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patient population;

- 26 allows a cannabis cultivation facility to operate using up to two locations; 27 ► allows for the use of stacking plants within allotted square footage limitations; 28 • allows for a cannabis production establishment to hold educational events under 29 certain circumstances and in accordance with UDAF rules; 30 allows an individual without a state cannabis-related license to transport medical 31 cannabis devices in certain circumstances; 32 amends provisions regarding flavoring of cannabis products; 33 allows the Cannabinoid Product Board to review a broader category of scientific 34 research; 35 clarifies legal dosage limits; ► amends provisions regarding the packaging for raw cannabis flower; 36 • amends the directions of use and dosing guidelines that may be associated with a 37 38 medical cannabis recommendation: 39 • amends the medicinal dosage form for unprocessed cannabis flower; amends provisions regarding access to the electronic verification system by law 40 41 enforcement and certain medical staff; 42 • amends provisions regarding the obtaining and renewing of medical cannabis cards; 43 • reduces the degree required for the professional who diagnoses or confirms 44 post-traumatic stress disorder as a qualifying condition; • requires the Compassionate Use Board to review recommendations for the use of 45 46 medical cannabis devices by patients under a certain age to vaporize medical cannabis; 47 48 provides for an expedited petition process from the Compassionate Use Board to the 49 Department of Health (DoH); 50 • exempts the Compassionate Use Board from certain compensation restrictions; 51 • amends the patient limits on qualified medical providers and the specializations 52 which allow qualified medical providers to recommend medical cannabis to a larger
 - amends provisions regarding medical professionals advertising regarding medical cannabis;
 - provides protections for state or political subdivisions employees using medical

57 cannabis;

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- provides that private employers are not required to accommodate the use of medical cannabis:
 - amends provisions regarding designated caregivers for certain minors and patients in certain health care facilities;
 - ▶ directs DoH to establish a registration process that would allow out-of-state patients visiting the state to purchase medical cannabis within the state under certain conditions;
 - ► amends certain criminal penalties, including for certain nonresident patients, to be infractions on a first offense;
 - increases the ability of DoH to revoke a medical cannabis pharmacy license;
- amends requirements for pharmacist counseling or consultation based on the
 directions of use and dosing guidelines that may accompany a medical cannabis
 recommendation;
 - ► allows a medical cannabis pharmacy to purchase medical cannabis devices from a seller that does not have a state cannabis-related license;
 - ▶ allow UDAF to conduct random sampling of medical cannabis in medical cannabis pharmacies;
 - ▶ amends provisions regarding medical cannabis pharmacy advertising, including allowing a medical cannabis pharmacy to hold educational events under certain circumstances and in accordance with DoH rules;
 - ► amends provisions regarding the transportation of medical cannabis and medical cannabis devices;
 - ▶ allows for the state central patient portal to facilitate electronic medical cannabis orders for an individual to obtain in person at a medical cannabis pharmacy;
 - allows a pharmacy medical provider to transport medical cannabis in certain circumstances;
 - provides that meetings of the Compassionate Use Board are closed meetings;
 - amends the definition of marijuana;
- section creates a rebuttable presumption for cannabidiol use in certain circumstances;
- exempts cannabis metabolite from a driving-related crime in certain circumstances;

88	 adds a cannabis-based drug to the Controlled Substances Act;
89	 amends the level of negligence required for certain marijuana-related vehicular
90	injuries to constitute a felony;
91	 distinguishes medical cannabis devices from electronic cigarettes;
92	 exempts a lawful medical cannabis user from a weapons restriction;
93	 provides for expungement of cannabis-related convictions in certain circumstances
94	and
95	 makes technical and conforming changes.
96	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
97	None
98	Other Special Clauses:
99	This bill provides a special effective date.
100	Utah Code Sections Affected:
101	AMENDS:
102	4-41-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 23
103	4-41-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 23
104	4-41a-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session, Chapter 5
105	4-41a-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session, Chapter 5
106	4-41a-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session, Chapter 5
107	4-41a-203, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Third Special Session,
108	Chapter 1
109	4-41a-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session, Chapter 5
110	4-41a-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session, Chapter 5
111	4-41a-404, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session, Chapter 5
112	4-41a-602, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Third Special Session,
113	Chapter 1
114	4-41a-603, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Third Special Session,
115	Chapter 1
116	26-61-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Third Special Session, Chapter 1
117	26-61a-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session, Chapter 5
118	26-61a-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session, Chapter 5

26-61a-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 136
26-61a-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 341
26-61a-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session, Chapter 5
26-61a-111, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session, Chapter 5
26-61a-113, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Third Special Session, Chapter 1
26-61a-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session, Chapter 5
26-61a-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session, Chapter 5
26-61a-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session, Chapter 5
26-61a-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session, Chapter 5
26-61a-303, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Third Special Session,
Chapter 1
26-61a-501, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Third Special Session,
Chapter 1
26-61a-502, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session, Chapter 5
26-61a-504, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 136
26-61a-505, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session, Chapter 5
26-61a-506, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session, Chapter 5
26-61a-601, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session,
Chapter 5
26-61a-603, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session,
Chapter 5
26-61a-605, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session, Chapter 5
41-6a-517, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Third Special Session, Chapter 1
52-4-205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 417
58-37-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 258
58-37-3.7, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session, Chapter 5
58-37-3.9, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session, Chapter 5
58-37-4, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapters 59 and 343
58-37-8, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 58
58-67-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session, Chapter 5

76-10-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapters 66, 132 and last amended
by Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 132
76-10-528, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 458
77-40-103 (Superseded 05/01/20), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 263
77-40-103 (Effective 05/01/20), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 448
77-40-107 (Superseded 05/01/20), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 266
77-40-107 (Effective 05/01/20), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 448
78A-2-231, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session, Chapter 5
78A-6-115, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session, Chapter 5
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 4-41-102 is amended to read:
4-41-102. Definitions.
As used in this chapter:
(1) "Cannabinoid product" means a chemical compound extracted from a hemp
product that:
(a) is processed into a medicinal dosage form; and
(b) contains less than 0.3% tetrahydrocannabinol by dry weight.
(2) "Industrial hemp" means any part of a cannabis plant, whether growing or not, with
a concentration of less than 0.3% tetrahydrocannabinol by dry weight.
(3) "Industrial hemp certificate" means a certificate that the department issues to a
higher education institution to grow or cultivate industrial hemp under Subsection 4-41-103(1).
(4) "Industrial hemp license" means a license that the department issues to a person for
the purpose of growing, cultivating, processing, or marketing industrial hemp or an industrial
hemp product.
(5) "Industrial hemp product" means a product derived from, or made by, processing
industrial hemp plants or industrial hemp parts.
(6) "Licensee" means an individual or business entity possessing a license that the
department issues under this chapter to grow, cultivate, process, or market industrial hemp or
an industrial hemp product.
(7) "Medicinal dosage form" means:

181	(a) a tablet;
182	(b) a capsule;
183	(c) a concentrated oil;
184	(d) a liquid suspension;
185	[(d)] <u>(e)</u> a sublingual preparation;
186	[(e)] <u>(f)</u> a topical preparation;
187	[(f)] (g) a transdermal preparation;
188	[(g)] (h) a gelatinous cube, gelatinous rectangular cuboid, or lozenge in a cube or
189	rectangular cuboid shape; or
190	[(h)] (i) other preparations that the department approves.
191	(8) "Person" means:
192	(a) an individual, partnership, association, firm, trust, limited liability company, or
193	corporation; and
194	(b) an agent or employee of an individual, partnership, association, firm, trust, limited
195	liability company, or corporation.
196	(9) "Research pilot program" means a program conducted by the department in
197	collaboration with at least one licensee to study methods of cultivating, processing, or
198	marketing industrial hemp.
199	Section 2. Section 4-41-402 is amended to read:
200	4-41-402. Cannabinoid sales and use authorized.
201	(1) The sale or use of a cannabinoid product is prohibited:
202	(a) except as provided in this chapter; or
203	(b) unless the United States Food and Drug Administration approves the product.
204	(2) The department shall keep a list of registered cannabinoid products that the
205	department has determined, in accordance with Section 4-41-403, are safe for human
206	consumption.
207	(3) (a) A person may sell or use a cannabinoid product that is in the list of registered
208	[cannabidiol] cannabinoid products described in Subsection (2).
209	(b) An individual may use cannabidiol or a cannabidiol product that is not in the list of
210	registered cannabinoid products described in Subsection (2) if:
211	(i) the individual purchased the product outside the state: and

212	(ii) the product's contents do not violate Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled
213	Substances Act.
214	Section 3. Section 4-41a-102 is amended to read:
215	4-41a-102. Definitions.
216	As used in this chapter:
217	(1) "Cannabis" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26-61a-102.
218	(2) "Cannabis cultivation facility" means a person that:
219	(a) possesses cannabis;
220	(b) (i) grows or intends to grow cannabis; [and] or
221	(ii) acquires or intends to acquire cannabis from a holder of an industrial hemp
222	cultivation license or an industrial hemp processor license under Title 4, Chapter 41, Hemp and
223	Cannabinoid Act; and
224	(c) sells or intends to sell cannabis to a cannabis cultivation facility, a cannabis
225	processing facility, or a medical cannabis research licensee.
226	(3) "Cannabis cultivation facility agent" means an individual who:
227	(a) is an employee of a cannabis cultivation facility; and
228	(b) holds a valid cannabis production establishment agent registration card.
229	(4) "Cannabis processing facility" means a person that:
230	(a) acquires or intends to acquire cannabis from a cannabis production establishment
231	[or a holder of an industrial hemp processor license under Title 4, Chapter 41, Hemp and
232	Cannabinoid Act];
233	(b) possesses cannabis with the intent to manufacture a cannabis product;
234	(c) manufactures or intends to manufacture a cannabis product from unprocessed
235	cannabis or a cannabis extract; and
236	(d) sells or intends to sell a cannabis product to a medical cannabis pharmacy or a
237	medical cannabis research licensee.
238	(5) "Cannabis processing facility agent" means an individual who:
239	(a) is an employee of a cannabis processing facility; and
240	(b) holds a valid cannabis production establishment agent registration card.
241	(6) "Cannabis product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26-61a-102.
242	(7) "Cannabis production establishment" means a cannabis cultivation facility, a

243	cannabis processing facility, or an independent cannabis testing faboratory.
244	(8) "Cannabis production establishment agent" means a cannabis cultivation facility
245	agent, a cannabis processing facility agent, or an independent cannabis testing laboratory agent.
246	(9) "Cannabis production establishment agent registration card" means a registration
247	card that the department issues that:
248	(a) authorizes an individual to act as a cannabis production establishment agent; and
249	(b) designates the type of cannabis production establishment for which an individual is
250	authorized to act as an agent.
251	(10) "Community location" means a public or private elementary or secondary school,
252	[a licensed child-care facility or preschool,] a church, a public library, a public playground, or a
253	public park.
254	(11) "Cultivation space" means, quantified in square feet, the horizontal area in which
255	a cannabis cultivation facility cultivates cannabis, including each level of horizontal area if the
256	cannabis cultivation facility hangs, suspends, stacks, or otherwise positions plants above other
257	plants in multiple levels.
258	[(11)] (12) "Department" means the Department of Agriculture and Food.
259	[(12)] (13) "Family member" means a parent, step-parent, spouse, child, sibling,
260	step-sibling, uncle, aunt, nephew, niece, first cousin, mother-in-law, father-in-law,
261	brother-in-law, sister-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, grandparent, or grandchild.
262	[(13)] (14) (a) "Independent cannabis testing laboratory" means a person that:
263	[(a)] (i) conducts a chemical or other analysis of cannabis or a cannabis product; or
264	[(b)] (ii) acquires, possesses, and transports cannabis or a cannabis product with the
265	intent to conduct a chemical or other analysis of the cannabis or cannabis product.
266	(b) "Independent cannabis testing laboratory" includes a laboratory that the department
267	operates in accordance with Subsection 4-41a-201(14).
268	[(14)] (15) "Independent cannabis testing laboratory agent" means an individual who:
269	(a) is an employee of an independent cannabis testing laboratory; and
270	(b) holds a valid cannabis production establishment agent registration card.
271	[(15)] (16) "Inventory control system" means a system described in Section 4-41a-103.
272	[(16)] (17) "Medical cannabis" means the same as that term is defined in Section
273	26-61a-102.

274	[(17)] (18) "Medical cannabis card" means the same as that term is defined in Section
275	26-61a-102.
276	[(18)] (19) "Medical cannabis pharmacy" means the same as that term is defined in
277	Section 26-61a-102.
278	[(19)] (20) "Medical cannabis pharmacy agent" means the same as that term is defined
279	in Section 26-61a-102.
280	[(20)] (21) "Medical cannabis research license" means a license that the department
281	issues to a research university for the purpose of obtaining and possessing medical cannabis for
282	academic research.
283	[(21)] (22) "Medical cannabis research licensee" means a research university that the
284	department licenses to obtain and possess medical cannabis for academic research, in
285	accordance with Section 4-41a-901.
286	[(22)] (23) "Medical cannabis treatment" means the same as that term is defined in
287	Section 26-61a-102.
288	[(23)] (24) "Medicinal dosage form" means the same as that term is defined in Section
289	26-61a-102.
290	[(24)] (25) "Qualified medical provider" means the same as that term is defined in
291	Section 26-61a-102.
292	[(25)] (26) "Qualified Production Enterprise Fund" means the fund created in Section
293	4-41a-104.
294	[(26)] (27) "Research university" means the same as that term is defined in Section
295	53B-7-702.
296	[(27)] (28) "State electronic verification system" means the system described in Section
297	26-61a-103.
298	[(28)] (29) "Tetrahydrocannabinol" means a substance derived from cannabis or a
299	synthetic equivalent as described in Subsection 58-37-4(2)(a)(iii)(AA).
300	[(29)] (30) "Total composite tetrahydrocannabinol" means
301	delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol and tetrahydrocannabinolic acid.
302	Section 4. Section 4-41a-103 is amended to read:
303	4-41a-103. Inventory control system.
304	(1) Each cannabis production establishment and each medical cannabis pharmacy shall

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02-17-20 6:48 PM 305 maintain an inventory control system that meets the requirements of this section. 306 (2) A cannabis production establishment and a medical cannabis pharmacy shall ensure 307 that the inventory control system maintained by the establishment or pharmacy: 308 (a) tracks cannabis using a unique identifier, in real time, from the point that a cannabis 309 plant is eight inches tall and has a root ball until the cannabis is disposed of or sold, in the form 310 of unprocessed cannabis or a cannabis product, to an individual with a medical cannabis card; 311 (b) maintains in real time a record of the amount of cannabis and cannabis products in 312 the possession of the establishment or pharmacy: 313 (c) includes a video recording system that: 314 (i) tracks all handling and processing of cannabis or a cannabis product in the 315 establishment or pharmacy; 316 (ii) is tamper proof; and 317 (iii) stores a video record for at least 45 days; and 318 (d) preserves compatibility with the state electronic verification system described in 319 Section 26-61a-103. 320 (3) A cannabis production establishment and a medical cannabis pharmacy shall allow 321 the [department or the Department of Health] following to access [to] the cannabis production 322 establishment's or the medical cannabis pharmacy's inventory control system at any time[-]: 323 (a) the department; 324 (b) the Department of Health; and (c) a financial institution that the Division of Finance validates, in accordance with 325 326 Subsection (6). 327 (4) The department may establish compatibility standards for an inventory control 328 system by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative 329 Rulemaking Act. 330 (5) (a) The department shall make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah

- Administrative Rulemaking Act, establishing requirements for aggregate or batch records regarding the planting and propagation of cannabis before being tracked in an inventory control system described in this section.
- (b) The department shall ensure that the rules described in Subsection (5)(a) address record-keeping for the amount of planted seed, number of cuttings taken, date and time of

336	cutting and planting, number of plants established, and number of plants culled or dead.
337	(6) (a) The Division of Finance shall, in consultation with the state treasurer:
338	(i) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
339	make rules to:
340	(A) establish a process for validating financial institutions for access to an inventory
341	control system in accordance with Subsections (3)(c) and (6)(b); and
342	(B) establish qualifications for the validation described in Subsection (6)(a)(i)(A);
343	(ii) review applications the Division of Finance receives in accordance with the process
344	established under Subsection (6)(a)(i);
345	(iii) validate a financial institution that meets the qualifications described in Subsection
346	<u>(6)(a)(i); and</u>
347	(iv) provide a list of validated financial institutions to the department and the
348	Department of Health.
349	(b) A financial institution that the Division of Finance validates under Subsection
350	<u>(6)(a):</u>
351	(i) may only access an inventory control system for the purpose of reconciling
352	transactions and other financial activity of cannabis production establishments, medical
353	cannabis pharmacies, and medical cannabis couriers that use financial services that the
354	financial institution provides;
355	(ii) may only access information related to financial transactions; and
356	(iii) may not access any identifying patient information.
357	Section 5. Section 4-41a-201 is amended to read:
358	4-41a-201. Cannabis production establishment License.
359	(1) [A] Except as provided in Subsection (14), a person may not operate a cannabis
360	production establishment without a license that the department issues under this chapter.
361	(2) (a) (i) Subject to Subsections (6), (7), (8), and (13) and to Section 4-41a-205:
362	(A) for a licensing process that the department initiated before September 23, 2019, the
363	department shall use the procedures in Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code, to
364	review and rank applications for a cannabis production establishment license; and
365	(B) for a licensing process that the department initiates after September 23, 2019, the
366	department shall issue a license to operate a cannabis production establishment in accordance

367	with the procedures described in Subsection (2)(a)(iii).
368	(ii) The department may not issue a license to operate a cannabis production
369	establishment to an applicant who is not eligible for a license under this section.
370	(iii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
371	the department shall make rules to specify a transparent and efficient process to:
372	(A) solicit applications for a license under this section;
373	(B) allow for comments and questions in the development of applications;
374	(C) timely and objectively evaluate applications;
375	(D) hold public hearings that the department deems appropriate; and
376	(E) select applicants to receive a license.
377	(b) An applicant is eligible for a license under this section if the applicant submits to
378	the department:
379	(i) subject to Subsection (2)(c), a proposed name and address or, for a cannabis
380	cultivation facility, addresses of no more than two facility locations, located in a zone described
381	in Subsection 4-41a-406(2)(a) or (b), where the applicant will operate the cannabis production
382	establishment;
383	(ii) the name and address of any individual who has:
384	(A) a financial or voting interest of 2% or greater in the proposed cannabis production
385	establishment; or
386	(B) the power to direct or cause the management or control of a proposed cannabis
387	production establishment;
388	(iii) an operating plan that:
389	(A) complies with Section 4-41a-204;
390	(B) includes operating procedures that comply with this chapter and any law the
391	municipality or county in which the person is located adopts that is consistent with Section
392	4-41a-406; and
393	(C) the department approves;
394	(iv) a statement that the applicant will obtain and maintain a performance bond that a
395	surety authorized to transact surety business in the state issues in an amount of at least:
396	(A) \$250,000 for each cannabis cultivation facility for which the applicant applies; or
397	(B) \$50,000 for each cannabis processing facility or independent cannabis testing

398	laboratory for which the applicant applies;
399	(v) an application fee in an amount that, subject to Subsection 4-41a-104(5), the
400	department sets in accordance with Section 63J-1-504; and
401	(vi) a description of any investigation or adverse action taken by any licensing
402	jurisdiction, government agency, law enforcement agency, or court in any state for any
403	violation or detrimental conduct in relation to any of the applicant's cannabis-related operations
404	or businesses.
405	(c) (i) A person may not locate a cannabis production establishment:
406	(A) within 1,000 feet of a community location; or
407	(B) in or within 600 feet of a district that the relevant municipality or county has zoned
408	as primarily residential.
409	(ii) The proximity requirements described in Subsection (2)(c)(i) shall be measured
410	from the nearest entrance to the cannabis production establishment by following the shortest
411	route of ordinary pedestrian travel to the property boundary of the community location or
412	residential area.
413	(iii) The department may grant a waiver to reduce the proximity requirements in
414	Subsection (2)(c)(i) by up to 20% if the department determines that it is not reasonably feasible
415	for the applicant to site the proposed cannabis production establishment without the waiver.
416	(iv) An applicant for a license under this section shall provide evidence of compliance
417	with the proximity requirements described in Subsection (2)(c)(i).
418	(3) (a) If the department approves an application for a license under this section:
419	[(a)] (i) the applicant shall pay the department:
420	(A) an initial license fee in an amount that, subject to Subsection 4-41a-104(5), the
421	department sets in accordance with Section 63J-1-504; [and] or
422	(B) a fee for a 120-day limited license to operate as a cannabis processing facility
423	described in Subsection (3)(b) that is equal to 33% of the initial license fee described in
424	Subsection (3)(a)(i)(A).
425	[(b)] (ii) the department shall notify the Department of Public Safety of the license

approval and the names of each individual described in Subsection (2)(b)(ii).

operate as a cannabis processing facility to an eligible applicant.

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(b) (i) (A) Before July 1, 2020, the department may issue a 120-day limited license to

429	(B) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b)(i)(C), the department may not renew the
430	120-day limited license.
431	(C) At the termination of the 120-day limited license, the department may issue a
432	<u>full-year license in accordance with Section 4-41a-203.</u>
433	(ii) An applicant is eligible for the 120-day limited license described in Subsection
434	(3)(b)(i) if the applicant:
435	(A) is eligible for a full-year license under this section; and
436	(B) has submitted an application for a full-year license under this section.
437	(4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), the department shall require a separate
438	license for each type of cannabis production establishment and each location of a cannabis
439	production establishment.
440	(b) The department may issue a cannabis cultivation facility license and a cannabis
441	processing facility license to a person to operate at the same physical location or at separate
442	physical locations.
443	(5) If the department receives more than one application for a cannabis production
444	establishment within the same city or town, the department shall consult with the local land use
445	authority before approving any of the applications pertaining to that city or town.
446	(6) The department may not issue a license to operate an independent cannabis testing
447	laboratory to a person who:
448	(a) holds a license or has an ownership interest in a medical cannabis pharmacy, a
449	cannabis processing facility, or a cannabis cultivation facility;
450	(b) has an owner, officer, director, or employee whose family member holds a license
451	or has an ownership interest in a medical cannabis pharmacy, a cannabis processing facility, or
452	a cannabis cultivation facility; or
453	(c) proposes to operate the independent cannabis testing laboratory at the same physical
454	location as a medical cannabis pharmacy, a cannabis processing facility, or a cannabis
455	cultivation facility.
456	(7) The department may not issue a license to operate a cannabis production
457	establishment to an applicant if any individual described in Subsection (2)(b)(ii):
458	(a) has been convicted under state or federal law of:
459	(i) a felony; or

460	(ii) after December 3, 2018, a misdemeanor for drug distribution;
461	(b) is younger than 21 years old; or
462	(c) after September 23, 2019 until January 1, 2023, is actively serving as a legislator.
463	(8) If an applicant for a cannabis production establishment license under this section
464	holds a license under Title 4, Chapter 41, Hemp and Cannabinoid Act, or Title 26, Chapter 61a,
465	Utah Medical Cannabis Act, the department:
466	(a) shall consult with the Department of Health regarding the applicant if the license
467	the applicant holds is a license under Title 26, Chapter 61a, Utah Medical Cannabis Act; [and]
468	(b) may not give preference to the applicant based on the applicant's status as a holder
469	of a license described in this Subsection (8)[-]; and
470	(c) shall give preference to applicants that demonstrate an ability to increase efficiency
471	and decrease costs to patients.
472	(9) The department may revoke a license under this part:
473	(a) if the cannabis production establishment does not begin cannabis production
474	operations within one year after the day on which the department issues the initial license;
475	(b) after the [eannabis production establishment makes] third of the same violation of
476	this chapter [three times] in any of the licensee's licensed cannabis production establishments
477	or medical cannabis pharmacies;
478	(c) if any individual described in Subsection (2)(b) is convicted, while the license is
479	active, under state or federal law of:
480	(i) a felony; or
481	(ii) after December 3, 2018, a misdemeanor for drug distribution; [or]
482	(d) if the licensee fails to provide the information described in Subsection (2)(b)(vi) at
483	the time of application, or fails to supplement the information described in Subsection
484	(2)(b)(vi) with any investigation or adverse action that occurs after the submission of the
485	application[-] within 14 calendar days after the licensee receives notice of the investigation or
<u>486</u>	adverse action; or
487	(e) if the cannabis production establishment demonstrates a willful or reckless
488	disregard for the requirements of this chapter or the rules the department makes in accordance
489	with this chapter.
490	(10) (a) A person who receives a cannabis production establishment license under this

491	chapter, if the municipality or county where the licensed cannabis production establishment
492	will be located requires a local land use permit, shall submit to the department a copy of the
493	licensee's approved application for the land use permit within 120 days after the day on which
494	the department issues the license.
495	(b) If a licensee fails to submit to the department a copy of the licensee's approved land
496	use permit application in accordance with Subsection (10)(a), the department may revoke the
497	licensee's license.
498	(11) The department shall deposit the proceeds of a fee that the department imposes
499	under this section into the Qualified Production Enterprise Fund.
500	(12) The department shall begin accepting applications under this part on or before
501	January 1, 2020.
502	(13) (a) The department's authority to issue a license under this section is plenary and is
503	not subject to review.
504	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A), the decision of the department to award a
505	license to an applicant is not subject to:
506	(i) Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Part 16, Protests; or
507	(ii) Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Part 17, Procurement Appeals Board.
508	(14) Notwithstanding this section, the department:
509	(a) may operate an independent cannabis testing laboratory;
510	(b) if the department operates an independent cannabis testing laboratory, may not
511	cease operating the independent cannabis testing laboratory unless:
512	(i) the department issues at least two licenses to independent cannabis testing
513	laboratories; and
514	(ii) the department has ensured that the licensed independent cannabis testing
515	laboratories have sufficient capacity to provide the testing necessary to support the state's
516	medical cannabis market; and
517	(c) after ceasing operations under Subsection (14)(b)(ii) shall resume independent
518	cannabis testing laboratory operations at any time if:
519	(i) fewer than two licensed independent cannabis testing laboratories are operating; or
520	(ii) the licensed independent cannabis testing laboratories become, in the department's
521	determination, unable to fully meet the market demand for testing.

522	Section 6. Section 4-41a-203 is amended to read:
523	4-41a-203. Renewal.
524	The department shall renew a license issued under Section 4-41a-201 every year
525	without opening a process described in Subsection 4-41a-201(2)(a) or convert a 120-day
526	limited license described in Subsection 4-41a-201(3)(b) into a full-year license if, at the time of
527	renewal:
528	(1) the licensee meets the requirements of Section 4-41a-201;
529	(2) the licensee pays the department a license renewal fee in an amount that, subject to
530	Subsection 4-41a-104(5), the department sets in accordance with Section 63J-1-504; and
531	(3) if the cannabis production establishment changes the operating plan described in
532	Section 4-41a-204 that the department approved under Subsection 4-41a-201(2)(b)(iii), the
533	department approves the new operating plan.
534	Section 7. Section 4-41a-204 is amended to read:
535	4-41a-204. Operating plan.
536	(1) A person applying for a cannabis production establishment license or license
537	renewal shall submit to the department for the department's review a proposed operating plan
538	that complies with this section and that includes:
539	(a) a description of the physical characteristics of the proposed facility or, for a
540	cannabis cultivation facility, no more than two facility locations, including a floor plan and an
541	architectural elevation;
542	(b) a description of the credentials and experience of:
543	(i) each officer, director, and owner of the proposed cannabis production
544	establishment; and
545	(ii) any highly skilled or experienced prospective employee;
546	(c) the cannabis production establishment's employee training standards;
547	(d) a security plan;
548	(e) a description of the cannabis production establishment's inventory control system,
549	including a description of how the inventory control system is compatible with the state
550	electronic verification system described in Section 26-61a-103;
551	(f) storage protocols, both short- and long-term, to ensure that cannabis is stored in a
552	manner that is sanitary and preserves the integrity of the cannabis;

553 (g) for a cannabis cultivation facility, the information described in Subsection (2); 554 (h) for a cannabis processing facility, the information described in Subsection (3); and 555 (i) for an independent cannabis testing laboratory, the information described in 556 Subsection (4). 557 (2) (a) A cannabis cultivation facility shall ensure that the facility's operating plan 558 includes the facility's intended: 559 (i) cannabis cultivation practices, including the facility's intended pesticide use and 560 fertilizer use: and 561 (ii) subject to Subsection (2)(b), acreage or square footage under cultivation and 562 anticipated cannabis yield. 563 (b) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(c)(i) or (d)(ii), a cannabis cultivation facility 564 may not: 565 (i) for a facility that cultivates cannabis only indoors [: (A)], use more than 100,000 total square feet [for] of cultivation space[; or (B) hang, suspend, stack or otherwise position 566 567 plants above other plants to cultivate more plants through use of vertical space]; 568 (ii) for a facility that cultivates cannabis only outdoors, use more than four acres for 569 cultivation; and 570 (iii) for a facility that cultivates cannabis through a combination of indoor and outdoor 571 cultivation, use more combined indoor square footage and outdoor acreage than allowed under 572 the department's formula described in Subsection (2)(e). 573 (c) (i) Each licensee may annually apply to the department for authorization to exceed the cannabis cultivation facility's current cultivation size limitation by up to 20%. 574 575 (ii) The department may, after conducting a review as described in Subsection 576 4-41a-205(2)(a), grant the authorization described in Subsection (2)(c)(i). 577 (d) If a licensee describes an intended acreage or square footage under cultivation 578 under Subsection (2)(a)(ii) that is less than the limitation described in Subsection (2)(b): 579 (i) the licensee may not cultivate more than the licensee's identified intended acreage or 580 square footage under cultivation; and 581 (ii) notwithstanding Subsection (2)(b), the department may allocate the remaining 582 difference in acreage or square footage under cultivation to another licensee.

(e) The department shall, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah

584	Administrative Rulemaking Act, establish a formula for combined usage of indoor and outdoor
585	cultivation that:
586	(i) does not exceed, in estimated cultivation yield, the aggregate limitations described
587	in Subsection (2)(b)(i) or (ii); and
588	(ii) allows a cannabis cultivation facility to operate both indoors and outdoors.
589	(f) (i) The department may authorize a cannabis cultivation facility to operate at no
590	more than two separate locations.
591	(ii) If the department authorizes multiple locations under Subsection (2)(f)(i), the two
592	cannabis cultivation facility locations combined may not exceed the cultivation limitations
593	described in this Subsection (2).
594	[(f) Notwithstanding an applicant's proposed operating plan, a cannabis production
595	establishment is subject to land use regulations, as defined in Sections 10-9a-103-and
596	17-27a-103, regarding the availability of outdoor cultivation in an industrial zone.]
597	(3) A cannabis processing facility's operating plan shall include the facility's intended
598	cannabis processing practices, including the cannabis processing facility's intended:
599	(a) offered variety of cannabis product;
600	(b) cannabinoid extraction method;
601	(c) cannabinoid extraction equipment;
602	(d) processing equipment;
603	(e) processing techniques; and
604	(f) sanitation and manufacturing safety procedures for items for human consumption.
605	(4) An independent cannabis testing laboratory's operating plan shall include the
606	laboratory's intended:
607	(a) cannabis and cannabis product testing capability;
608	(b) cannabis and cannabis product testing equipment; and
609	(c) testing methods, standards, practices, and procedures for testing cannabis and
610	cannabis products.
611	(5) Notwithstanding an applicant's proposed operating plan, a cannabis production
612	establishment is subject to land use regulations, as defined in Sections 10-9a-103 and
613	17-27a-103, regarding the availability of outdoor cultivation in an industrial zone.
614	Section 8. Section 4-41a-403 is amended to read:

615	4-41a-403. Advertising.
616	(1) Except as provided in [Subsection (2), (3), or (4)] this section, a cannabis
617	production establishment may not advertise to the general public in any medium.
618	(2) A cannabis production establishment may advertise an employment opportunity at
619	the cannabis production establishment.
620	(3) A cannabis production establishment may maintain a website that:
621	(a) contains information about the establishment and employees; and
622	(b) does not advertise any medical cannabis, cannabis products, or medical cannabis
623	devices.
624	(4) Notwithstanding any municipal or county ordinance prohibiting signage, a cannabis
625	production establishment may use signage on the outside of the cannabis production
626	establishment that:
627	(a) includes only:
628	(i) the cannabis production establishment's name and hours of operation; and
629	(ii) a green cross;
630	(b) does not exceed four feet by five feet in size; and
631	(c) complies with local ordinances regulating signage.
632	(5) (a) A cannabis production establishment may hold an educational event for the
633	public or medical providers in accordance with this Subsection (5) and the rules described in
634	Subsection (5)(c).
635	(b) A cannabis production establishment may not include in an educational event
636	described in Subsection (5)(a):
637	(i) any topic that conflicts with this chapter or Title 26, Chapter 61a, Utah Medical
638	Cannabis Act;
639	(ii) any gift items or merchandise other than educational materials, as those terms are
640	defined by the department;
641	(iii) any marketing for a specific product from the cannabis production establishment;
642	<u>or</u>
643	(iv) a presenter other than the following:
644	(A) a cannabis production establishment agent;
645	(B) a pharmacist licensed under Title 58, Chapter 17b, Pharmacy Practice Act;

646	(C) an advanced practice registered nurse licensed under Title 58, Chapter 31b, Nurse
647	Practice Act;
648	(D) a physician licensed under Title 58, Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice Act, or
649	Title 58, Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical Practice Act;
650	(E) a physician assistant licensed under Title 58, Chapter 70a, Utah Physician Assistant
651	Act; or
652	(F) a state employee.
653	(c) The department shall make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
654	Administrative Rulemaking Act, to define the elements of and restrictions on the educational
655	event described in Subsection (5)(a), including a minimum age of 21 years old for attendees.
656	Section 9. Section 4-41a-404 is amended to read:
657	4-41a-404. Medical cannabis transportation.
658	(1) (a) Only the following individuals may transport cannabis [in a medicinal dosage
659	form, a cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form, or a medical cannabis device] or a
660	cannabis product under this chapter:
661	(i) a registered cannabis production establishment agent; or
662	(ii) a medical cannabis cardholder who is transporting a medical cannabis treatment
663	that the cardholder is authorized to possess under this chapter.
664	(b) Only an agent of a cannabis cultivation facility, when the agent is transporting
665	cannabis plants to a cannabis processing facility or an independent cannabis testing laboratory,
666	may transport unprocessed cannabis outside of a medicinal dosage form.
667	(2) Except for an individual with a valid medical cannabis card under Title 26, Chapter
668	61a, Utah Medical Cannabis Act, who is transporting a medical cannabis treatment shall
669	possess a transportation manifest that:
670	(a) includes a unique identifier that links the cannabis[7] or cannabis product[7, or
671	medical cannabis device] to a relevant inventory control system;
672	(b) includes origin and destination information for any cannabis[;] or cannabis
673	product[, or medical cannabis device] that the individual is transporting; and
674	(c) identifies the departure and arrival times and locations of the individual
675	transporting the cannabis[7] or cannabis product[7, or medical cannabis device].
676	(3) (a) In addition to the requirements in Subsections (1) and (2), the department may

- establish by rule, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, requirements for transporting cannabis [in a medicinal dosage form, a cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form, or a medical cannabis device] or cannabis product to ensure that the cannabis[;] or cannabis product[, or medical cannabis device] remains safe for human consumption.
 - (b) The transportation described in Subsection (3)(a) is limited to transportation:
- (i) between a cannabis [cultivation facility] production establishment and[: (A)] another cannabis [cultivation facility; or (B) a cannabis processing facility] production establishment; and
- (ii) between a cannabis processing facility and [: (A) another cannabis processing facility; (B) an independent cannabis testing laboratory; or (C) a medical cannabis pharmacy.
- (4) (a) It is unlawful for a registered cannabis production establishment agent to make a transport described in this section with a manifest that does not meet the requirements of this section.
 - (b) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(d), an agent who violates Subsection (4)(a) is:
 - (i) guilty of an infraction; and
 - (ii) subject to a \$100 fine.
- (c) An individual who is guilty of a violation described in Subsection (4)(b) is not guilty of a violation of Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act, for the conduct underlying the violation described in Subsection (4)(b).
- (d) If the agent described in Subsection (4)(a) is transporting more cannabis[5] or cannabis product[5, or medical cannabis devices] than the manifest identifies, except for a de minimis administrative error:
 - (i) the penalty described in Subsection (4)(b) does not apply; and
- (ii) the agent is subject to penalties under Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act.
- (5) Nothing in this section prevents the department from taking administrative enforcement action against a cannabis production establishment or another person for failing to make a transport in compliance with the requirements of this section.
- (6) An individual other than an individual described in Subsection (1) may transport a medical cannabis device within the state if the transport does not also contain medical

708	<u>cannabis.</u>
709	Section 10. Section 4-41a-602 is amended to read:
710	4-41a-602. Cannabis product Labeling and child-resistant packaging.
711	(1) For any cannabis product that a cannabis processing facility processes or produces
712	and for any raw cannabis that the facility packages, the facility shall:
713	(a) label the <u>cannabis or</u> cannabis product with a label that:
714	(i) clearly and unambiguously states that the cannabis product or package contains
715	cannabis;
716	(ii) clearly displays the amount of total composite tetrahydrocannabinol and
717	cannabidiol in the labeled container;
718	(iii) has a unique identification number that:
719	(A) is connected to the inventory control system; and
720	(B) identifies the unique cannabis product manufacturing process the cannabis
721	processing facility used to manufacture the cannabis product;
722	(iv) identifies the cannabinoid extraction process that the cannabis processing facility
723	used to create the cannabis product;
724	(v) does not display an image, word, or phrase that the facility knows or should know
725	appeals to children; and
726	(vi) discloses each active or potentially active ingredient, in order of prominence, and
727	possible allergen; and
728	(b) package the raw cannabis or cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form in a
729	container that:
730	(i) [except for a blister pack,] is tamper evident and tamper resistant;
731	(ii) does not appeal to children;
732	(iii) does not mimic a candy container;
733	(iv) [except for a blister pack,] is opaque;
734	(v) complies with child-resistant effectiveness standards that the United States
735	Consumer Product Safety Commission establishes; and
736	(vi) includes a warning label that states: "WARNING: Cannabis has intoxicating
737	effects and may be addictive. Do not operate a vehicle or machinery under its influence. KEEF
738	OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. This product is for medical use only. Use only as directed

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739 by a qualified medical provider." 740 (2) For any cannabis or cannabis product that the cannabis processing facility processes 741 into a gelatinous cube, gelatinous rectangular cuboid, or lozenge in a cube or rectangular 742 cuboid shape, the facility shall: 743 (a) ensure that the label described in Subsection (1)(a) does not contain a photograph or 744 other image of the content of the container; and 745 (b) include on the label described in Subsection (1)(a) a warning about the risks of 746 over-consumption. 747 (3) The department shall make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah 748 Administrative Rulemaking Act[, establishing] to establish: 749 (a) a standard labeling format that: 750 [(a)] (i) complies with the requirements of this section; and 751 [(b)] (ii) ensures inclusion of a pharmacy label[-]; and 752 (b) additional requirements on packaging for cannabis and cannabis products to ensure 753 safety and product quality. 754 Section 11. Section 4-41a-603 is amended to read: 755 4-41a-603. Cannabis product -- Product quality. 756 (1) (a) A cannabis processing facility may not produce a cannabis product in a physical 757 form that: 758 [(a)] (i) the facility knows or should know appeals to children; 759 [(b)] (ii) is designed to mimic or could be mistaken for a candy product; or 760 [(c)] (iii) except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), for a cannabis product used in vaporization other than unprocessed cannabis flower, includes a candy-like flavor or another 761 762 flavor that the facility knows or should know appeals to children. (b) A cannabis processing facility may produce a concentrated oil with a flavor that the 763 764 department approves. 765 (2) A cannabis product may vary in the cannabis product's labeled cannabinoid profile by up to 10% of the indicated amount of a given cannabinoid, by weight. 766

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(3) The department shall adopt by rule, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah

Administrative Rulemaking Act, human safety standards for the manufacturing of cannabis

products that are consistent with best practices for the use of cannabis.

Section 12. Section **26-61-202** is amended to read:

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771	26-61-202. Cannabinoid Product Board Duties.
772	(1) The board shall review any available scientific research related to the human use of
773	cannabis, a cannabinoid product, or an expanded cannabinoid product that:
774	(a) was conducted under a study approved by an IRB; [or]
775	(b) was conducted or approved by the federal government[-]; or
776	(c) (i) was conducted in another country; and
777	(ii) demonstrates, as determined by the board, a sufficient level of scientific reliability
778	and significance to merit the board's review.
779	(2) Based on the research described in Subsection (1), the board shall evaluate the
780	safety and efficacy of cannabis, cannabinoid products, and expanded cannabinoid products,
781	including:
782	(a) medical conditions that respond to cannabis, cannabinoid products, and expanded
783	cannabinoid products;
784	(b) cannabis and cannabinoid dosage amounts and medical dosage forms;
785	(c) interaction of cannabis, cannabinoid products, and expanded cannabinoid products
786	with other treatments; and
787	(d) contraindications, adverse reactions, and potential side effects from use of cannabis,
788	cannabinoid products, and expanded cannabinoid products.
789	(3) Based on the board's evaluation under Subsection (2), the board shall develop
790	guidelines for treatment with cannabis, a cannabinoid product, and an expanded cannabinoid
791	product that include:
792	(a) a list of medical conditions, if any, that the board determines are appropriate for
793	treatment with cannabis, a cannabis product, a cannabinoid product, or an expanded
794	cannabinoid product;
795	(b) a list of contraindications, side effects, and adverse reactions that are associated
796	with use of cannabis, cannabinoid products, or expanded cannabinoid products; [and]
797	(c) a list of potential drug-drug interactions between medications that the United States
798	Food and Drug Administration has approved and cannabis, cannabinoid products, and
799	expanded cannabinoid products[-]; and
800	(d) any other guideline the board determines appropriate.

801	(4) The board shall submit the guidelines described in Subsection (3) to:
802	(a) the director of the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing; and
803	(b) the Health and Human Services Interim Committee.
804	(5) The board shall report the board's findings before November 1 of each year to the
805	Health and Human Services Interim Committee.
806	(6) Guidelines that the board develops under this section may not limit the availability
807	of cannabis, cannabinoid products, or expanded cannabinoid products permitted under Title 4,
808	Chapter 41a, Cannabis Production Establishments, or Title 26, Chapter 61a, Utah Medical
809	Cannabis Act.
810	Section 13. Section 26-61a-102 is amended to read:
811	26-61a-102. Definitions.
812	As used in this chapter:
813	[(1) "Blister" means a plastic cavity or pocket used to contain no more than a single
814	dose of cannabis or a cannabis product in a blister pack.]
815	[(2) "Blister pack" means a plastic, paper, or foil package with multiple blisters each
816	containing no more than a single dose of cannabis or a cannabis product.]
817	[(3)] <u>(1)</u> "Cannabis" means marijuana.
818	[(4)] (2) "Cannabis cultivation facility" means the same as that term is defined in
819	Section 4-41a-102.
820	[(5)] (3) "Cannabis processing facility" means the same as that term is defined in
821	Section 4-41a-102.
822	[(6)] <u>(4)</u> "Cannabis product" means a product that:
823	(a) is intended for human use; and
824	(b) contains cannabis or tetrahydrocannabinol.
825	[(7)] <u>(5)</u> "Cannabis production establishment" means the same as that term is defined
826	in Section 4-41a-102.
827	[(8)] (6) "Cannabis production establishment agent" means the same as that term is
828	defined in Section 4-41a-102.
829	[(9)] (7) "Cannabis production establishment agent registration card" means the same
830	as that term is defined in Section 4-41a-102.
831	[(10)] (8) "Community location" means a public or private elementary or secondary

832	school, [a licensed child-care facility or preschool,] a church, a public library, a public
833	playground, or a public park.
834	[(11)] (9) "Department" means the Department of Health.
835	[(12)] (10) "Designated caregiver" means:
836	(a) an individual:
837	[(a)] (i) whom an individual with a medical cannabis patient card or a medical cannabis
838	guardian card designates as the patient's caregiver; and
839	[(b)] (ii) who registers with the department under Section 26-61a-202[-]; or
840	(b) (i) a facility that an individual designates as a designated caregiver in accordance
841	with Subsection 26-61a-202(1)(b); or
842	(ii) an assigned employee of the facility described in Subsection 26-61a-202(1)(b)(ii).
843	(11) "Directions of use" means recommended routes of administration for a medical
844	cannabis treatment and suggested usage guidelines.
845	$[\frac{(13)}{(12)}]$ "Dosing [parameters] guidelines" means a quantity[, routes,] range and
846	frequency of administration for a recommended treatment of [eannabis in a medicinal dosage
847	form or a cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form] medical cannabis.
848	[(14)] (13) "Financial institution" means a bank, trust company, savings institution, or
849	credit union, chartered and supervised under state or federal law.
850	[(15)] (14) "Home delivery medical cannabis pharmacy" means a medical cannabis
851	pharmacy that the department authorizes, as part of the pharmacy's license, to deliver medical
852	cannabis shipments to a medical cannabis cardholder's home address to fulfill electronic orders
853	that the state central patient portal facilitates.
854	[(16)] (15) "Independent cannabis testing laboratory" means the same as that term is
855	defined in Section 4-41a-102.
856	[(17)] (16) "Inventory control system" means the system described in Section
857	4-41a-103.
858	(17) "Legal dosage limit" means an amount that:
859	(a) is sufficient to provide 30 days of treatment based on the dosing guidelines that the
860	relevant qualified medical provider or the pharmacy medical provider, in accordance with
861	Subsection 26-61a-201(4) or (5), recommends; and
862	(b) may not exceed:

863	(i) for unprocessed cannabis in a medicinal dosage form, 113 grams by weight; and
864	(ii) for a cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form, a quantity that contains, in total,
865	greater than 20 grams of total composite tetrahydrocannabinol.
866	(18) "Legal use termination date" means a date on the label of a container of
867	unprocessed cannabis flower:
868	(a) that is 60 days after the date of purchase of the cannabis; and
869	(b) after which, the cannabis is no longer in a medicinal dosage form outside of the
870	primary residence of the relevant medical cannabis patient cardholder.
871	[(18)] (19) "Marijuana" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37-2.
872	[(19)] (20) "Medical cannabis" means cannabis in a medicinal dosage form or a
873	cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form.
874	[(20)] (21) "Medical cannabis card" means a medical cannabis patient card, a medical
875	cannabis guardian card, or a medical cannabis caregiver card.
876	[(21)] (22) "Medical cannabis cardholder" means:
877	(a) a holder of a medical cannabis card[-]; or
878	(b) a facility or assigned employee, described in Subsection (10)(b), only:
879	(i) within the scope of the facility's or assigned employee's performance of the role of a
880	medical cannabis patient cardholder's caregiver designation under Subsection
881	26-61a-202(1)(b); and
882	(ii) while in possession of documentation that establishes:
883	(A) a caregiver designation described in Subsection 26-61a-202(1)(b);
884	(B) the identity of the individual presenting the documentation; and
885	(C) the relation of the individual presenting the documentation to the caregiver
886	designation.
887	[(22)] (23) "Medical cannabis caregiver card" means an electronic document that a
888	cardholder may print or store on an electronic device or a physical card or document that:
889	(a) the department issues to an individual whom a medical cannabis patient cardholder
890	or a medical cannabis guardian cardholder designates as a designated caregiver; and
891	(b) is connected to the electronic verification system.
892	[(23)] (24) "Medical cannabis courier" means a courier that:
893	(a) the department licenses in accordance with Section 26-61a-604; and

894	(b) contracts with a home delivery medical cannabis pharmacy to deliver medical
895	cannabis shipments to fulfill electronic orders that the state central patient portal facilitates.
896	[(24)] (25) (a) "Medical cannabis device" means a device that an individual uses to
897	ingest or inhale cannabis in a medicinal dosage form or a cannabis product in a medicinal
898	dosage form.
899	(b) "Medical cannabis device" does not include a device that:
900	(i) facilitates cannabis combustion; or
901	(ii) an individual uses to ingest substances other than cannabis.
902	[(25)] (26) "Medical cannabis guardian card" means an electronic document that a
903	cardholder may print or store on an electronic device or a physical card or document that:
904	(a) the department issues to the parent or legal guardian of a minor with a qualifying
905	condition; and
906	(b) is connected to the electronic verification system.
907	[(26)] (27) "Medical cannabis patient card" means an electronic document that a
908	cardholder may print or store on an electronic device or a physical card or document that:
909	(a) the department issues to an individual with a qualifying condition; and
910	(b) is connected to the electronic verification system.
911	[(27)] (28) "Medical cannabis pharmacy" means a person that:
912	(a) (i) acquires or intends to acquire:
913	(A) cannabis in a medicinal dosage form or a cannabis product in a medicinal dosage
914	form from a cannabis processing facility; or
915	(B) a medical cannabis device; or
916	(ii) possesses cannabis in a medicinal dosage form, a cannabis product in a medicinal
917	dosage form, or a medical cannabis device; and
918	(b) sells or intends to sell cannabis in a medicinal dosage form, a cannabis product in a
919	medicinal dosage form, or a medical cannabis device to a medical cannabis cardholder.
920	[(28)] (29) "Medical cannabis pharmacy agent" means an individual who:
921	(a) is an employee of a medical cannabis pharmacy; and
922	(b) who holds a valid medical cannabis pharmacy agent registration card.
923	[(29)] (30) "Medical cannabis pharmacy agent registration card" means a registration
924	card issued by the department that authorizes an individual to act as a medical cannabis

925	pharmacy agent.
926	[(30)] (31) "Medical cannabis shipment" means a shipment of medical cannabis or a
927	medical cannabis product that a home delivery medical cannabis pharmacy or a medical
928	cannabis courier delivers to a medical cannabis cardholder's home address to fulfill an
929	electronic medical cannabis order that the state central patient portal facilitates.
930	[(31)] (32) "Medical cannabis treatment" means cannabis in a medicinal dosage form, a
931	cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form, or a medical cannabis device.
932	[(32)] <u>(33)</u> (a) "Medicinal dosage form" means:
933	(i) for processed medical cannabis or a medical cannabis product, the following with a
934	specific and consistent cannabinoid content:
935	(A) a tablet;
936	(B) a capsule;
937	(C) a concentrated <u>liquid or viscous</u> oil;
938	(D) a liquid suspension;
939	(E) a topical preparation;
940	(F) a transdermal preparation;
941	(G) a sublingual preparation;
942	(H) a gelatinous cube, gelatinous rectangular cuboid, or lozenge in a cube or
943	rectangular cuboid shape; or
944	(I) [for use only after the individual's qualifying condition has failed to substantially
945	respond to at least two other forms described in this Subsection (32)(a)(i),] a resin or wax;
946	(ii) for unprocessed cannabis flower, [a blister pack, with each individual blister] a
947	container described in Section 4-41a-602 that:
948	(A) [containing a specific and consistent weight that does not exceed one gram and]
949	contains cannabis flowers in a quantity that varies by no more than 10% from the stated weight
950	at the time of packaging; [and]
951	(B) at any time the medical cannabis cardholder transports or possesses the container in
952	public, is contained within an opaque, child-resistant bag that the medical cannabis pharmacy
953	provides; and
954	[(B)] (C) [after December 31, 2020,] is labeled with the container's content and
955	weight, the date of purchase, the legal use termination date, and after December 31, 2020, a

956	barcode that provides information connected to an inventory control system [and the individual
957	blister's content and weight]; and
958	(iii) a form measured in grams, milligrams, or milliliters.
959	(b) "Medicinal dosage form" includes a portion of unprocessed cannabis flower that:
960	(i) the medical cannabis cardholder has recently removed from the [blister pack]
961	container described in Subsection [(32)] (33)(a)(ii) for use; and
962	(ii) does not exceed the quantity described in Subsection [(32)] (33)(a)(ii).
963	(c) "Medicinal dosage form" does not include:
964	(i) any unprocessed cannabis flower outside of the [blister pack] container described in
965	Subsection (33)(a)(ii), except as provided in Subsection [(32)] (33)(b); [or]
966	(ii) any unprocessed cannabis flower in a container described in Subsection (33)(a)(ii)
967	after the legal use termination date; or
968	[(ii)] (iii) a process of vaporizing and inhaling concentrated cannabis by placing the
969	cannabis on a nail or other metal object that is heated by a flame, including a blowtorch.
970	(34) "Nonresident patient" means an individual who:
971	(a) is not a resident of Utah or has been a resident of Utah for less than 45 days;
972	(b) has a currently valid medical cannabis card or the equivalent of a medical cannabis
973	card under the laws of another state, district, territory, commonwealth, or insular possession of
974	the United States; and
975	(c) has been diagnosed with a qualifying condition as described in Section 26-61a-104.
976	[(33)] (35) "Payment provider" means an entity that contracts with a cannabis
977	production establishment or medical cannabis pharmacy to facilitate transfers of funds between
978	the establishment or pharmacy and other businesses or individuals.
979	[(34)] (36) "Pharmacy medical provider" means the medical provider required to be on
980	site at a medical cannabis pharmacy under Section 26-61a-403.
981	[(35)] (37) "Provisional patient card" means a card that:
982	(a) the department issues to a minor with a qualifying condition for whom:
983	(i) a qualified medical provider has recommended a medical cannabis treatment; and
984	(ii) the department issues a medical cannabis guardian card to the minor's parent or
985	legal guardian; and
986	(b) is connected to the electronic verification system.

987	[(36)] (38) "Qualified medical provider" means an individual who is qualified to
988	recommend treatment with cannabis in a medicinal dosage form under Section 26-61a-106.
989	[(37)] (39) "Qualified Patient Enterprise Fund" means the enterprise fund created in
990	Section 26-61a-109.
991	[(38)] (40) "Qualifying condition" means a condition described in Section 26-61a-104.
992	(41) "Recommend" or "recommendation" means, for a qualified medical provider, the
993	act of suggesting the use of medical cannabis treatment, which:
994	(a) certifies the patient's eligibility for a medical cannabis card; and
995	(b) may include, at the qualified medical provider's discretion, directions of use, with
996	or without dosing guidelines.
997	[(39)] (42) "State central patient portal" means the website the department creates, in
998	accordance with Section 26-61a-601, to facilitate patient safety, education, and an electronic
999	medical cannabis order.
1000	[(40)] (43) "State central patient portal medical provider" means a physician or
1001	pharmacist that the department employs in relation to the state central patient portal to consult
1002	with medical cannabis cardholders in accordance with Section 26-61a-602.
1003	[(41)] (44) "State electronic verification system" means the system described in Section
1004	26-61a-103.
1005	[(42)] (45) "Valid form of photo identification" means a valid United States federal- or
1006	state-issued photo identification, including:
1007	(a) a driver license;
1008	(b) a United States passport;
1009	(c) a United States passport card; or
1010	(d) a United States military identification card.
1011	Section 14. Section 26-61a-103 is amended to read:
1012	26-61a-103. Electronic verification system.
1013	(1) The Department of Agriculture and Food, the department, the Department of Public
1014	Safety, and the Department of Technology Services shall:
1015	(a) enter into a memorandum of understanding in order to determine the function and
1016	operation of the state electronic verification system in accordance with Subsection (2);
1017	(b) coordinate with the Division of Purchasing, under Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah

1018	Procurement Code, to develop a request for proposals for a third-party provider to develop and
1019	maintain the state electronic verification system in coordination with the Department of
1020	Technology Services; and
1021	(c) select a third-party provider who:
1022	(i) meets the requirements contained in the request for proposals issued under
1023	Subsection (1)(b); and
1024	(ii) may not have any commercial or ownership interest in a cannabis production
1025	establishment or a medical cannabis pharmacy.
1026	(2) The Department of Agriculture and Food, the department, the Department of Public
1027	Safety, and the Department of Technology Services shall ensure that, on or before March 1,
1028	2020, the state electronic verification system described in Subsection (1):
1029	(a) allows an individual[, with the individual's qualified medical provider in the
1030	qualified medical provider's office,] to apply for a medical cannabis patient card or, if
1031	applicable, a medical cannabis guardian card, provided that the card may not become active
1032	until the relevant qualified medical provider completes the associated medical cannabis
1033	recommendation;
1034	(b) allows an individual to apply to renew a medical cannabis patient card or a medical
1035	cannabis guardian card in accordance with Section 26-61a-201;
1036	(c) allows a qualified medical provider, or an employee described in Subsection (3)
1037	acting on behalf of the qualified medical provider, to:
1038	(i) access dispensing and card status information regarding a patient:
1039	(A) with whom the qualified medical provider has a provider-patient relationship; and
1040	(B) for whom the qualified medical provider has recommended or is considering
1041	recommending a medical cannabis card;
1042	(ii) electronically recommend, [during a] after an initial face-to-face visit with a patient
1043	described in Subsection 26-61a-201(4)(b), treatment with cannabis in a medicinal dosage form
1044	or a cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form and optionally recommend dosing
1045	[parameters] guidelines;
1046	(iii) electronically renew a recommendation to a medical cannabis patient cardholder or
1047	medical cannabis guardian cardholder:

(A) using telehealth services, for the qualified medical provider who originally

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1049	recommended a medical cannabis treatment[, as that term is defined in Section 26-61a-102,
1050	using telehealth services] during a face-to-face visit with the patient; or
1051	(B) during a face-to-face visit with the patient, for a qualified medical provider who
1052	did not originally recommend the medical cannabis treatment[7] during a face-to-face visit
1053	[with a patient]; and
1054	(iv) notate a determination of physical difficulty or undue hardship, described in
1055	Subsection 26-61a-202(1), to qualify a patient to designate a caregiver;
1056	(d) connects with:
1057	(i) an inventory control system that a medical cannabis pharmacy uses to track in real
1058	time and archive purchases of any cannabis in a medicinal dosage form, cannabis product in a
1059	medicinal dosage form, or a medical cannabis device, including:
1060	(A) the time and date of each purchase;
1061	(B) the quantity and type of cannabis, cannabis product, or medical cannabis device
1062	purchased;
1063	(C) any cannabis production establishment, any medical cannabis pharmacy, or any
1064	medical cannabis courier associated with the cannabis, cannabis product, or medical cannabis
1065	device; and
1066	(D) the personally identifiable information of the medical cannabis cardholder who
1067	made the purchase; and
1068	(ii) any commercially available inventory control system that a cannabis production
1069	establishment utilizes in accordance with Section 4-41a-103 to use data that the Department of
1070	Agriculture and Food requires by rule, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
1071	Administrative Rulemaking Act, from the inventory tracking system that a licensee uses to
1072	track and confirm compliance;
1073	(e) provides access to:
1074	(i) the department to the extent necessary to carry out the department's functions and
1075	responsibilities under this chapter;
1076	(ii) the Department of Agriculture and Food to the extent necessary to carry out the

functions and responsibilities of the Department of Agriculture and Food under Title 4, Chapter

(iii) the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing to the extent necessary to

41a, Cannabis Production Establishments; and

1080	carry out the functions and responsibilities related to the participation of the following in the
1081	recommendation and dispensing of medical cannabis:
1082	(A) a pharmacist licensed under Title 58, Chapter 17b, Pharmacy Practice Act;
1083	(B) an advanced practice registered nurse licensed under Title 58, Chapter 31b, Nurse
1084	Practice Act;
1085	(C) a physician licensed under Title 58, Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice Act, or
1086	Title 58, Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical Practice Act; or
1087	(D) a physician assistant licensed under Title 58, Chapter 70a, Utah Physician
1088	Assistant Act;
1089	(f) provides access to and interaction with the state central patient portal;
1090	(g) provides access to state or local law enforcement:
1091	(i) during a [traffic stop] law enforcement encounter for the purpose of determining if
1092	the individual subject to the [traffic stop] law enforcement encounter is in compliance with
1093	state medical cannabis law; or
1094	(ii) after obtaining a warrant; and
1095	(h) creates a record each time a person accesses the database that identifies the person
1096	who accesses the database and the individual whose records the person accesses.
1097	(3) (a) Beginning on the earlier of January 1, 2021, or the date on which the electronic
1098	verification system is functionally capable of allowing employee access under this Subsection
1099	(3), an employee of a qualified medical provider may access the electronic verification system
1100	for a purpose described in Subsection (2)(c) on behalf of the qualified medical provider if:
1101	(i) the qualified medical provider has designated the employee as an individual
1102	authorized to access the electronic verification system on behalf of the qualified medical
1103	provider;
1104	(ii) the qualified medical provider provides written notice to the department of the
1105	employee's identity and the designation described in Subsection (3)(a)(i); and
1106	(iii) the department grants to the employee access to the electronic verification system
1107	(b) An employee of a business that employs a qualified medical provider may access
1108	the electronic verification system for a purpose described in Subsection (2)(c) on behalf of the
1109	qualified medical provider if:
1110	(i) the qualified medical provider has designated the employee as an individual

1111	authorized to access the electronic verification system on behalf of the qualified medical
1112	provider;
1113	(ii) the qualified medical provider and the employing business jointly provide written
1114	notice to the department of the employee's identity and the designation described in Subsection
1115	(3)(b)(i); and
1116	(iii) the department grants to the employee access to the electronic verification system.
1117	[(3)] (4) The department may release limited data that the system collects for the
1118	purpose of:
1119	(a) conducting medical and other department approved research;
1120	(b) providing the report required by Section 26-61a-703; and
1121	(c) other official department purposes.
1122	[(4)] (5) The department shall make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
1123	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to establish:
1124	(a) the limitations on access to the data in the state electronic verification system as
1125	described in this section; and
1126	(b) standards and procedures to ensure accurate identification of an individual
1127	requesting information or receiving information in this section.
1128	[(5)] (6) (a) Any person who knowingly and intentionally releases any information in
1129	the state electronic verification system in violation of this section is guilty of a third degree
1130	felony.
1131	(b) Any person who negligently or recklessly releases any information in the state
1132	electronic verification system in violation of this section is guilty of a class C misdemeanor.
1133	[(6)] (7) (a) Any person who obtains or attempts to obtain information from the state
1134	electronic verification system by misrepresentation or fraud is guilty of a third degree felony.
1135	(b) Any person who obtains or attempts to obtain information from the state electronic
1136	verification system for a purpose other than a purpose this chapter authorizes is guilty of a third
1137	degree felony.
1138	[(7)] (8) (a) Except as provided in Subsection [(7)] (8)(e), a person may not knowingly
1139	and intentionally use, release, publish, or otherwise make available to any other person
1140	information obtained from the state electronic verification system for any purpose other than a
1141	purpose specified in this section.

1142	(b) Each separate violation of this Subsection $[\frac{(7)}{(8)}]$ is:
1143	(i) a third degree felony; and
1144	(ii) subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$5,000.
1145	(c) The department shall determine a civil violation of this Subsection $[\frac{7}{(7)}]$ in
1146	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act.
1147	(d) Civil penalties assessed under this Subsection [(7)] <u>(8)</u> shall be deposited into the
1148	General Fund.
1149	(e) This Subsection [(7)] <u>(8)</u> does not prohibit a person who obtains information from
1150	the state electronic verification system under Subsection (2)(a), (c), or (f) from:
1151	(i) including the information in the person's medical chart or file for access by a person
1152	authorized to review the medical chart or file;
1153	(ii) providing the information to a person in accordance with the requirements of the
1154	Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996; or
1155	(iii) discussing or sharing that information about the patient with the patient.
1156	Section 15. Section 26-61a-104 is amended to read:
1157	26-61a-104. Qualifying condition.
1158	(1) By designating a particular condition under Subsection (2) for which the use of
1159	medical cannabis to treat symptoms is decriminalized, the Legislature does not conclusively
1160	state that:
1161	(a) current scientific evidence clearly supports the efficacy of a medical cannabis
1162	treatment for the condition; or
1163	(b) a medical cannabis treatment will treat, cure, or positively affect the condition.
1164	(2) For the purposes of this chapter, each of the following conditions is a qualifying
1165	condition:
1166	(a) HIV or acquired immune deficiency syndrome;
1167	(b) Alzheimer's disease;
1168	(c) amyotrophic lateral sclerosis;
1169	(d) cancer;
1170	(e) cachexia;
1171	(f) persistent nausea that is not significantly responsive to traditional treatment, except
1172	for nausea related to:

1173	(i) pregnancy;
1174	(ii) cannabis-induced cyclical vomiting syndrome; or
1175	(iii) cannabinoid hyperemesis syndrome;
1176	(g) Crohn's disease or ulcerative colitis;
1177	(h) epilepsy or debilitating seizures;
1178	(i) multiple sclerosis or persistent and debilitating muscle spasms;
1179	(j) post-traumatic stress disorder that is being treated and monitored by a licensed
1180	mental health therapist, as that term is defined in Section 58-60-102, and that:
1181	(i) has been diagnosed by a healthcare provider or mental health provider employed or
1182	contracted by the United States Veterans Administration, evidenced by copies of medical
1183	records from the United States Veterans Administration that are included as part of the
1184	qualified medical provider's pre-treatment assessment and medical record documentation; or
1185	(ii) has been diagnosed or confirmed, through face-to-face or telehealth evaluation of
1186	the patient, by a provider who is:
1187	(A) a licensed board-eligible or board-certified psychiatrist;
1188	(B) a licensed psychologist with a [doctorate] master's-level degree;
1189	(C) a licensed clinical social worker with a [doctorate] master's-level degree; or
1190	(D) a licensed advanced practice registered nurse who is qualified to practice within
1191	the psychiatric mental health nursing speciality and who has completed the clinical practice
1192	requirements in psychiatric mental health nursing, including in psychotherapy, in accordance
1193	with Subsection 58-31b-302(4)(g);
1194	(k) autism;
1195	(l) a terminal illness when the patient's remaining life expectancy is less than six
1196	months;
1197	(m) a condition resulting in the individual receiving hospice care;
1198	(n) a rare condition or disease that:
1199	(i) affects less than 200,000 individuals in the United States, as defined in Section 526
1200	of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act; and
1201	(ii) is not adequately managed despite treatment attempts using:
1202	(A) conventional medications other than opioids or opiates; or
1203	(B) physical interventions:

1204	(o) pain lasting longer than two weeks that is not adequately managed, in the qualified
1205	medical provider's opinion, despite treatment attempts using:
1206	(i) conventional medications other than opioids or opiates; or
1207	(ii) physical interventions; and
1208	(p) a condition that the [compassionate use board] Compassionate Use Board approves
1209	under Section 26-61a-105, on an individual, case-by-case basis.
1210	Section 16. Section 26-61a-105 is amended to read:
1211	26-61a-105. Compassionate Use Board.
1212	(1) (a) The department shall establish a [compassionate use board] Compassionate Use
1213	Board consisting of:
1214	(i) seven qualified medical providers that the executive director appoints and the
1215	Senate confirms:
1216	(A) who are knowledgeable about the medicinal use of cannabis;
1217	(B) who are physicians licensed under Title 58, Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice Act
1218	or Title 58, Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical Practice Act; and
1219	(C) whom the appropriate board certifies in the specialty of neurology, pain medicine
1220	and pain management, medical oncology, psychiatry, infectious disease, internal medicine,
1221	pediatrics, or gastroenterology; and
1222	(ii) as a nonvoting member and the chair of the [board] Compassionate Use Board, the
1223	executive director or the director's designee.
1224	(b) In appointing the seven qualified medical providers described in Subsection (1)(a),
1225	the executive director shall ensure that at least two have a board certification in pediatrics.
1226	(2) (a) Of the members of the [board] Compassionate Use Board that the executive
1227	director first appoints:
1228	(i) three shall serve an initial term of two years; and
1229	(ii) the remaining members shall serve an initial term of four years.
1230	(b) After an initial term described in Subsection (2)(a) expires:
1231	(i) each term is four years; and
1232	(ii) each board member is eligible for reappointment.
1233	(c) A member of the [board] Compassionate Use Board may serve until a successor is
1234	appointed.

1235	(3) Four members constitute a quorum of the [compassionate use board]
1236	Compassionate Use Board.
1237	(4) A member of the [board] Compassionate Use Board may receive:
1238	(a) <u>notwithstanding Section 63A-3-106</u> , compensation or benefits for the member's
1239	service; and
1240	(b) [per diem and] travel expenses in accordance with [Section 63A-3-106,] Section
1241	63A-3-107[-] and rules made by the Division of Finance [pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and]
1242	in accordance with Section 63A-3-107.
1243	(5) The [compassionate use board] Compassionate Use Board shall:
1244	(a) review and recommend for department approval a petition to the board regarding ar
1245	individual described in Subsection 26-61a-201(2)(a), a minor described in Subsection
1246	26-61a-201(2)(c), or an individual who is not otherwise qualified to receive a medical cannabis
1247	card to obtain a medical cannabis card for compassionate use if:
1248	(i) for an individual who is not otherwise qualified to receive a medical cannabis card,
1249	the individual's qualified medical provider is actively treating the individual for an intractable
1250	condition that:
1251	(A) substantially impairs the individual's quality of life; and
1252	(B) has not, in the qualified medical provider's professional opinion, adequately
1253	responded to conventional treatments;
1254	(ii) the qualified medical provider:
1255	(A) recommends that the individual or minor be allowed to use medical cannabis; and
1256	(B) provides a letter, relevant treatment history, and notes or copies of progress notes
1257	describing relevant treatment history including rationale for considering the use of medical
1258	cannabis; and
1259	(iii) the [board] Compassionate Use Board determines that:
1260	(A) the recommendation of the individual's qualified medical provider is justified; and
1261	(B) based on available information, it may be in the best interests of the individual to
1262	allow the use of medical cannabis;
1263	(b) review and approve or deny the use of a medical cannabis device for an individual
1264	described in Subsection 26-61a-201(2)(a) or a minor described in Subsection 26-61a-201(2)(c)
1265	if the individual's or minor's qualified medical provider recommends that the individual or

1266	minor be allowed to use a medical cannabis device to vaporize the medical cannabis treatment;
1267	[(b)] (c) unless no petitions are pending:
1268	(i) meet to receive or review compassionate use petitions at least quarterly; and
1269	(ii) if there are more petitions than the board can receive or review during the board's
1270	regular schedule, as often as necessary;
1271	[(c)] (d) except as provided in Subsection (6), complete a review of each petition and
1272	recommend to the department approval or denial of the applicant for qualification for a medical
1273	cannabis card within 90 days after the day on which the board received the petition; [and]
1274	(e) consult with the department regarding the criteria described in Subsection (6); and
1275	[(d)] (f) report, before November 1 of each year, to the Health and Human Services
1276	Interim Committee:
1277	(i) the number of compassionate use recommendations the board issued during the past
1278	year; and
1279	(ii) the types of conditions for which the board [approved] recommended
1280	compassionate use.
1281	(6) The department shall make rules, in consultation with the Compassionate Use
1282	Board and in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to
1283	establish a process and criteria for a petition to the board to automatically qualify for expedited
1284	final review and approval or denial by the department in cases where, in the determination of
1285	the department and the board:
1286	(a) time is of the essence;
1287	(b) engaging the full review process would be unreasonable in light of the petitioner's
1288	physical condition; and
1289	(c) sufficient factors are present regarding the petitioner's safety.
1290	[(6)] (7) (a) (i) The department shall review:
1291	(A) any compassionate use for which the [board] Compassionate Use Board
1292	recommends approval under Subsection $(5)[(c)](d)$ to determine whether the board properly
1293	exercised the board's discretion under this section[:]; and
1294	(B) any expedited petitions the department receives under the process described in
1295	Subsection (6).
1296	(ii) If the department determines that the [board] Compassionate Use Board properly

1297	exercised the board's discretion in recommending approval under Subsection (5)[(e)](d) or that
1298	the expedited petition merits approval based on the criteria established in accordance with
1299	Subsection (6), the department shall:
1300	(A) issue the relevant medical cannabis card; and
1301	(B) provide for the renewal of the medical cannabis card in accordance with the
1302	recommendation of the qualified medical provider described in Subsection (5)(a).
1303	(b) (i) If the [board] Compassionate Use Board recommends denial under Subsection
1304	(5)[(c)](d), the individual seeking to obtain a medical cannabis card may petition the
1305	department to review the board's decision.
1306	(ii) If the department determines that the [board's] Compassionate Use Board's
1307	recommendation for denial under Subsection (5)[(c)](d) was arbitrary or capricious:
1308	(A) the department shall notify the [board] Compassionate Use Board of the
1309	department's determination; and
1310	(B) the board shall reconsider the [board's] Compassionate Use Board's refusal to
1311	recommend approval under this section.
1312	(c) In reviewing the [board's] Compassionate Use Board's recommendation for
1313	approval or denial under Subsection (5)[(e)]((d)) in accordance with this Subsection [(6)]((7)), the
1314	department shall presume the board properly exercised the board's discretion unless the
1315	department determines that the board's recommendation was arbitrary or capricious.
1316	[(7)] (8) Any individually identifiable health information contained in a petition that
1317	the [board] Compassionate Use Board or department receives under this section is a protected
1318	record in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management
1319	Act.
1320	[(8)] (9) The [compassionate use board] Compassionate Use Board shall annually
1321	report the board's activity to the Cannabinoid Product Board created in Section 26-61-201.
1322	Section 17. Section 26-61a-106 is amended to read:
1323	26-61a-106. Qualified medical provider registration Continuing education
1324	Treatment recommendation.
1325	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), an individual may not recommend a
1326	medical cannabis treatment unless the department registers the individual as a qualified
1327	medical provider in accordance with this section.

1328	(b) An individual who meets the qualifications in Subsections 26-61a-106(2)(a)(iii)
1329	and (iv) may recommend a medical cannabis treatment without registering under Subsection
1330	(1)(a) until January 1, 2021.
1331	(2) (a) The department shall, within 15 days after the day on which the department
1332	receives an application from an individual, register and issue a qualified medical provider
1333	registration card to the individual if the individual:
1334	(i) provides to the department the individual's name and address;
1335	(ii) provides to the department a report detailing the individual's completion of the
1336	applicable continuing education requirement described in Subsection (3);
1337	(iii) provides to the department evidence that the individual:
1338	(A) has the authority to write a prescription;
1339	(B) is licensed to prescribe a controlled substance under Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah
1340	Controlled Substances Act; and
1341	(C) possesses the authority, in accordance with the individual's scope of practice, to
1342	prescribe a Schedule II controlled substance;
1343	(iv) provides to the department evidence that the individual is:
1344	(A) an advanced practice registered nurse licensed under Title 58, Chapter 31b, Nurse
1345	Practice Act;
1346	(B) a physician licensed under Title 58, Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice Act, or
1347	Title 58, Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical Practice Act; or
1348	(C) a physician assistant licensed under Title 58, Chapter 70a, Utah Physician Assistant
1349	Act, whose declaration of services agreement, as that term is defined in Section 58-70a-102,
1350	includes the recommending of medical cannabis, and whose supervising physician is a
1351	qualified medical provider; and
1352	(v) pays the department a fee in an amount that:
1353	(A) the department sets, in accordance with Section 63J-1-504; and
1354	(B) does not exceed \$300 for an initial registration.
1355	(b) The department may not register an individual as a qualified medical provider if the
1356	individual is:
1357	(i) a pharmacy medical provider; or
1358	(ii) an owner, officer, director, board member, employee, or agent of a cannabis

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1359	production establishment, a medical cannabis pharmacy, or a medical cannabis courier.
1360	(3) (a) An individual shall complete the continuing education described in this
1361	Subsection (3) in the following amounts:
1362	(i) for an individual as a condition precedent to registration, four hours; and
1363	(ii) for a qualified medical provider as a condition precedent to renewal, four hours
1364	every two years.
1365	(b) In accordance with Subsection (3)(a), a qualified medical provider shall:
1366	(i) complete continuing education:
1367	(A) regarding the topics described in Subsection (3)(d); and
1368	(B) offered by the department under Subsection (3)(c) or an accredited or approved
1369	continuing education provider that the department recognizes as offering continuing education
1370	appropriate for the recommendation of cannabis to patients; and
1371	(ii) make a continuing education report to the department in accordance with a process
1372	that the department establishes by rule, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
1373	Administrative Rulemaking Act, and in collaboration with the Division of Occupational and
1374	Professional Licensing and:
1375	(A) for an advanced practice registered nurse licensed under Title 58, Chapter 31b,
1376	Nurse Practice Act, the Board of Nursing;
1377	(B) for a qualified medical provider licensed under Title 58, Chapter 67, Utah Medical
1378	Practice Act, the Physicians Licensing Board;
1379	(C) for a qualified medical provider licensed under Title 58, Chapter 68, Utah
1380	Osteopathic Medical Practice Act, the Osteopathic Physician and Surgeon's Licensing Board;
1381	and
1382	(D) for a physician assistant licensed under Title 58, Chapter 70a, Utah Physician
1383	Assistant Act, the Physician Assistant Licensing Board.
1384	(c) The department may, in consultation with the Division of Occupational and
1385	Professional Licensing, develop the continuing education described in this Subsection (3).
1386	(d) The continuing education described in this Subsection (3) may discuss:
1387	(i) the provisions of this chapter;
1388	(ii) general information about medical cannabis under federal and state law;
1389	(iii) the latest scientific research on the endocannabinoid system and medical cannabis,

including risks and benefits;

- (iv) recommendations for medical cannabis as it relates to the continuing care of a patient in pain management, risk management, potential addiction, or palliative care; and
- (v) best practices for recommending the form and dosage of medical cannabis products based on the qualifying condition underlying a medical cannabis recommendation.
- (4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b) [or (c)], a qualified medical provider may not recommend a medical cannabis treatment to more than [175] 275 of the qualified medical provider's patients at the same time, as determined by the number of medical cannabis cards under the qualified medical provider's name in the state electronic verification system.
- (b) [Except as provided in Subsection (4)(c), a] \underline{A} qualified medical provider may recommend a medical cannabis treatment to up to [300] 600 of the qualified medical provider's patients at any given time, as determined by the number of medical cannabis cards under the qualified medical provider's name in the state electronic verification system, if:
- (i) the appropriate American medical board has certified the qualified medical provider in the specialty of anesthesiology, gastroenterology, neurology, oncology, pain, hospice and palliative medicine, physical medicine and rehabilitation, rheumatology, <u>endocrinology</u>, or psychiatry; or
- (ii) a licensed business employs or contracts with the qualified medical provider for the specific purpose of providing hospice and palliative care.
- [(c) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(b), a qualified medical provider described in Subsection (4)(b) may petition the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing for authorization to exceed the limit described in Subsection (4)(b) by graduating increments of 100 patients per authorization, not to exceed three authorizations.]
- [(ii) The Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing shall grant the authorization described in Subsection (4)(c)(i) if:]
 - [(A) the petitioning qualified medical provider pays a \$100 fee;]
- [(B) the division performs a review that includes the qualified medical provider's medical cannabis recommendation activity in the state electronic verification system, relevant information related to patient demand, and any patient medical records that the division determines would assist in the division's review; and]
 - (C) after the review described in this Subsection (4)(c)(ii), the division determines that

1421	granting the authorization would not adversely affect public safety, adversely concentrate the
1422	overall patient population among too few qualified medical providers, or adversely concentrate
1423	the use of medical cannabis among the provider's patients.]
1424	(5) A qualified medical provider may recommend medical cannabis to an individual
1425	under this chapter only in the course of a qualified medical provider-patient relationship after
1426	the qualifying medical provider has completed and documented in the patient's medical record
1427	a thorough assessment of the patient's condition and medical history based on the appropriate
1428	standard of care for the patient's condition.
1429	(6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), [a qualified medical provider] an
1430	individual may not advertise that the [qualified medical provider] individual recommends
1431	medical cannabis treatment in accordance with this chapter.
1432	(b) For purposes of Subsection (6)(a), the communication of the following, through a
1433	website, by an individual described in Subsection (6)(c), does not constitute advertising:
1434	(i) a green cross;
1435	(ii) a qualifying condition that the qualified medical provider treats; or
1436	(iii) a scientific study regarding medical cannabis use.
1437	(c) The following may communicate the content described in Subsection (6)(b):
1438	(i) before the department begins registering qualified medical providers:
1439	(A) an advanced practice registered nurse described in Subsection (2)(a)(iv)(A);
1440	(B) a physician described in Subsection (2)(a)(iv)(B); or
1441	(C) a physician assistant described in Subsection (2)(a)(iv)(C); and
1442	(ii) after the department begins registering qualified medical providers, a qualified
1443	medical provider.
1444	(7) (a) A qualified medical provider registration card expires two years after the day or
1445	which the department issues the card.
1446	(b) The department shall renew a qualified medical provider's registration card if the
1447	provider:
1448	(i) applies for renewal;
1449	(ii) is eligible for a qualified medical provider registration card under this section,
1450	including maintaining an unrestricted license as described in Subsection (2)(a)(iii);

(iii) certifies to the department in a renewal application that the information in

Subsection (2)(a) is accurate or updates the information;

1453	(iv) submits a report detailing the completion of the continuing education requirement
1454	described in Subsection (3); and
1455	(v) pays the department a fee in an amount that:
1456	(A) the department sets, in accordance with Section 63J-1-504; and
1457	(B) does not exceed \$50 for a registration renewal.
1458	(8) The department may revoke the registration of a qualified medical provider who
1459	fails to maintain compliance with the requirements of this section.
1460	(9) A qualified medical provider may not receive any compensation or benefit for the
1461	qualified medical provider's medical cannabis treatment recommendation from:
1462	(a) a cannabis production establishment or an owner, officer, director, board member,
1463	employee, or agent of a cannabis production establishment;
1464	(b) a medical cannabis pharmacy or an owner, officer, director, board member,
1465	employee, or agent of a medical cannabis pharmacy; or
1466	(c) a qualified medical provider or pharmacy medical provider.
1467	Section 18. Section 26-61a-111 is amended to read:
1468	26-61a-111. Nondiscrimination for medical care or government employment
1469	Notice to prospective and current public employees No effect on private employers.
1470	(1) For purposes of medical care, including an organ or tissue transplant, a patient's
1471	use, in accordance with this chapter, of cannabis in a medicinal dosage form or a cannabis
1472	product in a medicinal dosage form:
1473	(a) is considered the equivalent of the authorized use of any other medication used at
1474	the discretion of a physician; and
1475	(b) does not constitute the use of an illicit substance or otherwise disqualify an
1476	individual from needed medical care.
1477	(2) (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law and except as provided in
1478	Subsection (2)(b), the state or any political subdivision shall treat an employee's use of medical
1479	cannabis in accordance with this chapter or Section 58-37-3.7 in the same way the state or
1480	political subdivision treats employee use of any prescribed controlled substance.
1481	(b) A state or political subdivision employee who has a valid medical cannabis card is

- due to marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinol without evidence that the employee was impaired or otherwise adversely affected in the employee's job performance due to the use of medical cannabis.
- [(b)] (c) [Subsection] Subsections (2)(a) [does] and (b) do not apply where the application of Subsection (2)(a) or (b) would jeopardize federal funding, a federal security clearance, or any other federal background determination required for the employee's position, or if the employee's position is dependent on a license that is subject to federal regulations.
- (3) (a) (i) A state employer or a political subdivision employer shall take the action described in Subsection (3)(a)(ii) before:
- (A) giving to a current employee an assignment or duty that arises from or directly relates to an obligation under this chapter; or
- (B) hiring a prospective employee whose assignments or duties would include an assignment or duty that arises from or directly relates to an obligation under this chapter.
- (ii) The employer described in Subsection (3)(a)(i) shall give the employee or prospective employee described in Subsection (3)(a)(i) a written notice that notifies the employee or prospective employee:
- (A) that the employee's or prospective employee's job duties may require the employee or prospective employee to engage in conduct which is in violation of the criminal laws of the United States; and
- (B) that in accepting a job or undertaking a duty described in Subsection (3)(a)(i), although the employee or prospective employee is entitled to the protections of Title 67, Chapter 21, Utah Protection of Public Employees Act, the employee may not object or refuse to carry out an assignment or duty that may be a violation of the criminal laws of the United States with respect to the manufacture, sale, or distribution of cannabis.
- (b) The Department of Human Resource Management shall create, revise, and publish the form of the notice described in Subsection (3)(a).
- (c) Notwithstanding Subsection 67-21-3(3), an employee who has signed the notice described in Subsection (3)(a) may not:
- (i) claim in good faith that the employee's actions violate or potentially violate the laws of the United States with respect to the manufacture, sale, or distribution of cannabis; or
 - (ii) refuse to carry out a directive that the employee reasonably believes violates the

1514	criminal laws of the United States with respect to the manufacture, sale, or distribution of
1515	cannabis.
1516	(d) An employer [of an employee who has signed the notice described in Subsection
1517	(3)(a)] may not take retaliatory action as defined in Section 67-19a-101 against a current
1518	employee who refuses to sign the notice described in Subsection (3)(a).
1519	(4) Nothing in this section requires a private employer to accommodate the use of
1520	medical cannabis or affects the ability of a private employer to have policies restricting the use
1521	of medical cannabis by applicants or employees.
1522	Section 19. Section 26-61a-113 is amended to read:
1523	26-61a-113. No effect on use of hemp extract Cannibinoid product Approved
1524	drugs.
1525	(1) Nothing in this chapter prohibits an individual:
1526	(a) [with a valid hemp extract registration card that the department issues under Section
1527	26-56-103] from possessing, administering, or using hemp extract in accordance with Section
1528	58-37-4.3; or
1529	(b) from purchasing, selling, possessing, or using a [cannabidiol] cannabinoid product
1530	in accordance with Section 4-41-402.
1531	(2) Nothing in this chapter restricts or otherwise affects the prescription, distribution,
1532	or dispensing of a product that the United States Food and Drug Administration has approved.
1533	Section 20. Section 26-61a-201 is amended to read:
1534	26-61a-201. Medical cannabis patient card Medical cannabis guardian card
1535	application Fees Studies.
1536	(1) On or before March 1, 2020, the department shall, within 15 days after the day on
1537	which an individual who satisfies the eligibility criteria in this section or Section 26-61a-202
1538	submits an application in accordance with this section or Section 26-61a-202:
1539	(a) issue a medical cannabis patient card to an individual described in Subsection
1540	(2)(a);
1541	(b) issue a medical cannabis guardian card to an individual described in Subsection
1542	(2)(b);
1543	(c) issue a provisional patient card to a minor described in Subsection (2)(c); and
1544	(d) issue a medical cannabis caregiver card to an individual described in Subsection

1545	26-61a-202(4).
1546	(2) (a) An individual is eligible for a medical cannabis patient card if:
1547	(i) (A) the individual is at least 21 years old; or
1548	(B) the individual is 18, 19, or 20 years old, the individual petitions the [compassionate
1549	use board] Compassionate Use Board under Section 26-61a-105, and the [compassionate use
1550	board] Compassionate Use Board recommends department approval of the petition;
1551	(ii) the individual is a Utah resident;
1552	(iii) the individual's qualified medical provider recommends treatment with medical
1553	cannabis in accordance with Subsection (4);
1554	(iv) the individual signs an acknowledgment stating that the individual received the
1555	information described in Subsection (8); and
1556	(v) the individual pays to the department a fee in an amount that, subject to Subsection
1557	26-61a-109(5), the department sets in accordance with Section 63J-1-504.
1558	(b) (i) An individual is eligible for a medical cannabis guardian card if the individual:
1559	(A) is at least 18 years old;
1560	(B) is a Utah resident;
1561	(C) is the parent or legal guardian of a minor for whom the minor's qualified medical
1562	provider recommends a medical cannabis treatment, the individual petitions the
1563	[compassionate use board] Compassionate Use Board under Section 26-61a-105, and the
1564	[compassionate use board] Compassionate Use Board recommends department approval of the
1565	petition;
1566	(D) the individual signs an acknowledgment stating that the individual received the
1567	information described in Subsection (8);
1568	(E) pays to the department a fee in an amount that, subject to Subsection
1569	26-61a-109(5), the department sets in accordance with Section 63J-1-504, plus the cost of the
1570	criminal background check described in Section 26-61a-203; and
1571	(F) the individual has not been convicted of a misdemeanor or felony drug distribution
1572	offense under either state or federal law, unless the individual completed any imposed sentence
1573	six months or more before the day on which the individual applies for a medical cannabis
1574	guardian card.
1575	(ii) The department shall notify the Department of Public Safety of each individual that

1576	the department registers for a medical cannabis guardian card.
1577	(c) (i) A minor is eligible for a provisional patient card if:
1578	(A) the minor has a qualifying condition;
1579	(B) the minor's qualified medical provider recommends a medical cannabis treatment
1580	to address the minor's qualifying condition;
1581	(C) the minor's parent or legal guardian petitions the [compassionate use board]
1582	Compassionate Use Board under Section 26-61a-105, and the [compassionate use board]
1583	Compassionate Use Board recommends department approval of the petition; and
1584	(D) the minor's parent or legal guardian is eligible for a medical cannabis guardian card
1585	under Subsection (2)(b) or designates a caregiver under Subsection (2)(d) who is eligible for a
1586	medical cannabis caregiver card under Section 26-61a-202.
1587	(ii) The department shall automatically issue a provisional patient card to the minor
1588	described in Subsection (2)(c)(i) at the same time the department issues a medical cannabis
1589	guardian card to the minor's parent or legal guardian.
1590	(d) Beginning on the earlier of January 1, 2021, or the date on which the electronic
1591	verification system is functionally capable of servicing the designation, if the parent or legal
1592	guardian of a minor described in Subsections (2)(c)(i)(A) through (C) does not qualify for a
1593	medical cannabis guardian card under Subsection (2)(b), the parent or legal guardian may
1594	designate up to two caregivers in accordance with Subsection 26-61a-202(1)(c) to ensure that
1595	the minor has adequate and safe access to the recommended medical cannabis treatment.
1596	(3) (a) An individual who is eligible for a medical cannabis card described in
1597	Subsection (2)(a) or (b) shall submit an application for a medical cannabis card to the
1598	department:
1599	(i) through an electronic application connected to the state electronic verification
1600	system;
1601	(ii) with the recommending qualified medical provider [while in the recommending
1602	qualified medical provider's office]; and
1603	(iii) with information including:
1604	(A) the applicant's name, gender, age, and address;
1605	(B) the number of the applicant's valid form of photo identification;
1606	(C) for a medical cannabis guardian card, the name, gender, and age of the minor

receiving a medical cannabis treatment under the cardholder's medical cannabis guardian card; and

- (D) for a provisional patient card, the name of the minor's parent or legal guardian who holds the associated medical cannabis guardian card.
- (b) The department shall ensure that a medical cannabis card the department issues under this section contains the information described in Subsection (3)(a)(iii).
- (c) (i) If a qualified medical provider determines that, because of age, illness, or disability, a medical cannabis patient cardholder requires assistance in administering the medical cannabis treatment that the qualified medical provider recommends, the qualified medical provider may indicate the cardholder's need in the state electronic verification system.
- (ii) If a qualified medical provider makes the indication described in Subsection (3)(c)(i):
- (A) the department shall add a label to the relevant medical cannabis patient card indicating the cardholder's need for assistance; and
- (B) any adult who is [2+] 18 years old or older and who is physically present with the cardholder at the time the cardholder needs to use the recommended medical cannabis treatment may handle the medical cannabis treatment and any associated medical cannabis device as needed to assist the cardholder in administering the recommended medical cannabis treatment, including in the event of an emergency medical condition under Subsection 26-61a-204(2).
 - (iii) A non-cardholding individual acting under Subsection (3)(c)(ii)(B) may not:
 - (A) ingest or inhale medical cannabis;
- (B) possess, transport, or handle medical cannabis or a medical cannabis device outside of the immediate area where the cardholder is present or with an intent other than to provide assistance to the cardholder; or
- (C) possess, transport, or handle medical cannabis or a medical cannabis device when the cardholder is not in the process of being dosed with medical cannabis.
- (4) To recommend a medical cannabis treatment to a patient or to renew a recommendation, a qualified medical provider shall:
- (a) before recommending cannabis in a medicinal dosage form or a cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form:

1638	(i) verify the patient's and, for a minor patient, the minor patient's parent or legal
1639	guardian's valid form of identification described in Subsection (3)(a);
1640	(ii) review any record related to the patient and, for a minor patient, the patient's parent
1641	or legal guardian in:
1642	(A) the state electronic verification system; and
1643	(B) the controlled substance database created in Section 58-37f-201; and
1644	(iii) consider the recommendation in light of the patient's qualifying condition and
1645	history of medical cannabis and controlled substance use during an initial face-to-face visit
1646	with the patient; and
1647	(b) state in the qualified medical provider's recommendation that the patient:
1648	(i) suffers from a qualifying condition, including the type of qualifying condition; and
1649	(ii) may benefit from treatment with cannabis in a medicinal dosage form or a cannabis
1650	product in a medicinal dosage form.
1651	(5) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), a medical cannabis card that the
1652	department issues under this section is valid for the lesser of:
1653	(i) an amount of time that the qualified medical provider determines; or
1654	(ii) (A) for the first issuance, 30 days; or
1655	(B) for a renewal, six months.
1656	(b) (i) A medical cannabis card that the department issues in relation to a terminal
1657	illness described in Section 26-61a-104 does not expire.
1658	(ii) The recommending qualified medical provider may revoke a recommendation that
1659	the provider made in relation to a terminal illness described in Section 26-61a-104 if the
1660	medical cannabis cardholder no longer has the terminal illness.
1661	(6) (a) A medical cannabis patient card or a medical cannabis guardian card is
1662	renewable if:
1663	(i) at the time of renewal, the cardholder meets the requirements of Subsection (2)(a) or
1664	(b); or
1665	(ii) the cardholder received the medical cannabis card through the recommendation of
1666	the [compassionate use board] Compassionate Use Board under Section 26-61a-105.
1667	(b) A cardholder described in Subsection (6)(a) may renew the cardholder's card:
1668	(i) using the application process described in Subsection (3); or

- 1669 (ii) through phone or video conference with the qualified medical provider who made 1670 the recommendation underlying the card, at the qualifying medical provider's discretion.
 - (c) A cardholder under Subsection (2)(a) or (b) who renews the cardholder's card shall pay to the department a renewal fee in an amount that:
 - (i) subject to Subsection 26-61a-109(5), the department sets in accordance with Section 63J-1-504; and
 - (ii) may not exceed the cost of the relatively lower administrative burden of renewal in comparison to the original application process.
 - (d) If a minor meets the requirements of Subsection (2)(c), the minor's provisional patient card renews automatically at the time the minor's parent or legal guardian renews the parent or legal guardian's associated medical cannabis guardian card.
 - (e) The department may revoke a medical cannabis guardian card if the cardholder under Subsection (2)(b) is convicted of a misdemeanor or felony drug distribution offense under either state or federal law.
 - (7) (a) A cardholder under this section shall carry the cardholder's valid medical cannabis card with the patient's name.
 - (b) (i) A medical cannabis patient cardholder or a provisional patient cardholder may purchase, in accordance with this chapter and the recommendation underlying the card, cannabis in a medicinal dosage form, a cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form, or a medical cannabis device.
 - (ii) A cardholder under this section may possess or transport, in accordance with this chapter and the recommendation underlying the card, cannabis in a medicinal dosage form, a cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form, or a medical cannabis device.
 - (iii) To address the qualifying condition underlying the medical cannabis treatment recommendation:
 - (A) a medical cannabis patient cardholder or a provisional patient cardholder may use cannabis in a medicinal dosage form, a medical cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form, or a medical cannabis device; and
 - (B) a medical cannabis guardian cardholder may assist the associated provisional patient cardholder with the use of cannabis in a medicinal dosage form, a medical cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form, or a medical cannabis device.

1700	(c) If a licensed medical cannabis pharmacy is not operating within the state after
1701	January 1, 2021, a cardholder under this section [is not subject to prosecution for the
1702	possession of]:
1703	(i) may possess:
1704	[(i) no more than 113 grams of marijuana]
1705	(A) up to the legal dosage limit of unprocessed cannabis in a medicinal dosage form;
1706	[(ii) an amount of]
1707	(B) up to the legal dosage limit of a cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form [that
1708	contains no more than 20 grams of tetrahydrocannabinol; or]; and
1709	[(iii)] (C) marijuana drug paraphernalia[-]; and
1710	(ii) is not subject to prosecution for the possession described in Subsection (7)(c)(i).
1711	(8) The department shall establish by rule, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
1712	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, a process to provide information regarding the following
1713	to an individual receiving a medical cannabis card:
1714	(a) risks associated with medical cannabis treatment;
1715	(b) the fact that a condition's listing as a qualifying condition does not suggest that
1716	medical cannabis treatment is an effective treatment or cure for that condition, as described in
1717	Subsection 26-61a-104(1); and
1718	(c) other relevant warnings and safety information that the department determines.
1719	(9) The department may establish procedures by rule, in accordance with Title 63G,
1720	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to implement the application and issuance
1721	provisions of this section.
1722	(10) (a) On or before January 1, 2021, the department shall establish by rule, in
1723	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, a process to allow
1724	an individual from another state to register with the Department of Health in order to purchase
1725	medical cannabis or a medical cannabis device from a medical cannabis pharmacy while the
1726	individual is visiting the state.
1727	(b) The department may only provide the registration process described in Subsection
1728	<u>(10)(a):</u>
1729	(i) to a nonresident patient; and
1730	(ii) for no more than two visitation periods per calendar year of up to 21 calendar days

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1731	per visitation period.
1732	[(10)] (11) (a) A person may submit to the department a request to conduct a research
1733	study using medical cannabis cardholder data that the state electronic verification system
1734	contains.
1735	(b) The department shall review a request described in Subsection [(10)] (11)(a) to
1736	determine whether an institutional review board, as that term is defined in Section 26-61-102,
1737	could approve the research study.
1738	(c) At the time an individual applies for a medical cannabis card, the department shall
1739	notify the individual:
1740	(i) of how the individual's information will be used as a cardholder;
1741	(ii) that by applying for a medical cannabis card, unless the individual withdraws
1742	consent under Subsection $[\frac{(10)}{(11)}]$ $(\underline{11})$ (d), the individual consents to the use of the individual's
1743	information for external research; and
1744	(iii) that the individual may withdraw consent for the use of the individual's
1745	information for external research at any time, including at the time of application.
1746	(d) An applicant may, through the medical cannabis card application, and a medical
1747	cannabis cardholder may, through the state central patient portal, withdraw the applicant's or
1748	cardholder's consent to participate in external research at any time.
1749	(e) The department may release, for the purposes of a study described in this
1750	Subsection $[(10)]$ (11) , information about a cardholder under this section who consents to
1751	participate under Subsection $[(10)]$ (11) (c).
1752	(f) If an individual withdraws consent under Subsection [$\frac{(10)}{(11)}$] $\frac{(11)}{(0)}$, the withdrawal
1753	of consent:
1754	(i) applies to external research that is initiated after the withdrawal of consent; and
1755	(ii) does not apply to research that was initiated before the withdrawal of consent.
1756	(g) The department may establish standards for a medical research study's validity, by
1757	rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
1758	Section 21. Section 26-61a-202 is amended to read:

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26-61a-202. Medical cannabis caregiver card -- Registration -- Renewal --

(1) (a) A cardholder described in Section 26-61a-201 may designate, through the state

- central patient portal, up to two individuals, or an individual and a facility in accordance with Subsection (1)(b), to serve as a designated caregiver for the cardholder if a qualified medical provider notates in the electronic verification system that the provider determines that, due to physical difficulty or undue hardship, including concerns of distance to a medical cannabis pharmacy, the cardholder needs assistance to obtain the medical cannabis treatment that the qualified medical provider recommends.
- (b) (i) Beginning on the earlier of January 1, 2021, or the date on which the electronic verification system is functionally capable of servicing the designation, a cardholder described in Section 26-61a-201 who is a patient in one of the following types of facilities may designate the facility as one of the caregivers described in Subsection (1)(a):
 - (A) an assisted living facility, as that term is defined in Section 26-21-2;
 - (B) a nursing care facility, as that term is defined in Section 26-1-2; or
 - (C) a general acute hospital, as that term is defined in Section 26-1-2.
- (ii) A facility may assign one or more employees to assist patients with medical cannabis treatment under the caregiver designation described in this Subsection (1)(b).
- (iii) The department shall make rules to regulate the practice of facilities and facility employees serving as designated caregivers under this Subsection (1)(b).
- (c) A parent or legal guardian described in Subsection 26-61a-201(2)(d), in consultation with the minor and the minor's qualified medical provider, may designate, through the state central patient portal, up to two individuals to serve as a designated caregiver for the minor, if the department determines that the parent or legal guardian is not eligible for a medical cannabis guardian card under Section 26-61a-201.
- (2) An individual that the department registers as a designated caregiver under this section and a facility described in Subsection (1)(b):
- (a) <u>for an individual designated caregiver</u>, may carry a valid medical cannabis caregiver card;
- (b) in accordance with this chapter, may purchase, possess, transport, or assist the patient in the use of cannabis in a medicinal dosage form, a cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form, or a medical cannabis device on behalf of the designating medical cannabis cardholder;
 - (c) may not charge a fee to an individual to act as the individual's designated caregiver

1793	or for a service that the designated caregiver provides in relation to the role as a designated
1794	caregiver;
1795	(d) may accept reimbursement from the designating medical cannabis cardholder for
1796	direct costs the designated caregiver incurs for assisting with the designating cardholder's
1797	medicinal use of cannabis; and
1798	(e) if a licensed medical cannabis pharmacy is not operating within the state after
1799	January 1, 2021[, is not subject to prosecution for the possession of: (i) no more than 113
1800	grams of marijuana]:
1801	(i) may possess up to the legal dosage limit of:
1802	(A) unprocessed medical cannabis in a medicinal dosage form;
1803	[(ii) an amount of]
1804	(B) a cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form [that contains no more than 20
1805	grams of tetrahydrocannabinol; or]; and
1806	[(iii)] (ii) may possess marijuana drug paraphernalia[-]; and
1807	(iii) is not subject to prosecution for the possession described in Subsection (2)(e)(i).
1808	(3) (a) The department shall:
1809	(i) within 15 days after the day on which an individual submits an application in
1810	compliance with this section, issue a medical cannabis card to the applicant if the applicant:
1811	(A) is designated as a caregiver under Subsection (1);
1812	(B) is eligible for a medical cannabis caregiver card under Subsection (4); and
1813	(C) complies with this section; and
1814	(ii) notify the Department of Public Safety of each individual that the department
1815	registers as a designated caregiver.
1816	(b) The department shall ensure that a medical cannabis caregiver card contains the
1817	information described in Subsection (5)(b).
1818	(4) An individual is eligible for a medical cannabis caregiver card if the individual:
1819	(a) is at least 21 years old;
1820	(b) is a Utah resident;
1821	(c) pays to the department a fee in an amount that, subject to Subsection
1822	26-61a-109(5), the department sets in accordance with Section 63J-1-504, plus the cost of the
1823	criminal background check described in Section 26-61a-203;

1824	(d) signs an acknowledgment stating that the applicant received the information
1825	described in Subsection 26-61a-201(8); and
1826	(e) has not been convicted of a misdemeanor or felony drug distribution offense that is
1827	a felony under either state or federal law, unless the individual completes any imposed sentence
1828	two or more years before the day on which the individual submits the application.
1829	(5) An eligible applicant for a medical cannabis caregiver card shall:
1830	(a) submit an application for a medical cannabis caregiver card to the department
1831	through an electronic application connected to the state electronic verification system; and
1832	(b) submit the following information in the application described in Subsection (5)(a):
1833	(i) the applicant's name, gender, age, and address;
1834	(ii) the name, gender, age, and address of the cardholder described in Section
1835	26-61a-201 who designated the applicant; and
1836	(iii) if a medical cannabis guardian cardholder designated the caregiver, the name,
1837	gender, and age of the minor receiving a medical cannabis treatment in relation to the medical
1838	cannabis guardian cardholder.
1839	(6) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), a medical cannabis caregiver card that the
1840	department issues under this section is valid for the lesser of:
1841	(a) an amount of time that the cardholder described in Section 26-61a-201 who
1842	designated the caregiver determines; or
1843	(b) the amount of time remaining before the card of the cardholder described in Section
1844	26-61a-201 expires.
1845	(7) (a) If a designated caregiver meets the requirements of Subsection (4), the
1846	designated caregiver's medical cannabis caregiver card renews automatically at the time the
1847	cardholder described in Section 26-61a-201 who designated the caregiver:
1848	(i) renews the cardholder's card; and
1849	(ii) renews the caregiver's designation, in accordance with Subsection (7)(b).
1850	(b) The department shall provide a method in the card renewal process to allow a
1851	cardholder described in Section 26-61a-201 who has designated a caregiver to:
1852	(i) signify that the cardholder renews the caregiver's designation;
1853	(ii) remove a caregiver's designation; or
1854	(iii) designate a new caregiver.

1855	(8) The department may revoke a medical cannabis caregiver card if the designated
1856	caregiver:
1857	(a) violates this chapter; or
1858	(b) is convicted under state or federal law of:
1859	(i) a felony; or
1860	(ii) after December 3, 2018, a misdemeanor for drug distribution.
1861	Section 22. Section 26-61a-204 is amended to read:
1862	26-61a-204. Medical cannabis card Patient and designated caregiver
1863	requirements Rebuttable presumption.
1864	(1) (a) A medical cannabis cardholder who possesses medical cannabis [in a medicinal
1865	dosage form or a cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form] that the cardholder purchased
1866	under this chapter [shall: (i) carry]:
1867	(i) shall carry:
1868	(A) at all times the cardholder's medical cannabis card; and
1869	[(ii) carry,] (B) with the medical cannabis [in a medicinal dosage form or cannabis
1870	product in a medicinal dosage form], a label that identifies that the medical cannabis [or
1871	cannabis product: (A)] was sold from a licensed medical cannabis pharmacy[; and (B)] and
1872	includes an identification number that links the cannabis or cannabis product to the inventory
1873	control system; and
1874	[(iii) possess not more than]
1875	(ii) may possess up to the legal dosage limit of:
1876	(A) [113 grams of] unprocessed cannabis in medicinal dosage form; [or (B) an amount
1877	of cannabis product that contains 20 grams of total composite tetrahydrocannabinol.] and
1878	(B) a cannabis product in medicinal dosage form; and
1879	(iii) may not possess more medical cannabis than described in Subsection (1)(a)(ii).
1880	(b) [A] Except as provided in Subsection (1)(c) or (e), medical cannabis cardholder
1881	who possesses medical cannabis [in a medicinal dosage form or a cannabis product in a
1882	medicinal dosage form] in violation of Subsection (1)(a) is:
1883	(i) guilty of an infraction; and
1884	(ii) subject to a \$100 fine.
1885	(c) A medical cannabis cardholder or a nonresident patient who possesses [between

1886	113 and 226 grams of unprocessed cannabis or a total amount of cannabis product that contains
1887	between 20 and 40 grams of total composite tetrahydrocannabinol] medical cannabis in an
1888	amount that is greater than the legal dosage limit and equal to or less than twice the legal
1889	dosage limit is:
1890	(i) for a first offense:
1891	(A) guilty of an infraction; and
1892	(B) subject to a fine of up to \$100; and
1893	(ii) for a second or subsequent offense:
1894	[(i)] (A) guilty of a class B misdemeanor; and
1895	[(ii)] (B) subject to a fine of \$1,000.
1896	(d) An individual who is guilty of a violation described in Subsection (1)(b) or (c) is
1897	not guilty of a violation of Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act, for the
1898	conduct underlying the penalty described in Subsection (1)(b) or (c).
1899	(e) A nonresident patient who possesses medical cannabis that is not in a medicinal
1900	dosage form is:
1901	(i) for a first offense:
1902	(A) guilty of an infraction; and
1903	(B) subject to a fine of up to \$100; and
1904	(ii) for a second or subsequent offense, is subject to the penalties described in Title 58,
1905	Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act.
1906	[(e)] (f) A medical cannabis cardholder or a nonresident patient who possesses [more
1907	than 226 grams of unprocessed cannabis or a total amount of cannabis product that contains
1908	more than 40 grams of total composite tetrahydrocannabinol] medical cannabis in an amount
1909	that is greater than twice the legal dosage limit is subject to the penalties described in Title 58,
1910	Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act.
1911	(2) (a) As used in this Subsection (2), "emergency medical condition" means the same
1912	as that term is defined in Section 31A-22-627.
1913	(b) Except as described in Subsection (2)(c), a medical cannabis patient cardholder
1914	[or], a provisional patient cardholder, or a nonresident patient may not use, in public view,
1915	medical cannabis or a cannabis product.
1916	(c) In the event of an emergency medical condition, an individual described in

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1917	Subsection (2)(b) may use, and the holder of a medical cannabis guardian card or a medical
1918	cannabis caregiver card may administer to the cardholder's charge, in public view, cannabis in a
1919	medicinal dosage form or a cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form.
1920	(d) An individual described in Subsection (2)(b) who violates Subsection (2)(b) is:
1921	(i) for a first offense:
1922	(A) guilty of an infraction; and
1923	(B) subject to a fine of up to \$100; and
1924	(ii) for a second or subsequent offense:
1925	(A) guilty of a class B misdemeanor; and
1926	(B) subject to a fine of \$1,000.
1927	(3) If a medical cannabis cardholder carrying the cardholder's card possesses cannabis
1928	in a medicinal dosage form or a cannabis product in compliance with Subsection (1), or a
1929	medical cannabis device that corresponds with the cannabis or cannabis product:
1930	(a) there is a rebuttable presumption that the cardholder possesses the cannabis,
1931	cannabis product, or medical cannabis device legally; and
1932	(b) there is no probable cause, based solely on the cardholder's possession of the
1933	cannabis in medicinal dosage form, cannabis product in medicinal dosage form, or medical
1934	cannabis device, to believe that the cardholder is engaging in illegal activity.
1935	(4) (a) If a law enforcement officer stops an individual who possesses cannabis in a
1936	medicinal dosage form, a cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form, or a medical cannabis
1937	device, and the individual represents to the law enforcement officer that the individual holds a
1938	valid medical cannabis card, but the individual does not have the medical cannabis card in the
1939	individual's possession at the time of the stop by the law enforcement officer, the law
1940	enforcement officer shall attempt to access the state electronic verification system to determine
1941	whether the individual holds a valid medical cannabis card.
1942	(b) If the law enforcement officer is able to verify that the individual described in
1943	Subsection (4)(a) is a valid medical cannabis cardholder, the law enforcement officer:
1944	(i) may not arrest or take the individual into custody for the sole reason that the

individual is in possession of cannabis in a medicinal dosage form, a cannabis product in a

(ii) may not seize the cannabis, cannabis product, or medical cannabis device.

medicinal dosage form, or a medical cannabis device; and

1948	Section 23. Section 26-61a-301 is amended to read:
1949	26-61a-301. Medical cannabis pharmacy License Eligibility.
1950	(1) A person may not operate as a medical cannabis pharmacy without a license that
1951	the department issues under this part.
1952	(2) (a) (i) Subject to Subsections (4) and (5) and to Section 26-61a-305, the department
1953	shall issue a license to operate a medical cannabis pharmacy in accordance with Title 63G,
1954	Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code.
1955	(ii) The department may not issue a license to operate a medical cannabis pharmacy to
1956	an applicant who is not eligible for a license under this section.
1957	(b) An applicant is eligible for a license under this section if the applicant submits to
1958	the department:
1959	(i) subject to Subsection (2)(c), a proposed name and address where the applicant will
1960	operate the medical cannabis pharmacy;
1961	(ii) the name and address of an individual who:
1962	(A) has a financial or voting interest of 2% or greater in the proposed medical cannabis
1963	pharmacy; or
1964	(B) has the power to direct or cause the management or control of a proposed cannabis
1965	production establishment;
1966	(iii) a statement that the applicant will obtain and maintain a performance bond that a
1967	surety authorized to transact surety business in the state issues in an amount of at least
1968	\$125,000 for each application that the applicant submits to the department;
1969	(iv) an operating plan that:
1970	(A) complies with Section 26-61a-304;
1971	(B) includes operating procedures to comply with the operating requirements for a
1972	medical cannabis pharmacy described in this chapter and with a relevant municipal or county
1973	law that is consistent with Section 26-61a-507; and
1974	(C) the department approves;
1975	(v) an application fee in an amount that, subject to Subsection 26-61a-109(5), the
1976	department sets in accordance with Section 63J-1-504; and
1977	(vi) a description of any investigation or adverse action taken by any licensing
1978	jurisdiction, government agency, law enforcement agency, or court in any state for any

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violation or detrimental conduct in relation to any of the applicant's cannabis-related operations or businesses.

- (c) (i) A person may not locate a medical cannabis pharmacy:
- (A) within 200 feet of a community location; or
- (B) in or within 600 feet of a district that the relevant municipality or county has zoned as primarily residential.
- (ii) The proximity requirements described in Subsection (2)(c)(i) shall be measured from the nearest entrance to the medical cannabis pharmacy establishment by following the shortest route of ordinary pedestrian travel to the property boundary of the community location or residential area.
- (iii) The department may grant a waiver to reduce the proximity requirements in Subsection (2)(c)(i) by up to 20% if the department determines that it is not reasonably feasible for the applicant to site the proposed medical cannabis pharmacy without the waiver.
- (iv) An applicant for a license under this section shall provide evidence of compliance with the proximity requirements described in Subsection (2)(c)(i).
- (d) The department may not issue a license to an eligible applicant that the department has selected to receive a license until the selected eligible applicant obtains the performance bond described in Subsection (2)(b)(iii).
- (e) If the department receives more than one application for a medical cannabis pharmacy within the same city or town, the department shall consult with the local land use authority before approving any of the applications pertaining to that city or town.
- (3) If the department selects an applicant for a medical cannabis pharmacy license under this section, the department shall:
- (a) charge the applicant an initial license fee in an amount that, subject to Subsection 26-61a-109(5), the department sets in accordance with Section 63J-1-504; and
- (b) notify the Department of Public Safety of the license approval and the names of each individual described in Subsection (2)(b)(ii).
- (4) The department may not issue a license to operate a medical cannabis pharmacy to an applicant if an individual described in Subsection (2)(b)(ii):
 - (a) has been convicted under state or federal law of:
- 2009 (i) a felony; or

2010	(ii) after December 3, 2018, a misdemeanor for drug distribution;
2011	(b) is younger than 21 years old; or
2012	(c) after the effective date of this bill until January 1, 2023, is actively serving as a
2013	legislator.
2014	(5) If an applicant for a medical cannabis pharmacy license under this section holds a
2015	license under Title 4, Chapter 41, Hemp and Cannabinoid Act, or Title 4, Chapter 41a,
2016	Cannabis Production Establishments, the department:
2017	(a) shall consult with the Department of Agriculture and Food regarding the applicant;
2018	[and]
2019	(b) may not give preference to the applicant based on the applicant's status as a holder
2020	of a license described in this Subsection (5)[-]; and
2021	(c) shall give preference to applicants that demonstrate an ability to increase efficiency
2022	and decrease costs to patients.
2023	(6) The department may revoke a license under this part [if]:
2024	(a) if the medical cannabis pharmacy does not begin operations within one year after
2025	the day on which the department issues the initial license;
2026	(b) after the [medical cannabis pharmacy makes] third of the same violation of this
2027	chapter [three times] in any of the licensee's licensed cannabis production establishments or
2028	medical cannabis pharmacies;
2029	(c) if an individual described in Subsection (2)(b)(ii) is convicted, while the license is
2030	active, under state or federal law of:
2031	(i) a felony; or
2032	(ii) after December 3, 2018, a misdemeanor for drug distribution; [or]
2033	(d) if the licensee fails to provide the information described in Subsection (2)(b)(vi) at
2034	the time of application, or fails to supplement the information described in Subsection
2035	(2)(b)(vi) with any investigation or adverse action that occurs after the submission of the
2036	application[-] within 14 calendar days after the licensee receives notice of the investigation or
2037	adverse action; or
2038	(e) if the medical cannabis pharmacy demonstrates a willful or reckless disregard for
2039	the requirements of this chapter or the rules the department makes in accordance with this
2040	chapter.

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2041 (7) (a) A person who receives a medical cannabis pharmacy license under this chapter, 2042 if the municipality or county where the licensed medical cannabis pharmacy will be located 2043 requires a local land use permit, shall submit to the department a copy of the licensee's 2044 approved application for the land use permit within 120 days after the day on which the 2045 department issues the license. 2046 (b) If a licensee fails to submit to the department a copy the licensee's approved land 2047 use permit application in accordance with Subsection (7)(a), the department may revoke the 2048 licensee's license. 2049 (8) The department shall deposit the proceeds of a fee imposed by this section in the 2050 Oualified Patient Enterprise Fund. 2051 (9) The department shall begin accepting applications under this part on or before 2052 March 1, 2020. 2053 (10) (a) The department's authority to issue a license under this section is plenary and is not subject to review. 2054 2055 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the decision of the department to award a license 2056 to an applicant is not subject to: (i) Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Part 16, Protests; or 2057 2058 (ii) Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Part 17, Procurement Appeals Board. 2059 Section 24. Section **26-61a-303** is amended to read: 26-61a-303. Renewal. 2060 2061 (1) The department shall renew a license under this part every year if, at the time of 2062 renewal: (a) the licensee meets the requirements of Section 26-61a-301; [and] 2063 2064 (b) the licensee pays the department a license renewal fee in an amount that, subject to 2065 Subsection 26-61a-109(5), the department sets in accordance with Section 63J-1-504[-]; and 2066 (c) if the medical cannabis pharmacy changes the operating plan described in Section 26-61a-304 that the department approved under Subsection 26-61a-301(2)(b)(iv), the 2067 department approves the new operating plan. 2068 2069 (2) (a) If a licensed medical cannabis pharmacy abandons the medical cannabis

(i) in a newspaper of general circulation for the geographic area in which the medical

pharmacy's license, the department shall publish notice of an available license:

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2072	cannabis pharmacy license is available; or
2073	(ii) on the Utah Public Notice Website established in Section 63F-1-701.
2074	(b) The department may establish criteria, in collaboration with the Division of
2075	Occupational and Professional Licensing and the Board of Pharmacy and in accordance with
2076	Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to identify the medical cannabis
2077	pharmacy actions that constitute abandonment of a medical cannabis pharmacy license.
2078	Section 25. Section 26-61a-501 is amended to read:
2079	26-61a-501. Operating requirements General.
2080	(1) (a) A medical cannabis pharmacy shall operate:
2081	(i) at the physical address provided to the department under Section 26-61a-301; and
2082	(ii) in accordance with the operating plan provided to the department under Section
2083	26-61a-301 and, if applicable, 26-61a-304.
2084	(b) A medical cannabis pharmacy shall notify the department before a change in the
2085	medical cannabis pharmacy's physical address or operating plan.
2086	(2) An individual may not enter a medical cannabis pharmacy unless the individual:
2087	(a) is at least 18 years old; and
2088	(b) except as provided in Subsection (5), possesses a valid:
2089	(i) medical cannabis pharmacy agent registration card; [or]
2090	(ii) pharmacy medical provider registration card; or
2091	[(ii)] (iii) medical cannabis card.
2092	(3) A medical cannabis pharmacy may not employ an individual who is younger than
2093	21 years old.
2094	(4) A medical cannabis pharmacy may not employ an individual who has been
2095	convicted of a felony under state or federal law.
2096	(5) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), a medical cannabis pharmacy may authorize an
2097	individual who is not a medical cannabis pharmacy agent or pharmacy medical provider to
2098	access the medical cannabis pharmacy if the medical cannabis pharmacy tracks and monitors

(6) A medical cannabis pharmacy shall operate in a facility that has:

the individual at all times while the individual is at the medical cannabis pharmacy and

2102 (a) a single, secure public entrance;

maintains a record of the individual's access.

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2103	(b) a security system with a backup power source that:
2104	(i) detects and records entry into the medical cannabis pharmacy; and
2105	(ii) provides notice of an unauthorized entry to law enforcement when the medical
2106	cannabis pharmacy is closed; and
2107	(c) a lock on each area where the medical cannabis pharmacy stores cannabis or a
2108	cannabis product.
2109	(7) A medical cannabis pharmacy shall post, both clearly and conspicuously in the
2110	medical cannabis pharmacy, the limit on the purchase of cannabis described in Subsection
2111	26-61a-502(2).
2112	(8) A medical cannabis pharmacy may not allow any individual to consume cannabis
2113	on the property or premises of the medical cannabis pharmacy.
2114	(9) A medical cannabis pharmacy may not sell cannabis or a cannabis product without
2115	first indicating on the cannabis or cannabis product label the name of the medical cannabis
2116	pharmacy.
2117	(10) (a) Each medical cannabis pharmacy shall retain in the pharmacy's records the
2118	following information regarding each recommendation underlying a transaction:
2119	(i) the qualified medical provider's name, address, and telephone number;
2120	(ii) the patient's name and address;
2121	(iii) the date of issuance;
2122	(iv) [dosing parameters] directions of use and dosing guidelines or an indication that
2123	the qualified medical provider did not recommend specific directions of use or dosing
2124	[parameters] guidelines; and
2125	(v) if the patient did not complete the transaction, the name of the medical cannabis
2126	cardholder who completed the transaction.
2127	(b) (i) [The] Except as provided in Subsection (10)(b)(ii), a medical cannabis pharmacy
2128	may not sell medical cannabis [or a cannabis product] unless the medical cannabis [or cannabis
2129	product] has a label securely affixed to the container indicating the following minimum
2130	information:
2131	[(i)] (A) the name, address, and telephone number of the medical cannabis pharmacy;
2132	[(ii)] (B) the unique identification number that the medical cannabis pharmacy assigns;
2133	[(iii)] (C) the date of the sale;

2134	[(iv)] (D) the name of the patient;
2135	[v] (E) the name of the qualified medical provider who recommended the medical
2136	cannabis treatment;
2137	[(vi)] (F) directions for use and cautionary statements, if any;
2138	[(vii)] (G) the amount dispensed and the cannabinoid content;
2139	[(viii)] (H) the [beyond] suggested use date; [and]
2140	(I) for unprocessed cannabis flower, the legal use termination date; and
2141	[(ix)] (J) any other requirements that the department determines, in consultation with
2142	the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing and the Board of Pharmacy.
2143	(ii) A medical cannabis pharmacy may sell medical cannabis to another medical
2144	cannabis pharmacy without a label described in Subsection (10)(b)(i).
2145	(11) A pharmacy medical provider or medical cannabis pharmacy agent shall:
2146	(a) unless the medical cannabis cardholder has had a consultation under Subsection
2147	26-61a-502(4), verbally offer to a medical cannabis cardholder at the time of a purchase of
2148	cannabis, a cannabis product, or a medical cannabis device, personal[, face-to-face] counseling
2149	with the pharmacy medical provider [who is a pharmacist]; and
2150	(b) provide a telephone number or website by which the cardholder may contact a
2151	pharmacy medical provider for counseling.
2152	(12) (a) A medical cannabis pharmacy may create a medical cannabis disposal program
2153	that allows an individual to deposit unused or excess medical cannabis, cannabis residue from a
2154	medical cannabis device, or medical cannabis product in a locked box or other secure
2155	receptacle within the medical cannabis pharmacy.
2156	(b) A medical cannabis pharmacy with a disposal program described in Subsection
2157	(12)(a) shall ensure that only a medical cannabis pharmacy agent or pharmacy medical provider
2158	can access deposited medical cannabis or medical cannabis products.
2159	(c) A medical cannabis pharmacy shall dispose of any deposited medical cannabis or
2160	medical cannabis products by:
2161	(i) rendering the deposited medical cannabis or medical cannabis products unusable
2162	and unrecognizable before transporting deposited medical cannabis or medical cannabis
2163	products from the medical cannabis pharmacy; and
2164	(ii) disposing of the deposited medical cannabis or medical cannabis products in

2103	accordance with:
2166	(A) federal and state law, rules, and regulations related to hazardous waste;
2167	(B) the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 6991 et seq.;
2168	(C) Title 19, Chapter 6, Part 5, Solid Waste Management Act; and
2169	(D) other regulations that the department makes in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter
2170	3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
2171	(13) The department shall establish by rule, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
2172	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, protocols for a recall of cannabis and cannabis products
2173	by a medical cannabis pharmacy.
2174	Section 26. Section 26-61a-502 is amended to read:
2175	26-61a-502. Dispensing Amount a medical cannabis pharmacy may dispense
2176	Reporting Form of cannabis or cannabis product.
2177	(1) (a) A medical cannabis pharmacy may not sell a product other than, subject to this
2178	chapter:
2179	(i) cannabis in a medicinal dosage form that the medical cannabis pharmacy acquired
2180	from a cannabis processing facility that is licensed under Section 4-41a-201;
2181	(ii) a cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form that the medical cannabis pharmacy
2182	acquired from a cannabis processing facility that is licensed under Section 4-41a-201;
2183	(iii) a medical cannabis device; or
2184	(iv) educational material related to the medical use of cannabis.
2185	(b) A medical cannabis pharmacy may only sell an item listed in Subsection (1)(a) to
2186	an individual with:
2187	(i) (A) a medical cannabis card; [and] or
2188	(B) a department registration described in Subsection 26-61a-202(10); and
2189	(ii) a corresponding valid form of photo identification.
2190	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), a medical cannabis pharmacy may not sell a
2191	cannabis-based drug that the United States Food and Drug Administration has approved.
2192	(d) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(b), a medical cannabis pharmacy may not sell a
2193	medical cannabis device to an individual described in Subsection 26-61a-201(2)(a) or to a
2194	minor described in Subsection 26-61a-201(2)(c) unless the individual or minor has the
2195	approval of the Compassionate Use Board in accordance with Subsection 26-61a-105(5).

2196	(2) A medical cannabis pharmacy [may not dispense: (a)]:
2197	(a) may dispense to a medical cannabis cardholder, in any one 28-day period, [more
2198	than the lesser] up to the legal dosage limit of:
2199	(i) an amount sufficient to provide 30 days of treatment based on the dosing
2200	parameters that the relevant qualified medical provider recommends; or (ii) (A) 113 grams by
2201	weight of]
2202	(i) unprocessed cannabis that:
2203	(A) is in a medicinal dosage form; and [that]
2204	(B) carries a label clearly displaying the amount of tetrahydrocannabinol and
2205	cannabidiol in the cannabis; [or] and
2206	[(B) an amount of cannabis products that is in a medicinal dosage form and that
2207	contains, in total, greater than 20 grams of total composite tetrahydrocannabinol; or]
2208	(ii) a cannabis product that is in a medicinal dosage form; and
2209	(b) may not dispense:
2210	(i) more medical cannabis than described in Subsection (2)(a); or
2211	[(b)] (ii) to an individual whose qualified medical provider did not recommend [dosing
2212	parameters] directions of use and dosing guidelines, until the individual consults with the
2213	pharmacy medical provider in accordance with Subsection (4), any cannabis or cannabis
2214	products.
2215	(3) An individual with a medical cannabis card [may not purchase: (a) more]:
2216	(a) may purchase, in any one 28-day period, up to the legal dosage limit of:
2217	(i) unprocessed cannabis [or] in a medicinal dosage form; and
2218	(ii) a cannabis [products than the amounts designated in Subsection (2) in any one
2219	28-day period; or] product in a medicinal dosage form;
2220	(b) may not purchase:
2221	(i) more medical cannabis than described in Subsection (3)(a); or
2222	[(b)] (ii) if the relevant qualified medical provider did not recommend [dosing
2223	parameters] directions of use and dosing guidelines, until the individual consults with the
2224	pharmacy medical provider in accordance with Subsection (4), any cannabis or cannabis
2225	products[-]; and
2226	(c) may not use a route of administration that the relevant qualified medical provider or

2227	the pharmacy medical provider, in accordance with Subsection (4) or (5), has not
2228	recommended.
2229	(4) If a qualified medical provider recommends treatment with medical cannabis or a
2230	cannabis product but does not provide [dosing parameters] directions of use and dosing
2231	guidelines:
2232	(a) the qualified medical provider shall document in the recommendation:
2233	(i) an evaluation of the qualifying condition underlying the recommendation;
2234	(ii) prior treatment attempts with cannabis and cannabis products; and
2235	(iii) the patient's current medication list; and
2236	(b) before the relevant medical cannabis cardholder may obtain cannabis in a medicinal
2237	dosage form or a cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form, the pharmacy medical provider
2238	shall:
2239	(i) review pertinent medical records, including the qualified medical provider
2240	documentation described in Subsection (4)(a); and
2241	(ii) unless the pertinent medical records show [dosing parameters] directions of use and
2242	dosing guidelines from a state central patient portal medical provider in accordance with
2243	Subsection (5), after completing the review described in Subsection (4)(b)(i) and consulting
2244	with the recommending qualified medical provider as needed, determine the best course of
2245	treatment through consultation with the cardholder regarding:
2246	(A) the patient's qualifying condition underlying the recommendation from the
2247	qualified medical provider;
2248	(B) indications for available treatments;
2249	(C) [dosing parameters] directions of use and dosing guidelines; and
2250	(D) potential adverse reactions.
2251	(5) (a) A state central patient portal medical provider may provide the consultation and
2252	make the determination described in Subsection (4)(b) for a medical cannabis patient
2253	cardholder regarding an electronic order that the state central patient portal facilitates.
2254	(b) The state central patient portal medical provider described in Subsection (5)(a)
2255	shall document the [dosing parameters] directions of use and dosing guidelines, determined
2256	under Subsection (5)(a) in the pertinent medical records.
2257	(6) A medical cannabis pharmacy shall:

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2258	(a) (i) access the state electronic verification system before dispensing cannabis or a
2259	cannabis product to a medical cannabis cardholder in order to determine if the cardholder or,
2260	where applicable, the associated patient has met the maximum amount of cannabis or cannabis
2261	products described in Subsection (2); and
2262	(ii) if the verification in Subsection (6)(a)(i) indicates that the individual has met the
2263	maximum amount described in Subsection (2):
2264	(A) decline the sale; and
2265	(B) notify the qualified medical provider who made the underlying recommendation;
2266	(b) submit a record to the state electronic verification system each time the medical
2267	cannabis pharmacy dispenses cannabis or a cannabis product to a medical cannabis cardholder;
2268	(c) package any cannabis or cannabis product that is in a [blister pack in a] container
2269	that:
2270	(i) complies with Subsection 4-41a-602(2) or, if applicable, 26-61a-102(31)(a)(ii);
2271	(ii) is tamper-resistant and tamper-evident; and
2272	(iii) opaque; and
2273	(d) for a product that is a cube that is designed for ingestion through chewing or
2274	holding in the mouth for slow dissolution, include a separate, off-label warning about the risks
2275	of over-consumption.
2276	(7) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(b), a medical cannabis pharmacy may not
2277	sell medical cannabis in the form of a cigarette or a medical cannabis device that is
2278	intentionally designed or constructed to resemble a cigarette.
2279	(b) A medical cannabis pharmacy may sell a medical cannabis device that warms
2280	cannabis material into a vapor without the use of a flame and that delivers cannabis to an
2281	individual's respiratory system.
2282	(8) A medical cannabis pharmacy may not give, at no cost, a product that the medical
2283	cannabis pharmacy is allowed to sell under Subsection (1).
2284	(9) The department may impose a uniform fee on each medical cannabis cardholder
2285	transaction in a medical cannabis pharmacy in an amount that, subject to Subsection

(10) A medical cannabis pharmacy may purchase and store medical cannabis devices regardless of whether the seller has a cannabis-related license under this title or Title 4, Chapter

26-61a-109(5), the department sets in accordance with Section 63J-1-504.

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2289	41a, Cannabis Production Establishments.
2290	Section 27. Section 26-61a-504 is amended to read:
2291	26-61a-504. Inspections.
2292	(1) Each medical cannabis pharmacy shall maintain the pharmacy's medical cannabis
2293	treatment recommendation files and other records in accordance with this chapter, department
2294	rules, and the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, Pub. L. No.
2295	104-191, 110 Stat. 1936, as amended.
2296	(2) The department or the Department of Agriculture and Food may inspect the records
2297	[and], facility, and inventory of a medical cannabis pharmacy at any time during business hours
2298	in order to determine if the medical cannabis pharmacy complies with this chapter and Title 4,
2299	Chapter 41a, Cannabis Production Establishments.
2300	(3) An inspection under this section may include:
2301	(a) inspection of a site, facility, vehicle, book, record, paper, document, data, or other
2302	physical or electronic information, or any combination of the above;
2303	(b) questioning of any relevant individual; [or]
2304	(c) inspection of equipment, an instrument, a tool, or machinery, including a container
2305	or label[-];
2306	(d) random sampling of medical cannabis by the Department of Agriculture and Food
2307	to make the determinations described in Subsection 4-41a-701(2) in accordance with rules
2308	described in Section 4-41a-701; or
2309	(e) seizure of medical cannabis, medical cannabis devices, or educational material as
2310	evidence in a department investigation or inspection or in instances of compliance failure.
2311	(4) In making an inspection under this section, the department or the Department of
2312	Agriculture and Food may freely access any area and review and make copies of a book,
2313	record, paper, document, data, or other physical or electronic information, including financial
2314	data, sales data, shipping data, pricing data, and employee data.
2315	(5) Failure to provide the department [or the department's], the Department of
2316	Agriculture and Food, or the authorized agents of the department or the Department of
2317	Agriculture and Food immediate access to records and facilities during business hours in
2318	accordance with this section may result in:

(a) the imposition of a civil monetary penalty that the department sets in accordance

2320	with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
2321	(b) license or registration suspension or revocation; or
2322	(c) an immediate cessation of operations under a cease and desist order that the
2323	department issues.
2324	(6) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the department may temporarily store
2325	in any department facility the items the department seizes under Subsection (3)(e) until the
2326	department:
2327	(a) determines that sufficient compliance justifies the return of the seized items; or
2328	(b) disposes of the items in the same manner as a cannabis production establishment in
2329	accordance with Section 4-41a-405.
2330	Section 28. Section 26-61a-505 is amended to read:
2331	26-61a-505. Advertising.
2332	(1) Except as provided in [Subsections (2) and (3)] this section, a medical cannabis
2333	pharmacy may not advertise in any medium.
2334	(2) A medical cannabis pharmacy may advertise an employment opportunity at the
2335	medical cannabis pharmacy.
2336	[(2)] (3) Notwithstanding any municipal or county ordinance prohibiting signage, a
2337	medical cannabis pharmacy may use signage on the outside of the medical cannabis pharmacy
2338	that:
2339	(a) includes only:
2340	(i) the medical cannabis pharmacy's name and hours of operation; and
2341	(ii) a green cross;
2342	(b) does not exceed four feet by five feet in size; and
2343	(c) complies with local ordinances regulating signage.
2344	[(3)] (4) (a) A medical cannabis pharmacy may maintain a website that includes
2345	information about:
2346	[(a)] (i) the location and hours of operation of the medical cannabis pharmacy;
2347	[(b)] (ii) a product or service available at the medical cannabis pharmacy;
2348	[(c)] (iii) personnel affiliated with the medical cannabis pharmacy;
2349	[(d)] (iv) best practices that the medical cannabis pharmacy upholds; and
2350	[(e)] (v) educational material related to the medical use of cannabis, as defined by the

2351	department.
2352	(b) The department shall make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
2353	Administrative Rulemaking Act, to define the educational material described in Subsection
2354	<u>(4)(a).</u>
2355	(5) (a) A medical cannabis pharmacy may hold an educational event for the public or
2356	medical providers in accordance with this Subsection (5) and the rules described in Subsection
2357	<u>(5)(c).</u>
2358	(b) A medical cannabis pharmacy may not include in an educational event described in
2359	Subsection (5)(a):
2360	(i) any topic that conflicts with this chapter or Title 4, Chapter 41a, Cannabis
2361	Production Establishments;
2362	(ii) any gift items or merchandise other than educational materials, as those terms are
2363	defined by the department;
2364	(iii) any marketing for a specific product from the medical cannabis pharmacy; or
2365	(iv) a presenter other than the following:
2366	(A) a pharmacist licensed under Title 58, Chapter 17b, Pharmacy Practice Act;
2367	(B) an advanced practice registered nurse licensed under Title 58, Chapter 31b, Nurse
2368	Practice Act;
2369	(C) a physician licensed under Title 58, Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice Act, or
2370	Title 58, Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical Practice Act;
2371	(D) a physician assistant licensed under Title 58, Chapter 70a, Utah Physician
2372	Assistant Act; or
2373	(E) a state employee.
2374	(c) The department shall make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
2375	Administrative Rulemaking Act, to define the elements of and restrictions on the educational
2376	event described in Subsection (5)(a), including a minimum age of 21 years old for attendees.
2377	Section 29. Section 26-61a-506 is amended to read:
2378	26-61a-506. Medical cannabis transportation.
2379	(1) Only the following individuals may transport medical cannabis [in a medicinal
2380	dosage form, a cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form, or a medical cannabis device]
2381	under this chapter:

(i) guilty of an infraction; and

2382	(a) a registered medical cannabis pharmacy agent;
2383	(b) a registered medical cannabis courier agent; [or]
2384	(c) a registered pharmacy medical provider; or
2385	[(c)] (d) a medical cannabis cardholder who is transporting a medical cannabis
2386	treatment that the cardholder is authorized to transport.
2387	(2) Except for an individual with a valid medical cannabis card under this chapter who
2388	is transporting a medical cannabis treatment that the cardholder is authorized to transport, an
2389	individual described in Subsection (1) shall possess a transportation manifest that:
2390	(a) includes a unique identifier that links the cannabis[-,] or cannabis product[-, or
2391	medical cannabis device] to a relevant inventory control system;
2392	(b) includes origin and destination information for the medical cannabis, a cannabis
2393	product, or a medical cannabis device] that the individual is transporting; and
2394	(c) identifies the departure and arrival times and locations of the individual
2395	transporting the medical cannabis (, cannabis product, or medical cannabis device).
2396	(3) (a) In addition to the requirements in Subsections (1) and (2), the department may
2397	establish by rule, in collaboration with the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing
2398	and the Board of Pharmacy and in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
2399	Rulemaking Act, requirements for transporting [cannabis in a medicinal dosage form, a
2400	cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form, or a medical cannabis device] medical cannabis
2401	to ensure that the medical cannabis[, cannabis product, or medical cannabis device] remains
2402	safe for human consumption.
2403	(b) The transportation described in Subsection (1)(a) is limited to transportation
2404	between a medical cannabis pharmacy and:
2405	(i) another medical cannabis pharmacy; or
2406	(ii) for a medical cannabis shipment, a medical cannabis cardholder's home address.
2407	(4) (a) It is unlawful for [a registered medical cannabis pharmacy agent or a registered
2408	medical cannabis courier agent] an individual described in Subsection (1) to make a transport
2409	described in this section with a manifest that does not meet the requirements of this section.
2410	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(d), an [agent] individual who violates
2411	Subsection (4)(a) is:

2413	(ii) subject to a \$100 line.
2414	(c) An individual who is guilty of a violation described in Subsection (4)(b) is not
2415	guilty of a violation of Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act, for the conduct
2416	underlying the violation described in Subsection (4)(b).
2417	(d) If the individual described in Subsection (4)(a) is transporting more medical
2418	cannabis[, cannabis product, or medical cannabis devices] than the manifest identifies, except
2419	for a de minimis administrative error:
2420	(i) this chapter does not apply; and
2421	(ii) the individual is subject to penalties under Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled
2422	Substances Act.
2423	(5) An individual other than an individual described in Subsection (1) may transport a
2424	medical cannabis device within the state if the transport does not also contain medical
2425	cannabis.
2426	Section 30. Section 26-61a-601 is amended to read:
2427	26-61a-601. State central patient portal Department duties.
2428	(1) On or before July 1, 2020, the department shall establish or contract to establish, in
2429	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code, a state central patient portal as
2430	described in this section.
2431	(2) The state central patient portal shall:
2432	(a) authenticate each user to ensure the user is a valid medical cannabis patient
2433	cardholder;
2434	(b) allow a medical cannabis patient cardholder to:
2435	(i) obtain and download the cardholder's medical cannabis card;
2436	(ii) review the cardholder's medical cannabis purchase history; and
2437	(iii) manage the cardholder's personal information, including withdrawing consent for
2438	the use of the cardholder's information for a study described in Subsection
2439	26-61a-201[(10)] <u>(11);</u>
2440	(c) if the cardholder's qualified medical provider recommended the use of medical
2441	cannabis without providing directions of use and dosing [parameters] guidelines and the
2442	cardholder has not yet received the counseling or consultation required in Subsection
2443	26-61a-502(4):

2444	(i) alert the cardholder of the outstanding need for consultation; and
2445	(ii) provide the cardholder with access to the contact information for each state central
2446	patient portal medical provider and each pharmacy medical provider;
2447	(d) except as provided in Subsection (2)(e), facilitate an electronic medical cannabis
2448	order <u>:</u>
2449	(i) to a home delivery medical cannabis pharmacy for a medical cannabis shipment; or
2450	(ii) to a medical cannabis pharmacy for a medical cannabis cardholder to obtain in
2451	person from the pharmacy;
2452	(e) prohibit a patient from completing an electronic medical cannabis order described
2453	in Subsection (2)(d) if the purchase would exceed the limitations described in Subsection
2454	[26-61a-501] <u>26-61a-502</u> (2)(a) or (b);
2455	(f) provide educational information to medical cannabis patient cardholders regarding
2456	the state's medical cannabis laws and regulatory programs and other relevant information
2457	regarding medical cannabis; and
2458	(g) allow the patient to designate up to two caregivers who may receive a medical
2459	cannabis caregiver card to purchase and transport medical cannabis on behalf of the patient in
2460	accordance with this chapter.
2461	(3) The department may make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
2462	Administrative Rulemaking Act, to implement the state central patient portal.
2463	Section 31. Section 26-61a-603 is amended to read:
2464	26-61a-603. Payment provider for electronic medical cannabis transactions.
2465	(1) A cannabis production establishment [seeking to use a payment provider], a
2466	medical cannabis pharmacy, or a prospective home delivery medical cannabis pharmacy
2467	seeking to use a payment provider shall submit to the Division of Finance and the state
2468	treasurer information regarding the payment provider the prospective licensee will use to
2469	conduct financial transactions related to medical cannabis, including:
2470	(a) the name and contact information of the payment provider;
2471	(b) the nature of the relationship between the establishment, pharmacy, or prospective
2472	pharmacy and the payment provider; and
2473	(c) for a prospective home delivery medical cannabis pharmacy, the processes the
2474	prospective licensee and the payment provider have in place to safely and reliably conduct

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- 2475 financial transactions for medical cannabis shipments.
 - (2) The Division of Finance shall, in consultation with the state treasurer:
- 2477 (a) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, 2478 make rules to establish standards for identifying payment providers that demonstrate the 2479 functional and technical ability to safely conduct financial transactions related to medical 2480 cannabis, including medical cannabis shipments;
 - (b) review submissions the Division of Finance and the state treasurer receive under Subsection (1);
 - (c) approve a payment provider that meets the standards described in Subsection (2)(a); and
 - (d) establish a list of approved payment providers.
 - (3) Any licensed cannabis production establishment, licensed medical cannabis pharmacy, or medical cannabis courier may use a payment provider that the Division of Finance approves, in consultation with the state treasurer, to conduct transactions related to the establishment's, pharmacy's, or courier's respective medical cannabis business.
 - (4) If Congress passes legislation that allows a cannabis-related business to facilitate payments through or deposit funds in a financial institution, a cannabis production establishment or a medical cannabis pharmacy may facilitate payments through or deposit funds in a financial institution in addition to or instead of a payment provider that the Division of Finance approves, in consultation with the state treasurer, under this section.
 - Section 32. Section **26-61a-605** is amended to read:

26-61a-605. Medical cannabis shipment transportation.

- (1) The department shall ensure that each home delivery medical cannabis pharmacy is capable of delivering, directly or through a medical cannabis courier, medical cannabis shipments in a secure manner.
- (2) (a) A home delivery medical cannabis pharmacy may contract with a licensed medical cannabis courier to deliver medical cannabis shipments to fulfill electronic medical cannabis orders that the state central patient portal facilitates.
- (b) If a home delivery medical cannabis pharmacy enters into a contract described in Subsection (2)(a), the pharmacy shall:
 - (i) impose security and personnel requirements on the medical cannabis courier

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2506	sufficient to ensure the security and safety of medical cannabis shipments; and
2507	(ii) provide regular oversight of the medical cannabis courier.
2508	(3) Except for an individual with a valid medical cannabis card who transports a
2509	shipment the individual receives, an individual may not transport a medical cannabis shipment
2510	unless the individual is:
2511	(a) a registered pharmacy medical provider;
2512	[(a)] (b) a registered medical cannabis pharmacy agent; or
2513	[(b)] (c) a registered agent of the medical cannabis courier described in Subsection (2).
2514	(4) An individual transporting a medical cannabis shipment under Subsection (3) shall
2515	possess a transportation manifest that:
2516	(a) includes a unique identifier that links the medical cannabis shipment to a relevant
2517	inventory control system;
2518	(b) includes origin and destination information for the medical cannabis shipment the
2519	individual is transporting; and
2520	(c) indicates the departure and arrival times and locations of the individual transporting
2521	the medical cannabis shipment.
2522	(5) In addition to the requirements in Subsections (3) and (4), the department may
2523	establish by rule, in collaboration with the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing
2524	and the Board of Pharmacy and in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
2525	Rulemaking Act, requirements for transporting medical cannabis shipments that are related to
2526	safety for human consumption of cannabis or a cannabis product.
2527	(6) (a) It is unlawful for an individual to transport a medical cannabis shipment with a
2528	manifest that does not meet the requirements of Subsection (4).
2529	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(d), an individual who violates Subsection
2530	(6)(a) is:
2531	(i) guilty of an infraction; and
2532	(ii) subject to a \$100 fine.
2533	(c) An individual who is guilty of a violation described in Subsection (6)(b) is not
2534	guilty of a violation of Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act, for the conduct

(d) If the individual described in Subsection (6)(a) is transporting more cannabis,

underlying the violation described in Subsection (6)(b).

2537	cannabis product, or medical cannabis devices than the manifest identifies, except for a de
2538	minimis administrative error:
2539	(i) this chapter does not apply; and
2540	(ii) the individual is subject to penalties under Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled
2541	Substances Act.
2542	Section 33. Section 41-6a-517 is amended to read:
2543	41-6a-517. Definitions Driving with any measurable controlled substance in the
2544	body Penalties Arrest without warrant.
2545	(1) As used in this section:
2546	(a) "Controlled substance" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37-2.
2547	(b) "Practitioner" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37-2.
2548	(c) "Prescribe" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37-2.
2549	(d) "Prescription" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37-2.
2550	(2) In cases not amounting to a violation of Section 41-6a-502, a person may not
2551	operate or be in actual physical control of a motor vehicle within this state if the person has the
2552	following in the person's body:
2553	(a) for a controlled substance other than cannabis, any measurable controlled substance
2554	or metabolite of a controlled substance [in the person's body.]; or
2555	(b) a pharmacologically active metabolite of cannabis.
2556	(3) It is an affirmative defense to prosecution under this section that the controlled
2557	substance was:
2558	(a) involuntarily ingested by the accused;
2559	(b) prescribed by a practitioner for use by the accused;
2560	(c) cannabis in a medicinal dosage form or a cannabis product in a medicinal dosage
2561	form that the accused ingested in accordance with Title 26, Chapter 61a, Utah Medical
2562	Cannabis Act; or
2563	(d) otherwise legally ingested.
2564	(4) (a) A person convicted of a violation of Subsection (2) is guilty of a class B
2565	misdemeanor.
2566	(b) A person who violates this section is subject to conviction and sentencing under
2567	both this section and any applicable offense under Section 58-37-8.

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- 2568 (5) A peace officer may, without a warrant, arrest a person for a violation of this
 2569 section when the officer has probable cause to believe the violation has occurred, although not
 2570 in the officer's presence, and if the officer has probable cause to believe that the violation was
 2571 committed by the person.
 2572 (6) The Driver License Division shall, if the person is 21 years of age or older on the
 2573 date of arrest:
 - (a) suspend, for a period of 120 days, the driver license of a person convicted under Subsection (2) of an offense committed on or after July 1, 2009; or
 - (b) revoke, for a period of two years, the driver license of a person if:
 - (i) the person has a prior conviction as defined under Subsection 41-6a-501(2); and
 - (ii) the current violation under Subsection (2) is committed on or after July 1, 2009, and within a period of 10 years after the date of the prior violation.
 - (7) The Driver License Division shall, if the person is 19 years of age or older but under 21 years of age on the date of arrest:
 - (a) suspend, until the person is 21 years of age or for a period of one year, whichever is longer, the driver license of a person convicted under Subsection (2) of an offense committed on or after July 1, 2011; or
 - (b) revoke, until the person is 21 years of age or for a period of two years, whichever is longer, the driver license of a person if:
 - (i) the person has a prior conviction as defined under Subsection 41-6a-501(2); and
 - (ii) the current violation under Subsection (2) is committed on or after July 1, 2009, and within a period of 10 years after the date of the prior violation.
 - (8) The Driver License Division shall, if the person is under 19 years of age on the date of arrest:
 - (a) suspend, until the person is 21 years of age, the driver license of a person convicted under Subsection (2) of an offense committed on or after July 1, 2009; or
 - (b) revoke, until the person is 21 years of age, the driver license of a person if:
 - (i) the person has a prior conviction as defined under Subsection 41-6a-501(2); and
- 2596 (ii) the current violation under Subsection (2) is committed on or after July 1, 2009, 2597 and within a period of 10 years after the date of the prior violation.
 - (9) The Driver License Division shall subtract from any suspension or revocation

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Subsection (7)(a) or (8)(a);

not ordered to probation; and

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2599	period the number of days for which a license was previously suspended under Section
2600	53-3-223 or 53-3-231, if the previous suspension was based on the same occurrence upon
2601	which the record of conviction is based.
2602	(10) The Driver License Division shall:
2603	(a) deny, suspend, or revoke a person's license for the denial and suspension periods in
2604	effect prior to July 1, 2009, for a conviction of a violation under Subsection (2) that was
2605	committed prior to July 1, 2009; or
2606	(b) deny, suspend, or revoke the operator's license of a person for the denial,
2607	suspension, or revocation periods in effect from July 1, 2009, through June 30, 2011, if:
2608	(i) the person was 20 years of age or older but under 21 years of age at the time of
2609	arrest; and
2610	(ii) the conviction under Subsection (2) is for an offense that was committed on or after
2611	July 1, 2009, and prior to July 1, 2011.
2612	(11) A court that reported a conviction of a violation of this section for a violation that
2613	occurred on or after July 1, 2009, to the Driver License Division may shorten the suspension
2614	period imposed under Subsection (7)(a) or (8)(a) prior to completion of the suspension period
2615	if the person:
2616	(a) completes at least six months of the license suspension;
2617	(b) completes a screening;
2618	(c) completes an assessment, if it is found appropriate by a screening under Subsection
2619	(11)(b);
2620	(d) completes substance abuse treatment if it is found appropriate by the assessment
2621	under Subsection (11)(c);
2622	(e) completes an educational series if substance abuse treatment is not required by the
2623	assessment under Subsection (11)(c) or the court does not order substance abuse treatment;
2624	(f) has not been convicted of a violation of any motor vehicle law in which the person
2625	was involved as the operator of the vehicle during the suspension period imposed under

(g) has complied with all the terms of the person's probation or all orders of the court if

(h) (i) is 18 years of age or older and provides a sworn statement to the court that the

- person has not consumed a controlled substance not prescribed by a practitioner for use by the person or unlawfully consumed alcohol during the suspension period imposed under Subsection (7)(a) or (8)(a); or
- (ii) is under 18 years of age and has the person's parent or legal guardian provide an affidavit or other sworn statement to the court certifying that to the parent or legal guardian's knowledge the person has not consumed a controlled substance not prescribed by a practitioner for use by the person or unlawfully consumed alcohol during the suspension period imposed under Subsection (7)(a) or (8)(a).
- (12) If the court shortens a person's license suspension period in accordance with the requirements of Subsection (11), the court shall forward the order shortening the person's license suspension period prior to the completion of the suspension period imposed under Subsection (7)(a) or (8)(a) to the Driver License Division.
 - (13) (a) The court shall notify the Driver License Division if a person fails to:
- (i) complete all court ordered screening and assessment, educational series, and substance abuse treatment; or
 - (ii) pay all fines and fees, including fees for restitution and treatment costs.
- (b) Upon receiving the notification, the division shall suspend the person's driving privilege in accordance with Subsections 53-3-221(2) and (3).
 - (14) The court:
- (a) shall order supervised probation in accordance with Section 41-6a-507 for a person convicted under Subsection (2); and
- (b) may order a person convicted under Subsection (2) to participate in a 24-7 sobriety program as defined in Section 41-6a-515.5 if the person is 21 years of age or older.
- (15) (a) A court that reported a conviction of a violation of this section to the Driver License Division may shorten the suspension period imposed under Subsection (6) before completion of the suspension period if the person is participating in or has successfully completed a 24-7 sobriety program as defined in Section 41-6a-515.5.
- (b) If the court shortens a person's license suspension period in accordance with the requirements of this Subsection (15), the court shall forward to the Driver License Division the order shortening the person's suspension period.
 - (c) The court shall notify the Driver License Division if a person fails to complete all

2661	requirements of a 24-7 sobriety program.
2662	(d) Upon receiving the notification described in Subsection (15)(c), the division shall
2663	suspend the person's driving privilege in accordance with Subsections 53-3-221(2) and (3).
2664	Section 34. Section 52-4-205 is amended to read:
2665	52-4-205. Purposes of closed meetings Certain issues prohibited in closed
2666	meetings.
2667	(1) A closed meeting described under Section 52-4-204 may only be held for:
2668	(a) except as provided in Subsection (3), discussion of the character, professional
2669	competence, or physical or mental health of an individual;
2670	(b) strategy sessions to discuss collective bargaining;
2671	(c) strategy sessions to discuss pending or reasonably imminent litigation;
2672	(d) strategy sessions to discuss the purchase, exchange, or lease of real property,
2673	including any form of a water right or water shares, if public discussion of the transaction
2674	would:
2675	(i) disclose the appraisal or estimated value of the property under consideration; or
2676	(ii) prevent the public body from completing the transaction on the best possible terms;
2677	(e) strategy sessions to discuss the sale of real property, including any form of a water
2678	right or water shares, if:
2679	(i) public discussion of the transaction would:
2680	(A) disclose the appraisal or estimated value of the property under consideration; or
2681	(B) prevent the public body from completing the transaction on the best possible terms;
2682	(ii) the public body previously gave public notice that the property would be offered for
2683	sale; and
2684	(iii) the terms of the sale are publicly disclosed before the public body approves the
2685	sale;
2686	(f) discussion regarding deployment of security personnel, devices, or systems;
2687	(g) investigative proceedings regarding allegations of criminal misconduct;
2688	(h) as relates to the Independent Legislative Ethics Commission, conducting business
2689	relating to the receipt or review of ethics complaints;
2690	(i) as relates to an ethics committee of the Legislature, a purpose permitted under
2691	Subsection 52-4-204(1)(a)(iii)(C);

- 2692 (j) as relates to the Independent Executive Branch Ethics Commission created in Section 63A-14-202, conducting business relating to an ethics complaint;
 - (k) as relates to a county legislative body, discussing commercial information as defined in Section 59-1-404;
 - (l) as relates to the Utah Higher Education Assistance Authority and its appointed board of directors, discussing fiduciary or commercial information as defined in Section 53B-12-102;
 - (m) deliberations, not including any information gathering activities, of a public body acting in the capacity of:
 - (i) an evaluation committee under Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code, during the process of evaluating responses to a solicitation, as defined in Section 63G-6a-103;
 - (ii) a protest officer, defined in Section 63G-6a-103, during the process of making a decision on a protest under Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Part 16, Protests; or
 - (iii) a procurement appeals panel under Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code, during the process of deciding an appeal under Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Part 17, Procurement Appeals Board;
 - (n) the purpose of considering information that is designated as a trade secret, as defined in Section 13-24-2, if the public body's consideration of the information is necessary in order to properly conduct a procurement under Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code;
 - (o) the purpose of discussing information provided to the public body during the procurement process under Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code, if, at the time of the meeting:
 - (i) the information may not, under Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code, be disclosed to a member of the public or to a participant in the procurement process; and
 - (ii) the public body needs to review or discuss the information in order to properly fulfill its role and responsibilities in the procurement process;
 - (p) as relates to the governing board of a governmental nonprofit corporation, as that term is defined in Section 11-13a-102, the purpose of discussing information that is designated as a trade secret, as that term is defined in Section 13-24-2, if:
- 2721 (i) public knowledge of the discussion would reasonably be expected to result in injury 2722 to the owner of the trade secret; and

2723	(ii) discussion of the information is necessary for the governing board to properly
2724	discharge the board's duties and conduct the board's business; or
2725	(q) a purpose for which a meeting is required to be closed under Subsection (2).
2726	(2) The following meetings shall be closed:
2727	(a) a meeting of the Health and Human Services Interim Committee to review a fatality
2728	review report described in Subsection 62A-16-301(1)(a), and the responses to the report
2729	described in Subsections 62A-16-301(2) and (4);
2730	(b) a meeting of the Child Welfare Legislative Oversight Panel to:
2731	(i) review a fatality review report described in Subsection 62A-16-301(1)(a), and the
2732	responses to the report described in Subsections 62A-16-301(2) and (4); or
2733	(ii) review and discuss an individual case, as described in Subsection 62A-4a-207(5);
2734	[and]
2735	(c) a meeting of a conservation district as defined in Section 17D-3-102 for the purpose
2736	of advising the Natural Resource Conservation Service of the United States Department of
2737	Agriculture on a farm improvement project if the discussed information is protected
2738	information under federal law[-]; and
2739	(d) a meeting of the Compassionate Use Board established in Section 26-61a-105 for
2740	the purpose of reviewing petitions for a medical cannabis card in accordance with Section
2741	<u>26-61a-105.</u>
2742	(3) In a closed meeting, a public body may not:
2743	(a) interview a person applying to fill an elected position;
2744	(b) discuss filling a midterm vacancy or temporary absence governed by Title 20A,
2745	Chapter 1, Part 5, Candidate Vacancy and Vacancy and Temporary Absence in Elected Office;
2746	or
2747	(c) discuss the character, professional competence, or physical or mental health of the
2748	person whose name was submitted for consideration to fill a midterm vacancy or temporary
2749	absence governed by Title 20A, Chapter 1, Part 5, Candidate Vacancy and Vacancy and
2750	Temporary Absence in Elected Office.
2751	Section 35. Section 58-37-2 is amended to read:
2752	58-37-2. Definitions.
2753	(1) As used in this chapter:

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- 2754 (a) "Administer" means the direct application of a controlled substance, whether by
 2755 injection, inhalation, ingestion, or any other means, to the body of a patient or research subject
 2756 by:
- 2757 (i) a practitioner or, in the practitioner's presence, by the practitioner's authorized agent; 2758 or
 - (ii) the patient or research subject at the direction and in the presence of the practitioner.
 - (b) "Agent" means an authorized person who acts on behalf of or at the direction of a manufacturer, distributor, or practitioner but does not include a motor carrier, public warehouseman, or employee of any of them.
 - (c) "Consumption" means ingesting or having any measurable amount of a controlled substance in a person's body, but this Subsection (1)(c) does not include the metabolite of a controlled substance.
 - (d) "Continuing criminal enterprise" means any individual, sole proprietorship, partnership, corporation, business trust, association, or other legal entity, and any union or groups of individuals associated in fact although not a legal entity, and includes illicit as well as licit entities created or maintained for the purpose of engaging in conduct which constitutes the commission of episodes of activity made unlawful by Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act, Chapter 37a, Utah Drug Paraphernalia Act, Chapter 37b, Imitation Controlled Substances Act, Chapter 37c, Utah Controlled Substance Precursor Act, or Chapter 37d, Clandestine Drug Lab Act, which episodes are not isolated, but have the same or similar purposes, results, participants, victims, methods of commission, or otherwise are interrelated by distinguishing characteristics. Taken together, the episodes shall demonstrate continuing unlawful conduct and be related either to each other or to the enterprise.
 - (e) "Control" means to add, remove, or change the placement of a drug, substance, or immediate precursor under Section 58-37-3.
 - (f) (i) "Controlled substance" means a drug or substance:
- 2781 (A) included in Schedules I, II, III, IV, or V of Section 58-37-4;
- 2782 (B) included in Schedules I, II, III, IV, or V of the federal Controlled Substances Act, 2783 Title II, P.L. 91-513;
- (C) that is a controlled substance analog; or

- 2785 (D) listed in Section 58-37-4.2.
- 2786 (ii) "Controlled substance" does not include:
- 2787 (A) distilled spirits, wine, or malt beverages, as those terms are defined in Title 32B,
 2788 Alcoholic Beverage Control Act;
 - (B) any drug intended for lawful use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease in human or other animals, which contains ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, norpseudoephedrine, or phenylpropanolamine if the drug is lawfully purchased, sold, transferred, or furnished as an over-the-counter medication without prescription; or
 - (C) dietary supplements, vitamins, minerals, herbs, or other similar substances including concentrates or extracts, which:
 - (I) are not otherwise regulated by law; and
 - (II) may contain naturally occurring amounts of chemical or substances listed in this chapter, or in rules adopted pursuant to Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
 - (g) (i) "Controlled substance analog" means:
 - (A) a substance the chemical structure of which is substantially similar to the chemical structure of a controlled substance listed in Schedules I and II of Section 58-37-4, a substance listed in Section 58-37-4.2, or in Schedules I and II of the federal Controlled Substances Act, Title II, P.L. 91-513;
 - (B) a substance which has a stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system substantially similar to the stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system of controlled substances listed in Schedules I and II of Section 58-37-4, substances listed in Section 58-37-4.2, or substances listed in Schedules I and II of the federal Controlled Substances Act, Title II, P.L. 91-513; or
 - (C) A substance which, with respect to a particular individual, is represented or intended to have a stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system substantially similar to the stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system of controlled substances listed in Schedules I and II of Section 58-37-4, substances listed in Section 58-37-4.2, or substances listed in Schedules I and II of the federal Controlled Substances Act, Title II, P.L. 91-513.
- 2815 (ii) "Controlled substance analog" does not include:

2816	(A) a controlled substance currently scheduled in Schedules I through V of Section
2817	58-37-4;
2818	(B) a substance for which there is an approved new drug application;
2819	(C) a substance with respect to which an exemption is in effect for investigational use
2820	by a particular person under Section 505 of the Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, 21 U.S.C. 355,
2821	to the extent the conduct with respect to the substance is permitted by the exemption;
2822	(D) any substance to the extent not intended for human consumption before an
2823	exemption takes effect with respect to the substance;
2824	(E) any drug intended for lawful use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or
2825	prevention of disease in man or other animals, which contains ephedrine, pseudoephedrine,
2826	norpseudoephedrine, or phenylpropanolamine if the drug is lawfully purchased, sold,
2827	transferred, or furnished as an over-the-counter medication without prescription; or
2828	(F) dietary supplements, vitamins, minerals, herbs, or other similar substances
2829	including concentrates or extracts, which are not otherwise regulated by law, which may
2830	contain naturally occurring amounts of chemical or substances listed in this chapter, or in rules
2831	adopted pursuant to Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
2832	(h) (i) "Conviction" means a determination of guilt by verdict, whether jury or bench,
2833	or plea, whether guilty or no contest, for any offense proscribed by:
2834	(A) Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act;
2835	(B) Chapter 37a, Utah Drug Paraphernalia Act;
2836	(C) Chapter 37b, Imitation Controlled Substances Act;
2837	(D) Chapter 37c, Utah Controlled Substance Precursor Act; or
2838	(E) Chapter 37d, Clandestine Drug Lab Act; or
2839	(ii) for any offense under the laws of the United States and any other state which, if
2840	committed in this state, would be an offense under:
2841	(A) Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act;
2842	(B) Chapter 37a, Utah Drug Paraphernalia Act;
2843	(C) Chapter 37b, Imitation Controlled Substances Act;
2844	(D) Chapter 37c, Utah Controlled Substance Precursor Act; or
2845	(E) Chapter 37d, Clandestine Drug Lab Act.
2846	(i) "Counterfeit substance" means:

2847 (i) any controlled substance or container or labeling of any controlled substance that: 2848 (A) without authorization bears the trademark, trade name, or other identifying mark, 2849 imprint, number, device, or any likeness of them, of a manufacturer, distributor, or dispenser 2850 other than the person or persons who in fact manufactured, distributed, or dispensed the 2851 substance which falsely purports to be a controlled substance distributed by any other 2852 manufacturer, distributor, or dispenser; and 2853 (B) a reasonable person would believe to be a controlled substance distributed by an 2854 authorized manufacturer, distributor, or dispenser based on the appearance of the substance as 2855 described under Subsection (1)(i)(i)(A) or the appearance of the container of that controlled 2856 substance; or 2857 (ii) any substance other than under Subsection (1)(i)(i) that: 2858 (A) is falsely represented to be any legally or illegally manufactured controlled substance: and 2859 (B) a reasonable person would believe to be a legal or illegal controlled substance. 2860 2861 (i) "Deliver" or "delivery" means the actual, constructive, or attempted transfer of a 2862 controlled substance or a listed chemical, whether or not an agency relationship exists. 2863 (k) "Department" means the Department of Commerce. 2864 (1) "Depressant or stimulant substance" means: 2865 (i) a drug which contains any quantity of barbituric acid or any of the salts of barbituric 2866 acid; (ii) a drug which contains any quantity of: 2867 2868 (A) amphetamine or any of its optical isomers; 2869 (B) any salt of amphetamine or any salt of an optical isomer of amphetamine; or 2870 (C) any substance which the Secretary of Health and Human Services or the Attorney 2871 General of the United States after investigation has found and by regulation designated 2872 habit-forming because of its stimulant effect on the central nervous system; 2873 (iii) lysergic acid diethylamide; or 2874 (iv) any drug which contains any quantity of a substance which the Secretary of Health 2875 and Human Services or the Attorney General of the United States after investigation has found 2876 to have, and by regulation designated as having, a potential for abuse because of its depressant

or stimulant effect on the central nervous system or its hallucinogenic effect.

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- (m) "Dispense" means the delivery of a controlled substance by a pharmacist to an ultimate user pursuant to the lawful order or prescription of a practitioner, and includes distributing to, leaving with, giving away, or disposing of that substance as well as the packaging, labeling, or compounding necessary to prepare the substance for delivery.
 - (n) "Dispenser" means a pharmacist who dispenses a controlled substance.
- (o) "Distribute" means to deliver other than by administering or dispensing a controlled substance or a listed chemical.
 - (p) "Distributor" means a person who distributes controlled substances.
- 2886 (q) "Division" means the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing created in Section 58-1-103.
 - (r) (i) "Drug" means:
 - (A) a substance recognized in the official United States Pharmacopoeia, Official Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United States, or Official National Formulary, or any supplement to any of them, intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease in humans or animals;
 - (B) a substance that is required by any applicable federal or state law or rule to be dispensed by prescription only or is restricted to administration by practitioners only;
 - (C) a substance other than food intended to affect the structure or any function of the body of humans or other animals; and
 - (D) substances intended for use as a component of any substance specified in Subsections (1)(r)(i)(A), (B), and (C).
 - (ii) "Drug" does not include dietary supplements.
 - (s) "Drug dependent person" means any individual who unlawfully and habitually uses any controlled substance to endanger the public morals, health, safety, or welfare, or who is so dependent upon the use of controlled substances as to have lost the power of self-control with reference to the individual's dependency.
 - (t) "Food" means:
 - (i) any nutrient or substance of plant, mineral, or animal origin other than a drug as specified in this chapter, and normally ingested by human beings; and
- 2907 (ii) foods for special dietary uses as exist by reason of a physical, physiological, pathological, or other condition including but not limited to the conditions of disease,

convalescence, pregnancy, lactation, allergy, hypersensitivity to food, underweight, and overweight; uses for supplying a particular dietary need which exist by reason of age including but not limited to the ages of infancy and childbirth, and also uses for supplementing and for fortifying the ordinary or unusual diet with any vitamin, mineral, or other dietary property for use of a food. Any particular use of a food is a special dietary use regardless of the nutritional purposes.

- (u) "Immediate precursor" means a substance which the Attorney General of the United States has found to be, and by regulation designated as being, the principal compound used or produced primarily for use in the manufacture of a controlled substance, or which is an immediate chemical intermediary used or likely to be used in the manufacture of a controlled substance, the control of which is necessary to prevent, curtail, or limit the manufacture of the controlled substance.
 - (v) "Indian" means a member of an Indian tribe.
 - (w) "Indian religion" means any religion:
- (i) the origin and interpretation of which is from within a traditional Indian culture or community; and
 - (ii) which is practiced by Indians.
- (x) "Indian tribe" means any tribe, band, nation, pueblo, or other organized group or community of Indians, including any Alaska Native village, which is legally recognized as eligible for and is consistent with the special programs, services, and entitlements provided by the United States to Indians because of their status as Indians.
- (y) "Manufacture" means the production, preparation, propagation, compounding, or processing of a controlled substance, either directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of natural origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis.
- (z) "Manufacturer" includes any person who packages, repackages, or labels any container of any controlled substance, except pharmacists who dispense or compound prescription orders for delivery to the ultimate consumer.
- (aa) (i) "Marijuana" means all species of the genus cannabis and all parts of the genus, whether growing or not[; the], including:
- 2939 <u>(A)</u> seeds [of it; the];

2940	(B) resin extracted from any part of the plant[; and], including the resin extracted from
2941	the mature stalks;
2942	(C) every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of the plant
2943	[its] seeds, or resin[. The term]; and
2944	(D) any synthetic equivalents of the substances contained in the plant cannabis sativa
2945	or any other species of the genus cannabis which are chemically indistinguishable and
2946	pharmacologically active.
2947	(ii) "Marijuana" does not include:
2948	(A) the mature stalks of the plant[;];
2949	(B) fiber produced from the stalks[7];
2950	(C) oil or cake made from the seeds of the plant[5];
2951	(D) except as provided in Subsection (1)(aa)(i), any other compound, manufacture,
2952	salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of the mature stalks, [except the resin extracted from
2953	them,] fiber, oil or cake[, or];
2954	(E) the sterilized seed of the plant which is incapable of germination[. Any synthetic
2955	equivalents of the substances contained in the plant cannabis sativa or any other species of the
2956	genus cannabis which are chemically indistinguishable and pharmacologically active are also
2957	included.]; or
2958	(F) any compound, mixture, or preparation approved by the Federal Food and Drug
2959	Administration under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, 21 U.S.C. Sec. 301 et seq.
2960	that is not listed in a schedule of controlled substances in Section 58-27-4 or in the federal
2961	Controlled Substances Act, Title II, P.L. 91-513.
2962	(bb) "Money" means officially issued coin and currency of the United States or any
2963	foreign country.
2964	(cc) "Narcotic drug" means any of the following, whether produced directly or
2965	indirectly by extraction from substances of vegetable origin, or independently by means of
2966	chemical synthesis, or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis:
2967	(i) opium, coca leaves, and opiates;
2968	(ii) a compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, or preparation of opium, coca leaves, or
2969	opiates;
2970	(iii) opium poppy and poppy straw; or

- 2971 (iv) a substance, and any compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, or preparation of the substance, which is chemically identical with any of the substances referred to in Subsection (1)(cc)(i), (ii), or (iii), except narcotic drug does not include decocainized coca leaves or extracts of coca leaves which do not contain cocaine or ecgonine.
 - (dd) "Negotiable instrument" means documents, containing an unconditional promise to pay a sum of money, which are legally transferable to another party by endorsement or delivery.
 - (ee) "Opiate" means any drug or other substance having an addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining liability similar to morphine or being capable of conversion into a drug having addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining liability.
 - (ff) "Opium poppy" means the plant of the species papaver somniferum L., except the seeds of the plant.
 - (gg) "Person" means any corporation, association, partnership, trust, other institution or entity or one or more individuals.
 - (hh) "Poppy straw" means all parts, except the seeds, of the opium poppy, after mowing.
 - (ii) "Possession" or "use" means the joint or individual ownership, control, occupancy, holding, retaining, belonging, maintaining, or the application, inhalation, swallowing, injection, or consumption, as distinguished from distribution, of controlled substances and includes individual, joint, or group possession or use of controlled substances. For a person to be a possessor or user of a controlled substance, it is not required that the person be shown to have individually possessed, used, or controlled the substance, but it is sufficient if it is shown that the person jointly participated with one or more persons in the use, possession, or control of any substances with knowledge that the activity was occurring, or the controlled substance is found in a place or under circumstances indicating that the person had the ability and the intent to exercise dominion and control over it.
 - (jj) "Practitioner" means a physician, dentist, naturopathic physician, veterinarian, pharmacist, scientific investigator, pharmacy, hospital, or other person licensed, registered, or otherwise permitted to distribute, dispense, conduct research with respect to, administer, or use in teaching or chemical analysis a controlled substance in the course of professional practice or research in this state.

3002	(kk) "Prescribe" means to issue a prescription:
3003	(i) orally or in writing; or
3004	(ii) by telephone, facsimile transmission, computer, or other electronic means of
3005	communication as defined by division rule.
3006	(ll) "Prescription" means an order issued:
3007	(i) by a licensed practitioner, in the course of that practitioner's professional practice or
3008	by collaborative pharmacy practice agreement; and
3009	(ii) for a controlled substance or other prescription drug or device for use by a patient
3010	or an animal.
3011	(mm) "Production" means the manufacture, planting, cultivation, growing, or
3012	harvesting of a controlled substance.
3013	(nn) "Securities" means any stocks, bonds, notes, or other evidences of debt or of
3014	property.
3015	(oo) "State" means the state of Utah.
3016	(pp) "Ultimate user" means any person who lawfully possesses a controlled substance
3017	for the person's own use, for the use of a member of the person's household, or for
3018	administration to an animal owned by the person or a member of the person's household.
3019	(2) If a term used in this chapter is not defined, the definition and terms of Title 76,
3020	Utah Criminal Code, shall apply.
3021	Section 36. Section 58-37-3.7 is amended to read:
3022	58-37-3.7. Medical cannabis decriminalization.
3023	(1) As used in this section:
3024	(a) "Cannabis" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26-61a-102.
3025	(b) "Cannabis product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26-61a-102.
3026	(c) "Legal dosage limit" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26-61a-102.
3027	[(c)] (d) "Medical cannabis card" means the same as that term is defined in Section
3028	26-61a-102.
3029	[(d)] (e) "Medical cannabis device" means the same as that term is defined in Section
3030	26-61a-102.
3031	[(e) "Medical cannabis pharmacy" means the same as that term is defined in Section
3032	26-61a-102.]

3033	(f) "Medicinal dosage form" means the same as that term is defined in Section
3034	26-61a-102.
3035	(g) "Nonresident patient" means the same as that term is defined in Section
3036	<u>26-61a-102.</u>
3037	[(g) "Qualified medical provider" means the same as that term is defined in Section
3038	26-61a-102.]
3039	(h) "Qualifying condition" means the same as that term is defined in Section
3040	26-61a-102.
3041	(i) "Tetrahydrocannabinol" means the same as that term is defined in Section
3042	58-37-3.9.
3043	(2) Before January 1, 2021, an individual is not guilty under this chapter for the use or
3044	possession of marijuana, tetrahydrocannabinol, or marijuana drug paraphernalia if:
3045	(a) at the time of the arrest or citation, the individual:
3046	(i) (A) had been diagnosed with a qualifying condition; and
3047	(B) had a pre-existing provider-patient relationship with an advanced practice
3048	registered nurse licensed under Title 58, Chapter 31b, Nurse Practice Act, a physician licensed
3049	under Title 58, Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice Act, a physician licensed under Title 58,
3050	Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical Practice Act, or a physician assistant licensed under
3051	Title 58, Chapter 70a, Utah Physician Assistant Act, who believed that the individual's illness
3052	described in Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) could benefit from the use in question;
3053	(ii) for possession, was:
3054	(A) the parent or legal guardian of an individual described in Subsection (2)(a)(i) who
3055	is a minor; or
3056	(B) the spouse of an individual described in Subsection (2)(a)(i); or
3057	(iii) (A) for possession, was a medical cannabis cardholder; or
3058	(B) for use, was a medical cannabis patient cardholder or a minor with a qualifying
3059	condition under the supervision of a medical cannabis guardian cardholder; and
3060	(b) (i) for use or possession of marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinol, the marijuana or
3061	tetrahydrocannabinol [was in a medicinal dosage form in one of the following amounts: (i) no
3062	more than 56 grams by weight of unprocessed cannabis; or (ii) an amount of cannabis product
3063	that contains, in total, no more than 10 grams of total composite tetrahydrocannabinol.] is one

3064	of the following in an amount that does not exceed the legal dosage limit:
3065	(A) unprocessed cannabis in a medicinal dosage form; or
3066	(B) a cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form; and
3067	(ii) for use or possession of marijuana drug paraphernalia, the paraphernalia is a
3068	medical cannabis device.
3069	(3) [An individual] A nonresident patient is not guilty under this chapter for the use or
3070	possession of marijuana, tetrahydrocannabinol, or marijuana drug paraphernalia under this
3071	chapter if: [(a) at the time of the arrest or citation, the individual: (i) was not a resident of Utah
3072	or has been a resident of Utah for less than 45 days; (ii) had a currently valid medical cannabis
3073	card or the equivalent of a medical cannabis card under the laws of another state, district,
3074	territory, commonwealth, or insular possession of the United States; and (iii) had been
3075	diagnosed with a qualifying condition as described in Section 26-61a-104; and (b) the
3076	marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinol is in a medicinal dosage form in one of the following
3077	amounts:]
3078	[(i) no more than 113 grams by weight of unprocessed cannabis; or]
3079	[(ii) an amount of cannabis products that contains, in total, no more than 20 grams of
3080	total composite tetrahydrocannabinol.]
3081	(a) for use or possession of marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinol, the marijuana or
3082	tetrahydrocannabinol is one of the following in an amount that does not exceed the legal
3083	dosage limit:
3084	(i) unprocessed cannabis in a medicinal dosage form; or
3085	(ii) a cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form; and
3086	(b) for use or possession of marijuana drug paraphernalia, the paraphernalia is a
3087	medical cannabis device.
3088	(4) (a) There is a rebuttable presumption against an allegation of use or possession of
3089	marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinol if:
3090	(i) an individual fails a drug test based on the presence of tetahyrdrocannabinol in the
3091	sample; and
3092	(ii) the individual provides evidence that the individual possessed or used cannabidiol
3093	or a cannabidiol product.
3094	(b) The presumption described in Subsection (4)(a) may be rebutted with evidence that

3095	the individual purchased or possessed marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinol that is not authorized
3096	under:
3097	(i) Section 4-41-402; or
3098	(ii) Title 26, Chapter 61a, Utah Medical Cannabis Act.
3099	Section 37. Section 58-37-3.9 is amended to read:
3100	58-37-3.9. Exemption for possession or use of cannabis to treat a qualifying
3101	illness.
3102	(1) As used in this section:
3103	(a) "Cannabis" means marijuana.
3104	(b) "Cannabis product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26-61a-102.
3105	(c) "Drug paraphernalia" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37a-3.
3106	(d) "Medical cannabis cardholder" means the same as that term is defined in Section
3107	26-61a-102.
3108	(e) "Medical cannabis device" means the same as that term is defined in Section
3109	26-61a-102.
3110	(f) "Medicinal dosage form" means the same as that term is defined in Section
3111	26-61a-102.
3112	(g) "Tetrahydrocannabinol" means a substance derived from cannabis or a synthetic
3113	description as described in Subsection 58-37-4(2)(a)(iii)(AA).
3114	(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, except as otherwise provided in this
3115	section:
3116	(a) an individual is not guilty of a violation of this title for the following conduct if the
3117	individual engages in the conduct in accordance with Title 4, Chapter 41a, Cannabis
3118	Production Establishments, or Title 26, Chapter 61a, Utah Medical Cannabis Act:
3119	(i) possessing, ingesting, inhaling, producing, manufacturing, dispensing, distributing,
3120	selling, or offering to sell cannabis or a cannabis product; or
3121	(ii) possessing cannabis or a cannabis product with the intent to engage in the conduct
3122	described in Subsection (2)(a)(i); and
3123	(b) an individual is not guilty of a violation of this title regarding drug paraphernalia if
3124	the individual, in accordance with Title 4, Chapter 41a, Cannabis Production Establishments,
3125	and Title 26, Chapter 61a, Utah Medical Cannabis Act:

3126	(i) possesses, manufactures, distributes, sells, or offers to sell a medical cannabis
3127	device; or
3128	(ii) possesses a medical cannabis device with the intent to engage in any of the conduct
3129	described in Subsection (2)(b)(i).
3130	(3) (a) As used in this Subsection (3), "smoking" does not include the vaporization or
3131	heating of medical cannabis.
3132	(b) Title 26, Chapter 61a, Utah Medical Cannabis Act, does not authorize a medical
3133	cannabis cardholder to smoke or combust cannabis or to use a device to facilitate the smoking
3134	or combustion of cannabis.
3135	(c) A medical cannabis cardholder or a nonresident patient who smokes cannabis or
3136	engages in any other conduct described in Subsection (3)(b):
3137	(i) does not possess the cannabis in accordance with Title 26, Chapter 61a, Utah
3138	Medical Cannabis Act; and
3139	(ii) is [subject to charges under this chapter], for the use or possession of marijuana,
3140	tetrahydrocannabinol, or marijuana drug paraphernalia for the conduct described in Subsection
3141	(3)(b)[-] <u>:</u>
3142	(A) for the first offense, guilty of an infraction and subject to a fine of up to \$100; and
3143	(B) for a second or subsequent offense, subject to charges under this chapter.
3144	(4) An individual who is assessed a penalty or convicted of a crime under Title 4,
3145	Chapter 41a, Cannabis Production Establishments, or Title 26, Chapter 61a, Utah Medical
3146	Cannabis Act, is not, based on the conduct underlying that penalty or conviction, subject to a
3147	penalty described in this chapter for:
3148	(a) the possession, manufacture, sale, or offer for sale of cannabis or a cannabis
3149	product; or
3150	(b) the possession, manufacture, sale, or offer for sale of drug paraphernalia.
3151	Section 38. Section 58-37-4 is amended to read:
3152	58-37-4. Schedules of controlled substances Schedules I through V Findings
3153	required Specific substances included in schedules.
3154	(1) There are established five schedules of controlled substances known as Schedules I
3155	II, III, IV, and V which consist of substances listed in this section.
3156	(2) Schedules I, II, III, IV, and V consist of the following drugs or other substances by

3157	the official name, common or usual name, chemical name, or brand name designated:
3158	(a) Schedule I:
3159	(i) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any of the
3160	following opiates, including their isomers, esters, ethers, salts, and salts of isomers, esters, and
3161	ethers, when the existence of the isomers, esters, ethers, and salts is possible within the specific
3162	chemical designation:
3163	(A) Acetyl-alpha-methylfentanyl
3164	(N-[1-(1-methyl-2-phenethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylacetamide);
3165	(B) Acetyl fentanyl: (N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenylacetamide);
3166	(C) Acetylmethadol;
3167	(D) Acryl fentanyl (N-(1-Phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenylacrylamide);
3168	(E) Allylprodine;
3169	(F) Alphacetylmethadol, except levo-alphacetylmethadol also known as
3170	levo-alpha-acetylmethadol, levomethadyl acetate, or LAAM;
3171	(G) Alphameprodine;
3172	(H) Alphamethadol;
3173	(I) Alpha-methylfentanyl (N-[1-(alpha-methyl-beta-phenyl)ethyl-4-piperidyl]
3174	propionanilide; 1-(1-methyl-2-phenylethyl)-4-(N-propanilido) piperidine);
3175	(J) Alpha-methylthiofentanyl (N-[1-methyl-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-
3176	piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide);
3177	(K) Benzylpiperazine;
3178	(L) Benzethidine;
3179	(M) Betacetylmethadol;
3180	(N) Beta-hydroxyfentanyl (N-[1-(2-hydroxy-2-phenethyl)-4-
3181	piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide);
3182	(O) Beta-hydroxy-3-methylfentanyl, other name: N-[1-(2-hydroxy-2-
3183	phenethyl)-3-methyl-4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide;
3184	(P) Betameprodine;
3185	(Q) Betamethadol;
3186	(R) Betaprodine;
3187	(S) Butyryl fentanyl (N-(1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl)-N-phenylbutyramide);

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3188
              (T) Clonitazene;
3189
              (U) Cyclopropyl fentanyl
3190
        (N-(1-Phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenylcyclopropanecarboxamide);
3191
              (V) Dextromoramide:
3192
              (W) Diampromide;
3193
              (X) Diethylthiambutene;
3194
              (Y) Difenoxin;
3195
              (Z) Dimenoxadol;
3196
              (AA) Dimepheptanol;
3197
              (BB) Dimethylthiambutene;
3198
              (CC) Dioxaphetyl butyrate;
3199
              (DD) Dipipanone;
3200
              (EE) Ethylmethylthiambutene;
3201
              (FF) Etizolam
        (1-Methyl-6-o-chlorophenyl-8-ethyl-4H-s-triazolo[3,4-c]thieno[2,3-e]1,4-diazepine);
3202
3203
              (GG) Etonitazene;
3204
              (HH) Etoxeridine;
3205
              (II) Furanyl fentanyl (N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)piperidin-4-yl]
        furan-2-carboxamide):
3206
3207
              (JJ) Furethidine;
3208
              (KK) Hydroxypethidine;
              (LL) Ketobemidone;
3209
3210
              (MM) Levomoramide;
3211
              (NN) Levophenacylmorphan;
3212
              (OO) Methoxyacetyl fentanyl
3213
        (2-Methoxy-N-(1-phenylethylpiperidinyl-4-yl)-N-acetamide);
3214
              (PP) Morpheridine;
3215
              (QQ) MPPP (1-methyl-4-phenyl-4-propionoxypiperidine);
3216
              (RR) Noracymethadol;
3217
              (SS) Norlevorphanol;
3218
              (TT) Normethadone;
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(UU) Norpipanone:
3219
               (VV) Para-fluorofentanyl (N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-[1-(2-phenethyl)-4-piperidinyl]
3220
3221
        propanamide);
3222
               (WW) Para-fluoroisobutyryl fentanyl
3223
        (N-(4-Fluorophenyl)-N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)isobutyramide);
3224
               (XX) PEPAP (1-(-2-phenethyl)-4-phenyl-4-acetoxypiperidine);
3225
               (YY) Phenadoxone;
3226
               (ZZ) Phenampromide;
3227
               (AAA) Phenomorphan;
3228
               (BBB) Phenoperidine;
3229
               (CCC) Piritramide;
3230
               (DDD) Proheptazine;
               (EEE) Properidine:
3231
3232
               (FFF) Propiram;
               (GGG) Racemoramide;
3233
3234
               (HHH) Tetrahydrofuran fentanyl
3235
        (N-(1-Phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenyltetrahydrofuran-2-carboxamide);
3236
               (III) Thiofentanyl (N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-piperidinyl]- propanamide:
3237
               (JJJ) Tilidine;
3238
               (KKK) Trimeperidine;
3239
               (LLL) 3-methylfentanyl, including the optical and geometric isomers
3240
        (N-[3-methyl-1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidyl]- N-phenylpropanamide);
               (MMM) 3-methylthiofentanyl
3241
3242
        (N-[(3-methyl-1-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide):
3243
               (NNN) 3,4-dichloro-N-[2-(dimethylamino)cyclohexyl]-N-methylbenzamide also
3244
        known as U-47700; and
3245
               (OOO) 4-cyano CUMYL-BUTINACA.
3246
               (ii) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any of the
3247
        following opium derivatives, their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers when the existence of the
3248
        salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:
3249
               (A) Acetorphine;
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3250	(B) Acetyldihydrocodeine;
3251	(C) Benzylmorphine;
3252	(D) Codeine methylbromide;
3253	(E) Codeine-N-Oxide;
3254	(F) Cyprenorphine;
3255	(G) Desomorphine;
3256	(H) Dihydromorphine;
3257	(I) Drotebanol;
3258	(J) Etorphine (except hydrochloride salt);
3259	(K) Heroin;
3260	(L) Hydromorphinol;
3261	(M) Methyldesorphine;
3262	(N) Methylhydromorphine;
3263	(O) Morphine methylbromide;
3264	(P) Morphine methylsulfonate;
3265	(Q) Morphine-N-Oxide;
3266	(R) Myrophine;
3267	(S) Nicocodeine;
3268	(T) Nicomorphine;
3269	(U) Normorphine;
3270	(V) Pholcodine; and
3271	(W) Thebacon.
3272	(iii) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material,
3273	compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following hallucinogenic
3274	substances, or which contains any of their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers when the
3275	existence of the salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical
3276	designation; as used in this Subsection (2)(a)(iii) only, "isomer" includes the optical, position,
3277	and geometric isomers:
3278	(A) Alpha-ethyltryptamine, some trade or other names: etryptamine; Monase;
3279	α -ethyl-1H-indole-3-ethanamine; 3-(2-aminobutyl) indole; α -ET; and AET;
3280	(B) 4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxy-amphetamine, some trade or other names:

3281 4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxy-α-methylphenethylamine; 4-bromo-2,5-DMA; 3282 (C) 4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine, some trade or other names: 3283 2-(4-bromo-2.5-dimethoxyphenyl)-1-aminoethane: alpha-desmethyl DOB: 2C-B, Nexus: 3284 (D) 2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine, some trade or other names: 3285 2,5-dimethoxy-α-methylphenethylamine; 2,5-DMA; 3286 (E) 2,5-dimethoxy-4-ethylamphetamine, some trade or other names: DOET; (F) 4-methoxyamphetamine, some trade or other names: 3287 4-methoxy-α-methylphenethylamine: paramethoxyamphetamine. PMA: 3288 3289 (G) 5-methoxy-3,4-methylenedioxyamphetamine; (H) 4-methyl-2,5-dimethoxy-amphetamine, some trade and other names: 3290 3291 4-methyl-2,5-dimethoxy-α-methylphenethylamine; "DOM"; and "STP"; 3292 (I) 3,4-methylenedioxy amphetamine; 3293 (J) 3.4-methylenedioxymethamphetamine (MDMA): (K) 3,4-methylenedioxy-N-ethylamphetamine, also known as N-ethyl-3294 3295 alpha-methyl-3,4(methylenedioxy)phenethylamine, N-ethyl MDA, MDE, MDEA; 3296 (L) N-hydroxy-3,4-methylenedioxyamphetamine, also known as 3297 N-hydroxy-alpha-methyl-3,4(methylenedioxy)phenethylamine, and N-hydroxy MDA; 3298 (M) 3.4.5-trimethoxy amphetamine: 3299 (N) Bufotenine, some trade and other names: 3300 3-(β-Dimethylaminoethyl)-5-hydroxyindole; 3-(2-dimethylaminoethyl)-5-indolol; N, 3301 N-dimethylserotonin; 5-hydroxy-N,N-dimethyltryptamine; mappine; 3302 (O) Diethyltryptamine, some trade and other names: N,N-Diethyltryptamine; DET; 3303 (P) Dimethyltryptamine, some trade or other names: DMT; 3304 (O) Ibogaine, some trade and other names: 3305 7-Ethyl-6,6β,7,8,9,10,12,13-octahydro-2-methoxy-6,9-methano-5H-pyrido [1', 2':1,2] azepino 3306 [5,4-b] indole; Tabernanthe iboga; 3307 (R) Lysergic acid diethylamide; 3308 (S) Marijuana; 3309 (T) Mescaline; 3310 (U) Parahexyl, some trade or other names: 3311 3-Hexyl-1-hydroxy-7,8,9,10-tetrahydro-6,6,9-trimethyl-6H-dibenzo[b,d]pyran; Synhexyl;

3312	(V) Peyote, meaning all parts of the plant presently classified botanically as
3313	Lophophora williamsii Lemaire, whether growing or not, the seeds thereof, any extract from
3314	any part of such plant, and every compound, manufacture, salts, derivative, mixture, or
3315	preparation of such plant, its seeds or extracts (Interprets 21 USC 812(c), Schedule I(c) (12));
3316	(W) N-ethyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;
3317	(X) N-methyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;
3318	(Y) Psilocybin;
3319	(Z) Psilocyn;
3320	(AA) Tetrahydrocannabinols, naturally contained in a plant of the genus Cannabis
3321	(cannabis plant), as well as synthetic equivalents of the substances contained in the cannabis
3322	plant, or in the resinous extractives of Cannabis, sp. and/or synthetic substances, derivatives,
3323	and their isomers with similar chemical structure and pharmacological activity to those
3324	substances contained in the plant, such as the following: $\Delta 1$ cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol,
3325	and their optical isomers $\Delta 6$ cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and their optical isomers $\Delta 3,4$
3326	cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and its optical isomers, and since nomenclature of these
3327	substances is not internationally standardized, compounds of these structures, regardless of
3328	numerical designation of atomic positions covered;
3329	(BB) Ethylamine analog of phencyclidine, some trade or other names:
3330	N-ethyl-1-phenylcyclohexylamine, (1-phenylcyclohexyl)ethylamine,
3331	N-(1-phenylcyclohexyl)ethylamine, cyclohexamine, PCE;
3332	(CC) Pyrrolidine analog of phencyclidine, some trade or other names:
3333	1-(1-phenylcyclohexyl)-pyrrolidine, PCPy, PHP;
3334	(DD) Thiophene analog of phencyclidine, some trade or other names:
3335	1-[1-(2-thienyl)-cyclohexyl]-piperidine, 2-thienylanalog of phencyclidine, TPCP, TCP; and
3336	(EE) 1-[1-(2-thienyl)cyclohexyl]pyrrolidine, some other names: TCPy.
3337	(iv) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material
3338	compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances
3339	having a depressant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers, and salts
3340	of isomers when the existence of the salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the
3341	specific chemical designation:
3342	(A) Mecloqualone; and

3343	(B) Methaqualone.
3344	(v) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing any quantity of the
3345	following substances having a stimulant effect on the central nervous system, including their
3346	salts, isomers, and salts of isomers:
3347	(A) Aminorex, some other names: aminoxaphen; 2-amino-5-phenyl-2-oxazoline; or
3348	4,5-dihydro-5-phenyl-2-oxazolamine;
3349	(B) Cathinone, some trade or other names: 2-amino-1-phenyl-1-propanone,
3350	alpha-aminopropiophenone, 2-aminopropiophenone, and norephedrone;
3351	(C) Fenethylline;
3352	(D) Methcathinone, some other names: 2-(methylamino)-propiophenone;
3353	alpha-(methylamino)propiophenone; 2-(methylamino)-1-phenylpropan-1-one;
3354	alpha-N-methylaminopropiophenone; monomethylpropion; ephedrone; N-methylcathinone;
3355	methylcathinone; AL-464; AL-422; AL-463 and UR1432, its salts, optical isomers, and salts of
3356	optical isomers;
3357	(E) (±)cis-4-methylaminorex ((±)cis-4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-5-phenyl-2-oxazolamine);
3358	(F) N-ethylamphetamine; and
3359	(G) N,N-dimethylamphetamine, also known as
3360	N,N-alpha-trimethyl-benzeneethanamine; N,N-alpha-trimethylphenethylamine.
3361	(vi) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of
3362	the following substances, including their optical isomers, salts, and salts of isomers, subject to
3363	temporary emergency scheduling:
3364	(A) N-[1-benzyl-4-piperidyl]-N-phenylpropanamide (benzylfentanyl); and
3365	(B) N-[1- (2-thienyl)methyl-4-piperidyl]-N-phenylpropanamide (thenylfentanyl).
3366	(vii) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material,
3367	compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of gamma hydroxy butyrate
3368	(gamma hydrobutyric acid), including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers.
3369	(b) Schedule II:
3370	(i) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any of the
3371	following substances whether produced directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of
3372	vegetable origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a combination of
3373	extraction and chemical synthesis:

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3374	(A) Opium and opiate, and any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation of opium or
3375	opiate, excluding apomorphine, dextrorphan, nalbuphine, nalmefene, naloxone, and naltrexone,
3376	and their respective salts, but including:
3377	(I) Raw opium;
3378	(II) Opium extracts;
3379	(III) Opium fluid;
3380	(IV) Powdered opium;
3381	(V) Granulated opium;
3382	(VI) Tincture of opium;
3383	(VII) Codeine;
3384	(VIII) Ethylmorphine;
3385	(IX) Etorphine hydrochloride;
3386	(X) Hydrocodone;
3387	(XI) Hydromorphone;
3388	(XII) Metopon;
3389	(XIII) Morphine;
3390	(XIV) Oxycodone;
3391	(XV) Oxymorphone; and
3392	(XVI) Thebaine;
3393	(B) Any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation which is chemically equivalent or
3394	identical with any of the substances referred to in Subsection (2)(b)(i)(A), except that these
3395	substances may not include the isoquinoline alkaloids of opium;
3396	(C) Opium poppy and poppy straw;
3397	(D) Coca leaves and any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation of coca leaves, and
3398	any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation which is chemically equivalent or identical with
3399	any of these substances, and includes cocaine and ecgonine, their salts, isomers, derivatives,
3400	and salts of isomers and derivatives, whether derived from the coca plant or synthetically
3401	produced, except the substances may not include decocainized coca leaves or extraction of coca

(E) Concentrate of poppy straw, which means the crude extract of poppy straw in either liquid, solid, or powder form which contains the phenanthrene alkaloids of the opium poppy.

leaves, which extractions do not contain cocaine or ecgonine; and

3405	(ii) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any of the				
3406	following opiates, including their isomers, esters, ethers, salts, and salts of isomers, esters, and				
3407	ethers, when the existence of the isomers, esters, ethers, and salts is possible within the specific				
3408	chemical designation, except dextrorphan and levopropoxyphene:				
3409	(A) Alfentanil;				
3410	(B) Alphaprodine;				
3411	(C) Anileridine;				
3412	(D) Bezitramide;				
3413	(E) Bulk dextropropoxyphene (nondosage forms);				
3414	(F) Carfentanil;				
3415	(G) Dihydrocodeine;				
3416	(H) Diphenoxylate;				
3417	(I) Fentanyl;				
3418	(J) Isomethadone;				
3419	(K) Levo-alphacetylmethadol, some other names: levo-alpha-acetylmethadol,				
3420	levomethadyl acetate, or LAAM;				
3421	(L) Levomethorphan;				
3422	(M) Levorphanol;				
3423	(N) Metazocine;				
3424	(O) Methadone;				
3425	(P) Methadone-Intermediate, 4-cyano-2-dimethylamino-4, 4-diphenyl butane;				
3426	(Q) Moramide-Intermediate, 2-methyl-3-morpholino-1, 1-diphenylpropane-carboxylic				
3427	acid;				
3428	(R) Pethidine (meperidine);				
3429	(S) Pethidine-Intermediate-A, 4-cyano-1-methyl-4-phenylpiperidine;				
3430	(T) Pethidine-Intermediate-B, ethyl-4-phenylpiperidine-4-carboxylate;				
3431	(U) Pethidine-Intermediate-C, 1-methyl-4-phenylpiperidine-4-carboxylic acid;				
3432	(V) Phenazocine;				
3433	(W) Piminodine;				
3434	(X) Racemethorphan;				
3435	(Y) Racemorphan;				

(Z) Remifentanil; and

3437	(AA) Sufentanil.
3438	(iii) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material,
3439	compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances
3440	having a stimulant effect on the central nervous system:
3441	(A) Amphetamine, its salts, optical isomers, and salts of its optical isomers;
3442	(B) Methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, and salts of its isomers;
3443	(C) Phenmetrazine and its salts; and
3444	(D) Methylphenidate.
3445	(iv) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material,
3446	compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances
3447	having a depressant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers, and salts
3448	of isomers when the existence of the salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the
3449	specific chemical designation:
3450	(A) Amobarbital;
3451	(B) Glutethimide;
3452	(C) Pentobarbital;
3453	(D) Phencyclidine;
3454	(E) Phencyclidine immediate precursors: 1-phenylcyclohexylamine and
3455	1-piperidinocyclohexanecarbonitrile (PCC); and
3456	(F) Secobarbital.
3457	(v) (A) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material,
3458	compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of Phenylacetone.
3459	(B) Some of these substances may be known by trade or other names:
3460	phenyl-2-propanone; P2P; benzyl methyl ketone; and methyl benzyl ketone.
3461	(vi) Nabilone, another name for nabilone:
3462	(±)-trans-3-(1,1-dimethylheptyl)-6,6a,7,8,10,10a-hexahydro-1-hydroxy-6,
3463	6-dimethyl-9H-dibenzo[b,d]pyran-9-one.
3464	(vii) A drug product or preparation that contains any component of marijuana,
3465	including tetrahydrocannabinol, and is approved by the United States Food and Drug
3466	Administration and scheduled by the Drug Enforcement Administration in Schedule II of the

federal Controlled Substances Act, Title II, P.L. 91-513.

3468 (c) Schedule III:

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- (i) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances having a stimulant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers whether optical, position, or geometric, and salts of the isomers when the existence of the salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:
- (A) Those compounds, mixtures, or preparations in dosage unit form containing any stimulant substances listed in Schedule II, which compounds, mixtures, or preparations were listed on August 25, 1971, as excepted compounds under Section 1308.32 of Title 21 of the Code of Federal Regulations, and any other drug of the quantitive composition shown in that list for those drugs or which is the same except that it contains a lesser quantity of controlled substances;
- 3480 (B) Benzphetamine;
 - (C) Chlorphentermine;
- 3482 (D) Clortermine; and
- 3483 (E) Phendimetrazine.
 - (ii) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances having a depressant effect on the central nervous system:
 - (A) Any compound, mixture, or preparation containing amobarbital, secobarbital, pentobarbital, or any salt of any of them, and one or more other active medicinal ingredients which are not listed in any schedule;
 - (B) Any suppository dosage form containing amobarbital, secobarbital, or pentobarbital, or any salt of any of these drugs which is approved by the Food and Drug Administration for marketing only as a suppository;
 - (C) Any substance which contains any quantity of a derivative of barbituric acid or any salt of any of them;
 - (D) Chlorhexadol;
- 3496 (E) Buprenorphine;
- 3497 (F) Any drug product containing gamma hydroxybutyric acid, including its salts,

3498	isomers, and salts of isomers, for which an application is approved under the federal Food,
3499	Drug, and Cosmetic Act, Section 505;
3500	(G) Ketamine, its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers, some other names for ketamine:
3501	± -2-(2-chlorophenyl)-2-(methylamino)-cyclohexanone;
3502	(H) Lysergic acid;
3503	(I) Lysergic acid amide;
3504	(J) Methyprylon;
3505	(K) Sulfondiethylmethane;
3506	(L) Sulfonethylmethane;
3507	(M) Sulfonmethane; and
3508	(N) Tiletamine and zolazepam or any of their salts, some trade or other names for a
3509	tiletamine-zolazepam combination product: Telazol, some trade or other names for tiletamine:
3510	2-(ethylamino)-2-(2-thienyl)-cyclohexanone, some trade or other names for zolazepam:
3511	4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6,8-dihydro-1,3,8-trimethylpyrazolo-[3,4-e] [1,4]-diazepin-7(1H)-one,
3512	flupyrazapon.
3513	(iii) Dronabinol (synthetic) in sesame oil and encapsulated in a soft gelatin capsule in a
3514	U.S. Food and Drug Administration approved drug product, some other names for dronabinol:
3515	(6aR-trans)-6a,7,8,10a-tetrahydro-6,6,9-trimethyl-3-pentyl-6H-dibenzo[b,d]pyran-1-ol, or
3516	(-)-delta-9-(trans)-tetrahydrocannabinol.
3517	(iv) Nalorphine.
3518	(v) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material,
3519	compound, mixture, or preparation containing limited quantities of any of the following
3520	narcotic drugs, or their salts calculated as the free anhydrous base or alkaloid:
3521	(A) Not more than 1.8 grams of codeine per 100 milliliters or not more than 90
3522	milligrams per dosage unit, with an equal or greater quantity of an isoquinoline alkaloid of
3523	opium;
3524	(B) Not more than 1.8 grams of codeine per 100 milliliters or not more than 90
3525	milligrams per dosage unit, with one or more active non-narcotic ingredients in recognized
3526	therapeutic amounts;
3527	(C) Not more than 300 milligrams of dihydrocodeinone per 100 milliliters or not more
3528	than 15 milligrams per dosage unit, with a fourfold or greater quantity of an isoquinoline

(K) Methandienone;

(L) Methandranone;

(M) Methandriol;

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3529	alkaloid of opium;
3530	(D) Not more than 300 milligrams of dihydrocodeinone per 100 milliliters or not more
3531	than 15 milligrams per dosage unit, with one or more active, non-narcotic ingredients in
3532	recognized therapeutic amounts;
3533	(E) Not more than 1.8 grams of dihydrocodeine per 100 milliliters or not more than 90
3534	milligrams per dosage unit, with one or more active non-narcotic ingredients in recognized
3535	therapeutic amounts;
3536	(F) Not more than 300 milligrams of ethylmorphine per 100 milliliters or not more
3537	than 15 milligrams per dosage unit, with one or more active, non-narcotic ingredients in
3538	recognized therapeutic amounts;
3539	(G) Not more than 500 milligrams of opium per 100 milliliters or per 100 grams, or not
3540	more than 25 milligrams per dosage unit, with one or more active, non-narcotic ingredients in
3541	recognized therapeutic amounts; and
3542	(H) Not more than 50 milligrams of morphine per 100 milliliters or per 100 grams with
3543	one or more active, non-narcotic ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts.
3544	(vi) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, anabolic steroids
3545	including any of the following or any isomer, ester, salt, or derivative of the following that
3546	promotes muscle growth:
3547	(A) Boldenone;
3548	(B) Chlorotestosterone (4-chlortestosterone);
3549	(C) Clostebol;
3550	(D) Dehydrochlormethyltestosterone;
3551	(E) Dihydrotestosterone (4-dihydrotestosterone);
3552	(F) Drostanolone;
3553	(G) Ethylestrenol;
3554	(H) Fluoxymesterone;
3555	(I) Formebulone (formebolone);
3556	(J) Mesterolone;

3560	(N) Methandrostenolone;
3561	(O) Methenolone;
3562	(P) Methyltestosterone;
3563	(Q) Mibolerone;
3564	(R) Nandrolone;
3565	(S) Norethandrolone;
3566	(T) Oxandrolone;
3567	(U) Oxymesterone;
3568	(V) Oxymetholone;
3569	(W) Stanolone;
3570	(X) Stanozolol;
3571	(Y) Testolactone;
3572	(Z) Testosterone; and
3573	(AA) Trenbolone.
3574	(vii) Anabolic steroids expressly intended for administration through implants to cattle
3575	or other nonhuman species, and approved by the Secretary of Health and Human Services for
3576	use, may not be classified as a controlled substance.
3577	(viii) A drug product or preparation that contains any component of marijuana,
3578	including tetrahydrocannabinol, and is approved by the United States Food and Drug
3579	Administration and scheduled by the Drug Enforcement Administration in Schedule III of the
3580	federal Controlled Substances Act, Title II, P.L. 91-513.
3581	(ix) Nabiximols.
3582	(d) Schedule IV:
3583	(i) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material,
3584	compound, mixture, or preparation containing not more than 1 milligram of difenoxin and not
3585	less than 25 micrograms of atropine sulfate per dosage unit, or any salts of any of them.
3586	(ii) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material,
3587	compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances,
3588	including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers when the existence of the salts, isomers, and
3589	salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:
3590	(A) Alprazolam;

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3591	(B) Barbital;
3592	(C) Bromazepam;
3593	(D) Butorphanol;
3594	(E) Camazepam;
3595	(F) Carisoprodol;
3596	(G) Chloral betaine;
3597	(H) Chloral hydrate;
3598	(I) Chlordiazepoxide;
3599	(J) Clobazam;
3600	(K) Clonazepam;
3601	(L) Clorazepate;
3602	(M) Clotiazepam;
3603	(N) Cloxazolam;
3604	(O) Delorazepam;
3605	(P) Diazepam;
3606	(Q) Dichloralphenazone;
3607	(R) Estazolam;
3608	(S) Ethchlorvynol;
3609	(T) Ethinamate;
3610	(U) Ethyl loflazepate;
3611	(V) Fludiazepam;
3612	(W) Flunitrazepam;
3613	(X) Flurazepam;
3614	(Y) Halazepam;
3615	(Z) Haloxazolam;
3616	(AA) Ketazolam;
3617	(BB) Loprazolam;
3618	(CC) Lorazepam;

(DD) Lormetazepam;

(EE) Mebutamate;

(FF) Medazepam;

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               (GG) Meprobamate;
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               (HH) Methohexital;
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               (II) Methylphenobarbital (mephobarbital);
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               (JJ) Midazolam;
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               (KK) Nimetazepam;
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               (LL) Nitrazepam;
               (MM) Nordiazepam;
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               (NN) Oxazepam:
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               (OO) Oxazolam;
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               (PP) Paraldehyde;
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               (QQ) Pentazocine;
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               (RR) Petrichloral;
               (SS) Phenobarbital;
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               (TT) Pinazepam;
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               (UU) Prazepam;
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               (VV) Quazepam;
               (WW) Temazepam;
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               (XX) Tetrazepam:
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               (YY) Tramadol;
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               (ZZ) Triazolam;
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               (AAA) Zaleplon; and
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               (BBB) Zolpidem.
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               (iii) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation of fenfluramine which contains
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        any quantity of the following substances, including its salts, isomers whether optical, position,
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        or geometric, and salts of the isomers when the existence of the salts, isomers, and salts of
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        isomers is possible.
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               (iv) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material,
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        compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances
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        having a stimulant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers whether
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        optical, position, or geometric isomers, and salts of the isomers when the existence of the salts,
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        isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:
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3653 (A) Cathine ((+)-norpseudoephedrine); (B) Diethylpropion; 3654 3655 (C) Fencamfamine; 3656 (D) Fenproprex; (E) Mazindol; 3657 3658 (F) Mefenorex; 3659 (G) Modafinil; (H) Pemoline, including organometallic complexes and chelates thereof; 3660 3661 (I) Phentermine: 3662 (J) Pipradrol; (K) Sibutramine; and 3663 (L) SPA ((-)-1-dimethylamino-1,2-diphenylethane). 3664 (v) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, 3665 3666 compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of dextropropoxyphene 3667 (alpha-(+)-4-dimethylamino-1, 2-diphenyl-3-methyl-2-propionoxybutane), including its salts. 3668 (vi) A drug product or preparation that contains any component of marijuana and is approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration and scheduled by the Drug 3669 3670 Enforcement Administration in Schedule IV of the federal Controlled Substances Act, Title II, 3671 P.L. 91-513. 3672 (e) Schedule V: 3673 (i) Any compound, mixture, or preparation containing any of the following limited 3674 quantities of narcotic drugs, or their salts calculated as the free anhydrous base or alkaloid, 3675 which includes one or more non-narcotic active medicinal ingredients in sufficient proportion 3676 to confer upon the compound, mixture, or preparation valuable medicinal qualities other than 3677 those possessed by the narcotic drug alone: 3678 (A) not more than 200 milligrams of codeine per 100 milliliters or per 100 grams; 3679 (B) not more than 100 milligrams of dihydrocodeine per 100 milliliters or per 100 3680 grams; 3681 (C) not more than 100 milligrams of ethylmorphine per 100 milliliters or per 100 3682 grams; 3683 (D) not more than 2.5 milligrams of diphenoxylate and not less than 25 micrograms of

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- (E) not more than 100 milligrams of opium per 100 milliliters or per 100 grams;
- (F) not more than 0.5 milligram of different and not less than 25 micrograms of atropine sulfate per dosage unit; and
 - (G) unless specifically exempted or excluded or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains Pyrovalerone having a stimulant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers.
- (ii) A drug product or preparation that contains any component of marijuana, including cannabidiol, and is approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration and scheduled by the Drug Enforcement Administration in Schedule V of the federal Controlled Substances Act, Title II, P.L. 91-513.
 - Section 39. Section **58-37-8** is amended to read:
 - 58-37-8. Prohibited acts -- Penalties.
 - (1) Prohibited acts A -- Penalties and reporting:
- 3698 (a) Except as authorized by this chapter, it is unlawful for a person to knowingly and intentionally:
 - (i) produce, manufacture, or dispense, or to possess with intent to produce, manufacture, or dispense, a controlled or counterfeit substance;
 - (ii) distribute a controlled or counterfeit substance, or to agree, consent, offer, or arrange to distribute a controlled or counterfeit substance;
 - (iii) possess a controlled or counterfeit substance with intent to distribute; or
 - (iv) engage in a continuing criminal enterprise where:
- (A) the person participates, directs, or engages in conduct that results in a violation of Chapters 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act, 37a, Utah Drug Paraphernalia Act, 37b, Imitation Controlled Substances Act, 37c, Utah Controlled Substance Precursor Act, or 37d, Clandestine Drug Lab Act, that is a felony; and
- 3710 (B) the violation is a part of a continuing series of two or more violations of Chapters
 3711 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act, 37a, Utah Drug Paraphernalia Act, 37b, Imitation
 3712 Controlled Substances Act, 37c, Utah Controlled Substance Precursor Act, or 37d, Clandestine
 3713 Drug Lab Act, on separate occasions that are undertaken in concert with five or more persons
 3714 with respect to whom the person occupies a position of organizer, supervisor, or any other

3715 position of management.

- (b) A person convicted of violating Subsection (1)(a) with respect to:
- (i) a substance or a counterfeit of a substance classified in Schedule I or II, a controlled substance analog, or gammahydroxybutyric acid as listed in Schedule III is guilty of a second degree felony, punishable by imprisonment for not more than 15 years, and upon a second or subsequent conviction is guilty of a first degree felony;
- (ii) a substance or a counterfeit of a substance classified in Schedule III or IV, or marijuana, or a substance listed in Section 58-37-4.2 is guilty of a third degree felony, and upon a second or subsequent conviction is guilty of a second degree felony; or
- (iii) a substance or a counterfeit of a substance classified in Schedule V is guilty of a class A misdemeanor and upon a second or subsequent conviction is guilty of a third degree felony.
- (c) A person who has been convicted of a violation of Subsection (1)(a)(ii) or (iii) may be sentenced to imprisonment for an indeterminate term as provided by law, but if the trier of fact finds a firearm as defined in Section 76-10-501 was used, carried, or possessed on the person or in the person's immediate possession during the commission or in furtherance of the offense, the court shall additionally sentence the person convicted for a term of one year to run consecutively and not concurrently; and the court may additionally sentence the person convicted for an indeterminate term not to exceed five years to run consecutively and not concurrently.
- (d) A person convicted of violating Subsection (1)(a)(iv) is guilty of a first degree felony punishable by imprisonment for an indeterminate term of not less than seven years and which may be for life. Imposition or execution of the sentence may not be suspended, and the person is not eligible for probation.
- (e) The Administrative Office of the Courts shall report to the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing the name, case number, date of conviction, and if known, the date of birth of each person convicted of violating Subsection (1)(a).
 - (2) Prohibited acts B -- Penalties and reporting:
 - (a) It is unlawful:
- 3744 (i) for a person knowingly and intentionally to possess or use a controlled substance 3745 analog or a controlled substance, unless it was obtained under a valid prescription or order,

directly from a practitioner while acting in the course of the person's professional practice, or as otherwise authorized by this chapter;

- (ii) for an owner, tenant, licensee, or person in control of a building, room, tenement, vehicle, boat, aircraft, or other place knowingly and intentionally to permit them to be occupied by persons unlawfully possessing, using, or distributing controlled substances in any of those locations; or
- (iii) for a person knowingly and intentionally to possess an altered or forged prescription or written order for a controlled substance.
 - (b) A person convicted of violating Subsection (2)(a)(i) with respect to:
- 3755 (i) marijuana, if the amount is 100 pounds or more, is guilty of a second degree felony; 3756 or
 - (ii) a substance classified in Schedule I or II, or a controlled substance analog, is guilty of a class A misdemeanor on a first or second conviction, and on a third or subsequent conviction is guilty of a third degree felony.
 - (c) Upon a person's conviction of a violation of this Subsection (2) subsequent to a conviction under Subsection (1)(a), that person shall be sentenced to a one degree greater penalty than provided in this Subsection (2).
 - (d) A person who violates Subsection (2)(a)(i) with respect to all other controlled substances not included in Subsection (2)(b)(i) or (ii), including a substance listed in Section 58-37-4.2, or marijuana, is guilty of a class B misdemeanor. Upon a third conviction the person is guilty of a class A misdemeanor, and upon a fourth or subsequent conviction the person is guilty of a third degree felony.
 - (e) A person convicted of violating Subsection (2)(a)(i) while inside the exterior boundaries of property occupied by a correctional facility as defined in Section 64-13-1 or a public jail or other place of confinement shall be sentenced to a penalty one degree greater than provided in Subsection (2)(b), and if the conviction is with respect to controlled substances as listed in:
 - (i) Subsection (2)(b), the person may be sentenced to imprisonment for an indeterminate term as provided by law, and:
 - (A) the court shall additionally sentence the person convicted to a term of one year to run consecutively and not concurrently; and

- 3777 (B) the court may additionally sentence the person convicted for an indeterminate term 3778 not to exceed five years to run consecutively and not concurrently; and 3779 (ii) Subsection (2)(d), the person may be sentenced to imprisonment for an 3780 indeterminate term as provided by law, and the court shall additionally sentence the person 3781 convicted to a term of six months to run consecutively and not concurrently. 3782 (f) A person convicted of violating Subsection (2)(a)(ii) or (iii) is: 3783 (i) on a first conviction, guilty of a class B misdemeanor; 3784 (ii) on a second conviction, guilty of a class A misdemeanor; and 3785 (iii) on a third or subsequent conviction, guilty of a third degree felony. 3786 (g) A person is subject to the penalties under Subsection (2)(h) who, in an offense not 3787 amounting to a violation of Section 76-5-207: 3788 (i) violates Subsection (2)(a)(i) by knowingly and intentionally having in the person's 3789 body any measurable amount of a controlled substance; and 3790 (ii) (A) if the controlled substance is not marijuana, operates a motor vehicle as defined in Section 76-5-207 in a negligent manner, causing serious bodily injury as defined in Section 3791 3792 76-1-601 or the death of another[-]; or 3793 (B) if the controlled substance is marijuana, operates a motor vehicle as defined in 3794 Section 76-5-207 in a criminally negligent manner, causing serious bodily injury as defined in 3795 Section 76-1-601 or the death of another. 3796 (h) A person who violates Subsection (2)(g) by having in the person's body: 3797 (i) a controlled substance classified under Schedule I, other than those described in 3798 Subsection (2)(h)(ii), or a controlled substance classified under Schedule II is guilty of a second 3799 degree felony; 3800 (ii) except as provided in Subsection (2)(g)(ii)(B), marijuana, tetrahydrocannabinols, or 3801 equivalents described in Subsection 58-37-4(2)(a)(iii)(S) or (AA), or a substance listed in 3802 Section 58-37-4.2 is guilty of a third degree felony; or 3803 (iii) a controlled substance classified under Schedules III, IV, or V is guilty of a class A misdemeanor. 3804 3805
 - (i) A person is guilty of a separate offense for each victim suffering serious bodily injury or death as a result of the person's negligent driving in violation of Subsection (2)(g) whether or not the injuries arise from the same episode of driving.

- (j) The Administrative Office of the Courts shall report to the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing the name, case number, date of conviction, and if known, the date of birth of each person convicted of violating Subsection (2)(a).
 - (3) Prohibited acts C -- Penalties:
 - (a) It is unlawful for a person knowingly and intentionally:
 - (i) to use in the course of the manufacture or distribution of a controlled substance a license number which is fictitious, revoked, suspended, or issued to another person or, for the purpose of obtaining a controlled substance, to assume the title of, or represent oneself to be, a manufacturer, wholesaler, apothecary, physician, dentist, veterinarian, or other authorized person;
 - (ii) to acquire or obtain possession of, to procure or attempt to procure the administration of, to obtain a prescription for, to prescribe or dispense to a person known to be attempting to acquire or obtain possession of, or to procure the administration of a controlled substance by misrepresentation or failure by the person to disclose receiving a controlled substance from another source, fraud, forgery, deception, subterfuge, alteration of a prescription or written order for a controlled substance, or the use of a false name or address;
 - (iii) to make a false or forged prescription or written order for a controlled substance, or to utter the same, or to alter a prescription or written order issued or written under the terms of this chapter; or
 - (iv) to make, distribute, or possess a punch, die, plate, stone, or other thing designed to print, imprint, or reproduce the trademark, trade name, or other identifying mark, imprint, or device of another or any likeness of any of the foregoing upon any drug or container or labeling so as to render a drug a counterfeit controlled substance.
 - (b) (i) A first or second conviction under Subsection (3)(a)(i), (ii), or (iii) is a class A misdemeanor.
 - (ii) A third or subsequent conviction under Subsection (3)(a)(i), (ii), or (iii) is a third degree felony.
 - (c) A violation of Subsection (3)(a)(iv) is a third degree felony.
- (4) Prohibited acts D -- Penalties:
- 3837 (a) Notwithstanding other provisions of this section, a person not authorized under this chapter who commits any act that is unlawful under Subsection (1)(a) or Section 58-37b-4 is

upon conviction subject to the penalties and classifications under this Subsection (4) if the trier of fact finds the act is committed:

- (i) in a public or private elementary or secondary school or on the grounds of any of those schools during the hours of 6 a.m. through 10 p.m.;
- (ii) in a public or private vocational school or postsecondary institution or on the grounds of any of those schools or institutions during the hours of 6 a.m. through 10 p.m.;
- (iii) in or on the grounds of a preschool or child-care facility during the preschool's or facility's hours of operation;
- (iv) in a public park, amusement park, arcade, or recreation center when the public or amusement park, arcade, or recreation center is open to the public;
 - (v) in or on the grounds of a house of worship as defined in Section 76-10-501;
 - (vi) in or on the grounds of a library when the library is open to the public;
- (vii) within an area that is within 100 feet of any structure, facility, or grounds included in Subsections (4)(a)(i), (ii), (iii), (iv), (v), and (vi);
- (viii) in the presence of a person younger than 18 years of age, regardless of where the act occurs; or
- (ix) for the purpose of facilitating, arranging, or causing the transport, delivery, or distribution of a substance in violation of this section to an inmate or on the grounds of a correctional facility as defined in Section 76-8-311.3.
- (b) (i) A person convicted under this Subsection (4) is guilty of a first degree felony and shall be imprisoned for a term of not less than five years if the penalty that would otherwise have been established but for this Subsection (4) would have been a first degree felony.
- (ii) Imposition or execution of the sentence may not be suspended, and the person is not eligible for probation.
- (c) If the classification that would otherwise have been established would have been less than a first degree felony but for this Subsection (4), a person convicted under this Subsection (4) is guilty of one degree more than the maximum penalty prescribed for that offense. This Subsection (4)(c) does not apply to a violation of Subsection (2)(g).
 - (d) (i) If the violation is of Subsection (4)(a)(ix):
 - (A) the person may be sentenced to imprisonment for an indeterminate term as

provided by law, and the court shall additionally sentence the person convicted for a term of one year to run consecutively and not concurrently; and

- (B) the court may additionally sentence the person convicted for an indeterminate term not to exceed five years to run consecutively and not concurrently; and
- (ii) the penalties under this Subsection (4)(d) apply also to a person who, acting with the mental state required for the commission of an offense, directly or indirectly solicits, requests, commands, coerces, encourages, or intentionally aids another person to commit a violation of Subsection (4)(a)(ix).
 - (e) It is not a defense to a prosecution under this Subsection (4) that:
- (i) the actor mistakenly believed the individual to be 18 years of age or older at the time of the offense or was unaware of the individual's true age; or
- (ii) the actor mistakenly believed that the location where the act occurred was not as described in Subsection (4)(a) or was unaware that the location where the act occurred was as described in Subsection (4)(a).
- (5) A violation of this chapter for which no penalty is specified is a class B misdemeanor.
- (6) (a) For purposes of penalty enhancement under Subsections (1) and (2), a plea of guilty or no contest to a violation or attempted violation of this section or a plea which is held in abeyance under Title 77, Chapter 2a, Pleas in Abeyance, is the equivalent of a conviction, even if the charge has been subsequently reduced or dismissed in accordance with the plea in abeyance agreement.
- (b) A prior conviction used for a penalty enhancement under Subsection (2) shall be a conviction that is:
 - (i) from a separate criminal episode than the current charge; and
- (ii) from a conviction that is separate from any other conviction used to enhance the current charge.
- (7) A person may be charged and sentenced for a violation of this section, notwithstanding a charge and sentence for a violation of any other section of this chapter.
- (8) (a) A penalty imposed for violation of this section is in addition to, and not in lieu of, a civil or administrative penalty or sanction authorized by law.
 - (b) When a violation of this chapter violates a federal law or the law of another state,

conviction or acquittal under federal law or the law of another state for the same act is a bar to prosecution in this state.

- (9) In any prosecution for a violation of this chapter, evidence or proof that shows a person or persons produced, manufactured, possessed, distributed, or dispensed a controlled substance or substances, is prima facie evidence that the person or persons did so with knowledge of the character of the substance or substances.
- (10) This section does not prohibit a veterinarian, in good faith and in the course of the veterinarian's professional practice only and not for humans, from prescribing, dispensing, or administering controlled substances or from causing the substances to be administered by an assistant or orderly under the veterinarian's direction and supervision.
 - (11) Civil or criminal liability may not be imposed under this section on:
- (a) a person registered under this chapter who manufactures, distributes, or possesses an imitation controlled substance for use as a placebo or investigational new drug by a registered practitioner in the ordinary course of professional practice or research; or
- (b) a law enforcement officer acting in the course and legitimate scope of the officer's employment.
- (12) (a) Civil or criminal liability may not be imposed under this section on any Indian, as defined in Section 58-37-2, who uses, possesses, or transports peyote for bona fide traditional ceremonial purposes in connection with the practice of a traditional Indian religion as defined in Section 58-37-2.
- (b) In a prosecution alleging violation of this section regarding peyote as defined in Section 58-37-4, it is an affirmative defense that the peyote was used, possessed, or transported by an Indian for bona fide traditional ceremonial purposes in connection with the practice of a traditional Indian religion.
- (c) (i) The defendant shall provide written notice of intent to claim an affirmative defense under this Subsection (12) as soon as practicable, but not later than 10 days before trial.
 - (ii) The notice shall include the specific claims of the affirmative defense.
- (iii) The court may waive the notice requirement in the interest of justice for good cause shown, if the prosecutor is not unfairly prejudiced by the lack of timely notice.
 - (d) The defendant shall establish the affirmative defense under this Subsection (12) by

- a preponderance of the evidence. If the defense is established, it is a complete defense to the charges.
 - (13) (a) It is an affirmative defense that the person produced, possessed, or administered a controlled substance listed in Section 58-37-4.2 if the person was:
 - (i) engaged in medical research; and
 - (ii) a holder of a valid license to possess controlled substances under Section 58-37-6.
 - (b) It is not a defense under Subsection (13)(a) that the person prescribed or dispensed a controlled substance listed in Section 58-37-4.2.
 - (14) It is an affirmative defense that the person possessed, in the person's body, a controlled substance listed in Section 58-37-4.2 if:
 - (a) the person was the subject of medical research conducted by a holder of a valid license to possess controlled substances under Section 58-37-6; and
 - (b) the substance was administered to the person by the medical researcher.
 - (15) The application of any increase in penalty under this section to a violation of Subsection (2)(a)(i) may not result in any greater penalty than a second degree felony. This Subsection (15) takes precedence over any conflicting provision of this section.
 - (16) (a) It is an affirmative defense to an allegation of the commission of an offense listed in Subsection (16)(b) that the person:
 - (i) reasonably believes that the person or another person is experiencing an overdose event due to the ingestion, injection, inhalation, or other introduction into the human body of a controlled substance or other substance;
 - (ii) reports in good faith the overdose event to a medical provider, an emergency medical service provider as defined in Section 26-8a-102, a law enforcement officer, a 911 emergency call system, or an emergency dispatch system, or the person is the subject of a report made under this Subsection (16);
 - (iii) provides in the report under Subsection (16)(a)(ii) a functional description of the actual location of the overdose event that facilitates responding to the person experiencing the overdose event;
 - (iv) remains at the location of the person experiencing the overdose event until a responding law enforcement officer or emergency medical service provider arrives, or remains at the medical care facility where the person experiencing an overdose event is located until a

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- (v) cooperates with the responding medical provider, emergency medical service provider, and law enforcement officer, including providing information regarding the person experiencing the overdose event and any substances the person may have injected, inhaled, or otherwise introduced into the person's body; and
- (vi) is alleged to have committed the offense in the same course of events from which the reported overdose arose.
 - (b) The offenses referred to in Subsection (16)(a) are:
 - (i) the possession or use of less than 16 ounces of marijuana;
- (ii) the possession or use of a scheduled or listed controlled substance other than marijuana; and
 - (iii) any violation of Chapter 37a, Utah Drug Paraphernalia Act, or Chapter 37b, Imitation Controlled Substances Act.
 - (c) As used in this Subsection (16) and in Section 76-3-203.11, "good faith" does not include seeking medical assistance under this section during the course of a law enforcement agency's execution of a search warrant, execution of an arrest warrant, or other lawful search.
 - (17) If any provision of this chapter, or the application of any provision to any person or circumstances, is held invalid, the remainder of this chapter shall be given effect without the invalid provision or application.
 - (18) A legislative body of a political subdivision may not enact an ordinance that is less restrictive than any provision of this chapter.
 - (19) If a minor who is under 18 years of age is found by a court to have violated this section, the court may order the minor to complete:
 - (a) a screening as defined in Section 41-6a-501;
 - (b) an assessment as defined in Section 41-6a-501 if the screening indicates an assessment to be appropriate; and
 - (c) an educational series as defined in Section 41-6a-501 or substance use disorder treatment as indicated by an assessment.
- Section 40. Section **58-67-304** is amended to read:
- 3992 58-67-304. License renewal requirements.
- 3993 (1) As a condition precedent for license renewal, each licensee shall, during each

two-year licensure cycle or other cycle defined by division rule:

- (a) complete qualified continuing professional education requirements in accordance with the number of hours and standards defined by division rule made in collaboration with the board;
- (b) appoint a contact person for access to medical records and an alternate contact person for access to medical records in accordance with Subsection 58-67-302(1)(j);
- (c) if the licensee practices medicine in a location with no other persons licensed under this chapter, provide some method of notice to the licensee's patients of the identity and location of the contact person and alternate contact person for the licensee; and
- (d) if the licensee is an associate physician licensed under Section 58-67-302.8, successfully complete the educational methods and programs described in Subsection 58-67-807(4).
- (2) If a renewal period is extended or shortened under Section 58-67-303, the continuing education hours required for license renewal under this section are increased or decreased proportionally.
 - (3) An application to renew a license under this chapter shall:
- (a) require a physician to answer the following question: "Do you perform elective abortions in Utah in a location other than a hospital?"; and
- (b) immediately following the question, contain the following statement: "For purposes of the immediately preceding question, elective abortion means an abortion other than one of the following: removal of a dead fetus, removal of an ectopic pregnancy, an abortion that is necessary to avert the death of a woman, an abortion that is necessary to avert a serious risk of substantial and irreversible impairment of a major bodily function of a woman, an abortion of a fetus that has a defect that is uniformly diagnosable and uniformly lethal, or an abortion where the woman is pregnant as a result of rape or incest."
- (4) In order to assist the Department of Health in fulfilling its responsibilities relating to the licensing of an abortion clinic and the enforcement of Title 76, Chapter 7, Part 3, Abortion, if a physician responds positively to the question described in Subsection (3)(a), the division shall, within 30 days after the day on which it renews the physician's license under this chapter, inform the Department of Health in writing:
 - (a) of the name and business address of the physician; and

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4025 (b) that the physician responded positively to the question described in Subsection 4026 (3)(a). 4027 (5) The division shall accept and apply toward the hour requirement in Subsection 4028 (1)(a) any continuing education that a physician completes in accordance with Sections 4029 26-61a-106[, and 26-61a-403[, and 26-61a-602[]. 4030 Section 41. Section **58-68-304** is amended to read: 58-68-304. License renewal requirements. 4031 4032 (1) As a condition precedent for license renewal, each licensee shall, during each 4033 two-year licensure cycle or other cycle defined by division rule: 4034 (a) complete qualified continuing professional education requirements in accordance 4035 with the number of hours and standards defined by division rule in collaboration with the 4036 board: 4037 (b) appoint a contact person for access to medical records and an alternate contact 4038 person for access to medical records in accordance with Subsection 58-68-302(1)(j); 4039 (c) if the licensee practices osteopathic medicine in a location with no other persons 4040 licensed under this chapter, provide some method of notice to the licensee's patients of the identity and location of the contact person and alternate contact person for access to medical 4041 4042 records for the licensee in accordance with Subsection 58-68-302(1)(k); and 4043 (d) if the licensee is an associate physician licensed under Section 58-68-302.5, 4044 successfully complete the educational methods and programs described in Subsection 4045 58-68-807(4). (2) If a renewal period is extended or shortened under Section 58-68-303, the 4046 continuing education hours required for license renewal under this section are increased or 4047 4048 decreased proportionally. 4049 (3) An application to renew a license under this chapter shall: 4050 (a) require a physician to answer the following question: "Do you perform elective 4051 abortions in Utah in a location other than a hospital?"; and 4052 (b) immediately following the question, contain the following statement: "For purposes 4053 of the immediately preceding question, elective abortion means an abortion other than one of

necessary to avert the death of a woman, an abortion that is necessary to avert a serious risk of

the following: removal of a dead fetus, removal of an ectopic pregnancy, an abortion that is

substantial and irreversible impairment of a major bodily function of a woman, an abortion of a fetus that has a defect that is uniformly diagnosable and uniformly lethal, or an abortion where the woman is pregnant as a result of rape or incest."

- (4) In order to assist the Department of Health in fulfilling its responsibilities relating to the licensing of an abortion clinic, if a physician responds positively to the question described in Subsection (3)(a), the division shall, within 30 days after the day on which it renews the physician's license under this chapter, inform the Department of Health in writing:
 - (a) of the name and business address of the physician; and
- 4064 (b) that the physician responded positively to the question described in Subsection 4065 (3)(a).
 - (5) The division shall accept and apply toward the hour requirement in Subsection (1)(a) any continuing education that a physician completes in accordance with Sections 26-61a-106[-] and 26-61a-403[-, and 26-61a-602].
- Section 42. Section **76-10-101** is amended to read:
- **76-10-101. Definitions.**

As used in this part:

- (1) "Cigar" means a product that contains nicotine, is intended to be burned under ordinary conditions of use, and consists of any roll of tobacco wrapped in leaf tobacco, or in any substance containing tobacco, other than any roll of tobacco that is a cigarette as described in Subsection (2).
- (2) "Cigarette" means a product that contains nicotine, is intended to be burned under ordinary conditions of use, and consists of:
 - (a) any roll of tobacco wrapped in paper or in any substance not containing tobacco; or
- (b) any roll of tobacco wrapped in any substance containing tobacco which, because of its appearance, the type of tobacco used in the filler, or its packaging and labeling, is likely to be offered to, or purchased by, consumers as a cigarette described in Subsection (2)(a).
- (3) (a) "Electronic cigarette" means an electronic cigarette product, as defined in Section 59-14-802.
- 4084 (b) "Electronic cigarette" does not mean a medical cannabis device, as that term is defined in Section 26-61a-102.
 - (4) "Place of business" includes:

4087	(a) a shop;				
4088	(b) a store;				
4089	(c) a factory;				
4090	(d) a public garage;				
4091	(e) an office;				
4092	(f) a theater;				
4093	(g) a recreation hall;				
4094	(h) a dance hall;				
4095	(i) a poolroom;				
4096	(j) a café;				
4097	(k) a cafeteria;				
4098	(l) a cabaret;				
4099	(m) a restaurant;				
4100	(n) a hotel;				
4101	(o) a lodging house;				
4102	(p) a streetcar;				
4103	(q) a bus;				
4104	(r) an interurban or railway passenger coach;				
4105	(s) a waiting room; and				
4106	(t) any other place of business.				
4107	(5) "Smoking" means the possession of any lighted cigar, cigarette, pipe, or other				
4108	lighted smoking equipment.				
4109	Section 43. Section 76-10-528 is amended to read:				
4110	76-10-528. Carrying a dangerous weapon while under influence of alcohol or				
4111	drugs unlawful.				
4112	(1) It is a class B misdemeanor for any person to carry a dangerous weapon while				
4113	under the influence of:				
4114	(a) alcohol as determined by the person's blood or breath alcohol concentration in				
4115	accordance with Subsections 41-6a-502(1)(a) through (c); or				
4116	(b) a controlled substance as defined in Section 58-37-2.				
4117	(2) This section does not apply to:				

4118	(a) a person carrying a dangerous weapon that is either securely encased, as defined in
4119	this part, or not within such close proximity and in such a manner that it can be retrieved and
4120	used as readily as if carried on the person;
4121	(b) any person who uses or threatens to use force in compliance with Section 76-2-402;
4122	[or]
4123	(c) any person carrying a dangerous weapon in the person's residence or the residence
4124	of another with the consent of the individual who is lawfully in possession[-]; or
4125	(d) a person under the influence of cannabis or a cannabis product, as those terms are
4126	defined in Section 26-61a-102, if the person's use of the cannabis or cannabis product complies
4127	with Title 26, Chapter 61a, Utah Medical Cannabis Act.
4128	(3) It is not a defense to prosecution under this section that the person:
4129	(a) is licensed in the pursuit of wildlife of any kind; or
4130	(b) has a valid permit to carry a concealed firearm.
4131	Section 44. Section 77-40-103 (Superseded 05/01/20) is amended to read:
4132	77-40-103 (Superseded 05/01/20). Expungement procedure overview.
4133	The process for the expungement of records under this chapter regarding the arrest,
4134	investigation, detention, and conviction of a petitioner is as follows:
4135	(1) The petitioner shall apply to the bureau for a certificate of eligibility for
4136	expungement and pay the application fee established by the department.
4137	(2) Once the eligibility process is complete, the bureau shall notify the petitioner.
4138	(3) If the petitioner is qualified to receive a certificate of eligibility for expungement,
4139	the petitioner shall pay the issuance fee established by the department.
4140	(4) The petitioner shall file the certificate of eligibility with a petition for expungement
4141	in the court in which the proceedings occurred. If there were no court proceedings, or the court
4142	no longer exists, the petition may be filed in the district court where the arrest occurred. If a
4143	certificate is filed electronically, the petitioner or the petitioner's attorney shall keep the original
4144	certificate until the proceedings are concluded. If the original certificate is filed with the
4145	petition, the clerk or the court shall scan it and return it to the petitioner or the petitioner's
4146	attorney, who shall keep it until the proceedings are concluded.
4147	(5) Notwithstanding Subsections (3) and (4), if the petitioner is not qualified to receive

a certificate of eligibility for expungement, the petitioner may file a petition without a

4149	certificate to obtain expungement for a record of conviction related to cannabis possession if
4150	the petition demonstrates that:
4151	(a) the petitioner had, at the time of the relevant arrest or citation leading to the
4152	conviction, a qualifying condition, as that term is defined in Section 26-61a-102; and
4153	(b) the possession of cannabis in question was in a form and an amount to medicinally
4154	treat the condition described in Subsection (5)(a).
4155	[(5)] (6) The petitioner shall deliver a copy of the petition and certificate to the
4156	prosecutorial office that handled the court proceedings. If there were no court proceedings, the
4157	copy of the petition and certificate shall be delivered to the county attorney's office in the
4158	jurisdiction where the arrest occurred.
4159	[(6)] (7) If an objection to the petition is filed by the prosecutor or victim, a hearing
4160	shall be set by the court and the prosecutor and victim notified of the date.
4161	[(7)] (8) If the court requests a response from Adult Probation and Parole and a
4162	response is received, the petitioner may file a written reply to the response within 15 days of
4163	receipt of the response.
4164	[(8)] (9) An expungement may be granted without a hearing if no objection is received.
4165	[(9)] (10) Upon receipt of an order of expungement, the petitioner shall deliver copies
4166	to all government agencies in possession of records relating to the expunged matter.
4167	Section 45. Section 77-40-103 (Effective 05/01/20) is amended to read:
4168	77-40-103 (Effective 05/01/20). Petition for expungement procedure overview.
4169	The process for a petition for the expungement of records under this chapter regarding
4170	the arrest, investigation, detention, and conviction of a petitioner is as follows:
4171	(1) The petitioner shall apply to the bureau for a certificate of eligibility for
4172	expungement and pay the application fee established by the department.
4173	(2) Once the eligibility process is complete, the bureau shall notify the petitioner.
4174	(3) If the petitioner is qualified to receive a certificate of eligibility for expungement,
4175	the petitioner shall pay the issuance fee established by the department.
4176	(4) (a) The petitioner shall file the certificate of eligibility with a petition for
4177	expungement in the court in which the proceedings occurred.
4178	(b) If there were no court proceedings, or the court no longer exists, the petitioner may

file the petition in the district court where the arrest occurred.

4180	(c) If a petitioner files a certificate of eligibility electronically, the petitioner or the
4181	petitioner's attorney shall keep the original certificate until the proceedings are concluded.
4182	(d) If the petitioner files the original certificate of eligibility with the petition, the clerk
4183	or the court shall scan and return the original certificate to the petitioner or the petitioner's
4184	attorney, who shall keep the original certificate until the proceedings are concluded.
4185	(5) Notwithstanding Subsections (3) and (4), if the petitioner is not qualified to receive
4186	a certificate of eligibility for expungement, the petitioner may file a petition without a
4187	certificate to obtain expungement for a record of conviction related to cannabis possession if
4188	the petition demonstrates that:
4189	(a) the petitioner had, at the time of the relevant arrest or citation leading to the
4190	conviction, a qualifying condition, as that term is defined in Section 26-61a-102; and
4191	(b) the possession of cannabis in question was in a form and an amount to medicinally
4192	treat the condition described in Subsection (5)(a).
4193	[(5)] (a) The petitioner shall deliver a copy of the petition and certificate of
4194	eligibility to the prosecutorial office that handled the court proceedings.
4195	(b) If there were no court proceedings, the petitioner shall deliver the copy of the
4196	petition and certificate to the county attorney's office in the jurisdiction where the arrest
4197	occurred.
4198	[(6)] (7) If the prosecutor or the victim files an objection to the petition, the court shall
4199	set a hearing and notify the prosecutor and the victim of the date set for the hearing.
4200	[(7)] (8) If the court requests a response from Adult Probation and Parole and a
4201	response is received, the petitioner may file a written reply to the response within 15 days of
4202	receipt of the response.
4203	[(8)] (9) A court may grant an expungement without a hearing if no objection is
4204	received.
4205	[(9)] (10) Upon receipt of an order of expungement, the petitioner shall deliver copies
4206	to all government agencies in possession of records relating to the expunged matter.
4207	Section 46. Section 77-40-107 (Superseded 05/01/20) is amended to read:
4208	77-40-107 (Superseded 05/01/20). Petition for expungement Prosecutorial
4209	responsibility Hearing Standard of proof Exception.
4210	(1) The petitioner shall file a petition for expungement and, except as provided in

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- Subsection 77-40-103(5), the certificate of eligibility in the court specified in Section 77-40-103 and deliver a copy of the petition and certificate to the prosecuting agency. If the certificate is filed electronically, the petitioner or the petitioner's attorney shall keep the original certificate until the proceedings are concluded. If the original certificate is filed with the petition, the clerk of the court shall scan it and return it to the petitioner or the petitioner's attorney, who shall keep it until the proceedings are concluded.
 - (2) (a) Upon receipt of a petition for expungement of a conviction, the prosecuting attorney shall provide notice of the expungement request by first-class mail to the victim at the most recent address of record on file.
 - (b) The notice shall:
 - (i) include a copy of the petition, certificate of eligibility, statutes, and rules applicable to the petition;
 - (ii) state that the victim has a right to object to the expungement; and
 - (iii) provide instructions for registering an objection with the court.
 - (3) The prosecuting attorney and the victim, if applicable, may respond to the petition by filing a recommendation or objection with the court within 35 days after receipt of the petition.
 - (4) (a) The court may request a written response to the petition from the Division of Adult Probation and Parole within the Department of Corrections.
 - (b) If requested, the response prepared by the Division of Adult Probation and Parole shall include:
 - (i) the reasons probation was terminated; and
 - (ii) certification that the petitioner has completed all requirements of sentencing and probation or parole.
 - (c) The Division of Adult Probation and Parole shall provide a copy of the response to the petitioner and the prosecuting attorney.
 - (5) The petitioner may respond in writing to any objections filed by the prosecutor or the victim and the response prepared by the Division of Adult Probation and Parole within 14 days after receipt.
 - (6) (a) If the court receives an objection concerning the petition from any party, the court shall set a date for a hearing and notify the petitioner and the prosecuting attorney of the

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4242 date set for the hearing. The prosecuting attorney shall notify the victim of the date set for the 4243 hearing. 4244 (b) The petitioner, the prosecuting attorney, the victim, and any other person who has 4245 relevant information about the petitioner may testify at the hearing. 4246 (c) The court shall review the petition, the certificate of eligibility, and any written 4247 responses submitted regarding the petition. 4248 (7) If no objection is received within 60 days from the date the petition for 4249 expungement is filed with the court, the expungement may be granted without a hearing. 4250 (8) The court shall issue an order of expungement if the court finds by clear and 4251 convincing evidence that: 4252 (a) the petition and, except as provided under Subsection 77-40-103(5), certificate of 4253 eligibility are sufficient; 4254 (b) the statutory requirements have been met: 4255 (c) if the petitioner seeks expungement after a case is dismissed without prejudice or 4256 without condition, the prosecutor provided written consent and has not filed and does not 4257 intend to refile related charges; 4258 (d) if the petitioner seeks expungement of drug possession offenses allowed under 4259 Subsection 77-40-105(6), the petitioner is not illegally using controlled substances and is 4260 successfully managing any substance addiction; [and] 4261 (e) if the petitioner seeks expungement without a certificate of eligibility for 4262 expungement under Subsection 77-40-103(5) for a record of conviction related to cannabis 4263 possession: 4264 (i) the petitioner had, at the time of the relevant arrest or citation leading to the 4265 conviction, a qualifying condition, as that term is defined in Section 26-61a-102; and 4266 (ii) the possession of cannabis in question was in a form and an amount to medicinally 4267 treat the condition described in Subsection (8)(e)(i); and 4268 [(e)] (f) it is not contrary to the interests of the public to grant the expungement.

(9) (a) If the court denies a petition described in Subsection (8)(c) because the

certificate of eligibility if charges are not refiled within 180 days of the day on which the court

prosecutor intends to refile charges, the person seeking expungement may again apply for a

4273 (b) A prosecutor who opposes an expungement of a case dismissed without prejudice 4274 or without condition shall have a good faith basis for the intention to refile the case. (c) A court shall consider the number of times that good faith basis of intention to 4275 4276 refile by the prosecutor is presented to the court in making the court's determination to grant 4277 the petition for expungement described in Subsection (8)(c). 4278 (10) A court may not expunge a conviction of an offense for which a certificate of 4279 eligibility may not be or should not have been issued under Section 77-40-104 or 77-40-105. 4280 Section 47. Section 77-40-107 (Effective 05/01/20) is amended to read: 4281 77-40-107 (Effective 05/01/20). Petition for expungement -- Prosecutorial 4282 responsibility -- Hearing -- Standard of proof -- Exception. 4283 (1) (a) The petitioner shall file a petition for expungement and, except as provided in Subsection 77-40-103(5), the certificate of eligibility in the court specified in Section 4284 4285 77-40-103 and deliver a copy of the petition and certificate to the prosecuting agency. (b) If the petitioner files the certificate of eligibility electronically, the petitioner or the 4286 petitioner's attorney shall keep the original certificate until the proceedings are concluded. 4287 4288 (c) If the petitioner files the original certificate of eligibility with the petition, the clerk 4289 of the court shall scan and return the original certificate to the petitioner or the petitioner's 4290 attorney, who shall keep the original certificate until the proceedings are concluded. 4291 (2) (a) Upon receipt of a petition for expungement of a conviction, the prosecuting 4292 attorney shall provide notice of the expungement request by first-class mail to the victim at the 4293 most recent address of record on file. 4294 (b) The notice shall: 4295 (i) include a copy of the petition, certificate of eligibility, statutes, and rules applicable 4296 to the petition; 4297 (ii) state that the victim has a right to object to the expungement; and 4298 (iii) provide instructions for registering an objection with the court. 4299 (3) The prosecuting attorney and the victim, if applicable, may respond to the petition 4300 by filing a recommendation or objection with the court within 35 days after receipt of the 4301 petition. (4) (a) The court may request a written response to the petition from the Division of 4302

Adult Probation and Parole within the Department of Corrections.

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4304 (b) If requested, the response prepared by the Division of Adult Probation and Parole 4305 shall include: 4306 (i) the reasons probation was terminated; and 4307 (ii) certification that the petitioner has completed all requirements of sentencing and 4308 probation or parole. 4309 (c) The Division of Adult Probation and Parole shall provide a copy of the response to 4310 the petitioner and the prosecuting attorney. 4311 (5) The petitioner may respond in writing to any objections filed by the prosecutor or 4312 the victim and the response prepared by the Division of Adult Probation and Parole within 14 4313 days after receipt. 4314 (6) (a) (i) If the court receives an objection concerning the petition from any party, the 4315 court shall set a date for a hearing and notify the petitioner and the prosecuting attorney of the 4316 date set for the hearing. 4317 (ii) The prosecuting attorney shall notify the victim of the date set for the hearing. 4318 (b) The petitioner, the prosecuting attorney, the victim, and any other individual who 4319 has relevant information about the petitioner may testify at the hearing. 4320 (c) The court shall review the petition, the certificate of eligibility, and any written 4321 responses submitted regarding the petition. 4322 (7) If no objection is received within 60 days from the date the petition for 4323 expungement is filed with the court, the expungement may be granted without a hearing. 4324 (8) The court shall issue an order of expungement if the court finds by clear and 4325 convincing evidence that: 4326 (a) the petition and, except as provided in Subsection 77-40-103(5), certificate of 4327 eligibility are sufficient; 4328 (b) the statutory requirements have been met; 4329 (c) if the petitioner seeks expungement after a case is dismissed without prejudice or 4330 without condition, the prosecutor provided written consent and has not filed and does not 4331 intend to refile related charges; 4332 (d) if the petitioner seeks expungement of drug possession offenses allowed under

Subsection 77-40-105(6), the petitioner is not illegally using controlled substances and is

successfully managing any substance addiction; [and]

4335	(e) if the petitioner seeks expungement without a certificate of eligibility for
4336	expungement under Subsection 77-40-103(5) for a record of conviction related to cannabis
4337	possession:
4338	(i) the petitioner had, at the time of the relevant arrest or citation leading to the
4339	conviction, a qualifying condition, as that term is defined in Section 26-61a-102; and
4340	(ii) the possession of cannabis in question was in a form and an amount to medicinally
4341	treat the condition described in Subsection (8)(e)(i); and
4342	[(e)] (f) it is not contrary to the interests of the public to grant the expungement.
4343	(9) (a) If the court denies a petition described in Subsection (8)(c) because the
4344	prosecutor intends to refile charges, the individual seeking expungement may again apply for a
4345	certificate of eligibility if charges are not refiled within 180 days of the day on which the court
4346	denies the petition.
4347	(b) A prosecutor who opposes an expungement of a case dismissed without prejudice
4348	or without condition shall have a good faith basis for the intention to refile the case.
4349	(c) A court shall consider the number of times that good faith basis of intention to
4350	refile by the prosecutor is presented to the court in making the court's determination to grant
4351	the petition for expungement described in Subsection (8)(c).
4352	(10) A court may not expunge a conviction of an offense for which a certificate of
4353	eligibility may not be or should not have been issued under Section 77-40-104 or 77-40-105.
4354	Section 48. Section 78A-2-231 is amended to read:
4355	78A-2-231. Consideration of lawful use or possession of medical cannabis.
4356	(1) As used in this section:
4357	(a) "Cannabis product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26-61a-102.
4358	(b) "Directions of use" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26-61a-102.
4359	[(b)] (c) "Dosing [parameters] guidelines" means the same as that term is defined in
4360	Section 26-61a-102.
4361	[(c)] (d) "Medical cannabis" means the same as that term is defined in Section
4362	26-61a-102.
4363	[(d)] (e) "Medical cannabis card" means the same as that term is defined in Section
4364	26-61a-102.
4365	[(e)] (f) "Medical cannabis device" means the same as that term is defined in Section

4366	26-61a-102.
4367	[(f)] (g) "Qualified medical provider" means the same as that term is defined in Section
4368	26-61a-102.
4369	(2) In any judicial proceeding in which a judge, panel, jury, or court commissioner
4370	makes a finding, determination, or otherwise considers an individual's possession or use of
4371	medical cannabis, a cannabis product, or a medical cannabis device, the judge, panel, jury, or
4372	court commissioner may not consider or treat the individual's possession or use any differently
4373	than the lawful possession or use of any prescribed controlled substance if:
4374	(a) the individual's possession complies with Title 4, Chapter 41a, Cannabis Production
4375	Establishments;
4376	(b) the individual's possession or use complies with Subsection 58-37-3.7(2) or (3); or
4377	(c) (i) the individual's possession or use complies with Title 26, Chapter 61a, Utah
4378	Medical Cannabis Act; and
4379	(ii) the individual reasonably complies with the directions of use and dosing
4380	[parameters] guidelines determined by the individual's qualified medical provider or through a
4381	consultation described in Subsection 26-61a-502(4) or (5).
4382	(3) Notwithstanding Sections 77-18-1 and 77-2a-3, for probation, release, a plea in
4383	abeyance agreement, a diversion agreement, or a tendered admission under Utah Rules of
4384	Juvenile Procedure, Rule 25, a term or condition may not require that an individual abstain
4385	from the use or possession of medical cannabis, a cannabis product, or a medical cannabis
4386	device, either directly or through a general prohibition on violating federal law, without an
4387	exception related to medical cannabis use, if the individual's use or possession complies with:
4388	(a) Title 26, Chapter 61a, Utah Medical Cannabis Act; or
4389	(b) Subsection 58-37-3.7(2) or (3).
4390	Section 49. Section 78A-6-115 is amended to read:
4391	78A-6-115. Hearings Record County attorney or district attorney
4392	responsibilities Attorney general responsibilities Disclosure Admissibility of
4393	evidence Medical cannabis.
4394	(1) (a) A verbatim record of the proceedings shall be taken in all cases that might result

also be made unless dispensed with by the court.

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in deprivation of custody as defined in this chapter. In all other cases a verbatim record shall

- (b) (i) Notwithstanding any other provision, including Title 63G, Chapter 2,
 Government Records Access and Management Act, a record of a proceeding made under
 Subsection (1)(a) shall be released by the court to any person upon a finding on the record for good cause.
 - (ii) Following a petition for a record of a proceeding made under Subsection (1)(a), the court shall:
 - (A) provide notice to all subjects of the record that a request for release of the record has been made; and
 - (B) allow sufficient time for the subjects of the record to respond before making a finding on the petition.
 - (iii) A record of a proceeding may not be released under this Subsection (1)(b) if the court's jurisdiction over the subjects of the proceeding ended more than 12 months before the request.
 - (iv) For purposes of this Subsection (1)(b):
 - (A) "record of a proceeding" does not include documentary materials of any type submitted to the court as part of the proceeding, including items submitted under Subsection (4)(a); and
 - (B) "subjects of the record" includes the child's guardian ad litem, the child's legal guardian, the Division of Child and Family Services, and any other party to the proceeding.
 - (2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), the county attorney or, if within a prosecution district, the district attorney shall represent the state in any proceeding in a minor's case.
 - (b) Subject to the attorney general's prosecutorial discretion in civil enforcement actions, the attorney general shall enforce all provisions of Title 62A, Chapter 4a, Child and Family Services, and this chapter, relating to:
 - (i) protection or custody of an abused, neglected, or dependent child; and
 - (ii) petitions for termination of parental rights.
 - (c) The attorney general shall represent the Division of Child and Family Services in actions involving a minor who is not adjudicated as abused or neglected, but who is receiving in-home family services under Section 78A-6-117.5. Nothing in this Subsection (2)(c) may be construed to affect the responsibility of the county attorney or district attorney to represent the

state in those matters, in accordance with Subsection (2)(a).

- (3) The board may adopt special rules of procedure to govern proceedings involving violations of traffic laws or ordinances, wildlife laws, and boating laws. However, proceedings involving offenses under Section 78A-6-606 are governed by that section regarding suspension of driving privileges.
- (4) (a) For the purposes of determining proper disposition of the minor in dispositional hearings and establishing the fact of abuse, neglect, or dependency in adjudication hearings and in hearings upon petitions for termination of parental rights, written reports and other material relating to the minor's mental, physical, and social history and condition may be received in evidence and may be considered by the court along with other evidence. The court may require that the person who wrote the report or prepared the material appear as a witness if the person is reasonably available.
- (b) For the purpose of determining proper disposition of a minor alleged to be or adjudicated as abused, neglected, or dependent, dispositional reports prepared by the division under Section 78A-6-315 may be received in evidence and may be considered by the court along with other evidence. The court may require any person who participated in preparing the dispositional report to appear as a witness, if the person is reasonably available.
- (5) (a) In an abuse, neglect, or dependency proceeding occurring after the commencement of a shelter hearing under Section 78A-6-306 or the filing of a petition under Section 78A-6-304, each party to the proceeding shall provide in writing to the other parties or their counsel any information which the party:
 - (i) plans to report to the court at the proceeding; or
- (ii) could reasonably expect would be requested of the party by the court at the proceeding.
 - (b) The disclosure required under Subsection (5)(a) shall be made:
- (i) for dispositional hearings under Sections 78A-6-311 and 78A-6-312, no less than five days before the proceeding:
- (ii) for proceedings under Chapter 6, Part 5, Termination of Parental Rights Act, in accordance with Utah Rules of Civil Procedure; and
 - (iii) for all other proceedings, no less than five days before the proceeding.
- (c) If a party to a proceeding obtains information after the deadline in Subsection

4459 (5)(b), the information is exempt from the disclosure required under Subsection (5)(a) if the 4460 party certifies to the court that the information was obtained after the deadline. 4461 (d) Subsection (5)(a) does not apply to: (i) pretrial hearings; and 4462 4463 (ii) the frequent, periodic review hearings held in a dependency drug court case to 4464 assess and promote the parent's progress in substance use disorder treatment. 4465 (6) For the purpose of establishing the fact of abuse, neglect, or dependency, the court 4466 may, in its discretion, consider evidence of statements made by a child under eight years of age 4467 to a person in a trust relationship. 4468 (7) (a) As used in this Subsection (7): 4469 (i) "Cannabis product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26-61a-102. 4470 (ii) "Directions of use" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26-61a-102. 4471 [(iii) "Dosing parameters" means the same as that term is defined in Section 4472 26-61a-102. [(iii)] (iv) "Medical cannabis" means the same as that term is defined in Section 4473 4474 26-61a-102. 4475 [(iv)] (v) "Medical cannabis cardholder" means the same as that term is defined in 4476 Section 26-61a-102. 4477 [(vi)] (vi) "Qualified medical provider" means the same as that term is defined in 4478 Section 26-61a-102. 4479 (b) In any child welfare proceeding in which the court makes a finding, determination, 4480 or otherwise considers an individual's possession or use of medical cannabis, a cannabis 4481 product, or a medical cannabis device, the court may not consider or treat the individual's 4482 possession or use any differently than the lawful possession or use of any prescribed controlled 4483 substance if: 4484 (i) the individual's use or possession complies with [: (i)] Title 4, Chapter 41a, Cannabis 4485 Production Establishments; 4486 (ii) the individual's possession or use complies with Subsection 58-37-3.7(2) or (3); or 4487 (iii) (A) the individual's possession or use complies with Title 26, Chapter 61a, Utah 4488 Medical Cannabis Act; and

(B) the individual reasonably complies with the directions of use and dosing

- [parameters] guidelines determined by the individual's qualified medical provider or through a consultation described in Subsection 26-61a-502(4) or (5).
 - (c) A parent's or guardian's use of medical cannabis or a cannabis product is not abuse or neglect of a child under Section 78A-6-105, nor is it contrary to the best interests of a child, if:
 - (i) (A) for a medical cannabis cardholder after January 1, 2021, the parent's or guardian's possession or use complies with Title 26, Chapter 61a, Utah Medical Cannabis Act, and there is no evidence that the parent's or guardian's use of medical cannabis unreasonably deviates from the <u>directions of use and dosing [parameters] guidelines</u> determined by the parent's or guardian's qualified medical provider or through a consultation described in Subsection 26-61a-502(4) or (5); or
 - (B) before January 1, 2021, the parent's or guardian's possession or use complies with Subsection 58-37-3.7(2) or (3); and
 - (ii) (A) there is no evidence showing that the child has inhaled, ingested, or otherwise had cannabis introduced to the child's body; or
 - (B) there is no evidence showing a nexus between the parent's or guardian's use of medical cannabis or a cannabis product and behavior that would separately constitute abuse or neglect of the child.
 - Section 50. Effective date.
- 4509 If approved by two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, this bill takes effect
 4510 upon approval by the governor, or the day following the constitutional time limit of Utah
 4511 Constitution, Article VII, Section 8, without the governor's signature, or in the case of a veto,
 4512 the date of veto override.