	• Any person nominated as guardian by a parent of the minor;		
4719	• The grandparents of the minor;		
4720	• Adult siblings of the minor; and		
4721	• Any current guardian or conservator for the minor appointed in this state or another		
4722	jurisdiction.		
4723	Section 121. Section 75-5c-603 is enacted to read:		
4724	75-5c-603. Petition for guardianship, conservatorship, or protective arrangement.		
4725	This form may be used to petition for:		
4726	(1) guardianship for an adult;		
4727	(2) conservatorship for an adult or minor;		
4728	(3) a protective arrangement instead of guardianship for an adult; or		
4729	(4) a protective arrangement instead of conservatorship for an adult or minor.		
4730	Petition for Guardianship, Conservatorship, or Protective Arrangement		
4731	State of:		
4732	[County] of:		
4733	Name and address of attorney representing Petitioner, if applicable:		
4734	Note to Petitioner: This form can be used to petition for a guardian, conservator, or		
4735	both, or for a protective arrangement instead of either a guardianship or conservatorship. This		
4736	form should not be used to petition for guardianship for a minor.		
4737	The court may appoint a guardian or order a protective arrangement instead of		
4738	guardianship for an adult if the adult lacks the ability to meet essential requirements for		
4739	physical health, safety, or self-care because (1) the adult is unable to receive and evaluate		

information or make or communicate decisions even with the use of supportive services, technological assistance, and supported decision making, and (2) the adult's identified needs cannot be met by a less restrictive alternative.

The court may appoint a conservator or order a protective arrangement instead of conservatorship for an adult if (1) the adult is unable to manage property and financial affairs because of a limitation in the ability to receive and evaluate information or make or communicate decisions even with the use of supportive services, technological assistance, and supported decision making or the adult is missing, detained, or unable to return to the United States, and (2) appointment is necessary to avoid harm to the adult or significant dissipation of the property of the adult, or to obtain or provide funds or other property needed for the support, care, education, health, or welfare of the adult, or of an individual who is entitled to the adult's support, and protection is necessary or desirable to provide funds or other property for that purpose.

The court may appoint a conservator or order a protective arrangement instead of conservatorship for a minor if (1) the minor owns funds or other property requiring management or protection that cannot otherwise be provided; or (2) it would be in the minor's best interest, and the minor has or may have financial affairs that may be put at unreasonable risk or hindered because of the minor's age, or appointment is necessary or desirable to provide funds or other property needed for the support, care, education, health, or welfare of the minor.

The court may also order a protective arrangement instead of conservatorship that restricts access to an individual or an individual's property by a person that the court finds: (1) through fraud, coercion, duress, or the use of deception and control, caused, or attempted to cause, an action that would have resulted in financial harm to the individual or the individual's property; and (2) poses a serious risk of substantial financial harm to the individual or the individual's property.

- 1. Information about the person filing this petition (the "Petitioner").
- 4766 a. Name:

- b. Principal residence:
- 4768 c. Current street address (if different):
- d. Relationship to Respondent:
- e. Interest in this petition:

4771	f. Telephone number (optional):
4772	g. Email address (optional):
4773	2. Information about the individual alleged to need protection (the "Respondent"). Provide the
4774	following information to the extent known.
4775	a. Name:
4776	b. Age:
4777	c. Principal residence:
4778	d. Current street address (if different):
4779	e. If Petitioner anticipates Respondent moving, or seeks to move Respondent, proposed
4780	new address:
4781	f. Does Respondent need an interpreter, translator, or other form of support to
4782	communicate with the court or understand court proceedings? If so, please explain.
4783	g. Telephone number (optional):
4784	h. Email address (optional):
4785	3. People who are required to be notified of this petition. State the name and address of the
4786	people listed in Appendix A.
4787	4. Existing agents. State the name and address of any person appointed as an agent under a
4788	power of attorney for finances or power of attorney for health care, or who has been appointed
4789	as the individual's representative for payment of benefits.
4790	5. Action requested. State whether Petitioner is seeking appointment of a guardian, a
4791	conservator, or a protective arrangement instead of an appointment.
4792	6. Order requested or appointment requested. If seeking a protective arrangement instead of a
4793	guardianship or conservatorship, state the transaction or other action you want the court to
4794	order. If seeking appointment of a guardian or conservator, state the powers Petitioner requests
4795	the court grant to a guardian or conservator.
4796	7. State why the appointment or protective arrangement sought is necessary. Include a
4797	description of the nature and extent of Respondent's alleged need.
4798	8. State all less restrictive alternatives to meeting Respondent's alleged needs that have been
4799	considered or implemented. Less restrictive alternatives could include supported decision
4800	making, technological assistance, or the appointment of an agent by Respondent including
4801	appointment under a power of attorney for health care or power of attorney for finances. If no

4802	alternative has been considered or implemented, state the reason why not.		
4803	9. Explain why less restrictive alternatives will not meet Respondent's alleged need.		
4804	10. Provide a general statement of Respondent's property and an estimate of its value. Include		
4805	any real property such as a house or land, insurance or pension, and the source and amount of		
4806	any other anticipated income or receipts. As part of this statement, indicate, if known, how the		
4807	property is titled (for example, is it jointly owned?).		
4808	11. For a petition seeking appointment of a conservator. (skip this section if not asking for		
4809	appointment of a conservator)		
4810	a. If seeking appointment of a conservator with all powers permissible under this state's		
4811	law, explain why appointment of a conservator with fewer powers (i.e., a "limited		
4812	conservatorship") or other protective arrangement instead of conservatorship will not meet the		
4813	individual's alleged needs.		
4814	b. If seeking a limited conservatorship, state the property Petitioner requests be placed		
4815	under the conservator's control and any proposed limitation on the conservator's powers and		
4816	duties.		
4817	c. State the name and address of any proposed conservator and the reason the proposed		
4818	conservator should be selected.		
4819	d. If Respondent is 12 years of age or older, state the name and address of any person		
4820	Respondent nominates as conservator.		
4821	e. If alleging a limitation in Respondent's ability to receive and evaluate information,		
4822	provide a brief description of the nature and extent of Respondent's alleged limitation.		
4823	f. If alleging that Respondent is missing, detained, or unable to return to the United		
4824	States, state the relevant circumstances, including the time and nature of the disappearance or		
4825	detention and a description of any search or inquiry concerning Respondent's whereabouts.		
4826	12. For a petition seeking appointment of a guardian. (skip this section if not asking for		
4827	appointment of a guardian)		
4828	a. If seeking appointment of a guardian with all powers permissible under this state's		
4829	law, explain why appointment of a guardian with fewer powers (i.e., a "limited guardianship")		
4830	or other protective arrangement instead of guardianship will not meet the individual's alleged		
4831	needs.		
4832	b. If seeking a limited guardianship, state the powers Petitioner requests be granted to		

4833	the guardian.		
4834	c. State the name and address of any proposed guardian and the reason the proposed		
4835	guardian should be selected.		
4836	d. State the name and address of any person nominated as guardian by Respondent, or,		
4837	in a will or other signed writing or other record, by Respondent's parent or spouse.		
4838	13. Attorney. If Petitioner, Respondent, or, if Respondent is a minor, Respondent's parent is		
4839	represented by an attorney in this matter, state the name, telephone number, email address, and		
4840	address of the attorney(s).		
4841	SIGNATU	<u>JRE</u>	
4842			
4843	Signature of Petitioner	<u>Date</u>	
4844			
4845	Signature of Petitioner's Attorney if	<u>Date</u>	
4846	Petitioner is Represented by Counsel		
4847	APPENDI	<u>X A:</u>	
4848	People whose name and address must be listed it	n Section 3 of this petition, if they are not the	
4849	Petitioner.		
4850	• Respondent's spouse, or if Respondent has none, any adult with whom Respondent has shared		
4851	household responsibilities in the past six months;		
4852	• Respondent's adult children, or, if Respondent has none, Respondent's parents and adult		
4853	siblings, or if Respondent has none, one or more adults nearest in kinship to Respondent who		
4854	can be found with reasonable diligence;		
4855	• Respondent's adult stepchildren whom Respondent actively parented during the stepchildren's		
4856	minor years and with whom Respondent had an ongoing relationship within two years of this		
4857	petition;		
4858	• Any person responsible for the care or custody of Respondent;		
4859	• Any attorney currently representing Respondent;		
4860	• Any representative payee for Respondent appointed by the Social Security Administration;		
4861	• Any current guardian or conservator for Respondent appointed in this state or another		
4862	jurisdiction;		
4863	• Any trustee or custodian of a trust or custodianship of which Respondent is a beneficiary;		

4864	 Any Veterans Administration fiduciary for Respondent;
4865	• Any person Respondent has designated as agent under a power of attorney for finances;
4866	• Any person Respondent has designated as agent under a power of attorney for health care;
4867	• Any person known to have routinely assisted the individual with decision making in the
4868	previous six months;
4869	• Any person Respondent nominates as guardian or conservator; and
4870	• Any person nominated as guardian by Respondent's parent or spouse in a will or other signed
4871	writing or other record.
4872	Section 122. Section 75-5c-604 is enacted to read:
4873	75-5c-604. Notification of rights for adult subject to guardianship or
4874	conservatorship.
4875	This form may be used to notify an adult subject to guardianship or conservatorship of
4876	the adult's rights under Sections 75-5c-311 and 75-5c-412.
4877	Notification of Rights
4878	You are getting this notice because a guardian, conservator, or both have been appointed for
4879	you. It tells you about some important rights you have. It does not tell you about all your rights.
4880	If you have questions about your rights, you can ask an attorney or another person, including
4881	your guardian or conservator, to help you understand your rights.
4882	General rights:
4883	You have the right to exercise any right the court has not given to your guardian or conservator.
4884	You also have the right to ask the court to:
4885	• end your guardianship, conservatorship, or both;
4886	• increase or decrease the powers granted to your guardian, conservator, or both;
4887	• make other changes that affect what your guardian or conservator can do or how they do it;
4888	<u>and</u>
4889	• replace the person that was appointed with someone else.
4890	You also have a right to hire an attorney to help you do any of these things.
4891	Additional rights for persons for whom a guardian has been appointed:
4892	As an adult subject to guardianship, you have a right to:
4893	(1) be involved in decisions affecting you, including decisions about your care, where you live,
4894	your activities, and your social interactions, to the extent reasonably feasible;

4895	(2) be involved in decisions about your health care to the extent reasonably feasible, and to
4896	have other people help you understand the risks and benefits of health care options;
4897	(3) be notified at least 14 days in advance of a change in where you live or a permanent move
4898	to a nursing home, mental health facility, or other facility that places restrictions on your ability
4899	to leave or have visitors, unless the guardian has proposed this change in the guardian's plan or
4900	the court has expressly authorized it;
4901	(4) ask the court to prevent your guardian from changing where you live or selling or
4902	surrendering your primary dwelling by filing a petition with the court;
4903	(5) vote and get married unless the court order appointing your guardian states that you cannot
4904	do so;
4905	(6) receive a copy of your guardian's report and your guardian's plan; and
4906	(7) communicate, visit, or interact with other people (this includes the right to have visitors, to
4907	make and receive telephone calls, personal mail, or electronic communications) unless:
4908	• your guardian has been authorized by the court by specific order to restrict these
4909	communications, visits, or interactions;
4910	• a protective order is in effect that limits contact between you and other people; or
4911	• your guardian has good cause to believe the restriction is needed to protect you from
4912	significant physical, psychological, or financial harm and the restriction is for not more than
4913	seven business days if the person has a family or pre-existing social relationship with you or
4914	not more than 60 days if the person does not have that kind of relationship with you.
4915	Additional rights for persons for whom a conservator has been appointed:
4916	As an adult subject to conservatorship, you have a right to:
4917	(1) participate in decisions about how your property is managed to the extent feasible; and
4918	(2) receive a copy of your conservator's inventory, report, and plan.
4919	Section 123. Section 75-5c-701 is enacted to read:
4920	Part 7. Miscellaneous Provisions
4921	75-5c-701. Uniformity of application and construction.
4922	In applying and construing this uniform act, consideration must be given to the need to
4923	promote uniformity of the law with respect to its subject matter among states that enact it.
4924	Section 124. Section 75-5c-702 is enacted to read:
4925	75-5c-702. Relation to Electronic Signatures in Global and National Commerce

4926	Act.
4927	This chapter modifies, limits, or supersedes the Electronic Signatures in Global and
4928	National Commerce Act, 15 U.S.C. Sec. 7001 et seq., but does not modify, limit, or supersede
4929	Section 101(c) of that act, 15 U.S.C. Sec. 7001(c), or authorize electronic delivery of any of the
4930	notices described in Section 103(b) of that act, 15 U.S.C. Sec. 7003(b).
4931	Section 125. Section 75-5c-703 is enacted to read:
4932	75-5c-703. Applicability.
4933	This chapter applies to:
4934	(1) a proceeding for appointment of a guardian or conservator or for a protective
4935	arrangement instead of guardianship or conservatorship commenced after July 1, 2019; and
4936	(2) a guardianship, conservatorship, or protective arrangement instead of guardianship
4937	or conservatorship in existence on July 1, 2019, unless the court finds application of a
4938	particular provision of this chapter would substantially interfere with the effective conduct of
4939	the proceeding or prejudice the rights of a party, in which case the particular provision of this
4940	chapter does not apply and the superseded law applies.
4941	Section 126. Section 75-5c-704 is enacted to read:
4942	75-5c-704. Severability.
4943	If any provision of this chapter or its application to any person or circumstance is held
4944	invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or applications of this chapter which can
4945	be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of
4946	this chapter are severable.
4947	Section 127. Section 75-11-114 is amended to read:
4948	75-11-114. Disclosure of digital assets to conservator or guardian of protected
4949	person.
4950	(1) After an opportunity for a hearing under Chapter [5, Protection of Persons Under
4951	Disability and Their Property 5c, Uniform Guardianship, Conservatorship, and Other
4952	Protective Arrangements Act, the court may grant a conservator or guardian access to the
4953	digital assets of a protected person.
4954	(2) Unless otherwise ordered by the court or directed by the user, a custodian shall
4955	disclose to a conservator or guardian the catalogue of electronic communications sent or
4956	received by a protected person and any digital assets, other than the content of electronic

4957 communications, in which the protected person has a right or interest if the conservator or 4958 guardian gives the custodian: 4959 (a) a written request for disclosure in physical or electronic form: (b) a certified copy of the court order that gives the conservator or guardian authority 4960 4961 over the digital assets of the protected person; and 4962 (c) if requested by the custodian: 4963 (i) a number, username, address, or other unique subscriber or account identifier 4964 assigned by the custodian to identify the account of the protected person; or 4965 (ii) evidence linking the account to the protected person. (3) A conservator or guardian with general authority to manage the assets of a 4966 4967 protected person may request a custodian of the digital assets of the protected person to 4968 suspend or terminate an account of the protected person for good cause. A request made under 4969 this section must be accompanied by a certified copy of the court order giving the conservator 4970 or guardian authority over the protected person's property. 4971 Section 128. Repealer. 4972 This bill repeals: 4973 Section 75-5-101, Jurisdiction of subject matter -- Consolidation of proceedings. 4974 Section 75-5-102, Facility of payment or delivery. 4975 Section 75-5-104, Power of court to appoint guardian ad litem not affected. 4976 Section 75-5-105, Bond of guardian. 4977 Section 75-5-201, Status of guardian of minor -- General. 4978 Section 75-5-202, Appointment of guardian of minor. 4979 Section 75-5-202.5, Appointment of guardian by written instrument. 4980 Section 75-5-203, Objection to appointment. 4981 Section 75-5-204, Court appointment of guardian of minor -- Conditions for 4982 appointment. 4983 Section 75-5-205, Court appointment of guardian of minor -- Venue.

4985 **Priority of minor's nominee.**

4984

- 4986 Section 75-5-207, Court appointment of guardian of minor -- Procedure.
- 4987 Section 75-5-208, Consent to service by acceptance of appointment -- Notice.

Section 75-5-206, Court appointment of guardian of minor -- Qualifications --

4988	Section 75-5-209, Powers and duties of guardian of minor Residual parental
4989	rights and duties Adoption of a ward.
4990	Section 75-5-210, Termination of appointment of guardian General.
4991	Section 75-5-211, Proceedings subsequent to appointment Venue.
4992	Section 75-5-212, Resignation or removal proceedings.
4993	Section 75-5-301, Appointment of guardian for incapacitated person.
4994	Section 75-5-302, Venue.
4995	Section 75-5-303, Procedure for court appointment of a guardian of an
4996	incapacitated person.
4997	Section 75-5-304, Findings Limited guardianship preferred Order of
4998	appointment.
4999	Section 75-5-305, Acceptance of appointment Consent to jurisdiction.
5000	Section 75-5-306, Termination of guardianship for incapacitated person.
5001	Section 75-5-307, Removal or resignation of guardian Termination of incapacity
5002	Section 75-5-308, Visitor in guardianship proceeding.
5003	Section 75-5-309, Notices in guardianship proceedings.
5004	Section 75-5-310, Emergency guardians.
5005	Section 75-5-310.5, Temporary guardians.
5006	Section 75-5-311, Who may be guardian Priorities.
5007	Section 75-5-312, General powers and duties of guardian Penalties.
5008	Section 75-5-312.5, Association between an adult ward and a relative of the adult
5009	ward.
5010	Section 75-5-313, Proceedings subsequent to appointment Venue.
5011	Section 75-5-314, Mentally incompetent veteran Evidence of necessity for
5012	appointment of guardian.
5013	Section 75-5-315, Copies of public records furnished to veterans administration.
5014	Section 75-5-316, Expedited guardianship proceedings.
5015	Section 75-5-317, Guardianship proceedings for minor becoming an incapacitated
5016	adult.
5017	Section 75-5-401, Protective proceedings.
5018	Section 75-5-402, Protective proceedings Jurisdiction of affairs of protected

5019	persons.
5020	Section 75-5-403, Venue.
5021	Section 75-5-404, Original petition for appointment or protective order.
5022	Section 75-5-405, Notice.
5023	Section 75-5-406, Protective proceedings Request for notice Interested person.
5024	Section 75-5-407, Procedure concerning hearing and order on original petition.
5025	Section 75-5-408, Permissible court orders.
5026	Section 75-5-409, Protective arrangements and single transactions authorized.
5027	Section 75-5-410, Who may be appointed conservator Priorities.
5028	Section 75-5-411, Bond.
5029	Section 75-5-412, Terms and requirements of bonds.
5030	Section 75-5-413, Acceptance of appointment Consent to jurisdiction.
5031	Section 75-5-414, Compensation and expenses.
5032	Section 75-5-415, Death, resignation, or removal of conservator.
5033	Section 75-5-416, Petitions for orders subsequent to appointment.
5034	Section 75-5-417, General duty of conservator.
5035	Section 75-5-418, Inventory and records.
5036	Section 75-5-419, Accounts.
5037	Section 75-5-420, Conservators Title by appointment.
5038	Section 75-5-421, Recording of conservator's letters.
5039	Section 75-5-422, Sale, encumbrance or transaction involving conflict of interest
5040	Voidable Exceptions.
5041	Section 75-5-423, Persons dealing with conservators Protection.
5042	Section 75-5-424, Powers of conservator in administration.
5043	Section 75-5-425, Distributive duties and powers of conservator.
5044	Section 75-5-426, Enlargement or limitation of powers of conservator.
5045	Section 75-5-427, Preservation of estate plan.
5046	Section 75-5-428, Claims against protected person Enforcement.
5047	Section 75-5-429, Individual liability of conservator.
5048	Section 75-5-430, Termination of proceeding.
5049	Section 75-5-431, Payment of debt and delivery of property to foreign conservator

5050	without local proceedings.
5051	Section 75-5-432, Foreign conservator Proof of authority Bond Powers.
5052	Section 75-5-433, Embezzlement of protected person's estate Citation to person
5053	suspected.
5054	Section 129. Effective date.
5055	This bill takes effect on July 1, 2020.